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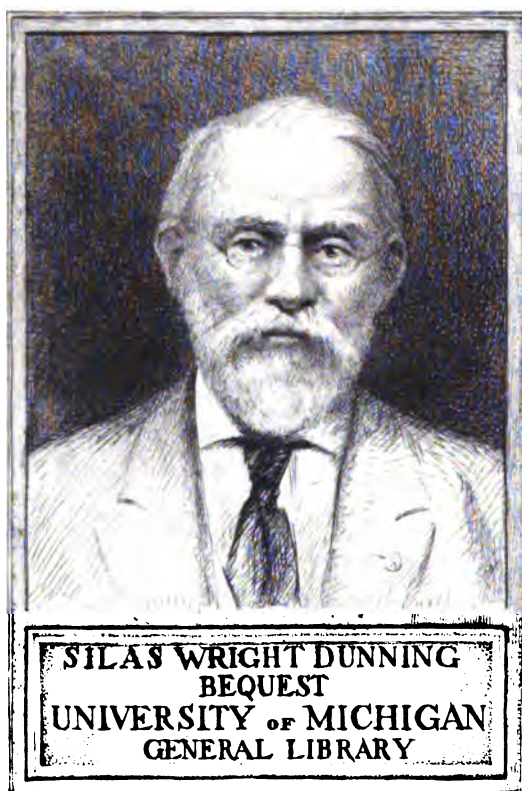
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SOCIÉTÉ JERSIAISE.

Rolls of the Assizes

HELD IN THE

CHANNEL ISLANDS

IN THE

Second Year of the Reign
of King Edward ii.

A.D. 1309.

PUBLICATION 18^{ME}



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PREFACE

The history of the Channel Islands during the centuries immediately following the Norman Conquest will remain obscure until that very important series of documents known as the Assize Rolls has been published. Not only do they throw much light on the rise and development of local institutions, judicial in particular, but it is possible to obtain from them a very perfect picture of the social condition of the Islanders in the middle ages.

The transcript of the Roll which is now published was made by Mr Arthur F. Heintz during the Secretaryship of the late Mr Humphrey Marett Godfray, but at his death only a portion thereof had come into the possession of the Société Jersiaise, and it is only quite recently that Lord de Saumarez acquired the remainder and very generously presented the same to the Society.

A brief account of the nature of the Assizes held in the Islands by the Justices-Itinerant will not be out of place. The institution of Assizes is anterior to the separation of the Islands from Normandy. They were to be held at intervals of three years, and appear to have so taken place until the end of the reign of Edward I, after which period they were held at irregular intervals. In Normandy the Assizes were, with certain exceptions, presided over by the Seneschal or his delegates, but whether the Justices holding them in these Islands were nominated by the Seneschals or by the English Sovereigns must remain for the present an open question. After the conquest of the Duchy by Philip Augustus the Wardens of the Islands were often appointed, with others, to hold the Assizes, but under Edward I and his successors we find that Justices-Itinerant were specially named to conduct these judicial proceedings. It must not however be inferred that the institution of these Justices-Itinerant was derived from the Norman system of the holding of Assizes by three or four

sworn Barons or Knights. The custom of sending Judges on circuit through the Counties of England dates from the reign of Henry I, who brought the provincial judicature into connexion with the central judicature by means of the eyres of the Judges. It must not be assumed that England adopted the Norman polity in matters legal merely because we find a similarity in the institutions.

The Justices-Itinerant sent to the Islands were generally nominated by letters patent of the King in duplicate, i.e. the Commission itself was usually accompanied by a letter addressed to the permanent officers of the King and to the inhabitants notifying the appointment and demanding that obedience and assistance should be given to the Judges. The Commissions usually set out the matters of which the Justices were to take cognizance. Besides the usual business of Assize, they were sometimes specially directed to adjudicate on particular suits; sometimes to hear complaints against the King's Officers, the Jurats, &c. At times again it was the condition of the Royal Revenues or the Customs and Laws of the Islands that had to be enquired into. The King's revenues and profits indeed seem never to have been lost sight of and the great number of amercements or fines inflicted by these Judges, which accrued to the Crown, leads one to conclude that there existed under the Norman Kings an intimate connexion between judicature and finance. Our countryman Wace has well pictured the condition of the people in those days of judicial exactions in the following graphic lines :

Ne poent une heure avoir paiz.
 Jur en jur sunt semuns de plaiz :
 Plaiz de forez, plaiz de moneies,
 Plaiz de purprises, plaiz de veies,
 Plaiz de biés, plaiz de moutes
 Plaiz de fautez, plaiz de toutes.

On the arrival of the Justices in the Islands all judicial functionaries and other officers were summoned to appear. A list of such was drawn up, to which was added a list of the Jurors of each parish, whose duty it was to make presentments of crimes and misdemeanours, of encroachments on the royal domain and of anything done to the detriment or prejudice of the King's revenues and rights.

The Justices then proceeded with the various pleas, Crown pleas, Common pleas, Pleas of "quo warranto", of Gaol Delivery, &c. An interesting account of these is to be found in "Les Cour Royales des Iles Normandes" by Julien Havet, a work which we would strongly recommend to any one desiring to profitably study and investigate the contents of this publication.

The present volume contains the pleas held in the 2nd year of Edward II's reign before John de Fressingfeld, John de Ditton, William Russel, and Drogo de Barentin. The original MS. is in the Public Record Office and though really forming only one roll, being a record of the proceedings of one assize, is catalogued as if it were two, under the numbers 1160 and 1161. Probably this arose from the second portion becoming detached from the first at some remote period during the custody of these documents in the Tower of London, which resulted in the second part being exposed to the effects of damp, whilst the first shared a better fate. It is to be remarked that the first part is in an excellent condition whilst a great number of the membranes of the second are very imperfect.

The Roll is one of the most important and interesting of these ancient manuscripts. It contains many and minute particulars as to the administration of justice, and the ecclesiastical relations of the Islands with Normandy and the See of Coutances. But perhaps the most important part of the roll is the enquiry held concerning the Customs obtaining in the Islands and the rights and privileges of the inhabitants to govern themselves according to such customs. The commonalty of each Island (*Communitas Insulae*) was called upon to put in a statement of the customs claimed and the laws by which they are governed, and the Justices having obtained this, the pleas of "quo warranto" against them were proceeded with, the whole in the presence of William des Mareys, the King's Counsel or Attorney General, who seems to have strongly contested the claims made by the Islanders, and in whose pleas will be found in full detail the complaints brought against them. A close study of the pleas recorded on both sides will shed considerable light on the subject of the judicature at the period of the separation of the Islands from Continental Normandy, as well as on the bearing of the document which is known as the "Constitutions" of King John.

It will be seen that the Justices of 1309 did not give any decision on the claims of the Islanders but referred the matter to the Court of the King's Bench, and it may be interesting to note that the points raised were not adjudicated upon for many years to come. In 1320 William de Bourne, Nicolas de Cheny and John de Carteret were appointed Justices in Eyre and these rendered judgment entirely in favour of the Islanders, who had based their claims and privileges on immemorial possession and use. But the King was not satisfied, fearing that his authority might be lessened, and three years afterwards other Justices, Henry Spigurnell and William Denon were sent over. They reversed the decisions given by William de Bourne and his associates. The question dragged on until the Islanders in 1333 resorted to a petition⁽¹⁾ to the King and Parliament, which was referred to a special Committee of the House. The Islanders questioned the legality of the writs of "quo warranto,"⁽²⁾ demanded that the prosecution of these suits should cease and prayed that new Justices be sent over and that their privileges be confirmed. The result was satisfactory; for a writ of the King, dated the 12th February, 1333, ordered the Judges of the King's Bench, to whom the question had been referred, to suspend all proceedings, and henceforth we hear no more of this remarkable episode. That the position was acute may be gathered from the fact that when in 1331 the itinerant Justices visited the Islands, they found the Islanders had formed an association, at the head of which were the Priors of St. Clement and the Vale and some members of the leading local families, with the object of defending their liberties. To the number of five hundred they presented themselves before the Justices, pleaded their case, and declared they would defend their liberties at the peril of their lives. They were arrested as rebels and tried, but the jury acquitted them.⁽³⁾ In pre-

(1) This petition (in Norman French) is printed in the Appendix to Havet's *Cours Royales des Iles Normandes*, Number xxxv, page 228.

(2) A writ of "quo warranto" was an action against persons who were supposed to have appropriated to themselves chattels belonging to the King or usurped royal rights. Unless the defendant could produce a legal title, the chattel or right usurped was recovered for the Crown.

(3) See Commissioner's Criminal Report for Guernsey (1848), page 910, where a considerable portion of the Roll of the Justices of 1331 is published. See also Dupont, *Histoire du Cotentin et de ses Iles*, vol. ii, pp. 245—248.

sence of this condition of affairs it is highly probable that Edward III, about to go to war with the French, did not wish to alienate the sympathies of his subjects of the Norman Archipelago. On many occasions, indeed, the Islanders had gently hinted their dangerous proximity to France & they knew well how to appeal to the King and his Council on this score. They had bravely withstood every attempt to wrest from them their liberties and franchises and a few years afterwards, on the 18th July, 1341, Edward amply confirmed to them their cherished customs and privileges.

It will thus be readily recognised how desirable it is that the contents of these Rolls should be published. The work is not only great but costly. Yet without this material it is impossible to bring to bear any sound criticism on the early institutions of these Islands. The Société Jersiaise having now entered upon the threshold of the task, it is sincerely to be hoped it may be in a position to continue the publication of these Rolls, the utility of which to the future historian of Jersey is indubitable.

The translation of the Roll is in the main the work of Miss E. M. Walford. The revision thereof was entrusted to us by the Executive Committee of the Society. The task has not been of the easiest, for many passages have presented considerable difficulties of interpretation. It is to be hoped therefore that allowance will be made for any errors that may have escaped notice. The reader's attention is drawn to the list of Errata which have been discovered in the course of the publication. Three indices which have been made as complete as possible accompany the work and will afford easy reference to the student.

GERVAISE LE GROS,
ED. TOULMIN NICOLLE.

ERRATA.

- Page
- 10, line 30. For "pardoned" read "granted."
- 11, " 14. For "consider" read "determine."
- 14, " 12. "Saynk" is doubtless "Saint's Bay," Guernsey.
- 23, " 9. For "principal things" read "things appertaining to the Prince."
- 44, " 27. For "reasonably" read "lawfully."
- 49, " 14. For "de Bosc" read "du Bois."
- 60, last line. For "Coolms" read "Coloms."
- 74, line 26. Between "Precentor" and "Chapter" insert words "of the."
- 80, 5 lines from bottom. For "Sheriff" read "Viscount."
- 95, line 17. For "cry of" read "Clameur de Haro."
- 113, " 22 (Latin). For "de Puten" read "Patenti Pomerio."
- 130, " 27. For "he is outlawed" read "his appearance is required and he is outlawed."⁽¹⁾
- 163, " 24. For "fumiage" read "fumage."
- 171, " 11. For "cited" read "accused."
- " last line. For "port assigned to" read "sentence pronounced on."
- " (Latin version), l. 8. For "rectatis" read "rectatos."
- " " " 14. For "rec....." read "recto."
- " " " 21. For "ven....." read "venerint."
- " " " 24. For "Rot....." read "Rotulis."
- 176, lines 13 & 14. For "Gremdaveine" read "Greindaveine."
- 214, line 22. For "whose domestic servant he is" read "under whose authority he is."

Note to page 269.

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The connection between the Islands & the University of Paris is not very clear.

(1) *Exigatur et utlagatur*.—The writ of *exigi facias* (writ of exigent) was so-called because it *exacted* the appearance of the party against whom it was issued within certain days of proclamation under pain of outlawry. The expression occurs frequently in this Roll and has been translated "banished and outlawed." In all cases therefore the translation given in the Errata above should be substituted.

Rolls of the Assizes

held

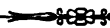
in the Channel Islands

in the

Second Year of the Reign

of

King Edward ii.



A.D. 1309.

2 Edward ii.
Record Office,
Nº 1160.

Plita querelarū coram Joñe de ffresingfeld e
Wiffo Russel Justiciār d[ñi] Regis assignatis in Insulis ad
audiend querelas diſsoꝝ conquerenciū de ministris dñi Regis
e Ottonis de Grandisono in qñdena scī Joñis bapt̃ anno
regni dñi Edwardi Regº Angt̃ scđo finiente.

ffresingfeld.

(M. 1.) Dñs Rex mandavit hic liſas suas patenť in hec verba. Edwardus
Dei grā Rex Angt̃ Dñs Hiñ e Dux Aquit̃ dilectis e fidelibus suis
Joñi de ffresingfeld e Wiffo Russel Salťm. Quia ex querela quo-
rumdam Insulanoꝝ de Gernereye, Jerseye, Serk e Aureneye accepimº
qd̃ qđā ministri e Balli tam p dñm E quondam Regem Angt̃ patrem
nostrū qm p nos ad insulas pđcas quas dilectus e fidelis noster Otto
de Grandisono tenet ad terminū vite sue ex concessione dñi patris
nostri certis Račōnibꝫ missi necnō e ministri e balliui Insulaꝫ illaꝫ
per pđcm Ottonem deputati iniurias tnsgressiones e dampna diſsa
voluntarie e absq̃ causa račōnabili pđcis Insulanis multipliciť in-
tulerunt; et qđ idem ministri e balliui iniurias tnsgressiones e
dampna huiusmodi eisdem Insulanis adhuc de die in diem inferre
non desistunt put in quibusdam petiçōibꝫ Insulaꝫ pđcoꝝ coram nobis
e consilio nrō exhibitis, quas vobis mittimº sub pede sigilli nrī pleniº
continet̃, volentes eisdñ Insulanis de ministrº e balliuis pđcis
coram vobis conqueri volentibus fieri celeris Justitie complementū
assigauimº vos Justiciarios nostros ad querelas omīū de Insulis pđcis
sup Iniuriis tnsgressionibꝫ e dampnis eis p pđcōs ministros e balli-
uos illatis conqueri volenciū audiendū e lminandū et ad justiciam
inde ptibus pđcis faciendū scđm legem e consuetudinē Insulaꝫ pđcaꝫ

Pleas of the Plaints before John de Fresingfeld & William Russel Justices of the Lord the King appointed to hear in the Islands the plaints of divers plaintiffs concerning the officers of the lord the King and of Otto de Grandison ending in the quindene of St. John the Baptist in the second year of the reign of the lord Edward King of England.

Fresingfeld.

- (M. 1.) The lord the King sent here his letters patent in these words. Edward by the grace of God King of England Lord of Ireland & Duke of Aquitaine to his beloved & faithful John de Fresingfeld & William Russel greeting. Because through the complaints of certain islanders of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark & Alderney we understand that certain officers & bailiffs sent for certain reasons as well by the lord E. formerly King of England our father as by us to the islands aforesaid which our beloved & faithful Otto de Grandison holds for the term of his life of the grant of our said father, also the officers & bailiffs of those islands deputed by the aforesaid Otto, have very often inflicted divers wrongs, trespasses & damages, voluntarily & without reasonable cause upon the said islanders; & that the said officers & bailiffs do not cease from day to day to inflict such wrongs trespasses & damages upon the said islanders as is more fully contained in certain petitions of the said islanders exhibited before us & our council which we send to you under the foot of our seal, willing that to the same islanders wishing to complain of the officers and bailiffs aforesaid before you there be made the accomplishment of swift justice, we have appointed you our justices to hear & determine the plaints of all those of the islands aforesaid wishing to complain of the wrongs, trespasses & damages done to them by the aforesaid officers & bailiffs, & to do justice thereupon to the parties aforesaid according to the law & custom of the islands aforesaid. And there-

Et ideo vobis mandamus quod ad istos dies et loca quos ad hoc puideritis querelas predictas audiat et terminet in forma predicta fieri inde quod ad Justitiam pertinet secundum legem et consuetudinem primam illarum Saluis nobis amissionibus et aliis ad nos inde spectantibus; Mandauimus enim Balliuis Insularum predictarum quod ad istos dies et loca quos eis facere facietis venire faciatis coram vobis tot et tales probos et legitimos homines de Insulis predictis per quos Rei veritas in premissis melius sciri possit et inquiri. In cuius Rei testimonium has litteras nostras fieri fecimus patentes. T. me ipso apud Westmonasterium xx die maii anno regni nostri sancto.

Mandauit itaque quoddam breue clausum in hec verba. Edwardus dei gratia Rex Anglorum Dominus Hibernie Dux Aquitanie dilectis et fidelibus suis Johanni de ffresingfeld et Willo Russel Justitiam suis ad querelas Insularum de Gernereye Jerseye Serk et Aureneye super iniuriis et dampnis et grauaminibus eis per ministros et balliuos Insularum illarum illatis ut decitur audiendum et terminandum assignatis saltem. Mittimus vobis petitionem Jordani filii Guillelmi Leuesque de quodam annuo redditu septem buss francorum duorum panum et duarum gallinarum in poch sancte Marie de Arso monasterio in decima Insula de Jerseye de quo per ballios et ministros Ottonis de Grandisono Custodis insularum predictarum asserit se iniuste erectum⁽¹⁾ fuisse presentibus interclusam mandantes quod inspecta petitione predicta et vocatis partibus vobis auditis quod huic inde eadem rationibus prefato Jordano inde faciatis debitum et festinum Justicie complementum prout secundum legem et consuetudinem primam illarum fuerit faciendum. T. me ipso apud Kenyngton xxiiij die maii anno regni nostri sancto. Et est peticio talis Enrequerant la grace nostre seigneur le Roy se complaint Jordā Leuesque filz Guillame Leuesque come Jordan Leuesque pere du dist Giff & ael du dist Jordan eust achate vn buss de ffurmēt ij pains & ij gellinus en la poisse de seinte Marie de Arsmoster en lysle de Jerse de annuel rente de Geruase file de Richē Leuesque en tens de sa venezte. La quele rente auant dite le auant-

(1) For ejectum.

fore we command you that at certain days & places which you shall provide therefor you hear & determine the said complaints in the form aforesaid, doing therein what belongs to justice according to the law & custom of those parts; saving to us the amerciements & other things which belong to us therein. We have also commanded the bailiffs of the islands aforesaid that at certain days & places which you shall cause to be made known to them they shall cause to come before you all & such good & lawful men of the islands aforesaid by whom the truth of the matter in the premises may the better be known & enquired into. In witness whereof we have caused these our letters to be made patent. Witness ourself at Westminster the 20th day of May in the second year of our reign.

He sent also a certain closed writ in these words. Edward by the grace of God King of England Lord of Ireland Duke of Aquitaine to his beloved & faithful John de Fresingfeld & William Russel his Justices appointed to hear & determine the complaints of the islanders of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark & Alderney upon the wrongs, damages & grievances done to them by the officers & bailiffs of those islands, as it is said, greeting. We send to you in these presents enclosed the petition of Jordan son of William Levesque concerning a certain yearly rent of seven bushells of wheat, of two loaves & of two hens in the parish of St. Mary of the burnt Monastery in the said island of Jersey out of which he declares himself to have been unjustly ejected by the bailiffs & officers of Otto de Grandison Warden of the said islands commanding you that having inspected the petition aforesaid & the parties having been called before you & having heard their reasons therein, you make to the said Jordan therein the due & speedy accomplishment of Justice as according to the law & custom of those parts it ought to be done. Witness ourself at Kenyngton the 24th day of May in the second year of our reign. And the petition runs thus: Desiring the grace of our lord the King Jordan Levesque son of William Levesque complains that whereas Jordan Levesque father of the said William & grandfather of the said Jordan had bought one bushell of wheat, two loaves & two hens of annual rente in the parish of St. Mary of the burnt Monastery in the island of Jersey, of Gervase daughter of Richard Levesque in the time of her

dit Jordan tynt ben & poyssiblemēt tote sa vie & en murust en peisible
seisine & le dit Gillame son fiz la tynt bien & peisiblement ieks ala
venue sire Ottes de Granson le quel laresta ou fit arester en la mayn
nostř seignř le Roy saunz cause ne mes defaus encusours des queux il
auoit trop en lauand dite paroisse en tel tens & la encuserunt en
sa absence pur la quele chose ledit Jordan requert la grace nostre
segnur le Roy qe il ly pleyse afeř ly aueir vne leale enqueste de
douzse pdes hořmes de la paroisse desuzdite assauoir si il ẽ issi com il
dist. E si ledit Gillame en fist vnges chose p quey il endit pdre
seisine ne ly ne ces hirs. E si il est issi trouee come il dist qe len-
queste ne demoerge pas a passer pur les roules des arestez. E requert
ledit Jordan qđ droit li soit fait sur ces qar il a autrefois eu brefs sur
ceste peticion e le bailif de la dite Isle ly a respondu qe il niliapar-
tenieit pas tenir enqueste de ces. E qe il apteneit as Justiř le Roy
erranz par qei ledit Jordan requert la gře nrě siř le Roy qe le bref
seit enuoye as Justices qe sunt assignes atener dreit en la dite Isle
de par ly sur les ministres sire Ottes. E si il est troue qil est issi
prie le dit Jordan qe les ministres siř Ottes li facent restituřon des
choses desuzdites. Et quesitum est a pdřo Jordař qui feřint ei Inju-
riam & de quibus vult conqueri et nichř scit dicere nisi qđ mortui
sunt. Postea die mercuř přima ante festum assumpřonis be marie
pdřus Jord venit e dicit qđ Lucas de Tauy fecit arestari pdřm reddm
qui mortuus est tč. Et quesitis rotulis eiusdřm Luce inuentũ est
recordũ in eisdřm in hec verba Iřm vn busseř fruřti qui fuerunt ⁽¹⁾
escheta dñi regř p forisřcuram Ricř dci Epi tenenř ptem Normanř
arestař p dñm J. Wyg quos tenuit Wifřms dčus Epũs eo vocař coram
nobis peciit dčus ⁽²⁾ vř busseř a dño rege nobis afferentibus qđ eos
hēre non debuit qz fufřunt esč dřm Regř p Ricřm dčm Epřm tenenř
ptem Norřm e qđ ingressũ quem hřuit hřuit ab illis qui nullũ ingřssum
hřuerunt de Jure. Ille vero asseruit qđ nō clamabat aliqd Jus p dčm

postea ad die
idē cōp Justiř
de Banco dñi Rř
apđ L.....⁽³⁾ Jordař
nō est přsecuř
Et Id sit in mřa
Et nichř cepiat
p petiřom suam.

(1) Sic.

(2) The word Jordanus appears to have been omitted here by error in the original.

(3) Erased.

widowhood : which said rente the said Jordan held well & peaceably all his life & died in peaceable seisin thereof, & the said William his son held it well & peaceably until the coming of Sir Otto de Granson who seised or caused it to be seised into the hand of our lord the King without reason but by false accusers of whom he had too many in the said parish at that time, & they accused him in his absence, for which thing the said Jordan desires the grace of our lord the King that it may please him (the King) to cause him to have a lawful inquisition of twelve good men of the parish aforesaid to ascertain if it be as he says, & whether the said William ever did anything whereby he ought to lose seisin to him or his heirs. And if it is found then as he says that the inquisition will not delay to pass the judgment rolls. And the said Jordan requests that right be done to him therein because he has formerly had writs upon this petition & the bailiff of the said island answered him that it was not within his province to hold an inquisition thereupon ; & that it appertained to the Justices of the King in eyre, wherefore the said Jordan desires the grace of our lord the King that the writ may be sent to the Justices who are appointed to do justice in the said Island on his behalf on the officers of Sir Otto. And if it be found that it is thus, the said Jordan prays that the ministers of Sir Otto make restitution to him of the things abovesaid. And the said Jordan was asked who did him wrongs & about whom he wishes to complain & he could only speak of those who are dead. Afterwards on the Wednesday next before the feast of the Assumption of the Blessed Mary the said Jordan comes & says that Lucas de Tavy caused the said rente to be seized, who is dead &c. And the rolls of the said Luke being searched a record is found in them in these words : Also 1 bushell of wheat which were [*sic*] the escheats of the lord the King by the forfeiture of Richard called Bishop having taken the part of the Normans seised by Sir J. Wyger which William called Bishop held ; thereupon being called before us the said (Jordan) claimed one bushell from the King, we alleging that he ought not to have them because they were the escheats of the King through Richard called Bishop having taken the part of the Normans & that the entry which he had he had from those who had no entry of right. But he asserted that he did not

Afterwards
on the same
day before
the Justices
of the Bench
of the lord
the King at
L..... Jordan
did not sue
And therefore
he is fined &
shall take
nothing by
his petition.

Ricm set p Gervas fit suam que vendidit p̄fatū frumentū paī dēi
Wiffi e nos p pte Reg^o dixim^o qd illa non fuit aliquod Jus in t̄ram
quam paī suus forisfecit vt in frumentū et que fr̄tū fuit ab eo p̄t
multas al̄cacōnes vtrum vellet sustinē inq̄iīs sup hiis que dixim^o e
que ipe dixit respondit qd noluit sustinere aliqui inq̄iīs vt Judm e
sic p consideraōm Cuī remanet dēm fr̄ in mañ dñi Reg^o e t̄ra simlr
vnde puenit fruītū antedēm qz dicitur qd p̄dcūs Ricūs Epūs feoffauit
t̄rā illā Jordano dēo Epō postq^m forisfecit e de hiis debet inquiri p
balliuos.—Et p̄dcūs Jords nō potest dedicē qñ recordū istud sit de
diūsa p̄lita p̄dcō redd̄ quem ipe modo petīt. Et Ideo datus est ei dies de au-
diendo Judio suo coram dñō reg^o a die scī Michis in vnū mensem
vbicumq; t̄c. Et recitatis bilettis de querelis diuor̄ comptum est qd
sunt quasi in quatuor ptes vnde quedam sunt de Justiç hic alias
Itifantibus de quibus Justiç hic diçunt querentibus qd ipi non f̄nt
Waī cognoscendi de f̄cīs Justiç. Quedam t̄ sunt de ministris dñi
Reg^o tēpe Gwerī qui tunc cepant batellos quor̄dam ad hurdiciand̄
inde Castī dñi Reg^o e quidam alia vt vittualia t̄c quibuscum non
posset doceri qd dñs Rex assignasset aliquem ad soluend̄ phi^o captis
e constat qd Insule cū exitibz tunc f̄fūm̄⁽¹⁾ in manu dñi Reg^o e
Henī de Cobham custos p tempe t̄c. Et Nicūs de Chesny fuisset
custos alio tempe t̄c. dēm est hi^o querentibus qd sequant̄ erga con-
sil̄m dñi Reg^o vt inde p̄uideat̄ r̄medm t̄c. Quedam t̄ e p maiori
pte f̄ient originē de debili moneta Turoneñ currente tempe guerre
que dum currebāt currebant⁽¹⁾ nomine & loco bonor̄. Et post inhibi-
coēm inde f̄cam tres illoz t̄m valebant vnū bonū Turroneñ post q^m
Inhibicoēm ministri p̄dci Otonis petierint e adhuc petunt suām
debittoz tempe guerre solui in bona moneta Turroneñ sine diminu-
cōne suīe t̄c. Vnde debitores putant se posse quietar̄ p vnū bonor̄

(1) Sic.

divers pleas.

claim any right by the said Richard but by Gervase his daughter who sold the said wheat to the father of the said William, & we on behalf of the King said that she had not any right in the land which her father forfeited or in the wheat, and which wheat was sought from him; after many altercations whether he wished to sustain the inquisition upon those things which we said & which he said, he answered that he did not wish to sustain any inquisition or judgment, & so by consideration of the court the said wheat remains in the hand of the lord the King & likewise the land whence came the said wheat because it is said that the said Richard Bishop enfeoffed that land to Jordan called Bishop after he made forfeiture, & as to these things enquiry ought to be made by the bailiffs. And the said Jordan cannot deny that that record concerns the aforesaid rente for which he now petitions. And therefore a day is given to him to hear his judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever &c. And the bills being recited of the complaints of divers [people] it is found that they are nearly in four parts whereof certain are of the Justices sometime in eyre here of whom the Justices here said to the plaintiffs that they had not a warrant to take cognizance of the acts of the Justices. And some are of the officers of the lord the King in time of war who then took the boats of some to barricade the castle of the lord the King & certain other things as victuals &c. to whom it cannot be proved that the lord the King assigned anything to be paid for these things taken; & it appears that the Islands with the issues were then in the hands of the King & Henry de Cobham was Warden for the time &c. And Nicholas de Chesny was the Warden at another time &c. It is granted to the plaintiffs to sue before the council of the lord the King so that remedy may be provided &c. And certain & for the greater part have their origin in the bad moneys tournois current in the time of war which were current in the name & place of good. And after the inhibition thereof made, three of those were only worth one good tournois, after which inhibition the officers of the said Otto prayed & still pray that the whole of the debts of the time of war may be paid in good money tournois without diminution of the sum &c. Whereupon the debtors deem that they may acquit them-

Turoneñ p̄ tribus de debili tē. que currebant tempe guerre sup quibz certis de causis Justiē hic decreverunt inde tractandū cum consilio dñi Reg^o Et hitis inde quibzdam alfcaōnibus dēm fuit querentibus qđ expectent indē coram dño Regē a die scī Michis in vnū mensem ubicumq; tē Et sequat̄ unus loco om̄n tē. Ita qđ solo inde fiet genaliē scđm qđ videbitur consilio dñi Reg fore faciendū. Quedam t̄ sunt de quibusdam qui fūnt ministri p̄dci Otonis e iam abeo descesserunt ante tempus querelaz e nichī hnt in Insulis p qđ possint atachī nec ibi possunt Inueniri. Sup quibus consimilr Justiē hic volunt hre tractaū cū p̄dco consilio dñi Reg^o p̄fatū t̄minū. Et int̄im expectet̄ tē

Postea ad diem illū apud Westm̄ P̄hus de Carteret e quidā alij Insulani optulerunt se nōie om̄n conquerenciū quo ad monetam tē. Et quia dedici nō potest q̄u moneta nūc currens in Insulis tat̄ est et euisdem valoris qualis fūat ab antiquo ante temp^o vltime guerre, et similī de quali redditus firme e añciamentā que sub ēta suā p̄cunie assessa fūnt ab antiquo, nō videt̄ Cuī dñi Rē qđ illi p maliciam siue p negligenciā suā recumerūt redd̄s firmas vel añciamentā hui^omodi dum quieti potant extitisse p debilem monetam si ea soluisse voluissent sub eadem suā dū debil moneta currebat loco bone debeant modo consequi p̄ficuū de malicōsa detenōne hui^omodi Et Ido soluant̄ hui^omodi arreragia p monetam nūc currentē in forma qua soluerent̄ si de moderne tempe debent̄ Et q^o ad firmas debitas de molend̄ e aliis q̄ dimissa fuerūt tēpe p̄dce debīt monete multo carius p̄ debilitate monete illi^o soluāt̄ ar̄ fir^{as} hi^o iux^a verū valorē teñ s^o dimissoz scđm qđ iam dim̄tunt̄ ad firmā.

selves by one of the good tournois for three of the bad &c. which were current in the time of war; upon certain of which causes the Justices herein decided to refer the matter to the council of the lord the King. And there being some altercations thereupon it was said to the plaintiffs that they should attend before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever &c. And one should sue in the place of all &c., so that to one therein should be done generally according to that which shall seem to the council of the lord the King ought to be done. And certain are concerning some who were the officers of the said Otto & have now departed from hither before the time of the complaints & have nothing in the Islands whereby they can be attached nor where they can be found. Whereupon likewise the Justices here wish to have them referred to the said council of the lord the King in the said term. And in the meantime let it be attended &c.

Afterwards at that day at Westminster Philip de Carteret & certain other islanders put themselves in the name of all the plaintiffs as to the money &c. And because it cannot be denied that the money now current in the Island is such and of the same value as it was of old before the time of the last war, and likewise for such rents, farm & amerciements which of old were assessed under a certain sum of money, it does not seem to the court of the lord the King that those who by malice or their negligence retained such rents farm or amerciements while they could have been quit by bad money if they had wished to pay them under the same sum while bad money was current in the place of good, ought now to obtain the profit of such malicious detention. And therefore such arrears should be paid in the money now current in the form in which they would be paid if they were owing of modern time. And as to the farm due for mills & other things which were leased in the time of the said bad money much more dearly through the depreciation of that money, the arrears of farm of that kind be paid according to the true value of the tenements so leased according to what they are now let to farm.

Adhuc de plitis querelaz in Gerneſ.

Gerneſ Jordſ Liſtare quer̃ qđ cum ipe fuiſſet Grangiarius⁽¹⁾ Reg^o anno Reg^o nūc pmo tē et Idm̃ Jordſ assignat̃ fuiſſet ad vendend̃ blada dñi Reg^o p Robt̃m de Haddy tunc Receptorem tē Et Idm̃ Jordſ in vendendo blada illa recepisset cōes monetas currentes sciit grossum Turoneñ p vni Turoneñ e duabus ptibus vnus Turoneñ et sterlingū p iiij Turoneñ et grossum Turoñ argenteū vulgali^r vocatū a la flour e alo p xiiij Turoñ e lcia pte vnus Turoñ Petrus de Puasiaco nūc Receptor tē non vult recipere de pdco Jordo pdcm grossum Turoñ p̃t q^m p viij Turoñ e sterlengū p iiij Turoñ e ob⁽²⁾ e grossum Turoñ a la flour p xiiij Turoñ ad magnū detrimentū e dampnū ipius Jordani vnde petit remeđ.

Et pdcus Pet̃ non veñ nec est acach⁽³⁾ q̃ non est in Insulis tē Et petrus de Garrys qui est loco pdci Pet̃ in hac Inſ veñ e g^{tis} respondet p pdco Pet̃ e dicit qđ Otto de Grandisono tenet locū dñi Reg^o in Inſ e dicit qđ dcus Rex Angl̃ potest e debet recipere monetas Reg^o ffranč currentē in terra sua modo e forma quibz idem Rex francie eas recipit in terra sua et dicit qđ pdcus Rex ffranč recipit pdcas monetas s. grossum Turoñ p viij Turoñ e grossum Turoñ a la flour p xiiij Turoñ e sterlengū p iiij Turoñ vbi pdcus Pet̃ illum recipit p J. ob̃ vl̃ius. Et hoc offert ṽficaſ mod̃ quibz Cuſ conſ Et Jordſ nō potest hoc dedicere. Et Justič hic ppendentes qđ blada pueniencia de reddu hic vendunt̃ foro m̃catorio et inde fieri debet solučo et de consimilibus in forma qua vendunt̃ adiudicafunt recepčom inde fieri s̃b ead̃m form^a Et de redditibz firmis e debitis sub antiqua consuetudine p ctum minū computat̃ fiat solučo dño Reġ Et eiusd̃m locū tenenti sub ead̃m forma, qua de consimiſr moneta e consimilibz redditibz debitis e firmis soluit̃ Reġ ffrancie in sec^oio suo

(1) Grangia = a grange, a farm-house belonging to a Monastery.

As to Granger, see Précepte d'Asize (Guernsey) in Warburton's Treatise, p. 151.

(2) Obolus. (3) Attachiare = to take in pursuance of a writ.

Continuation of the pleas of the plaintiffs in Guernsey.

Guernsey.

Jordan Listarc complains that whereas he was granger of the King in the first year of the King that now is &c., and the said Jordan was assigned to sell the corn of the lord the King by Robert de Haddy then receiver &c., & the said Jordan in selling that corn received the common moneys current to wit, the large tournois for 1 tournois and two parts of one tournois and the penny for four tournois and the large silver tournois commonly called "fleur de lis" for 13 tournois and the third part of one tournois: Peter de Parvasiaco now receiver &c. will not take from the said Jordan the said large tournois except for 8 tournois & the penny for 4 tournois & a halfpenny & the large tournois "fleur de lis" for 13 tournois to the great detriment & damage of the said Jordan, whereupon he claims remedy.

And the said Peter does not come nor is he attached because he is not in the Islands &c. And Peter de Garrys who is in the place of the said Peter in this Island comes & answers freely for the said Peter & says that Otto de Grandison holds the place of the lord the King in the Island & says that the said King of England may & ought to take the moneys of the King of France current in his land in the manner & form in which the same King of France takes them in his land, & says that the said King of France takes the said moneys, to wit, the large tournois for 8 tournois & the large tournois "fleur de lis" for 13 tournois & the penny for 4 tournois, where the said Peter took it for one halfpenny more. And this he offers to establish by the means to which the Court is accustomed. And Jordan cannot deny this. And the Justices here, considering that the corn forthcoming from the rent is sold here in the market to the merchant that the payment thereof & of similar things ought to be made in the form in which they are sold, have adjudged that the receiving thereof shall be made under the same form. And as to the rents farms & debts under an ancient custom as is computed by a certain number let the payment be made to the King & his lieutenant under the same form in which of like money & like rents debts & farms there is paid to the King of France into his Exchequer of Normandy while it shall seem to the council of the lord the King that it ought

Normanñ dum tamen consilio dñi Reġ videat^r sic fore faciend^u Et ind^e loquend^u est cum eod^m consilio a die sc̃i Michis in vnū mensem. Et d^cm est om̃ibz quos hui⁹ nego^cm contingit qđ p se vt vnū loco om̃i tunc sint coram eod^m consilio decretum suū auditū e receptu^r scđm qđ ibid^m dis^cnetur. Postea ad diem illū apđ Westm̃ nullus se optulit quo ad ea que tangunt q̃relam istā.

(M. 1. d.) Droġ de Barentyn p attorñ suū e Joñes de Dyttoñ optulerunt se p quinq, dies vsus Cōitatem hui⁹ Insule scilt de Gerne^r de ptibus e difsis querelis in quibus tⁿsgressiones nimis enormes continent^r licet ppet^ata non fuissent vt dicunt de quibus querunt^r qđ p Insulanos nup fūat sup eos facta magna querimonia corā consilio dñi Reg⁹ in Angt p cedulas seu billas p Insulanos ibidem ppositas e ostensas e iam de nouo Willo Russel vm⁹ Justi^c hic p Insulanos hui⁹ Insule libatas ad psequend cū effectū vt dicit^r Et Insulani hic p Justi^c sup hiis allocuti difsis viabus e diebus dicunt & singtis viabz dixerunt qđ quid Insulanoz nō gerentes se contentos de ministris pposuerunt tam in Angt q^m pdcō Willo hic cedulas illas absq, scitu e consensu Cōitatis e ipi om̃ino deadvocant noīe Cōitatis om̃es illas cedulas. Ita tamen qđ salua sit cui⁹libet conqueri se volencī secta sua de tⁿsgre^ssione sibi fīa si qua fūit. Et petunt qđ pposito^r puniant^r e non Cōitas que ad f^cm illud nō consensit si ullo de tota Cōitate cont^adicente nisi quidam singillatim conquerentes qui dixerunt se velle psequi q̃relas suas quilibet eo^r p se Et q, pdcūs Wilis recordatur qđ qⁿdo bille ille seu cedulae sibi libate fūūt ad psequēd noīe Cōitatis e ipē petiit pleġ de p^s d^cm fuit p ptes qđ quilibet foret pleġ altius e hoc in p^aencia maioris partis totius Cōitatis hic nullo eo^r cont^adicente nisi tantūmodo illi qui sunt familiares ipius Otonis Et hīto sup hiis longa tractatu cons̃ est qđ pdcā Cōitas p nō secta sit in mīa ad quilibet

so to be done. And thereupon it is reserved for pleading before the said council in one month from the day of St. Michael. And it is said to all whom this business concerns that they be by themselves or one in the place of all before the said council to hear & receive their decree according to what shall therein be determined. Afterwards at that day at Westminster no one presented himself as to those things which touch this plaint.

(M. 1. d.) Drogo de Barentyn by his attorney & John de Dytton presented themselves for five days against the commonalty of the said island, to wit, of Guernsey, concerning the pleas & divers plaints in which are contained the very enormous trespasses although they were not perpetrated as they say, of which they complain that grave complaints were lately made about them by the islanders before the council of the lord the King in England by schedules or bills brought & shown by the islanders there and now newly delivered to William Russel one of the Justices here by the inhabitants of this Island to prosecute with effect as it is said. And the islanders here being challenged by divers means and days say & to each point said that certain of the islanders not being content with the officers brought those schedules as well in England as to the said William here without the knowledge & consent of the commonalty & they altogether disavow all those schedules in the name of the commonalty. So that nevertheless it be reserved to any one to take up if he should wish his suit for the trespass done to him if any such were. And they pray that the prosecutors may be punished & not the commonalty which did not consent to that deed if none of the whole commonalty were gainsaying it except certain plaintiffs in particular who said that they wished to prosecute their plaints each one for himself. And that the said William recorded that when those writs or schedules were delivered to him for prosecution in the name of the commonalty & he demanded pledges for the prosecution it was said by the parties that each should be the pledge for the other & this in the presence of the greater part of the whole commonalty here, no one gainsaying them except only those who are the servants of the said Otto. And having had upon these things a long discourse it is considered that the said commonalty shall be amerced for non-suit upon each of the

cedulaꝝ Et p̄d̄ci Drogo e Joñes inde sine die set etis ex causis puniçō fiet inde p am̄cām̄tū ⁽¹⁾ consilii dñi Reg^o a die sc̄i Michis in vnū men̄s.

Thoñ de Estfeld p se e Olivero le moigne e Matño de Saumareys libavit Justiç hic s̄b pede sigilli dñi Reg^o septem cedulas querelaꝝ e petitionū alias pliam̄to dñi E quond Reg^o Angt p̄ris dñi Reġ nūc de t̄m̄io sc̄i Michis anno r̄ sui xxx^{mo} p eosdem p̄poitas versus ministros Otonis de Grandisono Scilt Henr Priorē de Wenlok e Joñem de Newent de diūsis querimoniis sicut plenius patet in eosd̄m Et in quaz plibus indorsatur qđ mittant^r Justiç in Insulas ad inquirend tē Et in longa cedula indorsat^r in̄ cēsa qđ Prior se posuit in Inquis tē Et qđ con̄s fuit p consil̄m tē qđ mittent^r huc Justiç tē qui in p̄sencia p̄c̄m̄ rite p̄munitaꝝ inquirent rei veritatem tē Et p̄d̄ci Thoñ e alii alias hic ad festum sc̄i Barnabe apl̄i in p̄sencia Joñis de ffresingfeld libaſūt Batto hui^o Insule tanq^m locum tenenti p̄fati Otoñ brē dñi Reg^o claūs directum p̄fato Otoñ v̄l eius locum tenenti, p qđ dñs Rex mandaſiat p̄fato Otoni qđ venire faceſ coram Justiç hic ad certos diem e locum quos Justiç ei scire fecissent p̄d̄cos Priorem e Joñem de Newent inde respon̄s tē Et Thoñ e Aliç v̄x eius Oliſ e Mathus modo veñ sed Prior e Joñes non veñ Et Balliui Insulaꝝ tam ad brē directum p̄fato Otoni q^m in br̄ibus sibi directis respon̄d qđ Prior e Joñes non sunt Inuenti nec f̄fūt in Insulis a tempe br̄m̄ tē Et Thoñ e alii peſ qđ Justiç p̄cedant ad Inquirend Et sup hoc P̄ius le Euesk Balliui de Jerseie una cum Matño de Cuſ Batto huius Insule qui se dicunt tenere locū p̄fati Otoñ dicunt noīe ipius Otonis qđ Thoñ nō debet admitti ad aliquid petend de tempe p̄d̄ci pliānti p eo qđ Idem postea in hac Insula feloniam fecit p qua Insulas abiurauit. Et sic

(1) Amerciamentum = Fr. amercement.

schedules. And the said Drogo & John are to go 'sine die' therein, but for certain reasons the punishment therein shall be made at the discretion of the council of the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael.

Thomas de Estfeld for himself & Oliver le Moigne & Matthew de Saumareys delivered to the Justices here under the foot of the seal of the lord the King seven schedules of complaints & petitions elsewhere proposed by them in the Parliament of the lord E. formerly King of England father of the lord the King that now is of the term of St. Michael in the 30th year of his reign against the officers of Otto de Grandison, to wit, Henry, Prior of Wenlok & John de Newent concerning divers complaints as more fully appears in the same And on many of which it is endorsed that they are sent to the Justices in the Islands to be enquired into &c. And in the long schedule it is endorsed among other things that the Prior put himself in the inquisition &c. And that it was considered by the council &c. that they be sent here to the Justices &c. who in the presence of the parties lawfully forewarned shall enquire into the truth of the matter &c. And the said Thomas & others elsewhere here at the feast of St. Barnabas the Apostle in the presence of John de Fresingfeld delivered to the bailiff of this island as lieutenant of the said Otto the writ of the lord the King closed directed to the said Otto or his lieutenant whereby the King commanded the said Otto to cause the said Prior & John de Newent to come before the justices here at a certain day & place which the justices should let him know, to answer therein, &c. And Thomas & Alice his wife, Oliver & Matthew now come, but the Prior & John do not come. And the bailiffs of the islands answer as well to the writ directed to the said Otto as to the writs to them directed that the Prior & John are not found nor were they in the islands from the time of the writs &c. And Thomas & the others pray that the justices may proceed to enquire. And upon this Philip L'Evesque, bailiff of Jersey, together with Matthew de la Court, bailiff of this island, who say that they are the lieutenants of the said Otto, say in the name of the said Otto that Thomas ought not to be admitted to any plea from the time of the said parliament because he afterwards in this island committed a felony for which he abjured

dicunt qđ om̃ia bona e catalla que Thoñ fuit tempe abiuraconis illius debent esse ip̃ius Otonis tanq̃m forisfcā tē rōe dñmissionis q̃m p̃dcus dñs Rex pal̃ tē fecit ip̃i Otoni de Insulis istis cum forisfc̃uris e aliis tē Et simlr debent esse cañ p̃dci magistri Willi qui similr feloniam fec̃ p qua abiurauit tē qualtreumq; Prior vt Johes phitañt tē Dicunt t̃ p dño suo qđ nūcqũm consuetudinis fuit in Insulis qđ hēdes potent catalla añcessoꝝ suoꝝ vt fīrent nisi fuissent p antecessores eis legata tanq̃ ex̃neis Et hoc offērt verificā p dñō suo tē Et petiuit qđ nich̃ attemptet in puidm̃ p̃dci dñi sui p plm̃ p̃dcōꝝ Prioris vt Johis.

Et Thoñ e alii dicunt qđ ip̃i sunt in Cuñ dñi Reg^o vbi Oto non est nisi vt eoꝝ vicinus Et ex quo nō est p attorñ tē non fnt ip̃i ecce ad hec respondere sed instanť petunt qđ Justiç hic Inquirant sicut dñs Rex eis demandauit vt qđ Justiç eis relibent petiçōnes suas sub sigillo suo Et ctis de causis dat̃ est eis dies de audiendo Juđo suo coram dño Reg̃ a die sc̃i Michis in vnū menš vbicumq; tunc fuit in Angl. Postea ad diem illū apud Westm̃ vēbunt p̃dci Thomas e Oliñs et qz nō possunt dediçe qđ p̃dcus Thomas post p̃dcas Octab̃ sc̃i Michis quādo adūsarii sui se posuerunt in Inquiñ abiurauit Insulas sicut p̃dc̃m est, et sic amisit om̃em actōem quam p̃us habūat tē et p̃dcā actio fuit ip̃oꝝ cōiunctim e p indiuiso et ip̃i licet satis expectati nich̃ sciunt vltius ostendere ppl̃ qđ p̃dcō Thome debeat̃ responderi nisi tantū qđ dicunt qđ dñs Rex pdonauit ei inde sectam pacis sue ; iō nich̃ fiat vltius de p̃dcis petiçōibz, sed sibi pquirat de nouo q volūit.

the islands. And so they say that all the goods & chattels which Thomas had at the time of that abjuration ought to belong to the said Otto as forfeitures &c. by reason of the demise which the said lord the King the father &c. made to the said Otto of these islands with the forfeitures & other things &c. And likewise ought it to be with the chattels of the said master William who likewise committed felony for which he abjured &c. as the Prior & John shall plead &c. And they say for their lord that there was never a custom in the islands that the heirs might have & hold the chattels of their ancestors unless they were bequeathed to them as if to strangers. And this they offer to establish for their lord &c. And they pray that nothing may be attempted to the prejudice of their said lord by the plea of the said Prior or John.

And Thomas & the others say that they are in the court of the lord the King where the said Otto is not except as their neighbour. And as he is not there by his attorney &c. it is not necessary for them to answer to these things, but they at once claim that the justices may enquire herein as the lord the King commanded them or that the justices may redeliver to them their petitions under their seal. And in certain of the causes a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wherever he might then be in England. Afterwards on that day at Westminster came the said Thomas & Oliver, and inasmuch as they cannot deny that the said Thomas abjured the said islands as is aforesaid after the said Octaves of St. Michael when his adversaries put themselves in the inquisition, and so lost all action which he first had &c. and the said action was of them jointly & undivided & they although fully expectant know nothing further to show why the said Thomas ought to be answered, except only that they say that the lord the King pardoned him therein the suit of his peace: therefore nothing shall be done further concerning the said petitions, but let him who will acquire them anew.

(M. 2.)

Littera coram Johne de ffresingfeld, Drogone de Barantyn e Johanne de Dittone Justiciariis Itinantibz in Insulis die Lune prima ante fin sancti Barnabe apli, anno regni Regis Edwardi, filii Regis Edwardi Secundo. e ptim corā pfatis Johanne e Johne p litteras dñi Regis patentes.

ffresingfeld.

Gerneñ

Dñs Rex p Guilm des mareys qui sequit^r p eo petit vsus Abbem de Blancalanda aduocacoem ecclie de Bellosa vt ius tñ Et vnde pdcus Guiff dicit p dño Rege qd dñs H. Rex auus tñ tempe suo tempe pacis fuit in seisina de pdca aduocacoem vt de feodo e iure ——— (1) Corone sue e ad eccliam illam psentauit quendam Robtm Chicum suū qui ad psentacoem suam fuit admissus e in eadem institut^r Et qd tale sit ius dñi Reg^o offert vificare p dño Rege sicut Cur conñ.

Et Abbas veñ Et dicit qd ipe mirat^r qd dñs Rex vult peñe vsus eum pdcam aduocacoem pdce ecclie narrando de seisina pdci dñi H. aui sui Quia dicit qd ipe Abbas e pdecessores sui quond Abbēs de Blancalanda fuerunt e tenñunt pdcam aduocacoem pdce ecclie a tempe quo nō extat memoria sine tempis intrupcoem Et hoc patus est vificare p sacrm xij. tñ.

Et dñs Rex p pdcm Guilm petit Judm de ipo Abbe tanq^a in-defenso maxime ex quo pdcs Abbas nō defendit ius suū in forma debita nec aliquid respondere ad ius ipius dñi Reg^o qd eidem Abbi cedere possit in defensionem iuris sui. Dicit tñ vlñus qd nō potest dedici quin quidam Rex ffrancie exñedauit dñm Johem quondam

(1) Sic.

(M. 2.)

Pleas before John de Fresingfeld Drogo de Barantyn & John de Ditton Justices in eyre in the islands on Monday next before the feast of St. Barnabas the Apostle in the second year of the reign of King Edward, and partly before the said John & John by letters patent of the lord the King.

Fresingfeld.

Guernsey.

The lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him claims against the Abbot of Blanchelande the advowson of the Church of Bellosa⁽¹⁾ as his right &c. And thereupon the said William says for the lord the King that the lord H. the King the grandfather &c. in his time in the time of peace was in seisin of the said advowson as of fee & right of his Crown and presented to that Church a certain Robert his clerk who was admitted on his presentation & instituted into the same. And that such is the right of the lord the King he offers to establish for the lord the King as the court shall consider.

And the Abbot comes & says that he wonders that the lord the King should wish to claim against him the said advowson of the said Church by narrating the seisin of the said lord H. his grandfather because he says that he the Abbot & his predecessors formerly Abbots of Blanchelande had and held the said advowson of the said Church from time immemorial without interruption of time. And this he is ready to establish by the oath of 12 men &c.

And the lord the King claims judgment against the said Abbot as undefended chiefly for that the said Abbot did not defend his right in due form nor answers anything to the right of the lord the King that he may yield to the said Abbot in the defence of his right. And he says further that he cannot deny but that a certain King of France disinherited the lord John formerly King of England of the

(1) St. Martin's Church, Guernsey.

Regem Angl̃ de Ducatu Normañ et tunc idem Rex ffrancie p duas vices ejecerat p̃d̃c̃m dñm Jõhem Regem t̃c̃ de hiis Insulis e illas occupat̃at tanq̃m annexas p̃d̃c̃o Ducatui Et p̃d̃c̃us dñs J. Rex vi armata p binas vices reconquestavit has Insulas sup ip̃m Regem ffrancie. Et a sc̃d̃o conquesto suo p̃d̃c̃o ip̃e e posteri sui Reges Angl̃ Insulas istas tenfunt hucusq̃. Et dicit qđ p̃d̃c̃us dñs J. Rex post eundem cōquestū suū in hiis Insulis sicut e in Angl̃ exulavit e exhedavit om̃es Normannos in ffrancia seu Normannia commorantes tam religiosos q̃m laicos, et de tris e bonis eoꝝ disposuit p sua voluntate vbi constat p̃decessores ip̃ius Abb̃is tunc fuisse. Et dicit qđ postea toto tempe p̃d̃c̃i dñi J. Regis nūq̃m Normanni illi sibi fflant reconciliati set idem dñs J. Rex de tenementis eoꝝ que p̃us nō dederat obiit in seisina. Post cui⁹ mortem p̃d̃c̃us dñs H. Rex ei successit in regnū vt filius qui quidem dñs H. Rex consimilem statum de tenuris hui⁹modi Normannoꝝ continuavit p magnū tempus quousq̃ pax in ipos Reges Angl̃ e ffrancie fflat reformata. Et qđ ita est p̃d̃c̃us Guifl̃s offert vificare p dño Rege sicut Cuř considerat̃it Et petit Jud̃m p dño Rege si p̃d̃c̃s Abbas possit clamare ab antiquo tenenciam suam, de p̃d̃c̃a advocac̃oe, s̃b forma qua clamat. Dicit t̃ vli⁹ius p dño Rege qđ reuera post p̃d̃c̃am pacem in ip̃d̃c̃os Reges reformatam p̃d̃c̃us dñs H. Rex p̃tes Normannos Religiosos e laicos reconciliauit Et eo tempe quidam Abbas de Blancalanda p̃decessor t̃c̃ se intrusit in p̃d̃c̃am eccliam e illam occupavit in pp̃ros vsus Et quidam tūc Abbas maioris monast̃ii in Cuř xp̃ianitatis petiit p̃d̃c̃am advocac̃ōem p̃d̃c̃e ecclie vsus ip̃m qui tunc fuit Abbas de Blancalanda e pace in ip̃os ibi inita. Idem Abbas de Blancalanda concessit p̃d̃c̃o Abb̃i maioris monast̃ii duas ptes decime garbaꝝ ad eccliam illam ptinentis vna cum annua pensione quinquaginta solidoz qui quidem Abbas maioris monast̃ii e successores sui Abb̃es ibidem semp postea tenfunt p̃d̃c̃as duas ptes

Duchy of Normandy & then the said King of France on two occasions had ejected the said lord John the King &c. from these islands and occupied them as annexed to the said Duchy. And the said lord J. the King with armed force on two occasions reconquered these islands from the said King of France. And from that his said second conquest he & his posterity Kings of England have held these islands up to the present time. And he says that the said lord J. the King after his said second conquest in these islands as also in England banished and disinherited all the Normans living in France or Normandy as well ecclesiastics as laymen, and disposed of their lands & goods at his will where it appears that the predecessors of the said Abbot then were. And he says that afterwards for the whole time of the said lord King J. those Normans were never reconciled to him but the said lord King J. died in seisin of those of their tenements which he had not already given away. After his death the said lord King H. succeeded him in the kingdom as his son, which said lord King H. continued a like estate of the tenures of such Normans for a long time until peace was renewed between the said Kings of England & France. And that it is thus the said William offers to establish for the lord the King as the court shall consider. And he claims judgment for the lord the King if the said Abbot may claim from ancient times his tenancy of the said advowson under the form in which he claims. And he says moreover for the lord the King that in very deed after the said peace was renewed between the said Kings the said lord H. the King reconciled many Normans ecclesiastics & laymen. And at that time a certain Abbot of Blanchelande the predecessor &c. intruded himself into the said Church & occupied it to his own uses. And a certain Abbot then of the larger monastery in the court of Christianity claimed the said advowson of the said Church against him who was then Abbot of Blanchelande & peace was made between them. The said Abbot of Blanchelande granted to the said Abbot of the larger monastery two parts of the tithe of the sheaves belonging to the said Church together with a yearly pension of fifty sols: which said Abbot of the larger monastery & his successors Abbots there for ever afterwards

e pensionem vt de aduocacone sua pp^{la} Quod fcm nō fuisset si pdcūs Abbas de Blancalanda e pdecessores sui tenuissent pdcām aduoca-
coem in forma qua clamat vnde sicut p^{ns} petit Judm p dñō Rege.

Quia p^ltm
istud fuit
sine die
coram R^e
pnt pz seq^r
Rex de nouo
si tē.

Et Abbas nō potest dediēe quin p^litum sic fuit e pax inde
reformata f^liat in forma qua p^ldicir sed dicit qd ipe patus est v^lificare
p pat^{am} qd ipe e pdecessores sui Abbes de Blancalanda a tempe
quo nō extat memoria semp f^liunt in possessione p^lsentandi ad pdcām
eccliam Et qz viso scripto p quod Abbas maioris monastii clām f^lire
aduocações ecclīaz suaz in hac Insula de dono Wifⁱ quondā Ducis
Normanⁱ anteq^a Regnū Ang^l adeptus fuisset. Con^lptum est qd
idem Wifⁱ in^l alias ecclīas, dedit Abbi maioris monastii eccliam de
Bellosa, quesitum est a p^ldco Abbe de Blancalanda si f^leat aliquod
fcm speciale p quod possit ostendere qd aduocaō p^ldce ecclie data
f^luit alicui pdecessoz suoz et ad hoc nō respondit al^r q^m p^ldcm est
Et daf est ei dies de Ju^ldo suo audiendo de assensu ipⁱus Abbis coram
dñō Rege a die scⁱ Michⁱs in vnū mensem vbicunq^z tūc f^luit in Ang^l.
Et Abbas po. lo. suo Ricm le Herice v^l Petrum fil Pet^r Dartys. Et
sciendū qd Ju^r testant^r qd ipⁱ numq^a audierunt nec p p^lgenitores
suos intellexerunt qd alius p^lsentasset ad d^lcām eccliam q^m Abbas
de Blancalanda. Postea ad diem illū apud Westmⁱ veñ p^ldūs Abbas
p attorⁿ suū e c^ltis de causis dat⁹ est eis ⁽¹⁾ dies coram dñō Rege de
Ju^ldo suo audⁱ a die Pasche in vnū men^s vbicūq^z tūc f^luit in Ang^l.
Ad quē diem p^ldūs Abbas p attorⁿ suū veñ e daf est ei ⁽¹⁾ dies vlⁱius
a die Paschⁱ in vnū mensem vbicumq^z tē Ad quē diem p^ldūs Abbas
non venit Ideo pcedatur ad indicm p eius defaltam, sed c^ltis de causis
ponit^r in resp^tum usq^a a die Paschⁱ in xv dies vbicumq^z tē Et deinde
respectuat^r vt p^lns vsq^a a die Paschⁱ in vnu mensem vbicumq^z tē Et

(1) Sic.

held the said two parts & pension as of their own advowson. Which would not have been done if the said Abbot of Blanchelande & his predecessors had held the said advowson in the form in which he claims, whereupon as before he claims judgment for the lord the King.

And the Abbot cannot gainsay but that the plea was such & that peace was renewed in the form in which it is said, but he says that he is ready to establish by the verdict of the country that he & his predecessors Abbots of Blanchelande from time immemorial were always in the possession of presenting to the said Church. And because having seen the writing whereby the Abbot of the larger monastery claimed to have the advowsons of his Churches in this island of the gift of William sometime Duke of Normandy before the kingdom of England was obtained : it is found that the said William among other Churches gave to the Abbot of the larger monastery the Church of Bellosa. The said Abbot of Blanchelande was asked if he had any special deed whereby he might show that the advowson of the said Church was given to any of his predecessors, and to this he does not answer otherwise than as is aforesaid. And a day is given to him to hear his judgment with the assent of the said Abbot before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England. And the Abbot put in his place Richard le Herice or Peter son of Peter Dartys. And be it known that the jurors witness that they had never heard neither had they understood from their progenitors that any other but the Abbot of Blanchelande had presented to the said Church. Afterwards at that day at Westminster came the said Abbot by his attorney & for certain causes a day is given before the King to hear his judgment in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said Abbot comes by his attorney & a day is given to him further in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Abbot did not come. Therefore they proceeded to judgment by his default, but for certain causes it is put in respite until 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence it is respited as before until one month from the day of Easter &c. And thence it is respited as before until the

Because
that plea
was "sine
die" before
the King
as it
appears
let the
King sue
anew if
&c.

deinde respectuat: vt p^rns vsq^q. In crastino añaz vbicūq^q tē. Et deinde respectuat: vt p^rns a die Paschⁱ in vnū mensem vbicūq^q tē. In crastino añaz vbicūq^q. Et deinde resp^tuat: vt p^rns a die Paschⁱ in vnū mens^u vbicūq^q. Deinde respectuat: vt p^rns a die Paschⁱ in tres sep^t vbicūq^q tē. Et deinde resp^tuat: vt p^rns a die Paschⁱ in xv dies vbicūq^q tē. Et deinde respectuat: indiciū a die Paschⁱ in qⁿq^q sep^t p^x futu^r in vnū annū.

Idem Abbas suū fuit ad respondendū dⁿo Regi de plito quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dⁿi Reg^o e p^genito^rz suo^rz Regum Ang^l clam p^oipe e h^uere lib^am espkeriam apud Saynk de piscib^z p hoīes suos captis in aquis dⁿi Reg^o que ad dⁿm Regem ptinet tē.

Et siml^r de
ist p^lt se^r
Rex ut p^lus.

Et Abbas veñ e dicit q^d dⁿs J. quondam Rex Ang^l p Cartam suam datam anno regni sui p^rmo dedit ecclie scⁱ Nichⁱ de Blanca-landa e Abbi e Canonicis ibidem deo s^uientib^z in lib^am puram e ppetuam elemosinam p^bendam de Cesaris burgo quam Ro^btus de sc^e Marie ecclia ibi h^uit cū omib^z ad eam p^tinentib^z et concessa q^uantum in ip^o fuit q^d cōfⁱsent eam in p^pros vsus suos et p^fert p^dcām Cartam que hoc testat^r, et dicit q^d ipⁱ tenent hic in hac Insula maio-rem ptem t^raz suaz que sunt e fūnt de p^dcā p^benda. Et dicit q^d p^dcūs Ro^btus dum p^bendam illam tenuit, et oīes alii p^bendarii eiusdⁱ p^bendⁱ ante eūm semp vsi fūnt h^uere lib^am espkeriam in p^dcō loco e siml^r oīes Abbes de Blancalanda a tempe quo p^benda illa sic eis data fuit, sic vsi fūnt h^uere ibidem lib^am espkeriam et q^d ita est offert vⁱficare p patriam.

Et Wi^llus dicit p dⁿo Rege q^d Espke^r mere spectat ad p^rncipem terre in qua existit quam nemo potest h^uere nisi de concessione p^rnci-pis Et ex quo Abbas nō ostendit inde aliquod sc^m speciale petit Jud^m p dⁿo Rege. Dicit t^u q^d p^dcūs Abbas h^uet p^pe p^dcām espkeriam ptes

Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. And thence it is respited as before in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever. And thence it is respited as before in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. Thence it is respited as before in three weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence it is respited as before in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence judgment is respited in five weeks from the day of Easter next coming in one year.

The same Abbot was summoned to answer to the lord the King concerning the plea by what warrant without the licence & will of the lord the King & of his progenitors Kings of England he claims to take & have fee esperkeria at Saynk of the fish caught by his men in the waters of the lord the King which belongs to the lord the King &c.

And
likewise
of this plea
let the King
sue as
before.

And the Abbot comes & says that the lord J. sometime King of England by his charter given in the first year of his reign gave to the Church of St. Nicholas of Blanchelande & to the Abbot & Canons serving God there in frankalmoign the prebend of Cherbourg which Robert of the Church of St. Mary had there with all things to the same belonging & granted as much as in him was that they should convert the same to their own proper uses, and he produced the said charter which witnesses this, & says that they hold here in this island the greater part of their lands which are & were of the said prebend. And he says that the said Robert while he held that prebend, and all the other prebendaries of the said prebend before him always used to have free esperkeria in the said place, & likewise all the Abbots of Blanchelande from the time in which that prebend was so given to them were accustomed to have there free esperkeria & that it is so he offers to establish by the verdict of the country.

And William says for the lord the King that the esperkeria only belongs to the prince of the land in which it is which no one can have except of the grant of the prince. And inasmuch as the Abbot did not show therein any special deed he claims judgment for the lord the King. And he says that the said Abbot has besides the said esperkeria many other men & tenants who are not of the fee or

alios hoīes e tenentes qui nō sunt de feodo vī dñio p̄dce p̄bende vt de feodo malueysin de quibz e quoz piscacōibz p̄dcūs Abbas capit e fiet espkeriam p̄dcām adeo sicut de hoībz p̄dce p̄bende et hoc petit qđ inquirat p̄ dñō Rege et Abbas simitr. Idō fiat inde Jurata Jur dicunt sup sacm̄ suū qđ p̄dcūs Abbas fiet in feodo de malueysin circiū nouem tenentes piscatores tē, et dicunt qđ Idem Abbas adeo pcipit comodū espekē de illis tenentibz sicut de aliis qui sunt de feodo p̄bendo Dicunt t̄ qđ ip̄i credunt qđ f̄ra illoz vbi espkeria est fuit de p̄dca p̄benda et qđ p̄bendam ip̄i e Abbes illi postea fuerunt ibi espkeriam ab antiquo. Et quidam Abbas de Blancalanda iam tarde pquisiuit feod̄ de malueysin qui in nullo spectat ad p̄dcām p̄bendam. Et de assensu ip̄ius Abbis dat̄ est ei dies de Iudō suo audiendo coram p̄fato dñō Rege ad p̄fatum f̄minū tē. Et Abbas po. lo. suo p̄dcūs Ricm̄ vī Petrum. Postea ad diem illū apud Westm̄ venī p̄dcūs Abbas p̄ attorū suū et etis de causis dat̄ est eis dies coram dñō Rege de Iudō suo aud̄ a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicumqz tunc f̄uit in Angl̄. Ad quē diem p̄dcūs Abbas p̄ attorū suū venit e dat̄ est ei dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicumqz tē. Ad quē diem p̄dcūs Abbas non venit Ideo p̄cedit ad iudicm̄ p̄ eius defaltam. Sed etis de causis ponit̄ in resp̄tū vsqz a die Pasch̄ in xv dies vbicumqz tē Et deinde respectuat̄ vt p̄ns iudm̄ vsqz a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicūqz tē Et deinde ——— respectuat̄ vt p̄ns vsqz in crastino aiāz vbicūqz tē Et deinde a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicumqz tē. In Crastino annuaz vbicūqz tē. Et de inde resp̄tuatur indicm̄ vt sup̄ vsqz a die Pasch̄ in vnū men̄s vbicūqz tē. Deinde resp̄tuat̄ tē vsqz a die Pasch̄ in tres sep̄t vbicūqz tē. Et deinde resp̄tuatur vt prius a die Pasch̄ in xv dies vbicūqz tē. Et deinde respectuat̄ iudicm̄ a die Pasch̄ in quinqz sep̄t⁽¹⁾ p̄xio futuī in vnū annū.

(1) Sic.

lordship of the said prebend as of the fee of Malvoisin of whom & of whose fisheries the said Abbot takes & has the said esperkeria as of the men of the said prebend, & he demands that this may be enquired into for the lord the King. And the Abbot likewise. Therefore let a jury be formed. The jurors say upon their oath that the said Abbot has in fee of Malvoisin about nine tenants, fishermen &c., & they say that the said Abbot therefore takes the profits of the esperkeria of those tenants as of others who are of the fee of the prebend. They also say that they believe that the land of those, where the esperkeria is, belonged to the said prebend & that they & those abbots afterwards held the prebend where the esperkeria was of old time. And a certain Abbot of Blanchelande not long ago purchased the fee of Malvoisin which in no way belongs to the said prebend. And with the assent of the said Abbot there is given to him a day to hear judgment before the said lord the King at the said term &c. And the Abbot puts in his place the said Richard or Peter. Afterwards at the said day at Westminster comes the said Abbot by his attorney & for certain causes a day is given to them before the lord the King to hear his judgment in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said Abbot by his attorney comes & a day is given to him in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Abbot does not come. Therefore they proceed to judgment through his default, but for certain causes it is put in respite until 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence as before judgment is respited until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence it is respited as before until the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. And thence in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. And thence judgment is respited as above until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. Thence it is respited &c. until three weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence let it be respited as before in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence let judgment be respited in five weeks from the day of Easter next to come in one year.

(M. 2. d.) **Adhuc de p̃lis coram p̃fatis Justiciār p̃fatis
die 1 anno.**

ffresingfeld.

+ obiit

Abbas de Chireburg̃ in m̃ia p̃ p̃libz defaltis.

Gerneř

Idem Abbas & Prior de Erm suū f̃iunt qđ essent hic ad res-
pondendū dñō Regi de p̃lito quo Waranto sine licencia & voluntate dñi
Reg^o & p̃genitoz suoz Regū Angl̃ clamant p̃cipe e h̃re oīmimoda
p̃ficua p̃ueniencia de Insula de Erm & Wrecū maris ibidem accidens
tam in f̃ra sua q̃m in aquis dñi Reg^o in costera maris ibidem adia-
cente / que p̃ manus ministroz dñi Reg^o de Insula de Gerneř ad opus
dñi Reg^o debent devenire vt ea que spectant ad Coronam e digni-
tatem suam Et t̃ quo Waranto clamant h̃re standardū, mensuř, e
ponderū de suo p̃p̃o p̃ totam f̃ram suam de Erm absq̃ libācone vt
visu ministroz dñi Reg^o de Gerneř Et t̃ quo Waranto clamant p̃cipe
e h̃re catalla homīm suoz feloñ dñi Reg^o vt fugitiuoz que spectant
ad Coronam e dignitatem dñi Reg^o Et t̃ quo Waranto claī h̃re
eschetam de f̃ris homīm suoz felonū dñi Reg^o quietam e exemptam
Ita qđ Dñs Rex p̃ficua nō p̃cipiat inde p̃ vnū anū e vnū diem put
spectat ad Coronam e dignitatem suam Et t̃ quo Waranto claī p̃
quēcūq̃ hōiem volūint Cuř suam p̃efe e h̃re de singlis hōibz suis
ex^a Cuř dñi Reg^o Et t̃ quo Waranto clamant p̃cipe e h̃re libām
esperiam apud Erm de piscibz p̃ hōies suos captis in aquis dñi Reg^o
que ad dñm Regem p̃tinent t̃c Et sciendū qđ p̃d̃cūs Prior Abbe licet
sumonito tunc absente e dixit qđ p̃d̃cā Insula de Erm est Insula p̃
se nō contenta in Waranto Justiciār hic et peciit inde alloccōem e
Judm t̃c.

Et Willus des mareys qui sequit̃ p̃ dñō Rege dicit qđ a tempe
quo nō extat memoria p̃d̃cā Insula de Erm fuit ps e membrū hui^o

(M. 2. d.) **Continuation of the pleas before the aforesaid Justices the said day & year.**

Fresingfeld.

+ dead

Guernsey.

The Abbot of Cherbourg amerced for many defaults.

The said Abbot & the Prior of Herm were summoned to be here to answer to the lord the King concerning the plea by what warrant without the licence & will of the lord the King & of his progenitors Kings of England they claim to take & have all manner of profits forthcoming from the island of Herm & wreck of the sea there happening as well in their land as in the waters of the lord the King in the sea coast there adjoining, which by the hands of the officers of the lord the King of the island of Guernsey ought to come to the use of the lord the King as those which belong to his Crown & dignity. And also by what warrant they claim to have standard, measure & weight of their own throughout all their land of Herm without delivery or view of the officers of the lord the King in Guernsey. And also by what warrant they claim to take & have the chattels of their men felons or fugitives of the lord the King which belong to the Crown & dignity of the lord the King. And also by what warrant they claim to have escheat of the lands of their men felons of the lord the King quit & exempt. So that the lord the King may not take the profits thereof for one year & one day as belongs to his Crown and dignity. And also by what warrant the claim by whatsoever man they wish to claim & to have their court of all their men outside the court of the lord the King. And also by what warrant they claim to take & to have free esperkeria at Herm of the fish caught by their men in the waters of the lord the King which belong to the lord the King &c. And be it known that the said Prior came at another time, the Abbot although summoned then being absent, & said that the said island of Herm is an island by itself & is not contained in the warrant of the Justices here & claimed therein allowance & judgment &c.

And William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King says that from time immemorial the said island of Herm was part &

Insule Et qđ quocienscūq; hōies de Erm se conqueri voluerunt de p'dcis Abbe e Priore de nanio iniuste capto vl iniusto Judo venient ad Baſtm hui⁹ Insule Et hic fit inde iusticia. Et Prior nō potest hoc dediſe.

Et Abbas e Prior modo veñ. Et Abbas dicit qđ p'cūs Prior nō est Prior ppetuus / licet Prior sic vocat̃ sed est immitandus p voluntate Abbis de Chireburgh qui p tempe fuit Et Prior hoc cogñ Et Abbas claſm om̃imoda pſicua pueniencia de p'dca Insula de Erm Wreccū maris libam Warennam catalla hoim̃ tē libam esperiam tē sicut in brī continet̃ fire p antiquam tenuram a tempe quo nō extat memoria p Cartam dñi H. Reg⁹ filii Impat'cis quam pfert sine data in hec verba. H. Rex Angl e Dux Normanñ e Aquit e Comes Andeg / H. Rothom Archiepo e Ep̃is Abbibz Comitibz / Justiciar / Baroñ / ministris e om̃ibz fidelibz suis Normanñ / saltm. Sciatis me dedisse e concessisse deo e Canonicis deo servituris in Insula que vocat̃ Erm totam Insulam illam cū om̃ibz ptiñ suis ad ponendū ibidem Conuentū vnū Canōicoz regulariū / et quicquid ego tñm in p'dca Insula cū piscacōe ad eandem Insulā ptinente / Quare volo e firmi⁹ p'cipio qđ Canōici qui ibidem mansuri sunt teneant in pace e quiete e libe e honorifice e integre Insulam p'dcam cū piscacōe e om̃ibz ptinenciis suis et cū om̃ibz libtatibz e libis consuetudinibz quas alie religiose domus de Normanñ hñent. T.T. Cancellario e Wiffo filio Hamon e ffote fit Wañ apđ saresbir. Et dicit qđ ipe e p'decessores sui a tempe p'dci doni semp continue vsi fñūt p'dcis libtatibz Et qđ ita est patus est vificare p sacrm xij tē si necēe fñūt Et quoad eschetam tē dicit qđ nō est aliquis libe tenens in p'dca Insula Nec hñent standardū tē eo qđ Insulani illi nō sūt m̃catores infra Insulam nec exētent m̃candisas nisi alibi e in alienis villis tē Et quo ad Curiam

parcel of this island. And that as often as the men of Herm wished to complain of the said Abbot & Prior concerning distress wrongly taken or unjust judgment they come to the bailiff of this island. And that here justice was done therein. And the Prior cannot gainsay this.

And the Abbot & Prior now come. And the Abbot says that the said Prior is not a perpetual Prior, although he is so called Prior, but is admitted at the will of the Abbot of Cherbourg for the time being. And the Prior acknowledged this. And the Abbot claims to have all manner of profits forthcoming from the said island of Herm, wreck of the sea, free warren, chattels of men &c. free eskeria &c. as is contained in the writ, by ancient tenure from time immemorial, by the charter of the lord H. the King son of the Empress which he brings without date in these words. H. King of England & Duke of Normandy & Aquitaine & Earl of Anjou to H. Archbishop of Rouen & to the Bishops, abbots, counts, justices, barons, ministers & to all his faithful people of Normandy greeting. Know ye that I have given & granted to God and to the canons serving God in the island which is called Herm all that island with all its appurtenances to put there a community of regular canons, and whatever I have in the said island with the fisheries to the said island belonging. Wherefore I will & firmly command that the canons who shall dwell there may hold peaceably & quietly & freely & honourably & wholly the said island with the fisheries & all the appurtenances & with all the liberties and free customs which the other religious houses of Normandy have. Witnesses the Chancellor & William son of Hamon & Fulk son of Warwick at Salisbury. And he says that he & his predecessors from the time of the said gift have always continuously enjoyed the said liberties. And that this is so he is ready to establish by the oath of 12 men &c. if it should be necessary. And as to the escheat &c. he says that there is not any free tenant in the said island. Neither have they a standard &c. because those islanders are not merchants within the island nor do they carry on their business except elsewhere & in foreign towns &c. And as to claiming & obtaining his court outside the court of the

suam petendam e optinendam ex^a Cuñ dñi Reg^o coram Bañio de Insula tñ dicit qđ ipe e omes p^rdecessores sui Abb^s de Chireburgh a tempe quo nō extat memoria semp consueſunt peſe Curiam suam p Priorem Senescallū vñ p^rpoitum suū de hoīb^z suis inquerelatis coram Bañio ad sectam alio^z de minorib^z ptis quo^z cognicō spectat ad Cuñ ipius Abbis e illam optine. Et hoc simitr patus est vñficare p sacrm xij tñ si necce fñit. Cogñ eciam qđ quociens Insulani de Gerneñ conqueri volñnt de aliquo homin^z suo^z de Erm coram Bañio de Gerneñ de debitis vñ contractib^z fcis in hac Insula Prior e Bañi ipius Abbis de Erm semp consueſunt façe venire coram Bañio de Gerneñ hui^o-modi hoies suos ad faciend e recipiend Justiciam.

Dñs Rex tñ p Willm des mareys qui sequit^r p eo petit vsus eund^m Abbem p^rdñam Insulam de Erm vt Jus tñ et vnde dicit qđ dñs H. Rex auus tñ fuit in seisina de p^rdñā Insula cū pññ vt de feodo e Jure Corone sue tempe pacis capiendo inde explecia ad valenē tñ Et qđ tale sit Jus ipius dñi Reg^o offert vñficare p dñō Rege tñ.

Et Abbas veñ e dicit qđ ipe clañ p^rdñam Insulam ab antiquo ex p^rdñā concessione p^rdñi dñi H. Reg^o p p^rdñam Cartam suam in forma qua supius est exp^rssum.

Et Willm des mareys dicit p dñō Rege qđ p^rdñs Abbas nō defendit Jus suū in forma competenti et petit Judm p dñō Rege. Dicit tñ qđ p^rdñs Abbas p Cartam dñi Reg^o quam pponit nec alio modo docet vel ostendit qđ p^rdñā Insula vnq^a data fuit p^rdecessorib^z suis Abbib^z de Chireburgh, sed tantū Canōicis deo seruitur in eadem Insula vñde petit Judm p dñō Rege p toto tñ. Dicit tñ qđ in p^rdñā Carta Reg^o continet^r qđ p^rdñs dñs H. Rex dedit p^rdñam Insulam Canōicis deo seruituris in eadem ad ponend ibi Conuentū vnū tñ. Et dicit qđ a magno tempe nō fñūt ibi nisi tantum duo Canōici qui

lord the King before the bailiff of the island &c. he says that he & all his predecessors Abbots of Cherbourg from time immemorial have always been wont to claim their court by their Prior, steward or provost of their men pleading before the bailiff at the suit of others concerning the minor pleas the cognizance whereof belongs to the court of the said Abbot, & to obtain it. And this likewise he is ready to establish by the oath of 12 men &c. if it should be necessary. He acknowledges also that as often as the islanders of Guernsey wished to complain of any of their men of Herm before the Bailiff of Guernsey as to the debts & contracts made in this island the Prior & Bailiffs of the said Abbot of Herm were always wont to cause such men to come before the bailiff of Guernsey to do & receive justice.

And the lord the King through William des Mareys who sues for him claims as against the said Abbot the said island of Herm as his right &c. & thereupon says that the lord H. the King the grandfather &c. was in seisin of the said island with the appurtenances as of fee & by right of his crown in the time of peace taking thereof rents to the value &c. And that the right of the King is such he offers to establish for the lord the King &c.

And the Abbot comes & says that he claims the said island from ancient time by the said grant of the said lord H. the King by his said charter in the form in which it is above expressed.

And William des Mareys says for the lord the King that the said Abbot does not defend his right in proper form & he claims judgment for the lord the King. And he says that the said Abbot neither by the charter of the lord the King which he propounds nor in any other manner proves or shows that the said island was ever given to his predecessors Abbots of Cherbourg, but only to the Canons serving God in the said island, whereupon he claims judgment for the lord the King for all &c. And he says that in the said charter of the King it is contained that the said lord H. the King gave the said island to the Canons serving God in the same to place there a community &c. And he says that for a long time there were only two Canons there who rarely celebrate & that there is no one

raro celebrāt nec est alius ibi diuina celebrans, et sic s̄tracta est ibi Cantaria p̄ qua data fuit Insula vnde p̄t Judm vt p̄us t̄c. Dicit t̄ qđ p̄d̄c̄us Abbas e quidam p̄decessor̄ suor̄ s̄b colore p̄d̄c̄e Carte, Licet Jus nō h̄erent app̄raſunt sibi aduocaçõem eccl̄ie Insule illius in cui⁹ poçh̄ tota Insula existit, et illam tenent in pp̄os vsus e simiſr approp̄raſūt sibi regalem Jur̄dicçõem Iudicii vite e membroz e forisf̄curas anni e vasti e alioz Jurm̄ Regaliū e Wrecci p̄cipiendi et t̄ constituendi Justiç suos pp̄is ad assisas suas tenendas sine scitu e voluntate dñi Reg⁹, de quibz manifeste liquet qđ nō licet p̄d̄c̄o Abb̄i sic vti vt h̄re max̄ie cum p̄d̄c̄us Abbas dediçẽ nō possit quin ipe e hoies sui de p̄d̄c̄a Insula sint Justiciab̄les dñō Regi coram Baſſio suo de hac Insula in forma sup̄d̄c̄a, vnde petit Judm p̄ dñō Rege. Dicit t̄ sicut p̄us dixerat vsus Abb̄em de Blancalanda qđ dñs J. Rex t̄c p̄ forisf̄curam Norman̄ fuit in seisina de p̄d̄c̄a Insula et Inde obiit in seisina. Et p̄d̄c̄us Abbas nō ostendit qualr p̄decessores sui postea intraſunt in Insulam vnde petit Judm t̄c.

Et Abbas nō potest hec dediçẽ nec aliud scit diçẽ p̄ se nisi qđ ipe e p̄decessores sui Abb̄es de Chireburgh sic vsi f̄ſunt a tempe quo nō extat memoria. Et hoc offert v̄ficare p̄ p̄riam. Et Abbas diç̄ se h̄re diem festinan̄ qđ Ep̄us suus visitabit domū suam petens licenciam recedendi. Et po. lo. suo Priorem de Erm in p̄d̄c̄o plito. Et in c̄stino p̄d̄c̄us Abbas sollempni⁹ vocat⁹ nō veñ ante m̄ridiem nec eius attornat⁹. Et cū Justiç adiudicassent defalt̄ Abb̄is tūc demū veñ p̄d̄c̄s Prior offerens se tanq̄ attorn̄ Abb̄is t̄c Tū post horam nonam ip̄is Justiç adhuc sedentibz in Banco ad plita t̄c. Et h̄itis multis alf̄caçõibz sup̄ defalt̄ Et Prior Jurans se citius nō posse batellū adipisci ad veniend̄ coram Justiç qz batellarii f̄ſūt ad

else there celebrating divine service, and so the chantrey there was withdrawn, for which the said island was given, whereupon he claims judgment as before &c. And he says that the said Abbot & certain of his predecessors under colour of the said charter, although they had no right, appropriated to themselves the advowson of the Church of that island, in whose parish all the island is, & hold it to their uses, & they likewise appropriated to themselves the royal jurisdiction of the judgment of life & limb & of taking forfeitures of year & of waste & of other royal rights & of wreck & of constituting their own justices to hold their assizes without the knowledge & will of the lord the King, by which it manifestly appears that it is not lawful for the said Abbot so to enjoy or have, especially as the said Abbot cannot gainsay that he & his men of the said island are under jurisdiction of the lord the King before his Bailiff of this island in the form aforesaid, whereupon he claims judgment for the lord the King. And he says, as he said before, against the Abbot of Blanchelande that the lord King J. by the forfeiture of the Normans was in seisin of the said island & died in seisin thereof. And the said Abbot does not show in what way his predecessors afterwards entered into possession of that island, wherefore he claims judgment &c.

And the Abbot cannot gainsay this & has nothing else to say for himself except that he & his predecessors Abbots of Cherbourg were wont so to enjoy from time immemorial. And this he offers to establish by the verdict of the country. And the Abbot asks that he may have a day speedily inasmuch as his Bishop is about to visit his house, praying for leave to withdraw. And he puts in his place the Prior of Herm in the said plea. And on the morrow the said Abbot being solemnly called did not come before noon, nor his attorney. And when the justices had adjudged the default of the Abbot, then at length came the said Prior offering himself as the attorney of the Abbot &c. Then after the hour of nine the said Justices still sitting on the Bench for the pleas &c., & having many altercations upon the defaults. And the Prior swearing that he could not obtain a boat sooner to come before the justices because the boats were out fishing

Seq^r Rex de
nouo qz Abbas
oñ.

piscañd tē. Tandem posuit se in grām dñi Reg^o de xx. ti. p p'dcā defalta et admittunt^r si rex acceptet / pp̄m Prioris sc̄i Elerii Et de assensu ip̄ius Abbis qui postea veñ in pp̄a psona datus est ei dies de audiendo Judo suo coram dño Rege a die sc̄i mich̄is in vnū mensem vbicumq; tunc fūit in Angl̄. Et Abbas amouit p'dc̄m Priorem quem p'us tē. Et po. lo. suo fr̄em Nich̄m Leuesk Concanōicum suū vt Petrū fīlm Petri Dartys Et sciend qđ Ju^r testant^r qđ ip̄i nō recolunt nec a p̄genitorib; suis audierunt qđ alius teneret Insulam de Erm q^am Abbas de Chireburgh. Postea, ad diem illū apud Westm̄ veñ p'dc̄us Abbas p attorñ suū e ctis de causis dat^o est eis dies de Judo suo aud coram dño Rege a die Pasch̄ in vnū men̄s vbicumq; tūc fūit in Angl̄. Ad quem diem p'dc̄us Abbas p attorñ suū veñ e datus est ei dies vsq; a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicūq; fūit in Angl̄ tē. Ad quē diē p'dc̄s Abbas nō venit Ideo pcedat^r ad iudm̄ p ei^o defaltam sed ctis de causis ponit^r in resp^m vsq; a die Pasch̄ in xv. dies vbicūq; tē. Et deinde vt p'us resp^tuat^r iudm̄ vsq; a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicūq; tē.—Et deinde in c^ostino aīaz vbicūq; tē. Et deinde a die pasch̄ in vnū men̄s vbicūq; tē. Ad quē diē testatū est p fidedignos qđ p'dc̄us Abbas mortuus est p quod mand est Odoni de Grandisono vel ei^o locū tenenti qđ inde ctificet. Et in crastio aīaz vbicūq; tē Ad q̄ diē tenēs locū tē mand [hic] p lras ball [signatas ?] patentes⁽¹⁾ consutas q̄ testant^r qđ p'dc̄us Abbas mortuus est.

(1) The interlineations here are not decipherable. MS. slightly torn.

The King
sues anew
because the
Abbot died.

&c. Finally he put himself in the grace of the lord the King for 20 livres for the said defaults & they are admitted if the King accepts, by the pledge of the Prior of St. Helier. And with the assent of the said Abbot, who afterwards came personally, a day is given to him to hear his judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England. And the Abbot removed the said Prior whom before &c. And put in his place Brother Nicholas Levesque his fellow-canon or Peter son of Peter Dartys. And be it known that the jurors testify that they do not recollect nor have they heard from their progenitors that any other than the Abbot of Cherbourg held the island of Herm. Afterwards on that day at Westminster came the said Abbot by his attorney & for certain causes a day is given to them [*sic*] to hear judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said Abbot by his attorney came and a day is given to him in one month to the day of Easter wheresoever he shall be in England &c. On which day the said Abbot did not come. Therefore they proceeded to judgment by his default, but for certain causes it is put in respite until 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence as before judgment is respited until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence in the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. And thence in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. On which day it is witnessed by trustworthy men that the said Abbot is dead, whereupon it is commanded to Otto de Grandison or his lieutenant that he shall certify this. And in the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. On which day the lieutenant &c. directed [here] by his own letters patent to his bailiff sealed with his seal sewn to this roll which testify that the aforesaid Abbot was dead.

(M. 3.) **Adhuc de plitis coram p̄fatis Iusticiar̄ p̄fatis
die 1 anno.**

ffresingfeld.

Gerneř

Nichus de Cheny e maḡr Phūs frat̄ eius suū f̄funt ad respond
dn̄o Regi de plito quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dn̄i Reḡo e
p̄genitoꝝ suoꝝ Regum Angl̄ clamant h̄re quartam p̄tm Wrecci maris
accidentis in dn̄icis f̄ris e aquis dn̄i Reḡo iux^a Castrum Reḡo e alibi
in f̄ris ip̄ius dn̄i Reḡo e aquis suis e terris tenenciū suoꝝ p̄ totam
costeram Insule de Gerneř que nō sunt de feodo v̄l dn̄io ip̄oꝝ Nichi e
Phi et illud in pp̄os vsus suos conūte. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamant
pcipe e h̄re quartam p̄tem omiū regaliū pisciū p̄ quoscumq̄ mari-
nellos captoꝝ in aquis dn̄i Reḡo vbicumq̄ applicanciū in p̄d̄ca Insula
que spectant ad Coronam e dignitatem dn̄i Reḡo. Et t̄ ostensuř quo
Wař clamant fugare p̄ totam t̄ram dn̄i Reḡo de p̄d̄ca In̄s et Cuniclos
dn̄i Reḡo cape p̄ voluntate sua sine licencia ip̄ius dn̄i Reḡo e minis-
troꝝ suoꝝ potestatem h̄nciū licenciam hui⁹modi concedendi. Et t̄ quo
Waranto clamant p̄ quemcumq̄ hoiēm volūnt Curiam suam p̄fe e
h̄re de singlis hoībz suis ex^a Cuř dn̄i Regis t̄c.

Et Nichus e Phūs veñ. Et quo ad Wreccum t̄c dicunt qđ p̄d̄cūs
Nichus tenet solus tenementa ad quē Wreccū illud p̄tinet. Et Ni-
chus dicit qđ teñ que ip̄e modo tenet quond̄ f̄fūt cui⁹d Robti Comitis
Moritoñ qui teñ illa dedit cuidam Baldewyno de Veer qui inde obiit
seisitus. Et postea Wifus pater ip̄ius Nichi cui⁹ heres ip̄e est teñ
illa cum p̄tiñ p̄quisiuit de h̄ede p̄d̄ci Baldewyni. Et dicit qđ tam
p̄d̄ci Comes e Baldewyn⁹ et om̄es alii qui teñ illa tenſunt a tempe
quo nō extat memoria, q̄m p̄d̄cūs pat̄ suus e ip̄e semp vsi f̄funt
pcipe e h̄re hui⁹modi Wreccū et hoc offert v̄ficare p̄ pat̄am. —

(M. 3.) **Continuation of the pleas before the said Justices the said
day & year.**

Fresingfeld.

Guernsey.

Nicholas de Cheny & Master Philip his brother were summoned to answer to the lord the King concerning the plea by what warrant without the licence & will of the lord the King & of his progenitors Kings of England they claim to have the fourth part of the wreck of the sea occurring in the demesne lands & waters of the lord the King next the castle of the King & elsewhere in the lands & waters of the said lord the King & in the lands of his tenants throughout the whole coast of the island of Guernsey which are not of the fee or demesne of the said Nicholas & Philip & to convert it to their own uses. And also by what warrant they claim to take and have the fourth part of all the royal fish taken by whatsoever mariners being found in the waters of the lord the King wheresoever in the said island, which belong to the crown and dignity of the lord the King. And also to show by what warrant they claim to chase throughout all the land of the lord the King of the said island & to take the conies of the lord the King at their will without the licence of the lord the King & his officers having power to grant such licence. And also by what warrant they demand, by whatsoever man they will, to claim and have their court of all their men outside the court of the lord the King &c.

And Nicholas & Philip come. And as to the wreck &c. they say that the said Nicholas alone holds the tenements to which that wreck belongs. And Nicholas says that the tenements which he now holds belonged formerly to a certain Robert Earl of Mortain who gave those tenements to a certain Baldwyn de Vere who died seised thereof. And afterwards William father of the said Nicholas, whose heir he is, purchased those tenements with the appurtenances from the heir of the said Baldwyn. And he says that as well the said Count & Baldwyn & all others who held those tenements from time immemorial, as his said father & himself, have always used to take & have such wreck, & this he offers to establish by the verdict of

Et quo ad regales pisces disclām tē dum cū balena e porpiscus nō comprehendant^r sē hoc noīe. — Et quo ad fugam Cunictōz tē dicunt qđ īpī et omēs alii tenentes teñ que īpī modo tenent a tempe quo nō extat memoria semp vsi fūunt fugare Cunictos cum cane e bacto sine alio ingenio. Et qđ ita est pati sunt vificare p pīam et sic clamant īpī fugare e non ali^p. — Et quo ad Cuī suam tē dicunt qđ quando aliquis tenenciū suoꝝ implitatus est in Cuī dñi Reg^o coram Ballo tē de catañ e aliis minutis pītis, de quibz īpī cognosce possunt in Cuī suis īpī claīn inde pefe Curiam suam p Senescallū aut p pōitum suū e illam optifse. Et sic vsi fūunt omēs alii tenentes teñ que īpī modo tenent a tempe quo nō extat memoria. Et hoc offerunt simitr vificare p pat^ram.

Et Wiffus des mareys qui sequit^r p dñō Rege dicit qđ feoffator pđci Wiffi pīs tē nunq^a fuit in seisina pēpiendi Wreccū in tra Reg^o, sicut pđcūs Nichūs illud modo claīn, et hoc offert vificare p patriam p dñō Rege. Et de aliis tē, petit simitr qđ inquirat^r p dñō Rege. Et Nichūs e Pūs simitr Ido fiat inde Juī. Et quicquid accadat de Juī pđcūs Wiffus petit Judīn p dñō Rege, ex quo īpī nō ostendunt qđ aliquis Regum hec eis concesserit. Juī dicunt sup sacriñ suū qđ pđci Comes e Baldewynus vīq^h eoꝝ p tempe suo pēipe solebant Wreccū in dñicis trīs suis, et simitr pđcūs Wiffus tē. Et postmodū dū mater pđci Nichi tenuit teñ que pđcūs Nichūs modo tenet, fca fuit plocucō iul^r Batlm dñi Reg^o de hac Insula e Batlios Abbis de monte scī Michis e pđcē matris tē sē hac forma qđ ad sedandū omēs contrōsias cui^omodi p^lus habite fūūt in^r eos, de tūinis e bundis traꝝ suaz vbi Wreccū acciderat pđcūs Abbas solus pēipet Wreccum maris accidens in dñicis trīs suis de Wale e Lyho p eo videt^r qđ īpē Abbas multo plus tēre fuit in costera maris vbi Wreccum accidit q^am aliquis

the country. And as to the royal fish he disclaims &c. provided however that whale & porpoise are not comprehended under that name. And as to the chase of conies &c. they say that they & all others holding the tenements which they now hold from time immemorial were always used to chase conies with a dog & staff without other engine. And that it is so they are ready to establish by the verdict of the country & so they claim to chase & not otherwise. And as to their court &c. they say that when any of their tenants is impleaded in the court of the lord the King before the Bailiff for chattels & other small pleas, of which they can have cognizance in their courts, they claim their court by their steward or provost & to obtain it. And so used all others holding the tenements which they now hold from time immemorial. And this they offer likewise to establish by the verdict of the country.

And William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King says that the grantor of the said William the father &c. was never in seisin of taking the wreck in the land of the King, as the said Nicholas now claims, & this he offers to establish by the verdict of the country for the lord the King. And as to the other things &c. he prays likewise that it may be enquired into for the lord the King. And Nicholas & Philip likewise. Therefore let a jury be formed. And whatever may result from the jury the said William claims judgment for the lord the King inasmuch as they do not show that any of the Kings granted these things to them. The jury say upon their oath that the said Earl & Baldwyn each of them in his time were wont to take wreck in their demesne lands, & likewise the said William &c. And afterwards while the mother of the said Nicholas held the tenements, which the said Nicholas now holds, an overture was made between the Bailiff of this island of the lord the King & the Bailiffs of the Abbot of Mount St. Michael & of the said mother &c. under this form, that to allay all controversies whatsoever which before were had between them concerning the terms & boundaries of their lands where wreck should happen, the said Abbot alone should take wreck of the sea happening in his demesne lands of the Vale & Lyhou, because the said Abbot had much more land on the coast of

alius et de toto Wrecco residuo accidente p totam Insulam p̄tq̄m in
dn̄icis fr̄is math̄i de Sauzmareys qui solus ibi h̄et Wreccum fierit
equa p̄ticio Ita qđ medietas integre remanebit dn̄o Regi, et alia me-
dietas equaliter p̄tiret̄ in̄ p̄d̄cm Abbem ex vna pte e tenentes fr̄as
p̄d̄ci Comit̄is quas p̄dc̄us Nich̄us modo tenet ex al̄ia, saluis semp dn̄o
Regi p̄ncipalibz rebus antiquitus exceptis, vt aurū nō opatū, serica
nō opata, scarletta integra, mantellū sine attachia, aues regales e
hui⁹modi t̄c. Et sunt triginta anni elapsi e amplius qđ plocuō illa
vltimo f̄cā fuit t̄c. Et dicunt qđ semp postea vsi sunt p̄tiri Wreccū
in forma p̄d̄cā sed nesciunt si dn̄s ad hoc p̄buit assensum nec ne. Et
de aliis p̄dc̄is lib̄tatibz t̄c. dicunt qđ om̄es dn̄i qui ten̄unt teñ que
īp̄i modo tenent a tempe quo nō extat memoria semp vsi f̄iunt gau-
dere lib̄tatibz illis, in forma qua īp̄i modo clām, hoc excepto qđ nulli
licet fugare Cuniclos, nisi tempe assueto, sciit a men̄s Septemb̄r vsq̄
ad mensem f̄iebr. Et tunc dn̄s Rex e ministri sui fugabunt p volun-
tate sua. Et postea q̄m pfugaſint p̄d̄ci Abbas e Nich̄s cū cane e
bacto sine ingenio t̄c. Et P̄hus e quidam alii lib̄e tenentes postea
similr t̄c. Et qz largius clamaſunt t̄c Ido īp̄i in m̄ia. Et de Wrecco
e aliis t̄c. de assensu eozđ dat̄ est eis dies de audiendo Juđo suo
coram dn̄o Rege a die sc̄i Mich̄is in vnū mensem vbicumq̄, tunc f̄iit
in Angl. Et p̄dc̄us P̄hus po. lo. suo p̄d̄cm Nich̄m vt Hen̄r de Trente.
Postea ad diem illū apud Westm̄ veñ p̄d̄ci Nich̄us e P̄hus. Et et̄is
de causis dat̄ est eis dies de Juđo suo aud̄ coram dn̄o Rege a die
Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicūq̄, tūc f̄iit in Angl. Et Nich̄us e P̄hus
po. lo. suo Hen̄r de Trente P̄hm de Cheny vt Simonē de Esse tam in
p̄d̄cā loquela q̄m in om̄ibz aliis īpos tangentibz de eod̄ Itif̄e. Ad
quem diem p̄d̄ci Nich̄s e P̄hs p̄ attorū suū veñ, e dat̄ est eis dies
corā dno Rē a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicūq̄, tūc f̄iit in Angl.

the sea where wreck happens than any one else, & that of the residue of the whole wreck happening throughout the whole island, except in the demesne lands of Matthew de Sauzmareys, who alone there has wreck, an equal partition should be made. So that the moiety should wholly remain to the lord the King, & the other moiety should be equally divided between the said Abbot of the one part, & those holding the lands of the said Count, which the said Nicholas now holds, of the other part, saving always to the lord the King the principal things of old excepted, such as gold not worked, silk not worked, scarlet whole, cloaks without fastening, royal birds & such like &c. And 30 years & more have elapsed since that overture was last made &c. And they say that always afterwards they used to divide the wreck in the form aforesaid, but they do not know if the lord gave his assent to this or not. And as to the other liberties aforesaid &c. they say that all the lords who held the tenements which they now hold from time immemorial have always used to enjoy those franchises, in the form in which they now claim with this exception that it was not lawful for any one to chase conies, except in the customary season, viz. from the month of September up to the month of February. And then the lord the King & his officers chased at their will. And afterwards the said Abbot & Nicholas shall chase with dog & staff without engine, &c. And Philip & certain other free tenants afterwards likewise &c. And because they claimed more, &c. therefore they are amerced. And concerning the wreck & other things &c. with their assent a day is given to them to hear judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England. And the said Philip puts in his place the said Nicholas or Henry de Trente. Afterwards at that day at Westminster came the said Nicholas and Philip. And for certain reasons a day is given to them to hear judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. And Nicholas & Philip put in their place Henry de Trente, Philip de Cheny or Simon de Esse as well in the said plea as in all other things concerning them of the said eyre. At which day the said Nicholas & Philip by their attorney come, & a day is given to them before the lord the King in

veñ : Ad quē diem p̄d̄ci Nichs e P̄hs veñ e c̄tis de causis datus est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in xv. dies vbicumq; t̄c. Ad q̄ diem p̄d̄ci Nichs e p̄hs veñ e c̄tis de c̄is datus est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicūq; t̄c. Et deinde dat⁹ est eis dies in c̄stino Annuaꝝ vbicūq; t̄c.—

veñ
in c̄s. aiaꝝ Et deinde dat⁹ est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicūq; t̄c. In Crastino aiaꝝ vbicūq; t̄c. Ad q̄ diē p̄d̄ci Nichs e p̄hs veñ e datus est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū men̄s vbicūq; t̄c. Ad q̄ diē p̄d̄ci Nichs

v. sep̄t pas. e p̄hs veñ e datus est eis dies a die Pasche in tres sep̄t vbicūq; t̄c. Ad quem diem p̄d̄ci Nichs e p̄hs veñ e datus est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in xv dies vbicūq; t̄c. Ad quē diē p̄d̄ci Nichs e P̄hs veniunt e dat⁹ est eis dies de audiend̄ Judicio suo a die Pasch̄ in q̄nq; septias p̄x futuꝝ in vnū annū vbicūq; t̄c

Seq^r Rex
de nouo.

Oliuerus le moigne e p̄ticipes sui, e Thomas de Estfeld e Alicia vxor eius allocuti de eo qđ cum dñs E nup Rex Angl̄ pał dñi Reg⁹ nunc in Cuꝝ sua coram maḡro Rob̄to de Leisset e sociis suis Justiĉ assignat̄is ad Itifandū hic t̄c recupasset seisinam suam vsus Rob̄tm le marchaunt e Ceciliam v̄xem eius modo defunctos e p̄d̄cos Oliuū, Thomam e Aliciam de om̄ibz tenementis que fuerunt maḡri Guiffi de scō Remigio qui teñ illa tenuit de p̄d̄co dño Rege p̄ homaꝝ e fidelitatem e sectam ad tres magnas Cuꝝ dñi Reg⁹ sine sumoñ t̄c et qui fecit feloniam p̄ qua Insulas dñi Reg⁹ abiũ / p̄ quod teñ illa f̄fũt escheta dñi Reg⁹ / p̄d̄ci Oliuſus, Thomas e Alicia adhuc teñ illa dño Regi iniuste detinent occupata t̄c.

Et Oliuſus e alii veñ, Et dicunt qđ post assisas illas ip̄i secuti f̄fũt coram dño Rege qui nup obiit e eiu⁹ consilio conquerentes de p̄cessu illo, et hoc offerunt v̄ficare p̄ record̄ Rottoꝝ p̄d̄ci dñi Reg⁹ de p̄d̄co tempe. Et Ido de assensu eozđ datus est eis dies coram dño

one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said Nicholas & Philip come & for certain reasons a day is given to them in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Nicholas & Philip come & for certain reasons a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence a day is given to them in the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. And thence a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. At which day the said Nicholas & Philip come & a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Nicholas & Philip come & a day is given to them in three weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Nicholas & Philip come & a day is given to them in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Nicholas & Philip come & a day is given to them to hear judgment in five weeks next to come from the day of Easter in one year wheresoever &c.

Came.

Came.

In the Morrow
of All Souls.

5 weeks
to Easter.

The King
sues anew.

Oliver le Moigne & his parceners & Thomas de Estfeld & Alice his wife questioned as to this that whereas the lord E. late King of England father of the lord the King that now is in his court before Master Robert de Leisset & his fellow-justices assigned for the eyre here &c. recovered his seisin against Robert le Marchaunt & Cecilia his wife now deceased, & the said Oliver, Thomas & Alice, of all the tenements which were of Master William de St. Remy who held those tenements of the said lord the King by homage & fealty & suit at the three great courts of the lord the King without summons &c., & who committed a felony for which he abjured the islands of the lord the King whereby those tenements were the escheats of the lord the King—the said Oliver, Thomas & Alice still unjustly detain from the lord the King those tenements occupied &c.

And Oliver & the others come & say that after those assizes they were sued before the lord the King who lately died & his council, complaining of that process, & this they offer to establish by the records of the rolls of the said lord the King of the time afore-said. And therefore with their assent a day is given to them before

Rege a die sc̃i Michis in vnū meñs vbicumq; tūc f̃fuit in Angl̃. Et infim querant̃ Rotli. Et qz timebat̃ qđ causa refusionis p̃cessus f̃iti, coram pd̃co magrō Rob̃to posset esse p̃ eo qđ certa q̃ntitas teñ nōiata nō extitit. Idō de nouo fc̃us est vsus eos p̃cessus p̃ dno Rege p̃ formam pl̃iti de escheta ⁊ modo quo sequit̃.

Respice in tergo de eod̃.

(M. 3. d.) **Adhuc de pl̃itis coram p̃fatis Iusticiar̃ p̃fatis
die 1 anno.**

ffresingfeld.

Gerneř

Dñs Rex p̃ Guifm̃ des mareys qui sequit̃ p̃ eo ⁊ petit vsus Oliuū le moigne, Joñem e Radm̃ fr̃es eius medietatem duodecim mesuagior̃ quatuor curtilagior̃, duas bouatas e Centū e quātinginti e tresdecim virgatas t̃re e dī, decem e octo libratas e sexdecim solid̃ redd̃s, et reddit⁹ sexaginta e q̃tuor quartior̃ e vnus buss̃ fr̃i, duodecim panū, sexdecim capoñ e viginti gallinas cū p̃tiñ in pochiis sc̃i Petri in portu, sc̃e Marie de Castro, sc̃i Saluatoris, sc̃i And̃r, sc̃i Martini de Bellosa, sc̃i Samp̃s, sc̃i Pet̃ de Bosco, de Wale, Tortenal, e floresta. Et vsus Thomam de Estfeld e Aliciam ṽxem eius medietatem duodecim mesuagior̃ quatuor curtilagior̃, duas bouatas e Centū e quātinginti e tresdecim virgatas t̃re e dī, decem e octo libratas e sexdecim solidatas redd̃s, et redditus sexaginta e quatuor quartior̃ e vnus buss̃ fr̃i, duodecim panū, sexdecim caponū e viginti gall̃a cum p̃tiñ in eisđ pochi vt Jus e eschetam suam p̃ eo ⁊ quod Wilfs de sc̃o Remigio qui pd̃ca meš, curtilagia, fram e redd̃s de dño Edwardo quondam Rege Angl̃ patre dñi Reg⁹ nūc tenuit feloniam fec̃ p̃ qua Insulas dñi Reg⁹ abiurauit. Et vnde Idem Guifm̃ dicit p̃ dño Rege qđ pd̃cus Wilfs de sc̃o Remigio tenuit pd̃ca teñ de dño Rege patre t̃c p̃ fidelitatem e S̃uiciū secte ad magnam Cuř dñi Reg⁹ in Gerneř ter p̃ ann sine sumoniçoe t̃c.

the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael where-soever he shall then be in England. And in the meantime let the rolls be searched. And because it was feared that the cause of the reversion of the process had before the said Master Robert might be because a certain number of the tenements named do not exist, therefore process is made anew against them for the lord the King by the form of the plea of escheat in the manner which follows

[Continued on the back of the same.]

(M. 3. d.) **Continuation of the pleas before the said Justices the said day & year.**

Fresingfeld.

Guernsey.

The lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him claims against Oliver le Moigne, John & Ralph his brothers the moiety of 12 messuages, 4 curtilages, 2 bovates⁽¹⁾ & 193½ virgates⁽²⁾ of land and domain, 18 librates⁽³⁾ & 16 sols rent, & the rent of 64 quarters & 1 bushell of wheat, 12 loaves, 16 capons & 20 hens with the appurtenances in the parishes of St. Peter-port, St. Mary de Câtél, St. Saviour, St. Andrew, St. Martin de Bellouse, St. Sampson, St. Peter in the Wood, the Vale, Torteval & the Forest. And against Thomas de Estfeld & Alice, his wife, the moiety of 12 messuages, 4 curtilages, 2 bovates & 193½ virgates of land and domain, 18 librates & 16 sols rent, & the rent of 64 quarters & 1 bushell of wheat, 12 loaves, 16 capons & 20 hens with the appurtenances in the said parishes as his right & escheat inasmuch as William de St. Remy, who held the said messuages, curtilages, land & rents of the lord Edward sometime King of England father of the lord the King that now is, committed a felony for which he abjured the islands of the lord the King. And there-upon the said William says for the lord the King that the said William de St. Remy held the said tenements of the lord the King the father &c. by fealty & the service of suit at the great court of the lord the King in Guernsey three times a year without Summons &c.

(1) Bouvées. (2) Vergées.

(3) Livrée de terre: as much land as would bring in an annual revenue of one pound.

Et Oliſus e alii veñ e dicunt qđ postq^m pđcūs Wiſſus abiuraſſat tē, pđcūs dñs Rex paſ tē pdonauit pđcō Wiſſo, tam feloniam quam feč, q^m abiuračōem Insulaſ, quam fečat p eadem et ptea de grā ſua ſpeciali reconceſſit ei omīa teñ ſua que ea occ^one capta fſūt in mañ dñi Reg^o. Et dicunt qđ pđcūs Wiſſus inde ptulit brē dñi Reg^o Custodi Insulaſ qui p brē illud teñ ſua ſibi reliſauit vnde dicunt qđ pđcūs Wiſſus ſic obiit ſeiſitus de pđcis teñ vt de feodo, et poſt eius mortem intraſunt ipſi in pđcis teñ vt hedes, tē, et offerunt viſicare p patriam qđ pđcūs Wiſſus ſic obiit ſeiſitus de pđcis teñ vt de feodo. Et ſimilr offunt viſicare p recordū Rottoſ dñi Reg^o de Cancellaria e plia-mento qđ pđcūs dñs Rex conceſſit pđcō Wiſſo teñ ſua in forma pđcā. Et ſciend qđ Juſr teſtant^r qđ pđcūs Wiſſus obiit in ſeiſina de pđcis teñ in forma pđcā. Et qđ pđcā Alicia ſoror eius fuit, e Oliſus e alii fſūt filii alius ſororis eius, et ſunt hedes ei^o ppinquioreſ tē. Et cum Juſticiaſ die Jouis poſt feſtum Apłoſ Petⁱ e Pauli adiornaſſe voluiſſent pđcōs Oliſum e alioſ, pđci Thomas e Alicia veſunt, ſed pđci Oliſus e alii nō veñ, quosq, defalt^r eoſ adiudicata fuit, e tūc circi^l meridiem veſunt petenteſ grām de defal^r tē dicenteſ qđ ſcdm conſuetudinem pat^e nō debent puniri, ex quo veſunt dū Juſtič ſede- runt in Banco. Poſtea optulerunt dñō Regi decem libr p ſic qđ poſſint phitare in p^rncipali tē. Et eis concedit^r ſi dñs Rex acceptet tē, ppłm ſingtoſ ipōſ p omibz tē. Et dat^o eſt eis dieſ coram dñō Rege a die ſcī Michiſ in vnū menſ vbicumq, tunc fſit in Angł de vtroſ phito tē. Et Alicia po. lo. ſuo pđcōs Thomam vt Oliſum. Et pđcūs Thomas po. lo. ſuo ſuo pđcēm Oliſū. Et pđcūs Oliſus po. lo. ſuo pđcēm Tho- mam. Et pđci Joñneſ e Rađuſ po. lo. ſuo pđcēm Oliſum. Poſtea ad diem illū apud Weſtm veñ pđci Oliſuſ e alii. Et etis de cauſis dat^o eſt eis dieſ de Juđo ſuo aud coram dñō Rege a die Paſcł in vnū

And Oliver & the others come & say that after the said William had abjured &c., the said lord the King the father &c. pardoned the said William as well for the felony which he committed as for his abjuration of the said islands which he made for the same, and moreover of his special grace regranted him all his tenements which on this occasion were taken into the hands of the lord the King. And they say that the said William brought a writ of the lord the King to the warden of the islands, who by that writ redelivered to him his tenements, whereupon they say that the said William so died seised of the said tenements as of fee, & after his death they entered into the said tenements as heirs, &c., & they offer to establish by verdict of the country that the said William died so seised of the said tenements as of fee. And likewise they offer to establish by the record of the rolls of the lord the King of his Chancery & Parliament that the said lord the King granted to the said William his tenements in the form aforesaid. And be it known that the jurors testify that the said William died in seisin of the said tenements in the form aforesaid. And that the said Alice was his sister, & Oliver & the others were the sons of his other sister & are his next heirs &c. And when the justices on Thursday after the feast of the Apostles Peter & Paul wished to adjourn the said Oliver & the others, the said Thomas & Alice came, but the said Oliver & the others did not come until their default was adjudged, & then about noon they came praying grace for their default &c. saying that according to the custom of the country they ought not to be punished because they came while the justices were sitting on the bench. Afterwards they brought to the King 10 livres so that they may plead on the main issue &c. And it is granted to them if the lord the King accepts &c. by the pledge of each of them for all &c. And a day is given to them before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England for each plea &c. And Alice puts in her place the said Thomas or Oliver. And the said Thomas puts in his place the said Oliver. And the said Oliver puts in his place the said Thomas. And the said John & Ralph put in their place the said Oliver. Afterwards on that day at Westminster came the said Oliver & others. And for certain causes a day is given to them to hear

judgment before the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. And Oliver puts in his place the said Thomas. And the said Alice wife of the said Thomas puts in her place the said Thomas in the said plea &c. At which day came the parties by their attorneys, & a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Oliver & the others came, & for certain causes a day is given to them in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Oliver & others came & for certain causes a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Oliver & the others came, & for certain causes a day is given to them in the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. And thence a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. At which day the said Oliver, John & Ralph came & a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. for certain causes as above &c. At which day the said Oliver, John & Ralph came & a day is given to them in three weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. for certain causes &c. At which day the said Oliver, John & Ralph, Thomas & Alice came & a day is given to them in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. for certain causes &c. At which day the said Oliver, John, Ralph, Thomas & Alice came. And a day is given to them in five weeks from the day of Easter next to come in one year wheresoever &c.

Came.

Came.

Came.

5 weeks
from Easter.

The King
sues anew.

Matthew de la Court, Bailiff of this island, & who says that he is lieutenant of Otto de Grandison here in this island in the place of his said lord, complains of Robert de Haddy late receiver of the said Otto & Thomas de Estfeld, for this that whereas the said Thomas lately killed a certain faithful man of the lord the King & fled to the sanctuary of the Church & putting himself in the Church acknowledged the deed & abjured the islands whereby the lands & chattels which then belonged to the said Thomas were forfeited to the said Otto by reason of the grant lately made to the said Otto by the lord E. formerly King, &c. father of the King that now is, of the islands here for the term of the life of the said Otto with all manner of profits, escheats & revenues arising therefrom which would come to the lord

manu sua tenebat p̄dcs q, Otto dñs suus p ministros suos lras e catalla illa seisiri fecisset in manū suam occōne p̄dca p̄dci Rohtus e Thomas p̄dca lras e catalla occuparunt e elongaūunt a seisina ip̄ius Otonis sine scitu e voluntate ip̄ius Otonis e absq, causa rōnabili Et hoc offert v̄ficare p dño suo sicut Cuī cons e petit remediū p dño suo tē.

Et Rohtus e Thomas veñ, Et Rohtus dicit p se qđ tempe delibacōis p̄dcoz lre e catañ tē fuit ip̄e Receptor tē e executor b̄rim dñi Reg^o director p̄dco Otoni v̄t eius locum tenenti tē Et p̄dcs Thomas detulit ei brē dñi Reg^o in hec v̄ba. — Edwardus dei grā Rex Angl Dñs Hibn e Dux Aquit / ditco e fideli suo Ottoni de Grandisono Custodi Insulaꝝ de Gerneseye e Gereseye v̄t eius locum tenenti salm. Cum p lit̄as n̄ras patentes p̄donatim^o Thome de Estfeld sectam pacis n̄re que ad nos ptinet p morte Rohti du Celer et eciam abiuraçōem Insulaꝝ p̄dcaꝝ e cel̄aꝝ Insulaꝝ adiacentiū quam fecit p morte p̄dca put in d̄cis lris n̄ris eidem Thome inde confectis plenius continet / volentes eidem Thome grām facē v̄biorem, voſ mandamus qđ om̄es lras e tē que s̄sunt ip̄ius Thome in Insulis p̄d̄cis die abiuraçōis p̄dce e que de nob̄ tenent ac t̄ om̄ia bona e catalla sua occōne mortis e abiuraçōis p̄dcaꝝ in manū n̄ram capta si lre ille e tē tanq^m escheta n̄ra, ac bona e catalla p̄dca occōne p̄dca tanq^m forisfca ad nos debeant ptinere eidem Thome lib̄ari faciatis de grā n̄ra sup^adca. Saluis voſ p̄fate Otto iuribz ad vos spectantibz in hac pte. T. me ip̄o apud Lyncoñ scđo die Januaī. Anno r̄. n̄. Tricesimo l̄cio. Et dicit qđ ip̄e detulit brē illud in plenam Cuī hic coram Petro le marchaunt tunc Ballo e Juī Reg^o qui se dicunt Iudices ad om̄ia tē Et ip̄i adiudicaſunt p brē illud lras e catalla illa p̄dco Thome quiete fore delibanda. Et hoc in p̄sencia eoꝝd offert v̄ficare sicut Cuī cons. Sed n̄ts eoꝝ in aliquo sibi cont^a-dicit. Et Thomas dicit qđ nō debet p̄dco

the King if he held the islands in his hands & the said Otto his lord by his officers caused those lands & tenements to be seised into his hands for the reason aforesaid—the said Robert & Thomas occupied the said lands & chattels & removed them from the seisin of the said Otto without the knowledge & will of the said Otto & without reasonable cause. And this he offers to establish for his lord as the court shall determine & he claims a remedy for his lord &c.

And Robert & Thomas come. And Robert says for himself that at the time of the delivery of the said lands & chattels &c. he was Receiver &c. & executor of the writs of the lord the King directed to the said Otto or his lieutenant &c. And the said Thomas brought to him the writ of the lord the King in these words—Edward by the grace of God King of England, Lord of Ireland & Duke of Aquitaine to his beloved & faithful Otto de Grandison warden of the islands of Guernsey & Jersey or to his lieutenant greeting: Whereas by our letters patent we have granted to Thomas de Estfeld the suit of our peace which belongs to us by the death of Robert de Celer and also the abjuration of the said islands & of the other islands adjoining which he made for the said death as in our said letters to the said Thomas thereof made it is more fully contained, we willing to show to the said Thomas our abundant grace command you that you cause to be delivered to the said Thomas of our grace aforesaid all the lands & tenements which were of the said Thomas in the said islands on the day of the said abjuration & which are held of us & also all his goods & chattels taken into our hands by reason of the said death & abjuration if those lands & tenements as our escheats & the said goods & chattels for the reason aforesaid as forfeitures ought to belong to us. Saving to you the said Otto the rights belonging to you in this behalf. Witness ourself at Lincoln the 2nd day of January in the 38th year of our reign. And he says that he produced that writ in open court here before Peter le Marchant then Bailiff & the Jurats of the King who call themselves judges for all things &c. And they adjudged by that writ that all those lands & chattels should be quietly delivered to the said Thomas. And this in their presence he offers to establish as the court shall determine. But none of them gainsaid him in anything. And Thomas says that he ought

Ballio nec alii q^m p^dcō Ottoni si in^lesset in pp^a psona v^t p attorⁿ suū inde respondere. Et pe^r Judm. Dies dat⁹ est eis coram dⁿo Rege a die scⁱ Michis in vnū men^s vbicumq³ tē. Postea ad diem illū apud Westm. Etis de causis respectuat^r reddendū coram dⁿo Rege a die Paschⁱ in vnū mensem vbicūq³ tūc f^uit in Ang^t in statu quo nūc tē Et sciend⁹ q^d p^dcūs Ro^bus modo nō veⁿ. Ad quem diem indicm respectuat^r in forma p^dcā tē. Ad quē diē iudm respectuat^r vsq³ a die Paschⁱ in xv. dies vbicūq³ tē in forma p^dcā tē. Et deinde resp^tuat^r iudm vsq³ a die Paschⁱ in vnū mensem vbicūq³ tē Ad quem diem Judicm respectuat^r vsq³ in Crastino aīa³ vbicūq³ tē Et deinde respectuat^r iudiciū vsq³ a die Pasche in vnū mensem vbicūq³ tē. In Crastino aīa³ vbicūq³ tē Ad q³ die iudiciū p^dcēm respectuat^r vt sup^r vsq³ a die Paschⁱ in vnū men^s vbicūq³ tē. Ad q³ diem iudiciū p^dcēm resp^tuat^r vsq³ a die Paschⁱ in tres sep^t vbicūq³ tē.—Ad quem diem iudm p^dcēm resp^tuatur vsq³ a die Paschⁱ in xv dies vbicūq³ tē. Ad q³ diē p^dcēm Judm resp^tuatur vsq³ a die Paschⁱ in qⁿq³ sept^{is} p^x futur⁹ in vnū anⁿ vbi^qq³ tē

v^h sep^t pas

Seq^r Oto
de Grandisano.

(M. 4.) **Adhuc de plitis coram p^rfatis Iusticiār p^rfatis
die 1 anno.**

ffresingfeld.

Gerne^r Cōitas huius Insule allocuta qua lege vtunt^r, e p quam legem clamant deduci an videt^r p legem Ang^t vt Normanⁿ, aut p speciales consuetudines eis p Reges concessas tē, dicunt q^d nec p legem Ang^t nec Normanⁿ sed p certas consuetudines in hac Insula vsita^r a tempe quo memoria nō existit. Et dicunt q^d ipⁱ t^{en}t de indigenis hui⁹ Insule duodecim hoīes Ju^r Regis qui vna cū Ballio Insule in absencia Justicⁱ e vna cū Justicⁱ cum huc adueⁿint debent Judicare de oīib³

not to answer therein to the said Bailiff nor to any other except the said Otto if he should be present personally or by his attorney. And he claims judgment. And a day is given to them before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever &c. Afterwards at that day at Westminster for certain causes let it be respited to be continued before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England in the state in which it is now &c. And be it known that the said Robert does not come now. At which day the judgment is respited in the form aforesaid &c. At which day judgment is respited up to 15 days of the day of Easter wheresoever &c. in the form aforesaid &c. And thence judgment is respited until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day judgment is respited until the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. And thence judgment is respited until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. At which day the said judgment is respited as above until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said judgment is respited until 3 weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said judgment is respited until 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said judgment is respited until 5 weeks from the day of Easter next to come in one year wheresoever &c.

5 weeks
from Easter.

Otto
de Grandison
sues.

(M. 4.) **Continuation of the pleas before the said Justices the said
day & year.**

Fresingfeld.

Guernsey.

The commonalty of this island being asked what law they use & by what law they claim to be governed i.e. whether by the law of England or of Normandy, or by special customs granted to them by the Kings &c., they say neither by the law of England nor of Normandy but by certain customs used in this island from time immemorial. And they say that they have of the natives of this island 12 men Jurats of the King who together with the Bailiff of the island in the absence of the justices & together with the justices

casibz in hac Insula qualiſcumq; emgentibz Et ipſi duodeci debent vna cum Juſtiſ de hiis que coram eis fiūt in coi e vna cū Baſſo de hiis que coram ipſis fiunt in absencia Juſtiſ faĉe record tē. licet post assisas, ſcribi debeat ſolummodo Juſtiſ ad faĉ venire record plitoꝝ hui⁹ Insule coram dñō Rege cum neceſſe fſiit.

Postea p'dca Cōitas ſuū fuit ad reſpondend dñō Rege de plito quo Waranto ſine licencia e voluntate dñi Reg⁹ e pgenitoꝝ ſuoꝝ Regn Angl clām tīre de ſeipſ vnam duodenam hoīm Juſ dñō Regi qui Judm e recordū facient de omimod plitis agitatſ e plitatis coram Baſſis dñi Reg⁹ de Inſ. Et t coram Juſtiſ ipſius dñi Reg⁹, cum ad ptes iſtas venint, tam de plitis Corone dñi Reg⁹ qm aliis plitis quibzcuq; et t de contemptibz e t'nſgr fciſ ipſi dñō Regi e Corone e dignitati ſue e t Curie ſue e miniſtris ſuis que quidem cognicōes e Judiĉoꝝ reddiĉōes ad ipm dñm Regem e Coronam e dignitatem ſuā e miniſtros ſuos p ipm ad hoc ſpaliſ deputatos e nō ad aliū mere ſpectant. Et Wiſſs des mareys qui ſequit: p dñō Rege diĉ p dñō Rege qđ vbi ab antiquo cū dñs Rex qui p tempe fſiit miſerit Juſtiſ huc ad Itinānd tē vī ad audiend e ſiminānd certa negocia tē Juſtiſ illi ſolent pcedere ad Judm iux* diſcreĉōes ſuas niſi tantūmodo in caſibz totaſr tangentibz Insulanos e tenuras ſuas adinvicem petitas de quibz ijdem Juſtiſ quibz conſuetudines Insule ſunt incognite petierunt aſſamentū a xij. Juſ tē auteq'm pceſſerint ad Judm tē p'dca Cōitas iam de nouo p hui⁹ Juſ ſuos volunt ſibi attrahere Jur⁹ dicōem regiam tē in leſionem Corone e dignitatis dñi Reg⁹ tē Et qđ Ita eſt offert vificare p dñō Rege ſicut Cuſ conſ.

Et Cōitas ven e diĉ qđ ipſi e eoꝝ pgenitores Insulani hic a tempe quo memoria nō exiſtit ſemp vſi fſiūt habendi xij Juſ hui⁹, de ſeipſ

when they shall come hither ought to judge of all cases in this island in what way so-ever arising. And those 12 ought together with the justices to make a record of those things which are done before them in common & together with the bailiff [to make a record] of those things which are done before them in the absence of the justices &c. although after the assizes, it ought to be written only to the justices to cause the Records of the pleas of this island to come before the lord the King when it shall be necessary.

Afterwards the said commonalty was summoned to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & of his progenitors Kings of England they claim to have of themselves a dozen men jurats of the lord the King who make judgment & record of all manner of pleas moved & pleaded before the bailiffs of the lord the King in the island; and also before the justices of the said lord the King when they shall come to those parts, as well of the pleas of the crown of the lord the King as of other pleas whatsoever & also of the contempts & trespasses made upon the said lord the King & his crown & dignity & also his court & his officers: which said cognizances & returns of judgments belong only to the said King & to his crown & dignity & to his officers specially deputed by him for this purpose & not to any other. And William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King says for the lord the King that where of old the lord the King for the time being sent justices hither in eyre &c. or to hear & determine certain matters &c. those justices are wont to proceed to judgment according to their discretions, except only in cases altogether touching the islanders & their tenures mutually sued for, concerning which the said justices, to whom the customs of the island are unknown, have sought the amerciamment of the 12 jurats &c. before they proceeded to judgment &c.—the said commonalty now in a new manner by their said jurats wish to draw to themselves the royal jurisdiction &c. to the damage of the crown & the dignity of the lord the King &c. And that this is so he offers to establish for the lord the King as the court shall determine.

And the commonalty come & say that they & their progenitors the islanders here from time immemorial were always used to have

qui eligi debent p ministros dñi Reg^o, e optimates pñe cū opus fñit. Scit̃ post mortem vni^o eoꝝ al̃ fidedignus simĩr si quis eoꝝ conuict^o fuisset a casu de falsitate loco suo debet al̃ s̃stitui. Et debent Jura sine condiçõe ad manutenend̃ e saluand̃ Jura dñi Reg^o e patriotaꝝ. Et ip̃i xij. debent Judicare de om̃ibꝫ causis pl̃itis contemp̃tibꝫ t̃nsgr̃ feloniis fc̃is dño Regi ministris e Cuř sue vicinis ex^aneis e aliis quibꝫcumqꝫ exceptis tam casibꝫ nimis arduis siç si quis receserit a fide dñi Reg^o vel mañ iniecit violeñ in ministros dñi Reg^o e emend̃ oim̃ p̃missoꝝ p̃d̃cis arduis exceptis debent ipi xij taxare. Dicunt t̃ qđ si dñs Rex velit etiorari de recordo pl̃iti coram Justiç e ip̃is xij. agitati Justiç vna cū illis xij. debent record̃ illud façe. Sed si diũsificent iñ eos, tunc debent Justiciař vna cū militibꝫ e magnatibꝫ assedentibꝫ cū eis in Banco ad pl̃ita façe record̃ hui^o. Et de agitat̃is coram Bal̃io e ip̃is, s̃nt ip̃i recordū cōiunctim tē Et sic vti solet ab antiquo. Et qđ Ita sit pati sunt ṽficare.

Et Wills dicit p dño Rege qđ p̃d̃ci xij. nūq̃ consuevunt h̃re record̃ nisi tantū in casu vt sectatores Cuř Baronū tē. Dicit enim qđ cū quis inpl̃itans vt inpl̃itatus coram Bal̃io e Juř façe velit attornatū hoc façe nō potest nisi ps adusa psens fñit qū fit attorñ siç e in Cuř Baronū vbi si plenū record̃ fuissent pnt clamant possent ip̃i tam in absencia q̃m psenç ptis attorñ recipe e receptū recordari. Dicit t̃ qđ si p̃d̃ci xij. cū veñint coram Justiç velint aīr recordari cont̃a partem aliquam q̃m scđm id quod coram eis fñit agitatū, e ps allegaūit qđ pl̃itum aīr se s̃et q̃m ip̃i recordant̃, e illud volūit pbare cū effectū, debet e solet ad hoc admitti quod nō fieret si xij. illi plenū record̃ fuissent. Dicit t̃ p dño Rege quod aīr vsitatū est coram Justiç q̃m siç ip̃i clamant. Quia diç qđ cū quis cōunicat̃ coram Justiç de t̃ns-

12 such jurats of themselves who ought to be elected by the officers of the lord the King & the magnates of the country when there shall be need. To wit, after the death of one of them another trustworthy person ; likewise, if any of them should be convicted in a case of corruption, another ought to be substituted in his place. And they ought to swear without condition to maintain & preserve the rights of the lord the King & of their countrymen. And those 12 ought to judge of all causes, pleas, contempts, trespasses & felonies done to the lord the King his officers & his court, on the inhabitants, strangers & others whomsoever, except only in cases too arduous, such as if any one shall withdraw from the fealty of the lord the King or shall lay his hands violently on the officers of the lord the King, & the said 12 ought to fix the amends of all the premises, the said arduous [cases] excepted. They say also that if the lord the King shall wish to be certified of the record of a plea moved before the justices & the said 12, the justices together with those 12 ought to make that record, but if they should differ among themselves, then the justices together with the knights & magnates sitting with them on the Bench for the pleas ought to make such record. And as to those things moved before the bailiff & themselves they have a record jointly &c. And so it was wont to be used of yore. And that it is so they are ready to establish.

And William says for the lord the King that the said 12 were never wont to have the Records except only such as *Sectatores*⁽¹⁾ of Courts Baron &c. He says also that when anyone suing or being sued before the bailiff & the jurats shall wish to appoint an attorney he cannot do this unless the opposing party be present when he appoints the attorney as also in a Court Baron, whereas if they had full record, as they claim, they might appoint an attorney as well in the absence as in the presence of the party, receive the attorney & record the admission. He says also that if the said 12 when they shall come before the justices should wish to be recorded against the party otherwise than according to that which was moved before them & the party should allege that he has the plea otherwise than they record & should wish to prove that with effect, he ought & is wont to be admitted thereto which could not be done if those 12 had full record. He says also for the lord the King that it is used before the justices otherwise than as they claim. Because they say that when

(1) *Sectatores* : persons who owe suit of Court.

gressiōibz p qua redimī debeat vī t̄ contemptū fac̄ Cuī dñi Reg^o in
psencia Justiĉ ip̄i Justiciā iux^a discreĉōem suam inde ordinabunt e
admittent finem ip̄is xij. ad hoc nō vocatis. Et hoc diĉ bñ pafe corā
Robto de Leisset e sociis suis nup Justiĉ Itifantibz hic de Robto du
viner e plibz aliis e coram aliis Justiĉ simiĉr in casibz consimilibz.
Dicit t̄ qđ p̄dei xij. iam de nouo leuantes consuetudines cont^a statū
Corone dñi Reg^o e cont^a sacrū suū pp^lum abusi sunt legibz e con-
suetudinibz Insulaꝝ ab antiquo fītis e optentis, sic de plibz latronibz
captis cū manuoꝝ e aliis felonibz e quasi innum̄is latronibz de diūsis
latrocinis indictatis e p magna pte coram Baifo applegiatis ad aś tē
quos ip̄i Juī adiudicaſunt e consenserunt qđ de grā sua abiurarent
Insulas in plena Cuī Reg^o e alibi p voluntate sua Licet nūq^a ad
locum refugii deueſunt vbi p legem e consuetudinem Insulaꝝ nullus
deſ Insulas abiurare nisi tantum illi qui deueſunt ad refugiū ecclie.
Et sic concedunt felonibz pdonacōem de amissione vite e membroy
qđ nulli licet nisi soli Regi. Dicit t̄ qđ p̄dca xij. sbornaſunt p̄dcm
Robtm de Leisset e soĉ suos Justiĉ qđ quedam Alicia Alianor capta
p receptamento Matifl Loer que Insulas abiuraſſat e ducta coram ip̄is
Justiĉ, e inde cōiuncta iux^a testiū ip̄oy xij. de consuetudinibz suis
abiur Insulas vt sic p fcm Justiĉ maliciam suam pp^lam poseent pal-
liaī. Et nullus de cōitate cont^adixit tē nec in aliquo reclamauit
vnde petit Judm de om̄ibz tē Dicit t̄ qđ p̄dci xij. cōuincūt in hiis
assiis de q^m plibz hui^o abiuraĉōibz quas fieri fecunt e pmiserunt
coram ip̄is fieri ex^a locū refugii. Et t̄ qđ adiudicaſunt inquis itato
capi sup indictatis de feloniis e sic indictati coram ip̄is quietati sunt
cont^a legem e consuetudinem tē vnde dediĉe nō possunt quin legibz
e consueī Insulaꝝ totaīr abusi sunt. Et petit Judm vt p^rns tē Diĉ

anyone is convicted of trespasses before the justices for which he ought to make amends, or commits contempt of the court of the lord the King in the presence of the justices, those justices shall ordain therein according to their discretion & determine the fine, the said 12 not being called for the purpose. And this he says appears fully before Robert de Leisset & his associates late justices in eyre here concerning Robert du Vivier & many others, & before other justices likewise in like cases. He also says that the said 12 now in a new manner raising customs against the state of the crown of the lord the King & against their own oath, have abused the laws & customs of the islands of old time had & obtained; as concerning many thieves taken with stolen goods & other felons & as innumerable thieves indicted for divers robberies, & for the great part bailed before the bailiff at the assizes &c. which those jurats judged & consented that by their grace they should abjure the islands in the open court of the King & elsewhere at their will, although they never came to a place of refuge, whereas by the law & custom of the islands no one ought to abjure the islands except only those who have arrived at the refuge of a Church. And so they grant to felons pardon for the loss of life & limbs which is not lawful to anyone except only the King. He says also that the said 12 deceived the said Robert de Leisset & his fellow justices, in that a certain Alice Alianor being taken for receiving Matilda Loer who had abjured the island & being led before the said justices & thereof convicted according to the declaration of the said 12 concerning their customs, abjured the islands, so that they were able to cover their own malice by the act of the justices. And none of the commonalty contradicted it &c. nor objected in anything, wherefore he claims judgment in all things &c. He says also that the said 12 are convicted in these assizes of many such abjurations which they have caused to be done & permitted to be done before them without a place of refuge. And also that they have adjudged an inquisition to be taken again upon those indicted of felonies & so those indicted are acquitted before them contrary to the law & custom &c. whereupon they cannot gainsay but that they have altogether abused the laws & customs of the islands. And he claims judgment as before &c. And he says that

t̃ qđ Cōitas hic nō vtit̃ ad p̃sens antiquis consueť. Diť enim qđ manifestū est qđ om̃es Insulani sunt vni⁹ e eiusd̃ lingue e tēpe quo Ducat⁹ Normań h̃uit Ducē f̃fūt Insule Ducis illius et quociens Insulani faciunt pquisitū a Cuř dñi Reg⁹ semp ad eoř suggestionē scribit̃ scđm legem e consueť Insulař e sic patet qđ in om̃ibz hiis Iñs debet esse vna lex e vna consuetudo. Et diť qđ Insulani hic p voluntate sua assumpseřt sibi p lege e consueť quedam quibz vtunt̃ que om̃ino discordant legibz e consuetudinibz aliař Insulař e hoc iam in lege de h̃eř, de dote, e Corona de ponderē e mensuř q^m de cons e customis que quasi totaľr contrariant̃ sen discordant vnde narrare foret infinitū. Et hec om̃ia diť se patum esse ṽficare p dño Rege tē e petit Judm. Diť t̃ qđ pl̃ibz modis aliis abutunt̃ tē Quia diť qđ vbi Baľs Insule quociens viderit expedire faciet Inquiř suas p xij. ip̃i suadent Justiť cū ṽfint qđ p sacřm vj t̃m in vna inquisiće debent pcedere ad inquirend de feloń e Juribz dñi Reg⁹ qđ oĩo discordat legi. Diť t̃ qđ simiľr suadent ip̃is Justiť qđ Indictatores debent amofi ex offiće Justiciarioř⁽¹⁾ cū indictat⁹ se ponat in Inq̃siće licet indictat⁹ excepćoem aliquam nō h̃uerit vsus eos ponentes p causa ne Indictatores incurrant infamiam piurii si indictatū q̃letarent cū t̃m Jurent iux^a consciencias, vnde petit p dño Rege qđ p̃missa corrigant̃ tē

Et Cōitas bñ cogñ qđ nullus deb̃ abiurař Insulas nisi loco refugii e recognoscens feloń. Cogñ t̃ qđ lex e consuetudo quibz vtunt̃ discordant aliis siť p̃dem est. Et dicunt qđ cū quis t̃nsg^adiat̃ puniendus est t̃nsgressor e eoř t̃nsgressiones nō debent imputari Cōitati. Dicunt t̃ qđ pati sunt ṽficare sicut Cuř cons qđ p̃genitores eoř Insulani hic vsi f̃funt lege e consuetudīe quibz ip̃i clamant vti tē. Dies datus est eis de aud̃ Judio suo coram dño Rege a die sc̃i Mic̃his in

(1) *Justiciariorum*: evidently meant for *Juratorum* (Jurors).

the commonalty here does not use at present the ancient customs. For he says that it is manifest that all the islanders are of one & the same tongue & in the time when the Duchy of Normandy had a Duke the islands belonged to that Duke, & as often as the islanders demand an enquiry of the court of the lord the King, it is always written therein at their suggestion [that it is] according to the law & custom of the islands, & so it is clear that in all these islands there ought to be one law & one custom. And they say that the islanders here at their will have assumed to themselves for law & custom certain ones which they use, which differ altogether from the laws & customs of the other islands & this as well in the law of inheritance, of dower, & of the crown rights of weights & measures as well as of customs & duties which are almost entirely opposed to or differ from them, whereof it might be narrated indefinitely. And all these things he says he is ready to establish for the lord the King &c. & claims judgment. He says also that in many other ways they have abused &c., because he says that whereas the bailiff of the island as often as he shall deem it expedient should make his inquisitions by the 12 they persuade the justices when they come that they ought to proceed by the oath of 6 only in one inquisition to enquire touching felonies & the rights of the lord the King which is altogether at variance with the law. He says also that they likewise persuade those justices that accusers ought to be removed from the office of jurors when the person indicted puts himself on an inquisition although the person indicted shall not have any exception against them, putting forward as the reason lest the accusers shall incur the infamy of perjury if they acquit the accused when they only swear according to their consciences; wherefore he asks for the lord the King that the premises may be corrected &c.

And the commonalty knows well that no one ought to abjure the island except from a place of refuge & acknowledging the felony. They also acknowledge that the law & custom which they use are at variance with the others, as is aforesaid. And they say that when anyone transgresses, the transgressor is to be punished & their transgressions ought not to be imputed to the commonalty. And they say also that they are ready to establish as the court shall determine that the islanders their progenitors herein have used the law & custom which they claim to use &c. A day is given to them to hear

vnū menš vbicumq, tē. Et Cōitas po. lo. suo Ricm̃ le Herice, Joñem de Vinario vt Henr̃ Trente. Postea ad diem illū apud Westm̃ veñ p̃dca Cōitas p̃ attorñ suū. Et etis de causis dat⁹ est eis dies de Juđo suo aud̃ coram dñō Rege a die Pasch̃ in vnū mensem vbicūq, tūc fūit in Angl̃. Ad quem diē p̃dca cōitas p̃ attorñ suū veñ, e dat⁹ est eis dies corā dñō Rē a die Pasch̃ in vnū mensem vbicūq, tē. Ad quē diem p̃dca cōitas p̃ attorñ suū venit e etis de causis dat⁹ est eis dies a die Pasch̃ in xv. dies. Ad q̃ diem p̃dca cōitas veñ, e etis de cais̃ datus est eis dies a die Pasch̃ in vnū mensē vbicūq, tē. Ad quem diem p̃dca Cōitas veñ e etis de cais̃ datus est eis dies in Crastino aiaꝝ vbicūq, tē. Et deinde datus est eis dies a die Pasch̃ in vnū mensem vbicūq, tē. In Crastino annuaꝝ vbicūq, tē.—Ad q̃ diē p̃dca Cōitas veñ e etis de cais̃ vt p̃lus datus est dies a die Pasch̃ in vnū m̃ vbicūq, tē. Ad quē diē p̃dca cōitas veñ e etis de cais̃ vt p̃lus datus a dies eid̃ cōitati a die Pasch̃ in tres sep̃t vbicūq, tē.—Ad quem diem p̃dca cōitas veñ e etis de causis vt prius datus est dies eidem cōitati a die Pasch̃ in xv dies vbicūq, tē. Ad quē diē p̃dca cōitas veñ et etis de cais̃ dat⁹ est eidem a die Pasch̃ in q̃nq, sept̃s p̃x futur̃ in vnū añ vbicūq, tē.

Seqr̃ Rex
de nouo

(M. 4. d.) **Adhuc de p̃litis coram p̃fatis Iusticiar̃ p̃fatis
die 1 anno.**

ffresingfeld.

Gerneř
—
Inquirat:

Mathus de Sauzmareys, Thomas de Estfeld, Alicia vxor eius,
+ obiit
Johanna e Nichaa sorores dēi Mathi, e Johannes de Barantyn suū
fūunt qđ essent hic ad hunc diem ad respondend̃ dñō Regi de plito

their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever &c. And the commonalty put in their place Richard le Herice, John du Vivier or Henry Trente. Afterwards at that day at Westminster came the said commonalty by their attorney. And for certain causes a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said commonalty came by their attorney & a day is given to them before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said commonalty by their attorney came, & for certain causes a day is given to them in 15 days from the day of Easter. At which day the said commonalty came, & for certain causes a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said commonalty came & for certain causes a day is given to them in the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. And thence a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. At which day the said commonalty came & for certain causes as before a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said commonalty came & for certain causes as before a day is given to them in 3 weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said commonalty comes & for certain causes as before a day is given to the said commonalty in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said commonalty came & for certain causes a day is given to them in 5 weeks from the day of Easter next to come in one year wheresoever &c.

5 weeks
from Easter.

The King
sues anew.

(M. 4. d.)

**Continuation of the pleas before the aforesaid Justices the
day & year aforesaid.**

Fresingfeld.

Guernsey.

—
To be
inquired
into.

Matthew de Saumareys, Thomas de Estfeld, Alice, his wife,
dead
Joan & Nicholaa, sisters of the said Matthew, & John de Barantyn
were summoned that they be here at this day to answer to the lord

quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Reg^o e pgenitoꝝ suoꝝ Regum Anglⁱ claĩ ħre Wreccū maris p totam ħram suam de Gerebourgh, e illud in pp^os vsus confite. Et t̃ quo Waranto claĩ pcipe e ħre custumam makereĩ assessam tempe dñi Edwardi nup Reg^o Anglⁱ p̃ris dñi Reg^o qui nūc est de omĩbz tenentibz ĩpius Mathi e alioꝝ p̃dcoꝝ de p̃dca Insula que ad Coronam e dignitatem dñi Reg^o ptinent. Et t̃ quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Reg^o e pgenitoꝝ suoꝝ Regū Anglⁱ claĩ ħre libam Warennam in omĩbz dñicis ħris suis de Gerebourgh. Et t̃ quo Waranto clamant fugare p totam ħram dñi Reg^o de p̃dca Insula e Cuniclos dñi Reg^o cape p voluntate sua / sine licencia ĩpius dñi Reg^o e ministroꝝ suoꝝ potestatem ħnciū licenē hui^o concedendi. Et t̃ quo Waranto clamant p quemcūq; hoĩem volũt Curiam suam peŧe e ħre de singlīs hoĩbz suis ex^a Cuĩ dñi Reg^o. Et t̃ quo Waranto clamant pcipe e ħre libam espkeĩ in ħra sua de Gerebourgh de piscibz p hoĩes suos captis in aquis dñi Reg^o que ad dñm Regem ptinent.

Et Mathus e alii veĩ, Et Thomas e Alicia dicunt qđ ĩpi tenent teĩ sua vbi p̃dce libtates sunt in dotem ĩpius Alicie de ħeditate p̃dci Mathi. Et alii dicunt qđ ĩpe Mathus ħet exueciam de ħeditate p̃dca e pcipit Wreccū e ħet libtates hui^omodi, e ĩpi pticipes cū pficuū inde veĩt pcipiunt ptem ĩpos inde contingentem p manus ĩpius Mathi. Et Mathus diē qđ ĩpe clamat Wreccū accidens in ħris suis p̃dcis / p̃lq^m p̃ncipalia excepta tē Ita cū qđ dñs Rex p ministros suos ħeat inde visum anteq^a hoĩes sui maĩ apponant e simitr libam Warennam ibidem e espkeriam ab antiquo / Et dicit qđ ĩpe e antecessores sui a tempe quo nō extat memoria semp vsi fũunt sic Wreccū pcipe cū ibidem accidisset e vtebant^r simitr liba Warennam e espkeria ibidem sine aliqua tempis ĩnrupcoe. Et hoc petit qđ inquirat^r p priam. Et

the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & of his progenitors, Kings of England, they claim to have wreck of the sea throughout all their land of Jerbourg & convert the same to their own uses. And also by what warrant they claim to take & have custom of mackerel assessed, in the time of the lord Edward, late King of England, father of the lord the King, who now is, of all the tenants of the said Matthew & of the others aforesaid of the said island which belong to the crown & dignity of the lord the King. And also by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & of his progenitors Kings of England they claim to have free warren in all their demesne lands of Jerbourg. And also by what warrant they claim to chase throughout the whole land of the lord the King of the said island & to take the conies of the lord the King at their will without the license of the said lord the King & his officers having power to grant such license. And also by what warrant they demand by whatsoever man they will to claim & have their court of all their men outside the court of the lord the King. And also by what warrant they claim to take & have free esperkeria in their land of Jerbourg of the fish caught by their men in the waters of the lord the King which belong to the lord the King.

And Matthew & the others come. And Thomas & Alice say that they hold their lands where the said franchises are in dower of the said Alice of the inheritance of the said Matthew. And the others say that the said Matthew has primogeniture of the said inheritance & takes wreck & has such franchises, & they participating when the profit thereof shall come take the share coming to them thereof through the hands of the said Matthew. And Matthew says that he claims wreck occurring in his said lands, after the things appertaining to the Prince have been taken &c. Wherefor the lord the King by his officers has view thereof before his men lay their hands upon it, & likewise free warren there & esperkeria of old. And he says that he & his ancestors from time immemorial were always wont so to take wreck when it should occur there & used likewise free warren & esperkeria there without any interruption of time. And he claims that this may be enquired into by verdict of

quo ad fugam Cuniculoꝝ dicunt qđ claĩm fugare cū cane e bacto sine ingenio et sic fecunt om̃es antecessores sui ab antiquo e hoc simiſr petit qđ inquiratꝝ p pat'am. Et quo ad Curiam suam petendam tē dicunt qđ si aliquis tenenciū suoꝝ implicetꝝ corā Ballo Insule de aliquo minori plito quod potest deſminari in Cuĩ Baronū tē ipe e antecessores sui soliti sunt a tempe quo nō extat memoria peſe p se vſ p̃pōitum suū Cuĩ suam in hui⁹ casibꝝ e illam optiſe tē. Et hoc offert simiſr vſificare sicut Cuĩ conſ tē.

Et Wiſſs des mareys qui ſequitꝝ p dño Rege, diē qđ Abbas de monte ſcī Michis quo ad libtatem Wrecci sui in hac Insula ptulit Cartam dñi E. quond Reg⁹ Angl p̃ris dñi Reg⁹ nunc que testatꝝ qđ p̃decessores ip̃ius Abbis ab antiquo consueſunt e debent pcipe quartam ptem totius Wrecci maris in om̃ibꝝ locis hui⁹ Insule, et Idem dñs E. Rex p eandem Cartam sic concessit Wreccum hui⁹ p̃dce Abbie imppetuū Et sic patet p eandem cartam qđ p̃decessores p̃dci Abbis pceperunt quartam ptem Wrecci maris accidentis in p̃dciſ fr̃is p̃dci Mathi vbi p̃dceus Mathus iam claĩm integre totū Wreccū ab antiquo vnde petit Judm p dño Rege de toto Wrecco ip̃m Mathm e pticipes suos contingente.

Et Mathus diē qđ in p̃dca Carta dñi Reg⁹ continetꝝ qđ dñs Rex accepit p inq̃ſiſcoem ita esse. Et diē qđ nec ipe nec antecessores sui fſūt ad inq̃ſiſcoem illam capiendam nec ptes ad eandem. Et diē qđ ipe patus est vſificare p pat'am qđ antecessores sui vſi fſūt pacifice pcipe totū Wreccū accidens in fr̃is suis in forma qua claĩm tē. Et Justiciarii hic ſtis de causis p̃ceſſerunt ad inquirendū inde veritatem in p̃ſencia p̃dci Abbis ad hoc p̃muniti p ſc̃ſcriptos. s. p Petrū le Markaunt, Guilſm le Gros, Mathm de la Curt, Jordanñ Choffyn, Petrum de Lestak, Rddm Turleye, Ranulp̃m Galtī, Ricm le Herice, Robtm Blaunche, Petrum le Hageys, Petrū Ernald, Aug⁹tinū de la Curt.

the country. And as to the chase of conies they say that they claim to chase with dog & staff without engine, & so did all their ancestors of old, & they likewise pray that this may be enquired into by verdict of the country. And as to claiming their court &c. they say that if any of their tenants be sued before the bailiff of the island for any minor plea which may be determined in a Court Baron &c. he & his ancestors are wont from time immemorial to claim by themselves or their provost their court in such cases & to obtain it &c. And this he also offers to establish as the court shall determine &c.

And William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King says that the Abbot of Mount St. Michael with respect to his right of wreck in this island brought the charter of the lord E. formerly King of England father of the lord the King that now is which witnesses that the predecessors of the said Abbot of old were wont & ought to take the fourth part of all wreck of the sea in all places of this island, & the said lord E. the King by the same charter so granted such wreck to the said Abbey for ever. And so it appears by the same charter that the predecessors of the said Abbot took the fourth part of wreck of the sea occurring in the said lands of the said Matthew whereas the said Matthew now claims wholly all wreck as of old, wherefore he claims judgment for the lord the King for the whole wreck touching the said Matthew & his parceners.

And Matthew says that in the said charter of the lord the King it is contained that the lord the King accepted it to be so by inquisition. And he says that neither he nor his ancestors were at the taking of that inquisition nor were parties to the same. And he says that he is ready to establish by verdict of the country that his ancestors were wont peaceably to take all wreck happening in their lands in the form in which he claims &c. And the justices here for certain causes proceeded to enquire into the truth thereof by the underwritten in the presence of the said Abbot hereto summoned, viz, by Peter le Marchant, William le Gros, Matthew de la Court, Jordan Choffyn, Peter de Lestak, Ralph Turleye, Ranulphus Galtier, Richard le Herice, Robert Blaunche, Peter le Hageys, Peter Ernald, Augustin de la Court, who say upon their oath that the

Qui dicunt sup sacr̃m suū qđ p'dcūs Mathūs e omēs antecessores sui a tempe quo nō extat memoria semp vsi f̃funt in p'dcīs trīs suis pcipe e fire Wreccum integre in forma qua p'dcūs Mathūs modo illud claī. Et quo ad fugam Cunictōz, dicunt qđ ipi e omēs antecessores sui a tempe quo nō extat memoria tempe seisione fugandi Cunictōs sciit a fine meñs Septemb̃r vsq, ad meñs ffeb̃r solebant fugare cum cane e bacto, in forma qua claī tē. Et quo ad Cuī suam petendam tē, dicunt qđ ipē e omēs antecessores sui sic vsi f̃fūt ab antiquo. Et Wiłs quo ad fugam tē. petit Judm p dño Rege, ex quo claī fugaī p totū aīnū tē. Et quo ad espkeriam que regalis est dignitas, Et quo ad Warennam simitr e alias dignitates regales, de quibz nō pferunt Cartam Reg^o petit Judm p dño Rege. Dies datus est eis de audiendo Judo suo coram dño Rege a die scī Michīs in vnū meñs vbicumq, tūc f̃fūt in Angl. Postea ad diem illū apud Westm veñ p'dcūs Mathūs qui sicut p'us respondet p omibz tē. Et etis de causis dat^o est eis dies de Judo suo aud coram dño Rege a die Pasch in vnū meñs vbicumq, tūc f̃fūt in Angl. Et p'dcs Mathīs po. lo. suo Thomam de Estfeld vt Simonem de Esse in loquela p'dca tē. Ad quem diem p'dcūs Mathūs p attorñ suū veñ, e datus est eis dies a die Pasch in vnū mensem vbicūq, tē.—Ad quē diē venerūt p'dcī Johs e omēs alij, p'f p'dcos Johanna e Joñes Barentyn e daī est eis dies a die Pasch in xv. dies vbicūq, tē. Et quo ad p'dcos Johannam e Joñs Barentyn p'cedat' ad iudm. Sed ponit' in respectū vsq, ad diem p'dcēm tē. Ad q diem veñ p'dcī Johs e omēs alij p'f p'dcos Joñam e Joñm Barentyn. Et datus est eis dies a die Pasch in vnū mensē vbicumq, tē. Et quo ad p'dcos Joñam e Joñem Barentyn p'cedat' ad iudm. Sed pon' in resp^otum vsq, ad p'fatū fmiñ tē. Ad quē diem omēs alij veñ p'f p'dcos Joñam e Joñem Barentyn. Et datus est eis dies in Crastino aīaz vbicūq, tē. Et quo ad p'dcos Joñam e Joñem p'cedat' ad iudiciū sed ponit' in respectū vsq, ad p'fatu fminū tē. Ad quē diem p'dcī

Seq^r Rex tē

aforesaid Matthew & all his ancestors from time immemorial were always used to take & have wreck wholly in their said land in the form in which the said Matthew now claims it. And as to the chase of conies, they say that they & all their ancestors from time immemorial in the time of the season for chasing conies viz., from the end of the month of September until the month of February were wont to chase with dog & staff in the manner in which he claims &c. And as to claiming their court &c. they say that he & all his ancestors were so accustomed of old. And William as to the chasing &c. claims judgment for the lord the King for that he claims to chase throughout the whole year &c. And as to esperkeria which is a royal dignity & as to warren likewise & other royal dignities of which they do not bring a charter of the King he claims judgment for the lord the King. A day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England. Afterwards at that day at Westminster comes the said Matthew & answers as before for all things &c. And for certain causes a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. And the said Matthew puts in his place Thomas de Estfeld or Simon de Esse in the plea aforesaid &c. At which day the said Matthew by his attorney comes, & a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day came the said John & all the others, except the said Joan & John Barentyn, & a day is given to them in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And as to the said Joan & John Barentyn let it proceed to judgment, but it is put in respite until the day aforesaid &c. At which day came the said John & all the others except the said Joan & John Barentyn. And a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And as to the said Joan & John Barentyn let it proceed to judgment. But it is put in respite up to the said term &c. At which day they all came except the said Joan & John Barentyn. And a day is given to them in the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. And as to the said Joan & John let it proceed to judgment but it is put in respite up to the said term &c. At which

The King
sues &c.

Joñes e omēs alii veñ p^r p^rdčos Joñam e Joñem Barentyn. Et dat⁹
est eis dies a die Pasch in vnū mensē vbicūq³ tč. Et quo ad p^rdčos
Joñam e Joñem Barentyn pcedat^r ad iudm̄ sed ponit^r in respectū vsq³
ad p^rdčm diem tč. In Crastino aia³ vbicūq³ tč. Ad q³ diē omēs p^rter
p^rdčos Joñem e Joñam veñ e dat⁹ est eis dies a die Pasch in vnū
menš vbicūq³ tč. Ad q³ diē omēs p^rter p^rdčos Joñem e Joñann veñ e
datus est eis dies a die Pasch in tres sep^t vbicūq³ tč. Et deinde
veñ ut p^rius datus est eis dies a die Pasch in xv dies vbicūq³ tč. Ad que diē
omēs p^rter p^rdčos Joñem e Joñann veñ e dat⁹ est eis dies a die Pasch
v⁹h sep^t in q³q³ sept⁹s p^rx futu^r in vnū aⁿū vbiq³

Nichus de Cheny e P^rius fra^t eius su^m f^runt ad respond⁹ dⁿo
Regi de plito quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dⁿi Reg⁹ e p^rge-
nito^r suo^r Regum Ang^t clamant p^rcipe e f^re duodenam garbam de
omimodis bladis crescentib³ in xj. bouatis f^re in pochia s^ci Sampsonis
que ad dⁿm Regem ptinent ra^coe Campti spectantis ad Coronam e
dignitatem ip^rius dⁿi Reg⁹ de omib³ blad⁹ crescentib³ in feodo ip^rius
dⁿi Reg⁹. Et Nichus e P^rius veñ, Et di^c q^d p^rdčus P^rius ad p^rsens
solus tenet p^rdčm Camptū siml⁹ cū quib³dam teñ ibidem e aliis teñ
alibi noⁱe p^rpartis sue de f^redi^t Wil^ri p^ris ip^ro^r Nichi e Phi cui⁹ f^redes
ip^ri sunt. Et dicunt q^d dⁿs H. Rex auus dⁿi Reg⁹ nūc dedit p^rdčo
Wil^ro p^ri ip^ro^r omia teñ que f^runt Joñnis e Sampsoñ de Anneuiff cū
omib³ p^rtiñ suis tenend⁹ p^rdčo Wil^ro e f^redib³ suis adeo integre sicut
p^rdči Joñnes e Sampson ea tenf^runt. Et dicunt q^d p^rdči Joñnes e
Sampson toto tempe suo quo tenf^runt teñ illa sic p^rcipe consuef^runt
camptū illud sicut ip^re P^rius illud modo p^rcipit. Et hoc offerunt vifi-
care p^r p^riam. Dicunt t⁹ q^d Carta p^rdči dⁿi H. Reg⁹ inde f^rca patri
suo est in Anglia e illam huc nō detulerunt qz nō putabant sup^r hiis
inquerelari. Et petunt diem ad ostendend⁹ Cartam illam. Et dat⁹

they come
as before.
5 weeks.

day the said John & all the others come except the said Joan & John Barentyn. And a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And as to the said Joan & John Barentyn let it proceed to judgment but it is put in respite up to the said day &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. At which day all except the said John & Joan came & a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day all except the said John & Joan came & a day is given to them in three weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence a day is given to them in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day all except the said John & Joan came & a day is given to them in five weeks from the day of Easter next coming in one year wheresoever.

Nicholas de Cheny & Philip his brother were summoned to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & of his progenitors Kings of England they claim to take & have the twelfth sheaf of all manner of corn growing in 4 bovates of land in the parish of St. Sampson which belong to the lord the King by reason of the champart belonging to the crown & dignity of the said lord the King of all corn growing in the fee of the said lord the King. And Nicholas & Philip come & say that the said Philip at present holds solely the said champart together with certain tenements there & other tenements elsewhere in the name of his parceners of the inheritance of William father of the said Nicholas & Philip whose heirs they are. And they say that the lord H. the King grandfather of the King that now is gave to the said William their father all the tenements which belonged to John & Sampson de Anneville with all their appurtenances to hold to the said William & his heirs as fully as the said John & Sampson held them. And they say that the said John & Sampson the whole time they held those tenements were wont to take that champart as the said Philip now takes it. And this they offer to establish by verdict of the country. And they say that the charter of the said lord H. the King thereof made to their father is in England & they did not bring it here because they did not think that these things would be impleaded. And they pray for a day to

est eis dies coram dño Rege, a die S̄ci Mich̄is in vnū men̄s vbicumq̄,
tūc f̄fuit in Angl̄. Et sciend̄ qđ Juř dicunt sup sacr̄m suū qđ p̄d̄ci
[o]stend̄ Joħes e Sampson vsi f̄funt p̄cipe camp̄tū tempe suo Juř h̄editař in
[car]tam forma qua p̄d̄c̄us P̄hus illud modo capit. Postea ad diem illū apud
Westm̄ p̄d̄ci Nich̄us e P̄hus veñ. Et ̄tis de causis dat⁹ est eis dies
de Juđo suo aud̄ coram dño Rege a die Pasch̄ in vnū men̄s tūc f̄fuit
in Angl̄. Ad quem diem p̄d̄ci Nich̄us e P̄hs p̄ attor̄n suū veñ, et
datus est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicūq̄, t̄c. Ad quē
diē p̄d̄ci Nich̄s e P̄hs veñ e ̄tis de causis dat⁹ est eis dies a die
veñ Pasch̄ in xv. dies vbicūq̄, t̄c. Ad q̄ diē p̄d̄ci Nich̄s e P̄hs veñ e ̄tis
de cais dat⁹ est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicūq̄, t̄c. Ad
quem diem p̄d̄ci Nich̄us e P̄hus veñ. Et datus est eis dies vsq̄ in
veñ Crastino aīař vbicūq̄, t̄c. Et deinde datus est eis dies a die Pasche
in vnū men̄s vbicū t̄c. In Crastino aīař vbicūq̄, t̄c. Ad q̄ diē p̄d̄ci
Nich̄us e P̄hus veñ e dat⁹ est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensē
vbicūq̄, t̄c. Ad q̄ diē p̄d̄ci Nich̄s e P̄hs veñ e dat⁹ est eis dies a die
Pasch̄ in xv. dies vbicūq̄, t̄c. Ad [q̄] diē p̄d̄ci Nich̄s e P̄hs veñ e dat⁹
est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in q̄nq̄, sept̄as p̄x futur̄ in vnū annū vbiq̄, t̄c.

(M. 5.) **Adhuc de p̄litis coram p̄fatis Justiciar̄ p̄fatis
die 1 anno.**

ffresingfeld.

+ obiit. inq̄rat̄ t̄c.

Gerneř Abbas de monte s̄ci Mich̄is in picto maris in mīa p̄ pluribz
defaltis

Idem Abbas e Prior de Wale suñ f̄funt qđ essent hic ad res-
pond̄ dño Regi de plito quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi

Charter
to be
produced.

produce that charter. And a day is given to them before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England. And be it known that the jurors say upon their oath that the said John & Sampson were used to take champart in their time by right of inheritance in the form in which the said Philip now takes it. Afterwards at that day at Westminster the said Nicholas & Philip came. And for certain causes a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said Nicholas & Philip by their attorney come, & a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Nicholas & Philip come & for certain causes a day is given to them in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Nicholas & Philip come & for certain causes a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Nicholas & Philip come, & a day is given to them up to the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. And thence a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. At which day the said Nicholas & Philip come & a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Nicholas & Philip come & a day is given to them in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At [which] day the said Nicholas & Philip come & a day is given to them in 5 weeks from the day of Easter next coming in one year wheresoever &c.

(M. 5.) **Continuation of the pleas before the aforesaid Justices the day & year aforesaid.**

Fresingfeld.

dead. let it be enquired into &c.

The Abbot of Mount St. Michael 'in periculo maris' amerced for many defaults.

Guernsey.

The said Abbot & the Prior of the Vale were summoned that they be here to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by

Reg^o e pgenitoꝝ suoꝝ Regum Anglⁱ clamant h̄re Wreccū maris p totam f̄ram suam de Wale e costeram maris contigui e illud in pp^os vsus conf̄ſe. Et t̄ quo Waranto claīm h̄re quartam ptem Wrecci maris accidentis in dñicis f̄ris e aquis dñi Reg^o iux^a Castrum suū e alibi in f̄ris ip̄ius dñi Reg^o e aquis suis e f̄ris teneuciū suoꝝ p totam costeram Insule de Gerneŷ que nō sunt de feodo v̄t dominio ip̄oꝝ Abbis e Prioris e illam in pp^os vsus conf̄ſe. Et eciam quo Waranto clamant p̄cipe e h̄re quartam ptem oīm regaliū pisciū p quoscumq, marinellos captoꝝ in aquis dñi Reg^o vbicumq, applicanciū in p̄d̄ca In̄s. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamant p̄cipe e h̄re custumam makereſt assessa tempe dñi Edwardi nup Reg^o Anglⁱ p̄ris dñi Reg^o qui nūc est, de oīmibz tenentibz ip̄oꝝ Abbis e Prioris de p̄d̄ca Insula que ad Coronam e dignitatem dñi Reg^o ptinent. Et t̄ quo Waranto sine licencia t̄c clamant h̄re liſam Warennam in oīmibz dñicis f̄ris suis de Wale. Et eciam quo Waranto clamant fugare p totam f̄ram dñi Reg^o in p̄d̄ca Insula e Cuniclos dñi Reg^o cape p voluntate sua sine licencia ip̄ius dñi Reg^o e ministroꝝ suoꝝ potestatem h̄nciū licenciam hui^omodi concedendi. Et t̄ quo Waranto sine licencia t̄c clamant p̄cipe e h̄re oīmimoda p̄ficua pueniencia de Insula de Geyteho e Wreccū maris ibidem accidens que p manus ministroꝝ dñi Reg^o de p̄d̄ca In̄s de Gerneŷ ad opus dñi Reg^o debent deuenire vt ea que spectant ad Coronam e dignitatem suam. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamant h̄re standardū mensur̄ e ponderū de suo pp^o p totam f̄ram suam de Wale absq, liſaſcoe v̄t visu ministroꝝ dñi Reg^o de Gerneŷ. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamant h̄re f̄ras suas ibidem sic exemptas qđ de viis regalibz in eisdem nō debeat visus fieri p ministros sup^od̄cos quoꝝ emende spectant ad Coronam e dignitatem dñi Reg^o. Et t̄ quo Waranto sine licencia t̄c clamant p̄cipe e h̄re catalla hominū suoꝝ felonū dñi

what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & his progenitors Kings of England they claim to have wreck of the sea throughout all their land of the Vale & the sea-coast adjoining & to convert it to their own uses. And also by what warrant they claim to have the fourth part of the wreck of the sea occurring in the demesne lands & waters of the lord the King next his castle & elsewhere in the lands of the said lord the King & in his waters & the lands of his tenants throughout the whole coast of the island of Guernsey which are not of the fee or demesne of the said Abbot & Prior & to convert the same to their own uses. And also by what warrant they claim to take & have the fourth part of all the royal fish by whatsoever mariners taken in the waters of the lord the King wheresoever found in the said island. And also by what warrant they claim to take & have the custom of mackerel assessed in the time of the lord Edward late King of England, father of the lord the King that now is, of all the tenants of the said Abbot & Prior of the said island which belong to the crown & dignity of the lord the King. And also by what warrant without license &c. they claim to have free warren in all their demesne lands of the Vale. And also by what warrant they claim to chase throughout the whole land of the lord the King in the said island & to take the conies of the lord the King at their will without the license of the said lord the King & his officers having power to grant such license. And also by what warrant without license &c. they claim to take & have all manner of profits forthcoming from the island of Jethou and wreck of the sea there occurring which by the hands of the officers of the lord the King in the said island of Guernsey ought to come to the use of the lord the King as those (things) which belong to his crown & dignity. And also by what warrant they claim to have a standard of weights & measures of their own throughout their whole land of the Vale without permission or view of the officers of the lord the King in Guernsey. And also by what warrant they claim to have their lands there so exempt that view ought not to be made of the royal ways in the same by the officers aforesaid, the fines whereof belong to the crown & dignity of the lord the King. And also by what warrant without license &c. they claim to take & have the chattels of their

Reg^o vñ fugitiuoz que spectant ad Coronam e dignitatem dñi Reg^o. Et t̃ quo Waranto clamant h̃re eschetam de l̃ris hominũ suoz felonũ dñi Reg^o quietam e exemptam. Ita qđ dñs Rex p̃ficua nō p̃cipiat inde p vnũ annũ e vnũ diem put spectat ad Coronam e dignitatem suam. Et t̃ quo Waranto claĩ p quemcũq, hoĩem volũint Cuĩ suam peſe e h̃re de singlis hoĩbz suis ex^a Cuĩ dñi Reg^o. Et t̃ quo Waranto clamant h̃re sepalem⁽¹⁾ piscariam in quinq, maris exemptam de dño Rege e ministris suis. Et t̃ quo Waranto clamant p̃cipe e h̃re libam espkeriam apđ la Wale de piscibz p hoĩes suos captis in aquis dñi Reg^o que ad dñm Regem ptinent. Et t̃ quo Waranto clamant p̃cipe e h̃re de omĩbz tenentibz suis custumam de fumagio sine moneağ, que ad dñm Regem ptinet.

Idem Abbas e Prior de Lyho suĩ fũunt qđ essent hic ad respondendũ dño Regi de p̃lito quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Reg^o e p̃genitoz suoz Regum Angl clamant h̃re Wreccũ maris p totam fram suam de Lyho e costeram maris contigui e illud in pp̃os vsus conf̃ſſe quod spectat ad Coronam dñi Reg^o. Et t̃ quo Waranto clamant h̃ere libam Warennam in omĩbz dñicis l̃ris suis de Lyho. Et t̃ quo Waranto clamant h̃ere sepalem piscariam in la Russemare exemptam de dño Rege e ministris suis. Et t̃ quo Waranto clamant p quemcũq, hoĩem volũint Cuĩ suam peſe e h̃re de singlis hoĩbz suis ex^a Cuĩ dñi Reg^o. Et t̃ quo Waranto clamant p̃cipe e h̃re de omĩbz tenentibz suis custumã de fumagio sine moneağ que ad dñm Regem ptinent. Et t̃ quo Waranto sine licencia t̃c clamant p̃cipe e h̃re de singlis tenentibz suis in pochĩ s̃ci Petri de Bosco p manus p̃poĩti dñi Reg^o in eadem villa auxiliũ regale quod ad dñm Regem e Coronam e dignitatem suam ptinet.

Dñs Rex p Guĩſm des Mareys qui sequit̃ p eo petit vsus eundem Abbem aduocaçoes eccliaꝝ de Wale, Castro, s̃ci Saluatoris e

(1) Sic.

men who are felons or fugitives of the lord the King, which things belong to the crown & dignity of the lord the King. And also by what warrant they claim to have the escheat of the lands of their men who are felons of the lord the King quit & exempt. So that the lord the King may not take the profit thereof for one year & one day as belongs to his crown and dignity. And also by what warrant they demand by whatsoever man they will to claim & have their court of all their men outside the court of the lord the King. And also by what warrant they claim to have a several fishery in five seas exempt from the lord the King & his officers. And also by what warrant they claim to take & have free *esperkeria* at the Vale of the fish caught by their men in the waters of the lord the King which belong to the lord the King. And also by what warrant they claim to take & have of all their tenants the custom of *fumage* or *moneage*, which belongs to the lord the King.

The Abbot & the Prior of Lyhou were also summoned to be here to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & of his progenitors Kings of England they claim to have wreck of the sea throughout all their land of Lyhou & the sea-coast adjoining & convert it to their own uses which belongs to the crown of the lord the King. And also by what warrant they claim to have free warren in all their demesne lands of Lyhou. And also by what warrant they claim to have a several fishery in *la Russemare*⁽¹⁾ exempt from the lord the King & his officers. And also by what warrant they demand by whatsoever man they will to claim & have their court of all their men outside the court of the lord the King. And also by what warrant they claim to take & have of all their tenants the custom of *fumage* or *moneage* which belong to the lord the King. And also by what warrant without license &c. they claim to have & take of all their tenants in the parish of St. Peter-in-the-Wood by the hands of the provost of the lord the King in the said village the royal aid which belongs to the lord the King & his crown & dignity.

The lord the King by William des Mareys, who sues for him, claims against the said Abbot the advowsons of the Churches of the

(1) *Rousse-Mare*, *Claire Mare* & *Grande Mare* were three ponds on the west of Guernsey, all belonging to Mont St Michel, but now drained.

s̄ci Petⁱ de Bosco vt ius t̄c. Et vnde Idem Guifls diē p̄ dñō Rege qđ dñs H. Rex auus t̄c fuit seiscitus de p̄dcis aduocaçōibz tempe pacis, et ad ecclias illas p̄sentauit Chicos suos qui ad p̄sentaçoes suas f̄iunt admissi e in eisdem instituti. Et qđ tale sit ius Reg^o offert v̄ficare sicut Cuř cons̄.

Idem dñs Rex p̄ eundem Guiflm qui sequit^r p̄ eo petit vsus eundem Abbem Insulam de Geyteho cū p̄tiñ vt ius t̄c. Et vnde Idem Guifls dicit p̄ dñō Rege qđ dñs H. Rex auus t̄c fuit seiscitus de p̄dca Insula vt de feodo e iure Corone sue tempe pacis capiendo inde explecia ad valent̄ t̄c. Et qđ tale sit ius Reg^o offert verificare sicut Cuř cons̄.

Et Abbas e p̄dci Priores veñ. Et Abbas dicit qđ p̄dci Priores sunt remutabiles p̄ voluntate sua. Et p̄dci Priores hoc idem cognoscunt. Et Abbas dicit qđ quo ad regales pisces ip̄e disclām t̄c dū tamen balena e porpiscus nō cōphendant^r s̄b hoc noīe. Et quo ad standardū mensur̄ t̄c, ip̄e disclām t̄c. Et quo ad catalla hominū suoꝝ felonū t̄c, dicit qđ si hoīes sui cicius possint appoñe manus ad hu^o catalla hominū suoꝝ latronū q^m hoīes dñi Reg^o, tunc clām h̄re catalla illa e ali^o nō, et dicit qđ sic vs^o est ip̄e e om̄es p̄decessores sui Abbes de monte s̄ci Mich̄is, a tempe quo nō extat memoria. Et quo ad fugam Cunicloꝝ t̄c, clamat fugare tempe seiscione t̄c cū cane e baclo sine ingenio postq^m ministri dñi Reg^o pfugañunt t̄c. Et quo ad exempçōem de fr̄is suis t̄c, disclām e bene cognoscit qđ dñs Rex debet h̄re de fr̄is hominū suoꝝ felonū annū e vastum t̄c. Et quo ad Cuř suam t̄c dicit qđ de pl̄ito de catañ e hui^omodi minutis t̄c vsus est ip̄e e p̄decessores sui peñe Cuř suam de hoībz suis ex^a Cuř dñi Reg^o p̄ Priorem, Senescallū v̄l p̄poitum suū e illam optinere. Et quo ad auxiliū regale, disclām, sed dicit qđ q^{ndo} p̄poitus dñi Reg^o

Vale, of Castel, of St. Saviour & of St. Peter-in-the-Wood as his right &c. And thereupon the said William says for the lord the King that the said lord King H. the grandfather &c. was seised of the said advowsons in the time of peace & to those Churches presented his clerks who were admitted on his presentations & instituted into the same. And that such is the right of the King he offers to establish as the court shall determine.

Likewise the lord the King by the same William who sues for him claims against the said Abbot the island of Jethou with the appurtenances as his right &c. And thereupon the said William says for the lord the King that the lord King H. the grandfather &c. was seised of the said island as of fee & right of his Crown in the time of peace taking thereof rents to the value &c. And that such is the right of the King he offers to establish as the court shall determine.

And the Abbot & the said Priors come. And the Abbot says that the said Priors are removeable at his will. And the said Priors acknowledge this. And the Abbot says that as to the royal fish he disclaims &c. provided nevertheless that the whale & porpoise are not comprehended under this name. And as to the standard of measures &c. he disclaims &c. And as to the chattels of his men who are felons &c. he says that if his men can lay hands more quickly upon such chattels of his men who are thieves than the men of the lord the King, then he claims to have those chattels & not otherwise, & he says that he & all his predecessors Abbots of Mount St. Michael have so used from time immemorial. And as to the chasing of conies &c. he claims to chase in the time of the season &c. with dog & staff without engine after the officers of the lord the King have chased &c. And as to the exemption of his lands &c. he disclaims & fully acknowledges that the lord the King ought to have of the lands of his men who are felons year & waste &c. And as to his court &c. he says that concerning the plea of chattels & such like small things &c. he & his predecessors are wont to claim their court of their men outside the court of the lord the King, by their Prior, steward or provost & to obtain it. And as to royal aid, he disclaims,

leuaſit fumaḡ in pochn̄ ſcī Pet' de Bosco Idem p̄poſitus tenet' fače eidem Abbi reſtituōem in Prioratu ſuo de Lyho de fumaḡ recepto de tenentibz ipius Abbis cuiusd' pochn̄, et ſe extendit coibz annis ad viginti ſolid'. Et dicit qđ quidam Rex Angl' dedit denarios illos in offerend' ecclie p̄dci Prioratus de Lyho, ſed nō oſtendit inde aliquod fcm ſpeciale tē. Et quo ad cuſtumam makereſt tē dicit qđ q'ndo dñs E. Rex pał dñi Reg^o nūc aſſedebat cuſtumam illam ſup tenentes ſuos piſcatores tē Idem Abbas de aſſenſu homīu ſuoꝝ piſcatoꝝ aſſedebat conſimilem cuſtumam ſup hoīes ſuos piſcatores tē ſicut ei bene licuit vt dicit, e a p̄dco tempe recepit ipe hui^o cuſtumam. Et quo ad Wreccū tē, dicit qđ Idem dñs E. Rex tempe quo fuit dñs iſtaꝝ Inſulaꝝ p'luſq'm fuit Rex, fecit fieri inq'is ſup Wrecco p̄dco, et poſtq'm fuit Rex confirmauit Wreccū illud p̄deceſſori ipius Abbis p Cartam ſuam quam pfert in hec verba. —

Edwardus dei grā Rex Angl' Dñs Hiñn e Dux Aquit̄, omibz ad quos p̄ſentes tre pueſiunt Sałtm. Inſpeximus Cartam quam dudū anteq' guñacula regni n̄ri ſuſcepamus fieri fecimus dilcis noſ in xpo Abbi e Conuentiū ſcī Mich'is de piclo maris in hec ſba. Edwardus Illuſtris Reg^o Angl' p̄mogenitus, Achiepiſ, Ep̄is, Abbibz, Prioribz, Comitibz, Baronibz, Juſtič, vič, p̄poſitis, miniſtris, e omibz Bałlis e fidelibz ſuis, Sałtm. Quoniam p inq'uiſiōem quam p dictm e fidelem n̄rm Drogonem de Barantino tūc Bałtm n̄rm Inſulaꝝ de Gerſ e Gerneſ fieri p̄cepim^o accepimus qđ Abbas e monachi de piclo maris ex antiqua e appbata conſuetudine p̄cipe conſueſunt tempibz p̄deceſſoꝝ n̄roꝝ Regum Angl' e dnoꝝ Inſulaꝝ p̄dcaꝝ quartam ptem totius Wrecci maris in omibz locis Inſ n̄re de Gerneſ, tam illius Wrecci quod p ſe e ſine alicui^o auxilio venit ad litus maris q'm illius qđ p auxiliū aliq'oꝝ coadinuanciū trahit' ad litus. Et qđ intus Walium e Lyho e Guetehou totum Wreccū e omēs auenturas maris p viſum

but says that when the provost of the lord the King shall levy fumage in the parish of St. Peter-in-the-Wood the said provost is held to make to the said Abbot restitution in his priory of Lyhou for the fumage taken from the tenants of the said Abbot of the said parish & it extends common years to 20 sols. And he says that a certain King of England gave that money as an offering to the Church of the said priory of Lyhou, but he does not show any special deed thereof &c. And as to the custom of mackerel &c. he says that when the lord King E. father of the lord the King that now is, assessed that custom upon his tenants, fishermen &c., the said Abbot with the assent of his men, fishermen assessed a like custom upon his men fishermen &c. as was fully lawful for him to do, as he says, & from the said time he took such custom. And as to wreck, &c. he says that the said lord King E. at the time that he was lord of these islands before he was King, caused an inquisition to be made on the said wreck, & after he was King he confirmed that wreck to the predecessor of the said Abbot by his charter which he brings in these words :—

Edward by the grace of God, King of England, lord of Ireland & Duke of Aquitaine to all to whom these present letters shall come greeting. We have inspected the charter which lately, before we took upon us the government of our kingdom, we caused to be made to our beloved in Christ the Abbot & community of St. Michael 'de periculo maris' in these words: Edward first-born son of the illustrious King of England to the Archbishops, bishops, abbots, priors, earls, barons, justices, sheriffs, provosts, officers, & to all his bailiffs & faithful people greeting. For-as-much as by inquisition which we commanded to be made by Drogo de Barantin then bailiff of our islands of Jersey & Guernsey we understand that the Abbot & monks 'de periculo maris' by old & approved custom were wont to take in the times of our predecessors Kings of England & lords of the said islands the fourth part of all wreck of the sea in all places of our island of Guernsey as well of that wreck which by itself & without the aid of any comes to the sea-shore, as of that which by the aid of any helpers is brought to the shore. And that within the Vale, & Lyhou & Jethou they were likewise wont to have all wreck & all

Baſſi p̄dcoꝝ Regum ſimiſr p̄cipe conſueſunt, exceptis auro, ſerica nō opata, eſcarleta nō ſciſſa, et pallus de eſcarleta nouis ſine tachiis que ad Regm̄ ptinent dominiū. Et qđ in Inſ de Gereſ p̄cipe conſueſunt totū Wreccū maris p̄ totam ſram ſuam quam h̄ent in eadem Inſ, volum⁹ e concedim⁹ p̄ nob̄ e h̄edibz n̄ris qđ p̄dci Abbas e monachi e eoꝝ ſucceſſores h̄eant e p̄cipiant e poſſideant ſine impedimento aut calumpnia n̄ri v̄t h̄edum aut Baſſioꝝ n̄roꝝ quartam p̄tem tocius Wrecci maris applicantis p̄ ſe ſine alicui⁹ auxilio, et t̄ p̄ aliquos coadinuantes ad litus adducti in om̄ibz locis Inſ n̄re de Gerneſ. Et qđ intus Walium e Lyhou e Guetehou p̄cipiant totū Wreccū e auenturas maris p̄ viſum Baſſi n̄ri qui p̄ tēpe f̄ſit. Saluis nob̄ auro, ſerica nō opata, eſcarleta nō ſciſſa, et pallus de eſcarleta nouis ſine tachiis. Et qđ in Inſ de Gereſ p̄cipiant totū Wreccū maris p̄ totam ſram ſuam quam h̄ent in ead̄ Insula ✓ Saluis nob̄ Wrecco in ſra ſua que eſt in poct̄ S̄ci Clementis in ead̄ Insula e h̄edibz n̄ris, niſi nob̄ monſtrare poſint alias r̄onabiliꝝ qđ ip̄i illud h̄re debeant de iure. Et p̄hibemus ne cont̄ hanc conſeſſionem in aliquo vexent̄ in poſtūm. Hiis teſtibz Dominis Henrico f̄it nobilis Reg⁹ Alemanū, Rog⁹o de Leybur̄n, hen̄ de Bathoñ, Drogone de Barantino, Wiſto de Chany, Adam de Geſemuth, Joñe Burdet e aliis. Dat⁹ p̄ manū n̄ram ap̄d Bermundeſ ſc̄do die Nouem̄br, anno regni d̄ni Reg⁹ p̄ris n̄ri quadra-geſimo quarto. Nos autem p̄dcam cōceſſiōem ratam h̄entes e ḡtam volum⁹ e concedim⁹ eam obſeruari in futurū, ſicut Carta illa r̄onabiliꝝ teſtat̄. In cui⁹ rei teſtimoniū has l̄ras n̄ras fieri fecim⁹ patentes. T̄ me ip̄o apud Weſtm̄ quarto decimo die Maij anno r̄. n̄. Nouo. Et ſic Idem Abbas clām h̄re Wreccum p̄ut in p̄dco breui continetur.

Reſpice in tergo de eodem.

(M. 5 d.)

Et quo ad aduocaçones eccliaꝝ t̄c, et Insulam de Geyteho, e alias lib̄tates t̄c dicit qđ quidam Rob̄tus quondam Dux Normanū e d̄ns Insulaꝝ iſtaꝝ dedit cuidam p̄deceſſori ſuo Abbi de monte ſci Michis,

the ventures of the sea by the view of the bailiff of the said Kings, except gold, silk not worked, scarlet not cut, & cloak of scarlet new without fastenings which belong to the royal domain. And that in the island of Jersey they were wont to take all wreck of the sea throughout all their land which they have in the same island: we will & grant for us & our heirs that the said Abbot & monks & their successors may have & take & possess without impediment or challenge of us or our heirs or our bailiffs the fourth part of all wreck of the sea drifting by itself without the aid of any, & also brought by any helpers to the shore in all places of our island of Guernsey. And that within the Vale & Lyhou & Jethou they take all wreck & the ventures of the sea by the view of our bailiff for the time being, saving to us gold, silk not worked, scarlet not cut, & cloak of scarlet new without fastenings. And that in our island of Jersey they may take all wreck of the sea throughout their whole land which they have in the said island, saving to us & to our heirs wreck in their land which is in the parish of St. Clement in the said island, unless they can show to us reasonably elsewhere that they ought to have that of right. And we forbid that in the time to come they should be vexed in any way contrary to this grant: these being witnesses, the lords Henry son of the noble King of the Germans, Roger de Leybourn, Henry de Bath, Drogo de Barantin, William de Cheny, Adam de Gesemuth, John Burdet & others. Given by our hand at Bermundes the 2nd day of November in the 44th year of the reign of the lord the King our father. Now we having ratified & confirmed the said grant will & grant that the same may be observed in the future as that charter reasonably witnesses. In witness whereof we have caused these our letters to be made patent. Witness ourself at Westminster the 14th day of May in the 9th year of our reign. And so the said Abbot claims to have wreck as is contained in the said writ.

[Continued on the back of the same.]

(M 5 d.)

And as to the advowsons of Churches &c. and the island of Jethou & the other franchises &c. he says that a certain Robert formerly Duke of Normandy & lord of these islands gave to a certain predecessor of his Abbot of Mount St. Michael the moiety of this island, &

medietatem istius Insule, et inde p̄fert quoddā sc̄ptū cū signis sine sigillo quod in̄ cēsa continet sic in p̄ncipio. In noīe scē Trinitatis tē Ego Rob̄tus fit magni Riči, gr̄a dei Dux e p̄nceps Normannoꝝ reddo scō Michi altare suū cum toto monastio tē. Et ex inde continet sic in̄ cēsa, Concedo t̄ de rebz quas ad p̄p̄os vsus iur̄ h̄editař possidebam, e in vsus seruoꝝ dei ip̄i in eodem loco sc̄i Michis Archanḡli seruiciū sollempniť t̄nsfundo id est medietatem In̄s que dicit̄ Gerneř ad integrū, et ex al̄ia medietate quam quidam fidel̄ n̄r noīe Nigellus in b̄nfičo tenet om̄es consuetudīes, quas in meos vsus detinebam, hoc est melaĝ, e om̄ia quecūq; ex ip̄o b̄nfičo meis vsibz p̄ueniūt. Et ex inde in̄ cēsa sit continet volo vt hec Iur̄ p̄petus teneant possideant heant absq; vlla reclamačoe e publicoꝝ ministroꝝ in quietudine sicut res ad fiscum dñicum p̄tinentes. Et dicit qđ a tempe p̄dci doni ip̄i e p̄decessores sui Abb̄es de monte sc̄i Michis tenūnt pacifice p̄dčas aduocačoes e Insulam de Geyteho, tanq̄m de pte medietalis hui⁹ Insule sic date p̄decessori suo, e quasdam alias f̄ras suas in hac Insula sine in̄frupčone tē et vsi sunt p̄dci lib̄tatibz in forma qua modo clām. Et qđ ita sit offert v̄ficare sicut Cuř considerařit.

Et Guiffus quo ad catalla felonū tē, dicit qđ p̄dčus Abb̄as nō h̄et aliquam Jurisdicčoe cognoscendi sup aliquo furto vť alia felon̄ia, nec p̄decessores sui vnq̄ h̄re consueſunt, et ex quo p̄dčus Abbas nō potest dedediče quin dñs Rex h̄ebit catalla hoīn ip̄ius Abb̄is feloñ de latrocinio, si ministri Reg⁹ possint ad illa manus appoſe petit Iud̄m si Abbas aliquid clām possit in hui⁹ catał ex quo nō ostendit aliquod f̄c̄m speciale tē. Et quo ad restitučoe fumagii tē petit simiľr Iud̄m p̄ dño Rege ex quo Abb̄as nō ostendit inde aliquod f̄c̄m speciale tē. Et quo ad Custumam makereľ, dicit qđ b̄n patet p̄ Cartā dñi Reg⁹ qđ custuma illā t̄m spectat ad dñm Regem in hac Insula, et qđ p̄ nullo alio dño assessa fuit custuma illa, et ex quo

thereof he produces a certain writing with signatures without a seal which among other things contains thus in the first place. In the name of the Holy Trinity &c. I Robert son of the great Richard, by the grace of God Duke & prince of the Normans, give to St. Michael his altar with the whole monastery &c. And therein is contained thus among other things: also I grant of the things which I possessed to my own use by right of inheritance & I transfer them to the use of the servants of God solemnly serving Him in the said place of St. Michael the Archangel, that is, a moiety of the island which is called Guernsey in full, & out of the other moiety which a certain faithful man of ours named Neel holds in benefice all the customs which I retained to my use, that is melagium & all things whatsoever outside that same benefice which belonged to me. And therein it is contained thus among other things: I will that they may hold possess & have these rights for ever without any reclamation & without interference of the public officers, as things belonging to the royal revenue. And he says that from the time of the said grant he & his predecessors Abbots of Mount St. Michael held peaceably the said advowsons & the island of Jethou as of part of the moiety of this island so given to his predecessor & certain other his lands in this island without interruption &c. and used the said liberties in the form in which he now claims. And that it is so he offers to establish as the court shall determine.

And William as to the chattels of felons &c. says that the said Abbot has not any jurisdiction to take cognizance of any theft or other felony, neither were his predecessors ever wont to have it, & for that the Abbot cannot gainsay, but that the lord the King should have the chattels of the men of the said Abbot convicted of theft, if the officers of the King may lay their hands on those things, he claims judgment as to whether the Abbot may claim anything in such chattels for that he does not show any special deed &c. And as to the restitution of fumage &c. he claims judgment likewise for the lord the King for that the Abbot does not show therein any special deed &c. And as to the custom of mackerel he says that it appears clearly by the charter of the lord the King that that custom only belongs to the lord the King in this island, & that for no other lord

pdcs Abbas nō ostendit inde aliquod fcm speciale petit Judm p dño Rege, et maxie cū Receptores dñi Reg^o in hac Insula ex pp^a voluntate sua admiserint quand pixedem a P^ore de Wale in qua deponūt ad opus p^oris denaī pceptos de hoīb^z suis de hui^o custuma sine Waranto. Et quo ad aduocações ecclia^z e Insulam de Geyteho, dicit qđ pdcs Abbas nō defend Jus suū in forma competenti nec similr respondit ad seisinam antecessorū dñi Reg^o tē vnde petit Judm tē. Dicit t qđ Insula de Geyteho licet modica sit e pna, nō est pars hui^o Insule, sed Insuletta p se fere contigua Insule de Erm. Et hoc petit qđ inq^rat^r p dño Rege. Et petit Judm p dño Rege. Petit t p dño Rege qđ inq^rat^r de Wrecco tē, ex q^o p legalem inqⁱs captā in p^sencia ipⁱus Abbis vsus Matⁱim de Sauzmareis cōuictū est qđ dñs Rex pa^r tē in inqⁱs capta que in Carta continet^r deceptus fuit. Et Guif^s le Gros, Jord^s Choffin, Pet^r del Estak, Ri^cus le Herice, Pet^r Nicole, Pet^r le Hageis, Pet^r Ernald, Aug^otinus de la Curt, Wil^s le Gay, Ri^cus Bernard, Hen^r de vaugerard e Colinus de la Curt Ju^r dicunt sup sac^rm qđ Ab^bes de monte scⁱ Michⁱs a tempe quo nō est memoria semp ten^sunt Insulettam de Geyteho licet raro moret^r ibi aliquis homo, e t^ras e teñ e aduocações pdcā^z ecclia^z in forma qua pdcs Abbas modo tenet. Dicunt tū qđ nūq^a antea audierunt qđ pdca Insuletta plus sit pars vni^o medietatis istius Insule q^m alⁱius medietatis, nisi tantū qđ Ab^bes de pdco monte illam ten^sunt vt Insulettam p se, sicut pdcs Abbas eam modo tenet. Distat enim ab hac Insula p duas leucas e amplius. Et quo ad alias libtates p^rq^m de Wrecco, dicunt qđ Ab^bes de pdco monte vti solebant pdcis libtⁱb^z in forma qua pdcs Abbas eas modo cla^m, a tempe quo memoria nō existit. Et quo ad Wreccū tē, dicunt qđ p p^res suos intellexerunt qđ Ab^bes de pdco monte peipe solebant totum Wreccū accidens in

was that custom assessed, & for that the said Abbot does not show therein any special deed he claims judgment for the lord the King & chiefly as the Receivers of the lord the King in this island of their own will admitted a certain chest from the Prior of the Vale in which they place to the use of the Prior the money taken from his men of such custom without warrant. And as to the advowsons of Churches & the island of Jethou, he says that the said Abbot does not defend his right in proper form nor likewise does he answer to the seisin of the ancestors of the lord the King &c. wherefore he claims judgment &c. And he says that the island of Jethou although it is moderate & small is not part of this island but is a little island by itself almost adjoining the island of Herm. And he prays that this may be enquired into for the lord the King. And he claims judgment for the lord the King. He claims also for the lord the King that it may be enquired into concerning wreck &c. for that by the lawful inquest taken in the presence of the said Abbot against Matthew de Saumareys it was proved that the lord the King the father &c. was deceived in the inquest taken which is contained in the charter. And William le Gros, Jordan Choffyn, Peter de L'Estak, Richard le Herice, Peter Nicole, Peter le Hageis, Peter Ernald, Augustin de la Court, William le Gay, Richard Bernard, Henry de Vaugerard & Colin de la Court, jurors, say upon their oath that the Abbots of Mount St. Michael from time immemorial always held the little island of Jethou, although there rarely lived there any man, & the lands & tenements & the advowsons of the said Churches in the form in which the said Abbot now holds them. They say also that they never before heard that the said little island is more part of one moiety of this island than of the other moiety, unless only that the Abbots of the said Mount held the same as a small island by itself, as the said Abbot now holds the same, for it is distant from this island two leagues & more. And as to the other franchises except wreck, they say that the Abbots of the said mount were wont to use the said franchises in the form in which the said Abbot now claims them, from time immemorial. And as to wreck &c., they say that they were told by their fathers that the Abbots of the said Mount were wont to take all wreck occurring in their lands

fr̃is suis p̃ totā hanc Insulam. Et tunc pre diſſis discordiis e diſſenſionibz ſepius ortis p̃ locis vbi Wreccū accidit exiſtentibz in dubio ſine ſta meta e aliis de cauſis, vt de Wrecco t̃nſferendo de loco ad locū vt furando t̃c, inſ Baſſos e miniſtros dñi Reg^o e Abbis, e de feodo Comit̃is quod Nic̃hus de Cheny modo tenet inſ ip̃os Baſſios concordatū fuit qđ p̃d̃c̃us Abbas ſolus p̃cipet Wreccū maris accidens in dñicis fr̃is ſuis de Wale e Lyho p̃ eo videt̃ qđ ip̃e Abbas multo plus fr̃e h̃uit in coſtera maris vbi Wreccū accidit, et de toto Wrecco reſiduo accidente p̃ totam Insulam p̃lq̃m in dñicis fr̃is Mat̃hi de Sauzmareis qui ſolus ibi h̃et Wreccū fieret equa p̃ticio Ita qđ medietas integre remanebit dño Regi, et alia medietas equatr̃ p̃tiret̃ inſ p̃d̃c̃m Abbem ex vna p̃te, e tenentes fr̃as p̃d̃ci Comit̃is quas p̃d̃cs Nic̃hus modo tenet ex al̃a. Saluis ſemp dño Regi p̃ncipalibz rebz antiquitus exceptis vt aurum nō opatum, Serica nō opata, eſcarleta integra, mantellū ſine attachia, aues regales e hui^omodi t̃c. Et ſunt triginta anni elapſi e amplius qđ p̃locũco illa vltimo f̃ca fuit t̃c. Et dicunt qđ ſemp poſtea vſi ſunt p̃cipi Wreccū in forma p̃d̃ca, ſed nesciunt ſi dñs Rex ad hoc p̃buit aſſenſum nec ne. Et dicunt qđ diu antea f̃ſſat inſ baſſos e miniſtros eoꝝ de hui^omodi Wrecco conſimilis p̃locũco. Et de aſſenſu Abbis datus eſt eis dies de audiendo Judo ſuo coram dño Rege a die ſc̃i Mich̃is in vnū menſem, vbicumq; nō veñ tūc f̃ſſit in Angl̃. Et Abbas po. lo. ſuo Joſhem leffay vt Oliſm le moigne.

Et Abbas p̃ter p̃d̃cas lib̃tates clãm dũce victualia blãd, carñm e piſciū ad Abbiā ſuā ex^a hanc Insulam lib̃e p̃ fr̃as patentes dñi H. Reg^o aui t̃c quas p̃fert e que teſtant̃ qđ p̃d̃cs dñs H. Rex ſic eis cōceſſit ſed nō continet̃ in eiſdem qđ ſic conceſſerat p̃ ſe vt fr̃edibz ſuis nec ſucceſſor̃ Abbis imp̃pm, ſed tantum qđ maudauit Baſſis In-

throughout the whole island. And then by reason of divers discords & discussions often arising through the places where wreck occurs being in doubt without certain bounds & for other causes such as by wreck being taken from one place to another or stolen &c. between the bailiffs & officers of the lord the King & of the Abbot & of the fief Le Comte which Nicholas de Cheney now holds, it was agreed between those bailiffs that the said Abbot alone should take wreck of the sea occurring in his demesne lands of the Vale & Lyhou, for that to wit, the said Abbot had much more land on the sea-coast where wreck occurs, & of the residue of the whole wreck occurring throughout the whole island except in the demesne lands of Matthew de Saumareys, who alone has wreck there, an equal division shall be made; so that the one moiety shall wholly remain to the lord the King & the other moiety shall be equally divided between the said Abbot of the one part & those holding the lands of the said Count which the said Nicholas now holds of the other part. Saving always to the lord the King the princely things of old excepted as gold not worked, silk not worked, scarlet in the whole, cloak without fastening, royal birds & such like &c. And 30 years & more have elapsed since that arrangement was last made &c. And they say that always afterwards wreck was wont to be taken in the form aforesaid but they do not know whether the King gave his consent to this or not. And they say that long before there was a similar arrangement between their bailiffs & officers concerning such wreck. And with the assent of the Abbot a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England. And the Abbot puts in his place John Leffay or Oliver le Moigne.

They do not
come.

And the Abbot besides the said franchises claims to carry victuals, corn, flesh & fish to his Abbey outside this island freely by letters patent of the lord H. the King grandfather &c. which he brings & which witnesses that the said lord H. the King so granted to them but it is not contained in the same that he so granted it for them or their heirs nor their successors, abbots there, for ever, but only that he commanded the bailiffs of the island by the said letters

sule p easd tras qđ pmitfent Abbem duĉe hui⁹modi victualia ad Abbiā suā pđcām. Et postea pĉipiens qđ tre ille nō sunt auctoritatis ad War ei ad p̄sens duĉe hui⁹ victualia absq; custuma indanda ex q^o Abbia nūc existit in alio regno tĉ, supponit inde in grām dñi Reg⁹ tĉ. Clām t̄ qđ in fine Itifis debet ipe faĉe portare virgā dñi Reg⁹ p omēs altas vias in feodo suo de Wale ad scrutand si fĉe fūint ibi p̄presture. Et debet ipe emendare faĉe p̄presturas illas, e emend inde pĉipe e sic solebant eius p̄decessor tĉ ab antiquo. Et inde g^{at}is respondet e poñ se sup Jur p̄rie, sed nich scit ostendere de aliqua concessione regia inde sibi fĉa nec qđ alias in Cur dñi Reg⁹ fūit allocut, sed tm qđ dicit qđ sic vsi fūunt ab antiquo. Et Jur dicunt sup sacrm suū qđ pđci Abbes sic vsi fūunt ab antiquo. Dicunt tñ qđ vie ille sunt pp̄e vie dñi Reg⁹ p quas hoīes Reg⁹ de tota Insula hent. Iter snū cum bestiis suis ad cōam ipius dñi Reg⁹ quesita est quasi in medio feodi pđci Abbis, e dñs Rex semp hucusq; solebat emend pĉipe de omimodis p̄presturis fĉis in pđcā cōa p quoscumq;. Dies datus est pđcō Abbi de audiendo Judō suo coram pfato dño Rege ad pfatū tminū. Et Abbas po. lo. suo pđcōs Johēm vt Oliūm. Posteo ad diem illū apđ Westm pđcūs Abbas veñ p attorñ suū. Et Etis de causis dat⁹ est eis dies de Judō suo aud de vtroq; coram dño Rege a die Pasch in vnū menš vbicūq; tūc fūit in Angl Ad quem diē pđcūs Abbas veñ p attorñ suū e dat⁹ ei dies vsq; a die Pasch in vnū mensem vbicūq; tĉ.—Ad quē diem pđcūs Abbas venit e dat⁹ est ei dies a die Pasch in xv. dies vbicumq; tĉ. de vt^oq; plito tĉ. Ad q̄ diem pđcūs Abbas veñ, e dat⁹ est ei dies a die Pasch in vnū mensem vbicūq; tĉ. Ad quē diem pđcūs Abbas non venit iō pcedat^r ad Judm sed ponit^r in resp^{tu} vsq; in Crastino aīaz vbicūq; tĉ. Et deinde a die Pasche in vnu menš vbicūq; tĉ. In Crastino aīaz vbicūq; tĉ.

to permit the abbot to carry such victuals to his said abbey. And afterwards perceiving that those letters are no authority to warrant him to take at present such victuals without giving custom for them because the abbey is now in another kingdom &c., he puts himself in the grace of the King &c. He claims also that at the end of the eyre he ought to cause the rod of the lord the King to be carried throughout all the high-ways in his fee of the Vale to search whether any encroachments shall have been made there. And he ought to cause those encroachments to be fined & to take the fines thereof, & so his predecessors were wont to do from ancient times. And he answers freely therein & puts himself upon the jury of the country, but he cannot show any royal grant made to him therein nor that it was allowed elsewhere in the court of the lord the King, but only that he says they were so used from ancient time. And the jurors say upon their oath that the said Abbots so used to do from ancient times. But they say that those ways are the high-ways of the lord the King, by which the men of the King of the whole island have their way with their beasts to the common of the said lord the King which is situated nearly in the middle of the fee of the said Abbot, & the lord the King has always been wont up to the present time to take the fines for all manner of encroachments made by whomsoever in the said common. A day is given to the said Abbot to hear his judgment before the said lord the King at the said term. And the Abbot puts in his place the said John or Oliver. Afterwards at that day at Westminster the said Abbot comes by his attorney. And for certain causes a day is given to them to hear the judgment of both before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said Abbot comes by his attorney & a day is given to him in one month to the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Abbot comes & a day is given to him in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. of each plea. At which day the said Abbot comes, & a day is given to him in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Abbot does not come, therefore let it be proceeded to judgment, but it is respited up to the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. And thence in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls where-

Comes.

Does not
come.

J^m resp^r

Ad q̄ djē iudičm resp^tuat^r vt sup^a vsq³ a die Pasch in vnū menš vbi-
cūq³ tē. Ad q̄ diē iudičm resp^tuat^r vt p^lus vsq³ a die Pasche in tres
sep^t vbi-
cūq³ tē. Ad quē diē iudm resp^tuat^r vt prius vsq³ a die Pasch
in xv dies vbi-
cūq³ tē. Ad quē diē testat^r qđ pđcūs Abb obiit. Sed
et sciat^r inde rei fītas mandāt est Otoni de Grandisono qđ Regē
ctificet a die Pasch in qūq³ sep^ts p^x futur in vnū annū vbi-
cūq³ tē.

Seq^r Rex tē

(M. 6.)

Plita coram Joñne de ffresingfeld e sociis suis Justi-
ciariis dñi Regis Itinātibz in Gernereye die Lune p^xima
ante festū scī Barnabe Apti anno Regni Regis Edwardi
secundo.

Gerneř

Rādus de Bosc Burgenš Rotomageñ alias coram Matño de Curia
tenente locū Ottonis de Grandisono in hac Insula peciit delibācoem
vinoz suoz que dixerat occupata e sibi detenta p Ricm le Herice,
Robtm Dagenas, Petrum la Cornaille, e Lucam le Corner e quosdam
alios Insulanos hic eis adherentes. Et iidem Ričus e alii tunc dixe-
runt qđ cum quedam nauis de Grestem in qua pđča vina simul cū
aliis vinis cartata fuerunt, e de qua Joñnes le Maceon fuit magister
piclitauit in costera maris ppe hanc Insulam e marinelli cū mēcato-
ribz sine custodibz vina illa conducentibz rogauerunt eos vt efficax e
festinū auxiliū eis impenderent ad saluandū nauem suam cum rebus
in eadem existentibz e ipi satisfācent eis de competenti salario. Et
cum ipi Ričus e alii eis respondissent qđ hoc nō fačent vllo modo
nisi p medietate mercandisaz saluataz scđm consuetudinem p^rie.
Willus le Maceon pať pđči mađri dixit qđ consuetudo no fuit fca
parcialiť p vllo eoz sz p omibz in cōi e tam ipe Willus e marinelli e
mēcatores sine custodes vinoz illoz ibi tunc p^sentes q^m magist^r nauis
e marinelli e mēcatores sine custodes ad nauem existentes ad hoc

Judgment
respited.

soever &c. At which day judgment is respited as above until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day judgment is respited as before up to 3 weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day judgment is respited as before up to 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day it was testified that the said Abbot was dead. But in order that the truth of the matter may be known it is commanded to Otto de Grandison to certify to the King in 5 weeks from the day of Easter next coming in one year wheresoever &c.

Let the King
sue &c.

(M. 6.)

Pleas before John de Fresingfeld & his fellow-Justices in Eyre of the Lord the King in Guernsey on Monday next before the feast of St. Barnabas the Apostle in the second year of the reign of King Edward.

Guernsey.

Ralph de Bosc' burgess of Rouen elsewhere before Matthew de la Court lieutenant of Otto de Grandison in this island claims delivery of his wines which he says are taken & detained by Richard le Herice, Robert Dagenas, Peter la Cornaille, & Luke le Corner & certain other islanders here adhering to them. And the said Richard & others then said that whereas a certain ship of Grestain⁽¹⁾ in which the said wines together with other wines were conveyed, & of which John le Maceon was master was in peril on the sea-coast near this island, & the sailors with the merchants or keepers conducting those wines requested them to render them effectual & quick help to save their ship with the things being in the same & they would give them a sufficient reward. And whereas the said Richard & others answered them that they could on no account do this except for the moiety of the merchandizes saved according to the custom of the country. William le Maceon father of the said master said that the custom was not made specially for any of them but for all in common & as well the said William & the sailors & merchants or keepers of those wines then being present there as the master of the ship & the sailors & merchants or keepers being in the ship agreed to this &

(1) Grestain was in the diocese of Lisieux, and possessed an Abbey.

concordarunt e totaīr concesserunt. Et sic ip̄e Ričus e socii sui
p̄dčam nauem que fere plena erat aqua salsa saluauerunt ad magnos
labores e pictosos e guindauerunt vina ex^a nauem quousq, nauis
f̄uat repata e de assensu e bona voluntate p̄dčoz marinelloz e m̄catoz
sine custodū vinoz illoz sic saluatoz, fuerunt vina illa equaīr partita p
mediū, et vna medietas reposita fuit in nauem ad opus m̄catoz, et
alia medietas iux^a consuetudinem patrie e conuenčoe p̄dčam re-
mansit ad f̄ram e equaīr partita fuit p mediū, et vna medietas inde
remansit ip̄is saluatoribz, e alia medietas medietatis illius partita
fuit equaliīr in duas ptes, quaz vna pars remansit dño Regi, e alia
pars p equali porčoe partita fuit in Priorem de Wale noīe Abbtis de
monte scī Michis ad cui⁹ voluntatem idem Prior extat remitta bilis e
Nichm de Cheny iux^a consuetudinem de rebus in mari piclitantibz
sic saluatis hacten⁹ vsitatam parciendis. Et sic tam ex causa Wrecci,
q^m p p̄dčas conuenčoe e consuetudinem clamaūnt ip̄i pp̄ietatem
vinoz illoz. Et cum quesitum fuisset ab eis vtrum illa clamare vo-
luissent ex causa Wrecci, vī p p̄dčas conuenčoe e consuetudinem
cū p vtrasq, rōnes nō potuissent / ip̄i se tenuerunt ad p̄dčas conuen-
čoe e consuetudinem renunciantes Wrecco. Et h̄itis loquelis hui⁹-
modi p consensum oīm loquela inde in eos remansit indiscussa vsq,
ad has as̄, vinis illis remanentibz in arresto dñi Regis.—Et p̄dčus
Rad̄s modo venit.—Et p̄dči Abbas, Nichus, Ričus, Rohtus, Petrus,
e Lucas modo veniunt. Et p̄dča Ričus, Rohtus, Petrus e Lucas
offerunt se respondere p aliis saluatoribz. Ita tamen qđ Curia dñi
Regis sit eis in auxiliū ad Justiciand̄ socios eoꝝ nunc absentes si necce
f̄uit. Et p̄dčus Rad̄us dicit qđ ip̄e fideliīr emit vina illa e soluit p
eis om̄imodas custumas debitas nec p se vī aliū vnq^a forisfecit vina
illa, et petit qđ dñs Rex illa sibi delibari faciat, vī qđ ea occupantes
ostendant quare sibi delibari nō debeant.

granted it fully. And so the said Richard & his fellows saved the said ship which was nearly full of salt water with great trouble & at great danger & took charge of the wines out of the ship until the ship was repaired, & with the assent & good will of the said sailors & merchants or keepers of those wines so saved, those wines were divided equally in half, & one moiety was placed in the ship for the use of the merchants, & the other moiety according to the custom of the country & the agreement aforesaid remained on land & was equally divided in half & one moiety thereof remained to the salvors & the other moiety of that moiety was divided equally in two parts, whereof one part remained to the lord the King & the other part by equal portions was divided between the Prior of the Vale in the name of the Abbot of Mount St. Michael at whose will the said Prior is removable & Nicholas de Cheny according to the custom hitherto used for dividing those things so saved from the peril of the sea. And so as well on account of the wreck as by the said agreement & custom they claimed the ownership of those wines. And when it was asked of them whether they wished to claim them on account of wreck or by the said agreement & custom, as they could not do it for both reasons, they held to the said agreement & custom, renouncing wreck. And such pleas being had, by the consent of all, the plea thereof remained undiscussed among them until these assizes, those wines remaining in the arrest of the lord the King. And the said Ralph now comes. And the said Abbot, Nicholas, Richard, Robert, Peter & Luke now came. And the said Richard, Robert, Peter & Luke offered to answer for the other salvors. So nevertheless that the court of the lord the King should aid them in compelling their associates now absent if need should be. And the said Ralph says that he bought those wines in good faith & paid for them all manner of customs due, & that neither for himself or others did he ever forfeit those wines, & he prays that the lord the King will cause them to be delivered to him or that those keeping them may show why they should not be delivered to him.

Et Abbas et alii dicunt quod iuxta predictas consuetudinem et conuentionem predicta medietas vinorum saluatorum mere spectat ad ipsos Abbatem et alios in forma qua predictum excepta quarta parte vinorum illorum que per eandem consuetudinem remanet domino Regi. Et dicunt quod dominus Rex sine causa put eis videtur vina eorum in propria possessione ipsorum inuenta fecit arrestari. Et petunt quod dominus Rex ammoneat manum suam de arresto, et ipsi parati erunt una cum consilio domini Regis per partem ipsam inde contingente respondere predicto Rado put de iure fuisse faciendum. Et hoc manucapsum quilibet eorum scit per portum ipsos inde contingente tunc. Et eis conceditur. Et dictum est eis quod preterea per se et dominus Rex super hoc habebit amissionem.

Et Radus petit versus eos triginta et sex pipas vini albi precij cuiuslibet ix. libris saluo sibi et retento beneficio legis mercatorie secundum quod inde probare possit una cum dampnis suis tunc que se pretestatur petiturum. Et Abbas et alii bene cognoscunt quod medietas vinorum que fuerunt ipsius Radi in predicta nauis, que remansit parcienda in domino Regem et eos in forma qua predictum se extendit tantummodo ad triginta et duas pipas, et de preterea non cognoscunt nec concedunt precium quod Radus apponit in predictis pipis. Sed dicunt quod de vinis illis non tenentur predicto Rado facere restitutionem nec sibi inde respondere. Quia dicunt quod consuetudo in hiis Insulis de rebus piculantibus in mari saluatis per Insulanos hactenus ab antiquo visitata talis est ut predictum. Et dicunt quod ipsi parati sunt verificare quod predicta conuencio facta in ipsos et partes de predictis marinellis et mercatoribus sine custodiibus vinorum, et postea per omnes et singulos eorum concessa et anullo deducta talis fuerat, quod bona per ipsos saluata per medium partirentur in eos iuxta consuetudinem patrie superdictam. Dicunt etiam quod ipsi Ricus et alii pati sunt probare quod ipsi saluarunt nauem predictam cum vinis sicut est predictum, et quod consuetudo talis existit.

And the Abbot & others say that according to the said custom & agreement the said moiety of the wines saved merely belong to the said Abbot & others in the form abovesaid, except the fourth part of those wines which by the same custom remains to the lord the King. And they say that the lord the King without cause as it seems to them caused their wines found in their own possession to be arrested. And they pray that the lord the King will raise the arrest, & they will be ready together with the council of the lord the King to answer for the share coming to them therein, to the said Ralph as of right ought to be done. And this each of them gave surety for, to wit, for the portion coming to them, &c. And it is granted to them. And they are told to plead for themselves, & the King will have advice hereupon.

And Ralph claims against them thirty-six pipes of white wine, the price of each 9 livres, saving & retaining to himself the benefit of the merchant law according to what might be proved thereof, together with his damages &c. which he protests that he will claim. And the Abbot & the others well know that the moiety of the wines which were of the said Ralph in the said ship, which remained to be divided between the lord the King & them in the form aforesaid extends only to thirty-two pipes & of a greater number they are ignorant nor do they admit the price which Ralph put on the said pipes. But they say that they are not bound to make restitution of those wines to the said Ralph nor to answer to him therein. Because they say that the custom in these islands of things saved from the peril of the sea by the islanders hitherto used from ancient time is such as is aforesaid. And they say that they are ready to establish that the said agreement was made between them and many of the said sailors & merchants or keepers of the wines, & afterwards was granted by all & each of them, and such had been denied by no one, that the goods saved by them should be divided in half between them according to the custom of the said country. They also say that the said Richard & the others are ready to prove that they saved the said ship with the wines as is aforesaid, & that the custom is such.

Et Radus dicit qđ p costeram maris Angl, Normanñ e Insul in tali casu nō est consuetudo nisi de Wrecco cum acciderit. Et ex quo pđci Riçus e alii renunciauerunt Wrecco sicut pđcm est, e si petiuisse voluissent legale salariū libent̃ illud soluisset, e si conuentū fuisset int̃ eos e marinellos, hoc fuit scđm consuetudinem p̃rie, e hic nō est consuetudo in tali casu, nisi Wreccū acciderit e ip̃i renunciauerūt Wrecco : petit Judm si ip̃i h̃re debeant medietatem vinoꝝ suoꝝ, ṽt aliud q̃m legale salariū.—Et Justiç sup hiis volentes h̃re plenius am̃samentū, nec inuenientes aliquem sup hui⁹modi consuetudine noticiam h̃entem, qui nō sit adherens alicui parciū pđcāz, p̃ceserunt ad scrutandū inde plenius veritatem p sacr̃m legalioꝝ hui⁹ Insule minus suspectoꝝ, p̃tibus ad hoc nō vocatis nec in aliquo sup hoc requisitis. Et inuenerunt p eoꝝ sacr̃m qđ ip̃i recolunt de tempe dñi H. Regis aui Regis nunc qđ accidit hic de quadam naui de Wynchelse piclitante e saluata consimilr f̃cām fuisse p̃tīcoem in forma qua pđicit̃ antecessoribz ip̃oꝝ tūc dicentibz consuetudinem Insule talem extitisse. Et postea consimilr f̃cām fuisse de quadam naui de Chirebourgh in Normanñ que vocabat̃ la Bastarde, similr piclitante e saluata. Et postea de duabz nauibz Petri Lupe de Ispannia, videt̃ vna in vno anno e alia in anno seq̃nti, similr piclitantibz e saluatis. Et postea de quadam alia naui de Normanñ e de alia naui Almaria vicery de Vascoñ similr piclitantibz e saluatis. Et eciam de p̃libz aliis e semp de bonis saluatis hui⁹modi paracio f̃cā fuit. Sed nō recolunt qđ consuetudo illa f̃uat vnq̃ approbata ṽt rep̃bata p dñm Regem ṽt eius consiliū, nec qđ vnq̃ antea venit in discussionem. Et Justiç hic ppendentes dñm Regem e eius p̃genitores p tantum tempus fuisse in possessione p̃cipiendi tale p̃ficiū de rebus sic saluatis in Insul Et etiam qđ pđci Abbas p successionem e Michus p descensum clamant hui⁹modi p̃ficiū p̃cipe : noluerunt ṽtius p̃cedere dño Rege sup hiis inconsulto. Et Idō de consensu pđcāz parciū datus est eis dies coram ip̃o dño Rege de audiendo Iudicio suo a die

And Ralph says that along the sea-coast of England, Normandy & the islands it is not the custom in such case except as to wreck when it shall happen, for that the said Richard & others renounced wreck as is aforesaid, & if they wished to have asked their lawful salary he would have paid it willingly, & if there was an agreement between them & the sailors, this was according to the custom of the country, & here it is not the custom in such a case, unless a wreck should occur, & they renounced wreck. He claims judgment whether they ought to have the moiety of his wines, or other than their lawful recompense. And the justices wishing to have fuller advice upon these things, & not finding anybody having knowledge of such custom who is not a partizan of either of the said parties, proceeded to search more fully the truth thereof by the oath of lawful men of this island above suspicion, the parties not being hereto called nor required in anything hereupon. And they found by their oath that they remember in the time of the lord H. the King grandfather of the King that now is that a certain ship of Winchelsea happened to be in peril & was saved & in like manner partition was made in the form aforesaid to their ancestors who then said that the custom of the island was such. And afterwards it was done in like manner concerning a certain ship of Cherbourg in Normandy which was called la Bastarde, likewise in jeopardy & saved. And afterwards concerning two ships of Peter Lupe of Spain, viz., one in one year & the other in the following year, similarly in peril & saved. And afterwards a certain other ship of Normandy & another ship Almaria Viceroy of Gascony similarly in peril & saved. And also of many others & such partition was always made of the goods saved. But they do not remember that that custom was ever approved or disapproved by the King or his council, nor that it ever before came to discussion. And the justices here considering that the lord the King & his progenitors were for such time in possession of the right of taking such profit of things so saved in the island. And also that the said Abbot by succession & Nicholas by descent claim to take such profit, they do not wish to proceed further, without consulting the King upon these things. And therefore with the consent of the said parties a day is given to them before the said lord the King to

Seq^r pars si
velit tē.

sēi Michis in vnū mensem vbicumq³ tūc fuerit in Angl.—Et Radus
po. lo. suo Petrum Baudewyn ad lucrand^u v^t pdendū in loquela p^rdcā.
Et Abbas e alii po. lo. suo p^rdcos Ricm le Herice, v^t Petrum la Cor-
naille. Postea ad diem illū ap^d Westm veñ ptes p attorn suos. Et
ctis de causis dat⁹ est eis dies de Judo suo aud coram dño Rf a die
Pasch in vnū men^s vbicūq³ tūc fuit in Angl. Ad quē diē p^rdcē partes
p attorn suū veñ e dat⁹ est ei dies vsq³ a die Pasch in vnū mense
vbicūq³ tē. In crastino aīaz vbicūq³ tē.

(M. 7.) **Adhuc de p^rlitis coram p^rfatis Iusticiar in Insula
de Jeresepe de eod⁹ Bñi.**

ffresingfeld.

Jeresepe.

Dñs Rex p Wilm des mareys qui sequit^r p eo petit vsus Abbem⁺
de Blancalanda aduocaçoem ecclie sēi Lau^r vt Jus tē. Et vnde Idem
Wilmus dicit p dño Rege, qd dñs H. Rex auus tē fuit seisitus de p^rdcā
aduocaçoē tempe pacis, vt de feodo e Jure Corone sue tē et ad eccliam
illam p^rsentauit quemdam Radm du Val Chicum suū qui ad p^rsentā-
çoem suam fuit admissus e in eadem institut⁹. Et qd tale sit Jus
i^pius dñi Reg⁹ offert v^rificare p dño Rege sicut Cu^r con^s.

Et Abbas veñ e dicit qd dñs J. quondam Rex tē, dum fuit Comes
Moritoñ e dñs Insula³ anteq^m Rex f^rat dedit Abbie de Blancalanda
p^rdcā eccliam p Cartam suam quam pfert in hec vba tē. Omib³
sēe matris ecclie filiis ad quos p^rsens scriptum puenit, Joñes Comes
Moritoñ saltm. Nofitis me pietatis intuitu dedisse e p^rsenti carta
mea confirmasse Abbie sēi Michi de Blancalanda e frib³ ibidem deo
suientib³ in puram e ppetuam elemosinam, eccliam sēi Lau^r in In^s
siē ad Jus meū e p^rsentāçoem meam ptinebat integre e plenarie cū

Let the party
sue if he will
&c.

hear their judgment in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England. And Ralph put in his place Peter Baudewyn to gain or lose in the said suit. And the Abbot & others put in their place the said Richard le Herice or Peter le Cornaille. Afterwards at that day at Westminster came the parties by their attorneys. And for certain causes a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said parties by their attorney came & a day is given to them until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Saints wheresoever &c.

(M. 7.) *Continuation of the pleas before the said Justices in the island of Jersey of the same eyre.*

Fresingfeld.

Jersey

The lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him claims against the Abbot of Blanchelande the advowson of the Church of St. Lawrence as his right &c. And thereupon the said William says for the lord the King that the lord H. the King grandfather &c. was seised of the said advowson in the time of peace as of the fee & right of his crown &c., and presented to that Church a certain Ralph du Val his clerk who was admitted on his presentation & instituted into the same. And that such is the right of the said lord the King he offers to establish for the lord the King as the court shall determine. And the Abbot comes & says that the lord J. sometime King &c. while he was Earl of Mortain & lord of the islands before he was King gave to the Abbey of Blanchelande the said Church by his charter which he produces in these words, &c. &c. To all the sons of Holy Mother Church to whom this present writing shall come, John Earl of Mortain greeting. Know ye that I of pious intent have given & by this my present charter have confirmed to the Abbey of St. Nicholas of Blanchelande & to the brethren serving God there in frankalmoign the Church of St. Lawrence in the island as belonged to my right & presentation wholly & fully with all its

omibz ptiñ suis quam Galfr̃ sacerđ e Decanus tenuerat Ita qđ in p'dcā Abb̃ia pđm̃ vexero memoria mei f̃eat̃ e post decessum meū solempne e ppetuū anniūsař ibidem p me celebret̃ e eiusđ loci conuent⁹ in die obitus mei in victualibz celebriř pcuret̃. T Johne Abb̃e de Doul Rađo Plore de Pless̃, Gernař Canōico, Nicho Capellano, Ričo de ffent̃, Regñ de Vire, Wilfo de Eula, Hušte de Bingo, mađro Heñr de Haya, apud Tenerchebr̃. viij die ffebr̃, anno regni Reg⁹ Riči Nono. Dat⁹ p mañ Johinis de Graio.

Et Wilfus dicit qđ dñs H. Rex filius p'dci Johinis postea fuit in seisina de p'dcā aduocaōe p'dcē ecclie. Et ad eandem eccliam p'sentauit p'dc̃m R. qui tūc fuit clicus Drogonis de Barantin Custodis Insulař, qui ad p'sent̃ ipius dñi Reg⁹ admissus fuit ad p'dcā eccliam e institutus in eadem, e inde obiit psona t̃c. Et hoc offert ṽficare p dño Rege.

Et Abbas dicit qđ plitum motum fuit in p'dc̃m dñm H. Regem quendam Abb̃em de Blancalanda, sed dicit qđ tandem ad rogatum p'dci Drogonis Abbas ille p'sentauit p'dc̃m Clicum ipius Drogonis ad eccliam illam, Ita qđ Clicus ille fuit admissus ad eccliam illam e institut⁹ in ead ad p'sent̃ ipius Abb̃is, e nō ad p'sentaōem p'dci dñi H. Regis. Et de hoc ponit se sup p̃riam. Et Wilfs instant̃ petit Judm p dño Rege, ex quo Abbas nō potest dediçe quin Clicus p ipm dñm Regem p'sentatus fuit psona, inpsonata de p'dcā ecclia, et Abbas nō ostendit aliquod f̃c̃m speciale p quod doçe possit Clicum illū admissum fuisse ad eandem ad p'sent̃ pdecess̃ sui. Petit t̃ ex habundanti qđ rei ṽitas inquirat̃ p dño Rege.

Juř dicunt sup sacrm̃ suū, qđ p'dc̃us Clicus admissus fuit ad p'dcā eccliam ad p'sentaōem Abb̃is, e nō ad p'sentaōem ipius dñi Reg⁹ t̃c. Dies dat⁹ est ei de audiendo Judo suo coram dño Rege, a

appurtenances which Geoffrey priest & dean held. So that in the said Abbey for as long as I shall live the memory of me may be had & after my decease an anniversary may be celebrated there for me solemnly & for ever, & the community of the same place on the day of my death may be thoroughly provided with victuals. Witnesses : John Abbot of Dol, Ralph Prior of Plessis, Jervase the canon, Nicholas the chaplain, Richard de Fentes, Reginald de Vire, William de Eula, Hubert de Bingo, Master Henry de Haya, at Tenchebray the 8th day of February in the ninth year of the reign of King Richard. Given by the hand of John de Gray.

And William says that the lord H. the King son of the said John was afterwards in seisin of the said advowson of the said Church. And to the same Church presented the said R. who then was clerk of Drogo de Barentin keeper of the islands who on the presentation of the said lord the King was admitted to the said Church & instituted into the same, & died parson thereof &c. And this he offers to establish for the lord the King.

And the Abbot says that a plea was moved between the said lord H. the King & a certain Abbot of Blanchelande, but he says that at length at the request of the said Drogo that Abbot presented the said clerk of the said Drogo to that Church, so that the clerk was admitted to that Church & instituted into the same on the presentation of the said Abbot and not on the presentation of the said lord H. the King. And for this he puts himself upon the verdict of the country. And William earnestly claims judgment for the lord the King, inasmuch as the Abbot cannot gainsay but that the clerk presented by the said lord the King was the person beneficed of the said Church, & the Abbot cannot show any special deed whereby he can prove that that clerk was admitted to the same on the presentation of his predecessor. And he claims over and above that the truth of the matter may be enquired into for the lord the King.

The Jurors say upon their oath that the said clerk was presented to the said Church on the presentation of the Abbot & not at the presentation of the said lord the King &c. A day is given to

die s̄ci Mich̄is in vnū mensem vbicumq; tunc f̄f̄it in Angl̄. Et Abbas
 po. lo. suo Ričm le Herice v̄t Petrum f̄it Petri Dartyz. Postea ad
 diem illum ap̄d Westm̄ veñ p̄d̄c̄us Abbas p̄ attorñ suū. Et c̄tis de
 causis dat⁹ est ei dies de Juđo suo aud̄ coram d̄ño Rege a die Pasch̄
 in vnū men̄s vbicūq; tūc f̄f̄it in Angl̄. Ad quem diē p̄d̄c̄us Abbas
 p̄ attorñ suū veñ. Et datus est ei dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensē
 nō veñ vbicumq; tē. Ad quē diem p̄d̄c̄us Abbas non veñ Iō de ip̄o ad iudi-
 ciū tē sed ponit⁹ in respectū vsq; a die Pasche in xv dies vbicumq; tē.
 Et deinde resp̄tuat⁹ vt p̄lus vsq; a die pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicūq; tē.
 nō veñ In Crastio annuaꝝ vbicūq; tē. Ad q̄ diē iudiciū p̄d̄c̄m resp̄tuat⁹ vsq;
 a die Pasch̄ in vnū men̄s vbicūq; tē. Ad q̄ diē iudiciū p̄d̄c̄m resp̄-
 tuat⁹ vsq; a die Pasch̄ in tres sept̄ vbicūq; tē. Ad quē diem iudm̄
 p̄d̄c̄m resp̄tuat⁹ vsq; a die Pasch̄ in xv dies vbicūq; tē. Ad quē diē
 v^h sep. pa. Judm̄ p̄d̄c̄m resp̄tuat⁹ vsq; a die Pasch̄ in q̄nq; sept̄s p̄x̄ futuř in vnū
 annū vbicq; tē.
 Seq⁹ Rex tē

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Petrus de Saumuareys suū fuit qđ esset hic ad respondendū d̄ño
 Regi de plito quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate d̄ñi Reg⁹ e p̄ge-
 nitoꝝ suoꝝ Regum Angl̄ claī h̄re Wreccū maris p̄ totam t̄ram suam
 in pochl̄ s̄ci Clementis e s̄ci Elerii, et illud in pp̄los vsus conūte. Et
 t̄ quo Waranto claī h̄re furtas⁽¹⁾ in eadem pochl̄. Et t̄ quo Waranto
 clamat p̄cipe e h̄re libam espkeriam in pochl̄ p̄d̄ca de piscibz p̄ hoies
 suos captis in aquis d̄ñi Regis, que spectant ad Coronam e digni-
 tatem d̄ñi Regis. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamat h̄re libam Warennam in
 monte s̄ci Elerii. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamat p̄cipe e h̄re catalla
 hōinū suoꝝ felonū d̄ñi Reg⁹, v̄t fugitiuoꝝ, que spectant ad Coronam e
 e dignitatem d̄ñi Reg⁹. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamat h̄re bestias de
 Weif, que ad d̄ñm Regem ptinent. Et Plius de Carteret suū fuit tē

(1) furcas = gallows.

him to hear his judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England. And the Abbot puts in his place Richard le Herice or Peter, son of Peter Dartyz. Afterwards at that day at Westminster came the said Abbot by his attorney. And for certain causes a day is given to him to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said Abbot by his attorney came. And a day is given to him in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Abbot did not come. Therefore of him to judgment &c., but it is put in respite until 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence it is respited as before until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. At which day the said judgment is respited until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said judgment is respited up to 3 weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said judgment is respited up to 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said judgment is respited up to 5 weeks from the day of Easter next to come in one year wheresoever &c.

Did not come.

Did not come.

5 weeks
from Easter.

Let the King
sue &c.

Peter de Saumareys was summoned to be here to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & his progenitors Kings of England he claims to have wreck of the sea throughout all his land in the parishes of St. Clement & St. Helier, & to convert the same to his own uses. And also by what warrant he claims to have gallows in the same parish. And also by what warrant he claims to take & have free esperkeria in the parish aforesaid of the fish caught by their men in the waters of the lord the King, which belong to the Crown & dignity of the lord the King. And also by what warrant he claims to have free warren in the hill of St. Helier. And also by what warrant he claims to take & have the chattels of his men who are felons or fugitives of the lord the King, which belong to the Crown & dignity of the lord the King. And also by what warrant he claims to have beasts of waif, which belong to the lord the King.

de plito quo Waranto tē clamat hēre libām Warennam in omibz dñicis fr̃is suis in poch̃ s̃ci Audoeni. Et t̃ quo Waranto clamat hēre maram suam in eadem poch̃ ličam e sepalem. Et t̃ quo Waranto claī hēre Wreccū maris p totam fr̃am suam in p̃dca poch̃, et illud in pp̃os vsus conf̃te. Et t̃ quo Waranto clamat hēre libām espkeriam de piscibz p hoīes suos captis in aquis dñi Reg⁹. Et t̃ quo Waranto claī hēre bestias de Weyf. Et t̃ quo Waranto clamat p̃cipe e hēre catalla hoīm suoꝝ felonū dñi Reg⁹ ṽl fugitiuoꝝ, que spectant ad Coronam e dignitatem dñi Regis. Et Guiffus des Augreys suī tē de plito quo Waranto tē clamat hēre libām Warennā in omibz dñicis fr̃is suis in pochia s̃ce Trinitatis. Et t̃ quo Waranto clamat hēre Wreccū maris p totam fr̃am suam in p̃dca pochia, et illud in pp̃os vsus conf̃te. Et t̃ quo Waranto claī hēre bestias de Weif. Et t̃ quo Waranto clamat p̃cipe e hēre catalla hoīm suoꝝ feloī dñi Regis ṽl fugitiuoꝝ que spectāt ad Coronam e dignitatem dñi Reg⁹. Et Joñes de Carteret e Lucia vxor eius suī tē de plito quo Waranto tē claī hēre libām Warennam in omibz dñicis fr̃is suis in poch̃ s̃ci Audoeni. Et t̃ quo Waranto clamat hēre Wreccū maris, p totam fr̃am suam in p̃dca poch̃, et illud in pp̃os vsus conf̃te. Et t̃ quo clamāt hēre libām espkeriam de piscibz p hoīes suos captis in aquis dñi Reg⁹. Et t̃ quo Waranto claī hēre bestias de Weif. Et t̃ quo Waranto clamat hēre catalla hoīm suoꝝ felonū dñi Reg⁹ ṽl fugitiuoꝝ que spectant ad Coronam e dignitatem dñi Reg⁹. Et Pñus Leueske suī tē de plito quo Waranto tē clamat hēre Wreccū maris accidens in feodo quod fuit Nichi de Wyncheł, et illud in pp̃us vsus conf̃tere.

Et p̃dci Petrus, Pñus, Guiffus, Joñes e Lucia, e Pñus veī. Et dicunt quo ad catalla hoīm suoꝝ fugitiuoꝝ e felonū tē qđ ip̃i claī hēre catalla hoīm suoꝝ latronū, fuḡ e dampnatoꝝ ad que ip̃i ṽl eoꝝ Bañi

And Philip de Carteret was summoned &c. concerning a plea by what warrant &c. he claims to have free warren in all his demesne lands in the parish of St. Ouen. And also by what warrant he claims to have his pond in the same parish free & separate. And also by what warrant he claims to have wreck of the sea throughout his whole land in the said parish & to convert the same to his own uses. And also by what warrant he claims to have free esperkeria of the fish caught by his men in the waters of the lord the King. And also by what warrant he claims to have beasts of waif. And also by what warrant he claims to take & have the chattels of his men who are felons or fugitives of the lord the King, which belong to the Crown & dignity of the lord the King. And William des Augreys was summoned &c. concerning a plea by what warrant &c. he claims to have free warren in all his demesne lands in the parish of Holy Trinity. And also by what warrant he claims to have wreck of the sea throughout all his land in the said parish, & to convert the same to his own uses. And also by what warrant he claims to have beasts of waif. And also by what warrant he claims to take & have the chattels of his men who are felons or fugitives of the lord the King which belongs to the Crown & dignity of the lord the King. And John de Carteret & Lucia his wife were summoned &c. concerning a plea by what warrant &c. they claim to have free warren in all their demesne lands in the parish of St. Ouen. And also by what warrant they claim to have wreck of the sea throughout their land in the said parish & to convert the same to their own uses. And also by what warrant they claim to have free esperkeria of the fish caught by their men in the waters of the lord the King. And also by what warrant they claim to have beasts of waif. And also by what warrant they claim to have the chattels of their men who are felons or fugitives of the lord the King which belong to the Crown & dignity of the lord the King. And Philip Levesque was summoned &c. concerning a plea by what warrant &c. he claims to have wreck of the sea occurring in the fee which was of Nicholas de Vinchelez & to convert the same to his own uses.

And the said Peter, Philip, William, John & Lucia & Philip came. And they say that as to the chattels of their men fugitives & felons &c. they claim to have the chattels of their men, thieves, fu-

cicius potint manus appofe q^m hoies dñi Reg^o. Et quo ad hui^o catalla et alias libtates, simul cum ista libtate de cañ hui^o peipiend clamant ipi ab antiquo. Et dicunt qđ ipi e omes antecessores sui a tempe quo nō extat memoria illas habuerunt sicut ipi illas modo clamant. Et hoc offerunt vificare sicut Cuñ conñ.

Respice in tergo de eod.

(M. 7 d.) Et Wiffus des Mareys qui sequit^r p dño Rege, dicit p dño Rege qđ nullus de hac Insula pñ ministros dñi Reg^o fiet potestatem Judicandi latronem vñ felonem, vnde dicit qđ nullus eoꝝ potest eoꝝ catalla vendicare pñ dñm Regem. Et quo ad Warennam dicit qđ nullus illam fire poñt, nisi inde habñt spale Warantū de dño Rege, maxime cū omes hic Indigene statū suū ñeant in Insul de tempe dñi Reg^o J. de vltimo conquestu suo cui^o tempus continet^r infra tempus memoria. Dicit t̃ consimilr quo ad libtatem de espkeñ ñnd, e de Wrecco peipiend que mere sunt regales dignitates. Et quo ad bestias de Weif diñ similr qđ regalis est dignitas illas optinendi. Et diñ qđ omes Insule debent esse sñ eadem lege. Et diñ qđ dñs Rex seisitus est de omibz hui^o bestiis euenientibz de Weif in Insula de Gerneñ sine cui^ocumq; cont^rdiccoe e sic debet esse in hac Insula e esse consuevit. Et petit qđ ipi ostendant q^{ndo} e qualiñ hui^o libtates regales allocate fñt antecessoribz ipoz in Cuñ dñi Reg^o, que potestatem ñuit inde cognoscendi.

Ad que nullus ipoz respondñ nisi tñ qđ ipi e antecessores eoꝝ a tempe quo nō extat memoria semp vsi fñt ñere libtates hui^o, in forma qua ipi illas modo clamant. Et sciend qđ hec petico genaliñ fca fuit omibz e singlis Insulanis libtates ñere clamantibz tñ. Dies datus est eis de audiendo Judio suo coram dño Rege a die scī Michis in vnū menñ vbicumq; tñc fñt in Angl. Postea ad diem illū apđ

gitives & condemned, upon which they or their bailiffs can put their hands more quickly than the men of the King. And as to such chattels and other franchises, together with that franchise concerning the taking of such chattels they claim of old. And they say that they & all their ancestors from time immemorial had the same as they now claim them. And this they offer to establish as the court shall judge.

[Continued on the back of the same.]

(M. 7 d.)

And William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King says for the lord the King that no one of this island except the officers of the lord the King has power to judge a thief or felon, wherefore he says that none of them may claim their chattels except the lord the King. And as to warren he says that none can have it unless he has a special warrant from the lord the King, especially as all the natives here should reckon their status in the island from the time of the lord J. of his last conquest, the time of which is contained within the time of memory. And he says likewise as to the franchise of *esperkeria* to be had & wreck to be taken, that they are purely royal dignities. And as to the beasts of waif he says likewise that the dignity of retaining them is royal. And he says that all of the island ought to be under the same law. And he says that the lord the King is seised of all such beasts of waif coming out [of pound] in the island of Guernsey without contradiction of any & so it ought to be in this island & is wont to be. And he claims that they will show when & how such royal franchises were allowed to their ancestors in a court of the lord the King which had power to take cognisance thereof.

To which none of them answer except only that they & their ancestors from time immemorial were always used to have such franchises in the form in which they now claim them. And be it known that this petition was made generally to all & singular the islanders claiming to have franchises &c. A day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England. Afterwards at that day at Westminster came the said Peter & the others

Westm̃ veñ p̃dci Petr̃ e alii p̃ attorñ suū. Et Etis de causis dat⁹ est
eis dies de Juđo suo auđ coram dño Rege a die Pasch̃ in vnū menš
vbičūq, tūc f̃uit in Angl̃. Ad quem diem p̃dci Petrus e alii veñ e
datus est eis dies a die Pasch̃ in vnū mensem vbičūq, tē. Ad quē
diē p̃dcius Petrus e alii veñ e datus est eis dies a die Pasche in
xv dies vbičūq, tē. Ad q̃ diem p̃dci Petrus e alii veñ e dať est eis
dies a die Pasch̃ in vnū mensem vbičūq, tē. In Crastino aīaz vbičūq,
tē. Ad q̃ die iudiciū p̃dcm resp̃tuat⁹ vt p̃us vsq, a die Pasch̃ in vnū
menš vbičūq, tē. Ad q̃ diē iudiciū p̃dcm resp̃tuat⁹ vsq, a die Pasch̃
in tres sept̃ vbičq, tē. Ad quē diē Judm̃ p̃dcm resp̃tuat⁹ vsq, a die
Pasch̃ in q̃nq, sept̃s p̃x̃ futuř in vnū añū vbičq, tē.

nō veñ (1)
v⁹ sep. pa.
Seq⁹ Rex tē

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P̃lus de Carteret e mag̃r Galf̃rus frať eius suū f̃iunt qđ essent
hic ad hunc diem ad respondend̃ dño Regi de p̃lito quo Waranto sine
licencia e voluntate dñi Reg⁹ e p̃genitoř suoz Regum Angl̃ claīn l̃re
Wreccū maris in feodo Paynelli quod ad dñm Regem e Coronam e
dignitatem suam ptinet, qui veñ Et dicunt qđ dñs E. quond̃ Rex
Angl̃ pať dñi Reg⁹ nūc, dedit Regiñ de Cartet p̃ri ip̃oz Phi e Galf̃ri
cui⁹ f̃iedes ip̃i sunt, f̃ras e teñ que Rob̃tus de Melesches tenuit ad
f̃rm̃ vite sue de cōcessiōe p̃dci dñi Reg⁹ de f̃ris que f̃iunt in manu
ip̃ius dñi Reg⁹ de forisf̃ura Thome Paynel Normanni tē f̃ind̃ e
tenend̃ p̃dco Regiñ e f̃iedibz suis p̃dca teñ cū p̃tiñ ad feodi firmam.
Et dicunt qđ ip̃i clamant Wreccū tanq̃m ptinens ad p̃dca teñ. Et
dicūt qđ p̃dcius Rob̃tus dū vixit sic f̃uit ibi Wreccū tē. Et simiľr
p̃dcius Thomas e om̃es antecessores sui teñ illa tenf̃iunt a tempe quo
nō extat memoria. Et hoc offerunt ṽificare p̃ p̃riam.

Iidem P̃lus e Galf̃r in p̃libz locis ad p̃lita Corone sepius allo-
cuta de quibzđ teñ que post mortem p̃dci Rob̃ti deuenf̃iunt ad manus

(1) Sic.

by their attorneys. And for certain causes a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said Peter & the others came & a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Peter & the others came & a day is given to them in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Peter & the others came & a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. At which day the judgment aforesaid was respited as before up to one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the judgment aforesaid was respited up to 3 weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the judgment aforesaid was respited in 5 weeks from the day of Easter next to come in one year wheresoever, &c.

Did not come.

5 weeks of
Easter.

Let the King
sue &c.

Philip de Carteret & Master Geoffrey his brother were summoned to be here at this day to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & his progenitors Kings of England they claim to have wreck of the sea in the fee of Paynel which belongs to the lord the King & his Crown & dignity, who come & say that the lord E. formerly King of England father of the King that now is, gave to Reginald de Carteret father of the said Philip & Geoffrey, whose heirs they are, the lands & tenements which Robert de Melesches held for the term of his life of the grant of the said lord the King of the lands which were in the hand of the said lord the King of the forfeiture of Thomas Paynel the Norman &c. to have & to hold to the said Reginald & his heirs the said tenements with the appurtenances in fee farm. And they say that they claim wreck as belonging to the said tenements. And they say that the said Robert while he lived thus had there wreck &c. And likewise the said Thomas & all his ancestors held those tenements from time immemorial. And this they offer to establish by verdict of the country.

The same Philip & Geoffrey repeatedly challenged in many places at pleas of the Crown regarding certain tenements which after

dñi Reg^o p eschetas de diſſis felonibz tē que nūq̃ fūnt in ſeiſina
p̄dci Robti, ſed de eo tenebant, et t̄ de quibz tē que Idem Robtus
tenuit de aliis foriſcūris vt de foriſcūra Buteuileyn. Similr dicunt
qđ ōmīa p̄dca tē clām ex conſeſſione p̄dci dñi Reg^o p Cartam ſuam
quam p̄ferunt in hec v̄ba. Edwardus dei grā Rex Angl Dñs Hibn e
Dux Aquit ōmibz ad quos p̄ſentes litte pueſint ſaltm. Quia acce-
pim^o p inquiſiōem p dīctm e fidelem n̄m Ottonem de Grandisono
Custodem n̄m Inſulaꝝ de Jereſeye e Gerneꝝ de mandato n̄o ſcām e
in Cancellaria n̄a returnatam, qđ qued t̄re e tē cum ptiñ que ſūnt
Thome Paynel in p̄dca Inſ de Jereſeye dudum ad manus p̄genitoꝝ
noꝝ quond Regum Angl tamq̃ eſcheta ſua p foriſfacturam p̄fati
Thome e ſic ad manus n̄as poſt modū deueſiunt, e qđ t̄re e tē illa
cū ptiñ p mortem Robti de melesches qui ea tenuit ad t̄mīn vite ſue
ex diſmiſſione n̄a in manu p̄fati Ottonis ad t̄mīnū vite ſue ex cōmiſ-
ſione n̄a exiſtunt qđ q, nos t̄ras e tē p̄dca cum p̄tin concedere
poſſumus cui volūimus, ſind in feodo poſt mortem p̄fati Ottonis abſq
iniuria alicui facienda Nos dīctō e fideli n̄o Reginaldo de Carfet qui
p̄fato Ottoni de eo qđ ad ip̄m Ottonem inde p̄tinet ſatiſfecit ſicut p
Joñem de Dittoñ tenentem locum p̄fati Ottoñ in Inſulis p̄dciſ coram
noſt̄ eſt teſtificatū, volentes grām in hac pte facere ſpecialeſ, dedim^o
e conſeſſimus eidem Reginaldo t̄ras e tē p̄dca cum ptiñ, ſind e
tenenda eidem Reginaldo e h̄edibz ſuis de noſt̄ e h̄edibz n̄iſ in p̄p̄m.
Ita videt qđ Idem Regiñ ea teneat toto tempe vite ſue quiete e
ſoluta abſq aliquo ſuicio noſt̄ aut h̄edibz n̄iſ inde faciendo. Et qđ
h̄edes ſui poſt mortem ip̄ius Reginaldi ſexaginta libꝝ puoꝝ Turoñ e
vnam libꝝ Cumin ad quas t̄re e tē p̄dca cū ptiñ extendunt p añū
noſt̄ e h̄edibz n̄iſ inde ſoluant annuatim p ōmī ſuicio ad nos inde
p̄tinentē. In cui^o rei teſtimoniū has t̄ras n̄as fieri fecimus patentes.

the death of the said Robert came to the hands of the lord the King by the escheats of divers felons &c. which were never in the seisin of the said Robert, but were held of him, & also regarding certain tenements which the said Robert held of other forfeitures as of the forfeiture of Boutevillon. They say likewise that they claim all the said tenements of the grant of the said lord the King by his charter which they produce in these words: Edward by the grace of God King of England, lord of Ireland & Duke of Aquitaine to all to whom these present letters shall come greeting. Because we understand by the inquisition made at our command by our beloved & faithful Otto de Grandison keeper of our islands of Jersey & Guernsey & returned into our Chancery, that certain lands & tenements with the appurtenances which belonged to Thomas Paynel in the said island of Jersey formerly came into the hands of our progenitors formerly Kings of England as their escheats by the forfeiture of the said Thomas, & so came to our hands afterwards, & that those lands & tenements with the appurtenances by the death of Robert de Melesches, who held them for the term of his life, by our lease are in the hands of the said Otto for the term of his life by our deed, that we can grant the said lands & tenements with the appurtenances to whom we will, to be held in fee after the death of the said Otto without doing injury to any: We willing to show our special grace in this behalf to our beloved & faithful Reginald de Carteret who satisfied the said Otto of that which belongs to the said Otto therein, as is testified before us by John de Ditton, lieutenant of the said Otto in the said islands, have given & granted to the said Reginald the said lands & tenements with the appurtenances: to be had & to be held to the said Reginald & his heirs of us & of our heirs for ever, so that the said Reginald may hold them all the time of his life quietly & freely without doing any service to us or our heirs therefor. And that his heirs after the death of the said Reginald shall pay yearly therefor 60 livres of small Tournois & 1 lb. of cummin (at which the said lands & tenements with the appurtenances are valued yearly for us & our heirs) to be paid annually for all service to us thereunto appertaining. In witness whereof we have caused these

T. me iþo apud Lauretost iiij^{to} die Decembř anno regni nři xxxv^{to} p peticoem Retornatam de consilio in pliameto. Et dicūt qđ illa omnia cadebant in extentam inde fcam tē.

Et Wiffus des Mareys qui sequit' p dño Rege dicit qđ ex quo nec Wreccū nec ĩre de hui⁹ esch continent' in pdca Carta dñi Reg⁹ iþi no possunt illa claī p Cartam illam. Et peř qđ occupata que nō continent' in Carta cap' in manū dñi Reg⁹ tē. Dies datus est eis de audiendo Judo suo coram dño Rege a die sđi Michis in vnū menš vbicumq, tūc fñit in Angl tē. Postea ad diem illū apđ Westm veñ pdcus Pñus. Et pdcus Galfř no veñ, sz pdcus Pñus petit admitti p integro tē dicens qđ pdcus Galfř nich ĩet in teñ illis nisi tantū ad ĩmñ vite sue de ĩeditate iþius Pñi. Et ctis de causis dat⁹ est eis dies de Judo suo aud coram dño Rege a die Pasch in vnū menš vbicūq, tūc fñit in Angl. Et tūc fiet Judm de default' tē. Et Pñus po. lo. suo Henř de Trente vt Wiffm Renulf' in hiis e aliis plitus ūsus Dnñ Regē tē. Postea coram Rē pdcus Pñs po. lo. suo Johem de sđo Martino in loquela tē. Ad quē diē pdcus Pñs per attorñ suos veñ. Et datus est eis dies a die Pasch in vnū mensem vbicūq, tē. Ad quē pdcus Pñus p atř suū veñ e datus est ei dies a die Pasch in xv dies vbicūq, tē. Et deinde dat⁹ est ei dies a die Pasch in vnū mensem vbicūq, tē. In Crastio aiař vbicūq, tē veñ vt p⁹ e dat⁹ est ei dies a die pasch in vnū menš vbicūq.

Ad q diē pdcs
Pñs veñ p atř
suo e dat⁹ est ei
dies a die [pas]ch
in tres sept vbi-
cūq, tē [Ad] quē
diem [pd]cus Pñs
p [att]orñ suū
veñ e datus est
ei dies a die pasch
in xv dies vbi-
cūq, tē. Ad quē
diē pdcs Pñs
veñ p atř suū
Et Galfridus
... veñ e dat⁹
est ei dies a die
pasch in qñq, sept^{as}
in vnū annū
vbicūq, tē.

Et sciend qđ pdcus Galfř liānit hic in cedula extentam quam dicit se credere inde fcam fuisse que dicit sic, In pochia sđi Elerii p mañ ppoiti de firma triginta libr, vnde ps colligit' in pochia sđi Saluatoris. Itm in poch sđi Elerii Decime de feodo as Coloms ad quadraginta solid. Itm in pdca poch sđi Saluatoris de firma dca la Gre-

our letters to be made patent. Witness ourself at Lauretost the 4th day of December in the 35th year of our reign by petition returned from council in parliament. And they say that all those things are set down in the extent thereof made &c.

And William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King says that inasmuch as neither wreck nor lands of such escheat are contained in the said charter of the lord the King, they cannot claim them by that charter. And he claims that those things which are occupied which are not contained in the charter may be taken into the hands of the lord the King &c. A day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England &c. Afterwards at that day at Westminster came the said Philip. And the said Geoffrey did not come, but the said Philip prays to be admitted for the whole &c. saying that the said Geoffrey has nothing in those lands except only for the term of his life of the inheritance of the said Philip. And for certain causes a day is given to them to hear

At which day the said Philip came by his attorney & a day is given to him in 3 weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At] which day the said Philip by his attorney came & a day is given to him in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Philip came by his attorney And Geoffrey ... came & a day is given to him in 5 weeks from the day of Easter in one year wheresoever &c.

their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. And then judgment will be made concerning defaults, &c. And Philip puts in his place Henry de Trente or William Renulf in these & other pleas against the lord the King &c. Afterwards before the lord the King the said Philip puts in his place John de St. Martin in the plea &c. At which day the said Philip by his attorneys came. And a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which [day] the said Philip by his attorney came & a day is given to him in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence a day is given to him in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. he came as before & a day is given to him in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever.

And be it known that the said Geoffrey delivered here in court the extent which he says he believes to have been thereof made, which says thus: In the parish of St. Helier by the hand of the provost 30 livres of farm whereof part is collected in the parish of St. Saviour. Also in the parish of St. Helier tithes of the fief of Coolms 40 sols. Also in the said parish of St. Saviour of the farm

uerie xviii. ſ. e Camptū de Carucata Dyne ad lx. ſ. Itm̃ in pochl̃ ſcē
Trinitatis Decima de feodo de Buron ad xl. ſ. Et in pochl̃ ſcī Joḥnis
de feodo Buteuileyn de firma xxviii. ſ. Et de Greueria xxviii. đ.
Et quarta ps vnus molend̃ ad lx. ſ. Itm̃ in pochl̃ ſcī Lauř de firma
xij. ti. iiij. đ. Decima de feodo Paynel in hiis duabz pochl̃ L. ſ. Itm̃
in om̃ibz pochiis p totū redditus quinq. q^ri fři p̃cii L. ſ. xv. pañ p̃cii
cui⁹bz I. đ. xv. galliū p̃cii xxx. đ e xx. oua p̃cii iij. đ. ob. Itm̃ phita
e pquisita Cuř e inde nō liſauit extentam, nec in Carta ſua con-
tinent. Et inde ſimilr̃ hent diem de Juđo ſuo auđ ſicut e de aliis.
Sciend̃ t̃ qđ p̃dcus Galfř p̃cipit de oibz tenentibz de p̃dcō feodo rele-
uia e om̃imoda ſuicia que debent. in eodem feodo.

Seq. Rex.

(M. 8.) **Adhuc de p̃litis coram p̃fatis Juſticiār in Inſula
de Jereſeye de eod̃ Inſiñe.**

ffreſingfeld.

Jereſeye.

Dñs Rex p Wiłm des mareys qui ſequit. p eo petit ūsus
+ obiit inquirat. t̃c
Robtm Constanciē Epm̃ vuū meſ quinquaginta e quinq. ſolidatas
redd̃, e reddm̃ trm̃ quarſioz fruñti, e duas ſolidatas firme de Cus-
tuma cū ptiñ in Inſula de Gerneř. Et vsus eundem Epm̃ aduocaçoem
ecclie de Serk. Et ūsus eundem Epm̃ quadraginta ſolidatas redd̃
cum ptiñ in pochl̃ be Marie, et aduocaçoem medietatis decime garbař
ecclie ſcī Saluatoris in hac Inſula vt Jus t̃c. Et vnde dicit qđ dñs
H. Rex, auus dñi Reg⁹ nūc, fuit in ſeiſina de p̃dcis teñ tempe pacis
vt de feodo e Jure Corone ſue t̃c. Et de p̃dcis aduocaçoibz ſimilr̃,
e ad eaſdem ecclias p̃ſentauit Clicos ſuos qui ad p̃ſentaçones ſuas
ffunt admiſſi e inſtituti in eiſdem t̃c. Et qđ tale ſit Jus ip̃ius dñi
Reg⁹ offert ṽficare p dño Rege ſicut Cuř conſ.

called la Greverie 18 sols and the champart of the ploughland of Dync at 60 sols. Also in the parish of Holy Trinity the tithes of the fief of Buron at 40 sols. And in the parish of St. John of the fief Boutevillon 28 sols of farm. And 28 deniers of Greverie. And the 4th part of one mill, 60 sols. Also in the parish of St. Lawrence 12 livres 0s. 4d. of farm. The tithes of the fee of Paynel in these 2 parishes 50 sols. Also in all the parishes a total rent of 5 quarters of wheat price 50 sols, 15 loaves price of each 1 denier, 15 hens price 30 deniers & 20 eggs price 1½ deniers. Also the pleas & profits of the court, & thereof he did not deliver an extent, neither is it contained in his charter. And thereof likewise he has a day to hear his judgment as also of the other things. Be it known also that the said Geoffrey took from all his tenants of the said fief reliefs & all kinds of services which are owing in the same fief.

7 parishes.
Came.
The King
sues.

(M. 8.) **Continuation of the pleas before the Justices aforesaid in the Island of Jersey of the same eyre.**

Fresingfeld.

Jersey. The Lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him he died, let enquiry be made &c. claims against Robert⁽¹⁾ Bishop of Coutances 1 messuage, 55 sols rent, & the rent of 3 quarters of wheat, & 2 sols of farm of custom with the appurtenances in the island of Guernsey. And against the same Bishop the advowson of the Church of Sark. And against the same Bishop 40 sols rent with the appurtenances in the parish of the Blessed Mary, & the advowson of the moiety of the tithe of the sheaves of the Church of St. Saviour in this island as of right &c. And thereupon he says that the lord H. the King grandfather of the now lord the King, was in seisin of the said tenements in the time of peace as of fee & right of his Crown &c. And of the said advowsons likewise, & to the same Churches presented his clerks who at his presentations were admitted & instituted into the same &c. And that the right of the said lord the King is such he offers to establish for the lord the King as the court shall determine.

(1) Robert d'Harcourt, brother of the Admiral Jean d'Harcourt.

Et Ep̃us misit huc de C̃icis suis qui p̃ eo allegarunt qđ p̃deces-
sores sui solebant cū necē fuisset p̃litare coram Justic̃ hic p̃ p̃curatoř.
Et petierunt sic posse fieri ad p̃sens p̃ ip̃o asserentes qđ ad mandatū
Reg^o ffrancie, iam est Itinans ūsus eum. Et Thomas de Ausses
ptulit hic quasdam lras sigillatas magno sigillo ip̃ius Ep̃i in hec ṽba.
Vniūsis hec visuř e audituř Robtus p̃missione diuina Constancieñ
ec̃cie minist̃ humilis saltm in dño. Notum facim^o qđ nos dilcos ñros
Decanū ñrm in Insula de Jeresey e Thomam de Ausses Rectorem
ec̃cie s̃ci Martini veřis in eadem Insula, latores seu exhibitores p̃sen-
ciū p̃curatoř ñros constituim^o facimus e ordinamus ad compend̃ p̃
nob̃ in as̃ Illustrissimi p̃ncipis dñi Reg^o Angl̃ p̃ gentes suas in In-
sulis tam Jeresey q̃m Gerner tenend̃ deputatas nosq̃ defendend̃ vbi
put e quando necesse f̃uit e viderint aut alter eoz expedire. Dantes
cisdem p̃curatoř e eoz cuilibet in solidum Ita qđ nō sit melior con-
dicio occupantis potestatem e mand̃ speciale ad p̃missa om̃ia e singla,
nec nō e ad om̃ia facienda que fac̃e potest, e debet p̃curatoř legitime
constitutus e quecumq̃ fac̃emus si p̃sentes essemus. Ratum e g̃tum
h̃ituri quicquid cum ip̃is p̃cur̃ e eoz quemlibet in solidū ac p̃ vnū-
quemq̃ eoz agi contigit in p̃missis e singlis eozdem p̃mittentes p̃ ip̃is
p̃curatoř e eoz quolibet insolidū tam q̃tūtim q̃m diuisim si necesse
f̃uit Judič solui. In cui^o rei testimoniū sigillū ñrm lris p̃sentibz est
appensum p̃cur̃ ñris at̃ constitutis quos p̃ p̃sens p̃cur̃ nō intendimus
reuocare, in suo nichomim^o Robore duraturis. Dat^o valeñ die martis
in Octab̃ festi Natiuitatis b̃i Joñnis Bap̃e Anno dñi m^o ccc^{mo} Nono.
Et petiit admitti loco attorñ genat̃ ip̃ius Ep̃i ex quo f̃cus est genat̃
eius p̃curator quod est vis eiusd̃. Et offert inuenire bonos pleg̃ qđ
Ep̃us ratum h̃ebit ip̃m p̃ hui^o attorñ t̃c. Et admittit̃ si dñs Rex
acceptet p̃ptm Pet̃i de s̃co Elerio dñi de Saumuareys, Guithi Payn
bursette, Joñnis de s̃co Martino p̃sbič e Joñnis de Caley. Et dicit

And the Bishop sent hither from among his clerks some who alleged for him that his predecessors were wont when it was necessary to plead before the Justices here by their proctors. And they prayed that it may be done so at present for him, asserting that at the mandate of the King of France the eyre is now against him. And Thomas de Ausses brought here certain letters sealed with the great seal of the said Bishop in these words. To all who shall see & hear these, Robert by divine permission the humble minister of the Church of Coutances greeting in the Lord: We make it known that we constitute, make & ordain our beloved our Dean in the island of Jersey & Thomas de Ausses, rector of the Church of St. Martin the old in the same island, the bearers or exhibitors of these presents, our proctors to appear for us in the assizes of the most illustrious prince the lord King of England deputed to be held by his people in the islands as well of Jersey as of Guernsey & to defend us where & when it shall be necessary and they or either of them shall deem it expedient. Giving to the same proctors & to each of them entirely (so that the condition of the person acting be not better than the other), the power & special mandate to all & each of the premises and also for doing all things which a proctor lawfully constituted can & ought to do & whatsoever we should do if we were present, holding ratified & confirmed whatsoever shall be done by the said proctors & each of them entirely & by either of them in the premises & each of them, promising for the said proctors & each of them entirely as well jointly as severally, if it shall be necessary, to suffer judgment. In witness whereof our seal has been affixed to the present letters, our proctors elsewhere constituted whom by these presents we do not intend to revoke as proctors this notwithstanding to remain in full force. Given at Valognes on Tuesday in the Octaves of the feast of the Nativity of St. John the Baptist in the year of our Lord 1309. And he claimed to be admitted in the place of the attorney general of the said Bishop because he is made his general proctor which is of the same authority. And he offers to find good pledges that the Bishop will hold him properly constituted as such attorney &c. And he is admitted, if the lord the King will accept, by the pledge of Peter de St. Helier lord of Samarès, of William Payn (Bursar), of John de St. Martin priest & of John de Caley. And he says that

qd̄ p̄d̄cas Ep̄us e om̄es p̄decessores sui Ep̄i Constancieñ a tempe quo nō extat memoria semp pacifice tenuerunt p̄d̄ca teñ, aduocações e redd̄ sicut ip̄e Ep̄us ea modo tenet. Et qd̄ Ita est off̄ t̄ v̄ficare p̄ p̄riam.

Et Willelms dicit p̄ dño Rege qd̄ h̄edes conquestor̄ clamare possūt ab antiquo Et nō religiosi qui nich̄ h̄ient nisi ex collaōne Regum vt fideiū suor̄. Et dicit qd̄ ip̄e patus est v̄ficare p̄ dño Rege qd̄ Insule f̄runt antiquitus de Ep̄atu Exon̄. Et ex quo p̄d̄cus Ep̄us nō p̄fert f̄m sp̄ale de tenuris suis, nec in forma competenti respondet ad seisinam dñi Reḡ, petit Iudm p̄ dño Rege. Dies dat̄ est ei de audiendo Iudō suo coram dño Rege a die sc̄i Mich̄is in vnū mensem vbicūq, tūc f̄r̄it in Angl̄ t̄c. Postea ad diem illum ap̄d Westm̄ veñ p̄d̄cus Thomas offerens se p̄ p̄d̄co Ep̄o in for̄ qua p̄lus t̄c. Et c̄tis de causis dat̄ est ei dies de Iudō suo aud̄ coram dño Rege a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicūq, tūc f̄r̄it in Angl̄. Ad quem diem p̄d̄cus Thom̄ offerēs se vt p̄lus venit, et datus est ei dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicumq, t̄c.—Ad quē diem p̄d̄cus Ep̄s non venit. Ideo p̄cedat̄ ad iudiciū p̄ eius defaltam sed c̄tis de causis ponit̄ in respectū vsq, a die Pasch̄ in xv. dies vbicūq, t̄c.—Ad quem diem p̄d̄cus Ep̄s non veñ. Idō vt p̄lus respectuat̄ iudm vsq, a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicumq, t̄c. In Crastino aīaz vbicūq, t̄c. Ad q̄ diē iudiciū p̄d̄cm vt p̄lus resp̄tuat̄ vsq, a die Pasch̄ in vnū men̄s vbicūq, t̄c. Ad q̄ diē iudiciū resp̄tuat̄ vsq, a die Pasch̄ in tres sep̄t vbicūq, t̄c.—Ad quem diem iudm resp̄tuatur vsq, a die Pasch̄ in xv dies vbicūq, t̄c. Ad quē diē testat̄ qd̄ p̄d̄cus Ep̄s obiit Sed vt sciat̄ inde rei f̄ritas mandāt est Otoni de Grandisono ut̄ eius locū teñ qd̄ Rē inde c̄tificet a die Pasch̄ in quinq, sept̄s p̄x̄ futuř in vnū añū vbičq, t̄c.

Seq̄ Rex si t̄c.

Idem ⁺Ep̄us suū fuit ad respondend̄ dño Regi de p̄lito quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Reḡ e p̄genitor̄ suor̄ Regum

the said Bishop & all his predecessors Bishops of Coutances from time immemorial always peacefully held the said tenements, advowsons & rents as the said Bishop now holds them. And that this is so he offers to establish by verdict of the country.

And William says for the lord the King that the heirs of acquirers may claim from ancient times, and not ecclesiastics, who have nothing except of the collation of kings or of their faithful people. And he says that he is ready to establish for the lord the King that the islands were anciently of the bishopric of Exeter. And because the said Bishop does not bring a special deed of his tenures nor answers in proper form to the seisin of the lord the King, he claims judgment for the lord the King. A day is given to him to hear his judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England &c. Afterwards at that day at Westminster came the said Thomas offering himself for the said Bishop in the form as before &c. And for certain causes a day is given to him to hear his judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. On which day the said Thomas offering himself as before comes, & a day is given to him in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. On which day the said Bishop did not come. Therefore it is proceeded to judgment by his default, but for certain causes it is put in respite in 15 days to the day of Easter wheresoever &c. On which day the said Bishop did not come. Therefore as before judgment is respited in one month to the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. At which day the said judgment as before is respited in one month to the day of Easter wheresoever &c. On which day judgment is respited in 3 weeks to the day of Easter wheresoever &c. On which day judgment is respited in 15 days to the day of Easter wheresoever &c. On which day it is witnessed that the said Bishop has died, but that the truth of the matter therein may be known it is commanded to Otto de Grandison or his lieutenant to certify the King therein in 5 weeks from the day of Easter next to come in one year wheresoever &c.

The Abbot
did not come.
The Bishop
came.

Did not come.

Did not come.

The King
sues if &c.

The same Bishop was summoned to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the

Angl⁹ vsurpauit e sibi attraxit cogniōem plitoꝝ de t⁹nsg⁹ssionibz in Insulis dñi Reg⁹ de Gerne⁹, Jereseye, Serk, e Aureny cont^a pacem ipius dñi Reg⁹ f⁹cis, et de catañ e debitis que nō sunt de testamento v⁹t matrimonio quoꝝ cogniō mere spectat ad Coronam e dignitatem ipius dñi. Et vnde Wi⁹fts des mareys qui sequit^r p dño Rege dicit qđ licet Cognicio oim plitoꝝ de t⁹nsg⁹ssionibz quali⁹ecumq, quibzcumq, p quoscumq, illatis in Insulis, et de debitis e catañ laicalibz que nō sunt de testamento v⁹t mat⁹monio, simi⁹tr quibzcumq, a quibzcumq, debeant^r, tam de Jure q^am de consuetudine spectet ad Coronam e dignitatem dñi Reg⁹, et i⁹pe dñs Rex e oīnes p⁹genitores sui Reges Angl⁹, e dñi Insulaꝝ a tempe quo nō extat memoria exti⁹nt inde in seisina e possessione pacifica, p⁹dcūs Ep⁹us iam de nouo vsurpauit sibi attraxit e intendit attrahere cogniōem plitoꝝ de t⁹nsg⁹ssiōibz in Insulis f⁹cis cuicumq, Cl⁹ico p laicum v⁹t a⁹lm e cuicumq, laico p Cl⁹icum, e de debitis e catañ laicalibz Cl⁹icum quali⁹ecumq, contingentibz simi⁹tr cont^a fidem qua dño Regi tenet^r de tempalibz suis in lesionem e p⁹iudm Corone e dignitatis dñi Reg⁹, e ad dampnū suū mille libr. Et qđ Ita est offert v⁹ficare p dño Rege. Quer^r t⁹ p dño Rege qđ cum moris f⁹uit a tempe quo nō extat memoria qđ cum Cl⁹ici capti fuissent p c⁹minibz, p quibz li⁹tandi sunt Ordinario debent e solent Cl⁹ici hui⁹ p Ep⁹os peti coram Justi⁹c v⁹t aliis Judicibz potestatem h⁹entibz inde cognoscendi e in casibz consuetis ei v⁹t illi qui p ipm p l⁹ras suas patentes ad hoc assign⁹ libari cū inhibi⁹cōe si li⁹tandus male credat^r de c⁹mine qđ nō delibet^r a p⁹sona sine competenti purga⁹cōe t⁹c. Et sic vsitatū f⁹uit in Insulis tempibz p⁹genitoꝝ ipius dñi Reg⁹ Regum Angl⁹ e p⁹decessoꝝ ipius Ep⁹i e alioꝝ Ep⁹oꝝ in quoꝝ Diocesi Insule solent esse p⁹dcūs Ep⁹us iam quasi de nouo q^amcicius aliquis Cl⁹icus captus sit p c⁹mine v⁹t attach⁹ p Ba⁹llm Insule p qualicumq, t⁹nsg⁹ssione statim p tras Offic⁹ sui Constan⁹c, qui nō est de ligiancia dñi Reg⁹, nec ad

lord the King & his progenitors Kings of England he usurped & took to himself cognizance of the pleas of the trespasses made against the peace of the lord the King in his islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark & Alderney, & of the chattels & debts which do not relate to wills or marriage, the cognizance whereof belongs only to the Crown & dignity of the said lord. And thereupon William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King says that although the cognizance of all pleas of trespasses of whatsoever nature they may be arising in the islands, & of debts and lay chattels which do not relate to wills or marriage likewise by whomsoever they may be owed, belongs to the Crown & dignity of the lord the King as well by law as by custom; & that the said lord the King & all his progenitors kings of England & lords of the islands from time immemorial have been in seisin & peaceable possession thereof, the aforesaid Bishop now anew usurped, took to himself & intends to take to himself the cognizance of the pleas of trespasses made in the island to any clerk by a layman or other, or to any layman by a clerk, & of the debts & chattels of laymen in any way touching the clerk, likewise against the fealty by which he holds his temporalities of the lord the King, to the loss & prejudice of the Crown & dignity of the lord the King & to his damage to the value of 1000 livres. And that this is so he offers to establish for the lord the King. And it is also claimed for the lord the King that whereas it has been the custom from time immemorial that when clerks were taken for crimes for which they are to be delivered to the ordinary, such clerks ought & are wont to be claimed by the Bishops before the Justices or other judges having power to take cognizance thereof & in ordinary cases to be delivered to him or to that one who shall be assigned thereto by him by his letters patent with the inhibition that if the one to be delivered be thought guilty of the crime that he shall not be delivered out of the prison without sufficient punishment &c. And so it was used in the islands in the times of the progenitors of the said lord the King, Kings of England & of the predecessors of the said Bishop & of other Bishops in whose diocese the islands were wont to be;—the said Bishop now almost as if anew as soon as any clerk is taken for crime or attached by the bailiff of the island for whatsoever trespass forthwith by letters of his official at

eius fidem minatorias e excoicatorias singlis Capellanis Insulaꝝ directas compellit Baſſm ad hui⁹ Clicum statim deliband Decano Insule cū casu e causa attachi, et Decanus illū mittet cū sibi placuit p̄dco Officē ex^a regnū Angl, eciam licet t^ansgressio illa fca sit ip̄i dño Regi de Cunctis suis vī aliū. Et tūc p̄dctus Officē p voluntate sua facit illi Clico grām tē, e cum tris suis remittit eum in Insulas, purgacōe modo legitimo nō fca, nec aliquo Insulanoꝝ inde p̄munito, e sic p compulsionem Ep̄i morant^r hui⁹ Clici in Insulis tanq^m hoīes pacis, nec ob timorem excoicaçom ipoz Ep̄i e Officē sui audet aliquis ad illos manus appoſe, licet nec dño Regi, nec pti lese fuit in aliquo satisfcōm in magnam p turbaçoem pacis dñi Reg⁹ e dampnū p̄pli sui tē. Et qđ Ita est offert v̄ficare p dño Rege tē. Et petit ad hoc remediū adhiberi tē. Et Thomas dicit qđ ip̄e nō audet nec vult de Jurisdicçoe dñi sui coram ministris sectaribꝫ plitare, nec aliud vult inde diçe licet sepius ad hoc inçpellat⁹.

nō veñ

Respice in tergo de eodem.

(M. 8 d.) **Adhuc de p̄litis coram p̄fatis Iusticiār in Insula de Beresepe de eodem Istin⁹.**

ffresingfeld.

Et Wiſſus dicit qđ ex quo p̄dctus Thomas optulit se p geſſali pcuratore ip̄ius Ep̄i petens se admitti vt eius geſſalem attorñ hic in Cuī e inuenit secuī de Rato tē p̄t constat Cuī debet ip̄e Ep̄us p ip̄m Thomam qui p̄sens est in Cuī dño Regi inde Respondere vt haberi p indefenso. Et instanē petit Judm p dño Rege tē. Dies dat⁹ est ei de audiendo Judō suo coram dño Rege a die s̄ci Michis in vnū mensem vbicumq; tūc fuit in Angl. Et dēm est p̄dco Thome qđ nisi dñs suus habuit attorñ ad hoc fcm p Cancellariam Anglie totū

Coutances who is not of the allegiance of the lord the King nor of his fealty [by] threats & excommunications directed to all chaplains of the islands compels the bailiff to forthwith deliver such clerk immediately to the Dean of the island with the case & cause of attachment, & the Dean shall send him when it shall please him to the said official outside the kingdom of England, even although that trespass be made to the said lord the King of his conies or otherwise. And then the said official at his will shows favour to that clerk, &c., & with his letters he sends him back to the islands, punishment not having been made in lawful manner, nor any of the islanders having been warned thereof, & so by compulsion of the Bishop such clerks live in the islands as men of peace, nor for fear of excommunication of the said Bishop & his official dare anybody lay hands upon them, although neither to the lord the King nor to the party wronged was satisfaction given in any thing to the great disturbance of the peace of the lord the King & to the damage of his people &c. And that this is so he offers to establish for the lord the King &c. And he claims that remedy may be applied for this &c. And Thomas says that he neither dares nor will plead for the jurisdiction of his lord before secular officers, neither will he say anything therein although again & again questioned on the subject.

[Continued on the back of the same.]

(M. 8 d.) **Continuation of the pleas before the said Justices in the island of Jersey of the same eyre.**

Fresingfeld.

And William says that whereas the said Thomas presents himself as the general proctor of the said Bishop praying to be admitted as his attorney-general here in the court & finds security for his proper appointment &c. as it appears to the court, the said Bishop ought to answer to the King by the same Thomas who is present here in court or to be considered as undefended. And he earnestly claims judgment for the lord the King &c. A day is given to him to hear his judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England. And it is said to the said Thomas that unless his lord shall have an attorney hereto

Eps nō veñ
nec Thom̃ tē

Seq^r Rex tē

amittet tē. Postea ad diem illū aīd Westm̃ p̃d̃c̃us Thomas veñ sicut
e p^lus tē. Et dicit se nullo modo velle plitare de Iur̃dic̃oe dñi sui
in Cuī hic. Et h̃itis inde p̃libz al̃cãcoibz tē, dat^o est eis⁽¹⁾ dies de
Iud̃o suo aūd coram dño Rege a die Pasch̃ in vnū meñs vbicūq, tūc
fuit in Angl̃. Ad quem diem p̃d̃c̃us Thomas venit, et dat^o est ei
dies a die Pasch̃ in vnū mensem vbicumq, tē. Ad quem diem p̃d̃c̃i
Eps e Thom̃ non veñ, Iō de ip̃o Ep̃o ad iudiciū tē, sed ponit^r in res-
pectū vsq, a die Pasch̃ in xv dies vbicūq, tē. Et deinde resp^otuat^r
iudm̃ vsq, a die Pasch̃ in vnū mensem vbicūq, tē. In Crastino aīaz
vbicūq, tē. Ad q̃ die iudiciū p̃d̃c̃m vt sup^a resp^otuat^r vsq, a die Pasch̃
in vnū meñs vbicūq, tē. Ad q̃ die iudiciū p̃d̃c̃m resp^otuat^r vsq, a die
Pasch̃ in tres sep̃t vbicūq, tē. Ad quē diem iudm̃ resp^otuat^r vsq, a
die Pasch̃ in xv dies vbicūq, tē. Ad quē diē Iudm̃ resp^otuat^r vsq,
a die Pasch̃ in q̃nq, sept^s p̃x futuī in vnū annū vbiq, tē.

Dñs Rex p̃ Guīl̃m des mareys qui sequit^r p̃ eo petit vsus Abbem
obiit inquirat^r
de monte sc̃i Mich̃is in pic̃to maris vnū molendinū e reddm̃ Campti
bladoz oīm tenenciū ip̃ius Abb̃is in nigro monte in poct̃i sc̃i Broelardi,
et aduocãones Prioratus de Laik, e eccl̃ie sc̃i Audoeni vt Jus tē.
Et vnde Idem Guīl̃tus dicit p̃ dño Rege, qđ dñs H. Rex auus tē fuit
seisitus de p̃d̃c̃is teñ e aduocãcoibz tē, tēpe pacis, vt de Jure e feodo
Corone sue, Et qđ tale sit Jus Reg^o offert ṽificare p̃ dño Rege sicut
Cuī cons̃.

Idem Abbas suū fuit qđ esset hic ad hunc diem ad respond̃
dño Regi de plito quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Reg^o e
p̃genitoz suoꝝ Regum Angl̃ claī h̃ere lib̃am Warennam p̃ totū feodū
suū de nigro monte, e Wreccum maris ibidem accidens que spectant

(1) Sic.

The Bishop
did not come
nor Thomas
&c.

appointed by the Chancery of England he will lose all &c. Afterwards at that day at Westminster the said Thomas came as before &c. And says that he does not in any way wish to plead concerning the jurisdiction of his lord in the court here. And pleas, altercations, &c. being had therein, a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said Thomas came & a day is given to him in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. On which day the said Bishop & Thomas did not come. Therefore concerning the said Bishop to judgment &c., but it is put in respite until 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence judgment is respited until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. On which day the said judgment as above is respited in one month to the day of Easter wheresoever &c. On which day the said judgment is respited in 3 weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. On which day judgment is respited until 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day judgment is respited until 5 weeks from the day of Easter next coming in one year wheresoever &c.

The King
sues &c.

The lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him he died, let enquiry be made. claims against the Abbot of Mount St. Michael 'in periculo maris' one mill & the rent of the champart of the corn of all the tenants of the said Abbot in Noirmont in the parish of St. Brelade, & the advowsons of the Priory de Lecq & of the Church of St. Ouen, as his right &c. And thereupon the said William says for the lord the King that the lord H. the King the grandfather &c. was seised of the said tenements & advowsons &c. in the time of peace as of the right & fee of his crown. And that such is the right of the lord the King he offers to establish for the lord the King as the court shall determine.

The same Abbot was summoned to be here at this day to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & his progenitors Kings of England he claims to have free warren throughout all his fee of Noirmont, & wreck of the sea occurring there, which belong to the

ad Coronam e dignitatem dñi Regº. Et Abbas p attorñ suū veñ,
Et dicit qđ quidam Phus de Cartrahio p Cartam suam dať anno dñi
mº e lxxijº dedit Abbie de monte sđi Michis pđcam eccliam sđi Au-
doeni cum omibz ad ipam spectantibz pter id solum quod de decimis
frugum monachñ sđi Saluatoris e scimoniales hēre debent. Et simitr
dedit eis Capellam be marie cū ptiñ eiusdem in eadem pochl e iuxta
illam quamdam mansionem vbi P'oratº ille puus p pdecessores suos
constitutus est. Et pfert Cartam pđcam que hoc testat. Et dicit
qđ omēs pdecessores sui Abbes de pđco monte, e ipe a tempe quo
nō extat memoria post pđcm donū semp tenfunt pacifice pđcas
eccliam Capellam e mansionem. Et hoc off't vificare p pñam. Et
quo ad molend, reddm Campti e libam Warennam, dicit qđ ab an-
tiquo quidam Rex Angt dedit cuidam pdecessori suo quond Abbī tē
feod de Nigro monte in hac Insula cū omibz ptiñ suis, vnde molend
illud est membr e Camptū simitr in escamb p teñ que ipe Abbas fuit
in Insula de Aurenay que dño Regi remanserunt e adhuc remanent.
Et omēs Abbes tē e pdecessores sui a tempe pđci doni e illi qui
antea feod illud tenfunt a tempe quo nō extat memoria semp vsi
funt hēre libam Warennam in feodo illo. Et hoc offert vificare p
pñam. Et quoad Wreccū dicit sicut e in Insula de Gerneř qđ dñs
E. Rex pal tē p Cartam suam testat qđ anteq Rex fuit dum dñs
erat Insulaz inquiri fecit de Wrecco ad Abbiam illam ptinente, et qđ
inuenit qđ pdecessor ipius Abbis ab antiquo hēbant e pcipiebant
Wreccum huiº in omibz tris suis in hac Insula ab antiquo pter teñ
sua in pochl sđi Clementis, Et huiº Wreccum p pđcam Cartam suam
eis confirmavit imppm. Et sic clam ipe pcipe Wreccum tē.

Et pđcus Guiffus qui sequit' p dño Rege, quo ad pđca eccliam,
Prioratum, molend e Camptū, petit qđ rei vitas inquirat' p dño Rege.

crown & dignity of the lord the King. And the Abbot by his attorney comes & says that a certain Philip de Carteret by his charter dated A. D. 1167, gave to the Abbey of Mount St. Michael the said Church of St. Owen with all things belonging to the same except that only which the monks of St. Saviour & the holy nuns ought to have of the tithes of the fruit. And he likewise gave to them the Chapel of the Blessed Mary with the appurtenances of the same in the same parish and next to a certain mansion where that small priory was established by their predecessors. And he produces the charter aforesaid which witnesses this. And he says that all his predecessors Abbots of the said mount & himself from time immemorial after the said gift always held peaceably the said Church chapel & mansion. And this he offers to establish by verdict of the country. And as to the mill, rent of the champart & free warren he says that in ancient times a certain King of England gave to a certain one of his predecessors formerly Abbot &c. the fee of Noirmont in this island with all its appurtenances, whereof that mill is a member & the champart likewise in exchange for the tenements which the said Abbot had in the island of Alderney which had remained & still remain to the lord the King. And all the Abbots &c. and their predecessors from the time of the said gift & those who before held that fee from time immemorial were always used to have free warren in that fee. And this he offers to establish by verdict of the country. And as to wreck he says as & in the island of Guernsey that the lord E. the King father &c. by his charter witnesses that before he was King while he was lord of the islands he caused enquiry to be made concerning wreck belonging to that Abbey, & that he found that the predecessors of the said Abbot of old had & took such wreck in all their lands in this island from ancient times except their tenements in the parish of St. Clement. And such wreck by his said charter he confirmed to them for ever. And so he claims to take wreck &c.

And the aforesaid William who sues for the lord the King, regarding the said Church, Priory, mill & champart, claims that the truth of the matter may be enquired into for the lord the King.

Et quo ad Warennam tē, dicit qđ dñs H. Rex auus tē dedit pđča teñ in escamb̃ cuidam Abb̃i pdecessori tē vnde dicit qđ Abbas nō potest claīn Warennam ab antiquo. Et ex quo Abbas nō ostendit inde fēm speciale petit Judm p dño Rege. Et quo ad Wreccū dicit simiŕ qđ ex quo pđcūs dñs H. Rex auus tē dedit pđča teñ in escamb̃ tē et pdecessores pđci Abb̃is nich̃ habŕunt in illo feodo ante donū illud, pđcūs Abbas nō potest clamare Wreccū p virtutem pđce Carte dñi Reg^o que continet qđ inuent̃ fuit p inquis qđ Abb̃es pđce domus fuerunt Wreccū in feodo illo ab antiquo, ex quo p recordū Rotloz pđci dñi H. Regis aui tē, repiet̃ qđ Abb̃es tē feodū illud fuerunt de dono suo, p quod clamare nō possent fīre Wreccū, nisi in Carta sua continet̃, vnde petit Judm p dño Rege. Et Juŕ quo ad aduocações pđcoz Prioratus e ecclie, dicunt sup sacm suū qđ Abb̃es de pđco monte eas tenŕunt a tempe quo nō extat memoria in forma qua modo eas tenet. Dicunt t̃ qđ simiŕ tenŕunt pđča molend̃ e Camptum a tempe pđci escambii tē. Et qz pđcūs Abbas nō ostendit hic aliquam Cartam dñi Reg^o de pđco escambio. Iō tam inde qm de Warennam e Wrecco, datus est ei dies de audiendo Judō suo coram dño Rege a die sc̃i Mich̃is in vnū meñs vbicumq, tūc fŕit in Angl̃ tē. Et Abbas po. lo. suo Joh̃em le moigne ṽl Wilm̃ Siglel. Postea ad diem illū apđ Westm̃ pđcūs Abbas veñ p attorñ suū. Et ctis de causis dat^o est eis dies de Judō suo aud̃ coram dño Rege a die Pasch̃ in vnū meñs vbicūq, tūc fŕit in Angl̃. Ad quem diem pđcūs Abbas p attorñ suū veñ e dat̃ est eis dies vsq, a die Pasch̃ in vnū mensem, vbicūq, tē.

veñ Ad quē diem pđcūs Abbas p attorñ suū veñ, e datus est ei dies a die Pasche in xv dies vbicūq, tē. Ad q̃ diē pđcūs Abbas veñ, Et dat^o est ei dies a die Pasch̃ in vnū mensē vbicq, tē. In Crastino aīaz vbicūq, tē.

veñ Ad q̃ diē pđcūs Abbas veñ e dat^o est ei dies a die Pasch̃ in vnū mensē

And as to the warren, &c. he says that the lord H. the King, the grandfather &c. gave the said tenements in exchange to a certain Abbot a predecessor &c. whereupon he says that the Abbot cannot claim the warren of old. And inasmuch as the Abbot does not show any special deed thereof, he claims judgment for the lord the King. And as to the wreck he says likewise that inasmuch as the said lord H. the King the grandfather &c. gave the said tenements in exchange &c. and the predecessors of the said Abbot had nothing in that fee before that gift, the aforesaid Abbot cannot claim wreck by virtue of the said charter of the lord the King which contains that it was found by inquisition that the Abbots of the said house had wreck in that fee of ancient time, because by the record of the rolls of the said lord H. the King the grandfather &c. it appears that the Abbots &c. had that fee of his gift, by which they cannot claim to have wreck unless it is contained in their charter, whereupon he claims judgment for the lord the King. And the jurors, regarding the advowsons of the said Priory & Church, say upon their oath that the Abbots of the said Mount held them from time immemorial in the form in which he now holds them. And they say that they likewise held the said mill & champart from the time of the said exchange &c. And because the said Abbot does not show here any charter of the lord the King of the said exchange, therefore as well thereof as of warren & wreck a day is given to him to hear his judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England &c. And the Abbot put in his place John le Moigne or William Siglel. Afterwards at that day at Westminster the said Abbot came by his attorney. And for certain causes a day is given to him to hear his judgment before the lord the King in one month from the said day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said Abbot by his attorney came & a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Abbot by his attorney came, & a day is given to him in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Abbot came, & a day is given to him in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. At which day the said

Came :

vbicūq, tē. Ad q̄ diē p̄dcs Abbas veñ, e dat⁹ est ei dies a die Pasch̄ in tres sep̄ vbicūq, tē. Ad quem diem p̄dcs Abbas veñ e datus est ei dies a die Pasch̄ in xv dies vbicūq, tē. Ad quē diē testat⁹ qđ Abb̄ obiit, sed vt sciat⁹ inde rei ūitas mand⁹ est Otoni de Grandisono qđ Regē certificet a die Pasch̄ in q̄nq, sept⁹s p̄x futur⁹ in vnu aññ vbiq, tē.

Seq⁹ Rex tē

(M. 9.) **Adhuc de pl̄itis coram p̄fatis Iusticiari in Insula de Jereš de eod̄ Istin⁹.**

ffresingfeld.

Jereseye.

Cōitas hui⁹ Insule allocuta qua lege vtunt⁹ e p̄ quam legem clamant deduci an videt⁹ p̄ legem Anglie vel Normanū, aut p̄ sp̄ales consuetudines eis p̄ Reges concessas tē, Dicunt qđ p̄ legem Normanū excepto qđ ip̄i ſient etas consuetudines in hac Insula vsitatas a tempe quo memoria nō existit diſsantes tū a legibz Normannoꝝ put patet plenius in quadam cedula quam hic libarunt. Et dicunt qđ ip̄i ſint de Indigenis hui⁹ Insule xij hoīes Juṛ Reg⁹ qui vna cū Baſſo Insule in absencia Justiç e vna cum Justiç cū huc aduenſint debent Judicare de oībz casibz in hac Insula qualiſcumq, em̄gentibz, exceptis casibz vbi spectat redempçō p̄ voluntate dñi Reg⁹ e Cuṛ sue, vnde taxaçō mere spectat ad dñm Regem e Cuṛ suam tē. Sed ip̄i xij debent vna cum Iusticiari de hiis que coram eis fiunt in cōi e vna cū Baſſo de hiis que coram eis fiunt in absencia Justiciarioꝝ façe record⁹ tē. Et post aſs totū record⁹ erit ip̄oꝝ xij. vna cum Baſſo tē, cū dñs Rex scribere volūit ad faciendū inde record⁹ venire coram eo.

Postea p̄dca Cōitas suū fuit ad respondendū dño Regi de pl̄ito quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Reg⁹ e p̄genitoꝝ suoꝝ Regū Angl̄ clamant ſire de seiṗis vnam duodenā hoīm Juṛ dño Regi

Came : Abbot came & a day is given to him in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Abbot came, & a day is given to him in three weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Abbot came & a day is given to him in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day it is witnessed that the Abbot is dead, but that the truth of the matter may be thereof known it is commanded to Otho de Grandison that he certify the King in 5 weeks from the day of Easter next coming in one year wheresoever &c.

**The King
sues &c.**

**(M. 9.) Continuation of the pleas before the aforesaid Justices in
the Island of Jersey of the same eyre.**

Fresingfeld.

The commonalty of this island being asked what law they use & by what law they claim to be governed whether to wit, by the law of England or of Normandy, or by special customs granted to them by the Kings &c. say by the law of Normandy, except that they have certain customs used in this island from time immemorial differing however from the laws of the Normans as appears more fully in a certain schedule which they have here delivered. And they say that they have of the natives of this island 12 men jurats of the King, who, together with the bailiff of the island, in the absence of the justices & together with the justices when they shall come hither ought to judge of all cases in this island in what way soever arising, except cases where the redemption appertains to the will of the lord the King & of his court, whereof the taxation belongs merely to the lord the King & his court &c. But those 12 ought to make a record &c. together with the justices of those things which are done before them in common, & together with the bailiff [to make a record] of those things which are done before them in the absence of the justices. And after the assize the whole record shall be of those 12 together with the bailiff &c. when the lord the King shall wish to write to cause the record thereof to come before him.

Afterwards the said commonalty was summoned to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & his progenitors Kings of

qui Judm e record facient de om̃imodis plitis agitatis e plitatis coram Baffis dñi Reg^o de Inſ. Et t̃ coram Justiciař ip̃ius dñi Reg^o, cum ad ptes istas veñint tam de plitis Corone dñi Reg^o q^m aliis plitis quibzcumq. Et t̃ de contemptibz e t^ansgř f̃cis ip̃i dño Regi e Corone e dignitati sue e t̃ Cuř sue e ministris suis que quidem cogniçoes e Judiçoz reddiçoes ad ip̃m dñm Regem e Coronam e dignitatem suam e ministros suos p ip̃m sp̃atr ad hoc deputatos et nō ad ałm mere spectant. Et t̃ quo Waranto clamant qđ nō liceat dño Regi vt Justiç suis p ip̃m sp̃aliř assign^atis ad Itinland in hiis Insul inquirere de feloñ e aliis f̃cis cont^a pacem dñi Reg^o p ples hoies ponend in Inquis q^m sex vt ad maius octo quod manifeste cedit in lesionem Corone e dignitatis dñi Reg^o. Et vnde Wills des mareys qui sequit^r p dño Rege dicit p dño Rege qđ vbi ab antiquo, cum dñs Rex qui p tempe f̃fuit miserit Justiç huc ad Itinland t̃c vt ad audiend e f̃minand eta negocia t̃c Justiç illi pcedere solent ad Judm iux^a discreçoes suas nisi tantūmodo in casibz totař tangentibz Insulanos e tenuras suas adinvicem petitas de quibz Iidem Justiç quibz consuetudies Insule sunt incognite petierunt am̃samentū a xij. Juř t̃c anteq^m pcesserunt ad Judm t̃c p̃dca Cōitas iam de nouo p hui^o Juř suos volunt sibi attrahere Juřdicçoem regiam t̃c in lesionem Corone e dignitatis dñi Reg^o. Et qđ Ita est offert ṽficare p dño Rege sicut Cuř cons̃.

Et Cōitas veñ, e diç qđ ip̃i e eoř p̃genitores Insulani hic a tempe quo memoria nō existit semp vsi f̃funt h̃ndi xij Juř hui^o de seip̃is, qui eligi debent p ministros dñi Reg^o e optimates p̃rie cū opus f̃fuit scilt post mortem vnus eoř ałf fidedignus, simiř si quis eoř cōuictus fuisset a casu de falsitate loco suo debet ałf s̃bstitui. Et debent Jurare sine condiçione tantum ad manutenend e saluand Jura dñi Reg^o e pat^otař. Et ip̃i xij. debent iudicare de om̃ibz causis

England they claim to have of themselves a dozen men sworn to the lord the King who make judgment & record of all manner of pleas moved & impleaded before the bailiffs of the lord the King in the islands, and also before the Justices of the same lord the King when they shall come to these parts as well of the pleas of the Crown of the lord the King as of other pleas whatsoever. And also of contempts & trespasses made against the said lord the King & his crown & dignity & also against his court & his officers; which said cognizances & delivering of judgments belong only to the said lord the King & his crown & dignity & his officers specially deputed by him for this matter, & not to any other. And also by what warrant they claim that it is not lawful to the lord the King or his Justices by him specially assigned to go in eyre in these islands to enquire concerning felonies & other things done against the peace of the lord the King by putting more men on an inquisition than 6 or at most 8 which manifestly tends to the contempt of the crown & dignity of the lord the King. And thereupon William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King says for the lord the King that where of old when the lord the King, who then was, sent justices here in eyre &c. or to hear & determine certain causes &c. those justices were wont to proceed to judgment according to their discretion excepting only in cases altogether touching the islanders & their tenures mutually sued for, of which the said justices to whom the customs of the island are unknown sought advice from the 12 jurats &c. before they proceeded to judgment &c.—the said commonalty now anew by such their jurats wish to draw to themselves the royal jurisdiction &c. in contempt of the crown & dignity of the lord the King. And that this is so he offers to establish for the lord the King as the court shall determine.

And the commonalty come & say that they & their progenitors the islanders here from time immemorial were always used to have 12 such jurats of themselves who ought to be chosen by the officers of the lord the King & the magnates of the country when need shall be, to wit, after the death of one of them another one trustworthy, also if one of them be convicted in a case of corruption another ought to be substituted in his place. And they ought to swear without condition except to maintain & preserve the rights of the lord the King & of their countrymen. And those 12 ought to judge all

plitis contemptibz tⁿsg^r felonis f^cis vicinis ex^aneis e aliis quibz-
cumq³ exceptis tñ casibz nimis arduis sicut p^dc^m est et emend oñn
p^missoz p^dcⁱs arduis exceptis debent ipi xij taxa^r. Dicunt t̃ qđ si
dñs Rex velit c^tiorari de recordo pliti coram Justi^c e ipis xij agitata
Justi^c vna cū ist xij debent recordⁱ illud fa^ce. Et post Iter recordⁱ
fiet p ipos xij. vna cum Ballo. Et de agitatis coram Ballo e ipis sint
ipi recordⁱ coniunctim t^c. Et sic vti solent ab antiquo. Et qđ Ita
est off^punt v^ficare sicut Cu^r considera^rit.

Et Wiffus dicit p dño Rege qđ p^dcⁱ xij. nunq^a consue^runt h^ere
recordⁱ nisi tantū in casu vt sectatores Cu^r Baroñ t^c. Di^c eñ qđ
cum quis implitans vt implitat^o coram Ballo e Ju^r fa^ce velit attorñ,
hoc fa^ce nō potest nisi ps ad^usa p^sens f^uit q^ando fit attorñ si^c in Cu^r
Baroñ vbi si plenū recordⁱ h^uissent p^ut clamant possent ipi tam in
absencia q^am p^sencia ptis attorñ recipe e receptū recordari. Di^c t̃
qđ si p^dcⁱ xij. cum v^eñint coram Justi^c velint a^r recorda^r cont^a ptem
aliquam q^am scđm id, qđ coram eis f^uit agitatū, et ps allega^rit qđ
plⁱtum a^r se fiet q^am ipi recordant^r e illud vol^unt p^bare cum
effectū, debet e solet ad hoc admitti quod nō fieret si xij illi plenū
recordū h^uissent. Di^c t̃ qđ Cōitas hic nō vtit^r ad p^sens antiquis
consuetudinibz. Di^c enim qđ manifestum est qđ oñes Insulani sunt
vnius e eiusd^e lingue, e tempe quo Ducat^o Normanñ h^uit Ducem f^unt
Insule Ducis illius, et quociens Insulani faciunt p^quisitū a Cu^r dñi
Reg^o, semp ad eo^z suggestionem scribit^r scđm legem e consuetud^e In-
sula^z e sic patet qđ in oñibz Insul^u debet esse vna lex e vna con-
suetudo. Et di^c qđ Insulani hic p voluntate sua assumpserunt sibi
p lege e consuetudine quedam quibz vtunt^r que oñino discordant
legibz e consuetudinibz alia^z Insula^z e hoc tam in lege de he^r de
dote e Corona de pondere e mensu^r, q^am de consuetudibz e Customis
que qⁱ tota^r contrariant^r seu discordant, vnde narrare foret infinitū.

causes, pleas, contempts, trespasses, felonies done to the inhabitants, strangers & others whomsoever excepting only too arduous cases as is aforesaid, & those 12 ought to tax the fines of all the premises, the said arduous matters excepted. And they say that if the lord the King wishes to be certified of the record of a plea raised before the justices & those 12, the justices together with those 12 ought to make that record. And after the eyre let a record be made by those 12 together with the bailiff. And concerning cases moved before the bailiff & themselves they have the record conjointly &c. And so they are wont to use of old. And that this is so they offer to establish as the court shall determine.

And William says for the lord the King that the aforesaid 12 were never wont to have the record except only in a case as suitors in a Court Baron &c. He says also that when any one pleading or impleaded before the bailiff & the jurats wished to appoint an attorney, he could not do this unless the opposing party was present when he appointed his attorney as in a Court Baron, whereas if they had full record as they claim they might receive an attorney as well in the absence as in the presence of the party, & make a record of such admission. He also says that if the said 12 when they shall come before the justices shall wish to record against the party anything other than according to that which was moved before them, & the party shall allege that the plea is other than they recorded & shall wish to prove that with effect, he ought & was wont to be admitted thereto, which would not be done if those 12 had full record. And he says also that the commonalty here do not at present use the ancient customs; for he says that it is manifest that all the islanders are of one & the same tongue & at the time in which the Duchy of Normandy had a Duke the islands were of that Duke, & as often as the islands make a request of the court of the lord the King it is always written at their suggestion that it is according to the law & custom of the islands, & so it appears that in all the islands there ought to be one law & one custom. And he says that the islanders here at their will took to themselves for law & custom certain things which they use which are altogether at variance with the laws & customs of the other islands & this as well in the law of inheritance, of dower & of the crown rights of weights & measures as well as of customs and duties which are so totally contrary & dis-

Et hec omnia dicit se patum esse verificare p dño Rege sicut Cur cons. Et petit Judm p dño Rege. Dicit t qd p libz modis aliis abutunt legibz tñ. Quia dicit qd vbi Baſſs Insule quociens viderit expedire faciet inquisitiones suas p xij. ipi suadent Justic cum vñint qd p sacrm vj. tm in vna inquisitione debent pcedere ad inquirend de felon e Juribz dñi Regº quod om̃ino discordat legi. Dicit t qd simitr suadent ipis Justic qd Indictatores debent amofsi ex offico Justic⁽¹⁾ cū Indictatº se ponat in Inquis licet Indictatº excepcoem aliquam nō fuerit vsus eos ponentes p causa ne Indictatores incurrant infamiam piurii si Indictatum quietarent cū tm Jurent iuxª consciencias. Dicit t qd xij. Juº Regº circiª a xx. annis elapsis psumptuose contª Justic de se sine assensu dñi Regº lenaſunt hic quedam noua statuta p eos vt legalia que om̃n Juri sunt contrªria de eo videt qd cum quis hic conquerens de debito quod dicat aliquem absentem sibi debere pbaſit huiº debitū sibi deberi nisi debitor vbicumq; comorans venisset infra xl. dies, e satisfecisset creditori de debito statim pdci xij faent libari creditori tras debitoris p debito illo tenend in feodo inppm fca tū pñs p sacrm Juº appciacoe de eisdem terris, e sic siue debitū fuisset clarum nec ne nichominus ille qui debitor dicebat siue iuste vt iniuste amittet teñ sua inppm p libacoe illam. Et s[ic] fcm fuit de Petro de Hoga e p libz aliis. Et illi Juº Regº qui fñunt in vltio Itifse coram H. de Guildeford tñ illam consuetudinem pnunciaſunt p legali p quod Willus Payn tñ amisit teñ sua, Cōitate Insule tunc pñte nec tñ nec alias contªdicente. Et iam p eandem Cōitatem e p Juº comptū est qd illud nec est nec esse debet lex vt consuetudo. Dicit t qd atr decreſunt in decepcoem dñi Regº de Custumis siue consuetudinibz sibi debitis. In eo videt qd vbi dñs Rex ñere debet hic sicut e in Inš de Gerneř terciūdecimū denař de om̃ibz teñ e red-

(1) Justiciariorum : as at page 83 for Juratorum (Jurors).

cordant, to tell of which would be endless. And all these things he says he is ready to establish for the lord the King as the court shall determine. And he claims judgment for the lord the King. He says also that in many other ways they abuse the laws &c. because he says that when the bailiff of the island as often as he shall deem necessary will make his inquisitions by 12 men they persuade the justices when they come that by the oath of 6 men in one inquisition they ought to proceed to enquire concerning the felonies & rights of the lord the King which is altogether at variance with the law. He also says that they likewise persuade those justices that accusers ought to be removed from the office of jurors when the accused puts himself on an inquisition although the accused shall not have any exception against them, putting forward as the reason lest the accusers incur the infamy of perjury, if they acquit the accused, when they only swear according to their consciences. He also says that the 12 jurats of the King about 20 years ago presumptuously, against the justices, of themselves, without the assent of the lord the King, applied here certain new rules by them as if lawfully enacted which are contrary to all right on this subject, to wit, that when anyone here, suing for a debt which he says that any absent person owes him, he proved such debt to be owing to him, unless the debtor, wheresoever he is living, come within 40 days & satisfy the creditor of the debt, immediately the aforesaid 12 cause to be delivered to the creditor the lands of the debtor for that debt to be held in fee for ever, a valuation of those lands being first made by the oath of the jurors, & so whether that debt was paid or not nevertheless he who was called debtor whether justly or unjustly would lose his tenements for ever by that delivery. And so it was done in the case of Peter de la Hogue & many others. And those jurats of the King who were in the last eyre before H. de Guildford &c. pronounced that custom to be legal whereby William Payn then lost his tenements, the commonalty of the island being then present & neither then nor elsewhere gainsaying. And now by the same commonalty & by the jurats it is found that that neither is nor ought to be the law or custom. And he says that in other ways they have decreed to the deception of the lord the King concerning duties or customs due to him. That is to say that where the lord the King ought to

Et Cōitas dīc qđ īpī e eoꝝ antecessores vsī fūuut talibꝫ consue-
tudinibꝫ sicut īpī modo clama[nt]. Et dicunt qđ īpī bene curant de
pđcā suā de mancael eo qđ leges Normanñ, bñ in ea continent̃.
Nec volunt īpī plitare cum dño Rege. Et si t̃nsgřssum sit puniant̃
t̃nsgressores. Nec⁽²⁾ aliud respond̃ nisi tñ qđ Juř dñi Reg^o
dicunt qđ īpī Judicant fidei iux^a cōsciencias suas. [Et] dat^o est eis
de audiendo Juđo suo coram dño Rege a die s̃ci Michis in vnū men-
sem vbicūq; [tūc] fūit in Angl̃. Et Cōitas po. lo. suo Pñm de Carlet

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have here as also in the island of Guernsey the thirteenth penny of all tenements & rents sold in fee, & it is likewise so used in Normandy, the lord the King does not here take more than 3 sols for a sale although that difference is not specified in the said schedule of the commonalty &c. He also says that the said commonalty now as it were anew, have taken to themselves a certain new suit of a certain treatise which one by the name of Mancel, a Norman, made some time after the Normans had withdrawn from the allegiance of the lord the King of England & his writings they follow in those things which please them & certain things thereof they pass over as appears in their schedule & so the islanders here are at variance with the usages of the other islanders. And he claims for the lord the King that the just & ancient custom be reformed; so that all the islanders may use the same law & custom & that their customs may be known and acknowledged. He also says that the jurats of the King here the day before suborned their word before the justices, i.e. to say that they gave the justices here advice in a certain plea touching one of their fellows, that he making default after the day appointed for the view in a plea of land, if that view were sufficiently made, ought to lose seisin of the tenement sued for, & afterwards in a like case they said that the tenements are not by their custom to be lost in any case without the oath of the jurors in an inquisition thereof to be made; & often they were and are used to vary thus in their judgments as well before the justices as before the bailiffs. And that this is so he offers to establish as the court shall determine, & he claims as before for the lord the King &c.

And the commonalty say that they & their ancestors have used such customs as they now claim. And they say that they have great regard for the said 'Summa de Mancael' because the laws of the Normans are well contained in the same, nor do they wish to implead with the lord the King. And if a trespass has been committed let the trespassers be punished nor do they answer anything except only that the jurats of the lord the King say that they judge faithfully according to their consciences. And a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall [then] be in England. And

Seq^r Rex tē vt Joñem de s^{co} Martino. Postea ad diem illū apud Westm̄ veñ
p^dca Cōitas p attorñ suos. Et etis de causis dat^o est eis dies de
J[udo] suo aud coram dño Rege a die Pasch̄ in vnū menš vbicūq,
tūc fūit in Angl̄. Ad quē diem p^dca cōitas p attorñ suū venit. Et
veñ datus est eis a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicūq, [tē]. Ad quē diē
p^dca cōitas veñ p attorñ suū. Et dat^o est ei dies a die Pasch̄ in
xv dies vbicūq, tē. Ad q̄ diē cōitas veñ vt sup^a e dat^o est ei dies in
orastino aia^z vbicūq, tē. Ad q̄ diē p^dca cōitas veñ e dat^o est [ei dies]
a die Pasch̄ in vnū menš vbicūq, tē. Ad q̄ diē p^dca cōitas veñ e
dat^o est ei dies a die Pasch̄ in tres s[ept^s] tē. Ad quē diem p^dca
cōitas veñ e datus est ei dies a die Pasch̄ in xv dies vbicūq, tē. Ad
quē diē p^dca cōitas [veñ p attorñ] suū e datus est ei dies a die Pasch̄
in q̄nq, futu^r in vnū anñ vbicūq, tē.

(M. 9 d.) **Adhuc de p^litis coram p^rfatis Iusticia^r in Insula
de Beresepe de eod̄ Istin^e.**

ffresingfeld.

Precentor e Capitlm̄ Constancien̄ suū fūunt qđ essent hic ad
respondend̄ dño Regi de p^lito quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate
dñi Reg^o e pgenito^r suor̄ Regum Angl̄ cla^m pcipe e fiere p mañ
p^oiti dñi Reg^o de Serk, viginta solid̄ singtis annis de firma dñi
Reg^o ibid̄ que ad dñm Regem ptinet. Et Precentor, Capitli e ma^gr
Scolasticus Concanōicus eiusd̄ modo veñ. Et diē p p^dco Capitlo, qđ
p^dcēm Capitlm̄ tam remote deget a Cu^r Angl̄ qđ postq^a scifūunt qđ
fūnt hic suū nō potuit impetrasse b^re in Angl̄ de attorñ tē. Et
dicūt qđ ipi soliti fūnt admitti in Insulis p p^ou^r tē de rebus ipos
tangtibz in Insulis siē e in Cu^r Reg^o ffrancie. Et petunt qđ ad-
mitti possint ad respond̄ p p^ou^r suū. Et concedit^r eis ad p^oens de

The King
sues &c.

Came :

the commonalty put in their place Philip de Carteret or John de St. Martin. Afterwards at that day at Westminster came the said commonalty by their attorneys. And for certain causes a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said commonalty by their attorney came. And a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever [&c.] At which day the said commonalty came by their attorney. And a day is given to them in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the commonalty came as above & a day is given to them in the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. At which day the said commonalty came & a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said commonalty came & a day is given to them in 3 weeks from the day of Easter &c. At which day the said commonalty came & a day is given to them in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said commonalty [came by their attorney] & a day is given to them from the day of Easter in 5 [weeks next] coming in one year wheresoever &c.

(M. 9 d.) *Continuation of the pleas before the aforesaid Justices in the Island of Jersey of the same eyre.*

Fresingfeld.

The Precentor & Chapter of Coutances were summoned that they be here to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & his progenitors Kings of England they claim to take & have by the hand of the provost of Sark of the lord the King 20 sols every year of the farm of the lord the King there which belongs to the lord the King. And the Precentor, Chapter & Scholastic Master Fellow-canon of the same now comes & says on behalf of the said Chapter that the said Chapter dwells so remote from the Court of England that after they knew that they were summoned here a writ from England for appointing an attorney &c. could not be obtained. And they say that they were wont to be represented in the Islands by a proctor &c. concerning the King's touching them in the Island as also in the court of the King of France. And they claim that they may be admitted to answer by their proctor. And it is granted to them at

gřa tč. si dñs Rex acceptet. Et Wills de Stonerailles ptulit hic quasdam litřas patentes eiusdem Capitli in hec řba. Vniřsis hec visuř e audituř humile Capitlm Constancieñ ecclie sařtm in dño. Nořitis qđ nos dilectos e fideles nřos Thomam Danseis Rectorem ecclie sři Martini veřis in Insulis Geresoy e Guifm de Stonerailles Cřicum exhibitoř řsenciũ pcuratores e attorñ nřos constituim⁹ facim⁹ e ordinamus quemlibet in solidum. Ita qđ nō sit melior condičo occupantis, in omibz e singtis causis negotiis e řrelis quas řemus e řituri sum⁹ cont^a quoscumq, adřsarios nřos, e ipi cont^a nos coram omibz Bařtis, vič, attorñ Illustrissimi Principis dñi Edwardi Reg⁹ Angł e ei⁹ locum tenentibz in Insulis de Gersoy Gerneř, de Serk e aliis Insulis řdčis Gersoy e Gerneř adiacentibz ad omes dies e řmōs nob assignatos e assignandos, dantes eisdem pcuratoribz e attorñ nřis mandat řpale e plenariam potestatem agendi p nob, e nos defendendi e iura nřa coram ipis ad nos spectancia petendi e optinendi nob q, refferendi quicquid coram ipis actum řuit de řmissis, nec nō e aliũ seu alios pcur seu attorñ loco eoř řbstituendi similem in řmissis potestatem řituř, nec nō e faciendi omia que possunt e debent fače pcur seu attorñ legittime constitut⁹ e que fače possemus coram řdčis Justič si řsentes infessemus, Ratum e g^atum řntes e řituri quicquid cũ řdčis pcur vł attorñ nřis vł eoř alřo aut řbstitut⁹ ab eisđ tam p nob q^m cont^anos actum řuit in řmissis. Promittenř p ipis pcur vł attorñ nřis aut řbstitut⁹ ab eisdem vł eoř alřo řb ypoteca reř nřař e ecclie sup^adče si nče řuit Judicat solui, aliũ seu alios pcur seu attorñ si quos constituim⁹ reuocantř. In cui⁹ rei testimoniũ řsentibz řris sigillũ nrřm est appensũ. Actum anno dñi m^o ccc^{mo} Nono die sabbi post festum Apłoř Petⁱ e Pauli. Et tam Precentor e Scolasticus tč qua Guifmus Stonerailles pcur Capitli dicunt qđ řdči Precentor e Capitlm e omes řdecessores sui de Capitto illo soliti řřunt pcipe singtis

present of grace &c. if the lord the King accepts. And William de Stonerailles brought here certain letters patent of the same Chapter in these words. To all who shall see & hear these letters humbly the Chapter of the Church of Coutances greeting in the Lord. Be it known that we constitute make & ordain our beloved & faithful Thomas Danseis rector of the Church of St. Martin the old in the Island of Jersey & William de Stonerailles, Clerk, exhibitors of these presents our proctors & attorneys each entirely. So that there be no better condition of the person acting in all & each of the causes businesses & plaints which we have & are to have against whomsoever our adversaries & they against us before all bailiffs, sheriffs [&] attorneys of the illustrious Prince the lord Edward King of England & his lieutenants in the islands of Jersey, Guernsey, of Sark & the other islands adjacent to the said Jersey & Guernsey, at all days & terms assigned & to be assigned to us, giving to the same our proctors & attorneys special mandate & full power to act for us, & to defend us, & to seek & obtain our right to us belonging before them, & to refer to us whatsoever shall be done before them concerning the premises, & also similar power to be had in the premises of substituting another or other proctors or attorneys in their place, & also to do all things which proctors or attorneys lawfully constituted can & ought to do & which we might do before the said justices if we were present, holding & to hold as ratified & agreed upon whatsoever with our said proctors or attorneys or either of them or their substitute shall be done in the premises as well for us as against us, promising for our same proctors or attorneys or those substituted by them or any of them under hypothecation of our possessions & Church aforesaid if it be necessary to adjudge to be paid; recalling any other or others proctors or attorneys if we have constituted any such. In witness whereof our seal is appended to these present letters. Done in the year of Our Lord 1309 on Saturday after the feast of the Apostles Peter & Paul. And as well the Precenter & Scholar &c. as William Stonerailles proctor of the Chapter say that the said Precenter & Chapter & all their predecessors of that Chapter were wont to take every year the said rent of 20 sols by the hand of the provost

annis p̄dēm reddm̄ viginti solid p̄ mañ p̄pōiti de Serk de redd̄ collecto de Insulanis illis a tempe quo nō extat memoria sine tempis inſrup̄cone in forma qua īpī modo illum recipiunt. Et qđ Ita est offerunt v̄ficare p̄ p̄riam.

Et Willus des mareys qui ſequit̄ p̄ dño Rege, dicit qđ p̄dci Precentor e Capitlm̄ nō debent hui⁹modi reddm̄ pcipe de Thesaſ dñi Reg⁹, ex quo nō ostendunt inde aliquod f̄cm ſpale. Et petit Judm̄ p̄ dño Rege, maxime cum Insula de Serk nuq̄ fuit in dño Regum Angl̄ vsq̄ ad tempus dñi Joñnis quond̄ Reg⁹ Angl̄ tempe cui⁹ p̄dca Insula de Serk ad manū suam deuenit vt Jus e esch̄ p̄ forisf̄curam cui⁹ dñi de Vernonn Normanni qui illam tenuit de p̄dco dño Rege e postea recessit a fide īp̄ius Reg⁹, e tenuit se ad p̄tem f̄francie t̄c quod quidem est infra tempus memorie. Et hec om̄ia patus est v̄ficare p̄ dño Rege sicut Cuñ cons̄. Et peñ Judm̄ p̄ dño Rege. Dies dat⁹ est eis de audiendo Judo suo coram dño Rege a die ſci Michis in vnū menſ vbicumq̄ t̄c. Et Precentor po. lo suo Guilm̄ Stonerailles vt Thomam Wyncheles. Postea ad diem illū apđ Westm̄ veñ p̄dci Precentor e magr̄ p̄ attorn̄ suū, e p̄dcs Thomas Danseis veñ similr̄ respondens p̄ Capitlo in for⁹ qua p̄lus t̄c. Et ctis de causis dat⁹ est eis dies de Judo suo aud̄ coram dño Rege a die Pasch̄ in vnū menſ vbicūq̄ tūc f̄fuit in Angl̄. Ad quem diē p̄tes p̄dce p̄ attorn̄ suū veñ. Et datus est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū menſc vbicūq̄ t̄c. Ad quē diem p̄tes p̄dce p̄ at̄ suos veñ e dat⁹ est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in xv dies vbicūq̄ t̄c. Ad q̄ diē p̄tes p̄dce veñ. Et dat⁹ est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicūq̄ t̄c. In Crastino aīaz vbicūq̄ t̄c. Ad q̄ diē p̄tes t̄c veñ e dat⁹ est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū menſ vbicūq̄ t̄c. Ad q̄ diē p̄tes t̄c veñ e dat⁹ est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in tres sept̄ vbicūq̄ t̄c. Ad quē diem p̄tes t̄c veñ e datus est

of Sark of the rent collected from those islanders from the time whereof the memory of man runs not to the contrary without interruption of time in the form in which they now receive it. And that this is so they offer to establish by verdict of the country.

And William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King says that the aforesaid Precentor & Chapter ought not to take such rent of the treasury of the lord the King because they do not show any special deed thereof. And he claims judgment for the lord the King, principally as the Island of Sark was never in the demesne of the Kings of England until the time of the Lord John formerly King of England in whose time the said island of Sark came to his hand as his right & escheat by the forfeiture of a certain Lord de Vernon, a Norman, who held the same of the said lord the King & afterwards withdrew from the allegiance of the same King & took the part of France &c., which is within the time of memory. And all these things he is ready to establish for the lord the King as the court shall determine. And he claims judgment for the lord the King. A day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever &c. And the Precentor puts in his place William Stonerailles or Thomas Vinchelez. Afterwards at that day at Westminster came the said Precentor & master by their attorney, & the said Thomas Danseis came likewise answering for the Chapter in the form in which at first &c. And for certain causes a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the parties aforesaid by their attorney came. And a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the parties aforesaid by their attorneys came & a day is given to them in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c.

Came. At which day the parties aforesaid came. And a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. At which day the parties aforesaid came & a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the parties &c. came & a day is given to them in 3 weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the parties &c. came & a day is given to them in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which

Came.

v⁹ sep. p.

eis dies a die Pasch in xv dies vbiq⁹ tē. Ad quē diē ptes veñ e dies dat⁹ est eis a die Pasch in qnq⁹ sept⁹s p⁹x futu⁹r in vnū anñ vbiq⁹ tē.

Drogo de Barantyn suū fuit qđ esset hic ad respondendū dñō Regi de p⁹lito quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Reg⁹ e pge- nito⁹z suo⁹z Regum Angl⁹ cla⁹m h⁹re lib⁹am Warennam in oib⁹z dñicis t⁹ris suis in poch⁹ s⁹c⁹i Martini. Et t⁹ quo Waranto cla⁹m h⁹re furcas in ead⁹ poch⁹. Et t⁹ quo Waranto clamat h⁹re Wreccū maris p totam t⁹ram suam in eadem poch⁹ e illđ in pp⁹os vsus conūte. Et t⁹ quo Waranto cla⁹m p⁹cipe e h⁹re catalla homñ suo⁹z felonū dñi Reg⁹ v⁹t fugituo⁹z que spectant ad Coronam e dignitatem dñi Reg⁹. Et t⁹ quo Waranto cla⁹m h⁹re bestias de Weif que ad dñm Regem p⁹tinent.

Et Drogo veñ, Et dič qđ Ingramus de ffurnet quond⁹ tenuit teñ in p⁹dča poch⁹ que Idem Drogo modo tenet, et postea ffunt esch⁹ Reg⁹, et dñs H. Rex auus dñi Reg⁹ nūc dedit teñ illa Drogoni de Barantino auo suo cum omib⁹z lib⁹tatib⁹z e lib⁹is consuetudinib⁹z ad teñ illa spectantib⁹z tē. Et dič qđ p⁹dčus Ingramus tempe suo e omēs antecessores sui vsi ffunt p⁹dčis lib⁹ts a tempe quo nō extat memoria, et eciam p⁹dčus auus suus e pa⁹r suus tē e ipe simi⁹lr vsi sunt eisdem lib⁹tatib⁹z post p⁹dčm donū dñi Reg⁹ sic fcm auo suo in forma qua ipe modo illas cla⁹m. Et qđ ita est offert v⁹ficare sicut Cu⁹r con⁹s. Et quo ad catalla felonū tē, dicit qđ si hoīes sui cicius possint appoñe mañ ad catalla homñ suo⁹z latronū q⁹m hoīes Reg⁹ tūc cla⁹m ipe h⁹re catalla illa. Et dič qđ sic vsi ffunt omēs tenentes teñ que ipe modo tenet a tempe quo memoria nō existit, et sic vsi sunt omēs dñi hui⁹ Insule tē.

Et Wifus des mareys qui sequit⁹ p dñō Rege, dicit qđ ex quo p⁹dčus Drogo cogn⁹ qđ p⁹dča teñ ffunt in mañ dñi H. Reg⁹ tē, et qđ ipe illa cla⁹m de dono p⁹dči dñi Reg⁹ nō potest h⁹re hui⁹ lib⁹tates nisi

5 weeks next. day the parties came & a day is given to them in 5 weeks from the day of Easter next coming in one year wheresoever &c.

Drogo de Barantyn was summoned to be here to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & his progenitors Kings of England he claims to have free warren in all his demesne lands in the parish of St. Martin. And also by what warrant he claims to have gallows in the same parish. And also by what warrant he claims to have wreck of the sea throughout all his land in the same parish & to convert the same to his own uses. And also by what warrant he claims to take & have the chattels of his men felons or fugitives of the lord the King which belong to the crown & dignity of the lord the King. And also by what warrant he claims to have beasts of waif which belong to the lord the King.

And Drogo comes & says that Ingram de Furnet formerly held the tenements in the said parish which the same Drogo now holds, & afterwards they were the escheats of the King & the lord H. the King the grandfather of the now lord the King gave those tenements to Drogo de Barantyn his grandfather with all the franchises & free customs to those tenements belonging &c. And he says that the said Ingram in his time & all his ancestors used those franchises from time immemorial & also his said grandfather & his father &c. & he himself likewise used those franchises after the said gift of the lord the King so made to his grandfather in the form in which they now claim them. And that this is so he offers to establish as the court shall determine. And as to the chattels of felons, &c. he says that if his men can lay their hands more quickly on the chattels of his men, thieves, than the King's men, then he claims to have those chattels. And he says that so used all the tenants of the tenements which he now holds from time immemorial, & so use all the lords of this island &c.

And William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King, says that because the said Drogo acknowledges that the said tenements were in the hands of the lord King H. &c. and that he claims them of the gift of the said lord the King, he cannot have such franchises

Seq^r Rex tē
ei de aud^u Judō suo coram dño Rege a die sēi Michis in vnū mensem
vbicūq^z tūc fūit in Angl. Et Drogo po. lo. suo Galfm de Mortōn
vī Thomam le Barber. Postea ad diem illum apđ Westm̄ c̄tis de
causis Judm̄ inde respectuat^r reddendū coram dño Rege a die Pasch̄
in vnū menē vbicūq^z tūc fūit in Angl. Et sciend^u qđ p'dcūs Drogo
nō veñ modo nō veñ.

(M. 10.) **Adhuc de plītis coram p̄fatis Justiciār in Insula
de Jereseye de eodem Jfin^e.**

ffresingfeld.

Jereseye. Dñs Rex p Wilm des mareys qui sequit^r p co, petit vsus
+ obiit inquirat^r
Nichm Abbrinceñ Ep̄m aduocaōem duaz ptiū decime garbaz ecclie
in Insula de Serk, p vnū bre Et decem e nouem denaratas redd̄s, et
reddm nouem quartioz fruīti e nouem gallīn e reddm Campti bladoz
tenenciū ip̄ius Ep̄i in pochiis s̄cē T'nitatis et s̄ci Joh̄nis, et aduoca-
ōem t̄tie ptis decime garbaz ecclie p'dcē pochl s̄cē T'nitatis, et aduo-
caōem medietatis decime garbaz ecclie s̄ci Lauī in hac Insula p
aliud bre vt Jus tē. Et vnde p'dcūs Wiltus dicit p dño Rege qđ dñs
H. Rex auus tē. tempe pacis fuit in seis^a de p'dcīs redd̄ e aduoca-
ōibz tē vt de feodo e Jure Corone sue. Et qđ tale sit Jus ip̄ius dñi
Reg^o offert v̄ficare p dño Rege sicut Cuī couš. Et Ep̄us alias misit
hic rogans de grā Cuī dñi Reg^o qđ p p̄cuī gen̄alem vī attorn̄ facient^r
coram aliquo quem Justiā hic mitte velint possit inde respondere.
Et qz in pace reformanda in Reges optime se gessit p pte dñi Reg^o
Angl tē. concessum est si dñs Rex acceptet qđ p attorn̄ quem face
volūit coram Joh̄ne de Barantyn ad hoc misso respond̄ tē. Et Henī
de s̄co Martino detulit hic tras patentes p'dcī Ep̄i in hec v̄ba. Nichus

The King sues
&c.

unless they are contained in his charter, & he claims judgment for the lord the King. A day is given to him to hear his judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England. And Drogo puts in his place Geoffrey de Morton or Thomas le Barber. Afterwards at that day at Westminster for certain causes judgment therein is respited to be given before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. And be it known that the said Drogo does not now come.

Does not come.

(M. 10.) **Continuation of the pleas before the said Justices in the island of Jersey of the same eyre.**

Fresingfeld.

Jersey.

The lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him he died, let enquiry be made. claims against Nicholas Bishop of Avranches the advowson of 2 parts of the tithe of the sheaves of the Church in the island of Sark by one writ, & 19 deniers rent, & the rent of 9 quarters of wheat & 9 hens & the rent of the champart of the corn of the tenants of the same Bishop in the parishes of Holy Trinity & St. John, & the advowson of the 3rd part of the tithe of the sheaves of the Church of the said parish of Holy Trinity, & the advowson of the moiety of the tithe of the sheaves of the Church of St. Lawrence in this island, by another writ as his right &c. And thereupon the said William says for the lord the King that the lord King H. the grandfather &c. in the time of peace was in seisin of the said rents & advowsons &c. as of fee & right of his Crown. And that such is the right of the said lord the King he offers to establish for the lord the King as the court shall determine. And the Bishop at another time sent here praying by the grace of the court of the lord the King that he may answer therein by a proctor-general or an attorney to be appointed before any one whom the justices here might send. And because in the making of peace between the Kings he bore himself best for the part of the lord the King of England &c. it is granted if the lord the King accepts that he may answer by his attorney whom he shall wish to appoint before John de Barantyn for this sent &c. And Henry de St. Martin brought here letters patent of the said Bishop

diuina pmissione Abbrinceſi ecclie miniſtꝛ humilis Nobilibꝫ viris dño Johani de ffresingfeld, dño Drogoni de Barantyn, e dño Johani de Dittoñ Juſtiç dñi Reg^o Anglⁱ Itiſtantibꝫ in Insulis de Gerneſ, Jereſeye e aliis adiacentibꝫ ſaltm in dño. Sciatis qđ nos attornanim^o loco nřo diſtem nobⁱ in xpo Henř de ſco Martino exhibitoř pſenciũ ad lucrandũ vt pđendũ in omibꝫ plitis e qřelis p nobⁱ vt cont^a nos, coram voſ in Itiſſe vřo qualiſcumq, motis vt mouendũ, concedentes eidem qđ ipe poſſit façe attorñ ſeu attornatos quem vt quos volũit coram voſ ad omia pđca plita e qřelas pſequendũ e defendendũ, et ad lucrandũ vt pđendũ in eiſd sicut pđcũ est. Ratũ e gratum ĩturi quicquid pđci pcur ſeu attorñ vt attornati ſeu t attornandi in hac pte noĩe nřo duxint faciendũ. In cui^o rei testimoniũ has lras nřas voſ mittim^o patent. Dat^o die ſabbĩ ante Inuentũ ſci Stephĩ, anno dñi m^o ccc^{mo} Nono. Et dicit noĩe ipeius Epi qđ Epus e omes predeceſſores ſui Epi Abbrinceſi a tempe quo nō extat memoria ſemp pacifice tenuerunt pđca aduocoes e reddũ sicut ipe Epus ea modo tenet. Et qđ Ita est offⁱt vřificare p přiam.

Et Wiſſus dicit p dño Rege qđ ĩedes conqueſtoř clamare poſſunt ab antiquo Et nō reliogioſi qui nichĩ ĩent niſi ex collačone Regum vt fideliũ ſuoř. Et diç qđ ipe patuſ est vřificare p dño Rege qđ Insule fũunt antiquitus de Epatu Exoñ, Et ex quo pđcus Epus nō pfert fřm ſpale de tenuris ſuis, nec in forma competenti reſpondet ad ſeiſin^a dñi Reg^o petit Judm p dño Rege. Dies dat^o est ei de aud Judo ſuo coram dño Rege a die ſci Michĩs in vnũ menſ vbicumq, tũc fũit in Angl. Et dẽm est pđco Henř qđ niſi dñs ſuus habũit attorñ ad hoc fřm p Cancellariam Anglie totum amittet tẽ. Poſtea ad diem illum apđ Weſtm dñs Rex p Wiſſ de Catteworth qui ſequit^r p eo op. ſe quarto die vřus pđcũ Epm de pđco plito. Et ipe nō

in these words :—Nicholas by divine permission the humble ministre of the Church of Avranches, to the noble men Sir John de Fre-singfeld, Sir Drogo de Barantyn & Sir John de Ditton justices of the lord the King of England in eyre in the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey & others adjacent, greeting in the Lord. Be it known that we have attorned in our place our beloved in Christ Henry de St. Martin exhibitor of these presents to gain or lose in all pleas & plaints for or against us before you in your eyre in what manner soever moved or to be moved, granting to him that he may appoint an attorney or attorneys whom he will before you to prosecute & defend all the said pleas & plaints, & to gain or lose in the same as is aforesaid, holding as ratified & confirmed whatsoever the said proctors or attorney or attorneys or also those that have been or even may be attorned in this behalf in our name shall cause to be done. In witness whereof we send you these our letters patent. Given on Saturday before the Finding of the body of St. Stephen⁽¹⁾, A.D. 1309. And he says in the name of the said Bishop that the Bishop & all his predecessors Bishops of Avranches from time immemorial always peacefully held the said advowsons & rents as he the said Bishop now holds them. And that this is so he offers to establish by verdict of the country.

And William says for the lord the King that the heirs of ac-quirers may claim of old, and not ecclesiastics who hold nothing except of the gift of the Kings or their faithful people. And he says that he is ready to establish for the lord the King that the islands were anciently of the Bishopric of Exeter. And because the said Bishop does not bring a special deed of his tenures nor in proper form answers to the seisin of the lord the King he claims judgment for the lord the King. A day is given to him to hear his judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England. And it is said to the said Henry that unless his lord shall have an attorney hereto made by the Chancery of England he will lose all &c. Afterwards at that day at Westminster the lord the King by William de Catteworth who sues for him presents himself the 4th day against the said Bishop

(1) August 2nd.

veñ Et hñit diem in Banco hic ad hunc diem postq^m compuit in
Cuř sicut p^dcēm est. Judiñ p^dčā teñ e aduocačoes capiant^r in mañ
dñi Reg^o. Et ipe suñ qđ sit coram dño Rege a die Paschⁱ in vnū
menš vbicūq³ tunc fñit in Anglⁱ audituř inde Judiñ suū. Postea ad
diem illū veñ p^dčs Eps p Dyonisiū ffrank^l geñalē attorñ suū p tras
dñi R^l patenť. Et Bařis Insule p^dčē nullū bre misit tč. Iō sic p^lus
mand^r est Bařio qđ cap^r p^dčā teñ e aduocačoes in manū dñi R^l. Et
qđ suñ qđ sit corā R^l a die Paschⁱ in vnū menš vbicūq³ tč aud^r Judiñ
suū tč. Et nichⁱomin^o dēm est p^dčō attorñ qđ expectet eund^m diem
si dño suo viderit expedire Et p^dčs subsituit loco dñi sui Joñm de
sčō Martino iux^a vnū p^dčaz litfař tč. Ad quē diē p^dčus Eps p
attorñ suū veñ, et datus est ei dies a die Paschⁱ in xv dies vbicūq³ tč
de audo iudicio suo tč. Ad q^l diem p^dčus Eps non veñ. Iō pcedat^r
ad iudñ p eius defalť. Sed pon^r in resp^tum vsq³ a die Paschⁱ in vnū
mensem vbicūq³ tč. In deinde Crastino annuař vbicūq³ tč. Ad q^l diē
iudicñ resp^tuat^r vt p^lus vsq³ a die Paschⁱ in vnū menš vbicūq³ tč.
Ad q^l diē iudicñ p^dcēm resp^tuat^r vt p^lus vsq³ a die Paschⁱ in tres septⁱ
vbicūq³ tč. Ad quē diem iudñ p^dcēm vsq³ a die Paschⁱ in xv dies
vbicūq³ tč. Ad quē diē testat^r qđ p^dčus Eps obiit. Et vt sciat^r
inde rei ūitas mandatū est Otoni de Grandisono qđ Regē certificet a
die Paschⁱ in qñq³ septⁱs p^lx futuř in vnū anñ vbicūq³ tč. Ad quē diē
locū tenens p^dčī Otonis mand^r p tras suas patentes officij constancie
signatas e huic Rotlo consueť qđ p^dčus Eps mortuus est. Iō de i^lpo
nichⁱ vli^lus fiat tč.

veñ p attorñ

nō veñ e
testatū e qđ
idē Eps obiit
p testat^r ñ^o e
qđ obiit. Iō
de i^lpo nⁱ

Seq^r Rex tč

Preceptum fuit vič qđ suñ tč Abbissam de Cadomo qđ esset hic
ad hunc diem ad responđ dño Regi de plito qđ redd^r ei aduocačoem
quarte ptis decime garbař eccliař de Grouiř, sčē Elerij, sčī Petⁱ e
sčē Marie, et aduocačoem octaue ptis decime garbař ecclie sčī Martini

concerning the said plea. And he did not come. And he had a day in the Bench here at this day after he appeared in court as is afore-said. Judgment that the said tenements & advowsons are taken into the hands of the lord the King. And that he be summoned to be before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England to hear therein his judgment. Afterwards at that day came the said Bishop by Dyonisius Fraukes his general attorney by letters patent of the lord the King. And the bailiff of the said island did not send any writ &c. Therefore as before it is commanded to the bailiff that he take the said tenements & advowsons into the hands of the lord the King. And that he be summoned to be before the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. to hear his judgment &c. And nevertheless it is said to the said attorney that he may expect the same day if his lord shall see fit. And the said attorney substituted in the place of his lord John de St. Martin according to one of the said letters &c. At which day the said Bishop by his attorney came, & a day is given to him in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. to hear his judgment &c. At which day the said Bishop did not come. Therefore it is proceeded to judgment by his default. But it is put in respite in one month to the day of Easter wheresoever &c. Thence in the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. At which day judgment is respited as before in one month to the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said judgment is respited as before in 3 weeks to the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said judgment [is respited] in 15 days to the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day it is witnessed that the said Bishop died. And that the truth of the matter may be known therein it is commanded to Otto de Grandison that he certify the King in 5 weeks from the day of Easter next coming in one year wheresoever &c. At which day the lieutenant of the said Otho informs by his letters patent signed by the official of Coutances & sewn to this roll that the said Bishop is dead. Therefore concerning him let nothing further be done &c.

Came by his
attorney.

He did not
come & it is
witnessed that
the Bishop
died.
That he died.
Therefore of
him nothing.

The King
sues &c.

It was commanded to the sheriff that he summon &c. the Abbess of Caen to be here on this day to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea that he render up to him the advowson of the 4th part of the tithe of the sheaves of the Churches of Grouville, St. Helier, St. Peter & St. Mary, & the advowson of the 8th part of the

et aduocaçom duodecime ptis decime garbaꝝ eccliaꝝ s̄ci Clementis, s̄ci Broelardi, e s̄ci Audoeni, e molend̄ de Pount terryn, e reddm̄ viginti e quatuor q̄rtioꝝ frūnti cum p̄tiñ in poçh̄ s̄ce T̄nitatis que Idem dñs Rex p̄ Guiffm des Mareys qui sequit̄r p̄ eo clām vt Jus suū vsus p̄c̄a Abbissam. Et ostenš quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Reg^o e p̄genitoꝝ suoꝝ Regum Angl̄ clām p̄cipe e h̄re p̄ mañ Receptoris dñi Reg^o de Jereš septem libr̄ e decem solid̄ singlis annis, e quinq̄ginta solid̄ p̄ anñ de molendino Malet in Grouiff, qui ad dñm Regem p̄tinent p̄ molta homñ ip̄ius dñi Reg^o qui molere volũint ad p̄d̄cm molend̄. Et sup̄ hoc veñ Rōgus Symeon e p̄bavit p̄ testimoniū fideiū qđ p̄d̄ca Abbissa in tam remotis p̄tibꝫ deget, qđ postq̄m sciuerunt de suñ istius Itifñis nō possent impetrasse h̄re de Angl̄ de attorn̄ tē. Et offert dño Regi viginti libr̄ p̄ sic qđ mittat̄ aliquis fidelē dñi Reg^o hic ad testificand̄ attorn̄ ip̄ius Abbisse quos faciet iux^a discreçoem Cuī dñi Reg^o. Et ei concedit̄ si Rex acceptet pp̄tm P̄hi le Euesk. Et mittit̄ cū ip̄o Wiñus Petyt sp̄aliꝝ Juratus tē e valde fidedignus. Qui postea rediens p̄tulit̄ lras patentes p̄d̄ce Abbisse sigillatas sigillo suo e sigillo Capitli in hec v̄ba. Viris nobilibꝫ e discretis dño Johanni de ffresingfeld, dño Drogoni de Barantyn militibꝫ veñabili q̄ viro dño Joñi de Dittoñ Canoñ Londoñ Justiç excellentissimi principis dñi dei gr̄a Angl̄ Regis Itifñantibꝫ in Insul̄ de Jereseye, Gerneꝝ e aliis Insulis eisdem adiacen̄. N. p̄missione diuina humit̄ abbissa monastii s̄ci T̄nitatis de Cadomo ac Conuentus eiusdem loci sal̄tm in dño sempit̄nam. Nolitis qđ nos de vnanimi assensu totius Capitli n̄ri, n̄ro n̄ri q̄ monastii noīe dñcos n̄ros Joñem de s̄co Martino p̄sbiꝝum ac Rogum Symeonis armigum n̄rm s̄b al̄naçoe attornauim^o ad lucrand̄ vt p̄dendū in om̄ibꝫ p̄litas e querelis motis e mouend̄ p̄ nob̄ aut cont̄a nos in Itifñe p̄d̄co coram voꝝ Promittentes nos Ratum e ḡtum h̄ituꝝ quicquid p̄noīati attorn̄ aut eoꝝ

tithe of the sheaves of the Church of St. Martin & the advowson of the 12th part of the tithe of the sheaves of the Churches of St. Clement, St. Brelade, & St. Ouen, & the mill of Ponterrin & the rent of 24 quarters of wheat with the appurtenances in the parish of Holy Trinity which the same lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him claims as his right against the said Abbess. And to show by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & his progenitors Kings of England she claims to take & have by the hands of the Receiver of the lord the King in Jersey 7 livres 10 sols every year, & 50 sols per annum of the mill Malet in Grouville, which belong to the lord the King for the multure of the men of the said lord the King who shall wish to grind at the said mill. And upon this came Roger Symeon & proved by the testimony of persons worthy of credence that the said Abbess lived in such remote parts that after they knew of the summons of this eyre they could not obtain a writ of attorney from England &c. And he offers to the lord the King 20 livres on this condition that one of the lieges of the lord the King here be sent to testify to the attorneys of the said Abbess whom she shall appoint according to the discretion of the court of the lord the King. And it is granted to him if the King accepts under the pledge of Philip Levesque. And there is sent with him William Petyt specially sworn &c. and very worthy of credence, who afterwards coming back brought letters patent of the said Abbess sealed with her seal & the seal of the chapter in these words. To the noble & discreet Sir John de Fressingfeld, Sir Drogo de Barantyn, knights, & to the venerable man Sir John de Ditton, canon of London, justices of the most excellent prince by the grace of God the lord King of England, in eyre in the islands of Jersey, Guernsey, & the other islands thereto adjacent, N. by divine permission the humble Abbess of the monastery of the Holy Trinity at Caen & the community of the same place, greeting in the lord everlasting: Know ye that we, with the unanimous assent of all our chapter & in our name & in the name of our monastery, have attorned our beloved John de St. Martin priest & Roger Symeon, our Esquire or one or other of them to gain or lose in all pleas & complaints moved or to be moved for us or against us in the said eyre before you, promising to hold as ratified & confirmed whatsoever the aforementioned attorneys or

alꝫ quem pꝛesentem esse contingit, in pꝛmissis nꝛo noꝛe duxint faciendꝫ.
In cuiꝰ rei testimoniũ has lras nꝛas voꝛ mittimꝰ patentes sigillo nꝛo
e sigillo Capitti nꝛi sigillatas. Datꝫ anno dñi mº cccº Nono die
sabꝫi post festum bꝛꝝ Arnulphi e Clari. Et pꝛdci attorñ noꝛe pꝛdce
Abbisse, dicunt quo ad pꝛdca molendꝫ e lram qd Wiffus quondꝫ Rex
Anglꝫ Dux Normanñ e ds Insulaꝝ dedit Abbie illi pꝛdcm molendꝫ e
lram duoꝝ francoꝝ hoĩm que petuntꝫ tꝫ, et postea quedam Abbissa
pꝛdecessor tꝫ lram illam concessit quibꝫdam tenentibꝫ, reddendo inde
sibi singlis annis viginti quatuor qꝫrĩ fñi. Dedit tꝫ idem Rex eidem
Abbie pꝛdcas decimas et ptes alias et pfert quoddam scriptum sꝫ noꝛe
iꝫpius Regº cum signis sine sigillo quod sic incipit. Dei igitꝫ ac dñi
nꝛi Ihs xꝫi disponente Clemencia Ego Wiffus Angloꝝ Rex Norman-
noꝝ e Cenomannensiũ pꝛnceps sed e Matilt Regina vxor mea B. glosi
fflandrieñ Ducis filia ad glꝫam beatitudinis ad pꝛmiũ be retribuciois
pro sapienti qꝫ desiderio anhelantes in lritorio qd ab antiquis Cadoĩ
appellatꝫ eccliam in honore sꝫe Tꝫnitatis p salute animaꝝ nꝛaꝝ coedi-
ficauimꝰ. Et ex inde continet sic Itĩm in Insula de Gereseye vnũ
molendꝫ, e lram duoꝝ francoꝝ hoĩm atqꝫ medietatem decime de quinqꝫ
pochiis et sextam garbam de vna pochĩ e dimidia, sed e lram e deci-
mas quas Raynoldus Capellanus nꝛ in eadem Insula de me tenebat
iꝫpius Rainoldi pꝛcatu postqꝫ monacº effectus est ecclie pꝛdce cõcessimus.

Respice in lgo de eodem.

(M. 10 d.) **Adhuc de plĩtis coram pꝛfatis Iusticiarĩ in Insula
de Gereseye de eodꝫ Istinº.**

ffresingfeld.

Profeꝛt eciam sup eisdem Cartam dñi H. Regº filii Impatꝫcis et
tꝫ Cartam dñi Regº Riçi que sic incipit. Riçus dei gꝛa Rex Anglꝫ

either of them who shall happen to be present shall cause to be done in the premises in our name. In witness whereof we send you these our letters patent sealed with our seal & the seal of our chapter. Given A.D. 1309 on Saturday after the feast of the Blessed Arnulphus & Clarus. And the aforesaid attorneys in the name of the said Abbess say as to the said mill & land that William sometime King of England Duke of Normandy & lord of the Islands gave to the said Abbey the mill & the land of two free-men, which are claimed &c., and afterwards a certain Abbess predecessor &c. granted that land to certain tenants, paying therefor to her every year 24 quarters of wheat. The same King also gave to the same Abbess the said tithes & many others & brings a certain writing under the name of the same King with signatures without seal which begins thus: The clemency of God & of Our Lord Jesus Christ disposing me therefor I William King of the English & prince of the Normans & people of Maine & also Matilda the Queen my wife daughter of B. the illustrious Duke of Flanders to the glory of the beatitude for the reward of a blessed retribution inspired by a pious & wise desire have jointly built a Church in the honor of the Holy Trinity for the salvation of our souls in the territory which from ancient times has been called Caen. And therein is contained thus: Also in the island of Jersey we have granted one mill & the land of two freemen & the moiety of the tithe of five parishes & the sixth sheaf of one parish & the half, & also the land & tithes which Raynold our chaplain in the same island used to hold of me; [and this] at the prayer of the said Raynold after he was made a monk of the Church aforesaid.

[Continued on the back of the same.]

(M. 10 d.) **Continuation of the pleas before the aforesaid Justices in the Island of Jersey of the same eyre.**

Fresingfeld.

She brought also besides these the charter of the lord King H. son of the Empress & also the charter of the lord King Richard which begins thus: Richard by the grace of God King of England

Dux Normanñ e Aquit, Comes And, Archiep̃is Ep̃is Abbibz Comitibz Baronibz Justic, viç, e omibz Ballis e fidelibz suis saltm. Sciatis nos concessisse e hac p̃senti Carta ñra confirmasse ecclie sc̃e T̃nitatis Cadomi e sc̃imonialibz ibidem deo seruientibz om̃es s̃bsc̃ptas donationes quas antecessores ñri eis fecunt. Et ex inde sequit̃ sic Et in Insula de Gereseye vnũ molendũ e medietatem decime de quinq̃ pochiis e sextam garbam vni⁹ pochie e diç et fram e decias quas Reginaldus Capellanus ip̃ius Reg⁹ de eo tenebat in eadem Iñs. Et quo ad p̃d̃c̃m aũnũ reddm̃ septem libr̃ e decem solidũ recipiendũ p̃ mañ Receptoris dñi Reg⁹ Diç qđ ip̃a e om̃es p̃decessor̃ sue Abbisse de Cadomo illum sic p̃cepunt a tempe quo nō extat memoria. Et hoc off̃unt ṽificare p̃ p̃riam. Et simĩr qđ eedem Abbisse a tempe quo nō extat memoria semp̃ p̃cipe consuevunt p̃d̃c̃m aũnũ reddm̃ quinq̃ginta solidũ. Et hoc simĩr off̃unt ṽificare p̃ p̃riam.

Et Willus des Mareys qui sequit̃ p̃ dño Rege quo ad ea que attornati Abbisse dicunt esse contenta in Cartis Regum petit qđ inquirat̃ p̃ dño Rege rei ṽitas t̃c̃. Et quo ad aũnũ reddm̃ septem libr̃ e decem solidũ t̃c̃ dicit qđ ex quo patet p̃ Cartam dñi Reg⁹ Riçi cui⁹ tempus est infra tempus memorie, qđ p̃d̃c̃us dñs Rex Riçus confirmavit eis tenuras suas tam in Angl̃ Normanũ q̃m in Insulis e tam p̃ magnas q̃m p̃uas p̃tictas. Ita qđ tota possessio ear̃ q̃m tuc h̃ebant continet̃ in eadem e in ea nō fit mencio de isto annuo redd̃ p̃ quod patet qđ illum tũc nō h̃ebant petit Judm̃ si illum clamare possint ab antiquo. Et simĩr dicit qđ comptũ est p̃ p̃sentamentũ Juř poch̃ de Grouiff qđ ille redd̃ quinquaginta solidũ datus fuit dño Regi p̃ illũ qui fuit dñs molendũ Malet p̃ sic qđ hoĩes dñi Reg⁹ qui vellent molere possent ad molendũ illud e hoc nō potest dedici e redd̃ ille nō continet̃ in p̃d̃c̃a Carta dñi Reg⁹ Riçi petit Judm̃ vt p̃lus si illum clamare possint ab antiquo. Et t̃ ṽl̃ius petit Judm̃ ex quo p̃d̃c̃a Abbissa

Duke of Normandy & Aquitaine, Count of Anjou. To the Archbishops, Bishops, Abbots, counts, barons, justices, sheriffs & all his bailiffs & faithful people greeting. Know ye that we have granted & by this our present charter have granted to the Church of the Holy Trinity of Caen & to the holy nuns serving God there all the underwritten gifts which our ancestors made to them. And from thence it follows thus : And in the Island of Jersey one mill & the moiety of the tithe of 5 parishes & the 6th sheaf of one parish & a half & the land & tithes which Reginald chaplain of the same King held of him in the said island. And as to the said yearly rent of 7 livres 10 sols to be taken by the hands of the Receiver of the lord the King they say that she & all her predecessors Abbesses of Caen took the same in like manner from time immemorial. And this they offer to establish by verdict of the country. And likewise that the said Abbesses from time immemorial were always wont to take the said yearly rent of 50 sols. And this likewise they offer to establish by verdict of the country.

And William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King as to those things which the attorneys of the Abbess say are contained in the charters of the Kings claims that the truth of the matter may be enquired into for the lord the King &c. And as to the yearly rent of 7 livres 10 sols &c. he says that inasmuch as it appears by the charter of the lord King Richard whose time is within the time of memory that the said lord King Richard confirmed to them their tenures as well in England [and] Normandy as in the Islands & as well in large as small particulars, so that their whole possession which they then had is included in the same, & in the same mention is not made of this yearly rent by which it appears that they did not have it then, he claims judgment as to whether they can claim that as of old. And likewise he says that it is found by the presentment of the jurors of the parish of Grouville that that rent of 50 sols was given to the lord the King by him who was lord of the mill of Malet on condition that the men of the lord the King who wish may grind at that mill & this cannot be denied, & that rent is not contained in the said charter of the lord King Richard, he claims judgment as before, as to whether they can claim as of old. And also he claims

olañ poipe p̄d̄c̄us reddit⁹ de Theš dñi Regis e inde nō p̄fert aliquod f̄c̄m s̄p̄ale. Et Juř quo ad p̄d̄c̄a molendinū e redd̄m frūnti e dec̄ias vnde aduocaçō petit⁹ t̄c̄, dicunt sup sacr̄m suū qđ Abbisse de Cadomo ea tenŕunt in forma qua modo ea tenent, a tempe quo nō extat memoria. Et quo ad residuū t̄c̄. Dies dat⁹ est ei de auđ Juđo suo coram dño Rege a die s̄ci Michis in vnū mensem vbicumq, f̄uit in Angl t̄c̄. Et d̄c̄m est eis qđ p̄quirant sibi inf̄im bre de Cancellaria Angl, si velint conseruař dñam suam indempnem t̄c̄. Postea ad diem illū apđ Westm̄ veñ p̄d̄c̄a Abbissa p̄ attorñ suū Et etis de causis dat⁹ est eis dies de Juđo suo auđ coram dño Rege a die Pasch in vnū mens vbicumq, tūc f̄uit in Angl. Ad quē diem p̄d̄c̄a Abbissa p̄ attorñ suū veñ, e datus est ei dies a die Pasch in vnū mensē vbiçq, t̄c̄. Ad quē diem p̄d̄c̄a Abbatissa p̄ attorñ suū veñ, e datus est ei dies a die Pasch in xv dies vbicūq, t̄c̄. Ad quē diē p̄d̄c̄a Abbtissa veñ. Et dat⁹ est ei dies a die Pasch in vnū mensem vbicūq, t̄c̄. In Crastino annuaz vbicūq, t̄c̄. Ad q̄ diē iudiciū p̄d̄c̄m resp̄tuat⁹ vsq, a die Pasch in vnū mens vbicūq, t̄c̄. Ad q̄ diem iudiciū p̄d̄c̄m resp̄tuat⁹ vsq, a die Pasch in tres sep̄t vbicūq, t̄c̄. Ad quē diem iudm̄ p̄d̄c̄m resp̄tuat⁹ vsq, a die Pasch in xv dies vbicūq, t̄c̄. Ad quē die iudm̄ p̄d̄c̄m resp̄tuat⁹ vsq, a die Pasch in qnq, sept⁹s p̄x̄ futuř in vnū annū vbiçq, t̄c̄. Ad q̄ diē p̄d̄c̄a Abbissa veñ p̄ att̄ suū, e Judm̄ p̄d̄c̄ū respectuat⁹ vsq, a die Pasch in qnq, sept⁹s p̄x̄ futuř in vnū annū vbicūq, t̄c̄.

veñ
m° nō veñ
v^h sep. pas.
Seq^r Rex t̄c̄

Joñnes de Ditton qui tenuit locum Ottonis de Grandisono in Insulis ante Iter t̄c̄ p̄posuit hic in p̄sencia Joñnis de Cartet venientis p̄ Galf̄rm de Cartel geñalem attorñ suū e om̄i Juř dñi Reg⁹ qđ cum ipe nup coram Ballo hui⁹ Inš e p̄d̄cis Juř ad q̄relam p̄d̄ci Joñnis de Cartet q̄rentis de iniusta districçone sibi f̄ca p̄ ministros ipeius Ottonis

further judgment because the said Abbess claims to take the said rent of the treasury of the lord the King & thereof does not produce any special deed. And the jurors as to the aforesaid mill & rent of wheat & tithes whereupon the advowson is claimed &c. say upon their oath that the Abbesses of Caen held the same in the form in which they now hold them, from time immemorial. And as to the residue &c. a day is given to him to hear his judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England &c. And they are told to acquire for themselves in the meantime a writ of the Chancery of England if they wish to keep their lady indemnified &c. Afterwards at that day at Westminster came the said Abbess by her attorney. And for certain causes a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said Abbess by her attorney came, & a day is given to her in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Abbess by her attorney came, & a day is given to her in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Abbess came. And a day is given to her in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. At which day the judgment aforesaid is respited until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the judgment aforesaid is respited until 3 weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the judgment aforesaid is respited until 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the judgment aforesaid is respited until 5 weeks from the day of Easter next to come in one year wheresoever &c. At which day the said Abbess came by her attorney, & the judgment aforesaid is respited until 5 weeks from the day of Easter next coming in one year wheresoever &c.

Came.

Now does not
come.

5 weeks Easter.

The King sues
&c.

John de Ditton who held the place of Otho de Grandison in the Island before the eyre &c. set forth here in the presence of John de Carteret coming by Geoffrey de Carteret his general attorney & of all the jurats of the lord the King that when he lately before the bailiff of this island & the said jurats on the plaint of the said John de Carteret complaining of the unjust distraint made upon him by

pposuisset quoddā sc'ptum obligatoriū ip̄ius Joānis p quod obligat
se soliturū pfato Ottoni Centū libr bonoz puoz e nigroz Turoñ p
Petro Dartys in ptem soluçois debitoz que Idem Petrus debebat p̄dco
Ottoni a magno tempe elapso p̄dci Juř adiudicauit p̄dcm Joāem
esse debere quietum p̄ ĩciam ptem p̄dce suūe quam soluit post de-
fensionem debīt monete Turoñ currentis tempe guerre, p eo quod
sc'ptum fcm fuit tempe quo debīt moneta currebat, p̄p̄ que a pte
ip̄ius Ottonis a p̄dco Judo tanq̄ iniquo f̄rat ad Cuř dñi Reg^o appel-
lat e peř qđ corrigat tē. Et tan p̄dcs Joānes de Carlet qm
p̄dci xij. Juř dicunt qđ p̄dcm Judm bonū est e legale. Et inde sup-
pon se dco Judo Cuř dñi Reg^o. Et qz tangit negocia de moneta
vnde fit ģrela de ministris tē, et que adiornant coram dño Rege. Iō
dat^o est dies ptibz tē coz dño Rē a die sc̄i Mich in vnū menš vbicūq,
tūc f̄rit in Angl Et Juř ad tūc exp̄t Judm. Postea ad diem illū apđ
Westm ĩtis de causis Judiū inde respectuat reddendū coram dño
Rege a die Pasch in vnū menš vbicumq, tūc fuit in Angl. Deinde
dies datus est a die Pasch in vnū mensē vbicūq, tē. Deinde datus
est ei dies a die Pasch in xv di[es] vbicūq, tē. Et deinde datus est
ei dies a die Pasch in vnū mensē vbicūq, tē. In Crastino annuař
vbicūq, tē. Et deinde iudicm resp̄tuat tē vsq, a die Pasch in vnū
menš vbicūq, tē. Et deinde iudm p̄dcm resp̄tuat vsq, a die Pasch
in tres sept vbicūq, tē. Et deinde iudicm p̄dcm resp̄tuat vsq, a die
Pasch in xv. dies vbicūq, tē. Ad quē diē iudm p̄dcm resp̄tuatur vsq,
a die Pasch in xv dies vbicūq, tē. Ad quē diē iudm p̄dcm resp̄tuat
vsq, a die Pasch in ģnq, sept's p̄xio futur in vnū anñ vbičq, tē.

veñ
nō venit
Seq^r ps si
velit.

the officers of the said Otho, set forth a certain obligatory deed of the said John by which he obliged himself to pay to the said Otho 100 livres of good small & black Tournois on behalf of Peter Dartys in part payment of the debts which the same Peter owed to the said Otho for a long time past,—the said jurats adjudged that the said John ought to be quit by the third part of the said sum which he paid after the defence in debased money Tournois current in the time of war, because the deed was made in the time in which debased money was current, on account of which on behalf of the said Otho an appeal was made to the court of the lord the King from the said judgment as being contrary to right, & he claims that it may be corrected &c. And as well the said John de Carteret as the said 12 jurats say that the said judgment is good & lawful. And therein they submit themselves to the said judgment of the court of the lord the King. And because it touches the business of money whereupon a plaint is made of the officers &c. and which they adjourn before the lord the King—therefore a day is given to the parties &c. before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England. And the jurats then desired judgment. Afterwards at that day at Westminster for certain causes judgment therein is respited to be rendered before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. Thence a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. Thence a day is given to him in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence a day is given to him in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of Souls wheresoever &c. And thence judgment is respited &c. until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence the said judgment is respited until 3 weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence the said judgment is respited until 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said judgment is respited until 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said judgment is respited until 5 weeks from the day of Easter next to come in one year wheresoever &c.

Came.

Did not come.

Let the party sue
if he wishes.

(M. 11.) **Adhuc de p̄litis coram p̄fatis Iusticiar̄ in Insula
de Jereseye de eodem Istin'e.**

ffresingfeld.

+ obiit
Jereseye. Abbas de Chireburgh suū fuit qđ esset hic ad hunc diem ad
respondē dño Regi de p̄lito qđ reddē ei aduocações Prioratus de Insu-
letta s̄ci Elerii e ecclie s̄ce T̄nitatis viginti denaratas Turoñ redd̄s
et reddm̄ triginta e sex quartioꝝ fruñti, viginti gallin, t̄rm capoñ e
septies viginti onoz cum p̄tiñ in pochia s̄ci Lauř. Et de p̄lito quo
Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Reg^o e p̄genitoꝝ suoꝝ Regum
Angl̄ clañ p̄cipe e ĩere de singlis tenentibꝫ suis in poch̄ s̄ci Elerii
fumağ siue moneagiū e t̄ Wreccum ibidem que ad dñm Regem, Co-
ronam e dignitatem suam p̄tinent. Et vnde Wiſſus des mareys qui
sequit̄ p̄ dño Rege dicit qđ dñs H. Rex auus t̄c fuit seisisus tempe
pacis de p̄dc̄is aduocaçoibꝫ, redd̄, Wrecco, e aliis p̄tiñ t̄c vt de feodo
e iure Corone sue. Et qđ tale sit Jus Reg^o offert v̄ficare p̄ dño
Rege sicut Cuř con̄s.

Et Abbas veñ. Et dicit qđ dñs H. Rex f̄t Impat̄cis quondam
dedit Abbie s̄ci Elerii molend̄ de villa in poch̄ s̄ci Elerii cum multa
e p̄tin suis t̄c, et eccliam s̄ce T̄nitatis e mariscum s̄ci Elerii. Et
p̄fert Cartam ip̄ius dñi H. Reg^o in hec v̄ba. H. Rex Angl̄ e Dux
Norman̄ e Aquit̄ e Comes And̄, Archiep̄o Rothom̄, Ep̄is, Abbibꝫ,
Com̄, Baroñ, Justic̄, viç e om̄ibꝫ ministris e fidelibꝫ suis Norman̄
sal̄tm. Sciatis me dedisse e p̄senti carta confirmasse Abbie s̄ci Elerii
de Gerseio e Canonicis ibidem deo seruientibꝫ p̄ salute mea e liboꝝ
meoꝝ in p̄petuam elemosinam molend̄ de villa cū multa e debita
ſuicio ip̄ius molend̄, et eccliam s̄ce T̄nitatis e mariscum s̄ci Elerij.
Quare volo e firmit̄ p̄cipio qđ eadem Abbia e Canōici hec p̄dc̄a ĩeant
e teneant bene e in pace libe e quiete e integre e plenarie e hono-
rifice, sicut ea tenebam in dñio meo cum om̄ibꝫ lib̄tatibꝫ e lib̄is

(M. 11.) **Continuation of the pleas before the said Justices in the
island of Jersey of the same eyre.**

Fresingfeld.

He died.

Jersey.

The Abbot of Cherbourg was summoned to be here at this day to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea that he render up to him the advowsons of the Priory of the Islet of St. Helier & of the Church of Holy Trinity, 20 deniers Tournois of rent & the rent of 36 quarters of wheat, 20 hens, 3 capons & 140 eggs with the appurtenances in the parish of St. Lawrence. And concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & his progenitors Kings of England he claims to take & have of all his tenants in the parish of St. Helier fumage or moneage & also wreck there which belong to the lord the King his crown & dignity. And thereupon William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King says that the lord King H. the grandfather &c. was seised in the time of peace of the said advowsons, rent, wreck & other appurtenances &c. as of fee & right of his crown. And that such is the right of the King he offers to establish for the lord the King as the court shall determine.

And the Abbot comes & says that the lord King H. son of the Empress formerly gave to the Abbey of St. Helier the Town mill in the parish of St. Helier with its multure & appurtenances, &c., and the Church of Holy Trinity & the marsh of St. Helier. And he produces a charter of the same lord King H. in these words. H. King of England & Duke of Normandy & Aquitaine & Count of Anjou, to the Archbishop of Rouen, Bishops, Abbots, Counts, Barons, justices, sheriffs & all his ministers & faithful people of Normandy greeting. Know ye that I have given & by this my present charter have confirmed to the Abbey of St. Helier of Jersey & the canons there serving God for my salvation & that of my children in perpetual alms the Town mill with the multure & service due of the same mill, & the Church of Holy Trinity & the marsh of St. Helier. Wherefore I will & firmly command that the same Abbey & canons may have & hold these things well & in peace, freely & quietly & wholly & fully & honourably, as I held them in my demesne with all their

consuetudinibz suis. T magro Johne de Oxneford, magro Rado de Tame Worda, Com Regiū, Ričo de Luci, Ričo de Camulla, Wifmo de Caumeto, Huğ de Gundeulla, Durando Luis, Wiffo de ostilli, apud Cestr̃. Dicit t̃ qđ idem dñs H. Rex postea fecit vnionem de Abbaciis de Chireburg̃ e s̃ci Elerii. Ita qđ sedes Abbie foret apud Chireburg̃ e quinq, Canōici forent celebantes apud s̃cm Elerium. Et pfert inde Cartam dñi H. Reg^o in hec vba. H. dei gr̃a Rex Angt e Dux Normañ e Aquit̃ e Comes And, Archiepis, Ep̃is, Abbibz, Comitibz, Baroñ, Justiç, viç, e omibz Ballis e fidelibz suis salm. Sciatis qđ ego de consilio rothrodie pie recordat^o Rothom Archiepi e e multa alia veflabim e religiosa psona cōiuncōem dua domo Canonich reglarium que roñe fundaōis ad meam spali nullo mediante donaōem ptinent e ordinaōem s̃ci sciit Elerii de Insulis e s̃ce Marie de Cesaris Burgo iampdem concessi, ea videt consideraōe inductus qđ nulla illaz p se ad sustentaōem Conuent^o reglarit degentis suffice posse credebat. Sed qz pdca concessio mea ante tempa veflabit viri Walci Rothom Archiepi ad plenū nō f̃rat eff̃m mancipata, de voluntate e assensu eiusd Archepi tam psentis sc̃pti annocaōe e sigilli mei apposiōe confirmaui firmi p̃cipiendo vt in p̃ptm̃ in hunc modum cōiūcte pmaneant, sciit vt in ecclia s̃ce Marie de Cesaris Burgo p̃cipua sedes sit Abbis e in ea ordo b̃i Augustini iuxta statuta s̃ci Vittoris Paris̃ obseruet. Et in domo s̃ci Elerii in Insulis quinq, Canonici ad minus sedm̃ disposiōem Abbis reglant viuentes deo deseruiant qui modis omibz potestati e voluntati Abbis p̃nōiati loci pmanebunt s̃biecti, et possessiones om̃es tam eccl̃astice qm̃ alie ad domū s̃ci Elerii ptinentes in disposiōe eiusd Abbis consistent. T. W. Roth Archiepo t̃c. Et dicit qđ p̃decessores ip̃ius Abbis post donaōem hi^o, ea semp tenuerunt pacifice, sicut e ip̃e ea modo tenet. Et dicit qđ

liberties & free customs. Witnesses : Master John of Oxford, Master Ralph of Tamworth, Earl Reginald, Richard de Lucy, Richard de Camulla, William de Caumeto, Hugh de Gundeville, Durand Luis, William de Ostilli, at Chester. He says also that the same lord King H. afterwards united the Abbeys of Cherbourg & St. Helier. So that the seat of the Abbey should be at Cherbourg & 5 canons should celebrate Divine Service at St. Helier. And he produces thereof a charter of the lord King H. in these words. H. by the grace of God King of England & Duke of Normandy & Aquitaine & Count of Anjou to the Archbishops, Bishops, abbots, counts, barons, justices, sheriffs & all his bailiffs & faithful people greeting. Know ye that I by the counsel of Rotrou⁽¹⁾ of pious memory Archbishop of Rouen & of many other venerable & religious persons, have long since granted the union of the two houses of regular canons which by reason of the foundation belong especially to my gift & ordinance, no one intervening, to wit, of St. Helier of the Islands & St. Mary of Cherbourg, induced to wit by this consideration that none of those, it is thought, by themselves can suffice for the sustentation of the community living regularly, but because my said grant before the times of the venerable Walter⁽²⁾ Archbishop of Rouen was not made over with full effect, with the will & assent of the same Archbishop I have now confirmed it by the registration of this present writing & by the affixing of my seal, firmly commanding that they may for ever remain united in that way, viz., that in the Church of St. Mary of Cherbourg shall be the principal seat of the Abbot, & in the same the order of St. Augustine according to the statutes of St. Victor of Paris shall be observed ; & in the house of St. Helier of the Islands, five canons at the least according to the disposition of the Abbot living regularly shall serve God who in all ways shall remain subject to the power & will of the Abbot of the said place, & all the possessions as well ecclesiastical as other belonging to the house of St. Helier shall be at the disposition of the said Abbot. Witness W. Archbishop of Rouen, &c. And he says that the predecessors of the said Abbot after such gift always held them peacefully, & as he now

(1) Rotrou, Archbishop of Rouen in 1165.

(2) Gautier le Magnifique, Archbishop in 1184.

postq^m Iidem pdecessores sui arentafunt mariscum illud e ibi ap-
posuerunt ptes tenentes, quod est ad comodū dñi Reg^o. Iidem pde-
cessores sui e ipe q^mncicius Baflus dñi Reg^o leuaſit fumaĝ tē. ipe p
Priorem suū de Insuletta s̄ci Elerii vbi Canonici illi degent petunt
ab ipo Baſto q^mntum a tenentibz eoꝝ recepit. Et eis semp solutum
fuit a tempe quo nō extat memoria. Et quo ad p̄dcos redd̄s tē dicit
qđ ipe capit p̄dcos redd̄s de tenentibz suis residentibz in p̄dco ma-
risco, e dicit qđ postq^m mariscum illud arentatū fuit p p̄decessores
suos. Iidem p̄decessores sui soliti f̄iunt hui⁹modi redd̄ de tenen-
tibus suis ibidem recipe sicut e ipe modo pcipit. Et qđ Ita est de
singtis offert v̄ficare p p̄riam.

Et Willus dicit p dño Rege qđ Wreccum est regalis lib̄tas quam
nullus t̄re potest sine sp̄ali dono regio, et ex quo nō continet^r in
p̄dca Carta regia, qđ p̄dcus dñs Rex concessit p̄decessoribz ipius
Ab̄bis hui⁹modi lib̄tatem pcipe, nec Abbas ostendit inde aliud f̄cm
sp̄ale petit Judm̄ p dño Rege. Dicit t̄ qđ fumaĝ est custuma debita
ipi dño Regi de p̄pto cui⁹cūqz sint hōies v̄t tenentes p sic qđ dñs Rex
eos pmittit v̄t cōibus monetis legalit̄ currentibz tē. Et dicit qđ
nullus de Insulis custumam illam p̄fe debet v̄t pōt p̄t̄ sp̄ale Wa-
rantum f̄ind de dño Rege, nec est alius qui illam clām nisi p̄dcus
Ab̄bas, vnde petit Judm̄ p dño Rege. Et contentis in Cartis petit
qđ rei v̄itas inquirat^r p dño Rege p p̄riam. Dies datus est ei de aud
Judo suo coram dño Rege a die s̄ci Mich̄is in vnū men̄s vbicumqz
tunc f̄iit in Angl̄ tē. Et Abbas po. lo. suo f̄rem Nich̄m Leuesk
Canōicum suū v̄t Petrum f̄it Pet^r Dartys. Postea ad diem illū ap̄d
Westm̄ veñ p̄dcus Ab̄bas p attorñ suū. Et c̄tis de causis dat⁹ est
eis dies de Judo suo aud coram dño Rege a die Pasc̄i in vnū men̄s
vbicūqz tunc f̄iit in Angl̄. Ad quem diem p̄dcus Ab̄bas p attorñ

holds them. And he says that afterwards his said predecessors arented that marsh & placed there many tenants which is to the advantage of the lord the King. His same predecessors & he himself as often as the bailiff of the lord the King levied fumage &c. they by their Prior of the Islet of St. Helier, where those canons live, claim from the same bailiff as much as he received from their tenants; & it was always paid to them from time immemorial. And as to the said rents &c. he says that he takes the said rents from his tenants residing in the said marsh, & he says that after that marsh was arented by his predecessors, the same predecessors were wont to receive such rents of their tenants there as he now takes. And that it is so concerning each & all of these things he offers to establish by verdict of the country.

And William says for the lord the King that wreck is a royal franchise which none may have without a special royal gift, & because it is not contained in the said royal charter that the afore-said lord the King granted to the predecessors of the said Abbot to take such franchise, & because the said Abbot cannot show any special deed thereof, he claims judgment for the lord the King. And he says that fumage is a custom due to the said lord the King from the people whosoever men or tenants they may be, because the lord the King permits them to use common moneys lawfully current &c. And he says that no one of the islands ought or may claim that custom except special warrant be had of the lord the King, nor is there any other who claims it except the said Abbot, wherefore he claims judgment for the lord the King. And as to the contents of the charters he demands that the truth of the matter may be enquired into for the lord the King by verdict of the country. A day is given to him to hear his judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England &c. And the Abbot puts in his place Brother Nicholas Levesque his canon or Peter son of Peter Dartys. Afterwards at that day at Westminster comes the said Abbot by his attorney. And for certain causes a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said Abbot

suū p attorñ suū⁽¹⁾ venit, et datus est ei dies a die Pasch in vnū
nō veñ mensē vbicumq, tē. Ad quē diem p̄d̄cūs Abbas nō veñ Iō de ip̄o
ad iudicm̄ tē. Sed ponit̄ in respectū vsq, a die Pasch in xv dies
vbicūq, tē. Et deinde resp̄tuat̄ iudm̄ vsq, a die Pasch in vnū men-
sem vbicumq, tē. In Crastino aīaꝝ vbicūq, tē. Ad q̄ diē iudicm̄
vt p̄ius resp̄tuat̄ vt p̄ius vsq, a die Pasch in vnū men̄s vbicūq, tē. Ad q̄
diem Iudicm̄ p̄d̄cū resp̄tuat̄ vsq, a die Pasch in tres sep̄i vbicūq,
tē.—Ad quem diem Iudm̄ resp̄tuatur vsq, a die Pasch in xv dies
vbicūq, tē. Et quia alibi testat̄ in rot̄is p̄litoꝝ de Insul de Gerneꝝ
p̄ īram Otonis de Ḡndisono hic p̄ p̄ceptū dñi Rē missam qđ p̄d̄cūs
Abbas mortuus est, Iō nō p̄cedat̄ vlteri⁹ in p̄lito isto ad p̄sens tē.
Seq̄ Rex

(M. 11 d) **Adhuc de p̄litis coram p̄fatis Iusticiar̄ in Insula
de Beresepe de eod̄ Istin'e.**

ffresingfeld.

Magr P̄ius de Cheny suū fuit qđ esset hic ad respondē dño Regi
de p̄lito quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Reg⁹ e p̄genitoꝝ
suoꝝ Regum Angl clam̄ h̄ere libam Warennā in om̄ibz dñicis suis in
poch̄ s̄ci Joh̄nis. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamat h̄re Wreccū maris p̄ totā
īram suam in poch̄ s̄ci Saluatoris s̄ci Joh̄is e s̄ci Audoeni, e illud
in p̄p̄os vsus conf̄ite. Et t̄ quo Waranto clam̄ p̄cipe e h̄re libam
espkeriam in poch̄ s̄ci Joh̄is e s̄ci Audoeni de piscibz p̄ hoīes suos
captis in aquis dñi Reg⁹. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamat p̄cipe e h̄re
catalla hoīm suoꝝ felonū dñi Reg⁹ vt fugitiuoꝝ que spectant ad Co-
ronam e dignitatem dñi Reg⁹. Et P̄ius veñ, et dicit qđ ip̄e tenet
teñ sua in hac Insula p̄ p̄parte sua de h̄editate Wil̄li de Cheny p̄ris
Nich̄i de Cheny e ip̄ius P̄hi cui⁹ heñ ip̄i sunt. Et quo ad Warennam
tē., dicit qđ dñs H. Rex auus tē p̄ Cartam suam concessit p̄d̄co p̄ri

(1) Sic.

Does not come.

as before.

The King
sues.

(M. 11 d.)

by his attorney comes, & a day is given to him in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Abbot does not come. Therefore as to him to judgment &c. But it is put in respite until 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence judgment is respited until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of Souls wheresoever &c. At which day judgment is respited as before until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said judgment is respited until 3 weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day judgment is respited until 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And because it is witnessed elsewhere in the rolls of the pleas of the island of Guernsey by a letter of Otho de Grandison sent here by command of the lord the King, that the said Abbot is dead, therefore let it not be proceeded with further in this plea at present &c.

**Continuation of the pleas before the aforesaid Justices in
the Island of Jersey of the same eyre.**

Fresingfeld.

Master Philip de Cheny was summoned to be here to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & his progenitors Kings of England he claims to have free warren in all his demesnes in the parish of St. John. And also by what warrant he claims to have wreck of the sea throughout all his land in the parishes of St. Saviour, St. John & St. Ouen & to convert it to his own uses. And also by what warrant he claims to take & have free esperkeria in the parishes of St. John & St. Ouen, of the fish caught by his men in the waters of the lord the King. And also by what warrant he claims to take & have the chattels of his men felons or fugitives of the lord the King which belong to the crown and dignity of the lord the King. And Philip comes & says that he holds his tenements in this island for his share of the inheritance of William de Cheny father of Nicholas de Cheny & of the said Philip whose heirs they are. And as to warren &c. he says that the lord King H. the grandfather, &c.

suo Warennam in omnibz dñicis tris suis in hac Insula. Et quo ad Wreccum e espkeř in pochl sđi Jońis tđ dicit qđ Wiflus Paynel quond tenuit teń in řdča pochl sđi Jońis que Idem Pńus modo tenet, et postea řřunt escheř Reg^o, et řdčus dńs H. Rex auus tđ. dedit teń illa řdčo Wiffo pńi suo cum omnibz libtatibz e libis consuetudinibz tđ. Et dič qđ řdčus Wiflus Paynel tempe suo e omes antecessores sui tenentes teń illa vsi řřunt řire hui^o libtates a tempe quo nō extat memoria, et ř řdčus Wiflus pař suus e iře simitr vsi sunt eisdem libtatibz post řdčm donū dńi Reg^o sic řčm pńi suo. Et qđ Ita sit off^o řřicare sicut Cuř conř. Et quo ad Wreccū e espkeř tđ in pochl sđi Audoeni, dicit simitr qđ quidam Wiflus Comaundas quond tenuit teń in řdča pochl que Idem Pńus modo tenet que postea deueřunt escheř Reg^o, et Idem dńs H. Rex auus tđ. dedit teń illa Wiffo pńi suo cum omnibz libtatibz e libis consuetudinibz ad teń illa spectantibz tđ. Et dicit qđ řdčus Wiflus Comaundas tempe suo e omes antecessores sui vsi řřunt řdčis libtatibz a tempe quo nō extat memoria, e dicit qđ a tempe řdči doni dńi Reg^o řdčus Wiflus pař suus e iře vsi sunt řdčis libtatibz in forma qua iře modo eas clamat tđ. Et qđ Ita est offert řřicare sicut Cuř conř. Dicit ř qđ qz řdča Carta dńi H. Regis inde řča pńi iřius Phi est in Anglia, iře patus est řřicare řdča dona p record Rotloř de Cancellaria tđ, si iře sufficientem Cartam nō pferat coram consilio dńi Reg^o. Et quo ad Wreccum in pochl sđi Saluatoris dicit qđ řdčus Wiflus pař suus pquisiuit teń que Idem Pńus modo tenet in řdča pochl de Eustachio de Greneuille. Et dicit qđ řdčus Eustach tēpe suo e omes antecessores sui ante eum tenentes teń illa vsi řřunt peipe Wreccum in teń suis in řdča pochl, a tempe quo nō extat memoria, et řdčus Wiflus pař suus e iře soliti řřunt řire Wreccum in forma qua řdčus Pńus illud modo clamat,

by his charter granted to his said father warren in all his demesne lands in this island. And as to wreck & esperkeria in the parish of St. John &c. he says that William Paynel formerly held the tenements in the said parish of St. John which the same Philip now holds, & afterwards they were the escheats of the King, & the said lord King H. the grandfather, &c. gave those tenements to the said William his father with all franchises & free customs &c. And he says that the said William Paynel in his time & all his ancestors holding those tenements were used to have such franchises from time immemorial, & also the said William his father & he himself have likewise used the same franchises after the said gift of the lord the King so made to his father. And that this is so he offers to establish as the court shall determine. And as to wreck & esperkeria &c. in the parish of St. Ouen he says likewise that a certain William Comaundas formerly held the tenements in the said parish which the same Philip now holds, which afterwards became the escheats of the King, & the same lord King H. the grandfather &c. gave those tenements to William his father with all franchises & free customs to those tenements belonging &c. And he says that the said William Comaundas in his time & all his ancestors used the said liberties from time immemorial, & he says that from the time of the said gift of the lord the King the said William his father & he himself have used the said franchises in the form in which he now claims them &c. And that this is so he offers to establish as the court shall determine. Also he says that because the said charter of the lord King H. thereof made to the father of the said Philip is in England he is ready to establish the said gifts by the record of the rolls in the Chancery &c. if he do not bring a sufficient charter before the council of the lord the King. And as to wreck in the parish of St. Saviour he says that the said William his father purchased the tenements which the same Philip now holds in the said parish of Eustace de Greneville. And he says that the said Eustace in his time & all his ancestors before him holding those tenements were used to take wreck in their lands in the said parish from time immemorial, & the said William his father & he were wont to have wreck in the form in which the said Philip now claims it, saving always to

saluis semp dño Regi p'ncipalibz tē. Et qđ Ita est offert v'ficare sicut Cuř cons. Et quo ad Catalla felonū tē dicit qđ si hoies sui cicius possint appone manus ad catalla homñ suoꝝ latronū q'm hoies Reg^o tunc cla'm ipe fere catalla illa. Et dicit qđ sic vsi f'funt omēs tenentes teñ que ipe modo tenet a tempe quo memoria nō existit, et sic vsi sunt omēs dñi hui^o Insule tē.

Et Wiffus des Mareys qui sequit' p dño Rege quo ad Wreccum e espekē tē in pochiis sēi Joñnis e sēi Audoeni, dicit qđ ex quo p'dcūs Pñus cogñ qđ p'dca teñ f'funt in mañ dñi H. Reg^o tē et qđ ipe illa clamat de dono p'dci dñi Reg^o, nō potest f're hui^o lib'tates nisi continet' in Carta sua et petit Judm p dño Rege. Et quo ad Wreccum tē in poch' sēi Saluatoris dicit qđ Wreccum est regia lib'tas, et nemo potest hui^o lib'tatem vendere et ex quo p'dcūs Pñus clamat hui^o lib'tatem de p'quis pñis sui tē petit Judm p dño Rege ex quo nō ostendit inde aliquod f'cm spale. Et simi'lr petit Judm quo ad omia alia de quibz nō p'fert Cartam dñi Reg^o quam allegat p Wař. Dies dat^o est ei de aud' Judo suo coram dño Rege a die sēi Michis in vnū menš vbicūq, tūc f'fuit in Angl. Et Pñus po. lo. suo Simonem de Esse. Postea ad diem illū apud Lond⁽¹⁾ veñ p'dcūs Pñus. Et etis de causis dat^o ē eis dies de Judo suo aud' coram dño Rege a die Pasch in vnū menš vbicūq, tūc f'fuit in Angl. Et Pñus fecit attorñ sicut patet alibi. Ad quem diem p'dcūs Pñus p attorñ suū veñ, et datus est ei dies a
veñ die Pasch in vnū mensem vbicumq, tē. Ad quē diem p'dcūs Pñus
veñ venit e datus est ei dies a die Pasch in xv dies vbicūq, tē. Ad q
diem p'dcūs Pñs veñ e dat^o est ei dies a die Pasch in vnū mensem
vbicūq, tē. In Crastino aīaz vbicūq, tē. Ad q p'dcūs Pñs vt sup^a
veñ veñ e datus est ei dies a die Pasch in vnū menš vbicūq, tē. Ad q

(1) This word is erased superficially, but the ink has penetrated the substance of the parchment so as to be still visible.

the lord the King those things which belong to the prince, &c. And that this is so he offers to establish as the court shall determine. And as to the chattels of felons, &c. he says that if his servants could lay their hands on the chattels of his men, thieves, more quickly than the King's servants then they claimed to have those chattels. And he says that so were used to do all [people] holding those tenements which he now holds, from time immemorial, & so were used to do all the lords of this island, &c.

And William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King, as to wreck & esperkeria &c. in the parishes of St. John & St. Ouen says that because the said Philip acknowledges that the said tenements were in the hands of the lord King H. &c. and that he claims them of the gift of the said lord the King, he cannot have such franchises unless they are contained in his charter & claims judgment for the lord the King. And as to wreck &c. in the parish of St. Saviour he says that wreck is a royal franchise & that no one can sell such franchise, & because the said Philip claims such franchise of the purchase of his father &c. he claims judgment for the lord the King because he does not show any special deed thereof. And he likewise claims judgment as to all other things of which he does not produce a charter of the lord the King which he alleges for a warrant. A day is given to him to hear his judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England. And Philip puts in his place Simon de Esse. Afterwards at that day at London comes the said Philip. And for certain causes a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. And Philip appoints an attorney as appears elsewhere. At which day the said Philip by his attorney comes, & a day is given to him in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c.

Comes. At which day the said Philip comes & a day is given to him in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the

Comes. said Philip comes & a day is given to him in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever, &c. In the Morrow of Souls wheresoever &c. At which [day] the said Philip as above comes & a day is given to him in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c.

v^h sep. p.
Seq^r Rex.
(M. 12.)
Gerneř

diē p'dcūs P^hs veñ e dat^o est ei dies a die Paschⁿ in tres sep^t vbi-
cūq³ tē.—Ad quē diē p'dcūs P^hs veñ e dat^o est ei dies a die Paschⁿ in
xv dies vbi-
cūq³ tē. Ad quē diē p'dcūs P^hs veñ e dat^o est ei dies a
die Paschⁿ in qnq³ sept^s p^h futuř in vnū anñ vbi-
cūq³ tē.

Dñs Rex mandavit hic iras suas patent^r in hec vba. Edwardus
dei grā Rex Ang^t Dñs Hibⁿ e Dux Aquitⁿ dilectis e fidelibz suis Jo^hi
de ffresingfeld, Drogoni de Barantino e Jo^hi de Dittoñ saltm. Sciatis
qđ constituim^o vos e duos vřm Justi^c nřos ad ass^s e omia alia p^lita
tenend^o hac vice infra Insulas de Gerneř, Jerseye, Serk e Aureneye
put alias coram aliis Justi^c scđm legem e consuetudiem p^{ci}ū illaz
teneri consueuerūt. Et ideo vobis mandam^o qđ ad p^rmissa facienda
intendatis in forma p'dcā. Mandauim^o enim militibz libis hoīmbz e
omibz aliis de Insulis p'dcīs qđ vobis e duobz vřm tamq^a Justi^c nřis
in p^rmissis intendentes sint e respondentes sicut p'dcū est. In cui^o
rei testimonioñ has iras nřas fieri fecim^o patent^s. T^m me ipso apud
Langeleye xvj. die marcij anno ř. ñ. secundo.

Misit etiam quasdam iras patent^s in hec vba. Edwardus dei
grā Rex Ang^t, Dñs Hibⁿ e Dux Aquitⁿ Balliuis Insulaz de Geneř,
Jerš, Serk e Aurneye saltm. Cum constituim^o dilectos e fideles nřos
Jo^hem de ffresyngfeld, Drogonem de Barantino e Jo^hem de Dittoñ
ac duos eoř Justi^c nřos ad ass^s e omia alia p^lita tenenda hac vice
infra Insulas p'dcās put alias coram aliis Justi^c scđm legem e con^s
p^{ci}ū illaz teneri consueuerunt put in lřis nřis patentibz eisdem Jo-
hanni Drogoni e Johanni inde confectis plenius continet^r, vobis mau-
damus qđ etos dies e loca quos p'dcī Jo^hnes, Drogo e Jo^hnes vel
duo eoř vobis scire faciant, venire fa^c coram eis vel duobz eoř tot e
tales p^bos e legales hoīes de Insulis p'dcīs p quos rei vřtas in p^rmissis
melius sciri potit e inquiri. In cui^o rei testimonioñ has iras nřas fieri
fecimus patent^s. T^m me ipso apud Langleye xvj. die Marcij. anno
ř. ñ. scdo.

At which day the said Philip comes & a day is given to him in three weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Philip comes & a day is given to him in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Philip comes & a day is given to him in 5 weeks from the day of Easter next coming in one year wheresoever &c.

5 weeks from
Easter.

The King sues.

(M. 12.)
Guernsey.

The lord the King sent here his letters patent in these words. Edward by the grace of God King of England lord of Ireland & Duke of Aquitaine to his beloved & faithful John de Fresingfeld, Drogo de Barantin & John de Ditton, greeting. Know ye that we have constituted you & two of you our justices to hold the assizes & all other pleas this turn within the islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark & Alderney as they were wont to be held at other times before other justices according to the law & custom of those parts. And therefore we command you that you be ready to do all in the premises in the form aforesaid. We have also sent to the knights, free men & all others of the islands aforesaid that they assist & answer when called upon to you & two of you as our justices in the premises as is aforesaid. In witness whereof we have caused these our letters to be made patent. Witness ourself at Langley the 16th day of March in the second year of our reign.

He also sent certain letters patent in these words. Edward by the grace of God King of England, lord of Ireland & Duke of Aquitaine to the bailiffs of the islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark & Alderney, greeting. Whereas we have constituted our beloved & faithful John de Fresingfeld, Drogo de Barantin & John de Ditton & two of them our justices for the assizes & all other pleas to be held this turn within the said islands as at other times before other justices according to the law & custom of those parts they were wont to be held as in our letters patent to the same John, Drogo & John thereof made is more fully contained, we command you that at certain days & places which the said John, Drogo & John or two of them will make known to you, you cause to come before them or two of them all & such good & lawful men of the said islands by whom the truth of the matter in the premises may be the better known & enquired into. In witness whereof we have caused these our letters to be made patent. Witness ourself at Langley the 16th day of March in the second year of our reign.

Misit eciam quasdam alias iras suas patentes in hec vba. Edwardus dei grā Rex Angl, Dñs Hibn e Dux Aquit dñcis e fidelibz suis Johanni de ffresyngfeld Wiffo Russel e Joñi de Dittoñ saltm. Quia datū est nobis intelligi qđ dñse terř e teñ cum homagiis, Suiciis, aduocaconibz eccliaꝝ, capellaꝝ, eschetis, Wrecco maris, Warenñ, chaceis, custumis makerelloꝝ, Espkeria congroꝝ e aliis libtatibz dñsis que ad nos ptinent e de iure ptinere debent in Inñs nřis de Geneř, Jerš, Serk e Aurneye per quosđ homīes e htatores eazdem Inñs Religiosos e alios tam tempore dñi H. R^{is} aui nři, dñi E. R^{is} přis nři e nřo vsurpata sunt indebite e detenta e qđ alie dñse subt^actiones libtatū e iurñ nřoꝝ in ptibz illis ac přpresture fce sunt ibidem in nři přiudiciū e exhereditačom manifestam; Nos indempnitali nře prospice, e sup hiis remediū adhibe volentes ac de vřa c'cumspčone e industria spaliř confidentes assig^auim⁹ vos uel duos vřm ad inquirend p sacrñ pboꝝ e leğ hoīm Insulaꝝ pđčaz p quos rei vřtas melius sciri pořit de huiusmōi terř e teñ homagiis, Suiciis, aduocaconibz, Wrecco, Warreñm chaceis, custumis, espker e aliis libtatibz sic vsurpatis e detentis ac eciam de subtraccionibz libtatū e iurñ pđčoꝝ e přprestis pđčis pleni⁹ vřtatem e p quem vel p quos e a quo tempore e quař e quo modo e ad omīa sic vsurpata detenta e subt^acta ad statum debitū reuocand. Et ideo vobis mandam⁹ qđ vocatis coram vobis uel duobz vřm qui fřint evocandi pmissa omīa e singula faciař e expleatis in forma pđča. Maudauim⁹ enī singulis Bařlis Inñs pđcaꝝ ad etos die[s] e loca quos ei scire facietis venire fač coram vobis vel duobz vřm tot e tales pboꝝ e leğ hoīes de Insulis pđčis p quos rei vřtas in pmissis melius sciri pořit e inquire e vobis vel duobz vřm peant e intendant p[ut] eis scire facietis ex pte nřa. In cui⁹ rei testimoīm has iras nřas fieri fecim⁹ patentes. T. me iřo apud Westm xx^o die maij. anno ř. ñ. scđo.

He sent also certain others his letters patent in these words. Edward by the grace of God King of England lord of Ireland & Duke of Aquitaine to his beloved & faithful John de Fresingfeld, William Russel & John de Ditton greeting. Because we have been given to understand that divers lands & tenements with homages, services, advowsons of churches, chapels, escheats, wreck of the sea, warrens, chaces, customs of mackerel, esperkeria of congers & divers other franchises which belong to us & of right ought to belong to us in our islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark & Alderney, are unduly usurped & detained by certain men & inhabitants of the same islands ecclesiastics & others as well in the time of the lord King H. our grandfather, the lord King E. our father, as in our time, & that divers other subtractions of our franchises & rights in those parts & encroachments are made there to our manifest prejudice & disinheritance : We wishing to safeguard our rights & to supply a remedy in these matters & being specially confident of your circumspection & industry have appointed you or two of you to enquire by the oath of good & lawful men of the said islands by whom the truth of the matter may the better be known concerning such lands & tenements homages, services, advowsons, wrecks, warrens, chaces, customs, esperkeria & other franchises so usurped & detained & also more fully the truth concerning the subtraction of our said franchises & rights & concerning the said encroachments & by whom & from what time & how & in what manner, & to restore all things so usurped detained & subtracted to their due state. And therefore we command you that you call before you or two of you those who are to be called & that you do & fulfil all & each of the premises in the form aforesaid. And we have also commanded all the bailiffs of the said islands at certain days & places which you shall make known to them to cause to come before you or two of you all & such good & lawful men of the said islands by whom the truth of the matter in the premises may be the better known & enquired into & to be aiding & assisting you or two of you as you shall make it known to them on our behalf. In witness whereof we have caused these our letters to be made patent. Witness ourself at Westminster the 20th day of May, in the second year of our reign.

Misit eciam quasdam alias tras suas patentes in hec vba. Edwardus dei gr̃a Rex Angt Dñs Hibn e Dux Aquit̃ Baſtis Insulaꝝ de Gerneſ, Jerſ, Serk e Aurneye saltm. Quia datum est nobis intelligi qđ diſſe terre e teñ cum homagiis e ſuiciis aduocaconibꝫ eccliaꝝ e capellaꝝ, eſchetis, Wrecco maſ, Warenñ, chaceis, cuſtumis makerelloꝝ, eſpkeria congroꝝ e aliis liſtatibꝫ diſſis que ad nos ptinent e de iure ptinere debent in Insulis nſis pđcis p quosđ hoies e hitatores eaꝝdem Religioſos e alios tam tpe dñi R^{is} aui nſi, q^m tpe dñi E. R^{is} pſis nſi e nſo vſurpata ſunt indebite e detenta, et qđ ille diſſe ſubtracões liſtatũ e iurñ nroꝝ in ptibꝫ illis ac pſpreſtẽ fce ſunt ibidem in nſi p̃iudiciũ e exhereditacon manifestam, p quod aſſigauim⁹ ditcos e fideles nſos Joñem de ffresyngfeld Wiſſm Ruſſel e Joñem de Dittoñ vel duos eoꝝ ad inquirend p ſacr̃m pboꝝ e leg̃ hoim Insulaꝝ pđcaꝝ p quos rei vſtas melius ſciri potiſ de huiusmōi terris, teñ, homaꝝ e ſeruiciis, aduocaconibꝫ, Wrecco, Warenñ, chaceis, cuſtumis, eſpkeria e aliis liſtatibꝫ ſic vſurpatis e detentis ac t̃ de ſubtracconibꝫ liſtatũ e iurñ pđcoꝝ e pſpreſtis pđcis plenius vſtatem p quẽ vſt p quos e a quo tempore q^{li} e quo modo, e ad om̃ia ſic vſurpata, detenta e ſubtracta ad ſtatũ debiũ reuocand. Et ideo vobis mandam⁹ qđ ad ctos dies e loca quos iidem Joñes, Wiſſs e Joñes vel duo eoꝝ vobis ſcire faciant, coſ eis vel duobꝫ eoꝝ venire fač tot e tales pboſ e leg̃ hoies de Inſ pđcis p quos rei vſtas in pmiſſis melius ſciri poſit e inquire e eiſdem Joñi, Giſſi e Joñi vel duobꝫ eoꝝ ad pmiſſa faciend peatis e intendatis put vobis ſcire fač ex pte nſa. T̃ me iſo apud Weſtñ xx. die maij. anno ř. ñ. ſcdo.

He sent also certain others his letters patent in these words. Edward by the grace of God King of England, Lord of Ireland & Duke of Aquitaine to the bailiffs of the islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark & Alderney, greeting. Because we have been given to understand that divers lands & tenements with homages & services, advowsons of churches & chapels, escheats, wreck of the sea, warrens, chaces, customs of mackerel, esperkeria of congers & divers other franchises which belong to us & of right ought to belong to us in our islands aforesaid, by certain men & inhabitants of the same, ecclesiastics & others as well in the time of the lord the King our grandfather as in the time of the lord King E. our father & in our time, have been unlawfully usurped & detained, & that those divers subtractions of our franchises & rights in those parts & encroachments are made there to our prejudice & manifest disinherittance, by reason of which we have appointed our beloved & faithful John de Fresingfeld, William Russel & John de Ditton or two of them to enquire by the oath of good & lawful men of the islands aforesaid by whom the truth of the matter may be the better known concerning such lands, tenements, homages & services, advowsons, wreck, warren, chaces, customs, esperkeria & other franchises so usurped & detained, & also more fully the truth concerning the subtractions of our liberties & rights aforesaid & concerning the encroachments aforesaid by whom & from what time, how & in what manner; & to restore all things so usurped detained & subtracted to their lawful state. And therefore we command you that at certain days & places which the said John, William & John or two of them shall make known to you, you shall cause to come before them or two of them all & such good & lawful men of the islands aforesaid by whom the truth of the matter in the premises may be the better known & enquired into, & to be aiding & assisting the same John, William & John or two of them to do in the premises as they shall cause you to know on our behalf. Witness myself at Westminster the 20th day of May, in the second year of our reign.

2 Edward ii.
Record Office,
Nº 1161.

Comunia p̄lita coram Joñne de Fresingfeld, Dro-
gone de Barantyno e J[ohn de Ditton] Justiciari Itin̄antibz
in Granġ dñi Reġ in villa Šci Petri in Gerneř
predcto Drogone nondū p̄sente die Lune px ante f.....
řegni dñi Edwardi Reġ Angł filii Reġ Edwardi secundo.....
venit predctus Drogo post p̄ndiū.

(M. 1.)

Gerneř

Dñs Rex mandavit hic tras suas patentes in hec v̄ba. Edwardus
dei ġra etc. etc.

*[This and two other Commissions following are identical
with those in M. 12, Nº 1160, printed on pages 92 & 93.]*

(M. 1 d.)

Adhuc de cōibz p̄litis.

..... attachiatº ad respondentē Margie uxi
Guiffi Toytin de p̄lito insultº in via regia
..... effusi e cabliamenti ad v̄ram venit e dedit cabliamentū
sed residuū non pot [jac]tatur p̄sone. Et p̄dcta
Margia recupet dampna sua vsus eum que taxantº ad xxº
..... quam se posueřt de cabliamento dicit qđ ip̄am cabliañ ad
v̄ram maliċose p quod clamor de

[about 4 lines space left here.]

..... de la Musteng attachiatº ad respondentē Henř
de Payncand de eo qđ injuste tċ redisseis quod
pecia řre quam idem Henř coram Henř de Guldeford e sociis suis
Justiċ hic ad ul̄ias assisas vsus predcīm Joñnem
p ass̄m nove dis̄ que quid pecia continet řciam ptē uniº v̄gař řre
veñ qđ ante recupař illud coram p̄fatis Just tċ p̄dctus
Henř oflavit p̄dctam peciam řre vsus eū de deneraĩ

Common pleas before John de Fresingfeld, Drogo de Barantyn & J[ohn de Ditton] justices in eyre, in the grange of the lord the King in the Town of St. Peter[-port] in Guernsey, the said Drogo not being present, on Monday next before the feast in the second year of the lord Edward King of England son of King Edward the said Drogo came after dinner.

(M. 1.)
Guernsey.

The Lord the King sent here his letters patent in these words.
Edward by the grace of God &c. &c.

(M. 1 d.)

Continuation of the common pleas.

..... was attached to answer to Margery wife of William Toytin concerning a plea of assault on the King's high-way of effusion of blood and throwing to the ground, comes & denies the throwing down but the rest he cannot is thrown into prison. And the aforesaid Margery shall recover her damages against him which are taxed at 20 sols which she alleges concerning the throwing down & says that the throwing her down to the ground is of malice whereby a cry of

[about 4 lines space left here.]

..... de la Musteng is attached to answer to Henry de Payncand for that he unjustly &c. disseised certain piece of land which the same Henry before Henry de Guldeford & his fellow justices here at the last assizes against the aforesaid John by assize of novel disseisin: which said piece contains the third part of one virgate of land, comes that before that recovery before the aforesaid justices &c. the aforesaid Henry charged the aforesaid piece of land against him

reddit⁹ annui eid Joñm solvend p quod p̄dictus Joñnes nō potuit
redditū suū h̄ere nec pro eodm de p̄fato Henrico
Idm̄ Joñnes ⁽¹⁾ recupavit p̄dictm redditū vsus eund Henricū coram
..... [Petro] le Markaunt tunc balfio e xij juratis, et q̄ p̄dictus
Henr̄ non satisfacit ei de p̄dicto redditu nec
ei competens namiū pro eodm infra quindenā libata fuit ei prefata
pecia lre in tenenciam consuetudīem patrie
quousq̄ ei satisfacisset de p̄dicto redditu e arreragiis ejusd et hoc
patus est [verificare] p recordū Rotloz balfi et per xij Juṛ et aliis
modis quibz Cuṛ cons̄ p̄dcus Henr̄
dič qđ prefat⁹ Joñnes nunq̄ recupavit illam peciam lre post p̄dictam
as̄ et hoc patus [est verificare] p Recordū tē.

[about 12 lines space left here.]

..... e tenens dñi Reḡ p tota cōitate dicit
qđ in b̄ris dñi Reḡ hic qđ tenerent
assisas jux^a consuetudīem patrie hic et dicit
... qđ in inquisiçonibz capienđ de feloniis ex officio
non de se debent
purgare p duodecim s.....
..... debent duci infra castrū
..... de
on̄açone illa q̄m
..... p̄litis
.....

[about half the membrane is gone.]

(M. 2.)

Adhuc de coibz p̄litis as̄.

Gerneṛ

Thomas Destefeld summoñ ad responđ Petro de Garrys de eo qđ
..... iiij^{or} q̄rteṛ f̄ri quem idem Petṛ pquisivit
sibi e hedibz suis sup unū mesuaḡ e unam p.....

(1) Where words are underlined they are crossed through in the original.

with pence of yearly rent to be paid to
the said John whereby the aforesaid John could not have his rent nor
..... for the same of the aforesaid Henry. The
said John recovered the said rent against the same Henry before
..... [Peter] le Marchant then bailiff & the 12 jurats, &
that the said Henry did not satisfy him of the said rent nor [pro-
duced] to him a sufficient pledge for the same within the quindene
the said piece of land was delivered to him in tenancy [according
to the] custom of the country until he should have satisfied him of
the said rent & the arrears of the same & this he is ready [to esta-
blish] by the record of the rolls of the bailiff & by the 12 jurats & in
other ways which the court shall determine
the said Henry says that the said John never recovered that piece of
land after the said assize & this he is ready [to establish] by the
record &c.

[about 12 lines space left here.]

..... & tenant of the lord the King for the
whole commonalty says that in the writs of the lord the King
..... here that they shall hold the
assizes according to the custom of the country here and says
..... that in the inquisitions to be taken
of felonies by virtue of their office they ought not to
..... ought to purge themselves by
twelve
ought to be led within the castle
..... concerning that charge which
..... pleas
.....

[about half the membrane is gone.]

(M. 2.)

Continuation of the common pleas of assize.

Guernsey.

Thomas de Estfeld was summoned to answer to Peter de Garrys
for that 4 quarters of wheat which
the said Peter purchased for himself & his heirs upon one messuage

Denyse in villa S̃ci Petⁱ in portu que mesuaḡ e t̃ram p̃dictus Thoñ
mor..... cognoscit redd̃ p̃dc̃m e vadiat
ei iiij^{or} q̃rtia f̃ri p̃ arre^r ejusd̃ que ei solvet
p̃xio venturū simul cum p̃dicto redditu. Ita tamen qđ q̃cicius p̃dictus
.....terit quend̃ annuū redditū iiij^{or} q̃rt̃ f̃ri
p̃veientem de una placea cōpetenti
Petr^o concessit qđ recipiet redditū illū in escamb̃ de p̃fato Thoma
in ex ter̃ p̃dicti Thome
salvo tamen p̃dicto Petro e hed̃ suis recupa^r suo vsus p̃dc̃m
..... p̃dictoz̃ meš e ter̃ ad quoz̃cumq̃
manus deveſint si aliquod dampñ Et q̃
p̃dicti Petr^o e Thoñ concord̃ sive licencia Cu^r. Ido u^lq̃ eo^z in m̃ia

m̃ia

Pe^r de Hady vocat^o ad sectam Guiffi Laloel non veñ. Ido
in m̃ia

m̃ia

Jordanus des Mauns e Joñnes fra^r ej^o suñ ad respond̃ Gilbto
filio Dyoniš filie et Perrote sorori ejusd̃
Gilbti h̃edibz p̃dict̃e Dyoniš de eo qđ cū ip̃i Gilbtus e Perrota
..... Reḡ coram Petro le Marchaunt tunc
ballio et Ju^r d̃ni Reḡ recupassent seisinut
pticipes suos de h̃editate que fuit p̃dicti Wiffi cōmunis ante^c tē scilt
..... l̃cie ptis uni^o meš cent̃ v^lg̃ t̃re sex libr̃
redd^o viginti e t̃lū q̃rt̃ f̃ri e triginta et p̃ diutinā
..... p̃partis sue fuit eis
liba^r p̃dicti Jord̃ e Joñnes residuū p̃partis su.....
..... adhuc detinent min^o juste unde petunt remediū.

Et Jord̃ e Joñnes veñ et non possunt hoc dedi^ce Ido dc̃m est
eis qđ inde plena pticio
ad quē diē veñ auditu^r Ju^dm tē. Postea
..... e Perrota e que^r qđ adhuc deficit eis
propars que eis contingere Cent̃

m̃ie

& one Denyse in the Town
of St. Peter-Port which messuage & land the said Thomas [detains]
..... acknowledges the said rent & pledges to
him 4 quarters of wheat for the arrears of the same which he shall
pay him next coming, together with
the said rent. So nevertheless that as soon as the said
..... a certain yearly rent of 4 quarters of wheat
issuing from a sufficient estate
Peter admitted that he received that rent in exchange from the said
Thomas in land of the said Thomas
saving nevertheless to the said Peter & his heirs his recovery against
the said of the said messuage and
land in whosoever hands they shall come if any damage
..... And as the said Peter & Thomas
amerced. agreed without leave of the court Therefore both of them amerced.

amerced. Peter de Hady called at the suit of William Laloel did not come.
Therefore amerced.

Jordan des Mauns & John his brother were summoned to answer
to Gilbert son of Dionisia daughter [of William] and Perrote sister of
the said Gilbert heirs of the said Dionisia for that they with the said
Gilbert & Perrote the King before Peter
le Marchant then bailiff and the jurats of the lord the King re-
covered seisin as their partners of the
inheritance which was of the said William their common ancestor &c.
to wit of the third part of one messuage
one hundred virgates of land 6 livres of rente 23 quarters of wheat
and thirty loaves..... and for a long.....
of their portion shall have been delivered to them the said Jordan &
John the residue of their portion
still detain unjustly whereupon they pray for remedy.

And Jordan & John come & cannot deny this. Therefore it is
said to them that thereof
full partition at which day they shall come to hear judgment &c.
Afterwards & Perrote
amerced. & complain that the portion which should come to them is still
wanting one hundred

Et de residuo faciē
eis seisina de
partiō tē.
S̄ci Joh̄ Bap̄t̄.
Et sunt in mīa
p̄ injusta detent̄
solidū reddit⁹ dd..... quindecim q̄r̄i fr̄i t̄ginta pan.....
..... fr̄o suo uñ concedit qđ equa
ptiō fiat in̄ eos scđm qđ eos contingit (salvo sibi ubiq;
..... quo ad t̄ram seminatam
pro dampno tē dicit p̄ se e fr̄e suo C̄ s̄
in autūpno
..... cam de blad q̄ de t̄ra. Et ad hoc
inven̄unt hos pleḡ Mat̄m de Cuř e C... ..
.....

mīa

Petr⁹ Forlot in mīa p̄ fals̄ clam̄ vsus
..... inquisiō coram Mat̄ho de
Cuř
.....

Cecilia que fuit ux̄ Rad̄i Lesterleng petens vsus Sampso
..... S̄ci Petri in portu ven̄ e
p̄ctus Sampso Et con.....
..... Cecilia quiete clam̄ p̄dicto Sampso.....
..... Et inde faciet ei audientia
in p̄cti p̄dicto
..... p̄dictus Sampson solvet ei p̄ p̄ct̄ quietam clam
ti licentia
mīe Idō utq; eoꝝ in mīa. Et p̄dictus Sampson
.....

Nich̄us le Feve suū ad respondent̄ Guiff̄o de Mariscis de
..... de uno
mesuaḡ in p̄cti S̄ci Petri in portu quod mesuaḡ
..... Nich̄o le Noble
ad firmam p..... q̄r̄i fr̄i annu reddi⁹
..... p̄ctm̄ meḡ vsus aliquē ul̄ius
..... modo tenet
Et p̄cti Nich̄us e Guiff̄ ven̄ e poñ se
..... Petri de Garrys qui arbitra⁹.....
..... concord̄ fuit
in̄ p̄ctos Nich̄m et
..... arreraḡ ejusd̄ de quibz idm̄

And of the rest
they shall be
seised of their
portion &c.
St. John the
Baptist. And
they are amerced
for unjust
detention.

sols of rente fifteen quarters of wheat thirty loaves
.. their wheat whereupon
he allowed that a just partition be made between them according to
what shall come to them the rights of all reserved
..... as to land sown, for damages
..... &c. says for himself & his brother 100 sols in
autumn as well of corn as of land.
And for this they found these pledges Matthew de la Court & C.....

amerced.

Peter Forlot amerced for false claim against
..... inquisition before Matthew de la Court
.....

Cecilia who was the wife of Ralph Lesterleng claiming against
Sampson of St. Peter Port
comes & the said Sampson And
..... Cecilia quit-claimed to the said Sampson
..... And thereupon he shall give her audience in
the said parish
the said Sampson shall pay to her for the said quit-claim livres
..... [without] leave. Therefore
amerced. both of them amerced. And the said Sampson
.....

Nicholas le Fevre was summoned to answer to William des
Mareys concerning [a plea] of one
messuage in the parish of St. Peter-Port : which messuage
..... to Nicholas le Noble
to farm for quarters of wheat of yearly rente
..... the said messuage against any one further
..... now holds. And the
said Nicholas & William come & put themselves
..... of Peter de Garrys who will arbitrate
..... it was agreed between the said
Nicholas and arrears of
the same of which the said Nicholas shall pay
..... of pence & to other premises to

Nich sol.....
denarioꝝ et aliis pmissis p̄dco Guiffo
..... Guiffl XL s̄ et sic dabit ei
xiiij li.....
m̄ie p̄dicta. Et ido consid̄ est qđ
.....

P̄d̄ Guiffl des Mareys suū ad respond̄ Aleḡ du Val
..... quondā annuū reddiṡ ij q̄r̄t̄ f̄ri in poḡi
Sci Petri in portu veñ e concord̄ sunt qđ p̄d̄
..... xv li p̄ve que valent C s̄ Turroñ
quos p̄d̄ Aleḡ soluit ei Et
pre..... remittit sectā suam. Et p̄d̄ Guiffl
assignat p̄fato Aleḡ p̄d̄ctos C s̄ de p̄d̄cto
..... le Feḡe de viij li quos ei deb̄, et
idem Nich̄ presens ad
m̄ie con̄s est qđ p̄d̄cti Guiffl e Aleḡ sint in m̄ia.

Rad̄ de Warrof vocat⁹ ad sectam Francissi le Lumbard nō veñ.
m̄ia Ido terram ut non est presens.

Petr̄ de Hady suū ad respond̄ Guiffo Laloel de eo qđ teneat
ei convenc..... f̄ri quem emit de
eod̄m Petro e unde p̄d̄ Guiffl queṡ qđ
postq̄ illū emit de p̄d̄ Petro. Idem Petr⁹ vendidit illū redd̄ Dyoniḡ
..... ip̄ius Guiffl et id̄m Dyoniḡ p̄sens hoc
cogñ. Ido con̄s est qđ p̄d̄..... quiete e
m̄ia p̄d̄ctus Petr⁹ p̄ falsitaṡ p̄d̄ sit in ḡvi m̄ia. Et qđ
..... recup̄ar̄ vsus p̄d̄ct̄m Petrū cū sequi volūit.

(M. 2 d.)

Adhuc de coibz p̄litis ass̄.

..... Radi de Saummareys suū fuit ad
respondend̄ Petro de Garrys de eo qđ convençom

the said William William 40 sols and
so he shall give to him 13 livres
amerced. aforesaid. And therefore it is determined that ..
.....

The aforesaid William des Mareys, summoned to answer to
Alexander du Val a certain yearly
rente of 2 quarters of wheat in the parish of St. Peter
Port, comes & they are agreed that the said
15 livres of small which are worth 100 sols tournois
which the said Alexander paid to him
And the said remits his suit. And the
said William assigns to the said Alexander the said 100 sols
..... of the said
le Fevre of 8 livres which he owes him, and the same Nicholas
present at
amerced. it is determined that the said William & Alexander are amerced.

Ralph de Warrof called at the suit of Francis le Lumbard does
amerced. not come. Therefore
the land as he is not present.

Peter de Hady summoned to answer to William Laloel for that
he should keep to his covenant with him
..... of wheat which he bought of the said Peter and there-
upon the said William complains that
..... after he bought it of the said Peter the said
Peter sold that rent to Dionisius
of the said William and the said Dionisius present here acknowledges.
Therefore it is determined that the said [William will enjoy] quietly
amerced. & the said Peter for the said dishonesty to be heavily amerced. And
that [the said Dionisius] shall recover against the said Peter when he
shall wish to sue.

(M. 2 d.)

Continuation of the common pleas of assize.

[Jordan de Saumareys son & heir] of Ralph de Saumareys was
summoned to answer to Peter de Garreys for that

inf̄ eos fctam de om̄ibz f̄ris e teñ iþius Jordi in Inš de Gerñ escam-
 biand pro redditu xij q̄r̄ f̄ri de menš de Jerš assedendo
 eidm Jordo p p̄dc̄m Petrum insula de Jerseye qui veñ
 e uťq, eoꝝ coġn q̄ddam scriptū in hec v̄ba. A tous ceux cestes
 p̄sentes f̄res v̄rout e or̄rout P̄he dit Levesq̄ baillif n̄re Sire le Roy
 de Engleſtre [en l'ile de] Jerseye Salutz en n̄re seignour. Sachent
 tous presens e avenirs q̄ present devaunt no⁹ Jordan
 de Saummareys filz e heir Rauf de Sammareys mort
 sa bone volente saunz porforcement li avoir baille a rente en feo a
 touz jours de Garrys e a ses heirs du dist Jordan e
 de ses heirs en mañe de Echaunge [heri]tage qe le dit Jordan
 a ou puet avoir en Lisle de Gerneñ tant en la poisse de Marie
 du Chastel Saint Pere du Boys Torteval come en autres en la dite
 Isle de Gerneñ, cest asavoir totes f̄res tenues en soun demeyne o les
 edifiemens dicele ou come en autres choses totes
 rentes des formens, de deners, de regars pays
 a queux f̄mes qui soyent dues, escheites forfaitures Svices
 de quele manere ceux soyent porchatz de courts fraunchises e achatz
 les choses q̄appartenent ou poount aptenir au
 dist Jordan par la resoun de feo [ava]ntdit en la mañe qe ses aun-
 cestres en unt use ou doivent user. Ceo est asavoir de
 forment de rente a la mesur de Jerš rendauntz a la feste Saint Michel
 Jordan ou a ses heirs du dit Pierres ou de soens en tele
 condicion que le dist assoer en le Isle de Jerš
 les avauntditz xij q̄rt par dit du bone Jordan
 prendre par lacord fait entre eux. Et si le dit Jordan
 estoit aqune chose ou desturbe des ditz xij q̄r̄ qil
 nenpeust joier plenierement ariere sur la
 dite baille a la value de la descrossaunce. E si le dit
 damagee ou destru aussi des choses desutzdites ou par douaire ou
 par le dit Pierres en recoignostroit sutz les ditz
 xij q̄rt a la value de la des en la dite Isle de

the agreement made between them of all the lands & tenements of the said Jordan in the island of Guernsey to be exchanged for the rent of 12 quarters of wheat of the measure of Jersey to be assigned to the said Jordan by the said Peter the island of Jersey who come & each of them acknowledges a certain deed in these words. To all those who shall see & hear these present letters Philip called Levesque bailiff of our lord the King of England [in the island of] Jersey greeting in our Lord. Know all present & to come that [were] present before us Jordan de Saumareys son & heir of Ralph de Saumareys deceased [who acknowledged of] his free will without compulsion that he had leased in fee for ever [to Peter] de Garreys & to his heirs, of the said Jordan & his heirs by way of exchange [all the realty] that the said Jordan has or may have in the island of Guernsey as well in the parish of [St.] Mary du Castel, Saint Peter in the Wood, Torteval, as in others in the said island of Guernsey, that is to say, all the lands held in his demesne with the buildings of the same as in other things all the rents of wheat, of moneys, of revenues, of loaves, at such terms as they shall be due, escheats, forfeitures, services of whatever manner they may have been acquired of courts franchises & acquisitions [& generally all] the things which belong or might belong to the said Jordan by reason of the fee aforesaid in the manner that his ancestors have used them or ought to have used them. That is to say of wheat rent Jersey measure to be paid at the feast of St. Michael [to the said] Jordan or to his heirs by the said Peter or his [heirs] on such condition that the said [Peter may] assign in the Isle of Jersey the aforesaid 12 quarters Jordan to take by the agreement made between them. And if the said Jordan was in anything or disturbed in the said 12 quarters that he could not enjoy in full in arrear upon the said lease to the value of the decrease. And if the said [Jordan suffer] damage or destruction also of the things abovesaid either by the dower or by the said Peter shall acknowledge himself [liable] upon the said 12 quarters to the value of the decrease in the said

Jerš. E a ceo faire tenir e leaument acomplir le dit
 e ses heirs suz peine de XL li. de Torn au Roy
 choses desutzdites
 faire en Lisle de Gerner as
 poisses on la chose enfera
 requis du dit Pierres suz la peine desutzdite. Et le dit Pierre
 a la peine desutzdite
 obligeront a ceo les dites heirs lour executors
 tous lor biens moebles e immoebles
 porront estre
 a toute a tote defense e a tote
 a une ptie Jordan e
 Pierres acomplir les choses
 desutzdites de la quele chose
 nous avouns mis a ceste
 lisle desutzdite requeste des pties fait e dont
 la feste
 Saint George. Et inde qđ firmit
 tenebunt e ad plebunt om̃ia que in đcis convencoibz continentr.
 Et utq, eoꝝ in m̃ia. Et quesiti de jure Reg de łciodecio denař tđ utq,
 dič sup sacřm suũ qđ nō fuit aliqua p̃cunia data p pđcis convencoibz.

m̃ie

Colinus Blundel pro falš claĩ vsus Guifm Truaunt in m̃ia. Et
 q, harou fuit injust p̃claĩ p eundm Colinũ Jđo ipe in m̃ia.

m̃ia

Memorand qđ XLij querele libant batio ad łminand de die in
 diem coram iđo e Juř đni Reg quousq, p̃litentur.

Oliverus p attornatũ suũ e Nicĩa uđ ejus querent
 e Galfř de Cinkoilles et parť fuit. Et Galfř poñ
 se in m̃iam Cuř p licenč concord. Et est concord łlis qđ
 pđcis Olivero e Nicĩa p omibz arreř usq, ad hunc
 diem vj li. Turon continenti. Et pđ Galfř cogn qđ deđ

Island of Jersey. And this to do, hold and loyally accomplish the said [Jordan] & his heirs under a penalty of 40 livres Tournois to the King things above mentioned to do in the Island of Guernsey in the parishes where the thing shall be required of the said Peter under the aforesaid penalty. And the said Peter [and his heirs] on the penalty aforesaid. [And] to this the said [parties and their] heirs their executors shall bind all their property moveable & immoveable may be to all at all defence & at all to one party Jordan & Peter to accomplish the things aforesaid..... of which thing we have put to this [deed the seal of] the Isle aforesaid [at the] request of the parties. Signed & Given the feast of St. George. And thereof that they firmly held & to accomplish all things which are contained in the said agreements. And both of them are amerced. And being asked as to the right of the King to the thirteenth penny &c. both of them say upon their oath that there was no money given for the said agreements.

amerced.

Colin Blundel amerced for false claim against William Truaunt. And because Haro was wrongly raised by the said Colin. Therefore he is amerced.

amerced.

Note is made that 43 complaints were delivered to the bailiff to be heard before him & the jurats of the lord the King from day to day until they are decided.

Oliver by his attorney & Nicholaa his wife plaintiffs & Geoffrey de Cinkoilles & co-heirs was. And Geoffrey put himself at the mercy of the court for licence to agree. And it is agreed thus that to the said Oliver & Nicholaa for all arrears up to this day 6 livres Tournois contained. And the said Geoffrey acknowledges that

eis anuū reddm uni⁹ q^ārī fīrī assessū meš in Šci Petri
Portu et solvet eis ad fīrī Šci Michis pxio ventuř j q^ār
Et de celo singlis annis tē.

..... est in p̄sencia Thome de Estfeld qđ ipe feč suū
Guītm de Roheys in Cuř xpianitatis de plito
de cač. Jō ipe in g^āvi mīa.

(M. 3.)

Adhuc de cōibus plitis.

Gerneř

Rađus de Bosū Burgenš Rotomageñ alias coram Matħio de Cuř
tenente locū [Ottonis de Grandisono] in hac Insula petiit delibacoem
vinoř suoř que dixerat occupata e sibi de-[-tenta p Ricm le Herice]
Robtm Dagenas, Petř la Cornaille e Lucam le Corner e quosdā alios
Jnsulanos etc.

[*This Membrane is the same as M. 6, N^o 1160,
already printed on pages 49 to 53.*]

(M. 3 d.)

[This membrane is blank.]

(M. 4.)

Adhuc de cōibz plitis.

Gerneř

Matħus de Curia Baltus huj⁹ Insule e qui se dicit teñe locum
Otonis de Grandisono etc.

[*This Membrane continues as on pages 27 to 29. N^o 1160.*]

It then continues as follows :—

Audita querela Florie Gilbert conqueretis qđ execučo Judicii p
iřa redd Cuř dñi Reğ hic coram Thoma de Sandwyco
e sociis suis Justič tūc itn⁹antibz in Insulis vsus Matħm Denys de
rōnabili pte iřam Floriam cōtingente de teñ que fřunt
Dyonis Gilbert pris iřoř Matħi e Florie cuř⁹ hedes iři sunt Et qui

he owes them the yearly rent of one quarter of wheat due [on a] messuage in St. Peter-Port and will pay to them at the feast of St. Michael next coming one quarter And likewise in each year &c.

It is in the presence of Thomas de Estfeld that he cause to be summoned William de Rohays in the court of Christianity concerning a plea of chattels. Wherefore he is heavily amerced.

(M. 3.)

Continuation of the common pleas.

Guernsey.

Ralph de Bosco a burgess of Rouen elsewhere before Matthew de la Court lieutenant of Oto de Grandison in this Island claims delivery of his wines which he says were taken & detained from him by Richard le Herice, Robert Dagenas, Peter la Cornaille & Luke le Corner & certain other islanders &c.

(M. 3 d.)

.....

[This membrane is blank.]

(M. 4.)

Continuation of the common pleas.

Guernsey.

Matthew de la Court bailiff of this island & who calls himself lieutenant of Oto de Grandison &c.

It then continues as follows:—

Having heard the plaint of Floria Gilbert praying that the execution of the judgment rendered in her favour in the court of the lord the King here before Thomas de Sandwych & his fellow justices then ⁽¹⁾ in eyre in the islands against Matthew Denys of the just portion coming to the said Floria of the tenements which were of Dyonis Gilbert father of the said Matthew & Floria whose

(1) In June 1292.

nup obiit tē quam recupavit nō dum fca est ad g^{ve} dampnū suū tē
pdcus Mathus inde pmunitus veñ Et bene cogñ pdcm Judm p ipa
sic fuisse redditū Et diē qđ coram Nicho de Cheny tūc
custode Insulaꝝ hic e Juř dñi Reĝ p Judm ipa vsus
eam inde quietus. Et hoc offert vificare p pdcm Nich e Juř. Et nich
aliud dicit quare execuō debeat inde retardari. Et q₃ videt^r Cuř hic
qđ huj^omodi Custos vt Ballis Insulaꝝ vt Juř Regis aliqualem Juřdic-
coem supstis Justiē bre nō possunt et pdcus Mathis nō ostendit qđ
ipa Floria post pdcm recuperare unq₃ renūciavit illi recuperare cons est
qđ execuō pdci Judicii pcedat jux^a Foram qua redditum fuit. Et
pceptum est Balto qđ jux^a consuetudinem tē illam fieri faciat tē.
Postea record una cū peticoe pđce Florie mittit^r dño Reĝ p bre suo

[a space of 12 lines is left.]

(M. 4 d.)

Adhuc de coibꝫ plifis.

[De p]eticoe Joñnis de Vivariis ⁽¹⁾ monstrantis se secutum fuisse
quodd bre de sugges..... custodi Insulaꝝ hic qđ
inquisita veritate de M^ocato huj^o Insule illud in locis
e forma ab antiquo debitis e consuetis videl^r a medio mense Septēbr
..... mediū mensem Marcii apud Scam Mariam de Castro.
Et exinde p totū anū Laundes. Et viso simil^r
quod alio bri quod dñus Rex nūc misit hic in hec
Edwardus dei grā Rex Angl Dñs Hiñ e Dux Aquit dñco e fidel suo
Ottoni de [Grandi]sono Custodi suo Insule de Jerneseye saltm. Quia
intelleximus qđ quodd [mercat]um quod in feodo nro in quodam loco
qui vocat^r Les Laundes in Insula pđca [teneri consuevit] ab eodem

(1) With reference to this compare Ancient Petitions of the Chancery and
Exchequer (Publication of the Société Jersiaise), N^o 5691, page 14.

heirs they are and who lately died &c. which she recovered & [which] has never been done to her great damage &c. the said Matthew warned thereof comes & fully recognizes the said judgment so to have been rendered in her favour. And he says that before Nicholas de Cheny then keeper of the Islands here & the jurats of the lord the King by the judgment he is quit thereof against her. And this he offers to establish by the said Nicholas & the jurats. And he says nothing else why the execution thereof ought to be retarded. And because it seems to the court here that such keeper or bailiff of the Islands or the jurats of the King cannot have any jurisdiction over the acts of the justices & the said Matthew does not show that the said Floria after the said recovery ever renounced that recovery, it is determined that the execution of the said judgment shall proceed according to the form in which it was rendered. And it is commanded to the bailiff that according to custom &c. he shall cause it to be made &c. Afterwards the record together with the petition of the said Floria is to be sent to the King by his writ.

[a space of 12 lines is left.]

(M. 4 d.)

Continuation of the common pleas.

[On the] petition of John du Vivier showing that he was sued by a certain writ of to the keeper of the Islands here that having enquired into the truth concerning the market of this Island, the same in places & form of old time due & accustomed, viz. from the middle of the month of September the middle of the month of March at St Mary de Castel. And thence throughout the whole year [at Les] Landes. And seeing also that the other writ which the now lord the King sent here in these Edward by the grace of God King of England lord of Ireland & Duke of Aquitaine to his beloved & faithful Oto de [Grandi]son keeper of his Island of Guernsey greeting. Because we understand that a certain [market] which [was] on our fief in a certain place which is called Les Landes in the Island afore-

loco p quosdam de eadem Insula est šbtractum e ad feodum [alterius] q^m nři tⁿslatum in nři řjudiciū e exñedačois piculū manifestū : Voř mandam^o, [quod si ita] est, tūc mēcatum illud in đco loco de Les Laundes tenend publice pclamari [faciatis], put ibidem teneri debet e tefi consuevit, non pmittentes mēcatū illud alibi teneri [quam in] đco loco de Les Laundes si hoc ad comodū nřm fore videritis faciend.

T. me [ipso] apud Westm̄ v die Maii anno ř ñ p^{mo}. Intellecto q^o qđ octo pochiata huj^o Insule de pte pđci Joħnis e due pochiate residue ex adřsa pte ppenso q^o qđ unius p^{mi} bris est de feodo Abbis de Monte Šci Michis totaliř e řitis e auditis q^m přibz inř eos tandem concordatū est utrunq^o p omēs tč qđ de quařt poči eli..... vř saltim unus de minoribz pochiis qui cū Justič hic ordinent de put viderint p dno Rege e ppřo huj^o Insule competencius e melius qđ ordinačo illa firma sit e stabit inppřm. Et sic electis de pochia Šci Petⁱ..... Guiff Gros, Rič Goste de poči de Bellosa, Jord Choffin e Jord Distart foresta, Guiff le Jevvene e Guiff Roger de poči Šci Petⁱ de Bosco de Torteval, Peř de Chunn de poči Šci Salvatoris, Mich Lestur de poči de Castro, Peř Nicole, Rič Harphat de pochia de de la Mare de poči Šci Sampsoň, Guiff de la Rivere, Baudewyn Davy Roř Renald, Rič le Cok. Et auditus řonibz singloř. Compte Šci Petⁱ portu est quasi burgū et očs alie poči sunt ville Cam..... contigue. Sed sepatim in campis Et ř qđ tam de forinsecis q^m est apud Šci Petⁱ Portum q^m in oibz aliis longe a villa Šci Petⁱ Portus licet p diem venerunt ad pđcam villam Šci Petⁱ die đnica e ibi dur..... magnū scandalū xpianitatis tč. Concordatū

said has been taken away from the same place by certain persons of the same Island & trausferred to a fief [other] than ours to our prejudice & to the manifest danger of our disseisin : We command you [if it be so to cause] to be publicly proclaimed that that market be held in the said place of Les Landes as it ought to be held there & was wont to be held, not permitting that market to be held elsewhere [but in] the said place of Les Landes if you shall consider this would be to our advantage to be done. Witness myself at Westminster the 5th day of May in the first year of our reign. Understanding also that eight small parishes of this Island of the part of the said John & the 2 remaining small parishes of the other part & considering also that of one of the first writ is of the fee of the Abbot of Mount St. Michael altogether & having had & heard many between them at length it is agreed on both sides for all &c. that of each parish shall be chosen or only one of the smaller parishes who with the justices here may ordain concerning as they may see is more fit & better for the lord the King & the people of this island that that ordinance be firm & established for ever. And thus were elected of the parish of St. Peter[port] William Gros, Richard Goste of the parish of [St^t Martin] de Bellosa, Jordan Choffin & Jordan Discart [of the parish of the] Forest, William le Jeune & William Roger of the parish of St. Peter in the Wood of Torteval, Peter de Chunn of the parish of St. Saviour, Michael Lestur of the parish of Castel, Peter Nicole, Richard Harphat of the parish of de la Mare of the parish of St. Sampson, William de la Rivere, Baudewyn Davy Robert Renald, Richard le Cok. And having heard the reasons of all it appears of St. Peter Port is as a borough and all the other parishes are villages contiguous to the fields but severally in the fields. And also that as well of foreign as is at St. Peter Port as in all others far from the town of St. Peter Port although by day came to the aforesaid town of St. Peter on Sunday & there to the great scandal of Christianity &c. [It was] agreed

integre teneat^r de celo ad p^dcam villam S^ci Petⁱ port
..... m^cato singlis dieb³ Jovis ad ortū solis e mu.....
..... concedit^r ne m^catū dⁿⁱ Regⁱ de Jereseye quod
..... Et p^cceptū est Bathio e Vi^c
q^d ista puplice e die sab^bi in vigilia
S^ci Barthⁱ in pleno m^cato e ad singlas
eccl^{ias}. Et tam ad eccl^{ias} q^m in p^d.....gi q^d
cum blad^{is} bestiis e aliis reb³ sive Jovis in
posterium ad p^dcam villam S^ci Petⁱ ea nō alib.....
bono³ eo³dē. Quod si quis fa^{ce} p^sumps.....
bona illa capiant ad opus dⁿⁱ Regⁱ tota^lr foris^fca. Et exinde
..... de bonis sic foris^fca que cepint q^m de illis que
p negligenciam suam dimiserint nō p^ccepta. Faciant t̄ sollempnⁱ
inhiberi s^b consiti foris^fcura q^d m^catum de celo nō teneat^r p diem
dⁿⁱcū nisi teⁿ de pane, carne, pisce, vino v^t cervisia sed durante
magna missa in eccl^{ia} nichⁱ vendat^r s^b g^vi foris^fcura vsus d^{nm} Regem
unde tⁿs^gssores de q^lndena in q^lndenam ad Cu^r coram Bathio g^vi
puniant^r. Et Bathio coram Justi^c g^vat^r puniat^r si in p^missis negli-
gens f^uit v^t remissis Preceptū est t̄ p^dco Bathio q^d p nullū bre qua-
lif^{cū}q³ p quempiam impetratū de suggestionē qualicumq³ de p^dco
m^cato nichⁱ mutet v^t minuet de p^dcis ordinacōe e p^cceptis nisi bre
illud de p^dcis cōcessiōe concordia e ordinacōe exp^{ss}am fecit men^coem.
Et assignat^r ad p^dcm m^catum talis locus videlⁱ quedam placea con-
tinens ij virg³ fre e dⁱ a diu jacens ut pastura inculta cu⁹ unū capud
vsus Aquiloⁿ abuttat sup fontem q^m vocat^r La Fontaine Cache Vas-
sal e aliud capud abuttat sup Le Vaal Wydecok e fere quasi in
medio tⁿsit via regalis. Et fuit illa placea divisa in² p^les. Ita q^d
Rob^tus Floires, Thomas de Bello Campo f^uerunt inde circi⁷ j virga³
e quartam ptem unius virga³ fre, Nich^{is} de Bosco duas ptes unius

..... be henceforth held wholly at the aforesaid town of St. Peter Port the market every Thursday at the rising of the sun & is granted nor the market of the lord the King in Jersey that And it is commanded to the bailiff & sheriff that this publicly & on Saturday in the vigil of St. Bartholomew in open market & at each one of the Churches. And as well at the Churches as in the aforesaid that with corn, beasts & other things or on Thursday in future at the said town of St. Peter the same not elsewhere of the said goods. That if any one should presume to make they shall take those goods to be totally forfeited to the use of the lord the King. And thereafter of goods so forfeited which they shall have taken as of those which by their negligence they have let go unperceived. They shall cause also to be solemnly prohibited under like forfeiture that henceforth the market shall not be held on Sunday except only for bread, meat, fish, wine & ale, but during high mass in the church nothing shall be sold under heavy forfeitures to the lord the King whereupon the transgressors from quindene to quindene at the court before the bailiff shall be heavily punished. And the bailiff shall be severely punished before the justices if he shall be negligent or remiss in the premises. And it is commanded to the said bailiff that he shall not change anything in the said market in consequence of any writ whatsoever by whomsoever obtained on whatsoever suggestion, or lessen anything of the said ordinances & precepts except that writ shall make express mention of the said grant, agreement & ordinance. And there is assigned for the said market such a place, viz. a certain place containing $2\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land for a long time lying as pasture uncultivated, one head whereof abuts towards the north upon the fountain which is called La Fontaine Cache Vassal & the other head abuts upon the Vale Wydecok & almost as it were the King's highway running through the middle. And that place belonged to many people. So that Robert Floires, Thomas de Beauchamp had thereof about one virgate & the 4th part of one virgate of land, Nicholas de Bosco 2 parts of one virgate of

virg̃ tre, Wiſſe Le Esmitet ſciam ptem unius virgaſ tre e Galfr̃ des
Maners quartam ptem unius virg̃ tre. Et iſi oīes ſram illam cōce-
dunt dno Regi p p̃cio rōnabili inde reddendo ſibi e ſiedibz ſuis
inppm̃ jux^a taxaçoem fide dignoz tē. Et app̃ciat^r ad v buſſ fruīti
p annū videl̃t quebz virg̃ ad ij buſſ fri et redd̃ ille eis aſſigñ, ſolvend
de celo tē ſcil̃t poſt iſtiē anñ.

(M. 5.)

Plita de quo Warranto de eodem Plite.

Gerneſ

Abbas de Monte ſci Michis in piclo maris veñ p Joñem le
moigne geñalem attorñ patentes quas p̃fert in hec
verba Edwardus dei gr̃a Rex Angl̃ Dñs Hibn e D.....
fidelibz ſuis ad quos p̃ſentes tre pveñint ſalīm. Sciatis qđ ditcus
noſ in xpō Abb̃ in piclo maris qui de licencia ñra
morat^r in ptibz t̃nsmariris attornavit coram noſ
e Joñem le Moigne ſub al̃naçoē ad lucrandū vt p̃dendum in oīibz
plitas e querelis p iſo Abbate vel cont^a iſm in
quibuscumq, Cuñ Inſulaz ñraz de Gerneseye e Jeres
iſius Abis conceſſim^o qđ iidem Jacobus e Joñes vel eoꝝ alter quem
p̃ſentem eſſe Abbtis façe poſſint vel poſſit
attornatos vel attornatū quos vel quem voluerint vel vol.....
ñra coram noſ ad oīia p̃dca plita e querelas p̃ſequenda e defendenda
e ad lucrand eiſdem ſicut p̃dcm̃ eſt. In cuj^o rei
teſtimoniū has tras ñras fieri fecim^o patentes Preſentibz
minime valituſ poſt adventū iſius Abbtis in Inſulas p̃dcas ſi con-
tingitre ad ptes illas. T̃. me iſo apud Weſt̃m xxviiij
die Febr̃ anno r̃ ñ primo centū ſolid̃ ſterlingoz p
reſpectu h̃ndo de oīibz que tangunt iſm uſq, ad diem L.....
ſci Joñis Baṗte p pleg̃ Prioris de Wale.

C s ſtling

Joñes du Viver ſuñ fuit qđ eſſet hic ad reſpondend̃ dno Regi
de plito quo warranto voluntate dni Reḡ e progenitoꝝ

land, William Le Esmitet the 3rd part of one virgate of land & Geoffrey des Maners the 4th part of one virgate of land. And they all granted that land to the lord the King for a reasonable price to be paid therefor to them & their heirs for ever according to the assessment of trusty people &c. And it was valued at 5 bushels of wheat by the year, viz. each virgate at 2 bushels of wheat & that rent was assigned to them, to be paid from henceforth &c. viz. after this year.

(M. 5.)

Pleas de quo Warranto of the said eyre.

Guernsey.

The Abbot of Mount St. Michael 'in periculo maris' comes by John le Moigne his general attorney [as shown by letters] patent which he produces in these words: Edward by the grace of God King of England Lord of Ireland & D[uke of Aquitaine] to his faithful people to whom these present letters shall come greeting. Know ye that our beloved in Christ the Abbot 'in periculo maris' who by our license lives in parts beyond the seas attorned before us & John le Moigne by turns to gain or lose in all pleas & complaints for the said Abbot or against him in whatsoever courts of our Islands of Guernsey & Jersey of the said Abbot we have granted that the same Janies & John or one of them who shall be present of the Abbot may make attorneys or attorney whom they will our before us to prosecute & defend all the said pleas & complaints & to gain the same as is aforesaid. In witness whereof we have caused these our letters to be made patent these presents to be of no value after the coming of the said Abbot into the said Island if he happens [to come] to those parts. Witness ourself at Westminster 28th day of February in the first year of our reign one hundred shillings sterling to have respite of all things which touch him up to Monday St. John the Baptist by the pledge of the Prior of the Vale.

100 s. sterling.

John du Vivier was summoned to be here to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant [without the license &]

suoꝝ Regñ Angl̃ clām fugare p totam t̃ram dñi Reġ [cun]
ictos dñi Reġ cape pro voluntate sua sine licencia iꝑius dñi Reġ e
ministroꝝ su..... licenciam huj⁹ concedendi. Et eciam
quo waranto clām p quemcumq; hoiem e h̃ere ac
singlis hoiꝑ suis extra Cuṛ dñi Reġ qui veñ Et quo ad fugam.....
..... ad cuniclos in dñicis t̃ris suis cum cane e bacto absq;
furetto ṽt aliquo ingenio & om̃es antecessores sui
tenentes tenementoz illoꝝ a tempe quo nō extat m.....
sicut Cuṛ cons̃ t̃c. Et quo ad Cvṛ petendam t̃c dicit qđ si aliquis
tenent Insule de aliquo minori p̃lito quod
potest deſminari in Cuṛ baroñ t̃c
quo non extat memoria peſe p se ṽt p̃poitum suū Curiam suam
..... offert cōsimilr ṽficare sicut Cuṛ cons̃ t̃c.

m̃ia

Et Juṛ hoc idem testantur sup sac̃m suū p̃lq; qđ dicunt qđ non
debet sic fugare nisi a mense Septembr̃ usq;
meñs Febr. Iđo p̃d̃cus Johñ de residuo t̃c.

Nich̃us de Cheny e maġr P̃ius frãl ejus suñ f̃funt etc.

[Continues as M. 3, N^o 1160,
from pages 21 to 23, line 21.]

(M. 5 d.)

Adhuc de p̃litis de quo Waranto.

..... Cheny e Joñes de Carteret milites e om̃es
libetenentes e alii huj⁹ Iñs p̃ter Constancieñ e
Ab̃btes t̃c allocuti de fidelitate dño Regi debita sibi facienda ve.....
..... concedunt fidelitatem ei fãce e illam ei fecerunt sacrañto
corporali p̃stito sal..... de Grandisono hiis que ad eū spectant
p t̃mino suo p concessionem ei f̃cam p Edwardum
quondam Reġ Angl̃ patrem dñi Reġ qui nunc est. Et Justiciaṛ hic t̃c
..... inde eis t̃ras suas testimoniales. Postea ṽfunt

the will of the lord the King & his progenitors Kings of England he claims to chase throughout all the land of the lord the King & to take the conies of the lord the King at his will without the license of the lord the King & of his officers granting such license. And also by what warrant he claims by whatsoever man [to claim] & have [a court] and for all his men outside the court of the lord the King; who comes; and as to chase for conies in his demesne lands with dog & stick without ferret or other engine and all his ancestors tenants of those tenements from time immemorial as the court shall determine &c. And as to claiming his court &c. he says that if any tenant of the island of any small plea which may be determined in a Court Baron &c. from [time] immemorial to claim by himself or his provost his court offers likewise to establish as the court shall determine &c.

amerced.

And the jurors testify to the same upon their oath except that they say that he ought not so to chase except from the month of September up to the month of February. Therefore the said John of the residue &c.

Nicholas de Cheny & Master Philip his brother were summoned &c.

(M. 5 d.)

Continuation of the pleas de quo Warranto.

..... Cheny & John de Carteret knights & all the free tenants & others of this Island except Coutances & the Abbots &c. questioned concerning fealty of the lord the King due to be made to him come [and] admit fealty to be made to him & did the same to him sworn on their corporal oath saving to [Otho] de Grandison those things which belong to him for his term by grant to him made by Edward formerly King of England father of the lord the King that now is. And the justices here &c. thereof to them their letters testimonial.

Abbes de Monte Šci Michis in p Abbas de Shireburgh e
Abb de Blancalanda e iidem Abbes de Scireburgh e de Blanca
fecunt fidelitate dno Regi pro toto quod tenent in Insulis. Et Abb
de Monte Šci Michis qđ ipe fecit fidelitate dno Regi apđ
Boloñ pro omibz teñ tam in Insul qđ alibi que de eo tenet. Et hoc
idm plos fidedignes, qui ibidm infuerit. Memorand de
Insula Abbis de Chausey de qua Abbas non potest dediçe qđm sit de
feodo dñi Reğ et hoc allocatū fuit ei in Cuř Reğ Fñcie ad sectam
cuj^odam [mer]catoris de ipso conquerentis.

Matheus de Sauz Mareys, Thom Destefeld Alicia ux ejus Joħa e
Nichaa sorores dci Mathi et Joħnes de Barantyn suñ fñnt etc.

[Continues as M. 4 d. N^o 1160,
p. 34 to p. 37, line 14.]

(M. 6.) **Adhuc de plitis de quo Waranto de**

Gerneř Oliver le Moigne e participes sui e Thom Destefeld e Alicia
ux ejus etc.

[Continues as in N^o 1160, at pp. 24 to 26.]

Avicia de Wyk, Henricus de Šco Martino, Joħnes Drogo, Symon
e Pħus fñes ejus suñ fuit ⁽¹⁾ ad respondend dñs Regi de plito quo
Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Regis e pgenitoř suoz Reğñ
Anglie clañ pcipe e ħere de omibz hoĩbz e teñ suis in puchiis Šci
Salvatoris e Šci Petri de Bosco regale auxiliū quod ad dñm Regem e
coronam e dignitatem suam spectat.

Et Avicia e Henric^o veñ et dicunt qđ ħeditas de Kaneleye par-
tita est inter eos. Et Henric^o dicit qđ ipe solus tenet ppartem ipm
e fñes suos contingentē. Et Juř hoc idm testantur. Et tam ipe qđm
pđca Avicia dicunt qđ ipi non clañ aliquid de denariis de auxilio
dñi Reğ pcipe de tenentibz suis sectantum ppas firmas suas. Idō

(1) Sic.

Afterwards came the Abbot of St. Michael 'in periculo maris' the Abbot of Cherbourg & the Abbot of Blanchelande & the same Abbots of Cherbourg & of Blanchelande did fealty to the lord the King for all that they hold in the Islands. And the Abbot of Mount St. Michael ... that he did fealty to the lord the King at Boulogne for all the tenements as well in the Island as elsewhere which he holds of him. And this the same many trustworthy people who were there. A memorandum is made concerning the Abbots Island of Chausey, as to which the Abbot cannot deny that it is of the fee of the lord the King & that this was allowed him in the court of the King of France at the suit of a certain merchant complaining of him.

Matthew de Saumareys, Thomas de Estfeld, Alice, his wife, Joan & Nicholaa sisters of the said Matthew, & John de Barantyn were summoned &c.

(M. 6.) **Continuation of the pleas of quo Warranto of**

Guernsey. Oliver le Moigne & his partners & Thomas Destefeld & Alice his wife &c.

Avice de Wyk, Henry de St. Martin, John, Drogo, Symon & Philip his brothers were summoned to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & his progenitors Kings of England they claim to take & have of all their men & tenements in the parishes of St. Saviour & St. Peter in the Wood royal aid which belongs to the lord the King & to his crown & dignity.

And Avice & Henry come & say that the inheritance of Kaneleye is divided between them. And Henry says that he alone holds the share coming to him & his brothers. And the jurors also testify to this. And also he as well as the said Avice say that they do not claim to take any of the moneys of the aid of the lord the King of their tenants, but only their own farms. Thereupon it is commanded

p de aux

pceptū est battio e vicecom̃ qđ nō pmittant eos de cetero aliquid
pcipe de auxilio regali Sed illud levent ad opus dñi Reġ quaten⁹
debitū fūis tē.

Idem Henric⁹ suū fuit ad respondendū dño Regi de p̃lito quo
waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Reġ e p̃genitoꝝ suoꝝ Regñ Angl
clām fugare p totam t̃ram dñi Reġ de p̃d [cun]ictos
dñi Reġ p voluntate sua sine licencia ip̃ius dñi Reġ e
ministroꝝ suoꝝ Et t̃ quo Wař clām p
quemcunq; hoiem voluerit singtis hoĩbz
sunt extra Cuř dñi Reġ.

Et Henř veñ et clām fugare ad Cuř
..... e om̃es antecessores sui a tempe quo
..... icař per pat'am. Et quo ad Cuř
..... Insule de aliquo minori p̃lito
quod quo nō
extat memoria peře
..... hoc offert ṽficare
.....

(M. 6 d.) **Adhuc de p̃litis de quo Waranto de eodem ṽfine.**

Fresingfeld.

..... Carteret e Lucia uxor ejus sum f̃funt qđ essent
hic ad respondū dño de p̃lito quo sine licencia
e voluntate dñi Reġ e p̃genitoꝝ suoꝝ Regñ Angl clām pcipe e h̃ere
om̃imoda eĩencia de Insula de Brakeho e Wreccū maris
ibidem accidens tam in t̃ra sua q̃m in aquis in costera
maris ibidem adjacente que p manus ministroꝝ dñi Reġ de Insula
de ad opus dñi Reġ debent devenire ut ea que spectant
ad coronam e dignitatem suam quo waranto clām h̃re
libam warennam in Insula p̃dca. Et t̃ quo waranto clām p quemcūq;

Taking of the
aid.

to the bailiff & sheriff not to permit them henceforth to take anything of the royal aid but to levy the same to the use of the lord the King whenever it shall be due &c.

The same Henry was summoned to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & of his progenitors Kings of England he claims to chase throughout all the land of the lord the King of the said conies of the lord the King at his will without the license of the said lord the King & his officers And also by what warrant he claims by whatsoever man he wishes [to claim & to have a Court] for all his men outside the court of the lord the King.

And Henry comes & claims to chase & all his ancestors from time immemorial by verdict of the country. And as to the court of the Island of any small plea that from time immemorial to claim offers to establish this

(M. 6 d.) **Continuation of the pleas de quo Warranto of the same eyre.**

Fresingfeld.

[John de] Carteret & Lucia his wife were summoned to be here to answer to the lord the King by what [warrant] without the license & will of the lord the King & of his progenitors Kings of England they claim to take & have all manner of waifs of the Island of Brechou & wreck of the sea occurring there as well in their land as in the waters in the coast of the sea there adjacent which by the hands of the officers of the lord the King in the Island of ought to come to the use of the lord the King as those things which belong to his crown & dignity. [Also] by what warrant they claim to have free warren in the island aforesaid. And also by what warrant they claim by whatsoever [man] they will to

..... volūnt Cuī suam peſe e hīre de ſinglīs hoībꝫ ſuis
ext^a Cuī dñi Reġ.

..... Rex p Guīlſm des Mareys qui ſequit^r p eo petit
ſus eundē Joñem e Luciam uxē ejus Inſ de Brakeho cū ptiñ ut
jus tē. Et unde Idm Guīlſus dicit p dño Rege qđ dñs H. Rex avus
tē ſeiſitus de pđca Inſ ut de feodo e Jure Corone ſue
tempe pacis capiēdo inde ex plecīa valenciām tē. Et qđ
tale ſit Jus Reġ offert ſificare ſicut Cuī conſ.

..... Joñes e Lucia veñ Et dicunt qđ ipī tenent pđcam
Inſulam que pva eſt de hēditate ipīus Lucie clām hēre
Wreckū maris ſalvis dño Regi pred^t rebꝫ pñcipalibꝫ ut de auro tē.
Et dicunt qđ ante[cessores] ipīus Lucie Inſulam illam ſic tenuerunt
ab antiquo una cum Wrecko put ipī Wreckū modo e libā
Warennā ibidm et ſic illa tenūnt abſq; aliqua tempis inſupcōe. Et
dicunt qđ cū Juſtič veñunt in Inſulam de Jerſeye ibi
clariuſ hec oſtendent q; dicunt qđ ipī hñt ibi quoddam maſſiū
..... tenentes ſui ſibi debent ſua cariagia tē. Et licet conſtet
Juſtič hic qđ pđca Inſula eſt con..... Inſule dñi Reġ de
Serk e in pochia ecclie de Serk ſatis ppinqua Inſule de Gerneſ qđ ſi
..... maris e vehemenť diſtat ab Inſula de Jerſ tū ſtis
decauſis dat^o eſt eis dies coram cū veñint in Jer-
seye tē. Eñ quo ad Cuī ſuam petenda e dicunt qđ ſi aliquis teneñ
..... coram baſſio Inſule de aliquo minori plito
quod poteſt deſminari in Curia[ante]ceſſores ſui ſoliti
ſunt a tempe quo nō extat memoria peſe p ſe vñ ppoitum
..... huĵ^o caſibꝫ e illam optiſſe tē. Et hoc offert
ſimilr ſificare ſicut Cuī conſ.

[a ſpace of a dozen lines is left here.]

[Nichus de Cheny et Pñus frať ejus ſuñ fñunt ad reſpondē] dño
Regi de plito quo Waranto ſine licencia etc.

[Continues as in N^o 1160, at pp. 38 to 39, line 4.]

claim & to have their court for all their men outside the court of the lord the King.

..... The King by William des Mareys who sues for him claims against the same John & Lucia his wife the island of Brechou with the appurtenances as his right. And thereupon the same William says for the lord the King that the lord King H. the grandfather, &c. [was] seised of the aforesaid Island as of fee & right of his crown in time of peace taking thereof esplees [to the] value, &c. And that such is the right of the King he offers to establish as the court shall determine.

..... John & Lucia come & they say that they hold the aforesaid Island which is small of the inheritance of the said Lucia claim to have wreck of the sea, saving to the lord the King the princely things aforesaid, as of gold, &c. And they say that the ancestors of the said Lucia so held that Island of old together with wreck as they now [have] wreck & free warren there, & that they so held the same without any interruption of time. And they say that when the Justices came to the Island of Jersey they showed this there more explicitly, & say that they have there a certain manor their tenants owe carriage to them &c. And although it appears to the justices here that the said Island⁽¹⁾ is [part & parcel] of the Island of Sark of the lord the King & in the parish of the Church of Sark sufficiently near the Island of Guernsey as if of the sea & is greatly distant from the Island of Jersey, for certain reasons a day is given to them before when they shall come to Jersey &c. And as to claiming their court &c. they say that if any tenant before the bailiff of the Island concerning any small plea that it may be determined in the court their predecessors were wont from time immemorial to claim by themselves or the provost in such cases, & to obtain it, &c. And this they offer likewise to establish as the court shall determine.

[a space of a dozen lines is left here.]

Nicholas de Cheny & Philip his brother were summoned to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license &c.....

(1) Brechou.

Dñs Rex p Wiłm de Mareys qui sequitur p eo petit vsus Radm
Burnel Wiłm de Capella Joñnem Dyre Jordanū Dire Joñnem filiū
Petri Dire et Raulinā de Vivario pticipes suo unū molendinū cum
ptiñ suis in Foresta. Et ĩm de Sausmareys Thoñ Destefeld
Aliciam uřem ejus Joñam e Nicham sorores dci Mathi
..... e Ĥham uřem ejus—unū molendinū cum ptinenč
in Belloř ut jus..... qđ đns H. Rex avus tč fuit in
seisina de pđcis molendīs ut de feodo e jure
..... .. ad valenč tč. Et qđ ĩli sit Jus ĩpius đni Regē
.....

Et[Bar]antyn dič qđ
ĩpe pqlsitor est de pp.....
nisi tantum ut uř ĩpius Joñnis
.....[predec]essores a tempe quo nō extat me[moria]
..... illa modo tenēt.
Et hoc off^punt vřificare
..... tč. Et ĩñim loquend est cū.....
.....

(M. 7.) **Adhuc de plřis de quo Waranto de**

Gerneř Abbas de Monte Šci Michis in picto maris in mĩa p pluribz
mĩa defaultis.

Idem Abbas e Prior de Wale suñ fuerunt qđ essent hic ad
respond [dño Regi de plřto quo] waranto sine licencia e voluntate
đni Regis e pgenitoř suoz etc.

[Continues as in M. 5 and 5 d., N^o 1160, pp. 39 to 49.

A part of the membrane is missing.]

(M. 8.) **Adhuc de plřis de quo Waranto de eodem Bti.....**

Gerneř Preceptum fuit Vič qđ suñ tč Abbem Majoris Monastii qđ esset
hic ad hunc [diem ad respond] đno Regi de plřto qđ redd ei advo-

The lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him claims against Ralph Burnel, William de la Chapelle, John Dyre, Jordan Dire, John son of Peter Dire & Raulina du Vivier his partners one mill with its appurtenances in the Forest. And Matthew de Saumareys, Thomas de Estfeld, Alice, his wife, Joan & Nicholaa sisters of the said Matthew & Philippa his wife—one mill with the appurtenances in [St. Martin] de Bellouse as his right that the lord H. the King the grandfather, &c. was in seisin of the said mills as of fee & right to the value &c. And that such is the right of the said lord the King

And [Bar]antyn says that he is the purchaser of except only that the wife of the said John..... predecessors from time immemorial now hold them. And this they offer to establish &c. And in the meantime it is discussed with

(M. 7.) **Continuation of the pleas de quo Warranto of**

Guernsey.
amerced.

The Abbot of Mount St. Michael 'in periculo maris' amerced for many defaults.

The said Abbot & the Prior of the Vale were summoned to be here to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & of his progenitors &c.

(M. 8.) **Continuation of the pleas de quo Warranto of same eyre.**

Guernsey.

It was commanded to the sheriff to summon &c. the Abbot of the larger Monastery⁽¹⁾ to be here at this [day to answer] to the lord the King concerning a plea that he render to him the advowsons of

(1) Marmoutier.

L ii

caçones eccliaꝝ de foresta Torteval Samp̃s
e Šci Andř et advocaçoem duaꝝ pciū decime gerbaꝝ ecclie de Bellosa
..... ovis quinquag̃ solid̃ p̃cipiende de eadem ecclia
et t̃ unū molendinū cū portu. Et sup hoc veñ
frañ Martinus cōmonachus e s̃b cam̃arius d̃ce [Ab̃te et p̃bavit per]
testimoniū fideiū p̃d̃cm Ab̃tem esse inpotentem laborandi t̃c. Et t̃
qđ [p̃d̃cūs Ab̃bas in tam remotis ptibꝫ] deget qđ ante finem Itiñis
nō posset impetrare bre de Angl̃ de attorñ. [Et offert dñi] Regi
quinquaꝝ libr̃ p sit qđ mittat̃ aliquis fideiū dñi Reg̃ hic ad test[i-
ficand̃ attorñ] ĩpius Ab̃tis quos faciet jux̃a discreçoem Cuř dñi Reg̃.
Et ei concedit̃ si Rex [acceptet p p̃lm] Petri le Markaunt e Pet̃ de
Garrys. Et mittit̃ cum ĩpo Petrus de Garrys [s̃paliꝝ Juratus] t̃c e
valde fidedignis. Postea in c̃stino Šce Margarete Virginis in Insula
de Martinus ptulit tras patentes p̃d̃ci Ab̃tis
sigillatas sigillo suo e sigillo Capit Fratres
Capituli Majoris Monast̃ii Turoneñ et frañ Odo p̃missione divina
Minist..... Nobilibꝫ viris e discretis dño Joh̃i
de Fresingfeld dño Drogoni de Barantin militibꝫ Dittoñ
Canonicho Šci Pauli Londoñ Justiciariis excellentissimi dñi dñi E.
dei gr̃a R..... [itineran]tibus in Insulis de Gerneř e de Jeresey
salutem in dño. Sciatis qđ nos attorna..... nob̃ in x̃po
fratrem Martinū Šbcam̃ariū nostri monast̃ii et Joh̃em de Balencat
[p̃sbiŕum] p̃senciū e eoꝝ quemlibet insolid̃. Ita qđ nō sit
melior condicio occupantis ad lucrandū [ṽt p̃dendū] in om̃ibꝫ plitis
e querelis pro nob̃ ṽt cont̃a nos coram võb in Itiñe ṽro qualicūqꝫ
..... Concedentes eisdem fratri Martino e
Joh̃i de Balencat qđ ĩpi vel al̃i eoꝝdem contig̃it
loco ñri façe possint seu possit attornatos ṽt attornatū quos ṽt quem
v..... coram võb ad om̃ia p̃d̃ca plita e querel̃ psequend̃
e defendend̃ e ad lucrandū ṽt [p̃dendū] p̃d̃cm est in eisdem. Ratum
e g̃t̃um h̃ituri p nob̃ e conventu ñri monast̃ii qu[icquid]

50 livres.

the Churches of the Forest, Torteval
 St. Sampson & St. Andrew, & the advowson of two parts of the tithe
 of sheaves of the Church of St. Martin de Bellouse
 of the value of 50 sols to be taken of the same Church & also one
 mill with [St. Peter] port. And upon this comes
 Brother Martin fellow monk & under chamberlain of the said [Abbot
 & proved] by the testimony of persons worthy of credence that the
 said Abbot is unable to work &c. And also that the said Abbot
 lived in such remote parts that before the end of the eyre he cannot
 obtain the writ of attorney from England. [And he offers to the lord]
 the King 50 livres so that any one of the lieges of the lord the King
 be sent here to testify [to the attorneys] of the said Abbot which he
 shall do according to the discretion of the court of the lord the King.
 And it is granted to him if the King [accepts under the pledge] of
 Peter le Marchant & of Peter de Garrys. And there is sent with
 him Peter de Garrys [specially sworn] &c. and very trustworthy.
 Afterwards in the Morrow of St. Margaret the Virgin in the Island
 of Martin brought letters patent of the said Abbot sealed
 with his seal & that of the Chapter the Brethren
 of the Chapter of the greater Monastery of Tours & Brother Odo by
 divine permission minister
 To the noble & discreet men, Sir John de Fresingfeld, Sir Drogo de
 Barantin, knights, & [John de] Ditton, canon of St. Paul's, London,
 justices of the most excellent lord the lord E. by the grace of God
 King in eyre in the islands of Guernsey & Jersey
 greeting in the Lord. Know ye that we have attorned
 to our brother in Christ Martin sub-chamberlain of our monastery &
 John de Balencat priest presence & each of
 them wholly. So that the condition of the one acting be no better,
 to gain [or lose] in all pleas & plaints for us or against us before you
 in your eyre howsoever [moved.] Granting to the said Brother
 Martin & John de Balencat that they or either of them whom
 shall happen, in our place may appoint
 attorneys or attorney whom they will before you to prosecute &
 defend all the said pleas & plaints & to gain or [lose] as is aforesaid
 in the same. Holding as ratified & acceptable for us & the commu-

e Joñnes seu attornati vñ attornandi seu attornat⁹ vñ attornandus
 ab ipis [aut eoz alñ quem presen]tem esse contigit noñe nño hac pte
 duxint seu duxit faciendum. In cu[i⁹ rei testimoniũ has] tras voñ
 patentes mittim⁹ sigilloz nñroz munimine roboratas. Dañ anno d.....
 Jovis post Octab festi Šcoz Añloz Pet
 e Pauli. Et tam ipe Martinus alñ attorñ tñ
 dicunt qđ Willus quondam Dux Normanñ e ðns Insulaz
 Angñ adeptus fñat dedit cuidam Abbti Majoris Monastii
 pñdecessori tñ ea Insula. Et pferunt
 quoddam antiqũ sc̃ptum cũ signis sive sigillo sub
 ceñs sic continens. Ego Willus Divina ordinante pñviden
 posui aliquid ex eis que tempañr accepi p manus
 paupiu post tempus rei eñna retribuñone
 centena merear multi fieri possit
 illud paupum genus elegi ad Turroñ
 quod maj⁹ monastii dicit^r
 pñpiis abrenuncians facultatibz volunt
 qñntitatis sive tegritytis eazdem rerum.....
 offert et quas ap.....
 Insulam que appel ppellat^r
 ambiguitas eaz noñ huic sc̃pto
 integritate eccliam Šci Andñ de Puten.....
 La burlosa cũ oñi integritate
 eccliam Sampñ Epi
 cum oñi integritate
 rerum tam de frugibz qñm de animalibz
 pñpiis rebus ecclasticis sñ tali leğ
 finierit seu in aliquo necglige
 expelli dephensis fñit secund
 tñ hiis decima quatuor carrucaz
 unus hospes cum
 oñi integritate sue red... qui preerit

nity of our monastery whatsoever [the said Martin] & John or their attorneys, or the one to be attorned by them [or either of them who] shall happen to be present in our name, in this behalf or they shall have thought fit to be done. In [testimony] whereof we send you our letters patent confirmed by the impression of our seals. Given the year of our Lord Thursday after the Octaves of the feast of the holy Apostles Peter & Paul. And as well the said Martin either of the attorneys, &c. say that William formerly Duke of Normandy & lord of the Islands before having obtained of England gave to a certain former Abbot of the Greater Monastery, &c. those things Island. And they brought a certain ancient writing with signs or a seal under [amongst] other things containing this. I William by the divine order of Providence placed some of those things which I temporarily accept by the hand of the poor that I may merit afterwards in the eternal retribution one hundred years can be done I have elected that sort of poor people to do that which Tours which is called the Greater Monastery renouncing our own faculties will quantity or entirety of the same things which offer & which at the island which is called the ambiguity of the names of the same to this writing integrity the Church of St. Andrew de Putent la Bellouse with all entirety the Church St. Sampson Bishop with all entirety as well of fruits as of animals which of all things own ecclesiastical possessions under such law thereof shall finish or if in any negligence to be expelled according to & in these the tithe of four ploughlands one hospice with all entirety shall return to their

illi obediencie. Que oīnia nōie
 Meheldis e filii mei Roḡti oīnipotenti deo e
 quatenus jam sepe dcoꝝ fratrum oraconibꝫ
 adjuti illoꝝ qui elemos meream^r adjungi
 conforcio Et diē qđ pđcus Abbas e pdecessores
 a tempe pđci doni semp tenuerunt pacifice pđca teñ
 e advocaōnes eccliaꝝ e decimaꝝ Abbas modo tenet
 pter advocaōem ecclie de Bellosa quam quidam Abbas de Blanca-
 landa adui est usurpavit sup pdecessorem suū. Et dicunt qđ molen-
 dinū Abbtis in Ści Petⁱ portu est infra Cimiſiū Ści Petⁱ e illud cū
 aliis tenuris suis in eadem villa sunt de liḡa elemosina ejusd ecclie e
 de pđco hospicio ab antiquo e a tempe quo nō estat memoria. Et
 qđ ita est de singlis pđci petunt qđ inquirat^r p patriam. Et Guiltus
 Carupel, Lucas le Corner, Pet^r Darciz, Roḡtus Floyres, Peṛ Hoel,
 Petrus Ernal Reyman, Joḡnes Pereye, Guiltus Hanalet,
 Oliṽus le Moigne e Lucas Layker Juṛ dicunt sup sac^rm suū qđ
 Abbtēs Majoris Monasṡii tenuerunt pđcas advocaōnes pđcaꝝ q'nq;
 eccliaꝝ simul cū duabꝫ ptibus decimaꝝ ecclie de Bellosa a tempe quo
 memoria nō existit. Et qđ pđcm molend^ũ e alie tenure quas iṽe
 Abbas modo tenet in hac Insula sunt de liḡa elemosina ab antiquo
 ptinente ad pđcas ecclias pter quoddam magnū meṡ modo divisum p
 Abbtēs pđce domus in ptes ptes ubi tenentes eoꝝ resident quod est
 de pđco hospicio in pđco sc^rpto contento quod Abbtēs simiṡr tenuerūt
 ab antiquo. Ido pđcus Abbas inde sine die.

(M. 8 d.) [Cōitas hujus Insule] allocuta qua lege utunt^r e p q^m legem
 clamant deduci an videt^r p [legem Ang^l vⁱ] Normanñ aut p speciales
 consuetudines etc.

[Continues as in M. 4, N^o 1160, pp. 29 to 34, line 2.]

..... who shall have charge of that obedience. All which things of the name of Mehelda & my son Robert to Almighty God & St. Martin in order that to the prayers of the before mentioned brethren of those who alms we may deserve to be united in friendship. And they say that the said Abbot & his predecessors from the time of the said gift always held peacefully the said tenements & advowsons of Churches & tithes the Abbot now holds except the advowson of the Church of St. Martin of Bellosa which a certain Abbot of Blanchelande a long while ago usurped from his predecessor. And they say that the mill of the Abbot in St. Peter Port is within the cemetery of St. Peter, & that with other their tenures in the said town are of the free alms of the said Church & of the said hospice of old & from time immemorial. And that it is so of each of the premises they ask that it may be enquired into by the verdict of the country. And William Carupel, Lucas le Corner, Peter Darciz, Robert Floyres, Peter Noel, Peter Ernal Keyman, John Pereye, William Hanalet, John Hanalet, Oliver le Moigne & Luke Layker, jurors, say upon their oaths that the Abbots of the Greater Monastery held the said advowsons of the said five Churches together with two parts of the tithes of the Church of Bellosa from time immemorial. And that the said mill & the other tenures which the said Abbot now holds in this Island are in frankalmoign of old belonging to the said Churches except a certain large messuage now divided by the Abbots of the said House in many parts where their tenants dwell which is of the said hospice contained in the said writing which the Abbots likewise held of old. Therefore the said Abbot on that occasion 'sine die.'

(M. 8 d.) The Commonalty of this Island being asked what law they use & by what law they claim to be governed whether to wit by the law of England or of Normandy or by special customs &c.

Adhuc de pl̃ifis de quo Baranto.

Dñs Rex per Guillm des Mareys qui sequit^r pro eo petit vsus
Abbem de [Blancafanda etc.

[Continues as in M. 2, N° 1160, pp. 11 to 15, line 14.]

Adhuc de pñifis de quo Waranto de eodm Gñin'e.

[Abbas de Chi]reburgſi in mīa p pluribus defaultis.

[Idem Abbas et Prior de Erm suū fñunt] qđ essent hic ad
respond dño Regi de plito quo waranto sine licencia e voluntate etc.

[Continues as at M. 2 d., N^o 1160, pp. 16 to 19.]

Plăta de Corona coram prefatis Joāne Drogone e Joāne
prefatis di.....

Noīa baltioz post ūltias assisas.

Petr⁹ le Markaunt ab ultimis assissis usq₃ ad fm̃ Sci Mic^his
pxiō Mathis de Curia baills
postea et adhuc.

Noia Vicecoim seu ppoitoz.

Gerardus de Cassade

Johnes le Markaunt

Noia Receptoz.

Robtus de Hady

Petr⁹ de Parvafiaco qui nunc est

Noia Juratoz dni Reġ de Insula.

Guitt le Gros

Rad Turleye

Petr⁹ de Lestak

Guitt le Gay

Ričus le Hic

Isti remanserunt
ab ultis assisis.

Nichus le Feuere

Henř de Vaugerart

Ricūs Bernard

Petr̃ Bernard

Johnes Justice

Olivus de Lestak

Colinus de la Court

Isti septem postea fuerant

(M. 9.)

Continuation of pleas de quo Warranto.

Guernsey.

The lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him
claims against the Abbot of Blanchelande &c.

(M. 9 d.)

Continuation of pleas de quo Warranto of the same eyre.

The Abbot of Cherbourg amerced for many defaults.

The said Abbot & the Prior of Herm were summoned to be here
to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant
without the license &c.

(M. 10.)

Pleas of the Crown before the said John, Drogo & John afore-
said

Guernsey.

Names of the Bailiffs after the last assizes.

Peter le Marchant from the last assizes up to the feast of St.
Michael next
Matthew de la Court Bailiff afterwards & still.

Names of the Sheriffs or Provosts.

Gerard de Cassade

John le Marchant

Names of the Receivers.

Robert de Hady

Peter de Parvafiaco who now is.

Names of the Jurats of the lord the King of the Island.

William le Gros

Ralph Turleye

Peter de Lestak

William le Gay

Richard le Hericher

} These remained
from the
last assizes

Nicholas le Feuvre

Henry de Vaugerart

Richard Bernard

Peter Bernard

John Justice

Oliver de Lestak

Colin de la Court.

These seven were afterwards [elected.]

Noia Juratoꝝ de pochi Sci Petⁱ in portu associatis

de pochi Sci Pet ⁱ in portu.	Lucas le Corner	} Electores	Adam le Bougre
	Ricūs Gosce		Petr ^o le Machon
	Petr ^o Naom		Rad Haſland
	Henř Dulaban		Guiff de Ponte
	Joħnes Sampson		Petř Noel.

Noia Juratoꝝ e aliis pochi.

de Šco Sampš.	Guiff Berot	} Electores	Colin ^o la Musteng
	Symon de Homet		Guiff de la R.....
	Joħnes de Roker senior		Baudewyn ^o
	Colin ^o Burnel		Guiff Be.....
Wale	Guiff Salemon	} Electores	R
	Ranuſphus Galti		.....
	Gilemm ^o de la Fontele		.....
	Gervaš Balan		.....
Sci Pet ⁱ de bosco	Joħnes Neirjoie	} Electores	.....
	Thoĩ Evelyn		.....
	Thoĩ Belass.....		.....
	Colinus le .....		.....
D Castro	Petr ^o Nicole		.....
	Petr ^o .....		.....
	Joh.....		.....
	Robtus .....		.....
D Šco Salvař	Jordanus Dan.....		.....
	Henř Mal.....		.....
	Mich Lestornel		.....
	Guiff Jeremye		.....
D bellos	Jordanus Discard		.....
	Matħius Godelaund		.....
	Jord Choffyn		.....
	Robt ^o Aunget.....		.....

Names of the jurors of the parish of St. Peter Port associated

Of the parish of St. Peter Port.	Luke le Corner	} Electors	Adam le Bougre
	Richard Gosce		Peter le Machon
	Peter Naom		Ralph Haverland
	Henry Dulaban		William du Pont
	John Sampson		Peter Noel

Names of the jurors of the other parishes.

Of St. Sampson.	William Berot	} Electors	Colin de Musteng
	Simon de Homet		William de la R.....
	John de Roker senior		Baldwin
	Colin Burnel		William Be.....
The Vale.	William Salemon	} Electors	R
	Ranulph Gautier		.....
	William de la Fontele		.....
	Gervase Balan		.....
St. Peter in the Wood.	John Neirjoie	} Electors	.....
	Thomas Evelyn		.....
	Thomas Belass.....		.....
	Colin le .....		.....
Câtel.	Peter Nicole		.....
	Peter .....		.....
	John .....		.....
	Robert .....		.....
Of St. Saviour	Jordan Dan.....		.....
	Henry Mal.....		.....
	Michael Lestornel		.....
	William Jeremye		.....
St. Martin of Bellouse.	Jordan Discard		.....
	Matthew Godelaund		.....
	Jordan Choffyn		.....
	Robert Aunget		.....

(M. 10 d.)	.....	Colinus de Šco Andr	Joñnes le Tonnerre
	.....	Roñt ⁹ Roynaud	Ricūs Corbyn
	.....	Aunqetil Pelryn	Ricūs le Cok
	.....	Joñnes Oliver	Guillemi ⁹ Maheu
	.....	Thoñ de Walriof	Ricūs le Tresorer
	.....	Colinus le Mesuer	Joñnes de Walriof
	.....	Joñnes le Forester	Pñus Peytevin
	.....	Roñtus le Joevene	Rads le Bretoun
	.....	Joñnes le Telier	Mich Droë
	..... la fosse	Petr ⁹ Serkof	Joñnes Osaune
	.....	Ricūs de la Mare	Joñnes Drury
	.....	Guiff .....ard	

[the rest of the membrane is destroyed.]

(M. 11.) **Adhuc de pñtis Gorone** de poñ Šci Petri in

..... cū Insula de Erm
veñ p xv

Gerneř Juř pñtant qđ Thomas de Estfeld p
Pet^l in portu. Pet⁹ in hac villa p morte Roñti de Celer
qui quid
Regis Angł pñs đni Regis qui nunc est de
..... Thomas modo venit e pfert litřas
pđci đñi
..... cartas tč Idm Thomas fuit in eadem
villa
..... aliquid scit diče p se quare đns Rex
..... tč Et pđcus Thomas
dicit qđ has Insulas
..... Angł qđ p
..... bñs libata fuerunt

(M. 10 d.)	Colin of St. Andrew	John le Tonnerre	}
.....		Robert Roynaud	Richard Corbyn	
.....		Aunqetil Pelryn	Richard le Cok	
.....		John Oliver	William Maheu	
.....		Thomas de Walriof	Richard le Tresorer	}
.....		Colin le Mesuer	John de Walriof	
.....		John le Forester	Philip Peytevin	
.....		Robert le Joevene	Ralph le Breton	
.....	} Electors	John le Telier	Michael Droe	}
..... la Fosse		Peter Serkof	John Ozanne	
.....		Richard de la Mare	John Drury	
.....		William .....ard		

[The rest of the membrane is destroyed.]

(M. 11.) **Continuation of the Pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
St. Peter [Port.]

..... with the island of Erm
come by fifteen

Guernsey. The jurors present that Thomas de Estfeld by
St. Peter-port. Peter in this town by the death of
Robert de Celer which said
..... King of England father of the now lord the King of
.....
Thomas now comes & produces letters of the said lord
.....
charters &c. The said Thomas had in the same town
.....
knows anything to say for himself why the lord the King
..... &c.
And the said Thomas says that
..... these islands
..... England that by
..... of the writ were delivered

[Robertus de Haddy] receptor p̄dci Ottonis p̄fert bre p̄dci dñi
Reġ..... v̄ba Edwardus
dei Gra Rex Angl Dñs Hibñ e Dux Aquit etc.

[This writ is the same as on page 28.]

abjuř

Presentant t̄ qđ Andr Wekesle Guiltus Cakise Cecilia de
..... in plena Cuř usq ad tres
annos p eo qđ fuerunt
postea redierunt e nulla habuerūt catalla.

iiij buss de redd

XL^a vjd

Presentant t̄ qđ Petr^o Nicole e quid alii p consilium e auxilium
Augustini de Šbmolend quendam
fidelem Normanū in molendō dñi Reġ de argento e farina sua. Et
fuġ..... utlag^r Idm Petr^o h̄uit t̄ram
h̄editař in poch Šci Salvatoris in cōmuni cū pticipibz suis unde ppars
ejus valent p annū iiij buss f̄ri qui
remañ dno Regi quousq utlag^r t̄ Et ex..... e participes
sui respondeb̄ tam de tempe p̄rito š a festo Sci Michis anno
..... cū eisdem in cōmuni de
blađ ad valenč p̄partis sue xxxij^a vjd. Idm
ij viřlos xij bidentes e agnos ij porč j cistam und ppars ejus Lxviij^a
..... respondeb̄. Postea die m̄cuř p̄x^a post
fm Assūp̄chois be Mař veñ p̄ds
..... de p̄missis poñ se sup p̄riam. Juř dicūt sup
sacrm suū qđ p̄d

t̄am suā et cab
sua remañ doio
Reġ p fuga t̄c
ex^a

Presentant t̄ qđ Petr^o Rauf fuř unū batalt
..... utlag^r Et nō h̄uit t̄ram v̄t catalla.

m̄ia

cap̄^r

m̄ia

cap̄^r

xviiij^a

Presentant t̄ qđ Henř Nicole, Jořnes
..... simplices hoies in tařnas et fac.....
..... et capiat^r cū veñint nō modo
..... de nocte Osanna
.....
Idm Guionus Ni..... post cō.....
.....

[Robert de Haddy] the receiver of the aforesaid Otto produces the writ of the said lord the King [in these] words. Edward by the grace of God King of England lord of Ireland & Duke of Aquitaine &c.

Abjuration.

They present also that Andrew Wekesle, William Cakise, Cecilia de in open court up to three years for that they were afterwards went back & had no chattels.

They present also that Peter Nicole & certain others by the counsel & aid of Augustin de Submolend a certain faithful Norman in the mill of the lord the King of his silver & wheat. And fled outlawed. The same Peter had land of inheritance in the parish of St. Saviour in common with his partners whereof his portion are worth by the year 3 bushels of wheat which remain to the lord the King so long as he is outlawed, &c. And of & his partners shall answer as well for the time past, viz., from the feast of St. Michael in the year with the same in common of wheat to the value of his portion 32^s 6^d. The same .. 2 calves, 12 sheep & lambs, 2 pigs, one chest whereof his portion is 68 sols shall answer. Afterwards on Wednesday next after the feast of the Assumption of the Blessed Mary came the said of the premises places himself on the verdict of the country. The jurors say upon their oath that the aforesaid

3 bushels of
wheat of rent
40^s 6^d

His land and
chattels remain
to the lord the
King for the
theft &c. outside.

amerced.
be taken.
amerced.
be taken.

18 sols.

They present also that Peter Ralph stole one boat outlawed. And he had no land or chattels.

They present also that Henry Nicole, John honest men in taverns & make & let them be taken when they shall come not now by night Osanna

The same Guy Ni..... after

	Petrus Gauter
<u>LX^s</u>	..... .. suos in Cuř xpiani.
	..... fecit finem p pd.....
	Presentant t qđ Mathus
<u>xxv^s</u>	..... catañ qui
<u>cap^r</u>	..... de quibz Petř
	..... p'sona.
	Presentant t qđ
<u>C s.</u>	..... ex ^a dom.....
<u>abjur.</u>	Presentant t qđ
	..... Rz nũc p'mo qui post
	..... bras dñi Reğ..... pđcis que
	alibi Idm ñuit j multam p'cii
<u>v š.</u>	v š Et ñuit liřam řram videlř v pecias řre cũ j placea meř que
vij řz řri e xv đ	valent p annũ vij busř řri e xv đ unde Avicia
de redd salva	tenet řciam ptem in dotē Iřm predca mař sua tenet in dotē de
dote e p vita	heditař ejusđ Jord quend annuũ reddm ij busř řri pveientē de řra
dotate	Pettri Royman Et predce ij ptes simiř dote cum
	acciderit sint esřieta dñi Reğ tč Et q, Petř le Markaunt balřs tč
	..... Reğ deliřařunt pđco J..... řas suas sine
	waranto sř colore qđ rediit infra anũ e die
	..... qđ p řre dñi Reğ nup řřit inhibitũ
	..... liřařoes nō iřo dño Reğ
<u>mie</u>	..... Ido
	Presentant t qđ dñs Rex habet de esřietis videlř de
	flia Florincen sine řiede tč a tribz
	..... tč quod
	..... formam feofamenti sui
	..... tč Iřm de esřieta Iřm de
	esřieta Jořine v'gař řre ij řz řri

60 sols. Peter Gauter
..... his in the court of Christianity
..... compounded for the aforesaid
.....

25 sols. They present also that Matthew
be taken. chattels who
..... of which Peter.....
..... prison.

100 sols. They present also that
..... outside the house

Abjuration. They present also that
in the first of the present King who after
..... letters of the lord the King
aforesaid which elsewhere The same
5 sols. had one sheep price five sols. And he had free land, viz, 5 pieces of
7 bushels of 15d. land with one place messuage which are worth yearly 7 bushels of
of rent saving wheat & 15 deniers whereof Avicia his holds the third
the dower & part in dower. Also his said mother holds in dower of the inhe-
dowered for life. ritage of the said Jordan a certain yearly rent of 2 bushels of wheat
issuing from the land of Peter Royman. And the said 2 parts like-
wise in dower when it shall happen are escheats of
the lord the King &c. And that Peter le Marchant Bailiff &c.
..... King delivered to the said J.....
..... his lands without warrant under colour that he came
back within the year & day
..... that by writ of the lord the King was lately inhibited
..... deliveries not
..... to the same lord the King
amerced. Therefore

They present also that the lord the King has of escheats, viz. of
..... the daughter of Florence
without heir &c. from three &c.
that
the form of his feoffment &c.
Also of the escheat Also
of the escheat of Joan virgate of land
2 bushels of wheat of the escheat

..... de escheta Galfri Osb.....
 escheta filie
 et nō plus q_o onātur
 busš Iīm de una v'rgat fre
 de Iīm de una alia v'gat
 eadm escheta j q^r fri. Iīm
 ij busš fri uno meš
 de escha Cornl..... apd la Garguerie
 de una placea Trenchard
 de uno meš de escha Phi..... ij bz fri
 Iīm de escheta Iīm de j v'gat fre
 Joñne Halla e de habet
 t̃ dñs Rex firmas de plibz
 de quibusd p man^o Bord de Laundry Lxvij s
 j s̃ et ad brassaḡ
 iij s̃ vj d̃ et ad costillaḡ iij s̃
 d̃ ij s̃ vj d̃ et ad brasaḡ v s̃ Iīm de plibz p man^o
 brasaḡ v s̃ Iīm de plibz p man^o Bordagioḡ
 Jordi Omo..... xxij d̃
 Iīm de plibz p man^o Bordagioḡ Lesaunt de firma
 s̃ et ad brassaḡ ij s̃.

(M. 11 d).

Adhuc de Sci Petri Porfu.

..... qđ dñs Rex iij^{or} molendia aquatica et
 unū molendinū vent'cū in ista pochia
 iij^{xx} x^u Est t̃ hic quoddam feodū cognōie Rosel in quo
 sunt vj^{xx} xvj dñs Rex pcipit p
 annū xvij q^r fri ad pvam menš. Iīm de v bovať
 iij q^r fri. Iīm de iij^{xx} xvj bovat fre de
 Hafland s. de qualibz bovata ad et Wilts
 le Gros e Petr^o le Gros debent p annū p uno meš de eod feodo
 capōñ et Wilts de Haflaund e participes

of Geoffrey Osb
 escheat of the daughter
 and not more because they are charged
 bushels Also of one virgate of
 land of Also of one other virgate
 the same escheat one quarter of wheat. Also
 2 bushels of wheat..... one
 messuage of the escheat of Cornl..... at La
 Garguerie of one place Trenchard
 of one messuage of the escheat of Philip
 2 bushels of wheat. Also of the escheat
 Also of one virgate of land John Halla
 & of has also the lord the King
 farms of many of certain
 by the hands of the Bordage of Laundry 67 sols
 one sol and for brewing 3 sols
 6 deniers & for costillagium 4 sols
 2 sols 6 deniers and for brewing 5 sols. Also of many by the hands
 brewing 5 sols. Also of
 many by the hands of the bordiers of Jordan Omo
 22 deniers. Also of many by
 the hands of the bordiers of Laisant of the farm
 5 sols and for brewing 2 sols.

(M. 11 d.)

Continuation of St. Peter Port.

..... that the lord the King four water mills
 & one windmill in this parish
 90 livres. Also there is here a certain fief called Rosel in which are
 136 the lord the King
 takes annually 17 quarters of wheat by the small measure. Also of
 5 bovates 3 quarters of wheat.
 Also of 96 bovates of land of Havilland, to wit, of each bovat at
 and William le Gros & Peter le Gros
 owe annually for one messuage of the same fief
 capons, and William de Havilland & his partners of

sui de iij bovatis ĩre de eodm feodo
 Willſ le Gros e Petr^o Bernard p meſ ſuis vsus mare
 ij pañ ij capoñ et Jords le Botiller
 p meſ ſuis ſimilr ij pañ ij capoñ. Et Robt^o Herof pro meſ
 dñs Rex capit campũ p totam pochia pullağ pannağ
 e huj^o customas p^lq^a de tenuram Abbis
 Majoris Monasterii. Et campũ se extendit coĩb^z annis ad XL li. Et
 si extendit pullağ coĩb^z annis ad xij^{xx} e j pullağ de
 pannağ. Percipit t̃ dñs Rex in hac pochia ix q^r e ij rasturas aveñ
 de re..... t̃ dñs Rex iiij^{or} v'gaĩ ĩre
 de eſcĩeta Alicie de la Faleise que valent p annũ j q^r
 quas Joĩnes Cardet hucusq̃ tenuit in bordağ p officiũ ſpendendi
 felones ſpendendos hic de bordagio Cornet
 v v'gaĩ ĩre que valent j q^r fri. Et de bordağ Duraunt vij v'gaĩ
 que valent p annũ xxij b^z fri. Et Idm Bordağ sine licencia dñi Reğ
 ofatur Sampsoni e Willo Baudewyn in ij q^r fr̃i
 p annũ et frib^z de confraeria ſce Marie in j cañ qui
 remaneant dño Regi ad voluntatē suā. Habet e dñs Rex de bordağ
 Rungefor in v'gaĩ que valent p annũ iij buſſ fri.
 Et de bordağ Petri Trusse j v'gat ĩre que valet p iij cañ fri.
 Et de bordağ Lesaunt viij v'gat ĩre que valent p annũ iij q^r fri. Et
 de bordagio Brisepik in hac pochia v v'gaĩ ĩre que valent p annũ
 ij q^r fri. Et sciend qđ bordağ spectat plus in aliis
 t'bz pochiis s. ſci Andr̃ ſci Martini et de Bellosa. Habet
 dñs Rex de bordağ Laundry vij v'gaĩ ĩre quaz vj valent p
 annũ vj b^z fri et septima diminutur
 e alienatur e jam sita sunt sup illam x iiij^{or} meſ sive cotagia de
 quib^z le Machoun tenet unũ qđ valet p annũ
 vj buſſ fri. Et idm mesuağ sine licenč dñi Reğ ofatur Ričo Cokerel
 in ij buſſ fri p annũ et Avicie Baligan in aliis duob^z buſſ

3 bovates of land of the same fief
 William le Gros & Peter Bernard for their messuages towards the
 sea 2 loaves 2 capons & Jordan
 le Boutillier for his messuages likewise 2 loaves 2 capons. And
 Robert Herof for his messuage the lord the
 King champart throughout the whole parish, pullage, pannage &
 such customs except of the tenure
 of the Abbot of the Greater Monastery. And the champart extends
 one year with another to 40 livres. And so the pullage extends
 itself one year with another to 261 pullages
 of the pannage. The lord the King also takes in this parish 9 quar-
 ters & 3 rases of oats of the also the lord the
 King 4 virgates of land of the escheat of Alice de la Falaise which
 are worth by the year one quarter which John
 Cardet up to now held in bordage by the office of hanging felons
 hanged here of the bordage Cornet 5 virgates
 of land which are worth one quarter of wheat. And of the bordage
 of Durant 7 virgates which are worth by the year 22 bushels
 of wheat. And the same bordage without the license of the lord the
 King is charged to Sampson & William Baldwin in
 2 quarters of wheat by the year & to the brethren of the fraternity
 of St. Mary in one cabot which remain to the lord
 the King at his will. Also the lord the King has of the bordage of
 Rougefer in one virgate which are worth by
 the year 3 bushels of wheat. And of the bordage of Peter Trousse
 one virgate of land which is worth by [the year] 3 cabots of wheat.
 And of the bordage of Laisant 8 virgates of land which are worth by
 the year 3 quarters of wheat. And of the bordage of Brisepik in this
 parish 5 virgates of land which are worth by the year 2 quarters of
 wheat. And be it known that bordage
 belongs more in the other 3 parishes, viz., St. Andrew, St. Martin &
 Bellosa. The lord the King has of the bordage of Laundry
 7 virgates of land whereof 6 are worth by the year 6 bushels of wheat
 & the seventh is diminished &
 alienated, & now there are built upon the same 14 messuages or
 cottages of which le Machon holds one
 which is worth by the year 6 bushels of wheat. And the same
 messuage without the license of the lord the King is charged to
 Richard Cokerel in 2 bushels of wheat by the year & to Avice
 Baligan in another 2 bushels which

..... qui remaneant dno Regi ad voluntatem suam. Iſm Robtus
le Peletier tenet inde aliud quod valet p annū vj buſſ
fri et idm meſ sine licenč dñi Reġ oñatur p annū
le Corner in j buſſ fri qui ſimiſr remaneat dno Regi ad voluntate ſuā.
Iſm Emma tenet inde duo meſ que valent p annū
vj bʒ fri et illa sine licenč dñi Reġ oñantʳ in
Petro Homet in j buſſ fri et Galieue Pollard in iij buſſ fri qʳm ſimiſr
remañ Regi ad voluntatē ſuā. Iſm Petr⁹ le Moigne
tenet inde unū aliud meſ quod valet p annū
buſſ fri. Iſm Sampson le Moigne tenet inde j meſ quod valet p
annū iij bʒ fri et illud licenč dñi Reġ oñatʳ p annū
Guillo Carupel in ij buſſ fri ij pañ ij capoñ. Iſm Avicia
..... tenet inde unū meſ quod valet p annū v buſſ fri et
illud oñatur p annū Petro ij buſſ fri et Scolastice
Kaynel in j bʒ fri sine licenč dñi Reġ qui ſibi remanēat
..... ſuā. Iſm Ričus Lomme la Dame tenet inde
unū meſ quod valet p añ j qʳr fri
le Noble tenet inde unū meſ quod valet p añ j qʳr fri et illud
oñatur p añ fri et Wiſſo
Laloel in ij buſſ fri et Luce le Corner e participiſ ſuis in
..... et Petro le Markaunt
Piscatori in j buſſ fri sine licenč dñi Reġ
..... ſuam. Iſm Andr Lesaunt tenet inde
j meſ quod valet p añ
..... inde j meſ quod valet p annū j qʳr fri et illud
oñatur j pañ j capoñ sine
licenč dñi Reġ qui s' remañ tč
..... valet p annū j caſ fri. Iſm Joſnes le Machoun
tenet illud oñatur. Wiſſo
le Telier p añ in ij bʒ fri
..... quoddam cotagiū quod valet p añ in buſſ fri
.....

remain to the lord the King at his will. Also Robert le Peletier holds thereof another which is worth by the year 6 bushels of wheat & the same messuage without the license of the lord the King is charged by the year le Corner in one bushel of wheat which likewise remains to the lord the King at his will. Also Emma holds thereof 2 messuages which are worth by the year 6 bushels of wheat & those without the license of the lord the King are charged to Peter Homet in one bushel of wheat & to Galiene Pollard in 3 bushels of wheat which likewise remain to the King at his will. Also Peter le Moigne holds thereof one other messuage which is worth by the year bushel of wheat. Also Sampson le Moigne holds thereof one messuage which is worth by the year 3 bushels of wheat license of the lord the King it is charged by the year to William Carupel in 2 bushels of wheat 2 loaves 2 capons. Also Avicia holds thereof one messuage which is worth by the year 5 bushels of wheat & it is charged by the year to Peter 2 bushels of wheat & to Scolastica Kaynel in one bushel of wheat without the license of the lord the King which likewise ought to remain to him Also Richard Lomme la Dame holds thereof one messuage which is worth by the year one bushel of wheat le Noble holds thereof one messuage which is worth by the year one quarter of wheat & it is charged by the year of wheat & to William Laloel in 2 bushels of wheat & to Luke le Corner & his partners in & to Peter le Marchant, the fisherman, in one bushel of wheat without the license of the lord the King Also Andrew Laisant holds thereof one messuage which is worth by the year thereof one messuage which is worth by the year one quarter of wheat and it is charged one loaf one capon without the license of the lord the King which remain to him &c worth by the year one measure of wheat. Also John le Machon holds it is charged to William le Telier by the year in two bushels of wheat a certain cottage which is worth by the year three bushels of wheat

..... offatur Petro le Hageys
p annū in iij
..... uñ Riči le Moigne in iij cañ fri
et suis in ix ã qui
remaneant dno Regi.

..... pastura cōmunis est omibz
sed sunt paupes Regi p annū
p quolibz cotağ unū pullağ
..... que vocatur le Hurel de
Haflaund
..... t̃ dñs Rex capellam S̃ce Marie de Mariscis
quo monastii est e fuit
ab antiquo advocat⁹ ecclie S̃ci Petri hic
..... camptū debent façe e repare
g̃ngiam quociens op⁹ fuit
lapides e campiptores custagia.

vj ti x ã

Presentant t̃ qđ anno Regē nunc p'mo devenit Wreckū s̃b̃l castrū
de x baconibz p̃c̃ C ã e maeremio p̃cii x ã et de Bussardo cum sale
ad valenč vj ti x ã Iīm de alio ap̃d Les Treisgronis p̃cii XL ã de
quibz omibz dñs Rex habet medietatē Devenit t̃c̃ Wreckū hic de
v'ga navis cū ṽelo pars Regē XL ã Iīm vj ti solutes
R. Haddy Receptor t̃c̃ p Petrū Pollard p parte doleo
Ballene Iīm vj ti p parte sua uni⁹ dolei Ballene ap̃d Glateny Iīm
vj ti p pte dolei ballene p man⁹ Luce le Corner Iīm
C ã p pte sua j dolei sepi p man⁹ ejusdm
p pte sua j bale sepi.

..... qđ Oli⁹us le Huby j
multone p iīm furato et Joñnes tunc receptor
dñi extra locū refugii s. in
plena Cur̃ insulas
..... bre clausum directū baltio qđ cer.....
dñm Regē de modo tea continue
sine alio waranto mora hic p unū annū

..... is charged to Peter le Hageys
by the year in three
..... the wife of Richard le Moigne
in three measures of wheat and
..... in 9 sols which shall remain to the lord the King.

The common pasture is for all but there are poor people
..... to the King by the year for each
cottage one pullage
..... which is called the Hurel de Havilland
..... and the lord the
King the chapel of St. Mary des Marais
..... of the Monastery is & was of old the patron of
the Church of St. Peter here
ought to make champart & repair the grange as often as shall be
necessary stones
& champertors charges.

6 livres 10 sols. They present also that in the first year of the now King a wreck
occurred under the castle of 10 hogs price 100 sols & timber price
10 sols and of a ship with salt to the value of 6 livres 10 sols. Also
of another at Les Treisgronis price 40 sols of all of which the lord
the King has the moiety. There happened also a wreck here of the
mast of the ship with cordage the share
of the King 40 sols. Also 6 livres paid to Robert de Haddy the
Receiver &c. by Peter Pollard for the share of a cask of whale. Also
6 livres for his share of one cask of whale at Glateny. Also 60 livres
for his share of a cask of whale by the hands of Luke le Corner.
Also 100 sols for his share of one tub of tallow by the hands of the
same for his share of one bale of tallow.

..... that Oliver le Huby
one sheep stolen by him, & John then receiver of the
lord outside the place of refuge,
viz. in open court islands
..... closed writ directed to the bailiff that he should certify
the lord the King of the way
continuously without any other warrant lived here for one year

..... Petro le Markaunt feči hic
 baltio tē hūc amoto tē predcus
 Reġ in Castro p preceptū iþius Petri
 p^otea evasit a p^lsona e Insulas
 iřato tē Et predcus Joħis pro predcis temitate e p.....
 tam pro predcis pmissionibz p^lmo
 fuge sue e p^otea sone qđ tēnsivit
 a castro p medium ville sue ad eccliam
 qđ vidit eū in villa p^ot p^lmā abjuř suam
 Juđm de evasione. Quasio (?)
 sup Matħm Levesq.....

C ģ

mīa

Presentant t qđ Iđo in mīa.

Respice de residuo seu
 remañ huj^o pochie.

(M. 12.)

Adhuc de pľifis de Corona de pochĩ Sci Petri de bosco.

Gerneř

Parochĩ Sci Pet^l de bosco veñ

Juř pśentant qđ Joħes le P.....

Pro

pochĩ e ibidem coram Petro le Markaunt

Inř pred..... Joħ

catalla ejusdem

respond

Iřm quo ad dñicas řras dñi Regis dicunt qđ dñs Rex

..... feloñ una v'gař řre duodecim

..... e dimiđ Iřm de řra Enme la Mesurere

suspense sciřt řri. Iřm de pvo

meř quod fuit Phelipote de novem

v'gař řre que fuerunt Riči Norman feloñ

ix busř e j řri. Iřm de quodam annuo redđ ejusdem

..... to Peter le Marchant
to be made here to the bailiff &c. him
removed &c. the aforesaid
the King in the castle by the command of the said Peter
afterwards escaped from the prison and the islands for
the second time &c. And the said John for the said rashness &
..... as well for the aforesaid
permissions first of his flight & afterwards
..... that he went across from the castle through the
middle of the town to the Church
that he saw him in the town after his first abjuration
..... judgment concerning the evasion
..... upon Matthew Levesque

100 sols.

amerced.

They present also that
Therefore amerced.

[On the back the residue or remainder
of this parish].

(M. 12.)

Continuation of the pleas of the Crown of the parish of
St. Peter in the Wood.

Guernsey.

The parishioners of St. Peter in the Wood come

The jurors present that John le P.... ..

For

parish & there before Peter le Marchant

the islands aforesaid John

chattels of the same

answer

Also as to the demesne lands of the lord the King they say that
the lord the King felon
..... one virgate of land 12
and a half. Also of the land of Emma le Mesurer hanged, viz.
..... of wheat. Also of
..... small messuage which was of Phelipote
..... of 9 virgates of land which were of Richard
Norman felon 9 bushels & one
..... of wheat. Also of a certain yearly rent of the same

..... de una carucata ĩre que vocatur
Adcorbineys xv q̃r̃r̃ ĩri ad capon
pciĩ cuj⁹t̃z v tur̃ e vij pañ pciĩ cuj⁹t̃z ij tur̃ Et habebit
..... de qualibet domo ejusdm feodi ij galin ad
festũ Šci Michis pasnagiũ videſt
de quolibet porco j tur̃ ĩm p p̃dca ĩra
..... ij pañ e ij capon Et sciend qđ jam sunt
in dco feodo decem
Rex singlis annis de j v⁹g ĩre e ĩcia pte uni⁹ v⁹g terre que fuit Joħnis
Hidous unũ busš ĩri capon
sup⁹d̃c̃ti pciĩ e xl ova p̃t̃ ĩij^{or} Turroñ et pro sale ij Turroñ Percipit
..... carucata ĩre videſt
duodeciã garbam et valet camptũ dñi Reĝ in pred̃ poch̃
..... t̃ dñs Rex p manus tenenciũ
p̃dce caruĉ ĩre de auxilio p annũ x š med̃
..... Šci Joħnis Bap̃t̃. Et tenet Caruĉ illa pro
xij bovaĩ ĩre Et Rex ĩt de qualibz
escheĩa de feodo Syward computat̃ pro xij bovaĩ ĩre quaz x sunt
in hac Salvat. Et
dñs Rex pcipit p añ de qualibz bovaĩ ĩre in hac poch̃ ij busš
..... Percipit t̃ camptũ de pred̃co feodo unde preciiũ
continet̃ s̃b sũma sup.....
E. dñs Rex de qualibz bovaĩ pred̃ci feodi x garb̃ ĩri e dco garb̃
..... in fine cũ consimilibz
redditibz. Percipit t̃ dñs Rex de qualibz bovat
..... Percipit t̃ per totum feod̃ illũ pannaĝ ut sup⁹
et de qualibz domo Percipit t̃
dñs Rex de pred̃co feodo p annũ x
..... xv š p annũ de coĩ auxilio et ad auxit
..... Regis si illos velit querere.
Et si vt unũ
denaĩ pro labore suo
..... Šce Maĩ de Castro Šci Petri

..... of one carucate of land
which is called Acorbines 15 quarters of wheat at
..... capons price of each 5 tournois & 7 loaves
price of each 2 tournois. And he shall have
of each house of the same fee two hens at the feast of St. Michael
..... pannage, to wit, of each pig
one tournois. Also for the said land
2 loaves & 2 capons. And be it known that there are now in the
said fee 10 the King every
year of one virgate of land & the 3rd part of one virgate of land
which was of John Hidous one bushel of wheat
..... capons of the price aforesaid & 40 eggs price 4 tournois
& for salt 2 tournois. He takes carucate
of land, to wit, the twelfth sheaf & the champart of the lord the
King in the said parish is worth
and the lord the King by the hands of the tenants of the aforesaid
carucate of land of aid by the year ten sols half
..... of St. John the Baptist. And the carucate is
held for 12 bovates of land. And the King has of each
..... the escheats of the fee of Syward is reckoned for
12 bovates of land whereof 10 are in this
Saviour. And the lord the King takes by the year of each bovat of
land in this parish 2 bushels He takes also
champart of the said fee whereof the price is contained under the
sum E. the lord the King of each bovat
of the said fee 10 sheaves of wheat & 10 sheaves
in the end with like revenues. The lord the King takes also of each
bovat He takes also
throughout the whole fee pannage as above and of each house
..... The lord the King takes also
of the said fee by the year 10
15 sols by the year of common aid & to aid
..... of the King if he shall wish to complain of them.
And if or one penny
for his labour
St. Mary of the Câtel, St. Peter

..... li vj š j đ
 escheta
 vocato au Goudre
 feod wardi ilis est consuetudo qđ al.....
 solidos de cullagio.

Presentant eciam qđ p^ot ulťias
 xij š a^o tč xxxiiij^{to}
 R. Hady

Comptū est p Roťlos
 fñnt coram
 Iđo sciant inde
 emende tč
 eos ad pľita Corone

[a space of about 20 lines is left here.]

Post
 pcipe axiliū regale Iđo de
 sint inde quieti versus

Comptum est
 uťis

(M. 12 d.)

Adhuc de Šci Petri de Bosco.

..... per quandam foveam quā
 fecit ad capite Campi sui insessavit
 Guifř Sarre obstruxit regale chimnū
 de lapidibz. Et Peř lapides.
 Et Sarra Kemloun p lapsum pjectis sui obstruxi
 Et nocumenta deobstruantur ad
 eoř custagia.

..... qđ Benedca Choffyn que a septem annis
 elapsis abjuř Inš put patet alibi
 Roťto Choffyn řre suo e Philepota sorore eoř xx virg řre de quibz
 ppars đce ij vľgať e đi que

..... livres 6 sols 1 denier
 escheats called au Goudre
 fee ward such is the custom that
 shillings of cullage.

They present also that after the last
 12s. and also in the 34th
 R. Hady

It is found by the rolls
 were before
 Therefore let them know
 the amends thereof &c.
 them at the
 pleas of the Crown

[a space of about 20 lines is left here.]

After
 to take royal aid. Therefore of
 be thereof quit towards

It is found
 of the wife

(M. 12 d.)

Continuation of St. Peter in the Wood.

..... by a certain ditch
 which he made at the head of his field he approached
 William Sarre obstructed the King's highway
 with stones. And Peter
 stones. And Sarra Kemboun by the falling of her roof obstructed
 And the
 nuisances will be removed at their cost.

..... that Benedicta Choffyn who 7 years ago
 abjured the islands as it appears elsewhere
 to Robert Choffyn her brother & to Philepota
 their sister 15 virgates of land of whose portion

valent p añ ij busš e iij danereſt fr̃i e di et p̃dci
 Philepota simil cum Guiffo de Kelly
 respondebunt dno Regi de exiſ medii
 de vj q̃r̃ ij busš j dañ fr̃i e di que modo app̃ciant̃ ad
 cxviiij ſ j d oſ ejusdem tre xv ſ de
 quibz iidem respondebũ.

[Prese]ntant t̃ qđ Nic̃us Durel fecit citare Colinũ Blundel
 Guifm le Caufr maličose Inſ apđ Constaci e coram
 p̃les alios ut sic pecuniam ab eis extorqueret et idm Nic̃us
 finem sicut patet alibi.

Presentant t̃ qđ Guifus Fale Boleng, Simon le Mesurer, Oliſus
 Bealassis, Mich Martel, Radus Pessoun e Joñes Adam Tabnař ven-
 diderunt cont̃ assisam. Ido ip̃i in m̃ia.

Presentant t̃ qđ Drogo Simonis fecit p̃presturam de chimino
 regali long j p̃cate e latiſ ij dũ. Et Radus le Joeneve
 fecit murũ in chimino Regis laſ j pedis e longitudinis ij pedũ
 p eo am̃ciatus fuit in ultimis assisis et adhuc nō emend̃
 Jdo uſq, eoř in m̃ia. Et Joñes ny fecit p̃presturam de
 chimino Regis laſ ij pedum e longiſ ij pticař que valet p añ
 de e ex nũc sic arentat̃ salvo jure cuilibet et idm
 Joñes p p̃dca p̃prestura sit in m̃ia.

..... t̃ qđ Guifus de Bacone emit de Roſto le Caufr
 quamđ peciam tre cōtinentē e di et idm Guifus
 fecit ibi domũ del espkerie et post mortem ip̃ius Joñes fit
ant in dcam fram et postea a xv annis elapsis recessit
 de patria ista e dimisit p̃dcam fram Petro de Homet ad custodend̃
 quousq, redierit t̃c qui quid Petrus illam
 Colino le Joeneve p ij cab fr̃i p añ. Et q, creditur qđ si p̃dcus
 Joñes vixisset infra septenniũ ṽl missis et Jdo p̃dcus
 Petrus respond dno Regi de viij annis videl̃ ij q̃r̃ fr̃i

..... the said 2 virgates & a half which are worth by the year 3 bushels & 4 small bushels of wheat & a half and the afore-said Philepota together with William de Kelly shall answer to the lord the King for the issues of the half of 6 quarters 2 bushels one small bushel of wheat & a half which are now appraised at 118 sols 1½ deniers of this land 15 sols of which the same shall answer.

..... present also that Nicholas Durel maliciously caused Colin Blundel William le Caufre to be cited the island at Coutances and before many others in order so to extort money from them and the same Nicholas compounded as appears elsewhere.

They present also that William Fale, baker, Simon le Mesurer, Oliver Bealassis, Michael Martel, Ralph Pessoun & John Adam, taverners, had sold contrary to the assize. Therefore they are amerced.

They present also that Drogo son of Simon made an encroachment on the King's highway one perch in length & 2 in breadth. And Ralph le Joevene made a wall in the King's highway one foot in breadth & 2 feet in length for which he was amerced at the last assizes & still no amend. Therefore both of them amerced. And Johnny made an encroachment on the King's highway 3 feet in breadth & 2 perches in length which is worth by the year & now it is so arented saving the right to each & the said John is amerced for the said encroachment.

..... also that William de Bacone bought of Robert le Caufre a certain piece of land containing & a half and the said William made there a house of esperkeria & after his death John his son entered into the said land & afterwards 15 years ago withdrew from that country & made over the said land to Peter de Homet to keep until he should come back &c. which said Peter the same to Colin le Joevene for 3 measures of wheat by the year. And because the presumption is that if the said John were living within the space of 7 years or sent news. Therefore the said Peter shall answer to the lord the King for 8 years, to wit, 3 quarters of wheat which are

qui modo app'ciant^r ad Liiij s et p'dca t'ra remaneat in mañ dñi Regis
..... usq; recti heř veniant tē Iīm dicunt qđ mara ruffa
in eoř poçñ est cōis p populo et tunc est
religiosoř de Lyho. Et q; Prior de Lyho aliř sibi app'avit maram
..... deberet. Jđo ipe in mīa.

..... duo deñ remittit^r p Justiç q; bene
svierunt.

..... **Sci Peti Porfu.**

..... Ricm le Counte unde
plaga
sanguis e ha cla. Et simitr
plaga
unde sanguis e ha cla. Et alia vice noctant vulsavit
..... avit famulos Galti de la Sale
in domo sua und
.....

..... Gay feloniř infecit uxem suam
et fugit ad simitr fugit ad
eccliam pro morte Joñnis le
..... in Felicto suo. Iđo ipe in g^{vi} mīa.
Et
.....

Predçi Joh..... İciam ptem
oium custagioř ad fa.....

Presentant qđ Petr^o Ma..... tenet quandam placeam de
cōmuna dñi Reğ ad mensur j pticař in latitudin e tresdecī pticatař
in longitudiē que valet p añ j cař fri unde Joñnes Cardet ab octo
annis elapsis feç ppresturā. Et Iđo in mīa. Et respondeant cōjuncti
de tempe pfito. Et Petr^o de cujuslib.

Presentant p ij annos elapsos pfossatum
obstruxit quoddā chiminū continue

now appraised at 54 sols & the said land shall remain in the hands of the lord the King until the right heirs shall come, &c. They say also that the Rouse Mare⁽¹⁾ in their parish is common for the people & then belonged to the religious men of Lyhou. And because the Prior of Lyhou appropriated to himself the lake shall owe. Therefore he is amerced.

..... two pence are remitted by the justices because they served well.

..... **St. Peter Port.**

..... Richard le Counte whereupon wounds blood & 'Clameur de Haro' raised. And likewise whereupon wounds blood & 'Clameur de Haro' raised. And at other times in the night he wounded wounded the servants of Walter de la Sale in his house whereupon

..... Gay feloniously killed his wife & fled to likewise fled to the Church for the death of John le in his verdict. Therefore they are heavily amerced. And

The aforesaid John the third part of all the costs to be made

They present also that Peter Ma..... holds a certain place of the common of the lord the King measuring one perch in breadth & 13 perches in length which is worth by the year one measure of wheat: of which John Cardet 8 years ago made an encroachment. And therefore amerced. And they shall answer jointly for the time past. And Peter de each.

They present two years ago obstructed by a ditch a certain road continuously

(1) See page 41.

..... Iīm Joānes Bernard e Guills particeps ejus restrin-
serunt p duos pedes
in latitudiē e sexdecim pedes in longitudiē a
..... elapsis. Ido Et via vī
solvant inde dno Regi p anñ.

..... ex alīa pte
latitudiē duor pedū e octo in longit. Ido ipe in mīa
..... dno Regi p annū.

Et persona Šci Petri
Robelin sine licenč tč. Ido ipe in mīa.

Presentant t qđ ante alias assis pendit
se iřam nullus alius inde Judm felonissa
..... respondebit. Et diu antea quedam Per
..... Judm felonissa de se
nulla fuit.

..... que fuit ux
Riči Herof fecunt
..... udie vij pedū e longitudiē vj
..... respondeant inde dū
.....

..... ibidm recoğ.

(M. 13.)

Adhuc de plitis Gorone de pochi de Foresta.

Gerneř

Juř pŕsentant qđ Symon de Monte alias convict^o coram Petro le
Markaunt recogñ suam qđ
cepit de cunctis dñi Reğ cum retiis e furet
..... nunc ad aš tč modo veñ t non potest hoc dediçe
.....

Juř pŕsentant qđ adiu est Guifř Serkof in^osonat^o in castro
..... quod spensus fuit. Et nulla
het catalla.

..... Also John Bernard & William his partner narrowed
..... by 2 feet in breadth & 16 feet in
length ago. Therefore And
the road or they shall pay therefor to the lord the King by the year.

..... of the other part in
breadth 2 feet & 8 in length. Therefore he is amerced
..... to the lord the King by the year.

And parson St. Peter
Robelin without license &c. Therefore he is amerced.

They present also that before the other assizes
..... hanged herself no other thereof
Judgment felo de se shall
answer. And long before a certain Per.....
..... Judgment felo de se. She had nothing.

..... who was the wife
of Richard Herof made
7 feet in breadth & 6 in length
..... they shall answer
therefor while

..... there acknowledge.

(M. 13.) **Continuation of the Pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
the Forest.

Guernsey. The jurors present that Symon du Mont elsewhere convicted
before Peter le Marchant
his recognizance that he took of the conies of the lord the King with
nets & ferrets..... now at the
assizes &c. he now comes & cannot gainsay this

The jurors present that a long time ago William Serkof was
imprisoned in the castle that
he was hanged. And he has no chattels.

Presentant eciam qđ Robtus Turgys fit Guiffi Burnel fuř un.....
..... Foresta e inde
abjuř Insulas. Et nulla fit catalla.

Nichus Durel Guiff le Joevene Guiff de Kaneleye e Rađ de
Kaneleye rectati tenentes đni
Ređ e alios pacificos hoies de Insula et eos citari faře maličose ařđ
..... alia gřvamia eis inferř
ut sic ex eis p'uniam extorqueant veř et omes preř
..... totum tč. Et de bono e
malo poř se sup pat'am. Et nichil ulřius de Nicho Durel
..... Et de řđ Guillo le Joevene pro
predca řns C ř qui assigantur Juř tč de řra tč.

Convictu est p Juř in quam Nichus Durel e Guiff le Joevene
se posuerř qđ řđ
insultu noctant⁹ in via regia predco Guillo le Joevene p quod pred
Guiff p injuriā řđ levavit clař
de harou. Ido cons est qđ pred Nich faciat inde đno Regi emend.
Et feč

Jořnes Justice unus de Juř đni Ređ recessit de Cuř sine licencia.
Ido in řia.

Presentant eciam qđ quidam Petr⁹ Levesqe cum quibusdam
ignotis fuř řřunt in mari simul
cum bonis in eod inventis hunc ad quatuor annos elapsos tč
..... et malečr. Ido ex^a (1) e utlagř. Idem Petr⁹
tenuit ředitatē patris sui in
suis et fuit řit antenat⁹ tč et ppars sua se extendit ad duas řřgatas
..... annu in omibz exitibz iij bus řři.
Et Colinus Levesqe et Oliřus frař
respond đno Regi de exitibus predce řre de pred iij^{or} annis q illam
tenuert bus řři que modo appciantur

(1) Exigatur.

They present also that Robert Turgys son of William Burnel stole Forest & therefore abjured the islands. And he has no chattels.

Nicholas Durel, William le Joevene, William de Kaneleye & Ralph de Kaneleye accused tenants of the lord the King & other peaceful men of the island & maliciously caused them to be cited at & inflicted on them other damages in order to extort money from them come & all except the whole &c. And for good & ill they put themselves upon the verdict of the country. And nothing further concerning Nicholas Durel And concerning the said William le Joevene for the said trespass 100 sols which are assigned to the jurors &c. as of grace &c.

It was found by the jury to the verdict of whom Nicholas Durel & William le Joevene had submitted themselves that the aforesaid .. in the night time assaulted the said William le Joevene in the King's highway by which the said William on account of the said wrong raised the 'Clameur de Haro.' Therefore it is judged that the said Nicholas shall make amend therefor to the lord the King. And he made

John Justice one of the jurats of the lord the King left the court without leave. Therefore he is amerced. .

They present also that a certain Peter Levesque with certain unknown thieves were in the sea together with the goods found in the same 4 years ago &c. and suspected. Therefore he is outlawed. The same Peter held the inheritance of his father in and was the eldest son &c. And his portion extends to two virgates year in all issues 3 bushels of wheat. And Colin Levesque & Oliver his brother shall answer to the lord the King for the issues of the said land for the said 4 years because they held it. bushels of wheat which are now appraised

ad Liiij s̄ tē buss̄ ad iiij^{or} s̄ vij d. Idē
poch̄ Šci Andr̄ unū clausum continens duas v'gaĩ t're et valet p annū
..... buss̄ f'ri unde de iiij^{or} annis a tempe
fuge tē s̄m xvj b̄z D̄ quibz uĩ Joħnis de Monte
soror pred̄cti Petri respondeb̄ jux̄ pr.....
Lxij s̄ q, tenuit teñ illa tē. Idem t̄ fuit in Šci Petri
j meš cum curtilagio que valet p añ
..... f'ri p̄venerunt de meš Thoñ Destefeld
..... integri tē de qua
.....

Iīm vastum p̄dci meš e arboz tē
..... virgaĩ t're que valet p añ iiij^{or}
..... respondeb̄ tam de arreĩ q,
..... quas Burgenses ejusdē ville
..... Postea veniunt pred̄ci
..... fugam
sup̄dci Petri
..... vixit e tenuit partem
..... p Juř. Ido extraher
.....

Presentant eciam qđ in
..... unde Mařhus de Cuř bal.....
..... Iidem Mařhus e Nicf
..... quod est in custodia Guil.....
..... de Šbmonte Capllanus
.....

[a few more lines quite faded and destroyed.]

(M. 13 d.)

Adhuc de pl̄tis de Corona de Foresta.

..... fuit in d̄cta poch̄ iij e xvj bovaĩ
t're p quibus tenentes t̄minos

at 54 sols &c. bushel at 4 sols 7 deniers. The same
 parish of St. Andrew one close containing
 2 virgates of land & it is worth per annum
 bushels of wheat whereof of 4 years from the time of the said flight &c.
 Total 16 bushels, of which, wife of John du Mont,
 sister of the said Peter shall answer according to the
 62 sols because she held those tenements &c. Also
 the same had in [parish of] St. Peter one
 messuage with a curtilage which is worth per annum
 of wheat, were due on the messuage of
 Thomas Destefeld whole &c. of
 which

Also the waste of the said messuage & trees &c.
 virgate of land which is worth per annum
 4 shall answer as well
 for the arrears as
 which the burgesses of the said town
 Afterwards came the said
 flight of the abovesaid Peter
 lived & held part
 by the jurats. Therefore they estray

They present also that in
 60 s. whereof Matthew de la Court bailiff
 The same Matthew & Nicholas
 10 s. which is in the custody of William
 de Soulemont chaplain

[a few more lines quite faded & destroyed.]

(M. 13 d.)

Continuation of the pleas of the Crown in the parish of
 the Forest.

..... was in the said parish 96 bovates of
 land for which the tenants

p equali porcone scilicet ad festa Pasche Sci Johannis e
 dno Regi de custuma ad fin Sci
 Michis xxx d de calag Deben
 t panna valens coibz annis xij s Et pullag quod
 galli. Et moneag de tribz
 annis in tres annis quod coibz
 Lxx s. Deben t dno Regi p annu de qualibz bovata
 fre viij Debentur t dno
 Regi de predicta fra vij q^r aveñ
 tassag iiij s. Percipit eciam campu
 bladoz de tota pred fra quod

..... unu molend quod valet coibz
 annis decem libr. Et pochiani pro una pte e
 pochiani de Foresta pro altera pte tenentur fac.....
 Ht t Rex ibidem duo bordag s. bordag
 Trusse continens una v^lgatam fre que valet p annu iij bus fri et
 Guilts Trusse tenet illud. Iam habet ibi aliud bordag quod Radz
 Wyteclin tenet continens iij v^lga fre que valent p annu xx s.

Presentant t qd Henr Restaud fec p^rpresturam in via regia
 fodiendo p iiij^{or} pticatas per duos annos. Et Guilts Le Peytevin fec
 similt fodiendo p xvj ptica in Long e diam perticatum in Latitud.
 Et Petr^o le Rous fec similt. Et Radus le Pyniart fec similt sed de
 pva qⁿtitati. Et Joñes Johannis per aratru suu approp^lavit sibi de
 una regia jux^a terrā suam ad spaciū duoz pedū in Latitudiē. Ido
 omes in m^{ia}. Et predictus Joñes teneat illam pticatum
 arrentatam jux^a discrecōm Mathi de Cuñ balti tē.

Iam q³ xij Jur p^dcte duodene fecunt magna conclamenta in
 veredicto suo de quibz convicti fūnt sepius in veredicto suo. Ido
 omes in m^{ia}.

terms in equal portions, to wit, at the feasts of Easter St. John &
 to the lord the King
 of custom at the feast of St. Michael 30 deniers of
 Also they owe pannage worth one year
 with another 12 sols and pullage which
 hens and moneage every 3 years which
 [is worth one year with another] 70 sols. Also they owe to the lord
 the King by the year of each bovaté of land 8
 Also they owe to
 the lord the King of the said land 7 quarters of oats
 stacking 4 sols. He takes also
 champart of the corn over the whole of the said land which

..... one mill which is worth one year with
 another 10 livres. And the parishioners for the one
 part & the parishioners of the Forest for the other part are bound to
 make Also the King has
 there 2 bordages to wit, the bordage of Trusse⁽¹⁾ containing one virgate
 of land which is worth per annum 3 bushels of wheat & William
 Trusse holds the same. Also he has there another bordage which
 Ralph Wyteclin⁽²⁾ holds containing 3 virgates of land which are worth
 per annum 20 sols.

They present also that Henry Reftaud made an encroachment
 on the King's high-way by digging of 4 perches for 2 years. And
 William le Peytevin did likewise by digging 16 perches in length
 & half a perch in width. And Peter le Rous did likewise. And
 Ralph le Pyniart did likewise but for a small quantity. And John
 Fitz-john by his plough appropriated to himself of the high way
 next his land for the space of 2 feet in width. Therefore all of them
 amerced. And the said John may hold that perch
 at a rental according to the discretion of Matthew de la Court the
 bailiff &c.

And because the 12 men composing the said jury made great
 concealments in their verdict of which they were often convicted in
 their verdict Therefore all of them amerced.

(1) Bordage Trousse.

(2) Bordage Videclin.

Comptū est t̃ p Roſlos Petri le Markaunt balli t̃c qđ Petr^o de Monte e Rađs Feroun Junior noctant̃ insultaſūt Willm le Rey in via regia unde saung's plaga e ha cla. Iđo fiant inde emende t̃c.

Et p̃dcus Petr^o appleg̃ fuit ad assisas p Ricm le Mouner, Petrū Boly e Rađm le Rey. Et p̃dcus Rađs p Rađm Feroun senioremem Guillm de Monte, Remondū Joħnis e Petrū le Bretoun. Et Remondus Joħnis similt̃ convict^o fuit. Et cuniclis dñi Reġ et appleg̃ fuit de assis̃ p Guillm Matħm Denys, Ricm le Counte e Raulinū Johan. Et qđ Rađus le Mesurer cepit cuniclos in Warennā dñi Reġ cū retiis e furettis. Iđo fiant inde emend̃. Et p̃dcus Rađus feč finem p p̃dca t̃ns p xx s̃ pp̃lm Pet' le Markaunt e Colini le Mesurer.

H̃et t̃ dñs Rex in p̃dca pocti q'ñq, virġ t̃re debīt de esch̃ Rađi David quas Colinus Muriel e Joħa soror ej^o p ij bz f̃ri ad voluntatē dñi Reġ t̃c. Et modo veñ Joħnes le Breton et offert j bz f̃ri redd̃ de inc̃mento p sic qđ t̃ra illa cōcedat̃ sibi t̃ h̃edibz suis tenenda triū bus̃ f̃ri ut illā possit appruare t̃c. Et sup hoc veñ Pħus le Peyte Regi j bus̃ f̃ri de redd̃ de inc̃mento p sic qđ t̃ra illa cōcedat̃ sibi e p s̃viciū illoz iij^{or} bus̃ f̃ri ut illam possit appruare t̃c. Et ei ^ocedit̃ t̃re quam p̃dci Colinus e Joħna dū illam tenſunt illa p̃dci Colin^o Joħa e Joħes sīt in m̃ia. Et Michis. Et p̃dcs Pħs e heř sui in poster p̃dci Pħi dat dño Regi vj bz f̃ri p annū p sic et ei ^ocedit̃ et inde feč sunt ei t̃re t̃c. Et obavit

It is also found by the rolls of Peter le Marchant the bailiff, &c. that Peter du Mont & Ralph Feroun junior, by night assaulted William le Rey in the King's high-way whereof blood, wounds & 'Clameur de Haro' raised. Therefore they shall make amends therefor &c.

And the said Peter was appledged at the assizes by Richard le Mouner, Peter Boly & Ralph le Rey. And the said Ralph by Ralph Feroun senior, William du Mont, Remond Fitz-john & Peter le Breton. And Remond Fitz-john was likewise convicted concerning the conies of the lord the King & was appledged at the assizes by William Matthew Denys Richard le Conte & Raulin Fitz-john. And that Ralph le Mesurer took conies in the warren of the lord the King with nets & ferrets. Therefore they shall make amends therefor. And the said Ralph settled the matter of the said trespass by 20 sols under the pledge of Peter le Marchant & Colin le Mesurer.

Also the lord the King has in the said parish 5 virgates of poor land of the escheat of Ralph David which Colin Muriel & Joan his sister for 2 bushels of wheat at the will of the lord the King &c. And now comes John le Breton & offers one bushel of wheat of rent of increase so that that land may be granted to him & his heirs to be held of 3 bushels of wheat so that he may use the same for his own profit &c. And upon this comes Philip le Peyte to the King one bushel of wheat of rent of increase so that that land may be granted to him & by the service of those 4 bushels of wheat so that he may use the same to his own profit &c. And it is granted to him of the land which the said Colin & Joan which they held the same the said Colin Joan & John be amerced. And Michael. And the said Philip & his heirs afterwards of the said Philip gives to the lord the King 6 bushels of wheat per annum so that & it is granted to him, & letters thereof are made to him &c. And he was charged

..... Petri in Portu.

..... hic quandam navem
de Hispanū in hanc
villam pro timore eoꝝ ex̄t̄xerunt quosd̄
..... inimicos eoꝝ et plures eoꝝ felonī interfeſunt
..... amplius tanq̄ hoies pacis
receptati cū hoibꝫ Et coītas
pochie sup hoc allocuta
fūnt hic cum magno posse
..... non levaſunt claīm t̄c nec inpende
..... ip̄os felones p̄t f̄cīm tamdiu
..... Thebaud p̄t f̄cīm scientī emit
a pred Hispanū. Et
Alanus le p̄vost om̄es in
ḡvi mīa. Et p̄dcus Alanus
..... quos inde recepit qui remaneant
dno

..... alia vice simitr inſeſunt
hic quendam hoīem de receptati
..... sicut p̄lus. Idō om̄es simitr in mīa.

..... eosdm franſe domū
Petri t̄c.

..... videlī p Aviciam la Pulette
G de Ponte Cecilia
lospie Colinū Costances
Pet̄m Alisaundr'
Joīnem le Mouner
Petrū le Corner Galfr̄m le Pastu
..... Colinū Stel Guill̄m le Barbor
..... Grey Agnetē le Radm de
..... ā filiam Colini Levesqe Joīn
Burnel de la
Sale Guill̄m le Gros Robtū
de la

..... **St. Peter Port.**

..... here a certain ship of Spain
..... in this town for fear of them took
out of it certain
their enemies & feloniously killed many of them
..... more as men of peace taken with the men
... And the commonalty of the parish
questioned as to this were here
with a great force
did not raise a 'Clameur de Haro' &c. nor brought
..... those felons after the deed as long as
..... Thebaud after the deed knowingly bought
from the said Spain. And Alan the provost
..... all heavily amerced. And the said Alan
..... which he takes thereof which may
remain to the lord

..... another time likewise killed here a
certain man of received
..... .. as at first. Therefore all of them
likewise amerced.

..... the same to break into the house
of Peter &c.

..... to wit, by Avice la Pulette. G.....
..... du Pont, Cecilia
..... Colin Costances, Peter
..... Alexander John le Mouner
..... Peter le Corner Geffery le Pastu
..... Colin Stel William le Barbor Grey
Agnes le Ralph de daughter of
Colin Levesque John Burnel
de la Sale William le Gros
Robert de la

(M. 14.) **Adhuc de p̄litis Corone de poch de Torte.....**

parochi de Torteval venit p xij.

Gerner Jūr p̄sentant qđ Radus Katherine qui suspens⁹ fuit
..... in feodo Jordi de Saunmareys unde
đns Rex reddit đno Regi
de antiquo redditu catalla
de quibz Robtus de Haddy
..... pticlis catalloz ejusđ Radi comptū est qđ
..... Et tenentes p̄dce virgate fre
respondđ đno Regi de arrerağ
.....

Presentant t̄ qđ Ričus Trusse e Guiltus frať ejus
..... runt de nocte ad domū Jordi de
Fovea de Foresta licet nō
fecissent. Et eadem
..... īpi in gravi m̄ia. Et si īpe nō sufficiant
tunc respond
.....

Nic̄us Durel traxit p̄libz vicibus Michaellem
in Cūr xpiañ et idm Nic̄us fecit finem
sicut patet alibi.

Ītm est in eadem poch feodus de Pleynmount unde đns Rex h̄et
p ann..... ad parvam mensūr et ad hoc
assedet^r quelibet virgate ad j cabocellū f̄ri
feodi debet colligē p̄đcm reddm e illū deferre ad ḡngiam đni Regis.
Et debet p̄terq̄^a sectam ad molend
đni Regis. Et sunt in eadem pochas
Brehaus de quibz đns Rex h̄et camp̄tū tē. Ītm melagiū videl̄
..... viij daneret̄ f̄ri. Percipit eciam đns Rex de
p̄đco feodo de qua..... auxilio. Et de rewardo
iij bus̄ aven̄ ad pvam mensuram. Et pasuagiū
..... modo sunt in eodem feodo v domus. Ītm h̄et in eodem
feodo vij đ ad ad brasagiū. Ītm dicunt

(M. 14.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of Torteval.

The parish of Torteval comes by 12.

Guernsey.

The jurors present that Ralph Katerine who was hanged
..... in the fee of Jordan of Saumareys
whereof the lord the King pays to the
lord the King of ancient rent
chattels of which Robert de Haddy
..... particulars of the chattels of the same Ralph it is
found that And the tenants of
the said virgate of land shall answer to the lord the King of the
arrears

Present also that Richard Trusse & William his brother
..... came by night to the house of Jordan
de la Fosse of the Forest although
they did not do. And the same
they to be heavily amerced. And if they not suffice then shall
answer

Nicholas Durel brought many times Michael
into the court of Christianity & the same
Nicholas compounded as appears elsewhere.

Also there is in the same parish the fee of Pleinmont whereof
the lord the King has yearly by the small
measure & for this each virgate is assessed at one cabot of wheat
..... of the fee ought to collect the said
rent & to bring it to the grange of the lord the King. And
..... owes besides suit at the mill of the lord
the King. And there are in the same parish
..... of Brehaus of which the lord the King has champart &c.
Also melage to wit 8 small
bushels of wheat. The lord the King takes also of the said fee of a
certain aid. And of the regards of 3 bushels
of oats by the small measure. And pannage
there are now in the same fee 5 houses. He also has in the same fee
7 deniers at for brewing. They

qđ đns Rex flet in pochl de xij bovatis tre
 de qualibet bovata x đ. Dicunt eciam qđ hoies
 feodi de [Kane]leye debent đni Regis.

Presentant eciam qđ Abbas Majoris Monastii de antiquo est ad-
 vocatus ecclie de pochl coibz
 annis xxxⁱⁱ turroñ.

Radus Roger a diu est suspens⁹ fuit et đns Rex fuit ejus catalla
 fuit iij virgał tre que valent p anū
 pter reddm tč iij š quas tenet.
 Et hucusq, inde dno Regi responsum est.

Presentant eciam qđ in yeme anno Regis
 de Wreoco j do..... quibz đns Rex
 fuit medietatem videlč
 devenerunt ad Wreccū multe corde unde đni Regis
 L š de quibz tč respondebit.

Presentant eciam qđ in seisina fugačois ad cuniclos hoies đni
 Regis p^{mo} plenū et postea solebant
 Prior de Wale e Nichus de Cheny
 fureto vł alio ingenio.

Presentant t qđ Jořna del Chemyn freğ
 iřa in mia.

Presentant t qđ heredes Henř de
 ad tres p^{ncipales} Cuř đni Reg...

Presentant t qđ die
 Juř qui
 veñ
 t^{ns}

Radus Ne..... de Šci
 Michem

also say that the lord the King has in parish of
12 bovates of land of each bovat 10 deniers.
They say also that the men of the fee of [Kane]leye owe
..... of the lord the King.

They present also that the Abbot of the Greater Monastery of
old is the patron of the Church of the parish
..... common years 30 livres tournois.

Ralph Roger was hanged a long time ago & the lord the King
had his chattels had 8 virgates of land
which are worth per annum besides the rent &c. 3 sols which
..... holds. And up to now
has been accounted for to the lord the King.

They present also that in the winter in the year of the
King of wreck one hogshhead
..... of which the lord the King had the moiety, to wit
came as wreck many ropes whereof
of the lord the King 50 sols of which &c. he
shall answer.

They present also that in the seisin of the hunting for conies
the men of the lord the King in the first
full & afterwards the Prior of the Vale & Nicholas de Cheny were
used with ferret or other engine.

They present also that Joan Duchemin broke
She is to be amerced.

They present also that the heirs of Henry de
..... at the 3 principal courts of the lord the
King

They present also that on the day
The jurors who
came
trespass

Ralph Ne..... of St.
Michael

inde allocutus nō
f..... p̄poitus tē. Ido

Presentant eciam
sua qui fuit unus
ejus remaneant
xx š. j Juvencū p̄cii
j patellam erreas p̄cii
e blad̄ tassatū p̄cii xxx
quam emit de Persona
p̄cii XL š. j
Constancieñ
responde
respond
sepeliri sine
ultia assis

(M. 14 d.)

Adhuc de Gorteval.

..... ante ultimas assisas in p̄sonatus p̄ furto
p̄ quo postea in eisdm captus acarce ven-
didit j vaccam p̄cii xx š de catali suis Petro Carupel
..... ipm esse talem tē. Ido ip̄e in m̄ia. Et p̄des
Persona simul cū elaverunt ven-
diçoem vacce illius in p̄dcis assisis respondeant dno
..... eciam fuit alia catalla de quibz R. de Haddy
coğn qđ recepit infra in
Rořlo. Parcelle catalloz ejusdem videl̄ j vacō p̄cii XL š
..... vj li biden̄ e agñ p̄cii vj li.
Iřm lanam p̄cii x š e j suem p̄cii viij š vj š.
Et p̄mus annus ĩre sue que jacint inculta valuit x š de quibz Robts
.....

..... eciam qđ Jořna Gilb̄ti adiu est abjuř
Inš in ecclia eoř p̄ receptamento Emelote
..... que alias abjurařat tē. Et responsum fuit dno Regi

questioned thereupon did not
..... provost &c. Therefore

They present also
his who was one
remain
20 sols one heifer value
one brass pan value
& corn in corks value 30
which he bought of the parson
price 40 sols one
Coutances
shall answer
answer
to be buried without
last assizes

(M. 14 d.)

Continuation of Torteval.

..... before the last assizes was imprisoned
for theft for which afterwards in the same
was taken from the prison sold one cow value 20s. of his chattels to
Peter Carupel himself
to be such &c. Therefore he is to be amerced. And the said parson
likewise with declared that they had
answered at the said assizes to the lord as to the sale of that cow
also had other chattels of which R. de Haddy acknowledges that he
received within in the roll. Particulars of
the chattels of the same, to wit, one cow value 40 sols
..... 6 livres, sheep & lambs value 6 livres. Also wool price
10 sols & one sow value 8 sols 6 sols.
And the first year of his land which shall lie fallow will be worth
10 sols of which Robert

..... also that Joan Gilbert long ago abjured
the islands in the Church of the same for receiving Emelote
..... who should have abjured elsewhere &c.

de catañ ejus p Joñem de tunc receptorem tē
et respōsum fuit simitr dno Regi p eund Joñem de anno
..... teñ ejusdem e fra sua lib fuit p eund heñ de Šco Mar-
tino dnis tē.

..... tant t qđ xxiiij bovatē fre de feodo Caneleye
in eoꝝ poçh debent sectam ad dinū dñi Regis.

Dicunt t qđ in eodem feodo colligunt^r ad festū Šci Michis xiiij s
..... dñi Regis quos dñs feodi illius pcipit et hoc
tminat^r alibi in quo waranto tē.

[Prese]ntant t qđ Henř de Vik solitus est trahere simplices
paupes in tabnas et p^otea eos ad solvend p
potu eoꝝ cont^a voluntatem suam. Dicunt t qđ Abbas Majoris
..... fii het duas ptes decime garbaꝝ in eoꝝ poçh e valet coibꝝ
annis xviiij li.

..... dñs Rex in eoꝝ poçh Bordagiū Radi de la Rue e
j v^lgatam fre que valet p

..... .. xij Juř poçh istius p diſsis cōcelamentis in
veredco eoꝝ de quibꝝ cōvicti fuerunt coram Justiç p examinaçoem
in mīa.

..... [P̃aro]chia Šci P̃etri in P̃ortu.

..... noctant^r insulta^out
..... pleg^o s. Lucam
..... convict^o fuit qđ notant^r
..... ha cla et invenit plegios s.....
..... filius Colini Estur convict^o
..... Martyn et sup hoc invenit
..... le Rey cōvict^o fuit qđ fuit in
..... tē et sup hoc inveñ plegios
..... ct^o fuit qđ noctant^r insulta^o

And to the lord the King it was answered as to her chattels by John de then receiver &c. & to the King it was likewise accounted by the same John of the year of the same tenement & her land was delivered by the same to the heirs of St. Martin the lords, &c.

They present also that 24 bovates of land of the fee of Caneleye⁽¹⁾ in their parish owe suit to the mill of the lord the King.

They say also that in the same fee are collected at the feast of St. Michael 14 sols of the lord the King which the lord of that fee takes & this is determined elsewhere in 'quo warranto' &c.

They present also that Henry de Vic is wont to take simple paupers into the taverns & afterwards to them to pay for their drink contrary to their will.

They say also that the Abbot of the Greater Monastery has 2 parts of the tithe of sheaves in their parish & it is worth one year with another 18 livres.

..... the lord the King in their parish the bordage of Ralph de la Rue & one virgate of land which is worth per

..... 12 jurors of this parish for divers concealments in their verdicts of which they were convicted before the Justices by examination to be amerced.

..... **Parish of St. Peter Port.**

..... by night assaulted
..... his pledges Luke
..... was convicted that by night
..... & found pledges to
wit Peter the son of Colin Estur [was]
convicted Martyn & hereupon
..... le Rey was
convicted that he was in
..... &c. & hereupon he finds pledges
..... was convicted that by night he assaulted

(1) The family of Le Canely (two members of which are mentioned on page 180) probably became extinct early in the 14th Century in Guillemota Le Canely, who married a member of the St. Martin family, to whom the fief passed. Consult *Lettres Closes* (Pub. Soc. Jer.), 2nd Part, p. 25.

.....it pleġ ſ Radm G.....
 de Plemonteyſ Colinus filius
 freġunt hoſtia domoꝝ
 Barber Robtm Denys et
 ſſint qđ maliçoſe noctantꝝ in
 inveſtunt plegioſ ſ Joĥnem le Barber
 Dyonĩſ Jordan Joĥes Eſturnel et Joĥes
 ſang^ls e ha cla et inveſtunt
 endū noctantꝝ ſbaſunt quend.....
che et Pĥm de Šbmolendĩo. Et Guiltis.....
 qđ nō pmiſit eum cōcumbere cū ip̃a et
 convicta qđ pcuſſit in
 plegioſ ſ Petronilla Michem
 la Cornaille in lit..... maris
 e Petrū Viger. Et
 pp̃ia unde ha cla et
 de Plein cōvict⁹
 Riĉm Viver Petrū Rey
 Gwilb̃t unde ſanguis
 in mĩa
 Šci Salvaĩ.

(M. 15.)

Adhuc de p̃litis Gorone de poĉĩ Šci Salvatoris.

Fresingfeld.

poĉĩ Šci Salvatoris veĩ p xij.

Gerner̃

Juĩ p̃ſentant qđ Colinus le Markaunt ſolitus eſt vocare ſim-
 plices hoĩes in taĉnas et poſtea faĉe eos ſolvere
 p̃ poto ſuo cont⁹ eoꝝ voluntatem. Iđo ip̃e in mĩa. Et
 inſultavit Riĉm Paynel e fregit domū ſuam minando
 ip̃m de combustione. Iđo ip̃e in g^āvi mĩa.

..... finds his pledges Ralph G.....
 de Plemontey's Colin son of
 broke the doors of the houses
 Barber Robert Denys &
 were that they maliciously by night in
 found his pledges John le Barber
 Dyonisius Jordan John Esturnel & John
 blood & 'Clameur de Haro' raised & found
 going by night wounded a certain
che & Philip de Sousmoulin. And William
 because she did not permit him to lie with her &
 is convicted that she struck
 in her pledges Petronilla
 Michael
 la Cornaille on the sea-shore
 & Peter Viger. And
 own whereupon 'Clameur de Haro' raised
 de Plein..... was convicted ..
 Richard Viver Peter Rey
 Gilbert whereupon blood
 amerced.

..... St. Saviour.

(M. 15.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
 St. Saviour.

Fresingfeld.

Parish of St. Saviour come by 12.

Guernsey.

The jurors present that Colin le Marchant is wont to call simple
 men into the taverns & afterwards to
 make them pay for their drink against their will. Therefore he is
 to be amerced. And assaulted Richard Paynel &
 broke into his house threatening him with burning. Therefore he is
 to be heavily amerced.

Presentant t̃ qđ đns Rex h̃et in eoꝝ pochl̃ de escheta ij bovate
fre de feodo Syward quibꝫ đns Rex pcipit p anū de
qualibet bovata ij bus̃s e j daner̃fri. Percipit t̃ đns
ibidem camptū quod valet p anū. Et ad auxiliū
regale de qualibet bovat Debent' eciam đno Regi de
eisdem bovař de qualibet eaꝝ j garba fri e alia de avenis. Et
Rex h̃et de tenentibꝫ ejusdem fre pasuagiū e cullagiū e alibi in feodo
illo e de rewardo de qualibet bovata Et quilibet residens
in p̃dcis bovatis fre reddit đno Regi j daner̃fri p pullaĝ. P̃cip[it]
t̃ de qualibet bovataꝝ illaꝝ j daner̃fri p tassaĝ. Et debent iidem
tenentes đno Regi sūmagiū videl̃t qđ cariabunt frūmtū đni Regis
ubicumqꝫ vol̃sit in Iñs P̃cipit t̃ đns Rex in eadem pochl̃ de duabꝫ
bovař fre de feodo de Lyree iiij bus̃s e ij daner̃fri p anū et ad
auxiliū regale de qualibet bovata vj đ p anū. H̃et t̃ đns Rex in
eadem pochl̃ de xiiij bovař fre de feodo Comit̃is vij s̃ p anū de auxilio
regali qui debent colligi e solvi p manus p̃poiti feodi illius. Ĩm đns
Rex pcipit de vj bovař fre de feodo de Ry..... ad auxiliū regale
iiij s̃ p anū. Et qualilibet p̃dcaꝝ sex bovataꝝ reddit đno Regi p anū
ij bus̃s e j daner̃fri ad pvam mensur̃. Et xiiij bovate fre de feodo
de Lunges in eadem pochl̃ reddunt đno Regi p anū vij s̃ de auxilio
regali. Ĩm đns Rex h̃et de bovata Goie..... vj đ p anū de auxilio.
Et t̃ eadem bovata reddit đno Regi p anū j q̃ar̃fri. Et ij pan.....
vij capoñ qui mitti debent p tenentes p̃dce bovate ad g̃angiam đni
Regis e por..... h̃ere debet ibidem p̃ndium suū. Et đns
Rex h̃et de j bovata fre Rauf̃ de auxilio vj đ p anū e ij bus̃s e j
daner̃fri. H̃et t̃ đns Rex de ij bovař fre feodi de Goiers xij^d p
anū de auxilio e iiij bus̃s e ij daner̃fri. Et de bovata m̃catoris
vj đ p anū de auxilio ij bus̃s e j daner̃fri. Percipit

They present also that the lord the King has in their parish of escheat 2 bovates of land of the fee of Suard of which the lord the King takes yearly of each bovat 2 bushels & one of wheat. The lord [the King] also takes there champart which is worth per annum And for royal aid of each bovat They are owing also to the lord the King of the same bovates of each of them one sheaf of wheat & another of oats. And the King has of the tenants of the same land pannage & cullage & elsewhere in that fee, & of regards of each bovat And each one residing in the same bovates of land pays to the lord the King one small bushel of wheat for pullage. He takes also of each of those bovates one small bushel of wheat for stacking. And the same tenants owe to the lord the King sumage⁽¹⁾, to wit, that they shall carry the wheat of the lord the King wheresoever he shall will in the island. The lord the King takes also in the same parish of 2 bovates of land of the fee of L'Erée 4 bushels & 2 small bushels of wheat by the year & for royal aid of each bovat 6 deniers per annum. The lord the King has also in the same parish of 14 bovates of land of the fee Le Comte 7 sols. per annum of royal aid which ought to be collected & paid by the hands of the provost of that fee. Also the lord the King takes of 6 bovates of land of the fee of Ry..... for royal aid 3 sols per annum. And each of the said 6 bovates pays to the lord the King by the year 2 bushels & one small bushel of wheat by the smaller measure. And 14 bovates of land of the fee of Longues in the same parish pay to the lord the King per annum 7 sols of royal aid. Also the lord the King has of the bovat of Gohiers 6 deniers per annum of aid. And also the same bovat pays to the lord the King per annum one quarter of wheat & 2 loaves 7 capons which ought to be sent by the tenants of the said bovat to the grange of the lord the King & the carrier ought to have his dinner there. And the lord the King has of one bovat of land of Rauf of aid 6 deniers per annum & 2 bushels & one small bushel of wheat. Also the lord the King has of 2 bovates of land of the fee of Gohiers 12 deniers per annum of aid & 4 bushels & 2 small bushels of wheat. And of the bovat au Marchand 6 deniers per annum of aid 2 bushels & one small

(1) *Sumagium* : a burden.

t̃ dñs Rex de j bovata e dī de feodo Dieuloie ix d̃ p anū de auxilio e iij bus̃s e j danẽr e dī fri. P̃cipit t̃ de clauso Tosteyn iij bus̃s fri p anū p manus tenenciū ejusdem. Dicunt t̃ qđ quedam ps feodi Šci Michis est in eoꝝ pochl̃ e dñs Rex p̃cipit de p̃dco feodi tam hic q̃m in pochl̃ Šce Marie de Castro e Šci Petri de Bosco vj ti vj s̃ vj d̃ p anū qui debent solvi p manus p̃poiti de Graunt moster.

Presentant t̃ qđ La Cleremare p medietate est in pochl̃ eoꝝ et p alia medietate in pochl̃ Šci Petri de Bosco e dividit̃ inl̃ Ab̃bem de Monte Šci Michis e Nichim de Cheny. Ita qđ p̃dci Abbas e Nichus h̃ent cursum suū in d̃ca mara in yeme, et in estate coīs est oīibz ad piscandū in ea cū manu pede e bacto sine reti et eciam est coīs ad falcandū simitr.

Presentant t̃ qđ monachi in Insula de Lyho tenent̃r celebrare teĩ in ebdomoda p dño Rege.

Presentant t̃ qđ Avicia de Wykz e Heñr de Šco Martino p̃cipiunt in pochl̃ ista de tenentibz suis xiiij s̃ de auxilio regali sz quo waranto nesciunt e hoc f̃minet̃r in quo waranto t̃c.

Presentant t̃ qđ post ultimas assisas devenit de Wrecco in eoꝝ pochl̃ j doleū vacuū p̃cii iij s̃ unde pochiani respondebunt. Et eciam j pecia ligni p̃cii xvj d̃ unde Robtus de Haddy respond̃. Et quedam borda navis uñ p̃pars dñi Regis ij s̃ de quibz. Idm Robts respond̃.

Presentant t̃ qđ Radus le Markaunt Drogo Henry Joñnes le Den Rads Lucet̃z e Guillus Curlu fregerunt assisam panis e ēviš. Idō ĩpi in m̃ia.

Presentant t̃ qđ Abbas de Lunges debet sectam ad tres p̃ncipales Cur̃ dñi Regis p anū et Idm Abbas nō veñ p̃mo die Itif̃is. Idō in m̃ia. Et postea veñ p̃dus Abbas e fecit fidelitatem dño Regi. Et Nichus de Cheny ponit clamiū in p̃dcm Ab̃bem tanq̃ tenentem suū q̃ dicit qđ p̃dus Abbas tenet de eo quicquid tenet in hac Iñs t̃c.

bushel of wheat. Also the lord the King takes of 1 bovat & a half of the fee of Dieu-le-voie 9 deniers per annum of aid & 3 bushels & one small bushel & a half of wheat. He takes also of the Close of Tostcyn 2 bushels of wheat per annum by the hands of the tenants of the same. They says also that a certain part of the fee of St. Michael is in their parish & the lord the King takes of the said fee as well here as in the parish of St. Mary de Castel & St. Peter in the Wood 6 livres 6 sols 2 deniers per annum which ought to be paid by the hand of the provost of Grand Moutier.

They present also that the moiety of La Claire Mare is in their parish & the other moiety in the parish of St. Peter in the Wood & is divided between the Abbot of Mount St. Michael & Nicholas de Cheny. So that the said Abbot & Nicholas have their course in the said lake in the winter, & in summer it is common to all to fish in the same with hand, foot, & stick without a net & it is also common to mow likewise.

They present also that the monks in the island of Lyhou are bound to celebrate three times in the week for the lord the King.

They present also that Avise de Wyk & Henry de St. Martin take in this parish of their tenants 13 sols of royal aid, but by what warrant they know not & this shall be determined in the 'quo warranto' &c.

They present also that after the last assizes there came of wreck in their parish one empty hogshead value 3 sols whereof the parishioners shall answer. And also one value of wood value 16 deniers whereof Robert de Haddy shall answer. And certain boards of a ship whereof the share of the lord the King is 2 sols of which the said Robert shall answer.

They present also that Ralph le Marchant Drogo Henry John le Den Ralph Luccter & William Curlu broke the assize of bread & ale. Therefore they are to be amerced.

They present also that the Abbot of Longues⁽¹⁾ owes suit at the 3 principal courts of the lord the King each year & the same Abbot did not come on the first day of the eyre, therefore he is to be amerced. And afterwards the said Abbot came & did fealty to the lord the King. And Nicholas de Cheny puts in a claim against the said Abbot as his tenant because he says that the said Abbot holds of him whatever he holds in this island &c.

(1) The name of the Abbot of Longues has been converted into "Abbé de la Rue Frairie" or "Refrairie," the name of a fief; consult Havet, Cours Royales, p. 73.

Presentant t̃ qđ Henř de Šco Martino e Avicia de Wykz libe tenentes t̃c nō venerunt p'mo die Itifis. Ido ipi in mīa.

Presentant t̃ qđ Benedca Choffyn anno t̃c xxix° abjuř Insulas ad eccliam ville istius p eo qđ recogñ se infecisse Petrum Oar Maritū suū in ptibz Normanñ et postea rediit cū tris dñi Reğ de pdonaçoe t̃c et exinde exivit pat'am istam et nunq̃ postea rediit et patet alibi de tris ejus e catallis.

Presentant t̃ qđ Thomas le Roser infecit felonī quendam monachū de Lyho in ead Inš de Lyho et Balts dñi Regis de hac Inš ad claī t̃c simul cum aliis veñ ibidm e sequebant' eund felonē et Ranulphs Galfi unus ex eis qui fuerunt cū p̃dco Balto invenit p̃dcm Thomā volens ipm attachiasse e cū idm Thomas se defendisset ne attachiaret' idm Ranulphs ipm infecit, et postea fugiit ad eccliam Šci Samp̃s e ibi abjuř Insulas. Et postea rediit cū tris dñi Reğ de pdonaçoe de p̃dcis feloñ e abjuř. Et p̃dcus Ranulphs quesitus si dñs Rex hñit catalla sua veñ e feč finem p essendo in pace p C š et invadiavit t̃ram e catalla sua in loco pleğ.

Presentant t̃ qđ post ultimas ašs devenit Wreccū in portu de parela vina quedam ps navis cordagiū e maeremiū unde p̃pars Regis xij ti deblis monete de quibz Robtus de Haddy respond.

Presentant t̃ qđ assisa panis e vini fracta est p subscriptos videlī
Petrum Thomam Bole tañnarios. Et Gillotum
le Fevere Joñem Bennes e Agnetē Et
Joñem le Den Simonē Julianē Wiltm le Fevere seniore Joñem
..... Choffyn Jordm Gernaise Colinē
Boleng e Drogonem Henry boleng
..... omēs in mīa.

Presentant t̃ qđ Gilbtus Simonis a xx annis elapse
..... bladi et p fco illo abjuř Insulas et
Wiltus de Šco

They present also that Henry de St. Martin & Avice de Wyk free tenants &c. did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore these are to be amerced.

They present also that Benedicta Choffyn in the 39th year &c. abjured the islands at the Church of this town for that she acknowledged that she had killed Peter Oar her husband in the parts of Normandy, & afterwards she returned with letters of pardon of the lord the King &c. & henceforth she has quitted this country & never afterwards returned, & it appears elsewhere concerning her lands & chattels.

They present also that Thomas le Roser feloniously killed a certain monk of Lyhou in the same island of Lyhou & the bailiff of the lord the King on a 'clameur' &c. came there together with others & then pursued the said felon, & Ranulph Galtier one of those who were with the said bailiff, found the said Thomas wishing to arrest him, & when the said Thomas defended himself from arrest, the said Ranulph killed him, & afterwards fled to the Church of St. Sampson & there abjured the islands. And afterwards he returned with letters of pardon of the lord the King for the said felony & abjuration. And the said Ranulph being asked if the lord the King had his chattels came & made a composition of 100 sols for being in the peace & he pledged his land & chattels in the place of pledges.

They present also that after the last assizes there came as wreck in the port of La Perelle certain wine, a part of a ship cordage & timber whereof the share of the King is 12 livres of poor money of which Robert de Haddy shall answer.

They present also that the assize of bread & wine is broken by the underwritten to wit, Peter Thomas Bole taverners. And Gillot le Fevere, John Bennes & Agnes And John le Den, Simon Juliane, William le Fevre, senior, John Choffyn, Jordan Gervaise, Colin Boleng & Drogo Henry bakers. all to be amerced.

They present also that Gilbert Fitz-Simon 20 years ago of corn & for that deed abjured the islands & William de St.

Et p̄dcus Gilbtus tunc h̄uit lib̄am t̄ram
..... certa servicia t̄c v danereff̄ fr̄i et
Gregoř pater ejusd̄ Gregorii simitr
illam tenuit arrerağ̄ ejusd̄
q̄m de reddu t̄c.

(M. 15 d.)

Adhuc de p̄litis Goronis de poeh̄ Šci Salvatoris.

Fresingfeld.

Juř p̄sentant qđ Guifus Sarre obstruxit regale chiminū ponendo
in ea lapides p̄ quod carecte nō possunt p̄ illud t̄nsire. Et Petrus
de la Rue Junior fodiit in chimino Reğ latitud̄ unius ped̄ e longi
vij pedū. Et Petrus Girard p̄ lapides muri sui qui ceciderunt in
regali chimino obstruxit chiminū Reğ e illud nō deobstruxit. Et
Sarra Kenuloun eodem modo obstruxit regale chiminū. Ido oīnes
in m̄ia.

Juř p̄sentant qđ Nichus Durel p̄sbiter fecit citare maliciose ex
regnū Colinū Blondel, Rob̄m Osmond, Ričm Galiot, Joñem Calez,
Ricm̄ Benet, Oliřū Juliene, Gregoř Simonis, Rob̄m de Vico, Petrum
de Vico, e Gilłm Genemies e p̄les alios e extorsit ab eis p̄ tales suū
magnā sūmā pecunie maliciose, qui veñ e feč finē p̄ p̄dca t̄ns e aliis
huj̄modi rectis suis p̄ xxx^{ll} pp̄lm Joñnis le Bretoun senioris, Joñnis
Bygot, Riči Meriene, Giffi Trusse e Radi Wyteclin. Et concedit̄ qđ
Gillotus frař ejus qui rectatus est de cuniclis d̄ni Reğ sit in auxiliū
finis p̄dci Nichi, et Joñnes Euerye est pleğ p̄dci Gilloti. Et concedit̄
p̄dco Nicho qđ solvat p̄dcos denař p̄ duos annos ad t̄minos Šci Michis
e Pasche p̄ equali porcōne.

Et Juř duodene p̄ plibz conclamentis de quibz convicti fuerunt
in examinačoe. Ido in m̄ia.

Comptū est t̄ p̄ Rořlos Petri le Markaunt nup̄ Balli t̄c qđ Joñnes
fīl Wīlli le Fevere de la Perele noctant̄ insultavit Wīllm le Rey in

And the said Gilbert then had free land
..... certain services &c. 5 small bushels of wheat & Gregory
..... father of the said Gregory likewise held it
..... arrears of the same as of
the rent, &c.

(M. 15 d.)

Continuation of the pleas of the Crown of the parish of
St. Saviour.

Fresingfeld.

The jurors present that William Sarre obstructed the King's high-way placing in the same stones whereby carts cannot pass that way. And Peter de la Rue junior dug in the King's high-way in breadth one foot & in length 7 feet. And Peter Girard by the stones of his wall which fell into the King's high-way obstructed the King's high-way & did not take away the obstruction. And Sarra Kenuloun in the same way obstructed the King's high-way. Therefore all [of them] to be amerced.

The jurors present that Nicholas Durel priest maliciously caused to be cited out of the kingdom Colin Blondel, Robert Osmond, Richard Galiot, John Calez, Richard Benet, Oliver Juliene, Gregory Fitz-Simon, Robert de Vic, Peter de Vic & William Genemies & many others & extorted from them by such summons a large sum of money maliciously, who came & compounded for the said trespass & his other like charges by 30 livres under the pledge of John le Breton, senior, John Bugot, Richard Meriene, William Trusse & Ralph Wyteclin. And it is granted that Gillot his brother who is charged concerning the conies of the lord the King shall contribute towards the composition of the said Nicholas, & John Enerye is the pledge of the said Gillot. And it is granted to the said Nicholas that he may pay the said money in 2 years at the terms of St. Michael & Easter in equal portions.

And the men of the jury for many concealments of which they were convicted in examination. Therefore to be amerced.

It is also found by the rolls of Peter le Marchant late bailiff &c. that John son of William le Fevre of La Perelle by night assaulted William le Rey in the King's high-way whereupon 'Clameur de

via regia unde ha cla. Et Ričus Asmaunceys, Drogo Henry, Rohtus de la Rowe e Jordš Geruays aplegiaverunt eū tē. Ido fiant emendē Dño Reg. Postea feč finē p xvij s ppłm Wiłłi p̄ris siu.

Comptū est t̄ p eosdm Rołlos qđ Reymundus la Carette fugit ad eccliam Šci Salvatoris p lat^ociniiis e ibidm recogñ lat^ocinia et abjuř Insulas. Et Juř concelaverunt hoc in veredco suo. Ido ad judm de eis ad pⁱmam ass^m tē et tunc inquirendē est de łris e catallis pđ felonis.

Comptū est t̄ p eosdem Rołlos qđ Wiltus Courlu vulřavit Thomam Bole in capitate unde ha cla. Ido fiant emendē dño Regi p xvij^s. Et Mathus de Cuř Balis respondē de plegē.

emendē

Et t̄ qđ Gillot^o fīt Wiłłi Blaunche convictus fuit qđ noctant^r insultavit Ričm la Mouner in molendino dñi Reğ unde ha cla tē. Et Rohtus Blaunche Jordš Geruays e Colinus Bolangz aplegiaverunt eum tē. Ido fiant emendē tē. Et qđ Rohtus de Vivariis asptavit Wreccū dñi Regis cont^a pacem tē qui veñ e finem feč p xx s ppłm Radi de Viver. Et qđ Simon le Mesurer insultavit de nocte in via Reğ Wiłłm le Rey unde sang's e ha cla. Ido fiant inde emendē dño Regi p xvij s.

Adhuc de remanenti de poch Šci Petⁱ in portu.

Šci Petⁱ in
portu.

Comptū est p Rołlos Petri le Markaunt nup Balis tē qđ Jacobus fīt Jołlis Dymokz fugit ad eccliam Šci Petri p morte Jołnis le Orfeuere, et ibidm recogñ fēm e abjuř Insulas tē et postea pđcus Jołnes pař suos qui se posuit ad eccliam p fco pđco reddidit se p'sone Balis p judm e consiliū Wiłłi le Joevene Henř de Vikz Riči Bernard, Petri la Co[rnaille], Mich le Esturnel, Petri Ernald, Riči Rose, e Luce de Barnevilt ad peticoem ipius Jołnis p̄ris tē cepit inde inquisicoem

Haro' raised. And Richard Asmaunceys, Drogo Henry, Robert de la Rowe & Jordan Gervayse stood pledges for him. Therefore let them make amends to the lord the King. Afterwards he compromised by 18 sols under the pledge of William his father.

It is also found by the same rolls that Raymund la Carette fled to the Church of St. Saviour for thefts & there acknowledged the thefts & abjured the islands. And the jurors concealed this in their verdict. Therefore judgment on these points at the next assize &c. & then it is to be enquired into concerning the lands & chattels of the said felon.

It is also found by the same rolls that William Courlu wounded Thomas Bole in the head whereupon 'clameur.' Therefore let them make amends to the lord the King of 18 sols. And Matthew de la Court bailiff answers for the pledge.

amends.

And also that Gillot son of William Blaunche was convicted for that by night he assaulted Richard le Mouner in the mill of the lord the King whereupon 'Clameur de Haro' raised. And Robert Blaunche Jordan Gervayse & Colin Bolanger stood surety for him &c. Therefore let them make amends &c. And that Robert des Viviers removed the wreck of the lord the King against the peace &c. who came & compounded for 20 sols under the pledge of Ralph du Vivier. And that Simon le Mesurer by night assaulted in the King's highway William le Rey unto flowing of blood & 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. Therefore let them make amends thereof to the lord the King of 18 sols.

**Continuation of the remainder of the Parish of
St. Peter-Port.**

St. Peter-Port.

It is found by the rolls of Peter le Marchant late bailiff &c. that James son of John Dymoke fled to the Church of St. Peter for the death of John le Orfevre & there acknowledged the deed & abjured the islands &c., and afterwards the said John his father who put himself in the Church gave himself up a prisoner for the said deed the bailiff by the judgment & counsel of William le Joevene, Henry de Vic, Richard Bernard, Peter la Co[rnaille], Michael le Esturnel, Peter Ernald, Richard Rose & Luke de Barneville on the petition of

p quam dimisit ipm Joñem quietū tē p eoꝝ consiliū e judm̃. Ido om̃es in m̃ia p eo videl̃t qđ nō fient potestatē inquirendi de felonis nisi sup manuoꝑe qđ vocant casum p̃sentem. Comptū est t̃ p eosdem Roñlos qđ idm Balt̃s p [judm̃ et] consiliū Nichi le Feuere, Petri de Lestak, Wilfi le Gros, Henr Wau-gerard, Colin Joñis Justice, Oliſi de Lestak, e Radi Turlee Juñ Regis dimisit pplam Reginald e Raulinū le Mesurer captos in cunichario dñi Reḡ cū retiis e furett̃ cū manuoꝑe cuniclis ibidm p ipos furtive captis sine waranto tē, ubi replegiablos nō fuerunt in m̃ia.

Comptū est t̃ p eosdem Roñlos qđ Joñes du Val Joñne du Vaunert fuerunt de cōmixtiōe aque cū vino qđ vendebat in tabnis suis, unde Joñes de bis cōvictus fuit. Ido in m̃ia.

Idm Joñes du Val in inicio Itiñis insultavit maliciose marinellos de Angt̃ cū magno posse dicens se velle eos int̃ficē, et feč finem p XL

alibi in corona.

Comptū est t̃ p eosdem Roñlos qđ cū Wiltus de Orlyens Junor indictat^o fuisset qđ in Batello suo quosdam lat^ones de Lore apud Erm qui noctant^r furabant^r Priori de unam lovam navis p̃cii iij^{li} pp̃t qđ Prior levavit ha cla et postea idm Wiltus rediit faciens custumam p j bacone e cōcelavit p̃dcm clām et latc^oiniū simitr, et postea p̃dcos latrones ex^o Insulas tē. Et cū rediisset huc Baltus audita querela p̃dci Prioris arestavit p̃dcm Willm qui totū recogñ coram Balto p̃ter clām tē et sup hoc venerūt Ricūs le Herice, Joñes du Viver, Nichūs le Feuere, Henr de Vik, Ričūs Bernard, Mich Lesturnel, Ričūs Rose e Lucas de Barnoviñ e adjudicaverūt p̃dcam recogñ fore nullam sine Waranto p quod Baltus dimisit eū a p̃sona. Ido om̃es in m̃ia.

Sci Petⁱ cū Erm.

Tres p̃dci Juñ de Erm ducti huc p Abbem de Chireburg e ejus consiliū p̃sentaverūt qđ quidam Joñes Charnethous anno regni dñi

the said John the father, &c. took an inquisition thereof, by which he acquitted the said John &c. by their counsel & judgment. Therefore all of them are to be amerced for that to wit they have not power of enquiring concerning felonies except [where the person is taken] in the very act which they term the present case. It is also found by the same rolls that the same bailiff by the [judgment &] counsel of Nicholas le Fevre, Peter de Lestak, William le Gros, Henry Vaugerard, Colin John Justice, Oliver de Lestak & Ralph Turlee jurats of the King let out on bail Reginald & Raulin le Mesurer taken in the rabbit warren of the lord the King with nets & ferrets in the very act [of catching] conies there by them furtively taken without warrant &c. when they were not bailable. [Therefore] to be amerced.

It is found also by the same rolls that John du Val, John de Vaunert were of mixing water with the wine which they sold in their taverns, whereof John du had been twice convicted. Therefore to be amerced.

The same John du Val in the beginning of the eyre maliciously assaulted sailors of England with great force saying that he wished to kill them, & he compounded by 40 sols.

Elsewhere in the
Crown[-pleas.]

It is found also by the same rolls that when William de Orlyens, junior, was indicted for that [he concealed] in his boat certain thieves of Lore at Herm who by night stole from the Prior of one sail of a ship of the value of 4 livres, on account of which the Prior raised the 'Clameur de Haro' & afterwards the same William returned paying custom for one pig & concealed the said clameur & the theft likewise, & afterwards [removed] the said thieves out of the islands &c. And when he returned here the bailiff having heard the plaint of the said prior arrested the said William who acknowledged all before the bailiff except the clameur &c., & upon this came Richard le Herice, John du Vivier, Nicholas le Fevre, Henry de Vic, Richard Bernard, Michael Lesturnel, Richard Rose & Luke de Barneville & adjudged the said acknowledgment to be null without a warrant, whereby the bailiff dismissed him from prison. Therefore all to be amerced.

St. Peter with
Herm.

Three of the aforesaid jurors of Herm brought here by the abbot of Cherbourg & his counsel presented that a certain John Char-

E. Reg̃ pris t̃c xvi^o indictatus fuit apud Erm in assisis p̃dci Abbtis qđ fregit archam Joñinis de la Vile, et inde fure denar̃ suos. Et post f̃m fugit t̃c e malecredebat' t̃c p quod Justiĉ Abbtis posue..... in exigendā et p̃dcus Abbas fuit e adhuc hiet t̃ras p̃dci Joñinis ut escheta inde loquend ad p̃x assisas t̃c.

(M. 16.)

Adhuc de p̃litis de Corona.

Parochi de Belloŝ veñ p xij.

Juř presentant qđ Petr^o de Lestak anno Reg̃ E. patris t̃c xxxiiij^{to} t̃c. Idem fuit catalla ŝ unā vaccam p̃cii xiiij ŝ iiij^a de quibz Joñnes le Markant e unū bovem p̃cii xxx ŝ bidentes p̃cii xxiiij ŝ unū Juvencū p̃cii blada in t̃ra preĉ XL ŝ et vastū domus sue vendit̃ ad xx ŝ. Idem fuit que valet p annū ultra redditū t̃c ij busŝ f̃ri de quibz Robt^o de Hady respondeb̃ ut de bona de residuo pred̃ctoꝝ catalloꝝ q̃b̃ redd̃ pro p^omo anno t̃c. Et Joñnes de Lestac qui t̃ram illam ten.....one batfi respondebat de residuo reddit^o.

Presentant t̃ qđ de quedam navi de Hispanū fracta jux^a portum denk..... multa bona e monia deveñunt de Wrecko et dñs Rex fuit ppartem suam unde pred̃cus R. de Hady respondeb̃ nesciebant seu nolebant dicere q̃ntitatem seu precium. Ido in m̃ia. Et quedam navis de Roen fracta..... ppe t̃ram Mathi de Saunzmareys et devenit ad t̃ram ip̃ius Mathi ubi pred̃cus Mathi e antecessores a tempe quo nō extat memoria solebant h̃ere Wreckū t̃c p̃ter q̃tuor p̃ncipalia que sunt Regi. Ita tamen dñs Rex p^omo deb̃ h̃ere visum t̃c. Et cōvictū est p Juratā in quam pred̃ Mathi e Thom̃ Destefeld e Ahioia se posuerunt qđ marinelli de licenĉ ip̃oꝝ Mathi e Thome apposuer̃ man^o ad apportand Wreckū. Ido ip̃i in g^avi m̃ia.

nethous in the 17th year of the reign of the lord E. the father, &c. was indicted at Herm in the assizes of the said Abbot in that he broke open the chest of John de la Ville & stole therefrom his money. And after the deed he fled &c. and was suspected &c. whereupon the justices of the Abbot outlawed him, & the said Abbot had & still has the lands of the said John as escheats Thereof to be pleaded at the next assizes &c.

(M. 16.)

Continuation of the Pleas of the Crown.

The Parish of St. Martin de Bellouse came by 12.

The jurors present that Peter de Lestak in the 34th year of the lord E. the father &c. &c. The same had the chattels, viz., one cow of the value of 13 sols 4 deniers of which John le Marchant & one ox value 30 sols, sheep value 24 sols, one heifer value corn in the land value 40 sols, & the waste of his house sold at 20 sols. The same had which is worth per annum besides the rent, &c. 2 bushels of wheat, of which Robert de Haddy shall answer as of the goods of the residue of the said chattels as the rent for the first year, &c. And John de Lestak who held that land of the bailiff shall answer for the residue of the rent.

They present also that of a certain ship of Spain wrecked near the port ofnk⁽¹⁾ many goods & merchandizes came from the wreck & the lord the King had his share thereof. The said R. de Hady shall answer but they did not know or wish to say the quantity or value. Therefore to be amerced. And a certain ship of Rouen wrecked near the land of Matthew de Saumareys & came to the land of the said Matthew where the said Matthew & his ancestors from time immemorial were wont to have wreck, &c. except the four princely things which are the King's, so that nevertheless the lord the King ought first to have view &c. And it is found by the jury to which the said Matthew & Thomas Destefeld & Alice submitted the matter that the sailors by the license of the same Matthew & Thomas put their hands to carry away the wreck. Therefore they are to be heavily amerced.

(1) Probably Saynk, Saint's Bay.

Presentant t̃ qđ sunt in dcta parochi LXX bovař ěre de quibz
tenentes reddunt dno Regi libet
bovař ěre viij daneř fri de melař. Iřm de firma xj ti x ř ix đ ad tres
řmĩos pro equali porřone. Iřm de custuř annũ quo
vocat̃ pro minutis denař ad řm řci Michis xvij ř. Iřm ad idm festũ
.....sař vij ř vj đ. Iřm pannař quod valet coiřus annis viij ř
iiij đ. Et pullař quod se extendit coiřz annis ad C gallĩ
eciam řđcti tenentes dno Regi per annũ de Wardo vj q̃rř aveř ad
pvā menř. Percipit t̃ dñs R..... de tota pred řra qđ valet coiřz
annis triginta libras. Percipit t̃ dñs R..... esřeta
..... xij q̃rř iij řz řri ad pvam menř e ij ř vj đ
de firma. Iřm de esřeta L q̃rř řri ad pvā
..... de esřeta Rađi Youn ij q̃rř řri ad magnam menř.
Iřm de esřeta Riři Sen..... vij busř menř
et ij ř vj đ de firma. Iřm de esřeta Jořnis Patricii ij busř řri. Iřm
de řra que fuit Hays la Bret..... řcia pte uni^o v'gař
řre de esřeta de Cauchobronne ředũ Riři Artuř.
Iřm de řia v'gata terre de esřeta Petⁱ Levesqe quam Wills Baskaise
tenet iiij danereř řri.

Presentant t̃ qđ Mathus de Saunmareys teř tenementa sua in
pochi predca p magnā řjanciam e deř dno Regi homař
sectam ad tres Cuř p'ncipales sine sumonič et integrũ releviũ qđ
se..... cum acciderit et Rađ Burnel tenet simiř teř
sua de dno Rege p homař et consimilem sectam

Et Juř de duodena p magnis conclamentis in eoř ředicřo de
quibz convicti řřnt coram Justič p examin..... in řia.

Abbas Majoris Monasterii e Abbas de Blancalanda non veřunt
..... ..

They present also that there are in the said parish 70 bovates of land of which the tenants pay to the lord the King each bovat of land 8 small bushels of wheat of melage.⁽¹⁾ Also of farm 11 livres 10 sols 9 deniers at three terms by equal portions. Also of custom the year in which it is called for small moneys at the feast of St. Michael 17 sols. Also at the same feast 7 sols 6 deniers. Also pannage which is worth one year with another 8 sols 4 deniers. And pullage which extends one year with another at 100 hens. Also the same tenants [pay] to the lord the King by the year of ward 6 quarters of oats by the small measure. Also the lord the King takes of all the said land which is worth one year with another 30 livres. Also the lord the King takes escheats 13 quarters 3 bushels of wheat by the small measure & 2 sols 6 deniers of farm. Also of escheat 5 quarters of wheat by the small measure. of the escheat of Ralph Youn 2 quarters of wheat by the large measure. Also of the escheat of Richard Sen..... 7 bushels measure & 2 sols 6 deniers of farm. Also of the escheat of John Patrick 2 bushels of wheat. Also of the land which was of Hays la Bret the third part of one virgate of land of the escheat of Chauncebrun of the heirs of Richard Artur. Also of half a virgate of land of the escheat of Peter Levesque which William Baskaise holds 4 small bushels of wheat.

They present also that Matthew de Saumareys holds his tenements in the said parish by great serjeanty & owes to the lord the King homage, suit at the 3 principal courts without summons & whole relief which when it shall occur, & Ralph Burnel likewise holds his tenements of the lord the King by homage & like suit.

And the jury of 12 men for the great concealments in their verdicts of which they were convicted before the justices by examination to be amerced.

The Abbot of the Greater Monastery & the Abbot of Blanchelande did not come

(1) *Melagium* : a rent due to the King by his tenants.

Presentant t̃ qđ Joñnes filius Joñnis du Molin solebat furtive recondere bidentes vicinoꝝ et p̃tea coram Petro le Markaunt tunc ballio in plena curia abjuř Insulas licet p̃us fūat coram eodem appleg̃ ad assisas. Et cōptum est p Rořlos ejusđ Petri qđ Joñnes du Molin Ričus Corbyn, Joñnes Toner e Joñnes Elye plegiafunt predcūm Joñnem quilibz eoꝝ corp⁹ pro corpe ad hndum corpus ejus ad has assisas sup eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ furabatur unam ancoram e qđ solit⁹ fuit fače instrumenta de ferris crocatis ad apiend̃ seruras hostioꝝ furtiē tē. Et cōptum est p Rořlos ejusđ balli qđ predcus Joñnes filius Joñnis abjuř Insulas coram ip̃o ballio tē. Et predcus Petrus una cum Juř Reğ e Matho de Cuř qui dicunt̃ tunc fuisse p̃sentes tē sup hoc allocuti tē dicunt qđ nō possunt dediče quin predcus Joñnes filius Joñnis coram ip̃is in plena Cuř plitoꝝ abjuř Insulas ip̃is tunc nō recol[legerunt] qđ indictat⁹ fuit de tam grossis feloniiis. Et q̃ tota cōitas testat̃ qđ nullus debet abjurare Insulas ex[cepto] refugiū ecclie. Idō p̃dci e omēs alii qui p̃sentes fūnt in g̃vi mīa.

Presentant qđ Abbas Majoris Monasterii e Abbas de Blanca-landa tenentur ab antiquo acquietare custag[iorum] e repačois ecclie de Bellosa p̃ lcia pte tē e jam inde se ret̃xerunt a tempe quo tenure sue fūant eis restitutae [post] ultimam guerram tē. Idō ip̃i in mīa. Et dist'ngantur ad repačom de cefo quatenus de jure solebant tē. Idem Abbes non veřsunt p̃mo die Itiñis. Idō ip̃i in mīa.

Presentant t̃ qđ dñs Rex habet in eoꝝ pochia quoddam bordagiū vocatum al botiller quod Rads de Beau..... modo tenet e continet v v'gař fre que valent p añ ij q̃r fri Et aliud bordagiū vocatū a Saece qđsiota tenet e continet v v'gař fre que valent p annū ij q̃r fri. Et habet s̃bordinarios s̃ Joñam la Barber que tenet

They present also that John son of John du Moulin was wont furtively to conceal the sheep of the neighbours & afterwards before Peter le Marchant then bailiff in open court abjured the islands although he had previously been bailed before the same at the assizes. And it is found by the rolls of the same Peter that John du Moulin, Richard Corbyn, John Toner & John Everye stood as sureties for the said John each of them body for body to have his body at these assizes for that he was indicted of stealing one anchor, & that he was wont to make instruments of crooked iron to open the locks of the doors furtively &c. And it is found by the rolls of the same bailiff that the said John son of John abjured the islands before the same bailiff &c. And the said Peter together with the jurats of the King & Matthew de la Court who are said to have been then present &c. questioned about this &c. say that they cannot gainsay but that the said John son of John before them in open court of pleas abjured the islands, but they did not recollect that he was indicted of such great felonies. And because the whole commonalty witnesses that no one ought to abjure the islands unless through the refuge of the Church, therefore the aforesaid & all the others who were present are to be heavily amerced.

They present that the Abbot of the Greater Monastery⁽¹⁾ & the Abbot of Blanchelande are held of old to pay of the costs & repairs of the Church St. Martin de Bellouse for the third part &c. and they have withdrawn therefrom ever since the time when their tenures were restored to them [after] the last war &c. Therefore they are to be amerced. And they are constrained to repair from henceforth inasmuch as by law they were wont &c. The same Abbots did not come on the first day of the eyre, therefore they are to be amerced.⁽²⁾

They present also that the lord the King has in their parish a certain bordage called Le Botiller which Ralph de Beau..... now holds & it contains 5 virgates of land which are worth per annum 2 quarters of wheat. And another bordage called Saitte whichsiota holds & it contains 5 virgates of land which are worth per annum 2 quarters of wheat. And he has his under-bordiers to wit Joan la Barber who holds one messuage & one virgate of land

(1) Marmoutier.

(2) As to the advowson of the Church of St. Martin de Bellouse see p. 11.

unū mesuaḡ e unū v'rgaṯ ĩre que valet p añ ij b3 ĩri. Et Radm
Marinde qui tenet j virgaṯ ĩre que valet p añ ij b3 ĩri. Et Pħm
Caree qui tenet iiij pticatas ĩre que valent p añ ij daner.....
Et Guillotum Tardif qui tenet j virgatam ĩre que valet p añ ij b3
ĩri ij pañ ij galliñ. Et Ranulph filius Radi de Rosel
emit sup idem bordaḡ quod preḡcus Guillot⁹ tenet reddm ij b3 ĩri
ij pañ e ij gal..... sine licenē dñi Reḡ tē. Ido reddit⁹ ille remaneat
dno Regi tē pro voluntate sua.

Presentant qđ Petr⁹ Doree, Thoñ de Bretan, Jordš de la Bouce
e Joħnes de la Bouce foderunt in via regia illam defiorantes tē. Ido
ĩpi in mĩa.

Comptū est p roĩlos Petri le Markaunt nup bałli tē qđ Guills le
Rey de Plemount convict⁹ fuit qđ fregit dentes uxĩs sue malicōse tē
e t qđ minabatur villate de Bellosa de incendio e feē finē p x š. Et
qđ Per..... e Henř de Lestak noctant^r insultaſunt Guillm Melege p
quo finem feēunt p xv š p pleḡ Thoñ de Lestok.

Adhuc de remanenĩ pochie Šci Andr.

Johanett⁹ Clouet insultavit Riēm le Fauconer in via regia e
eum vulnēavit und e feē finem p
xxxvj š. Idem t Joħnes coram Petro le Markaunt bałlio
..... noctant^r Joħm le Bretoun in via regia und sang's
e ha cla p

Comptū est t p Roĩlos ejusđ qđ Jenim⁹ Eſye appleg ad assiē p
Jumen et p uno plena Cuř
coram iĵo bałlio e Juř p Judm iĵo Juř abjuř
..... mĩa. Et Juř de duodena q, concelaſunt de Gui.....
..... est par Roĩlos Matħi de Cuř nunc
bałli qđ Tosteni. Ido in mĩa.

which is worth per annum 2 bushels of wheat, & Ralph Marinde who holds one virgate of land which is worth per annum 2 bushels of wheat; & Philip Caree who holds 4 perches of land which are worth per annum 2 small bushels; & Guillot Tardif who holds one virgate of land which is worth per annum 2 bushels of wheat, 2 loaves & 2 hens; & Ranulph son of Ralph de Rosel bought upon the same bordage which the said Guillot holds the rent of 2 bushels of wheat, 2 loaves & 2 hens without the license of the lord the King, &c. Therefore that rent shall remain to the lord the King &c. at his will.

They present that Peter Doree, Thomas de Bretan, Jordan de la Bouce & John de la Bouce dug in the King's high-way, spoiling the same &c. Therefore they are to be amerced.

It is found by the rolls of Peter le Marchant formerly bailiff &c. that William le Rey of Plemont was convicted of breaking his wife's teeth maliciously &c. And also that he threatened to set fire to the village of Bellouse & compounded for 10 sols. And that Per..... & Henry de Lestak by night assaulted William Melege for which they compounded for 15 sols by the pledge of Thomas de Lestak.

**Continuation of the remainder of the Parish of
St. Andrew.**

Johanett Clouet assaulted Richard le Fauconer in the high-way & wounded him, whereupon & compounded for 36 sols. Also the same John before Peter le Marchant the bailiff by night John le Bretoun in the King's high-way whereupon blood & 'Clameur de Haro' raised

It is also found by the rolls of the same that Jenimus Everye bailed at the assizes for a in open court before the same bailiff & jurats by the judgment of the same jurats abjured amerced. And the jury of 12 men because they concealed concerning William is by the rolls of Matthew de la Court now bailiff that of Tostain. Therefore to be amerced.

(M. 16 d.)

Adhuc de plitis de Corona.

Parochi Sci Sampsonis veñ p xij.

Presentant qđ đns Rex habet in manu sua de tra quozdam Radi le Feuere e Juliane diu est abjurarunt has Insulas vj virgatas tre que valent p annū iij q̄r ij bz fri de pva menš responsū est đno Regi e Robt^o le Gay modo tenet illas ad firmā. Itm đns Rex peipit xij deñ manus Pñi Ingan e participū suoz p ticia pte uni^o v'gata tre de dñicis tris đni Reg. Itm đns v š p annū p man^o hedū Riči Gilbt p duabz ptibz uni^o v'g tre de escheta uxis Robti p mañ Guithi le Caretter pro dia v'gať tre de eadm escheta. Percipit t đns Rex de feodo qui nunc est in marisco x š ad fm Sci Michis. Et si seminaretur Rex pcipet[me] lagiū e alias custumas ut de tra svili. Itm de feodo an legat xij q̄r iij bz fri ad pvam menš firma viij š xj đ. Et de rewardo ad Natale đni sepť capoñ viij xij denať. Itm escheta Robti Geoffrey tciam ptem j v'gať terť que valet j. busť fri per annū.

Presentant t qđ Guillot^o de Capella Junior noctant insultavit Colinum Burnel contra pacē p idm nich levavit clañ de hareu. Ido pred Guith sit in emenda.

Presentant t qđ Rad Burnel Capells una cū Pño e Colino fribz suis e Raulina Agnete e sororibz suis tenent de đno Rege unū meš e xxiiij bovas tre nesciunt p quod warantū nisi antiquo tč nec p quod sviciū sed dicunt qđ debēt p parte tenementoz suoz unū releviū in quod se extendit ad LX š j đ et pro quibusd aliis teneñtis dmiū releviū.

(M. 16 d.)

Continuation of the pleas of the Crown.

The parish of St. Sampson came by 12.

They present that the lord the King has in his hands of the land of certain Ralph le Fevre & Juliane [who] long ago abjured these islands 6 virgates of land which are worth per annum 4 quarters 2 bushels of wheat by the small measure: it is answered to the lord the King & Robert le Gay now holds the same to farm. Also the lord the King takes 12 deniers by the hands of Philip Ingan & his partners, for the third part of one virgate of land of the demesne lands of the lord the King. Also the lord 5 sols per annum by the hands of the heirs of Richard Gilbert for 2 parts of one virgate of land of the escheat of the wife of Robert by the hands of William le Caretter for half a virgate of land of the same escheat. Also the lord the King takes of the fee who now is, in the marsh 10 sols at the feast of St. Michael. And if it shall be sown the King shall take melage & other customs as of cultivated land. Also of the fee of Legat 12 quarters 3 bushels of wheat by the small measure farm 8 sols 11 deniers. And of reward at the Nativity of the Lord 7 capons 8 12 deniers. Also escheat of Robert Geffrey the 3rd part of one virgate of land which is worth one bushel of wheat by the year.

They present also that Guillot de la Chapelle, junior, by night assaulted Colin Burnel against the peace for the same Nicholas raised a 'Clameur de Haro.' Therefore the said Guillot to be fined.

They present also that Ralph Burnel, chaplain, together with Philip & Colin his brothers & Raulina, Agnes & his sisters hold of the lord the King one messuage & 24 bovates of land, but they do not know by what warrant unless of old &c., nor by what service, but they say that they owe for part of their tenements one relief in which extends to 60 sols one denier & for certain other tenements half a relief.

Henry de Vaugerard e Isabella de Vaugerard e participes sui tenent de dño Rege unū meš e bovas tre sine svičo faciendo preter quā sectam ad tres pñcipales curias p annū.

Presentant t̃ qđ dñs Rex habet donačom Capelle be Marie de Mariscis que valet coibz annis xx

Presentant t̃ qđ Abbas Majoris Monasterii račone decimaž quas pcepit in eoꝝ paroch debet e sol[ebat] pte ornamenta ecclie quecumq; manutenere e repare quociens necče fuit et jam per xij annos se s̃traxit et modo nō veñ. Et est libe tenens. Ido ipe in m̃ia. Et distingr ad p̃dctis re[pačom e] s̃tentačom de cetero t̃c.

Et Juř de duodena q; convicti fũnt de diŋsis conclamentis in examinačoe. Ido oĩes in m̃ia.

Presentant t̃ qđ Joħnes filius Nichi le Carpentier tenet quodam pvū clausū de cōmunia quod pať ej⁹ dum vixit p̃prestavit. Et valet p annū in oĩibz exitibz xij đ de quibz oñat̃ cujuslibz de v annis p̃xio p̃teritis. Iťm Guif de la Rivere teñ circiter quartā ptem uni⁹ v'gať cōmuna dñi Reğ de p̃prestura sua pp'a que valet p annū xij đ de quibz ipm oñatur salvo jure de v annis p̃xio p̃t̃itis. Iťm q; fecit p̃presturam illam sic in m̃ia. Iťm Rađs Renol tenet pvam placeam cōmuna dñi Reğ que valet p annū iiij^d de quibz oñatur salvo juř cujuslibet de quinz annis p̃xio p̃t̃itis. Et q; ipemet fecit p̃presturam. Ido ipe in m̃ia. Et Wilts de la Cuture quendam pontem lapideum Willi de Šbmonte ubi via iiij pedū semp debet esse. Ido ipe in m̃ia. Et pons refiat ad ej⁹ custagia. Et Gilbt⁹ Lorfeure, Petr⁹ de Hady e Joħnes La Musteng obstruxerunt viam regiam viij pedū de lapidibz

Henry de Vaugerard & Isabella de Vaugerard & their partners hold of the lord the King one messuage & bovates of land without doing service except suit at the 3 principal courts annually.

They present also that the lord the King had the gift of the Chapel of St. Mary des Marais which is worth one year with another 20

They present also that the Abbot of the Greater Monastery⁽¹⁾ by reason of the tithes which he takes in their parish ought & was wont to maintain part the ornaments of the Church whatsoever & to repair them as often as it was necessary & now for 12 years he withdrew himself & now he does not come. And he is a free tenant. Therefor he is to be amerced. And he is constrained to make the said repairs and maintenance from henceforth &c.

And the jury of 12 men because they were convicted of divers concealments in the examination. Therefore all to be amerced.

They present also that John son of Nicholas le Carpentier holds a certain small close of the common [land] which his father while he lived took wrongful possession of & it is worth by the year in all issues 12 deniers of which were charged each of the 5 years last past. Also William de la Rivere holds about the 4th part of one virgate of the common [land] of the lord the King of his own enclosure⁽²⁾ which is worth per annum 12 deniers, of which the same was charged saving the right of the 5 years last past. Also because he made that enclosure let him be amerced. Also Ralph Renol holds a small place of the common of the lord the King which is worth by the year 4 deniers of which he was charged saving the right each of the 5 years last past. And because he himself made that enclosure therefore he is to be amerced. And William de la Couture a certain stone bridge of William de Soulemont where a way of 4 feet always ought to be. Therefore he is to be amerced, & the bridge shall be rebuilt at his cost. And Gilbert Lorfevre, Peter de Hady & John La Musteng obstructed the

(1) Marmoutier.

(2) Purprestura (porprendre) means a wrongful possession.

..... quilibz eoꝝ p se p quod currus impediunt
ibidm t̃nsire. Ido ip̃i in m̃ia. Et via deobstruetur ad [ej⁹] custagia.

Presentant t̃ qđ Petr⁹ le Say noctant e de die sine licencia pis-
cabatur in sepali piscar̃ dñi Reġ e cepit anguillas tempe yemali. Ido
ip̃e in m̃ia et assig̃tur Juratis put patz alibi.

Presentant t̃ qđ nup devenit de Wrecco j pecia bordi navis unde
pars Reġ ij s̃ vj d̃ de quibz R. de Haddy respond. Percipit t̃ dñs
Rex de tenentibz suis in eoꝝ pochia de xLiij bovatis f̃re singlis annis
de firma ixⁱⁱ vj^d. Et de melagio de q^ulibz bovata f̃re viij danereff
f̃ri ad pvam meñs. Et de avena de rewardo xLiij bz rasi.⁽¹⁾ Et de
tenent eazdem pannagiū. Et modo se extendit pullagiū ad
Lxxj. Percipit t̃ dñs Rex camptū garba e lini de
eisdem qđ se extendit coiḃz annis ad xxxⁱⁱ. Et mag̃r P̃hus de Cheny
tenet de dño Reġ xj bovaḃ f̃re de carucata de Fouuill p sviciū custo-
diendi p̃sones t̃c e reddendo de qualibz bovata t̃c
viij danereff f̃ri de melaġ.

Presentant t̃ qđ cōe m̃catū debet esse oīi tempe toti⁹ anni sine
custumia t̃c et qđ cursus aque de Ma[risco] de Orgul in yeme est
sepat piscaria dñi Reġ et valet p annū

Presentant qđ dñs Rex habet t̃a bordagia in eoꝝ parochia videl̃
bordagiū quond Radi Geffrey unde Ha..... Geffrey sine liceñc dñi
Reġ alienavit sextam ptem j virgate f̃re quam Cecilia que fuit uḡ
Robt̃i A...line modo tenet e valet p añ j daneḃ f̃ri. Et Regiñ Wace
simitr pcipit iij bus̃s f̃ri de redditu de co..... bordagio alienatos
cuidam Olifo Carupel dū vixit sine liceñc dñi Reġ t̃c. Et Gilb̃tus
Lorfeure [simi]liter emit j daneḃ f̃ri de redditu t̃c of̃atu

(1) *Rasus* is applied to a measure of grain cut off level with the top of the mea-
sure. French "ras," English "strickle," a straight-edge used to sweep grain off
level with the top of the measure.

King's high-way for 8 feet with stones each of them by himself whereby carts are prevented from crossing there. Therefore they are to be amerced. And the way shall be cleared at their cost.

They present also that Peter le Say by night & by day without license fished in the several fisheries of the lord the King & took eels in winter time. Therefore he is to be amerced & is assigned before the jurats as appears elsewhere.

They present also that there lately came of wreck one piece of plank of a ship whereof the part of the King is 2 sols 6 deniers of which R. de Haddy shall answer. Also the lord the King takes of his tenants in their parish of 43 bovates of land every year of farm 9 livres 6 sols 6 deniers. And of melage of each bovat of land 8 small bushels of wheat by the same measure. And of oats of reward 43 bushels strickled. And of the tenants of the same pannage & pullage. And now the pullage extends to 71. Also the lord the King takes as champart sheaf & of flax in like manner which extends one year with another to 30 livres. And Master Philip de Cheny holds of the lord the King 11 bovates of land of the carucate de Fouvill by the service of keeping the prisoners &c. and by paying for each bovat &c. 8 small bushels of wheat of melage.

They present also that the common market ought to be throughout the whole year without custom &c. and that the course of the water of the Marais d'Orgueil in winter is the several fishery of the lord the King & is worth per annum

They present also that the lord the King has 3 bordages in their parish, viz, the bordage formerly of Ralph Geffrey whereof Ha..... Geffrey without the license of the lord the King alienated the 6th part of one virgate of land which Cecilia who was the wife of Robert A.....line now holds, & it is worth per annum one small bushel of wheat. And Reginald Wace likewise takes 3 bushels of wheat of rent of bordage alienated to a certain Oliver Carupel while he lived without the license of the lord the King, &c. And Gilbert Lorfèvre likewise bought one small bushel of

sup idm bordağ sine licenč tč. Ido omēs pđci redditus remaneant
đno Regi tč. Et extendit se pđcm bordagiū ad unū meš e iij
v'rgať t're que valent p annū vj busš fri. Et bordağ Jordi Testare
ad unū meš ij virğ t're e đi et valent p anñ viij busš fri e Rohtus
Picard emit ij busš fri de redditu ofatos sup idm bordağ sine licenč
đni Reğ. Et Ido reddit⁹ ille remaneat đno Regi tč ad
voluntatē suam. Et bordağ fantesine ad iij virğ t're que valeant p
anñ vj busš fri. Et Petr⁹ du Roker emit ij busš fri de redditu ofatos
sup idm bordagiū sine licenč đni Reğ. Ido remaneant đno Regi tč
ad voluntatē suam.

..... Rotlos Petri le Markaunt nup bałi tč qđ
Wilts de Capella Junior et Colin⁹ filius Eg.....
..... insultaſunt uřem Guilli Markes e eam vbaſunt
graviť. Ido fiant inde emende e
..... Rađs de Capella, Wilts frať ejus senior e Ričus
le Salvage. Comptum per
..... intepiem cecidit ext^a navē Peř
..... Et q Juř hoc celaſunt in veredič
..... Petri du Roker et Perrotus
..... fiant emende tč. Et predcus W.....
..... respondeat Jordanus m.....
..... e eam vbaſit cū acabli
..... Curia bałm tč
..... e t^xerunt

(M. 17.)

Adhuc de plitis Gorone de poč Šci Andr.

poč Šci Andr veň p vij.

Gerneř

Juř pſentant qđ Emmelota Malmar..... capta cū manuope de
quodam vellere Jořes fiť ejusdem captus cū
manuope de quadam archa e ferro de Wrecco đni R.....

wheat of rent &c. charged upon the same bordage without license &c. Therefore all the said rents to remain to the lord the King, &c. And the said bordage extends to one messuage & 3 virgates of land which are worth per annum 6 bushels of wheat. And the bordage of Jordan Testard to one messuage & 2½ virgates of land, & they are worth per annum 8 bushels of wheat, & Robert Picard bought 2 bushels of wheat of rent charged upon the same bordage without license of the lord the King. And Therefore that rent to remain to the lord the King &c. at his will. And the bordage of Fantosme at 3 virgates of land which are worth per annum 6 bushels of wheat. And Peter du Roker bought 2 bushels of wheat of rent charged upon the same bordage without the license of the lord the King. Therefore they shall remain to the lord the King &c. at his pleasure.

..... rolls of Peter le Marchant late bailiff &c. that William de la Chapelle, junior, & Colin son of Eg.....
..... assaulted the wife of William Markes & wounded her seriously. Therefore they shall make amends &
Ralph de la Chapelle, William his elder brother & Richard le Salvage. It is found by
by mischance fell out of the ship of Peter
..... And because the jurors concealed this in their verdict
..... of Peter du Roker & Perrot
..... let them make amends &c. And the said W..... shall answer Jordan
..... & beat her grievously
..... [de la] Court, bailiff &c.....
..... & drew

(M. 17.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of St. Andrew.

The parish of St. Andrew came by 12.

Guernsey.

The jurors present that Emmelota Malmar taken in the act of stealing a certain fleece John son of the same taken in the act of stealing a certain chest & iron from wreck

..... fuī tē ducti fuerunt ad Cuī dñi Reġ coram Petro le Marchaunt tunc Balt circiī fm̃ Šci Martini ad plita dñi Reġ coram p̃dco Petro e Juī dñi Regis p̃dca Emmelota vocasset inde ad Wa[rentiam] quendam e de Waranto defecisset e inde cōvicta fuisset abjuī Inś coram e Juī tē in plena Curia. Et p̃dcus Joñes fīt ejus similī. Ido ad Judm de p̃dcis Petro e qui p̃sent fuerunt ad p̃dcam abjuī tē qui omēs sunt in mīa q̃ sine Waranto. Eadem Emmelota fuit quamdā domū de quibz Robtus de Haddy tunc receptor respond. Iīm fuit catalla videlī ij vaccas iiij^h de quibz Joñes le Marchaunt tunc p̃poitus respond de XL š et Robtus de Haddy de XL š. Iīm fuit blada p̃cii XL š de quibz idm R̃ respond. Iīm iiij bident p̃cii iiij š v d de quibz de quibz idm R̃ respond. Iīm fuit alias ij bident p̃cii ij š ij d de quibz duodena respond p̃ eo qđ nesciunt diē ad quem bident ille devenert. Iīm fuit filū lane p̃cii ij š iiij d et unam tripodem debilem p̃cii iiij^d et pasuagiū p̃cii ij š de quibz idm R̃ respond. Iīm fuit unam patellam debilē p̃cii viij d de quibz idm p̃poitus respond. Iīm Ričus le Counte pximo anno post abjuī tē cepit ptm de ĩra p̃dce Emmelote p̃ ij š predca Emmelota fuit liām ĩram videlī v v'gaī ĩre que valent p̃ anī ult^a reddm̃ certum inde debitū iiij busī f̃ri. Et p̃dcus Joñes fīt ejusdem fuit de liā ĩra v'gaī ĩre e dimid que valent p̃ anī p̃ter reddm̃ tē j busī e dī f̃ri.

Presentant t̃ qđ in feodo de la Haule in eoꝝ pocti sunt ij bovaī e xvj virgaī ĩre que reddūt dño Regi p̃ anī vij q̃rī f̃ri p̃ manus p̃poiti ejusdem feodi. Et t̃ dñs Rex pcipit de viij bovaī e xvj virgaī ĩre xxxvj š p̃ anī de feodo Šci Salvatoris, videlī p̃ manus Oliſi Moigne e pticipū suoꝝ xij š. Et p̃ manus Guilli le Gros e pticipū suoꝝ xij š.

of the lord the King theft &c. were taken to the court of the lord the King before Peter le Marchant then bailiff about the feast of St. Martin at the pleas of the lord the King before the said Peter & the jurats of the lord the King the said Emmelota had called thereof to warranty⁽¹⁾ certain & had failed of the warranty & was convicted thereof abjured the islands before & the jurats &c. in open court. And the said John son of the same likewise. Therefore to the judgment of the said Peter & who were present at the said abjuration &c., who are all amerced because without warrant. The same Emmelota had a certain house of which Robert de Haddy then receiver shall answer. The same had chattels, to wit, 2 cows [valued at] 4 livres of which John le Marchant then Provost shall answer for 40 sols & Robert de Haddy 40 sols. The same had corn of the value of 40 sols of which the same R. shall answer. Also 4 sheep valued at 4 sols 5 deniers of which the same R. shall answer. The same had other 2 sheep valued at 2 sols 2 deniers of which the said 12 men shall answer because they are unable to say to whom those sheep went. The same had a yarn of wool valued at 2 sols 4 deniers & one old tripod price 3 deniers & pannage valued at 2 sols of which the same R. shall answer. Also one old pan valued at 8 deniers for which the said Provost shall answer. Also Richard le Counte in the next year after the abjuration &c. took part of the land of the said Emmelota for 2 sols. The said Emmelota had free land, to wit, 5 virgates of land which are worth per annum beside the certain rent thereon due 4 bushels of wheat. And the said John son of the same had of free land virgates of land & a half which are worth per annum besides the rent &c. one bushel & a half of wheat.

They present also that in the fee of la Haule in their parish there are 2 bovates & 16 virgates of land which pay to the lord the King by the year 7 quarters of wheat by the hand of the Provost of the same fee. And also the lord the King takes of 8 bovates & 16 virgates of land 36 sols per annum of the fee of St. Saviour, to wit, by the hands of Oliver Moigne & his partners 12 sols. And by the hands of William le Gros & his partners 12 sols. And by the

(1) To establish a certain fact or document.

Et p manus Riči Agace xij š. Item sunt in feodo as Rohays v bovať
fre que reddunt dno Regi p anñ iiij q̃rť e iiij danereť fri. Et xxxj š
vj đ p anñ de firma. Et iiij š de f̃ro licet major ps huj^o feodi sit in
pochi Šci Pet' de Bosco et debent p̃missa reddi dno Regi p manus
p̃poiti ejusdem feodi. Et debet p̃dcs feodus servare p̃sonas p volun-
tate dñi Regē. Ita tamen qđ dñs Rex invenit ceppos e tenentes ejusđ
feodi debent invenire anellos sive boias tč. Dicunt t̃ qđ ij virgať fre
e di que vocat' Dauinge tradite fuerunt Persone de Šco Andr p
iiij š que bn valent p anñ iiij š. Iđo idm P̃sona inde respondeat.
Et esčieta Riči de Hoga videt v p̃tictē fre que valent p anñ vj đ.
Percipit t̃ dñs Rex de feodo Anstaie xij đ p anñ videt j bovata fre.
Et de v bovatas fre de feodo de Burons v š p anñ. Dicunt t̃ qđ
dñs Rex pcipit de xj bovať fre de feodo Šce Elene iiij q̃rť ij busš e
iiij danereť fri p anñ ad pvam mensur et x š iiij đ oš de firma. Et
pullağ e pasnağ e modo sunt v meš in eodem feodo. Et dñs Rex
ñet de v virgať fre de feodo Goic ij q̃rť fri p manus Joñis de molen-
dino. Et de feodo Alavenne j busš fri p manus Petri Kemuel e
Galfri Maye e p̃ticipu suoz, Het e dñs Rex de esčieta ij virgať fre
Joñe la Hoheresse ij busš fri p anñ p manus ñedū Jordi Carupel.
Et de Rado Feroun ij busš fri de ead esčieta. Iťm ñet de clauso
Šci Andr xv š p anñ de firma et de j virgata fre esčiete p̃sbifi j sonđ
j busš fri. Et de j bovata fre de feodo Dame Aliz p manus Colini
Truan xx š. Et de feodo Aungevine iiij đ p anñ. Et de fra Riči de
Hoga j cať fri. Et dñs Rex modo ñet de residentibz in eoꝝ poch
circiť xxx hospitatos quoz quibz reddit dno Regi pullagiū e pasuagiū
quod valet coibz annis v š. Et de Brasağ v š. Et pcipit de eis
camptū mellağ aveñ de rewardo xvij đ de f̃ma.

hands of Richard Agace 12 sols. Also there are in the fee of Rohais 5 bovates of land which bring in to the lord the King by the year 4 quarters & 4 small bushels of wheat, & 36 sols 6 deniers per annum of farm, & 4 sols of wheat although the greater part of this fee is in the parish of St. Peter in the Wood & the premises ought to be paid to the lord the King by the hands of the Provost of the same fee. And the said fee ought to keep the prisons at the will of the lord the King, so nevertheless that the lord the King finds the stocks & the tenants of the same fee ought to find the handcuffs or fetters &c. They say also that $2\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land which is called Davienge were delivered to the parson of St. Andrew for 3 sols which are well worth per annum 4 sols. Therefore the same parson shall answer therefor. And the escheats of Richard de Hoga, to wit, 5 perches of land which are worth per annum 6 deniers. Also the lord the King takes of the fee of Anstai 12 deniers per annum viz. 1 bovat of land. And of 5 bovates of land of the fee of Burons 5 sols per annum. They say also that the lord the King takes of 11 bovates of land of the fee of Ste. Hélène 3 quarters 2 bushels & 4 small bushels of wheat per annum by the small measure & 10 sols $4\frac{1}{2}$ deniers of farm. And pullage and pannage & there are now 5 messuages in the same fee. And the lord the King has of 5 virgates of land of the fee of Gouies 2 quarters of wheat by the hand of John du Moulin. And of the fee of Liven 1 bushel of wheat by the hand of Peter Kemuel & Geoffrey May & their partners. The lord the King also has of escheat 2 virgates of the land of Joan la Hocheresse, 2 bushels of wheat per annum by the hands of the heirs of Jordan Carupel. And of Ralph Feroun 2 bushels of wheat of the same escheat. Also he has of the close of St. Andrew 15 sols per annum of farm & of 1 virgate of land of the escheat of the priest 1 farm 1 bushel of wheat. And of 1 bovat of land of the fee of Dame Alice by the hands of Colin Truan 20 sols. And of the fee of Aungevine 4 deniers per annum. And of the land of Richard de Hoga 1 cabot of wheat. And the lord the King now has of the residents in their parish about 30 innkeepers, each of whom pays to the lord the King pullage & pannage which is worth one year with another 5 sols. And of brewing 5 sols. And he takes of them champart, tribute, oats of reward & 17 deniers of farm.

Presentant eciam qđ Gillot⁹ fil Riči Goye post ultimas assisas p

diversis lat^ociniis abjuř Inř. Et nō fuit řras nec catalla. Et Guilltus le Botiller adiu est suspensus fuit e fuit libam řram videlř x virgař řre que valet p anř in omibz exiř xxv ř de quibz responsum est hucusq, đno Regi et adhuc respondet^r.

Presentant eciam qđ Alicia fit Jordi Malegue adiu est p fuř tč abjuř Inř. Et fuit libam řram unam v'gař e đ řre e valet p anř pter reddm tč j buss řri. Et Robtus le Rateys anno tč xxviii^o simitr abjuř Inř p fuř tč. Idm Robtus fuit tres solidř redd pvenientes đ řra quam Peřr modo tenet. Huit ř reddm j q^rř řri pvenientē de řra quam Płus de la Court modo tenet. Et řdc..... redđs aretro đno Regi. Iđo veniat đcus Płus inde res-ponsuř tč postea veřnt Jořnes de la Cuture e Henř de la Cutuř qui modo tenent predčtam řram e dicunt qđ predca terra ofřata fuit řri řsus eos de redditu ultra valorem ejusđ płusq, pred Robtus pquisivit reddm predčm sup řram illam. Et q, predčti Jořnes e Henř nō pos-sunt dediře quin predca řra quam řpi modo tenent ofřata fuit řsus predm Robtum de pred redđ j q^rř řri die abjuř tč. Iđo redđs ille remař đno Regi esčřeta. Et predčti Jořnes e Henř respondeant đno Regi de ix q^rř řri de arreř ix annoř.

Presentant eciam qđ Jonett⁹ de Molendino indictat⁹
..... assisas tč qđ ad feruras de nocte ad furand tč et qđ fuř quandam ancoram et eciam de velleri furtive retonsis e qđ fuit in societate Riči Frankel latroř tč. Et Gill..... de Molendino consang^lneus řpius Jonetti indictat⁹ qđ fuit in societate řpius Jonetti ad
..... ad Cuř đni Reğ e in eadem Cuř coram řđco Petro le Marchaunt

They present also that Gillot son of Richard Goye after the last assizes for divers thefts abjured the islands. And he had neither lands nor chattels. And William le Botiller was hanged long ago & had free land, to wit, 10 virgates of land which are worth per annum in all issues 25 sols for which it has been accounted to the King up to now & is still accounted for.

They present also that Alice daughter of Jordan Malegue long ago for theft &c. abjured the islands, & had free land, [viz.] 1 virgate & a half of land & it is worth per annum besides the rent &c. 1 bushel of wheat. And Robert le Rateys in the 28th year &c. likewise abjured the islands for theft &c. The same Robert had 3 sols rent issuing out of the land which Peter now holds. He had also the rent of 1 quarter of wheat issuing out of the land which Philip de la Court now holds. And the said rent is in arrear to the lord the King. Therefore let the said Philip come to answer for the same &c. Afterwards came John de la Couture & Henry de la Couture who now hold the said land & they say that the said land was charged against them of rent beyond the value of the same before the said Robert purchased the said rent upon that land. And because the said John & Henry cannot gainsay but that the said land which they now hold was charged against the said Robert of the aforesaid rent 1 quarter of wheat on the day of the abjuration &c. Therefore that rent shall remain to the lord the King as escheat. And the said John & Henry shall answer to the lord the King for 9 quarters of wheat of arrears for 9 years.

They present also that Jonett du Moulin was indicted assizes &c. that at for the purpose of stealing wheel tires by night &c. and that he stole a certain anchor & also concerning fleeces furtively clipped & that he was in the company of Richard Frankel a thief &c. And William du Moulin kinsman of the said Jonett was indicted for that he was in the company of the same Jonett at at the court of the lord the King & in the same court before the said Peter le Marchant

..... abjuř Ins. Ido ad Juđm de pđcis
Petro e Juř tč pśentes fuerūt ad pđcam abjuř.

Presentant t̃ qđ camptū dñi Regis in eoꝝ pochl videlř de xxxiiij
bovař ěre vař coibꝫ annis viij ti et qualꝫ bovata ěre reddit dño Regi
viij danereřt řri de melağ e debent tenentes coopire g̃ngiam dñi
Regis et tassare blada dñi Reğ. H̃et t̃ Dñs Rex in eadem pochl ij
molend quo vař coibꝫ annis xvj ti. P̃cipit t̃ dñs Rex v š p anñ de
fřma de marisco de Scala⁽¹⁾ in ead pochl.

(M. 17 d.)

Adhuc de plitis Corone de pochl Šci Andr.

Juř pśentant qđ Jord Clouet alias in ap'li anno ř E. Reğ Angt
přis dñi R̃ qui nūc est xxxij^o abjuř Inš in ecclia de Foresta p eo qđ
infecit quendam puerū abortivū in ventre Matiff Bonamy qui postea
rediit e modo veñ e ptulit cartam dñi E. reğ přis R̃ qui nūc est de
pdonačoe de pđcis feloñ e abjuř et irrotulat' alibi inf alas cartas tč.
Idm Jord ěuit catalla videlř j eqū p̃cii xxxij š debilis monete. Et
blada p̃cii C v š et ij agnos p̃cii viij š et j porcū p̃cii v š de quibꝫ
Rořtus de Haddy tunc receptor respond. Idm ěuit liřam ěram unde
añus e vastum simul cū quadā cista vj ti e xiiij busř řri de quibꝫ
idm Rořtus respond. Et sciend est qđ pđcus Rořtus ptulit quodd
ěre pđci dñi Reğ p pđčo Jerđo in hec vba. Edwardus tč dilco e
fidei suo Ottoni de Grandisono Custodi Insulaꝫ suaz de Gerneseye
e Gereseye vel ejus locum tenenti salřm. Cum plitum inf Matiff
Bonamy e Jordanū Cloyet juniorem in foro eccl'iastico de mat'monio
inf ipos Matiff e Jordanū cont'hendo motū fuisset ac eadem Matiff

(1) Scala is the property of "l'Echelle", where there is a mill. It is held on condition of providing the ladder for executions which took place hard by in the *Courtill du Gibet*.

..... abjured the islands. Therefore to judgment of the said Peter & the jurats &c. who were present at the said abjuration.

They present also that the champart of the lord the King in their parish, to wit, of 34 bovates of land is worth one year with another 8 livres, & each bovaté of land pays to the lord the King 8 small bushels of wheat of melage & the tenants owe the duty of covering the grange of the lord the King & to stack the corn of the lord the King. Also the lord the King has in the same parish 2 mills which are worth one year with another 16 livres. Also the lord the King takes 5 sols per annum of farm of the marsh of Scala in the same parish.

(M. 17 d.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
St. Andrew.

The jurors present that Jordan Clouet at another time in April in the 32nd year of the reign of E. King of England father of the present lord the King abjured the islands in the Church of the Forest for that he killed a certain abortive child in the body of Matilda Bonamy, who afterwards returned & now came & brought a letter of pardon of the lord King E. father of the present King for the said felony & abjuration & it is enrolled elsewhere among other charters, &c. The same Jordan had chattels, to wit, 1 horse value 32 sols of poor money. And corn value 105 sols & 2 lambs value 8 sols & 1 pig value 5 sols of which Robert de Haddy then Receiver shall answer. The same had free land whereof the year & waste⁽¹⁾ together with a certain chest 6 livres & 14 bushels of wheat of which the same Robert shall answer. And let it be known that the said Robert produced a certain writ of the said lord the King for the said Jordan in these words: Edward &c. to his beloved & faithful Otto de Grandison Warden of his islands of Guernsey & Jersey or his lieutenant greeting. Whereas the suit between Matilda Bonamy & Jordan Cloyet, junior was moved in the ecclesiastical court concerning a marriage to be contracted between the said Matilda & Jordan & the

(1) Year and waste is a forfeiture belonging to felony.

in eodem foro p pcessum pliti p̄dicti t̄ras de ip̄o Jordano excoīcandi impetrasset p̄dcus Jordanus eidem Matiff impregnanti e d̄cas t̄ras excoīcatorias deferenti obvians ut t̄ras p̄dcas ab ip̄a eripet ip̄am Matiff humo p̄stravit e bursam ip̄ius Matiff cum t̄ris p̄dcis sexdecim denař turronensiũ nigroz in eadem bursa existentibz eidem Matiff abstulit oc̄cone cuj^o p̄straçois puer in ventre ejusd̄ Matiff obiit p quod ip̄a pepit abortivũ e sic p̄dcus Jordanus int̄fecit p̄dcem puerũ casu fortuito e nō p feloniam aut maliciam excogitatam e hiis oc̄conibz e nō alia de causa Insulas p̄dcas e celas adjacentes Insulas abjuravit, sicut p recordũ Petⁱ le Marchaunt nũc tenentes locũ vřm p̄fate Otto in Insulas p̄dcis quod coram nob̄ venire fecim^o nob̄ constat e put in t̄ris nřis patentibz de p̄donac̄oe mortis t̄nsgř e abjurac̄ois p̄dcaz eidem Jordano confectis plenius cōtinet^r volentes eidem Jordano gřam façe ubiorem vob̄ mandam^o qđ om̄es t̄ras e teñ que fuerunt ip̄ius Jordani in Insulis p̄dcis die abjurac̄ois p̄dca e que de nob̄ tenēt^r ac eciam om̄ia bona e catalla sua oc̄cone mortis t̄nsgressiois e abjurac̄ois p̄dcaz in manũ nřam capta si t̄re ille e teñ tanq̄^a escaeta nřa ac bona e catalla p̄dca oc̄cone p̄dca tanq̄^a forisfca ad nos debeant ptinere eidem Jordano libari façe de gřa nřa sup̄dca Salvis vob̄ p̄fate Otto juribz ad vos spectantibz in hac pte. T. me ip̄o apud Lincolñ scđo die Januař anno ř ñ tricesimo t̄cio.

Et Juř duodene pro diřsis conclamentis de quibz cōvicti fřut in examinaçoe t̄c. Idō om̄es in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ quidam Girard de Cassade de Vascoñ pquisivit quasdam t̄ras in hac Inš plusq̄^a desponsavit Agnetē Gay et postq̄^a ip̄am desponsavit, pquisivit quedam alia teñ ip̄is conjunctim t̄c teñ que pquis ante desponsaçoem j meš e x virgaĩ t̄re de quibz meš e iiij virḡ t̄re valent p añ iiij q̄rĩ fri et vj virgaĩ resid valent p añ vj busĩ fri. Et idm Girards obiit jam uno anno elapso p quod t̄ra

same Matilda in the same court in the course of the said suit obtained letters of excommunication concerning the said Jordan, the said Jordan (the said Matilda being pregnant & carrying the said letters of excommunication) in order to take away the said letters from her, threw the said Matilda to the ground, & took away the purse of the said Matilda with the said letters, 16 deniers of black tournois being in the same purse of the said Matilda, by reason of which throwing down the child in the body of the said Matilda died having had a miscarriage, & so the said Jordan killed the said child by accident & not feloniously with malice aforethought, & for these reasons & for no other cause he abjured the said islands & the other adjacent islands, as is proved by the record of Peter le Marchant now the lieutenant of you the said Otto in the said islands which we caused to be brought before us & as in our letters patent of pardon for the death transgression & abjuration of the same made to the said Jordan more fully is contained, willing to show to the same Jordan our more abundant grace we command you that you cause all the lands & tenements which belonged to the said Jordan in the said islands on the day of the said abjuration & which are held of us & also all his goods & chattels taken into our hands by reason of the death, transgression & abjuration aforesaid, if those lands & tenements ought to belong to us as our escheats & the said goods & chattels for the reason aforesaid as forfeitures, to be delivered to the said Jordan of our grace abovesaid, saving to you the said Otto the rights belonging to you in this behalf. Witness myself at Lincoln the 2nd day of January in the 33rd year of our reign.

And the jury of 12 men for divers concealments of which they were convicted in the examination &c., therefore all to be amerced.

They present also that a certain Girard de Cassade of Gascony purchased certain lands in this island before he married Agnes Gay & after he married her he purchased certain other tenements to themselves jointly &c. the tenements which he purchased before the marriage 1 messuage & 10 virgates of land of which the messuage & 4 virgates of land are worth per annum 3 quarters of wheat & the 6 virgates the residue are worth per annum 6 bushels of wheat. And the same Girard died a year ago whereby his land remains in

ejus remanet in manū dñi Reġ quousq, fides veniant tē et Petrus Darcys qui fram illam tenet de licencia tē inde oñet. Et dictū est eidem Petro qđ dotet pđcam Agnetan, tē. Et extracta fcia pte remanet dño Regi xij bus̃ fri e di p añ.

Et sciend qđ pđcs Petrus ostendit hic quendam quem dicit desponsasse filiam e fiedam ipius Girardi qui uō fuit admissus p eo qđ uxor sua nō fuit psens tē.

Presentant eciam qđ Robtus Constañ Epus tenet in eoꝝ pocti x bovas fte e debet venire ad tres pncipales Cuř dñi Regis sine sumoñ et q, nō veñ ad assisas tē. Ido in mīa.

Presentant t qđ Abbas de Cruce Šci Leofredi tenet ij bovař fte in dñico. Et tenentes sui tenent xx bovař fte que debent dño Regi serviciū custodiendi psonas p voluntate dñi Regis. Et debet idm Abbas venire ad tres pncipales Cuř dñi Regis p añ sine sumoniçõe tē. Et q, nō veñ ad ass̃ tē. Ido in mīa.

Presentant t qđ Abbatisa de Cadomo tenet vj bovař fte e debet venire ad tres pncipales Cuř dñi Regis p añ sine sumoniçõe tē et q, nō veñ pmo die Itiñis. Ido in mīa.

Presentant t qđ Abbas Majoris Monastii debet venire ad tres pncipales Cuř dñi Regis p añ sine sumoniçõe et q, nō veñ pmo die Itiñis. Ido in mīa.

Wal. Presentant t qđ Petrus le Fournier Reymundus Johan e Joñes Clouet fregeř assm panis e vini. Ido in mīa.

Comptū est p Roilos Petri le Markaunt tunc Baři tē qđ p quamdam inquisiçõe quam idm Petr^o cepit ex officio Ricūs Hamelyn indictatus fuit qđ ipe fregit domū ejusdm Petri et inde asportavit bona ejusd valoř xxx^{li} et statim postea idm Riçs fugit ad eccliam Šci Andr

the hands of the lord the King until the heirs shall come &c., & Peter Darcys who holds that land by license &c. is charged thereof. And it is said to the said Peter that he should dower the said Agnes, &c. And the 3rd part being subtracted there remains to the lord the King 13½ bushels of wheat per annum.

And be it known that the said Peter presents here a certain person whom he says has married the daughter & heir of the said Girard, who was not admitted because his wife was not present &c.

They present also that Robert, Bishop of Coutances, holds in their parish 10 bovates of land & owes the duty of coming to the 3 principal courts of the lord the King without summons & because he did not come to the assizes &c. therefore to be amerced.

They present also that the Abbot of St. Leufroy of the Cross⁽¹⁾ holds 2 bovates of land as demesne. And his tenants hold 20 bovates of land which owe to the lord the King the service of keeping the prisons at the will of the lord the King. And the same Abbot owes the duty of coming to the 3 principal courts of the lord the King each year without summons &c. And because he did not come to the assizes &c. Therefore to be amerced.

They present also that the Abbess of Caen holds 6 bovates of land & owes the duty of coming to the 3 principal courts of the lord the King each year without summons &c. and because he did not come on the first day of the eyre, therefore to be amerced.

They present also that the Abbot of the Greater Monastery owes the duty of coming to the 3 principal courts of the lord the King each year without summons & because he did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore to be amerced.

The Vale.

They present also that Peter le Fournier Reymund Johan & John Clouet broke the assize of bread & wine. Therefore to be amerced.

It is found by the rolls of Peter le Marchant, then bailiff &c. that by a certain inquisition which the same Peter took by virtue of his office Richard Hamelyn was indicted for breaking into the house of the same Peter & taking goods of the same to the value of 30 livres,

(1) A Benedictine Abbey near the river Eure, Diocese of Evreux. See on this subject Havet, *Cours Royales des Iles Normandes*, p. 73.

et tenuit se in eadem p spaciu xx dieꝝ e amplius et postea reddidit se ad p'sonam dñi Regis et Juř sup hoc adjudicaverunt aliam inquisiçoem inde fieri p quod idm Petř cepit inde aliam inquis p sbs'ceptos Drogonē Anverre, Robtm Adam, William le Joevene, Willm Revel, Riēm Dany, Petrū Fale, Willm Salamon, Riēm du Val, Colinū le Peytevyn, Willm frēm ejus e Joēm Peyn qui pđcm Riēm de lat'cinio pđco acquietaverunt et sic idm Petr⁹ Balts tē pmisit eum abire. Et quia tota cōitas recordat⁹ qđ Balts nō hiet potestatem capiendū inquisiçoem sup aliquem felonē nisi captū quasi cū manuoꝑe quod vocant casū p'sentem. Iđo tam pđcs Petr⁹ qm pđci Juř in mīa. Et Riūs capiat⁹.

[Respice de remanenti in Rořlo de Bellosa.]

(M. 18.)

Adhuc de plitis Corone ibiđm.

Gerneř

Joñes Estur arrestat⁹ p clām de Harou p ej⁹ injuriam noctanř levat⁹ de eo videlř qđ misericordē fere usq; ad punctū ad quond Marineř qui pfit⁹ levavit clām et inde in qua se poř veñ e feč finē p xvij s quos solvit Joēm de Šbmonte ad p'sens Joñes Estur juř taciř sacrořtis qđ non inquietabit aliquē de ballis e ministris dñi Reģ occ'sone pred.

Paroch de Wale veñ p xij.

Wale.

Juř p'sentant qđ Rađph filius Colini Gobbe puer in bercia ingulat⁹ fuit p quendam porcum porcus combust⁹ fuit p consuetudiem que quid conř ex nunc phibet⁹ sꝝ t'tant⁹ huj⁹ catalla dñi Reģ.

Presentant eciam qđ Riūs filius Joñis de Capella est cōmunis latro et fugit et malecřr e utlag⁹ nulla hiet catalla.

& immediately after the same Richard fled to the Church of St. Andrew & kept himself in the same for the space of 20 days & more & afterwards gave himself up at the prison of the lord the King & the jurats upon this adjudged that another inquisition be made thereof, in consequence of which the same Peter took thereof another inquisition by the underwritten Drogo Anverre, Robert Adam, William le Joevene, William Revel, Richard Dany, Peter Fale, William Salamon, Richard du Val, Colin le Petevyn, William his brother & John Payn who acquitted the said Richard of the said theft & so the said Peter the bailiff &c. allowed him to go away. And because all the commonalty records that a bailiff has not the power to proceed by inquisition against any felon unless taken as in the very act, as they term the present case. Therefore as well the said Peter as the said jurats are to be amerced. And let Richard be taken.

[For the remainder see the roll of [St. Martin de] Bellouse.]

(M. 18.)

Continuation of the pleas of the Crown there.

Guernsey.

John Estur arrested for a 'Clameur de Haro' raised on account of his wrong-doing by night for that to wit, that
.....(?) to a former sailor who long ago raised clameur & thereof in which he put himself came & compromised for 18 sols which he paid to John de Soulemont at present John Estur sworn on the Gospels that he will not disturb any of the bailiffs & officers of the lord the King

The parish of the Vale came by 12.

Vale.

The jurors present that Ralph son of Colin Gobbe a child in the cradle was suffocated by a certain pig the pig was burnt according custom, which said custom is now prohibited but his chattels are assigned of the lord the King.

They present also that Richard son of John de la Chapelle is a common thief & fled & is suspected & outlawed. He has no chattels.

Presentant t̃ qđ Rađs filius Jordī le Gobbe furabatur unam tunicam Colini La Musteng ecam ux̃is Michis de la Folie e est cōmunis latro. Et dicunt qđ Jonett⁹ filius Joñnis, Robt filius pixidem e fuī unā sūmam pecunie et predcti Rađs e Jonett⁹ fuḡ e malecʳ Judm ex̃a e utlaḡ fnt catalla.

Guiff Toytin rectat⁹ de eo qđ vulñaĩ Guiffm Aneyne in domo Luce Le M̃cer noctant̃ unde clamor de Harou levat⁹ fuit veñ e defend totū t̃c e poñ se sup patiam Juĩ dicunt sup sac̃m suū qđ p̃dc Guiff in nullo inde est culpablis, dicunt tñ qđ tñta contumelia inĩ eos p injuriā Guiffi Aneyne noctant̃ vulñaĩ p̃dcem Guiffm Toytin p modū cruris p quod claĩ de harou levat⁹ fuit. Ido predctus Guiffm Aneyne fac̃ inde emend̃ dño Regi.

Presentant eciam qđ Petr⁹ le Peletter sp̃ensus fuit in penultimis assisis qui quidem Petr⁹ fuit unam domū p̃cii XL š et unam vʳgaĩ t̃re que valet p annū in om̃ibz exitibz xij š. Et testatū est qđ Petr⁹ le Markaunt tunc balls vendidit Priori de Wale predctam domū et eciam catalla sua p vj ti qui si p̃lus non ponantur in sūmoniçõe nec inde responsū f̃fuit ponantʳ hic p eo videl̃t qđ de eis nō fit menço in aliis ass̃is. Et pred Petrus sim̃t cum Dyoñ de Tillebuĩ receptore inde respondeb̃t nich̃ ubi de escheĩ p eo qđ Prior emit annū et vastū e totū t̃c s̃b p̃d p̃cio ht t̃ra est de feodo suo.

Presentant eciam qđ piscatores ville sue reddunt magnam customā pisc̃m Abbi de Monte Šci Mich̃ dño suo sed nesciunt utrum de Jure nec ne et hoc t̃minabitʳ in quo Waranto t̃c.

Joña filia Rađi de la Fontelle alias convicta coram Mat̃ho de Curia baltio e Juĩ dñi Reḡ qđ ip̃a duxit filiam suā ux̃em Riçi Caun in quad p̃va domo que vocatur la Cote. Ranulphi Gautier ut quidam

They present also that Ralph son of Jordan le Gobbe stole a tunic of Colin La Musteng & the wife of Michael de la Folie & is a common thief. And they say that Jonett son of John, Robert son [broke open] a chest & stole a sum of money, & the said Ralph & Jonett fled & are suspected. Judgment demanded & they are outlawed have chattels.

William Toytin accused for that he had wounded William Aneyne in the house of Luke le Mercer by night whereupon a 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, came & defended all &c. and submitted himself to the verdict of the country. The jurors say upon their oath that the said William is in nothing guilty thereof, they say nevertheless that there having been a dispute between them by the tort of William Aneyne he wounded the said William Toytin by night on his leg wherefore the 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. Therefore the said William Aneyne shall make amends to the lord the King therefor.

They present also that Peter le Pelletier was hanged at the last assizes but one, which said Peter had a house value 40 sols & a virgate of land which is worth per annum in all issues 12 sols. And it is witnessed that Peter le Marchant then bailiff sold to the Prior of the Vale the aforesaid house & also his chattels for 6 livres which, if they have not previously been put in the summons or if no answer was made, are put here for that to wit, no mention is made of them in the other assizes. And the said Peter together with Dyon de Tillebury, Receiver, shall not answer therefor, beyond of escheat, for that the Prior bought the year & waste & the whole &c. under the price aforesaid & the land is of his fee.

They present also that the fishermen of their village pay the great custom of fish to the Abbot of Mount St. Michael their lord but they know not whether of right or not, & this shall be determined in the quo waranto &c.

Joan daughter of Ralph de la Fontelle convicted elsewhere before Matthew de la Court bailiff & the jurats of the lord the King for that she took her daughter the wife of Richard Caun into a certain small house which is called la Cote of Ranulph Gautier in

ex^{ne} ibid concumberet cū ea in adultio p quod mittebatur p'sone modo veñ et remittit' p'sone redimend' tē. Postea predca Johā p consiliū Juř punitur per pilorm' tē.

Presentant t qđ dñs Rex fīt in villa sua quinq cōmunas quas una vocatur la Hüge de Wale scđa La Round Maresck fcia Les Angles as Goscelins q̄rta Les Laundes quinta que magna est vocatu' Les Grenes de Maresk.

Presentant t qđ Scolastica de Parys in quadrag' anno Reġ pat's tē xxx^o abjuř Insulas pro morte Infantis sui e fuit lram libam feditař scilř tres v'gatas f're que valēt p annū ix busř que sunt escheta Abbis de Monte Šci Michis et dñs Rex fuit annū e vastū simul cum catař tē sed ipa p't rediit cum f'ris dñi Reġ de pdonačoe plena tē.

Presentant t qđ post ultias assisas in hyeĩn anno Reġ pat's tē xxxiiij^{to} devenit Wreck in pochi sua de vinis e m'curio unde p'pars Regis valuit C 3 de quibz Robtus Hady Receptor respondeb.

Presentant t qđ Petr^o Amelot, Jořnes Robti e Jord Robti feřunt ⁽¹⁾ assisam panis. Ido

Presentant t qđ Jořnes fit Radi de Fontenella tenet de p'prestura a xx annis fca sup cōmunam dñi Reġ ad menř j pticař f're que valet p annū vj đ. Et Johā filia Thome Harpyn e participes sui tenent de cosimili p'prestura fca a x annis elapsis ad menř die pticate que valet p annū ij đ. Et Petr^o Salomon tenet de p'prestura fca sup viam regiam p patrem suū a x annis elapsis ad mensuř viij pedū in latitudiē e vj pticatař in Longē quod valet p annū ij ř. Et Robtus Stephi a iiij annis elapsis feč simiř p'presturā appropriando sibi unam pticatā f're que valet p anū vj đ. Et Jořnes de la Mare simiř a iiij annis tē feč p'presturā approp'antē s' iiij ptič f're que valent p

(1) Doubtless an error for fregerunt.

order that a stranger might lie with her there in adultery for which she was sent to prison, now comes & is sent back to prison to compound &c. Afterwards the said Joan by the counsel of the jurats is punished with the pillory &c.

They present also that the lord the King has in their village 5 commons whereof one is called La Hougue du Val, the second La Round Marais, the third Les Angles ès Goscelins, the fourth Les Landes, the fifth which is large is called Les Grenes des Marais.

They present also that Scolastica de Parys in Lent in the 30th year of the King the father, &c. abjured the islands for the death of her infant & had free land of inheritance, to wit, 3 virgates of land which are worth per annum 9 bushels which are escheats of the Abbot of Mount St. Michael & the lord the King had the year & waste together with the chattels &c., but afterwards she returned with letters of the lord the King of full pardon &c.

They present also that after the last assizes in the winter in the 34th year of the King the father, &c. there occurred as wreck in their parish of wines & quick-silver whereof the share of the lord the King was worth 100 sols & of which Robert Hady the Receiver shall answer.

They present also that Peter Amelot, John Robert & Jordan Robert broke the assize of bread. Therefore

They present also that John son of Ralph de Fontenelle holds by encroachment made 20 years ago upon the common of the lord the King to the measure of one perch of land which is worth by the year 6 deniers. And Joan daughter of Thomas Harpyn & her partners hold of like encroachment made ten years ago to the measure of half a perch which is worth by the year 2 deniers. And Peter Salomon holds of encroachment made upon the King's high-way by his father 10 years ago to the measure of 8 feet in breadth & 6 perches in length which is worth per annum 2 sols. And Robert Stephen 20 years ago made a like encroachment appropriating to himself one perch of land which is worth per annum 6 deniers. And John de la Mare likewise 4 years ago &c. made an encroachment appropriating to himself 3 perches of land which are worth by the year 12 deniers.

annū xij d. Et Prior de Wale s. Joñnes de la Porte inclusit ad op^o suū de cōmuna dñi Regē des Laundes ad longitudiēm vij p̄ticataz e latitudē ad j capd j p̄tič e aliud capd die p̄tič que valet p̄ annū iij s̄ de quibz respondē dño Regi salvo Juř cuj^olibz. Et p̄dci Rořt^o Joñs de la Mare qui fečunt p̄presturas sint in m̄ia.

(M. 18 d.)

Adhuc de p̄litis Gorone ibidem de Wale.

Juř p̄sētant qđ dñs Rex habet quandam feodi firmam in Wale de xx s̄ ij d̄ p̄cipiend p̄ man^o p̄pōiti qui pro tempe f̄fuit mediē videlē ad paschē e aliam medietatē ad f̄m S̄ci Joñnis Bap̄t. Et dicunt quod ballis dñi Regē de In̄s se quinto homi hēbit p̄ndium suū teř in anno ap̄d P̄oratum de Wale et hoc post tres magnas Curias. Et dicunt qđ Abbas de Monte S̄ci Michis in picto maris ad cuj^o voluntatē Prior de Wale removendus est tē deb̄ venire ad p̄dcas tres Curias. Dicunt eciam qđ dñs Rex deb̄ hēre omēs pisces regales captos p̄ quoscumq̄ hoīes de pochl sine aliqua p̄cunia p̄ eis solvenda. Itē dicunt qđ quolibz t̄cio anno dñs Rex deb̄ hēre de quolibz hoīe pred̄ce ville qui h̄uerit cař valoris xx soř v̄t amplius xij d̄ et de vidua que h̄uerit cař valoris XL soř xij d̄ pro moneagio seu fumagio et valet coibz annis cū acciderit xij h̄i iij s̄. Dicunt eciam qđ dñs Rex debet hēre supvisorem vini panis e ēviš in pochl pred̄ ad custodiendam assisam et eciam de menš e ponderē. Et emende tam de assisa vini panis e ēviš qđ eciam de falš ponderē e menš dño Regi ptinent. Dicunt ecia qđ dñs Rex deb̄ p̄ ministros suos supvidere omē Wreckū p̄veiēns in pochl p̄d p̄usq̄ Prior ad hoc manus apponat. Et dicunt qđ mantellus de skarleta sine attachia aurū non opatū serica non opata skarleta integre mere spectant ad dñm Regē. Dicunt eciam qđ dñs Rex deb̄ hēre

And the Prior of the Vale, viz. John de la Porte enclosed to his use out of the lord the King's common des Landes to the length of 7 perches & in breadth to the one end one perch & to the other end half a perch, which is worth by the year 4 sols, of which they shall answer to the lord the King, saving the rights of each. And the said Robert [and] John de la Mare who made those encroachments shall be amerced.

(M. 18 d.) ***Continuation of the pleas of the Crown there of the Vale.***

The jurors present that the lord the King has a certain fee farm in the Vale of 20 sols 2 deniers to be received by the hands of the Provost for the time being, to wit, the moiety at Easter & the other moiety at the feast of St. John the Baptist. And they say that the bailiff of the lord the King of the Island himself being that fifth man⁽¹⁾ shall have his dinner 3 times in the year at the Priory of the Vale & this after the 3 great courts. And they say that the Abbot of Mount St. Michael 'in periculo maris' at whose will the Prior of the Vale is removable &c. owes the duty to come to the said courts. They say also that the lord the King ought to have all the royal fish taken by what men soever of the parish without paying any money for the same. They also say that each third year the lord the King ought to have of every man of the said village who shall have chattels of the value of 20 sols or more 12 deniers, & of the widow who shall have chattels of the value of 40 sols, 12 deniers for moneage or fumiage & it is worth on an average when it shall occur 12 livres 3 sols. They say also that the lord the King ought to have a surveyor of wine, bread & ale in the said parish to keep the assize & also of measures and weights. And the amends as well for the assize of wine, bread & ale as also of false weights & measures belong to the lord the King. They say also that the lord the King should by his officers to survey all wreck occurring in the said parish, before the Prior lays his hands upon it. And they say the mantles of scarlet without fastenings, gold not worked, silk not worked, & whole scarlet belong entirely to the lord the King. They say also that the lord

(1) i.e. the Bailiff and four others.

annū e vastū de quolibz felone dñi Reġ in poch predca. Et deb hēre omēs aves regales scilī austruciū falconū cignū e huj⁹ aves. Ita tamen qđ captor huj⁹ avū deb hēre de baltio dñi Reġ v s Turroñ e quoddam repastum. Dicunt eciam qđ dñs Rex fīt ibidm omimoda plita Corone tam de effusione sangⁿis et claī de harou e accabliamento ⁽¹⁾ qđ de aliis quibuscumz plitis Corone tē.

Presentant t qđ tenentes de feodo an Legat in dcta poch debent dno Regi p annū v buss fri v capoñ e iij galliñ e iij d. Et cum deferant⁹ ad Granġ dñi Reġ p eos ob defectū ppoiti dñi Reġ nō querentes tē. Lator hēbit pñdiū vī duos denař. Debent t dno Regi in dcti poch xxj d nōie firme e de feodo de nigro monte de auxilio xij s iij d ad pred fmīos p manus ppoiti de feodo Šci Michis.

Et Juř duodene pro diřsis concelamentis de quibz convicti fūnt in examinaçõe tē sint in mīa.

Presentant t qđ Abbas de Monte Šci Michis non veñ p^{mo} die sumoniē Itiřis. Ido in mīa.

Presentant t qđ post ultimas ašs devenit Wreccū in eoř pochia in portu de Enfer vina e macreniū unde pparš dñi Regis C s de quibz Rořtus de Haddy respond.

Presentant t qđ cū Jořnes Gaydon opasset in quarrera cum quadam picoyša lapides ceciderunt sup eum unde statim obiit, et nullus alius inde malec. Judm Infortuniū pēii picoyse ij s vj d qui assig^{nt} Jořne que fuit uř iřius Jořnis p deo.

Presentant t qđ Gařfrus le Cu aditus p paup^{tate} e dolore spendit se iřm et nullus alius inde malec. Judm felo de se. Nulla fuit catalla.

(1) French—accabler.

the King ought to have year & waste of each felon of the lord the King in the said parish. And he ought to have all royal birds, to wit, goshawks, falcons, swans & such like birds, so nevertheless that the taker of such birds ought to have of the bailiff of the lord the King 5 sols Tournois & a certain repast. They say also that the lord the King has there all manner of pleas of the Crown as well for the shedding of blood & 'Clameur de Haro' & battery as of other pleas of the Crown whatsoever &c.

They present also that the tenants of the fee of Legat in the said parish owe to the lord the King by the year 5 bushels of wheat, 5 capons, 3 hens & 3 deniers. And when they shall be brought to the grange of the lord the King by them through default of the Provost of the lord the King not asking for them &c. the bearer shall have his dinner or 2 deniers. There are owing also to the lord the King in the said parish 21 deniers by the name of farm & of the fee of Noirmont of aid 12 sols 4 deniers at the said terms by the hands of the Provost of the fee of St. Michael.

And the jury of 12 for divers concealments of which they were convicted in examination, &c. are to be amerced.

They present also that the Abbot of Mount St. Michael did not come on the first day of the summons of the eyre. Therefore to be amerced.

They present also that after the last assizes there came of wreck in their parish in the port of Enfer⁽¹⁾ wine & timber whereof the share of the lord the King is 100 sols of which Robert de Haddy shall answer.

They present also that when John Gaydon was working in a quarry with a certain pickaxe stones fell upon him whereupon he died immediately, & nobody else is suspected thereof. Judgment—an accident. Value of the pickaxe 2 sols 6 deniers which are assigned to Joan who was the wife of the said John for a deodand.

They present also that Geoffrey le Cu moved by poverty & grief hanged himself & nobody else is suspected. Judgment—felo de se. He had no chattels.

(1) Portinifer.

Colinus le Cacher inventus fuit in caſſa Rauline filie Radi Isonde volens fuī fuiſſe p̄ndiū ibidem. Ido puniat' p pilorm̄ tē.

Comptū est p Roīlos Petri le Markaunt nup baīli tē qđ Alanus le Provost in Litorio infra refluctu maris insultavit Joīhem filiū Riči Gilbt e feč ei sang'nem e plagam tē. Ido fiant inde emende tē. Et p^otea feč finem p xx ſ.

Adhuc de remanenti pochie de Castro.

Comptu est p Roīlos Petri le Markaunt nup baīli tē qđ Joīnes la disme vulſavit Joīhm le Rey noctanī qui venit e finē feč p xx ſ quos solvit Joīhm de Šbmonte Receptori tē. Et t qđ Mathus de Castro convict^o fuit qđ noctant' verſavit Guillm Lynot unde sang's e ha cla. Ido in mīa. Et t qđ Robt^o filius Radi de Vivaīr fuī bordas de uno tonello de Wrecco et capt^o fuit cū manu ope p Robtum de Hady Receptorē tē e p Joīnem le Markaunt ppoītum tē. Et Juī Reģ delibaſunt eū una cum ballio sine waranto tē. Ido respondeāt dño Regi de emendis. Et comptū est per Roīlos Mathi de Curia baīli tē qđ Robinett^o filius Radi de Castro t̄xit Helenam la Vecchere in plitū in Cuī xpianitatis de laicis caī qui veī e finē feč p v ſ.

Et Juī de harella pſentant qđ Mathis du P^{el} malicōse vſavit Augtinū de Castro in domo īpius Augtini. Et alias insultavit Guillm le Vinot noctanī p quod ha cla tē. Ido in duplici emd tē.

Presentant qđ Wiīls le Counte distrinxit Ricm̄ de Boya p unū bovē et illū duxit in domū suam pp'am et p̄dcus Ricus veī ad domū predci Wiīli et vi e cont' pacē tē rescussit bovē illū. Ido in g^{vi} mīa.

Et Juī duodene p plicz cōcelamentis de quibz cōvicti fūunt p exāiacōem in mīa.

Colin le Cacher was found in the chamber of Raulina daughter of Ralph Isonde wishing to have a dinner there by stealth. Therefore let him be punished by the pillory &c.

It is found by the rolls of Peter le Marchant late bailiff &c. that Alan le Provost on the shore within the ebb of the sea assaulted John son of Richard Gilbert & drew blood & wounded him &c. Therefore let him make amends therefor &c. And afterwards he compounded for 20 sols.

Continuation of the remainder of the parish of Câtel.

It is found by the rolls of Peter le Marchant late bailiff &c. that John la Disme wounded John le Key by night who came & compounded for 20 sols which he paid to John de Soulemont Receiver &c. And also that Matthew de Castel was convicted for that he by night beat William Lynot to the flowing of blood & 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. Therefore to be amerced. And also that Robert son of Ralph du Vivier stole the staves of a tun of wreck & was taken in the very act by Robert de Hady Receiver &c., and by John le Marchant Provost &c. And the jurats of the King together with the bailiff delivered him without warrant &c. Therefore let them answer to the lord the King for the amends. And it is found by the rolls of Matthew de la Court bailiff &c. that Robinet son of Ralph de Castel prosecuted Helen la Vecchere in the court of Christianity concerning lay chattels, who came & compounded for 5 sols.

And the jurors of the Harelle⁽¹⁾ présent that Matthew du Prael maliciously wounded Augustine de Castel in the house of the said Augustine. And at another time he assaulted William le Vinot by night on account of which 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. Therefore in double amends &c.

They present also that William le Count distrained of Richard de Boya one ox & led the same to his own house & the said Richard came to the house of the said William & with force & against the peace rescued that ox. Therefore to be heavily amerced.

And the jury of 12 for many concealments of which they were convicted by examination, to be amerced.

(1) As to the nature of the procedure of "presentation par harelle" consult Havet, *Cours Royales*, pp. 116, 117.

Radus Mengif feč t̃ns Johi la Dyme p qua veñ e finem feč p
xx s q's solvit Johi de Šbmonte Capllo posito loco receptor tč.

(M. 19.)

Adhuc de plitis Gorone de poch de Castro.

poch de Castro veñ p xij.

Gerneř.

Juř p̃sentant qđ Emmelota Popecte rectata in ultimis assisis de pluribz latrociniis nō veñ nec unq̃ postea e malec̃r p quod in eisdem assisis exacta fuit. Eadem E..... t̃ram hereditař scilč unam v'gatam t̃re in sex peč que valent p annū iij busš f̃ri Guiltus le Alowe e p̃cipes sui respondebunt dno Regi de exitibz videlč xvij sex annis qui modo app̃ciant' ad iij^h xij đ scilč busš iij s vj đ. Et p̃dcta Emmel..... veñ et malec̃r. Ido exiget' e nulla h̃uit catalla. Et p̃pars t̃re sue remaneat dno R..... e die.

Presentant t̃ qđ Joħnes Hamon felo de morte Joħis fit Dionis Jordan fugit' ad ecclī castro e ibi coram Battio e Juř tč recogñ f̃cm e abjuř Inš. Nullus potuit eū arestare nulla h̃uit catalla. Idm Joħnes tenuit in com̃uni cū Ričo e Guiffo Hamon f̃ribz suis sorore eoř que h̃ere debet t̃ciam ptem t̃re p p̃parte sue iij v'gař t̃re unde p̃pars t̃cia pars ij v'gař t̃re. Et p̃dci Ričus Guiltus e Joħna respond dno Regi de exitibz t̃re p p̃mo anno de tempe p̃dce abjur tč de j q̃r̃t f̃ri p̃cii xvij s q̃ tenuerunt Et est de p̃dca t̃ra in dominio d̃ni Reğ in feodo de Socewas unde p̃pars ip̃ius Joħnis t̃cia duař pciū unius v'gař t̃re eschaeta dno Regi. Et p̃dci p̃cipes respondebunt dno Regi de iij danereř f̃ri duoř annoř videlč j danereř e t̃c p̃t uni⁹ danereř p anñ quia tamen valet p̃pars sua

Ralph Mengif did wrong to John la Dyme for which he came & compounded for 20 sols which he paid to John de Soulemont Chaplain put in the place of the Receiver &c.

(M. 19.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of Câtel.

The parish of Câtel came by 12.

Guernsey.

The jurors present that Emmelota Popecte cited in the last assizes for many thefts did not come or at any time afterwards & is suspected, wherefor she was summoned in the same assizes. The same Emmelota [had] land of inheritance, to wit, 1 virgate of land in 6 pieces which are worth by the year 3 bushels of wheat. William le Alowe & his partners shall answer to the lord the King for the issues, to wit, 18 6 years which are now appraised at 4 livres 12 deniers, to wit, the bushel 4 sols 6 deniers. And the said Emmelota comes & is suspected. Therefore she is summoned & she had no chattels. And the share of her land shall remain to the lord the King [for a year] & a day.

They present also that John Hamon felon for the death of John son of Dionis Jordan fled to the Church [St. Mary] de Câtel & there before the bailiff & the jurats &c. acknowledged the deed & abjured the islands. Nobody could arrest him He had no chattels. The same John held in common with Richard & William Hamon his brothers their sister who ought to have the third part of the land for her share 3 virgates of land whereof the share third part 2 virgates of land. And the said Richard, William & Joan shall answer to the lord the King for the issues of the land for the first year of the time of the aforesaid abjuration &c. of 1 quarter of wheat value 18 sols because they held And there is of the aforesaid land in the lordship of the lord the King in the fee of Soteward whereof the share of the said John the third of 2 parts of 1 virgate of land escheated to the lord the King. And the aforesaid partners shall answer to the lord the King for 3 small bushels of wheat of 2 years, to wit, 1 small bushel & the 3rd part of 1 small bushel by the year because nevertheless his share is worth

Presentant t̃ qđ quidam porcus Galfr̃i Dioniſ p infortuniũ inſfecit Joñem fit ejusdm̃ Galfr̃ puerũ teneris etatis et nō malecredunt aliquem aliũ de p̃dco fco. Judm Infort̃ p̃cii porci e dant' in elemoſ ad parand̃ cayam sup mare.

Presentant t̃ qđ est in pochl̃ sua feodũ Socewas et tenentes feodi illius reddunt p annũ dño Regi xij q̃r̃t e j busſ fri et xij ſ de firma et reddunt dñi Regi moneagiũ pannagiũ qđ valet p annũ v đ et pullagiũ quod se extendit coĩbz annis ad v galliñ. Iñm tenentes feodi de Mautalent reddunt p annũ dño Regi xvj ſ de firma. Iñm tenentes feodi Aulegat reddunt p annũ dño Regi iiij q̃r̃t fri ij panes ij capoñ e xxx ova de pte ejusdm̃ feodi exist̃..... in eadem pochl̃ et residuũ

Vacat ⁽¹⁾ ejusdm̃ feodi est in pochl̃ de Wale⁽¹⁾ et reddunt tenentes feodoꝝ pannaꝝ quod valet p annũ Iñm pullaꝝ quod se extendit coĩbz annis. Iñm tenentes feodi de Hanc reddunt dño Regi annuatim x busſ fri ad pvam mensuř et iiij^{or} capoñ e ij galliñ et est p̃dcm feodũ quedam ps feodi de Syward. Iñm tenentes bovate fre del Greyn reddunt dño Regi p annũ ij busſ fri ad pvam mensuř. Et tenentes feo..... Aunymet reddunt annuatim dño Regi iiij busſ fri e j cabotet. Et dñs Rex p̃cipit p annũ de p̃dco feodo iiij li iiij đ de auxilio ſ. p manus p̃poiti de pvo mesterio de feodo Šci Mich̃is solvend̃ ad f̃minos Pasch̃ e Šci Joñnis Bap̃t Lxxiiij ſ e ij đ. Eř p man..... de magno mesterio vj ſ ij đ. Et moneagiũ in pochl̃ dño Regi debitum valet coĩbz annis cũ acciderit xij li. Percipit ex sup feodũ quondam Comit̃ Morton xxvij ſ p annũ ad f̃minos p̃dcas p manus p̃poiti ejusdm̃ Debet t̃ dñs Rex h̃ere supvisum de oĩni Wrecco quod acciderit in eoꝝ

(1) In the MS. the word 'vacat' appears in the body. The words underlined were doubtless intended to disappear.

They present also that a certain hog of Geoffrey Dionis by accident killed John son of the same Geoffrey a child of tender age, & they do not suspect anyone else of the aforesaid deed. Judgment—an accident, value of the hog & they are given in aid to provide a quay upon the sea.

They present also that there is in their parish the fee of Soteward & the tenants of that fee pay by the year to the lord the King 12 quarters & 1 bushel of wheat & 12 sols of farm & they pay to the lord the King moneage, pannage which is worth per annum 5 deniers & pullage which extends one year with another to 5 hens. Also the tenants of the fee of Mautalent pay by the year to the lord the King 16 sols of farm. Also the tenants of the fee of Legat pay by the year to the lord the King 4 quarters of wheat, 2 loaves, 2 capons & 30 eggs for the part of the same fee being in the same parish, & the residue of the same fee is in the parish of the Vale [& the tenants of those fees pay pannage which is worth per annum Also pullage which extends one year with another.] Also the tenants of the fee of Hane pay to the lord the King yearly 10 bushels of wheat by the small measure & 4 capons & 2 hens & the said fee is a certain part of the fee of Syward.⁽¹⁾ Also the tenants bovates of land of Greyu pay to the lord the King by the year 2 bushels of wheat by the small measure. And the tenants of the fee of Au Mièr⁽²⁾ pay yearly to the lord the King 3 bushels of wheat & 1 cabot. And the lord the King takes by the year of the said fee 4 livres 4 deniers of aid, viz. by the hands of the Provost of the smaller Monastery of the fee of St. Michael to be paid at the terms of Easter & St. John the Baptist 74 sols 2 deniers. And by the hands of the greater Monastery 6 sols 2 deniers. And the moneage due to the lord the King in parish is worth one year with another when it shall occur 12 livres. He takes upon the fee formerly of the Count of Mortain 27 sols by the year at the aforesaid terms by the hands of the Provost of the same Also the lord the King ought to have the survey of all wreck that may occur in

(1) Fee Suard. (2) In St. Peter-in-the-Wood.

poch et de antiqua ptinent dno Regi aurum nō opatum serica nō opata scarletta integra e mantellū sine [attachia].

Presentant t̃ qđ anno t̃c xxxiiij^{to} devenit de Wrecko una bala sepi unde ppars dñi Reg̃ Liiij s̃ ij đ. Ĩm devenit aliud Wreckū unde ppars Reg̃ vij li de quibz Robtus de Hady receptor t̃c respondeb̃ si p^lus nō t̃c. Ĩm quod pecia masti p̃cii duodecim solid̃ unde idm Robtus respondeb̃ qui dicit qđ inde fc̃ie f̃fiant tabule in aula dñi Reg̃

Presentant t̃ qđ Emelina ũx Robti Eminer abjũr Insulas pro receptamento Matiff Lohir que p^lus Insulas abj̃averat pro latrociniiis t̃c. Ead̃m Emelina tempe abjũr sue p̃f̃ catalla que devenerunt ad man^o Dyonĩs Tillebũr receptoris t̃c fuit blada in f̃ra de dote sua ad valeñc vj bus̃ f̃ri de quibz Joñes Emmel..... et p̃cipes sui f̃edes t̃c qui dotem illam occupaṽant respondebunt. Et q̃ man^o apposuerunt sine Waranto. Ido in m̃ia.

Coletta la Miresse abjũr Insulas pro recettamento ejusdē Matiff nō fuit f̃ram ṽl catalla. Et Emma Hungier abjũr Insulas pro furto nec fuit f̃ram ṽl catalla. Ĩm Math̃s la besoigne qui jam obiit. Joñes de Rochesford e Johanett^o de Genas in p̃ncipio quadrag̃ie anno t̃c xxxiiij^o abjũr Insulas pro raptu fc̃o Johanette Naom et ip̃a p̃ eos feloniter inf̃ecta p̃d̃ Joñes de Genas nō fuit f̃ram ṽl catalla p̃d̃ctus Joñes de Rochesford nō fuit catalla nec f̃rā in dñico q̃ dimiserat f̃ram suam cuidam Petro Romer ad feodi firmā reddendo sibi e f̃edibz suis singlis annis iij q̃r̃tia f̃ri quem quidem redditū tenuit tempe abjũr t̃c. Ido redditus ille remaneat dno Regi ut ejus t̃c. Et Robtus de Hady tunc Receptor t̃c et p̃d̃ctus Petr^o respondeb̃t de p̃mo anno t̃c. Et p̃d̃ Joñes e Johanetta p̃tea redierunt deferentes secum f̃ras dñi Reg̃ patent̃es que iñ cefas irroflant^r continen..... qđ dñs Rex p̃donavit eis abjuraçom quam fec̃ant ocçone mortis Joñe Florincent. Ita tam̃ qđ se prisone dñi Reg̃ in hac Insula ad standū inde recto t̃c. Et

their parish & of old there belong to the lord the King gold not worked, silk not worked, whole scarlet, & mantles without [fastenings.]

They present also that in the 34th year &c. there came of wreck one bale of tallow whereof the share of the lord the King is 54 sols 2 deniers. Also there came of another wreck whereof the share of the King is 7 livres of which Robert de Hady, Receiver &c. shall answer if not already &c. Also a piece of the mast value 12 sols whereof the said Robert shall answer, who says that tables were made thereof in the hall of the lord the King.

They present also that Emeline wife of Robert Eminer abjured the islands for receiving Matilda Lohir who had previously abjured the islands for thefts &c. The same Emeline at the time of her abjuration besides the chattels which came to the hands of Dyonisius Tillebury Receiver &c. had corn in the land of her dower to the value of 6 bushels of wheat of which John Emmel & his partners, heirs, &c. who held that dower shall answer. And because they laid their hands thereon without warrant therefore to be amerced.

Coletta la Miresse who abjured the islands for receiving the said Matilda had no land or chattels. And Emma Hungier who abjured the islands for theft had no land or chattels. Also Matthew la Besoigne who is now dead, John de Rocheford & Johanettus de Genas in the beginning of Lent in the 33rd year &c. abjured the islands for seizing Johanette Naom & for killing her feloniously : the said John de Genas had no land or chattels & the said John de Rocheford had no chattels nor land in the demesne because he demised his land to a certain Peter Romer to fee farm, paying to him & his heirs every year 4 quarters of wheat which said rent he held at the time he abjured &c. Also that rent remains to the lord the King as his [escheat] &c. And Robert de Hady then Receiver &c. and the said Peter shall answer for the first year &c. And the said John & Johanetta afterwards returned bringing with them letters patent of the lord the King which are enrolled among others containing that the lord the King pardoned the abjuration which they made on account of the death of Joan Florincent, so nevertheless that they shall give themselves up to the prison of the lord the King

de iij annis residuis de arreraġ ejusd redditus predcus
Petr^o simt cū Rīco le Hericee qui redditū illū emit de predco Joĥne
postq̃ predca pdonacoe. Et ad Judm de predcis Petro
e Ričo. Et predcus Mathi^{us} fuit catalla ad valenč de
quibz predcus Robt^o simt cum Nicha mater predci Mathi e filius
suus participibz ejusd Mathi Mathi^{us} fuit ĩram
in cōmuni cum participibz suis et dote mat's sue unde p̃pars
..... ĩre que valet p annū j q̃r ĩri unde p̃dci
maĩ e participes respondebe de arreĩ unde p̃dce
redditu siĩr tč p parte ĩpius Mathi XL š de quibz predca Nicha res-
pondeb p pleġ Petⁱ

Postea veniunt p̃dci Joĥnes e Johannett^o repti extra prisonam tč
et quesiti qualr delibati sunt p'sona. Dicunt qđ ĩpi statim
p̃tq̃ adepti fũant p̃dcas ĩras de pdonacoe tč optulerunt se Petro le
Markaunt tunc baĩio tč qui convenire feč Juĩ Reg tč et ĩpi adjudi-
caĩnt ĩpos recedere qu..... tč. Et p̃dci Petr^o e
Juĩ nō possunt hoc dediče. Ido oĩes in mĩa. Licet quidam eoĩ
se excusasse p absenciā cum
nullus eoĩ illud sciens postea reclamaĩit tč. Sed q p.....
..... le Heriche qui reddm illū sic emit postea tč est unus de Juĩ.
Ido ĩpe ġvi^o tč. Et predc... Joĥnes
cōmittunt^r p'sone puniendi tč. Postea fečunt finem pro p'sona r.....
..... Joĥnes per XL š p pleġ Riči le Heriche
e Robti Age..... Postea venĩ p̃dci... Petr^o
..... ad oĩ p̃d.....

Et predci Johannes e Johan
..... qđ nō sunt inde culpaĩlos
..... qđ predci Johannes e
..... quieti.

in this island to stand their trial thereupon &c. And of the 3 years remaining of the arrears of the said rent the aforesaid Peter together with Richard le Herice who bought that rent of the said John after the said pardon. And to the judgment of the said Peter & Richard. And the aforesaid Matthew had chattels to the value of which the aforesaid Robert together with Nicholaa mother of the aforesaid Matthew & her son partners of the said Matthew Matthew had land in common with his partners & the dower of his mother whereof the share of the land which is worth by the year one quarter of wheat whereof the aforesaid mother & the partners shall answer for the arrears whereof of the said rent likewise &c. for the share of the same Matthew 40 sols of which the aforesaid Nicholaa shall answer by the pledge of Peter

Afterwards came the said John & Johanettus who had come out of prison &c., and being asked in what way they were delivered out of the prison they say that immediately they had obtained the said letters of pardon &c. they brought them to Peter le Marchant then bailiff &c. who caused the jurats of the lord the King to come together &c. and they adjudged them to be removed &c. And the said Peter & the jurats cannot deny this, therefore all to be amerced, although a certain one of them excused himself by absence as none of them knowing this afterwards contradicted &c. But because le Heriche who so bought that rent afterwards &c. is one of the jurats, thereof he to be more heavily [amerced] &c. And the aforesaid John are committed to prison to be punished &c. Afterwards they compromised instead of prison John for 40 sols by the pledge of Richard le Heriche & Robert Age..... Afterwards came the aforesaid Peter to the use aforesaid

And the said John & Johan that they are not guilty thereof that the said John & acquitted.

(M. 19 d.)

Adhuc de p̄litis de Corona cum p̄visionibz factis.

Comptū est tam p̄ ministros q̄^a p̄ Ju^r in hac Insula qđ Bordarii
đni Reġ falso deserviunt dño Regi et pōplo in om̄imodis officiis ex-
cēcendis et p̄les eoꝝ licet teneant tenēmta sua ad volunť đni Regis
oñāvunt teñ illa vsus diŷsos in magnis redditibz sine licencia e
voluntate đni Reġ sicut patz in p̄litis in diŷsis pochiis. Et hiis e
aliis causis de consilio p̄bioꝝ huj^o Insule concordē est p̄ Justiĉ hic qđ
oñia bordagia capiant^r in mañ đni Reġ. Ita tamen qđ illi qui p̄lus
ea tenuerūt ea teneant ad certā firmā sup̄ ea assessam si voluerint vť
tradatur aliis tĉ. Et p̄poitus huj^o Insule qui dicit^r vicecomes oñatur
de cetero de ricipiendo oñida p̄cepta Cuñ đni Reġ tam de debitis e
firmis q̄^a dist'ccōibz e aliis quibuscumq; et illa faciet p̄ quinq; s̄vientes
sive bordarios cum uno garĉone s̄. in poch̄ de S̄ci Petⁱ Portu p̄ unū
s̄vientē sive bordař cum uno garĉone qui quid garĉo faciet officiū
s^opensionū et alioꝝ Judicioꝝ viliñ. Et in parochiis S̄ci Sampsoñ e de
Wale p̄ unū s̄vientē sive bordař. Et in parochiis de Castro S̄ci Andr̄
e S̄ci Salvatoris per unū consimilem. Et in pochiis de Torteval e
S̄ci Petri de Bosco p̄ unū aliū. Et in paroch̄ de Foresta e Bellosa p̄
unū aliū s̄vientē sive bordař. Et fidełr respondebit sup̄ioribz suis
cuilibz in suo casu. Et capiet ad inĉmentū feodi sui pro seip̄o singlis
annis p̄ man^o Receptoris decem q̄^ar̄tia fri. Et Bordař de S̄ci Petri
Portu cum garĉoe suo q̄^atuor q̄^ar̄tia fri. Et Bordař de Torteval e
Bosco ubi min^o onus extat duo q̄^ar̄tia fri. Et quilibz alioꝝ Bordarioꝝ
p̄dcoꝝ tria q̄^ar̄tia fri. Et sciend qđ consuetudo oīm Insulaꝝ talis est
qđ n̄lts bordař cuj^ocūq; đni potest oñare bordaġ suū vsus quemcūq;
nec aliquid inde alienare q̄ⁿ totū sit forisfĉm dño tĉ. Postea concordē
est qđ Wilts Lenginour ad hoc assignat^r qui p̄ p̄poitos constituend

(M. 19 d.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown with the provisions made.**

It is found as well by the officers as by the jurats in this island that the 'bordiers' of the lord the King falsely serve the lord the King & the people in exercising all manner of offices & many of them although they hold their tenements at the will of the lord the King charged those lands against divers in large rents without the license & will of the lord the King as appears in the pleas in divers parishes. And for these & other causes by the counsel of the chief men of this island it was agreed by the justices here that all the bordages be taken into the hands of the lord the King. So nevertheless that those who held them previously may hold them at a certain farm assessed upon them if they will, or may be made over to others &c. And the Provost of this island who is called the Viscount is charged further with receiving all the orders of the Court of the lord the King as well of revenue & farm as distrains & all other things whatsoever, & doing the same by 5 serjeants or bordiers with one servant, to wit, in the parish of St. Peter-Port by one serjeant or bordier with one servant which said servant shall perform the duties of capital punishments & other degrading sentences. And in the parishes of St. Sampson & the Vale by one serjeant or bordier. And in the parishes of the Castel, St. Andrew & St. Saviour by one similar. And in the parishes of Torteval & St. Peter in the Wood by another. And in the parishes of the Forest & St. Martin de Bellouse by one other serjeant or bordier. And he shall answer faithfully to his superiors each in his own case. And he shall take to the increase of his fee for himself every year by the hands of the receiver 10 quarters of wheat. And the bordier of St. Peter-Port with his servant 4 quarters of wheat. And the bordiers of Torteval & St. Peter in the Wood where there is less work 2 quarters of wheat. And each of the other afore-said bordiers 3 quarters of wheat. And be it known that the custom of all the islands is such that no bordier of whatsoever lord may charge his bordage to anybody nor alienate any part thereof without the whole being forfeited to the lord &c. Afterwards it was agreed that William Lenginour be hereto assigned who by provosts to be

put consuevit e p etos servientes p ipm Vič apponendū dū tamen competentes fūnt tanq̃ Bordař fieri fač execuções oīmimodas tam de pcept̃ q̃m firmis oīmimod debitis levand e inde p loco e tempe fidelř respond pviso tñ qđ oīes suñ de ceſo fiant p duos nřſo alio de antiquis consuetudinibz mutato vl mutando. Et pcipiet pđcs Vič pđcm fr̃m p se e servientibz suis tē.

Preceptū est Matřo de Curia Baltio dñi Reğ p Justič hic qđ exigi fač oīes s̃scriptos rectatis ad plita corone dñi Reğ e fugitivos semel exactos ad pacē dñi Reğ in hiis as̃ ad tres pñciples curias dñi Reğ pxio tenend p̃t has as̃. Ita qđ ad p'mam cuř sint scdo exacti et ad scđam Cuř řcio exacti et ad řciam Cuř q̃rto exacti. Et si non veřint tunc faciat eos utlagař siue forbanire. Et si cicius veřint tunc eos capiat e in p'sona salvo custodire faciat. Ita qđ řeat corpa eoř ad stand rec..... scđm legē e consueř Inř ř. Petru Nicole p roberia Aug^otinū de řbmolendio pro eodm Ricm filiū Jořnis de Capella p furto, Radm filiū Jordani Golbe pro consimti, Jořnem filiū Jořnis, Robt pro consimti, Petrū Levesqe pro furto, Guillotum Blaunche p eodm Colinū filiū Eglentine, Renof pro g^ovibz vulneribz de nocte, Guillm de Castro pro consimili, Johanettū Pyan p consimili Geminū fit Riči Ode p burgatura domoř. Et řtificet Justiciař dñi Reğ ad p'mas as̃ cū ad ptes istas ven..... quid fečit de p̃mis̃ distincte e apte. Et Justič tē fečunt predco Matřo inde řras suas patentes. Et simiř pceptū est ballis qui hic fūnt qđ in inquisiçōibz capierend ponant distincte e apte in Rot..... nomen suū pp̃um et noia Juratoř dñi Reğ qui cū eo p̃sentes fūnt et noia Juř in eisđ inquisiçōibz e eciam diem annū e locum de capçone huj^o inquis. Et pceptū est simiř qđ ad adjuraçoes simiř fiat tam de noibz q̃ de die anno e loco et ponat' in Rořlis felonia recognita e port^o feloni assig^otus.

constituted as is customary & by certain serjeants to be appointed by the viscount himself for so long as they shall be competent, as bordiers shall cause to be made all manner of executions both concerning the levying of dues and of all kinds of farm due & shall answer faithfully thereof in time & place, provided nevertheless that all summonses from henceforth be made by two, no other of the old customs being changed or to be changed. And the said viscount shall receive the said wheat for himself & his serjeants &c.

It is commanded to Matthew de la Court the bailiff of the lord the King by the justices here that he shall cause to be called all the underwritten cited to the pleas of the Crown of the lord the King & the fugitives already called to the peace of the lord the King in these assizes at the 3 principal courts of the lord the King next to be held after these assizes, so that at the first court they be called to the second, & at the second court they be called to the third & at the 3rd court they be called to the fourth. And if they shall not come that he then cause them to be outlawed or banished. And if they shall come sooner then he shall take them & cause them to be safely kept in prison, so that he have their bodies to stand their trial therein according to the law & custom of the island, to wit, Peter Nicole for robbery, Augustine de Sous-Moulin for same, Richard son of John de la Chapelle for theft, Ralph son of Jordan Golbe for like, John son of John Robert for like, Peter Levesque for theft, Gillot Blaunche for the same, Collin son of Eglentine Renouf for serious assault by night, William de Castro for like, Johanet Pyan for like, Gemin son of Richard Ode for burglary of houses. And he shall certify to the justices of the lord the King at the first assizes when they shall come to these parts what he shall have done concerning the premises distinctly & openly. And the justices &c. shall make to the said Matthew their letters patent thereof. And it is likewise commanded to the bailiffs who shall be here that in the inquiries to be taken they shall put distinctly & openly in the rolls their own names & the names of the jurats of the lord the King who shall be present with him & the names of the jurors in the same inquiries, & also the day year & place of the taking of these inquiries. And it is commanded likewise that at abjurations he shall likewise put down as well the names as the day year & place & shall put in the rolls the felonies acknowledged & the port assigned to the felon.

Et sciendū qđ quedam emenda de Guiffo le Joève de C s. Et de Petro le Say de xx s date sunt Juř đni Reġ.

Ŗim de plitis de Corona de Castro.

Juř pŕesentant qđ quedam Alicia Alianoř ante assisas tentas p magřm R de Leisset abjuř Insulas pro receptamento Matilt Loher e catalla ej^o deveniunt ad man^o Dyonis de Tillebury tunc receptoris tē nō fuit libam tram.

Presentant t qđ Johannes Lalowe dicens quendam murilegū cōmēdisse Juvenes aucas suas et p..... cepisset murilegū sive catū Willi le Telier imponēs predēm malefēm sup catū illū retin..... predēm Willm in domo sua quousq; excorsit ab eo xiiij turroñ grossos. Ido ipe in mīa. Idm t Joh..... cogit paupes hoīes mītes invitos solvere sepius p portu suo. Ido in g^{vi} mīa.

Et Jordan^o de Sauzmareys nō veñ p^{mo} die Itinīs. Ido in mīa.

Presentant t qđ Ričus Michel de Landis debet đno Regi duas galliñ p añ pro quadam p^p..... sup comunā đni Reġ fca ab antiquo p pgenitores suos. Et Ričus de Maunceys in hoc cepit p purpresturam sup cōmunā đni Reġ ad q^{ntitatē} t^{um} pticař que valet p añ j dane..... fri et inde ofiat^r salvo jure cuj^olibz. Et Colinus le Romye similř tenet de p^prestura sup cōm..... ad q^{ntitatē} medietatis uni^o pticař fre que valet p annū iiij đ et p tres assisas p^{xio} pre..... pceptū fuit illud emendari quod nōdū fcm est. Ido respondeat đno Regi tam de arreraġ q^a de redditu salvo jure cuj^olibz. Et Ričus Dye a iiij^{or} annis elapsis feč p^presturā sup cōmunā q..... ad mensur uni^o pticař fre sup quam feč murū et valet p annū ij đ.

And be it known that certain fines of William de Joevene of 100 sols, & of Peter de Say of 20 sols are given to the jurats of the lord the King.

**Continuation of the pleas of the Crown of the parish of
Câtel.**

The jurors present that a certain Alice Alianor before the assizes held by Master R. de Leisset abjured the islands for receiving Matilda Loher & her chattels came to the hands of Dyonis de Tillebury then Receiver &c. She had no free land.

They present also that John Lalowe asserting that a certain cat had eaten his young geese & took a cat of William le Telier putting the said wrong-doing upon that cat retained the said William in his house until he extorted from him 14 large Tournois. Therefore he is to be amerced. Also the same John compels poor soldiers unwillingly very often to pay for his drink. Therefore to be heavily amerced.

And Jordan de Saumareys did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore to be amerced.

They present also that Richard Michel des Landes owes to the lord the King 2 hens by the year for a certain enclosure made upon the common of the lord the King of old by his progenitors. And Richard de Maunceys in this took by enclosure on the common of the lord the King to the quantity of 3 perches which is worth per annum one small bushel of wheat & he is charged therewith saving the right of all others. And Colin le Romye likewise holds of enclosure upon the common to the quantity of the moiety of one perch of land which is worth per annum 4 deniers & at the 3 assizes last past it was ordered that the same should be restored which has not been done. Therefore let him answer to the lord the King as well for the arrears as of the rent saving the right of each. And Richard Dye 4 years ago made an enclosure upon the common to the measure of one perch of land upon which he built a wall & it is worth per annum 2 deniers. Therefore let him be charged as well for the arrears as for the rent saving the

Ido ofatur tam de arre..... q̃ de redd salvo juř tē. Et Ričus Osanne
p̃t ultias assisas cepit de p̃prestura sup viam regal... tres p̃ticas in
longitudie et duū pedem in latitudie. Ido respondeat inde dno Regi
p annū ṽt restituatur. Et Rađs Karitey cepit
simiř p̃presturā sup viam regiā ad longit..... duař p̃ticas e lati-
tudiem iiij^{or} pedū. Ido respondeat inde dno Regi p annū
ṽt rest Et Jordan^o Thonie cepit simiř de p̃prestura de
via regia ad long duař p̃ticas et latitud ij pe..... Ido respondeat
inde dno Regi p annū ṽt restituat. Et Gilbtus Loisel ob-
struxit q̃ntitatē di ped costruendo
murū tē. Ido oīes p̃ predēm Ričm Michel in mīa.

..... p^omo anno p̃t ultias assisas deveniunt
bestie de We..... xij
..... xij bidentes. Et quarto anno xij bidentes
..... preciū. Et in hoc ann.....
bidentes de quibus

..... Bartolot, Rořtum Ma.....
..... Jořam Muriel, Lucettam
..... Jordan Jořm
..... Matřm de Cuř, Pl.....
..... Rađm le
..... Lehir, Rořtum
..... Joř
.....

(M. 20.)

Delibačo Gaole ibiđm predcus die e anno.

Gerneř.

Guifř fiř Henř Balan rectat^o de eo qđ abduxit uřem Jořnis Robert
simř cū b..... fendit totū tē et de bono
et malo poř se sup pat'am. Juř dicūt p sačrm suū concubuit
cū uře predči Jořnis sed illam nō abduxit nec de bonis iřius Joh.....
.....dam nocte cum predcus Guifř venisset ad domū iřius Jořnis

right &c. And Richard Ozanne after the last assizes encroached upon the King's high-way 3 perches in length & half a foot in breadth. Therefore let him answer therefor to the lord the King by the year or let it be restored. And Ralph Karitey likewise made an encroachment on the King's high-way to the length of 2 perches & to the breadth of 4 feet. Therefore let him answer therefor to the lord the King by the year—or let it be restored. And Jordan Thome made likewise an encroachment of the King's high-way to the length of 2 perches & to the breadth of 2 feet. Therefore let him answer therefor to the lord the King by the year—or let it be restored. And Gilbert Loisel obstructed quantity of half a foot by building a wall &c. Therefore all except the said Richard Michel to be amerced.

..... in the first year after the last assizes came
beasts of waif 12
12 sheep. And in the 4th year 12 sheep
..... value. And in this year sheep of which
..... Bartelot, Robert Ma.....
..... Joan Muriel, Lucette
..... Jordan John
..... Matthew de la Court, Ph.....
..... Ralph le
..... Lehir, Robert
..... John

(M. 20.)

Gaol-delivery there the said day & year.

Guernsey.

William son of Henry Balan accused for that he took away the wife of John Robert together with defend the whole &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. The jurors say on their oath that he laid with the wife of the aforesaid John but did not take her away nor any of the goods of the said John certain night when the aforesaid William came to the house of the said John by the decep-

p decepčom uxis marito suo et posuisset capđ
suū p mediū cuj^o d fenestre pfata uř Joñnis p
capillos suos đm đcus Joñnes ipm vbavit p quod pefat^o Guifř in
injuria sua hareu e p avisamentū Juratoř
conř est qđ pđcus Guifř fač inde đno Regi emend.....
Alanus le Provost e Guifř Salemon et Gervař balan manucař ac'qtař
pđctos pleğ.

Steph^{us} le Joevene rectat^o qđ furat^o fuit unam suptunicā Rađi
Ledeuin veñ e defend e totū tč e de bono
e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Juř dicunt qđ pđcus Steph^{us} nō est
..... nec de alio fcto malecř. Iđo conř est
qđ pđc Steph^{us} sit quiet^o.

Joñnes filius Joñnis de Genas e Joñnes de Rocheford rectati de
eo qđ feloniř inřfectunt Joñamicent dictam alio noie Joñam de
Mauns et qui alias abjuř Insulas pro eođ recto veñ et proferunt tras
đni Reğ pat's Reğ nunc de pdonačoe pđcťa que alibi irrořlantur inř
hujusmodi cartas tč. Et quo ad mortem tč defendunt totū tč. Et
de bono e malo poñ se sup patriam.

Sci P. in por.

Petr^o Viger rectat^o de abbettamento e consilio de morte Guilfi
Burnel feloniř inřfecti veñ et defend oniem feloñ e totū tč et de bono
e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Osbtus Alisaundř rectat^o de eo qđ p
acabliamentū quod feč Helene uři Guilfi Restaud ipa levavit clañ
de hareu e cita ptea obiit veñ e defend oniem feloñ e totū tč et de
bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Juř dicunt p sačrm suū qđ pđcťi
Petr^o e Osbtus nō sunt culpabiles de pđc mortibz nec de aliis male-
fcis malecř. Iđo quo ad mortem tč sint quieti. Et pđc Osbtus pro
pđcťis acabliamento e clañ faciat đno Regi emend videlř de xix ř.

Oliřus Galan rectat^o de eo qđ est fuř e latro de xij garbis ordi
que fuerř Petri Auneys e uni^o Multoñ Joñnis le Graunt e j Lynthea-

tion of his wife her husband & had put his head through a certain window the aforesaid wife of John by his hair while the said John struck him whereby the said William through his trespass [raised] the 'Clameur de Haro' & by the advice of the jurors it is considered that the said William shall make amends therefor to the lord the King Alan le Provost & William Salemon & Gervase Balan undertook to discharge the said pledges.

Stephen le Joevene accused for that he stole an overtunic of Ralph Ledevin came & defended & the whole &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. The jurors say that the said Stephen is not [guilty] nor suspected of any other deed. Therefore it is ordered that the said Stephen be discharged.

John son of John de Genas & John de Rocheford accused for that they feloniously killed Joanicent called by another name Joan de Mauns & who elsewhere abjured the islands for the same deed came & produced letters of pardon aforesaid of the lord the King father of the now King which are enrolled elsewhere among such documents &c. And as to the death &c. they defend the whole &c. And for good & evil they submit themselves to the verdict of the country.

St. Peter-Port.

Peter Viger accused of aiding & abetting in the death of William Burnel feloniously killed came & defended all the felony & all &c., and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Osbert Alexander accused for that on account of the wounds which he inflicted on Helen the wife of William Restaud she raised a 'Clameur de Haro' & soon afterwards died, came & defended all the felony & all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. The jurors say by their oath that the aforesaid Peter & Osbert are not guilty of the said deaths nor suspected of any evil-doings. Therefore as to the death &c. they be discharged. And the aforesaid Osbert for the aforesaid wounding & 'Clameur' shall make to the lord the King amends, to wit, 19 sols.

Oliver Galan accused for that he is a thief & stole 12 sheaves of barley which were of Peter Auneys & one wether of John le Graunt

minis Cecilie Salekyn e de aliis latroč tč veñ e defend totū tč et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Mathus Capoun rectat⁹ de eo qđ pforavit unū doliū vini Guilhi le Lumbard e furtive asptavit vinū ad valenč ij s veñ e defend totū tč. Et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Juř dicunt sup sacrm suū qđ pđci Olfus e Mathis nō sunt culpabtes de pred latroč nec de aliis malefcis malec^r. Iđo sint quieti.

Guills Germain rectat⁹ de eo qđ est latro de uno multone de Joñne Estur e de aliis lat^oč veñ e def totū tč et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Guiff de Hußland rectat⁹ qđ ipe emit multoñ illū de pđ Guillo se sciente illū esse furtivū veñ e defend totū tč. Et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et q₃ Guills de Maresc Guills Maheu Rogus le Fauconner Joñnes le Serf Joñnes Oliver Robt⁹ Reynald Thoñ Berand vocati ad Juř istam satis tempestie no veñnt. Iđo in mia. Juř dicunt sup sacrm suū qđ predci Guiff e Guiff nō sunt culpabtes de pred lat^oč nec de aliis malefcis malec^r. Iđo quieti.

Sci Andr

Ričus Franket rectat⁹ de furto uni⁹ ancere e ferroz ad caruč et qđ est cois latro veñ e defend totū tč et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Johanett⁹ fit Joñis du Molin rectat⁹ de eo qđ est cois latro et qđ fuit in societate iplus Riči ad pđca lat^ocinia veñ e defend totū tč et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Rads Feroun rectat⁹ qđ est fuř e latro de bidentibz patris sui veñ e defend totū tč et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Guills Bloundel rectat⁹ de eo qđ rapuit uxem Guilli Melege e eam deforc cont^a pacē e coronam dni Reğ veñ e defend totū tč e poñ se sup pat'am. Et Pha la Fraunket rectata de eo qđ receptavit Symonettā filiam Joñnis le Markaunt una cū bonis iplus Joñnis ad eam fective asptatis veñ e defend totū tč et poñ se sup pat'am. Et Mich de Graunceys rectat⁹ de eo qđ est fuř e latro de garb Riči de la Bete. Et Thoñ Elyes rectat⁹ de eodm veñ

& one sheet of Cicely Salekyn & for other thefts &c. came & defended all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Matthew Capoun accused for that he broached a cask of wine of William le Lumbard & furtively took away wine to the value of 2 sols came & defended all &c., and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. The jurors say upon their oath that the said Oliver & Matthew are not guilty of the said thefts nor are they suspected of any other evil-doings. Therefore they are discharged.

William Germain accused for that he stole one wether of John Estur & for other thefts came & defended all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And William de Huberland accused for that he bought that sheep of the said William knowing it to have been stolen came & defended all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And because William du Marais, William Maheu, Roger le Fauconer, John le Serf, John Oliver, Robert Reynald, Thomas Berand called to the jury did not come in time enough. Therefore they are to be amerced. The jurors say upon their oath that the said John & William are not guilty of the said theft nor suspected of any evil-doings. Therefore they are discharged.

St. Andrew.

Richard Franket accused of the theft of one anchor & the irons for a plough & that he is a common thief comes & defends all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Johanet son of John du Moulin accused for that he is a common thief & that he was in the company of the said Richard at the said thefts comes & defends all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Ralph Feroun accused for that he is a thief & stole the sheep of his father comes & defends all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And William Blondel accused of having seized by force the wife of William Melege & detaining her against the peace & crown of the lord the King comes & defends all &c. and submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Philippa la Fraunket accused for that she received Symonetta daughter of John le Marchant together with the goods of the said John furtively taken to her comes & defends the whole &c. and submits herself to the verdict of the country. And Michel de Graunceys accused for that he is a thief & stole of the sheaves of Richard de la Bete. And Thomas Elyes accused of the same come

e defend totū tē. Et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Juř dicunt p sacrm suū qđ pđcti Ričus Johanett⁹ Rađus Guills Pħa Mich e Thoñ nō sunt inde culpabtes nec de aliis malefcis malec^r. Iđo sint quieti. Et q₃ Johanett⁹ fī Joħnis du Moulin alias abjuř Insulas ad tempus et rediit infra temp⁹ sine licencia. Iđo remittit' p'soñ tē. Et exp^{at} Judm tē. Et q₃ Ričus Franket valde spect⁹ est de aliis lat^ociniis. Iđo remittit' p'sone quosq₃ tē p bonos pleĝ.

Sci Samp^s

Wilts de Capella senior rectat⁹ qđ est fuř e latro de j equo relicte Henrici Turgys veñ e defend totū tē et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Ričus Waclyn et Robt⁹ Waclin e Robt⁹ de Oronge rectati de eo qđ freĝunt domū Guilli de Hady et furtiē asportaveñt bona ibidm inventa ad valenē x librař veñ e defend totū tē et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Emma uř Luce Gremdaveine e Pħa filia ejusdem rectate qđ fuř gallinas Luce Gremdaveine e alia bona sua veñ e defend totū tē. Et de bono e malo poñ se sup patriam. Et Rič filius Nichi de Port rectat qđ rapuit Joħam filiam Riči Angot et voluit eam deforciasse veñ e defend totū tē et poñ se sup pat'am. Et Guills fī Guilli Robeys et Guills de Capella Junior rectati qđ fuř ffint j lavatoriū e galliñ e alia bona Radi Forlot Capfli veñ e defend totū tē et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Floria de Beauuer rectata de furto capoñ e gallinař e garbař de Haundevyll e eciam de furto duař bidentiū Joħne Rolaunt veñ e defend totū tē e de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Joħa filia Jordonel rectata qđ fuř fuit garbas et alia bona Joħnis de Prato venit e defend totū tē et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Juř dicunt p sacrm suū qđ pređci Wilts Ričus Robtus e Robtus Emma e Pħa Ričus Guills fī Guilli e Guiff Floria e Joħa nō sunt inde culpabtes nec de aliis malefcis malec^r. Iđo sint quieti.

& defend all &c., and for good & evil submit themselves to the verdict of the country. The jurors say by their oath that the aforesaid Richard, Johanet, Ralph, William, Philippa, Michael & Thomas are not guilty thereof, nor suspected of any other evildoings. Therefore they are discharged. And because Johanet son of John du Moulin elsewhere abjured the islands at the time & returned within the time without license therefore he is sent back to prison &c. And he awaits judgment &c. And because Richard Franket is greatly suspected of other thefts, therefore he is sent back to prison until &c. by good pledges.

St. Sampson.

William de la Chapelle senior accused of stealing one horse of the widow of Henry Turgys comes & defends all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Richard Waclyn & Robert Waclin & Robert de Oronge accused of breaking into the house of William de Hady & furtively carrying away goods found there to the value of 10 livres come & defend all &c. and for good & evil submit themselves to the verdict of the country. And Emma the wife of Luke Gremdaveine & Philippa daughter of the same accused of stealing the hens of Luke Gremdaveine & other his goods come & defend &c., and for good & evil submit themselves to the verdict of the country. And Richard son of Nicholas du Port accused of having seized Joan daughter of Richard Angot & of having detained her by force comes & defends all &c., and submits himself to the verdict of the country. And William son of William Robeys & William de la Chapelle junior accused of stealing one washing-basin & the hens & other goods of Ralph Forlot, chaplain, comes & defends all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Floria de Beauver accused of the theft of capons & hens & sheaves of Haundevyll & also of the theft of two sheep of Joan Rolaunt comes & defends all &c. and for good & evil submits herself to the verdict of the country. And Joan daughter of Jordonel accused of stealing sheaves & other goods of John de Prato comes & defends all &c. and for good & evil submits herself to the verdict of the country. The jurors say upon their oath that the said William, Richard, Robert & Robert, Emma & Philippa, Richard, William son of William, & William, Floria & Joan are not guilty thereof nor suspected of other evildoings. Therefore they are discharged.

Casir Petr^o le Vechere rectat^o qđ est cois latro de garb e aliis latrociñ
veñ e defendť totũ tť et de b..... poñ se sup pat'am. Et Rads Mengis
rectat^o qđ abduxit uxem Joñnis Disme unā cū boñ suis veñ [e defendť
totũ] tť de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Ričus Blundel rectat^o
qđ est fuř e lat..... veñ e defendť totũ tť
et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Emma de la Ha.....
..... et qđ est cois latro veñ e defendť totũ tť. Et de bono
e malo poñ se sup pat'am. [Juř dicunt p sacrum] suũ qđ predci Petř
Rads Ričus e Emma nō sunt [inde culpabtes]
..... [Ido] sint quieti.

Salvař

(M. 20 d.)

Adhuc de delibacoe.

[S^d P.-] de bosć Joñnes de la Mare rectatus qđ fuř fuit garbas e alia bona Roťti
de Gorrys veñ e defendť totũ tť et de bono e malo poñ se sup patriam.
Et Rads Ledevin rectat^o de eo qđ fuř suptunicā suam pp'am inpo-
nendo maličose furtũ illud Stepño le Jovene fideli hořm ut sic facet
iřm řpendi veñ e dedič totũ tť et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am.
Et Joñnes Adam rectat^o qđ burgiavit domũ Rađi Adam et inde fuř
pannos e alia bona iřius Rađi veñ e dedič totũ tť et de bono e malo
poñ se sup pat'am. Et Rads Adam e Roťtus Adam rectati qđ iři
cepunt predcř Jořm Adam in dořm iřius Rađi furantē bona ibiřm
e qđ iřm tenuert p totam noctem e p^otea pmiserunt abire veñ e
dedicunt totũ tť et de bono e malo poñ se sup patriam. Et Joñnes
Payen rectat^o de eo qđ est cois latro de multonibus garbis e de j
quadrigata wrecci veñ e defendť totũ tť et de bono e malo poñ se sup
patriam. Et Symon le Mesurer rectat^o de furto j multoř e aliis

Castel.

Peter le Vechere accused of being a common thief of sheaves & other thefts comes & defends all &c. and submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Ralph Mengis accused of taking away the wife of John Disme together with her goods comes [and defends all] &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Richard Blundell accused of stealing comes & defends all &c, and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Emma de la Ha..... & that she is a common thief comes & defends all &c., and for good & evil submits herself to the verdict of the country. [The jurors say upon] their [oath] that the said Peter, Ralph, Richard & Emma are not [guilty thereof] [Therefore] they are discharged.

St. Saviour.

.....

(M. 20 d.)

Continuation of the Gaol-Delivery.

St. Peter-in-the-
Wood.

John de la Mare accused of stealing sheaves & other goods of Robert de Gorrys comes & defends all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Ralph Ledevin accused of stealing his own over-tunic, maliciously laying that theft upon Stephen le Jovene, an honest man, in order to cause him to be hanged, comes & denies all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And John Adam accused of committing a burglary in the house of Ralph Adam & stealing from the same clothes & other goods of the said Ralph comes & denies all &c., and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Ralph Adam & Robert Adam accused of taking the said John Adam into the house of the said Ralph to steal goods there & of keeping him there the whole night & afterwards promising to go away, come & deny all &c. and for good & evil submit themselves to the verdict of the country. And John Payn accused of being a common thief of sheep, sheaves & a four-wheeled wagon of wreck comes & defends all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Simon le Mesurer accused of the theft

lat^ociniis veñ e defend totū tč et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Joñnes Forlot rectat^o de furco garbaž e aliož bonož Symoñ le Mesurer e Oliſi Belasset veñ e defend totū tč et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Ričus Marche rectat^o qđ receptavit Guillm Renof p^otq^a abjuř Insulas. Et qđ fuř fuit unū monile argenteū de Joñne de Kemyno veñ e defendit totū tč. Et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Oliſus Belasseğ rectat^o de furto j porci e de aliis latroč veñ e defend totū tč et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Ričus le Rey e Guiff frař ejus rectati qđ sunt conspiratores e falsi testes cōmuniř p lutro ĩndo et eciā qđ sunt latrones de filo quod eis veñ ad op^o textrinū veñ e defend totū tč et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Juř dicunt sup sacřm suū qđ predci Joñnes Radph Joñnes Rads Robtus Joñnes Symon Joñnes Ričus Oliſus Ričus e Guiff nō sunt inde culpabtes nec de aliis malefctis malec^r. Ido sint quieti.

forest

Guiffis filius Symoñ May e Guiff Durel rectati de eo qđ rob-biaſnt filiam filiam Canse de una suptunica j. Lintheamie j pecia tele Linee et Lana e aliis bonis suis veñ e defend totū tč et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Juř dicunt sup sacřm suū qđ predcti Guiff e Guiff nō sunt inde culpabtes. Ido sint quieti.

Sci P. in porř

Jordan^o Thoroude rectat^o de eo qđ vbavit Helenā uřem Guiffi Restaud e eam acabliavit ad řram p quod eadē Helena cito p^otea obiit veñ e defend omien feloñ e totū tč et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Juř dicunt p sacřm suū qđ pđ Jord in nullo est inde culpablis. Ido sit q'etus.

Sci Salvař

Ričus Lestornel veñ hic deferens bre đni Reğ in hec řba Edwardus dei grā Rex Angř Dñs Hibñ e Dux Aquit dilecto e fideli suo Ottoni de Grandisono Custodi suo Insulaž de Gerneseye Jerseye vř ejus locum tenenti salřm. Quia quibusdam řtis de causis certiorari

of a sheep & other thefts comes & defends all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And John Forlot accused of the theft of sheaves & other goods of Simon le Mesurer & Oliver Belasset comes & defends all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Richard Marche accused of receiving William Renouf after he had abjured the islands, & that he stole a silver necklace from John Duchemin comes & defends all &c., & for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Oliver Belasset accused of stealing a pig & of other thefts comes & defends all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Richard le Rey & William his brother accused of conspiring together to commit perjury for the sake of gain, & also of stealing thread which they had for working the looms, come & defend all &c., and for good & evil submit themselves to the verdict of the country. The jurors say upon their oath that the said John, Ralph, John, Ralph, Robert, John, Simon, John, Richard, Oliver, Richard & William are not guilty thereof nor suspected of other evil-doings. Therefore they are discharged.

The Forest.

William, son of Simon May, & William Durel accused for that they robbed the daughter of Cans of one over-tunic, one sheet one piece of linen cloth, & wool & other goods belonging to her, come & defend all &c. & for good & ill submit themselves to the verdict of the country. The jurors say upon their oath that the said William & William are not guilty thereof. Therefore they are discharged.

St. Peter-Port.

Jordan Thoroude accused of beating Helen the wife of William Reftand & throwing her to the ground whereby the said Helen soon afterwards died, comes & defends the whole felony & all &c., and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. The jurors say upon their oath that the said Jordan is not in anywise guilty thereof. Therefore he is discharged.

St. Saviour.

Richard Lestornel comes here bringing a writ of the lord the King in these words: Edward by the grace of God King of England lord of Ireland & Duke of Aquitaine to his beloved & faithful Otto de Grandison his warden of the islands of Guernsey & Jersey or to his lieutenant, greeting: Because for certain causes we wish to be

volum⁹ sup modo e causa pro quibz Ričus Lestornel de pochia Šci Salvatoris in Insula de Gerneseye eandm Insulā bis abjuř ut dicitur voř mandam⁹ qđ nos de modo e causa predcis distincte e apte sř sigillo vřo sine difone reddatis certiores. Remittentes nobis hoc řre, T. me iřo ařd Westm xx die Maii anno ř nř scđo. Et sup hoc Juř de predc parochi veř e dicunt qđ predcus Ričus p¹mo abjuř Insulas pro furto et řtea rediens cū consimili řri tenuit se in quadam navi hic in portu et misit řre ballio tč et řtea de nocte exivit navem e ivit p mediū parochie Šci Sampř usq, in parochiā de Wale e ibi robbiavit Julianā Gautier de xvij s. et exinde ivit p mediū parochi Šce Mař de Castro et p auxiliū parochi Šci Salvatoris usq, ad Lyho et exinde p mediū parochi Šci Salvatoris usq, ad eccliam Šci Petri de Bosco et ibi ifato abjuř Insulas tč. Et Ričus totū hoc cogñ. Iđo iře s⁹pñ. Et pochiani p quoř parochias transiit in mīa.

(M. 21.)

Adhuc de plifis Gorone ibidm.

Fresingfeld.

Gerneř.

Girardus Pře alias coram Matřo de Cuř ballio e Guiffo le Gros e aliis Juř đni Reğ p đno Rege jux^a consueř pat'e appellavit Nichm le Feuere unum de pred Juř de pr..... Regi de eo videlř qđ pred Nichus Juř đni Regis de juribz suis manutenendis conclavit đno Regi custumam đno Regi debitam de empčoe cujusdam annui reddit⁹ duoř q^rterē řri Girardus emat de Guiffo Roheys pveientem de tenementis iřpius Guiffo in poch Šci Andr Nichus cito postea emit de iřo Girardo sibi intimante custumam empčois sue debitam esse đno solutam sř certa convenčoe qđ pred Nichus omimodis misis e custibz p iřm Girardū p predcto

certified as to the manner & reason why Richard Lestornel of the parish of St. Saviour in the island of Guernsey twice abjured the said island, as it is said, we command you that you certify us as to the said manner & reason distinctly & openly under your seal without delay, returning to us this writ. Witness myself at Westminster the 20th day of May in the second year of our reign. And hereupon the jurors of the said parish come & say that the said Richard first abjured the islands for theft & afterwards returning with a like writ remained in a certain ship here in the harbour & sent the writ to the bailiff &c. and afterwards by night left the ship & went passing through the parish of St. Sampson to the parish of the Vale & there robbed Juliana Gautier of 18 sols & then went through the parish of St. Mary de Castel & by the parish of St. Saviour as far as Lyhou & then through the parish of St. Saviour to the Church of St. Peter in the Wood & there again abjured the islands &c. And Richard acknowledges all this. Therefore he shall be hanged. And the parishioners through whose parishes he passed are to be amerced.

(M. 21.)

Continuation of the pleas of the Crown there.

Fresingfeld.

Guernsey.

Girard Philip at another time before Matthew de la Court, Bailiff & William le Gros & the other jurats of the lord the King, for the lord the King according to the custom of the country, accused Nicholas le Fevre, one of the said jurats, of to the King for that, to wit, the said Nicholas being a jurat of the lord the King for the maintainence of his rights, concealed from the lord the King the custom due to the lord the King for the purchase of a certain yearly rent of 2 quarters of wheat [which] Girard bought of William Rohais issuing out of the tenements of the said William in the parish of St. Andrew Nicholas soon after bought of the said Girard intimating to him that the custom on his purchase was due to the lord [the King and was] paid under a certain covenant whereby the said Nicholas (all manner of costs & charges made & agreed upon by the said Girard on account

..... pōitis e conventis p ipm Nichm plenā acquietatis daret
īpi Girardo certam q̄ntitatem vini p predcto
redd optinendo. Et idm Girardus ibidm optulit hoc vificār p dno
Rege per xij fidediḡ [homines]. Et postea pred Girardus alias in
eadm Cuř competentē pbavit cōvenčom inŷ eos ilam inde
.....tisse. Et qđ empčo predcti redditus custavit sibi ix li. x s.
pŷ custumam dno Regi debitā quam stravit non
fuisse debitam. Et postea hitis inŷ eos diŷsus alŷcačōibz in ead Cuř
pred Girardus d..... patum esse ad satisfaciend dno Regi e eidm
Nichō de predco appello tanq̄ inŷuste. Ita qđ etis de utq̄
eoŷ replegiatus fuit usq̄ jam ad hanc aŷs. Et predcti Nichus e Girard
modo veñ et predcus Nichus ad sectam dñi Reḡ sup hiis allocut⁹ non
potest pmissa dediče nec aliud s... dicere p se nisi im qđ dicit
īpe veñ ad Petrū de Garrys tenentem locum receptoris in hac Insula
et optulit ei denā dno Reḡ debitis de custuma pro empčōe sua
qui illos recepit. Et pred Petr⁹ modo presens bn cogñ qđ pred
Nich optulit ei denā debitos p custuma unius empčōis et īpe Petr⁹
quesivit ab eo p qua de pred duabz empčōibz īpe voluit denā illos
solŷe qui sibi responđ qđ pro empčōe sua pp̄a nō curans de alŷius
empčōe. Et Nichus nō potest hoc dediče. Nec eciam potest dediče
quin īpe tempe predcte empčōis fuit unus de Juř dñi Reḡ in quoŷ
sačro quidam punct⁹ t̄tis est qđ īpi fideiŷr pro posse suo, cōŷvabunt
jura dñi Regis e nichil inde concelabunt. Nec eciam potest dediče
quin īpe tempe empčōis sue bn sciunt custumā dno Reḡ debitam de
empčōe predci Girardi dno Regi aretro fuisse quasi concelatam. Nec
eciam potest dediče quin conventū f̄iat inŷ eos qđ idm Nich daret
predcō Girardo predcam q̄ntitatem vini in Lutrū pro predco redditu
oīnibz misis predcti Girardi p ipm Nichm quietatis. Nec potest de
diče quin predca custuma remansit non computata in predca sūma

of the said rent having been fully satisfied by the said Nicholas) would give to the said Girard a certain quantity of wine for obtaining the said rent. And the same Girard produced this here to be verified for the lord the King by 12 trustworthy [men]. And afterwards the said Girard at another time in the same court sufficiently proved that the covenant between them was such as [related]. And that the purchase of the said rent cost him 9 livres 10 sols besides the custom due to the lord the King which he was not due. And afterwards, there having been divers contentions between them in the same court, the said Girard said that he was prepared to satisfy the lord the King & the said Nicholas of the said accusation as unjust. So that for certain causes each of them was repleged until now at this assize. And the said Nicholas & Girard now come, & the said Nicholas, actioned at the suit of the lord the King as regards these things, cannot gainsay the premises nor say anything else for himself except only that he came to Peter de Garrys the deputy of the Receiver in this island & brought to him the money due to the lord the King for the custom of his purchase, & that he (the Receiver) took it. And the said Peter being now present fully acknowledged that the said Nicholas brought to him the money due for the custom of one purchase & the said Peter asked him for which of the said two purchases he wished to pay that money, and he answered him for his own purchase, not providing for the other purchase. And Nicholas cannot gainsay this, neither can he gainsay that at the time of the said purchase he was one of the Jurats of the lord the King in whose oath there is a certain clause that they shall faithfully & to their utmost power preserve the rights of the lord the King & shall conceal nothing thereof. Neither can he gainsay but that he at the time of his purchase knew well that the custom due to the lord the King on the purchase of the said Girard to the lord the King was in arrear as having been concealed. Neither can he gainsay but that it was agreed between them that the said Nicholas should give to the said Girard the said quantity of wine in payment of the said rent, all the charges of the said Girard being paid by the said Nicholas. Neither can he gainsay but that the said custom remained unaccounted for in the said sum of money.

pecunie. Nec potest dedīce quin ip̄e tēñetur ad satisfaciendū pred̄co Girardo p̄ convenōm suam p̄ pred̄cta custuma si Girardus eam solvisset dño Regi. Con̄s est qđ p̄dcus Nichus pro pred̄co concelamento e s̄btraccone custume dñi Reġ fctis cont̄ sac̄m seiū cōmittatur Gaole inde redimendū ad voluntatē dñi Reġ tē. Et ad Judm de pred̄co redditu fri. Et de pred̄co Girardo p̄ nō secta sua tē. Et sciendū qđ custuma illis est qđ dñs Rex hēbit de quolibet emente f̄ram vī redditu in hac In̄s fciūdecimū denař integro de toto qđ solverit p̄ emp̄cōe sua. Postea pred̄cus Nichus veñ e feč finem p̄ pred̄cto t̄nsḡr et pro pred̄ redd̄ tenendo in pace p̄ cenř libř. Et supponit corpus suū terras tenementa e cař sua loco sec̄ritatis tē quousq̄ plegios invenit. Postea inven̄ pleḡ de fine p̄dco vidz Joñem de Viveř Ricm̄ Rose Petř la Cornaille e Ricm̄ Osaune ad solvēd̄ ad duo añ.

Petr^o la Cornaille vocat^o nō veñ et est Libere tenens et nō presens. Ido in m̄ia.

Matth̄ Blondel q̄ loquebatur cum duodena ad p̄lita corone sine licencia. Ido in m̄ia.

Rađ Neuegoye tenens tē vocat^o nō veñ. Ido in m̄ia. Et distring^r qđ sit hic die Lune.

Joñes du Val rectař qđ ip̄e infra p̄clamař Itifis alias veñ ad Joñem de Ditton existentē hic tē et petiit ab eo contemptiblr̄ licenciam inf̄ficiendi Anglicos existentes in hac villa tē veñ et nō potest hoc dedicere nec eciā feč multa enormia anglicis. Ido cōmittatur Gaole. Postea veñ e feč finē pro pred̄ca t̄nsḡressionē p̄ XL s. de quibz pred̄ Joñes feč sec̄ritatē Joñm de Šb monte tenenti locū Receptoris hic tē de quibz idm̄ Joñes respond̄.

Ričus le Heriche unu^o de Juř dñi Reġ pro absencia sua in ḡvi m̄ia.

Neither can he gainsay but that he is bound by his agreement to reimburse the said Girard as regards the said custom, if Girard should pay the same to the lord the King. It is judged that the said Nicholas, for the said concealment & for the withholding of the custom of the lord the King, made against his oath, be committed to gaol, therefrom to be ransomed at the will of the lord the King &c. And to judgment concerning the said rent of wheat, & concerning the said Girard for his non-suit &c. And be it known that the custom is such that the lord the King shall have of each one buying land or rent in this island the thirteenth whole penny of all that he shall pay for his purchase. Afterwards the said Nicholas came & compounded for the said transgression & for the safe holding of the said rent in the sum of 100 livres. And he substitutes his body, his lands, tenements & chattels in lieu of security &c. until he shall find pledges. Afterwards he found pledges for the composition aforesaid, to wit, John du Vivier, Richard Rose, Peter la Cornaille & Richard Ozanne, to be paid in two years.

Peter la Cornaille being called did not come & he is a free tenant & is not present. Therefore he is to be amerced.

Matthew Blondel because he pleaded with the twelve at the pleas of the Crown without license. Therefore he is to be amerced.

Ralph Nevegoye tenant &c. being called did not come. Therefore to be amerced. And he is compelled to be here on Monday.

John du Val, accused for that he within the proclamation of the eyre came at another time to John de Ditton being here &c. and contemptibly sought from him license to kill the English being in this village &c., comes & cannot gainsay this, nor also that he inflicted many enormities on the English. Therefore he is committed to gaol. Afterwards he came & compounded for the said transgression by 40 sols for which the said John gave as security John de Soulemont the deputy of the Receiver here, &c. of which the said John shall answer.

Richard le Heriche one of the Jurats of the lord the King to be heavily amerced for his absence.

Guilts Boye presentavit latrocinia e feloñ de tribz hoĩbz esse conclata. Et postea Idm Guilts fuit cum duodena ubi p ejus consiliũ ipi fũnt indictati. Et eciam Idm Guilts fuit in duodena ubi iidem hoies fũnt p ejus consiliũ ac quietati. Ido pređs Guilts pro predca malicia e falsitate cõmittat^r Gaole. Postea punit^r p pillořm.

Petr⁹ de Lestak unus de Juř đni Reğ q₃ nō veñ ad assisas. Ido in g^{vi} mĩa.

Petrus Viger queř de ministris videlř qđ Henř de Geldeford e socii sui Justič nup Itiñantes hic amciařunt ipm eo qđ sequebat^r plita de laicis catařl in Cuř xpianitatis tē e allegavit sollempniř qđ ipe est cruce signat⁹ e qđ plita tangencia cruce sigñ mere spectant ad Cuř xpianitatis e nō ad aliam. Et sic adhuc intit^r inpungnař Coronam đni Reğ ad q^m spectat huj⁹ cogničo Iō cõmitit^r Gaol tē. Postea feč finē p decem libr ppliũ Joñnis le Tonnere de Šco Andr e Thome Destfeld, unde medietar ponit^r in suũ e alia međ ponit^r in respectũ sup portum suũ.

(M. 21 d.)

Adhuc de plitis Corone ibidm.

Ministri đni Reğ e ministri Ottonis de Grandisono custodis Insulař monstrařnt Justič hic qđ cum officiales e ministri Cuř xpianitatis a diu est voluissent sibi attraxisse et approp'asse cogniçoes plitoř de tⁿsgressionibz e catallis e debitis mere laicalibz que nō sunt de testamento vř matrimonio et qđ sepuis p bria đni Reğ e sepuis ex pte đni Reğ sine bribz fcte fũnt coēs e publice pclamaçoes e inhi bičoes ne huj⁹ modi plita teřent et t qđ nullus qⁱ se vellet ptegere sř pace đni Reğ vř illa gaudere huj⁹ di plita sequeretur in pđca Cuř xpianitatis. Et nichilomin⁹ ples tenentes ipius đni Reğ spreta dignitate Corone đni Reğ sequuti sũt in pđca Cuř xpianitatis de huj⁹ plitis

William Boyce presented that the thefts & felonies of three men were concealed. And afterwards the said William was with the twelve where by his advice they were indicted. And also the same William was in the twelve where the same men by his advice were acquitted. Therefore the said William for the said malice & deceit is committed to gaol. Afterwards he is punished with the pillory.

Peter de Lestak, one of the Jurats of the lord the King, for not coming to the assizes, is to be heavily amerced.

Peter Viger complained concerning the officers, to wit, that Henry de Guildford & his associates late Justices in eyre here amerced him because he followed the pleas of lay chattels in the court of Christianity &c. and alleged solemnly that he is a crusader & that the pleas touching crusaders belong only to the court of Christianity & not to any other. And thus he still strives to impugn the Crown of the lord the King to which belongs such cognisance. Therefore he is committed to gaol &c. Afterwards he compromised for 10 livres by the pledge of John le Tonnere of St. Andrew & Thomas Destfeld whereof one moiety is paid down & the other is mortgaged on his income.

(M. 21 d.)

Continuation of the pleas of the Crown there.

The officers of the lord the King & the officers of Otto de Grandison warden of the Islands showed to the justices here that whereas the officials & officers of the court of Christianity for a long time have wished to draw & appropriate to themselves the cognisances of the pleas of trespasses & chattels & debts wholly lay which do not concern wills or matrimony, & that often by writs of the lord the King & often on behalf of the lord the King without writs, common & public proclamations & inhibitions were issued that they should not hold such pleas, & also that no one who wished to protect himself under the peace of the lord the King or to enjoy the same should be sued in the said court of Christianity. And nevertheless many tenants of the same lord the King setting at naught the dignity of the Crown of the lord the King were sued in the said court of Chris-

quoꝝ cognicio mere sp̃tat ad Cuꝛ iꝑius dñi Reḡ inf̃ ques quidam Petr⁹
le Corner d̃ctus Piard tenens iꝑius dñi Reḡ e homo cōingat⁹ de muliere
corrupta p̃ aliū spreta Cuꝛ dñi Reḡ t̃xit quendā Lucam Larcher te-
nentem iꝑius dñi Reḡ in plitum in Cuꝛ xp̃ianitatis coram Offic̃ Con-
stañ Ep̃i ap̃d Constañ p̃ arreraḡ ejusd̃ annui reddit⁹ fri p̃ṽientis
de teñ iꝑius Luce que de dño Rege tenet in hac villa. Et sup̃ hoc
porrectū e libatū fuit pred̃cto Petro bre dñi Reḡ de cancellaꝛ Angt̃
ad phibend̃ ei ne plitum illud in pfata Cuꝛ xp̃ianitatis sequeretur qui
spreta phibicioe regia sequebat⁹ p̃tea sicut e plus. Et exinde misit
dñs Rex nunc bre suū Matheo de Curia ballio huj⁹ Insule qđ attachi
pred̃cm Petrū p̃ corpus suū. Ita qđ illud fieret coram dño Rege in
Octab̃ S̃ce Trinitatis p̃xio p̃f̃itis ubicumq; t̃c ad respondend̃ inde dño
Regi pp̃t̃ que tam ad sectam dñi Reḡ q; ad sectam p̃d̃cti Luce p̃cep̃t̃
fuit tam ballio q; vĩc qđ iꝑm̃ Petrū attachi p̃ corp⁹ suū. Ita qđ iꝑm̃
herent̃ coram Justĩc hic ad stand̃ inde recto t̃c. Et die dñc̃ ante
p̃mū diem Itiñis diu p̃t p̃ndiū duobz de Justiciariis hic s. Joñe e
Joñe sedentibz in aula dñi Reḡ hic ct̃is de causis veñ Rad̃s p̃sona
eccl̃ie de foresta Decan⁹ de Gernereye in p̃d̃cam aulam e monuit iꝑos
Justiciarios ex pte iꝑius Ep̃i Constañ e Offic̃ sui s̃b pena excõicãcois
e centū markarū nõie pene cōmis̃se ad opus iꝑius Offic̃ ne iꝑi Jus-
ticiaꝛ in aliquo se intromittent de p̃d̃co Petro ṽt catañ aut posses-
sionibz suis. Et sup̃ hoc Idem Decan⁹ petiit ab eisdm̃ Justiciaꝛ
quendam Joñnem Estour quem p̃põitus e Balli plus in p̃sonaꝛant in
Castro dñi Reḡ ob merita sua delibari sicut clicum t̃c. Et Justiciarii
sibi responderunt bono zelo qđ veniret in c̃st̃io coram iꝑis in Judo e
libent̃ facient quod de jure foret faciend̃. Et Decanus sic recessit.
Et in c̃st̃io p̃d̃cus Decanus nō veñ in Judo sed ut plus p̃t p̃ndm̃ veñ
ad eos in aulam dñi Reḡ movens ut plus contemptiblr. Et petens

tianity in certain suits the cognisance whereof belongs wholly to the court of the lord the King, among whom a certain Peter le Corner called Piard, a tenant of the said lord the King, & a man, married to a woman corrupted by another, despising the court of the lord the King, sued a certain Luke Larcher tenant of the same lord the King in the court of Christianity before the official of the Bishop of Coutances at Coutances for the arrears of a certain yearly rent of wheat issuing from the tenement of the said Luke, which he holds of the lord the King in this village. And hereupon was presented & delivered to the said Peter a writ of the lord the King from the Chancery of England to prohibit him from sueing in the said court of Christianity, who setting at naught that royal prohibition continued to sue as at first. And thereupon the lord the King now sent his writ to Matthew de la Court bailiff of this island to attach the said Peter by his body, so that he shall have it before the lord the King in the octaves of Holy Trinity last past wheresoever &c. to answer thereon to the lord the King, on account of which as well at the suit of the lord the King as at the suit of the said Luke, it was commanded as well to the Bailiff as to the Viscount to attach the said Peter by his body, so that they shall have him before the justices here to take his trial therein &c. And on Sunday before the first day of the eyre long after dinner two of the justices here, to wit, John & John sitting in the court of the lord the King here for certain causes, Ralph parson of the Church of the Forest, Dean of Guernsey, came into the said court & admonished the said justices on behalf of the said Bishop of Coutances & his official, under pain of excommunication & 100 marks by way of penalty incurred in the action of the said official, not to intermeddle themselves in anything concerning the said Peter or his goods or possessions. And beyond this the said Dean claimed from the said justices that a certain John Estour, whom the Provost & Bailiffs had formerly imprisoned in the castle of the lord the King on account of his acts, to be liberated inasmuch as he was a clerk &c. And the justices answered him with good zeal that he should come on the morrow before them in judgment & they would freely do what of right ought to be done. And the Dean thus withdrew. And on the morrow the said Dean did not come to judgment but as at first after dinner he came to them in the court of the lord

p̄dcm Joñem ut clicu sⁱ libari. Et cū Justiç respondissent et qđ huj⁹ libações faciende fūnt in Juđo e Ēpo ut loci ordinario. Idem Decanus dixit se p̄ferre ex decreto qđ quibuscumq; loco e hora p̄fet Clicos p ministros Reġ incarçatos deberet⁽¹⁾ statim sibi libari. Et ibidm statim citavit ip̄os Justiciař qđ in c̄s̄tio fuissent psonalr coram ip̄o in capiſlo suo s̄b pena excoicaçois t̄c ad deliband ei p̄dcm clicum vſ ad ostendend Canōicū quare illud façe nō debuissent. Et q; huj⁹ moñicoes e citaçoes mañie e manifeste cedunt in contemptū dñi Reġ e picl̄m exheredaçois Corone sue cū nec loco debito ut forma debita f̄ce p̄ceptū fuit marescallo p Justiç qđ attach p̄dcm Decanū p corp⁹ suū t̄c. Ita qđ ĩeret ip̄m ad standū recto t̄c. Et Decanus postea duct⁹ in Judm t̄c e sup hiis allocut⁹ nō potest doçe qđ Ēps aliquas ĩras sibi fecisset ad petend clicos nec aliquid de p̄missis potest dediçe nec ĩ potest dediçe quin de consuetudie hacten⁹ hic usitata clici petendi sunt p Ēpm vſ ejus Comissař et in Juđo t̄c nec deb Decanus durantibz assisis dñi Reġ tenere capitl̄m nⁱ p licenciam Justiciarioz ob urgentem causam nec infra mañia dñi Reġ debet aliquod officiū ex̄cere. Idō p̄dcm Decanus cōmittit^r p̄sone dñi Reġ inde redimendus t̄c. Et p̄dcm Petrus diu diffugiens t̄c tandem attachiat⁹ fuit p marescall e explorat⁹ t̄c. Et sup p̄miss occasione t̄c nichil p̄missoz potest dedicere nec aliud scit dicere p se nisi tantum qđ dicit qđ sibi bene licuit sequi in Cuř xp̄ianitatis de p̄dctis arreragiis p̄dci redditus q; diç qđ p̄dca arreraġ sunt debita mobilia que ponere potest in testamento suo et sic inde m̄ere spectat cogniço ad forum ec̄cliasticum. Et q; p̄dcm Petrus tenet ĩras suas de ip̄o dño Rege et sic con̄t̄plitat Jus ip̄ius dñi Reġ e regalem dignitatem Corone sue e nō potest dediçe quin p̄t ĩre dñi Reġ de p̄hibiçoe sibi libatū secut⁹ fuit inde in Cuř xp̄ianitatis sicut e ante. Idō ip̄e cō-

(1) Sic.

the King behaving as at first in contempt, & claiming the said John as a clerk to be delivered up to him. And when the justices answered that such deliveries were to be made in judgment & to the Bishop as ordinary of the place, the said Dean said that he would cite from a decree that at whatever place & hour he shall claim clerks imprisoned by the officers of the lord the King they ought immediately to be delivered to him. And thereupon he immediately cited the said justices to be before him personally on the morrow in his chapter under pain of excommunication &c. to deliver to him the said clerk or to show by canon law why they should not do this. And because such admonitions & citations greatly & manifestly are in contempt of the lord the King & to the danger of the disinheritor of his Crown, because they were not made in due place or form, it was commanded to the marshall by the justices that they should attach the said Dean by his body &c., so that he shall have him to take his trial therein &c. And the Dean was afterwards brought to judgment &c., and being questioned upon these things cannot show that the Bishop issued to him any writs to claim clerks nor can he gainsay anything of the premises, nor also can he gainsay but that the customs hitherto used here of claiming a clerk are by the Bishop or his commissary & in judgment &c., nor ought the Dean during the assizes of the lord the King to hold his chapter except with the license of the justices for an urgent reason, nor within the manors of the lord the King ought he to exercise his office in any way. Therefore the said Dean is committed to the prison of the lord the King to be ransomed therefrom &c. And the said Peter long avoiding arrest was at length attached & [his person] assured by the marshall &c., and being called upon to answer as to the premises &c. cannot gainsay anything of the premises & does not know anything else to say for himself except only that he says that it was quite lawful for him to sue in the court of Christianity for the aforesaid arrears of the said rent, because he said that the aforesaid arrears are mobiliary debts which he can put in his will, & so the cognisance thereof wholly belongs to the ecclesiastical court. And because the said Peter holds his lands of the said lord the King & so counterpleads the right of the said lord the King & the royal dignity of his Crown & cannot gainsay but that after the writ of prohibition of the lord the King was delivered to him he sued in the court of Christianity as before. Therefore he is committed to the prison of the

mittitur p'sone dñi Reġ inde redimendus tċ. Et terġ Redd e catalla sua capiant' in mañ dñi Reġ. Et Viċ respond dño Regi de exiĩ tċ q̄diu dño Regi placit. Et sunt catalla ejus preċ blada quadraginta e un⁹ solid⁹ terre ejus e redd in Parochi Šci Petri port⁹ se extendunt p anñ scilĩ redd⁹ una cū locaġ domoꝝ ad iiij li. xvij s. vj d. Et terre ejus valent p anñ vij q̄r fri et ij busš et ij danereſt. Et bladum ejus seminatū in eadē parochia valet hec anno LX s. Iĩm de redd in pochi Šci Andr ij s. et j q̄r fri et ix danereſt fri una cum pticla terre que valet p anñ viij d. Iĩm in pochi de Bellosa p̄dcus Petr⁹ habet quandam pticlam terre in clauso de Belecroute que valet p anñ j caš fri p̄c redd. Habet t reddm ibid de f̄ro qui se extendit ad vj q̄r et j pañ et j capoñ het t in pochi Šci Sampsonis reddm j q̄r fri de duabz peċ f̄re quas Robtus Mackes tenet. Et in pochi Šce Marie redditm j caš fri sup j peċ f̄re quam Joñes de Cuř tenet. Et q̄ p̄dcus Mat̄is Ball⁹ tċ nō potest dediċe q'n p̄dcs Petř sepius fuit in ejus p̄sencia. Ita qđ cum attachi posset si voluisset. Iō in m̄ia. Postea veñ amici p̄dci Petri e offerunt dño Regi quat̄ viginti libr p p̄dcis t̄ns tċ et f̄ris e catall suis reñend unde medietas ponet' in sufferenciam e alia mediet' ponet' in suñ. Et Ball⁹ una cū Receptore respond de pleġ. Injunctū est t̄ p̄dco Ballo qđ retineat corpus p̄dci Decani in p'sona quousq̄ invenia sufficientem secuř de quadraginta libr, unde similt' medietas ponet' in sufferenciam sup portū suū e alia medietas ponet' in suñ.

(M. 22.)

Adhuc de pl̄itis Gorone de manucaptis qui non venerunt.

Gerneř.
Šci Samp̄s

Colinus filius Eglent' Renof manucapt⁹ p Guillm Caun Radm de
Capella Guillmnage p eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit

lord the King to be ransomed therefrom &c. And his lands, rents & chattels are taken into the hands of the lord the King. And the Viscount shall answer to the lord the King of the revenues &c. as long as it shall please the lord the King. And his chattels are the said corn 41 sols; his lands & rents in the parish of St. Peter-Port extend by the year, to wit, the rent together with the letting of the houses to 4 livres 7 sols 6 deniers. And his lands are worth by the year 7 quarters of wheat & 2 bushels & 3 small bushels. And his corn sown in the same parish is worth this year 60 sols. Also of rent in the parish of St. Andrew 2 sols & one quarter of wheat & 9 small bushels of wheat together with a piece of land which is worth by the year 8 deniers. Also in the parish of St. Martin de Bellouse the aforesaid Peter has a certain piece of land in the close of Bel-croute which is worth by the year one measure of wheat of the said rent. He has also a rent there of wheat which extends to 6 quarters & 1 loaf & 1 capon. He has also in the parish of St. Sampson the rent of 1 quarter of wheat of 2 pieces of land which Robert Mackes holds. And in the parish of St. Mary [de Câtel] the rent of one measure of wheat upon one piece of land which John de la Court holds. And because the said Matthew the Bailiff &c. cannot gainsay but that the said Peter was often in his presence, so that he could attach him if he had wished therefore he is to be amerced. Afterwards came the friends of the said Peter & offered to the lord the King 80 livres for the said transgression & to have again his lands & chattels whereof the moiety is deferred, & the other moiety is paid down. And the Bailiff together with the Receiver shall answer for the pledges, & it is enjoined also to the said Bailiff to retain the body of the said Dean in prison until he shall find sufficient security of 40 livres, whereof likewise the moiety may be mortgaged upon his income & the other moiety shall be paid down.

(M. 22.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of persons on bail
who did not come.

Guernsey.	Colin son of Eglent Renouf bailed by William Caun, Ralph de
St. Sampson.	la Chapelle, William for that he was

qđ insultavit in via regia de nocte Guillm Markes e eū vba.....
.....avit p quod sanguis tč et claĩ de harou levat⁹ fuit, nō veñ.
Ido pleğ sui in g^{vi} m..... nō veñ. Ido cap^r cū veñit.
Et testatū est qđ pđcs Colinus obiit. Ido nich de

Castř. Guilt de Castro manucapt⁹ p Ričm de Cuř e Petrū de Cuř p
eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit nocte Radm de Boure
in domo sua e eū vba vit e g^{vi} vulnavit p quod sanguis
..... pleğ sui in g^{vi} mĩa.

Sci P. in portu. Jonett⁹ Dire manucapt⁹ p Petrū Polard Joĩnem Pollard e Jord
Dire de eo qđ indictat⁹ fuittavit de nocte
Guillm le Barber et eū vba vit non veñ. Ido pleğ sui in g^{vi} mĩa.
Et pđ Jone..... veñ die sabbi et est in p'sona. Postea
fecit finē p x

Ričus de Curia de bosco manucapt⁹ p Oliřm de la Fontele e
Colinū Estur p eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit q, insultavit de nocte Salvatū
Martin e eū vulnavit no veñ. Ido pleğ sui in g^{vi} mĩa. Et q, nō
maleč de aliis malefactis. Ido redeat si voluerit et capiatur cū veñit.

Perrot⁹ le Roy manucapt⁹ p Petrū Joĩ e Joĩnem Viger p eo qđ
indictat⁹ fuit qđ insultavit noctanť salvatū Martin e eū vba vit e
vulnav tč nō veñ. Ido pť sui in g^{vi} mĩa. Et q, nō maleč de aliis
malefctis Ido redeat si voluit et cap^r cum veñit. Et sciend qđ idm
Perrot⁹ pť veñ e finem feč.

Jonett⁹ Pian manucapt⁹ p Radm Gautier p eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit
qđ insultav de nocte Guillm Basset et eū vba vit e g^{vi} vulnavit p
quod sanguis tč nō veñ. Ido pť suos in mĩa. Et q, nō maleč de
allis malefctis. Ido redeat si voluerit e cap^r cum veñit.

indicted for assaulting in the King's high-way by night William Markes & wounding him whereby blood &c. and 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, did not come. Therefore his pledges are to be heavily amerced. did not come. Therefore let him be taken when he shall come. And it is witnessed that the said Colin is dead, therefore nothing of

Câtel.

William de Câtel bailed by Richard de la Court & Peter de la Court for that he was indicted by night Ralph de Boure in his house beat & seriously wounded him whereby blood his pledges to be heavily amerced.

St. Peter-Port.

Jonett Dire bailed by Peter Polard John Pollard & Jordan Dire for that he was indicted,..... assaulted by night William le Barber & struck him, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. And the said Jonett came on Saturday & is in prison. Afterwards he compounded for 10

Richard de la Court of St. Peter's in the Wood bailed by Oliver de la Fontele & Colin Estur for that he was indicted for assaulting by night Salvatus Martin & wounding him, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. And because he is not suspected of other wrong-doings, therefore let him come again if he wish & be taken when he shall come.

Perrot le Roy bailed by Peter John & John Viger for that he was indicted for assaulting by night Salvatus Martin & striking & wounding him &c. did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. And because he is not suspected of other wrong-doings therefore let him return if he wish & be taken when he shall come. And be it known that the said Perrot afterwards came & compounded.

Jonett Pian bailed by Ralph Gautier for that he was indicted for assaulting by night William Basset & striking & severely wounding him whereby blood &c. did not come. Therefore his pledge to be amerced. And because he is not suspected of other wrong-doings therefore let him come again if he wish & be taken when he shall come.

Salvaĩ Guiff Corlu manucaĩ p Henĩ Nicole e Guiffm Roger p eo qđ
indictat⁹ fuit qđ vulñavit Thoĩ Bele p quod sanguis tĩ et claĩ de
hareu levat⁹ fuit nĩ veĩ. Ido pleĩ sui in g^{vi} mĩa. Et

obiit añ tĩ

Sci P. in poĩ.
e Erm.

Colinus de Val de Serk manucaĩ p Joĩnem du Val Robtum Pĩe,
Peĩr Peintefleur, Joĩnem Peintefleur e Aleĩ du Val p eo qđ indictat⁹
fuit qđ insultavit in maĩ Robtum le Venous de Erm e eũ g^{vi} vul-
ñavit p quod sang's tĩ e claĩ de harou levat⁹ fuit, nĩ veĩ. Ido pleĩ
sui in g^{vi} mĩa. Et testĩ est qđ obiit añ suĩ Itĩĩs tĩ. Iĩ nich de mĩa.

Sampĩ

Riĩ Wakelin e Robt⁹ Wakelyn manucaĩ p Robĩm Beaunenon
e Pĩm de Capella sup hoc qđ indictati fũunt qđ fregunt domũ Guilli
de Haddy e asptaũt bona sua ad valenĩ x libr Tuĩ. nĩ veĩ. Ido
pleĩ eoĩ in g^{vi} mĩa. Et ptea veĩ pĩci Riĩs e Robtus et patĩ de
eis in Roĩlo in delibacĩe gaol.

Robt⁹ Dorengē manucapt⁹ p Jordĩ Testart e Jordĩ Mengis p eo
qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ iĩe simul cũ Riĩo e Robto Waclyn fregunt domũ
Guilli de Hady et asptaũt bona sua ad valenĩ x li tuĩ nĩ veĩ. Ido
pleĩ sui in g^{vi} mĩa. Et ptea veĩ pĩcs Robts et patĩ de eo in Roĩlo
de delibacĩe gaol.

Sci P. in poĩ.

Miĩ de Graunceys manucapt⁹ p Guiffm Maĩ e Joĩnem Eĩye p
eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ fuĩ fuit garbas Robti Turgys nĩ veĩ. Ido pĩ
sui in g^{vi} mĩa. Et postea diu reddidit se pĩsone. Et patĩ de eo in
delibacĩe gaole.

Andĩ

Emmelota Hane manucaĩ p Petrũ Hane pro eo qđ indictata
fuit qđ vñavit uĩem Pĩi Tostein e eam vulñavit p quod sanguis tĩ
no veĩ. Ido pĩ suis in mĩa. Et postea veĩ e patet alibi de ea tĩ.

Miĩ de Graunceys manucapt⁹ p Guiffm le Courle Guiff le Mire
e Joĩnem Paynel sup hoc qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ fuĩ fuit garbas Riĩ de

William Corlu bailed by Henry Nicole & William Roger for that he was indicted for wounding Thomas Bele whereby blood &c., and 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced and

St. Peter-Port
and Herm.

Colin du Val of Sark bailed by John du Val, Robert Philip, Peter Peintefleur, John Peintefleur & Alexander du Val for that he was indicted for assaulting at sea Robert le Venous of Herm & severely wounding him whereby blood &c. and 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, did not come, therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. And it is witnessed that he died before the summons of the eyre &c. Therefore no amercement.

St. Sampson.

Richard Wakelin & Robert Wakelyn bailed by Robert Beaune-
non & Philip de la Chapelle for that they were indicted for breaking
into the house of William de Haddy & carrying away his goods to
the value of 10 livres Tournois, did not come. Therefore their
pledges to be heavily amerced. And afterwards the said Richard &
Robert came & it appears concerning them in the roll in the gaol
delivery.

Robert Dorenge, bailed by Jordan Testart & Jordan Mengis for
that he was indicted that he together with Richard & Robert Waclin
broke into the house of William de Hady & carried away his goods
to the value of 10 livres Tournois, did not come. Therefore his
pledges to be heavily amerced. And afterwards the said Robert
came & it appears concerning him in the roll of gaol delivery.

St. Peter-Port.

Michael de Graunceys, bailed by William Mahier & John Everye
for that he was indicted for stealing the sheaves of Robert Turgys,
did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. And a
long time after he gave himself up a prisoner. And it appears about
him in gaol delivery.

St. Andrew.

Emmelota Hane, bailed by Peter Hane for that she was indicted
for striking the wife of Philip Tostein & wounding her whereby
blood &c. did not come. Therefore her pledges to be amerced. And
afterwards she came & it appears elsewhere concerning her &c.

Michael de Graunceys, bailed by William le Courle, William le
Mire & John Paynel upon this that he was indicted for stealing the

la Bete nō veñ. Ido p̃t sui in g̃vi m̃ia. Et postea veñ p̃d Mich e redd se p̃sone. Et patz de eo in delibačoe Gaole.

Thoñ Elyes manucapt⁹ p Petrū le Fournier Joñnem le Jumel Guilm le Mire e Ričm Boky pro eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ fuř fuit garbas Riči de la Bete nō veñ. Ido p̃t sui in g̃vi m̃ia. Et postea veñ p̃d Thoñ e redd se p̃sone et patz de eo in delibačoe Gaol.

Šci P. in poř.

Robt⁹ le Peletier manucapt⁹ p Andř Alř Joñnem le Boure e Guilm de Maret p eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ vulñavit noctanř Galřm le Paster in domo sua p quod clañ de harou levat⁹ fuit nō veñ. Ido p̃t sui in g̃vi m̃ia. Et p̃dcus Robt⁹ p̃t veñ die Sabbi e est in p̃sona postea fecit fine p

Foresta

Guiff de Hurel manucapt⁹ p Guilm le Kanele Joñnem Euerye Radm Wyteclin pro eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ fuř fuit Cunicloš đni Reğ cum retiis e furettis, nō veñ, Ido p̃t sui in g̃vi m̃ia. Et infius de eo.

Reginald Joliet manucapt⁹ p Petrum Naom e Henř de Cultura de eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ fuř fuit Cunictos đni Reğ cum retiis e furett, no veñ. Ido pleğ sui in g̃vi m̃ia. Postea veñ pred Regiñ die Sabbi e Galfo de la Sale qui eũ manucep̃, qui postea veñ e bñ cogñ qđ ipe cepit cuniclos illos sed dicit qđ ipe fuit tenis etatis e hoc fecit p abbettũ e instigačom Guilli Durel qui simitr dediče quin cepit cuniclos illos siml cũ p̃dco Regiñ Joliet e Rado le M..... potest hoc dediče. Ido oñes cōmittant⁹ Gaole et sunt oñes infra ejusđ Regiñ remittit⁹ Galfo de la Salle. Et inven..... Petř Naom e Ričm frem ejus.

sheaves of Richard de la Bete, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. And afterwards the said Michael came & gave himself up a prisoner. And it appears concerning him in the gaol delivery.

Thomas Elyes, bailed by Peter le Fournier, John le Jumel, William le Mire & Richard Beky for that he was indicted for stealing the sheaves of Richard de la Bete, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. And afterwards the said Thomas came & gave himself up a prisoner, & it appears concerning him in the gaol delivery.

St. Peter-Port.

Robert le Peletier, bailed by Andrew Alexander, John le Boure & William du Marais for that he was indicted for wounding by night Geoffrey le Paster in his house wherefore 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. And the aforesaid Robert afterwards came on Saturday & is in prison. Afterwards he compounded for

The Forest.

William de Hurel, bailed by William le Kanely, John Everye, Ralph Wyteclin for that he was indicted for stealing the conies of the lord the King with nets & ferrets, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. And below concerning him.

Reginald Joliet, bailed by Peter Naom & Henry de Cultura for that he was indicted for stealing the conies of the lord the King with nets & ferrets, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. Afterwards came the said Reginald on Saturday & to Walter de la Sale who bailed him, who afterwards came & fully acknowledged that he took those conies but said that he was of tender age & did this by the abetment & instigation of William Durel who likewise [cannot] gainsay but that he took those conies together with the said Reginald Joliet & Ralph le M..... [cannot] gainsay this. Therefore they are all committed to gaol & all are under [age] of the said Reginald he is handed over to Walter de la Sale, & found Peter Naom & Richard his brother.

(M. 22 d.) **Adhuc de p̃lis Corone** de manucaptis qui non veniunt.

..... fit Riči Ode Jonett^o le Barber Jonett^o le Plemonceys
Colin^o fit Roḡti Denys senior e la Kannette manucaḡ p
Guillm le Barber d̃ctm Porthors Roḡtū Denys e Guillm le Kannett
..... qđ indictati f̃fnt qđ noctant̃ fregunt hostia
Relicte Petⁱ Larker e d̃ce la Begine e d̃ce la
e hostia Guilli le Neveu no veñ. Ido p̃t eoḡ p quolibz pred̃ctoḡ in
g̃vi m̃ia. P^otea die Sabbi veñ p̃d̃cti Jonett^o le Barber e
Jonett^o le Plemonceys et sunt in p'sona. Et om̃es p̃d̃ci
fecerunt finem sicut patz alibi.

obiit

Joñnes filius Dyoniḡ Jordañ Joñnes Esturnel e Jonett^o fit d̃cti
Joñnis manucaḡ p Dyoniḡ Jord̃ p eo qđ indictati f̃fnt
qđ noctant̃ insultaḡunt Colinū Corbyn in via regia et eū vulñaḡnt p
quod sanguis t̃c e claḡm de harou levat^o fuit nō veñ. Ido
p̃d̃ctus Jord̃ p̃t t̃c p quolibz eoḡ in g̃vi m̃ia. Et

Colin^o Bauge Junior e Aug̃tinus de S̃̃molend̃io manucaḡ p
Radm Bauge Roḡtum Blaunche et P̃lm de S̃̃molend̃io p eo qđ in-
dictati f̃fnt qđ p abbettū e exploraḡōm suam fecunt quosdam mali-
volos ḡbare e robiaḡ quend̃ Normannū in molend̃io d̃ni Reḡ existentē
ult̃ multuram bladi t̃c non veñ. Ido pleḡ siu in g̃vi m̃ia. Et pred̃
Colinus nō malec^r de hoc maleḡco nec de alio. Ido redeat si vol̃sit.
Et pred̃ctus Aug̃tinus fuḡ e malec^r et alibi patz de eo.

Salvaḡ

Guillotus fit Roḡti Blaunche manucaḡ per Roḡtum Blaunche
Jordm Geruays e Colinū Boleng̃ p eo qđ indictat^o fuit qđ insultavit
noctant̃ Ricm le Mouner in molend̃io d̃ni Reḡ p quod claḡm de Harou
levat^o fuit nō veñ. Ido pleḡ sui in g̃vi m̃ia. Et q, nō malec^r de
aliis maleḡcis. Ido redeat si voluerit et cap^r cum veñit.

(M. 22 d.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of those persons bailed who did not come.

..... son of Richard Ode, Jonett le Barber, Jonett le Plemonceys, Colin son of Robert Denys, senior & la Kannette, bailed by William le Barber—called Porthors, Robert Denys & William le Kannett for that they were indicted that by night they broke open the doors of the widow of Peter Larker & called la Begine & called la & the doors of William le Neveu, did not come. Therefore their pledges for each of them to be heavily amerced. Afterwards on Saturday came the said Jonett le Barber & Jonett le Plemonceys & they are in prison. And all aforesaid compounded as appears elsewhere.

He is dead.

John son of Dyonisius Jordan, John Esturnel & Jonett son of the said John, bailed by Dionisius Jordan for that they were indicted of assaulting by night Colin Corbyn in the King's high-way & wounding him whereby blood &c. and 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, did not come. Therefore the aforesaid Jordan pledge &c. for each of them to be heavily amerced. And

Colin Bauge junior & Augustin du Sous-moulin, bailed by Ralph Bauge, Robert Blaunche & Philip du Sous-moulin for that they were indicted that by their abetment & snares they caused certain ill-natured men to rob & they robbed a certain Norman being in the mill of the lord the King of more than the toll of the corn &c. did not come. Therefore their pledges to be heavily amerced. And the aforesaid Colin is not suspected of this wrong-doing nor of any other. Therefore let him return if he will. And the said Augustin fled & is suspected & elsewhere it appears concerning him.

St. Saviour.

Guillot son of Robert Blaunche bailed by Robert Blaunche, Jordan Gervays & Colin Boulanger for that he is indicted of assaulting by night Richard le Mouner in the mill of the lord the King wherefore 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. And because he is not suspected of other wrong-doings therefore let him return if he will & be taken when he shall come.

Guillot⁹ Blaunche manucapt⁹ p Robtū Blaunche Colinū Bolanġ Jord Geruais e Drogonē Auerre p eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ fuī unū baconē Galiene de vivario nō veñ. Ido pleġ sui in ġvi mīa. Et

Colinus le Marchaunt manucaġ p Drogonē Henry Rađm de Vivař e Joñem filiū ej⁹ pro eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit de furto uni⁹ baconis Rici de Kemino nō veñ. Ido pleġ sui in mīa. Et sciend qđ pđcti pleġ reddiderunt se p'sone dni Reġ p pđcto Colino p'mo die Itiñis. Et

Sampš Emma uř Luce Greyn davoyne manucaġ p Rađm Renof e Guillm Berod de eo qđ indictata fuit qđ iġa sđtraxit bona đcti Luce Mariti sui cont^a voluntatē suam, nō veñ. Ido pť sui in gravi mīa. Et postea veñ pđ Emma e redd se p'sone. Et patz de ea in delibacōe Gaole.

Salvař Robtus de Vivař manucaġ p Rađm de Vivariis de eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ asptavit Wreckū dñi Reġ cont^a pacem tē videlř de una nave flandrī aventuř apđ Kaubo qui quidem Rob inventus fuit seisis⁹ de Wrecco predco e capt⁹ p dñm Robtū de Hady e Joñem le Markaunt tunc ppoitū tē nō veñ. Ido pleġ suus in mīa. Postea pđctus Robtus veñ die mīcuř tē et est in p'sona.

Ričus Bloundel manucapt⁹ p Robtū de Gorrys, Colinū Blondel et Jordanū Geruays p eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ fuī fuit rayas p pat'am, nō veñ. Ido pleġ sui in mīa.

oġ ante tē
Andř Gemin⁹ Gilbt manucapt⁹ p Ričm de la Bete e Guillotū Gilbt pro eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ insultavit Guiffm Melege in domo sua tē nō veñ. Ido pleġ sui in mīa. Et

Jonett⁹ Cloet manucapť p Jordanū Cloet seniorē e Jordanū Cloet Juniorem pro eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ vřavit de nocte Jonettū le Bretoun in via regia p quod sanguis tē et clař de harou levat⁹

Guillot Blaunche, bailed by Robert Blaunche, Colin Boulanger, Jordan Gervais & Drogo Averre for that he was indicted of stealing one pig of Galien du Vivier did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. And

Colin le Marchant, bailed by Drogo Henry, Ralph du Vivier & John his son for that he was indicted of stealing one pig of Richard Duchemin, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be amerced. And be it known that the said pledges gave themselves up as prisoners of the lord the King for the said Colin on the first day of the eyre. And

St. Sampson.

Emma the wife of Luke Grain d'Avoine, bailed by Ralph Renouf & William Berod for that she was indicted of taking away the goods of the said Luke her husband against his will, did not come. Therefore her pledges to be heavily amerced. And afterwards the aforesaid Emma came & gave herself up a prisoner. And it appears concerning her in the gaol delivery.

St. Saviour.

Robert du Vivier, bailed by Ralph du Vivier was indicted for that he took wreck of the lord the King against the peace, &c., to wit, of a ship of Flanders stranded at Cobo : which said Robert was found seised of the aforesaid wreck & taken by the said Robert de Hady & John le Marchant then Provost &c. did not come. Therefore his pledge to be amerced. Afterwards the said Robert came on Wednesday &c. and he is in prison.

Richard Blondel, bailed by Robert de Gorrys, Colin Blondel & Jordan Gervais for that he was indicted for stealing ray-fish throughout the country, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be amerced.

He died before &c.

St. Andrew.

Geminus Gilbert, bailed by Richard de la Bete & Guillot Gilbert for that he was indicted for assaulting William Melege in his house &c. did not come. Therefore his pledges to be amerced. And

Jonett Cloet, bailed by Jordan Cloet senior & Jordan Cloet junior for that he was indicted of striking by night Jonett le Breton in the King's high-way whereby blood &c. and 'Clameur de Haro'

fuit nō veñ. Ido pleğ sui in mīa. Postea p̄dcus Jonett⁹ veñ die M^lcu^r e est in p^lsona tē.

Castr Rađ Mengis manucapt⁹ p Rađm de Capella e Ričm de Capella sup hoc qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ abduxit uēm Joñnis le Disme una cum bonis suis, nō veñ. Ido pleğ sui in mīa. Et

Sci P. in poř. Guiff Hubland manucapt⁹ p Henř Godeyne e Guillm Hambir' p eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ emit unū bidentē furtivū de Guiffō Germeyn latrone tē, nō veñ. Ido pleğ sui in mīa. Et p̄t veñ p̄dci Guiff e Guiffs et patz de eis in delibačone gaot.

Salvař Colinus le Markaunt manucapt⁹ p Drogonem Henř Joñnem Tur-gys et Matñm de Castro sup t⁹ fuit de furto duoř bidenciū Colini Nicole nō veñ. Ido pleğ sui in mīa. Et pleğ reddiderunt se p^lsone dni Reğ p p̄dcto Colino p^lmo die Itiñis.

(M. 23.) **Adhuc de p̄litis Gorone** de manucaptis qui non venerunt.

Gerneř. Mathus le Markaunt manucapt⁹ p Drogonem Henř et Matñm de Castro sup hoc qđ indictat⁹ cum Colino le Markaunt fuř fñunt duas bidentes Colini Nicole nō veñ. Ido pleğ sui in mīa veñ.

Sci p. in poř. Johanetta Wylon manucapta p Michem Wilon e Geminū Hana-let pro eo qđ indictata Henricū Howe in cimiterio Sci Petri p quod sanguis tē e claiñ de harou levat⁹ fuit pleğ sui in gravi mīa. Et postea veñ. Et fecit finē p xvij s. p̄p̄m Petroniř le

Sampř Petr⁹ de Monte manucapt⁹ p Ričm le Mouner Peř Bely e Rađm le Rey sup eo qđ fuit qđ insultavit noctanř in via dni Reğ Guillotū le Rey et eum vulřavit p quod sanguis tē et

was raised, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be amerced. Afterwards the said Jonett came on Wednesday & is in prison &c.

Câtel. Ralph Mengis, bailed by Ralph de la Chapelle & Richard de la Chapelle upon this that he was indicted for taking away the wife of John le Disme together with his goods, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be amerced. And

St. Peter-Port. William Huberland, bailed by Henry Godeyne & William Hambir for that he was indicted for buying one stolen sheep from William Germain, a thief &c. did not come. Therefore his pledges to be amerced. And afterwards the said William and William came, & it appears concerning them in the gaol delivery.

St. Saviour. Colin le Marchant, bailed by Drogo Henry, John Turgys & Matthew de Câtel for [that he was indicted] for stealing 2 sheep of Colin Nicole did not come. Therefore his pledges to be amerced. And pledges gave themselves up as prisoners of the lord the King for the said Colin on the first day of the eyre.

(M. 23.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of those persons bailed who did not come.

Guernsey. Matthew le Marchant, bailed by Drogo Henry & Matthew de Câtel upon this that he was indicted with Colin le Marchant for stealing 2 ewes of Colin Nicolle did not come. Therefore his pledges are to be amerced he came.

St. Peter-Port. Johanetta Wylon, bailed by Michael Wilon & Gemanus Hanalet for that she was indicted [for assaulting] Henry Howe in the cemetery of St. Peter-port whereby blood &c. and 'Clameur de Haro' was raised pledges to be heavily amerced. And afterwards she came & compounded for 18 sols by the pledge of Petronilla le

St. Sampson. Peter du Mont, bailed by Richard le Mouner, Peter Bely & Ralph le Rey for that he was [indicted] for assaulting by night in the King's high-way Guillot le Rey & wounding him whereby blood &c.

et clamor de harou levat⁹ fuit nō veñ. Ido pleġ sui in g^{vi} mīa. Et
.....

Forest Remondus Joñnis manucapt⁹ p Guillm Guiff Matñm Denys Ricm le Counte e Raulinū Johan p eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ cepat Cuniclos dñi Reġ cum retiis e furett non veñ. Ido pleġ sui in gravi mīa.

Sci P. in poř. Joñnes de Plemonceys manucapt⁹ p Ricm de Vivariis Petrū Royman e Guillm Maheu p eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ g^{vi} vulnervit quendam Normanū et statim fugit ad eccliam tċ. Et postea reddidit se p'sone tċ. Et inde fuit manucapt⁹ p pđctos tċ et Ido pleġ sui in g^{vi} mīa. Et ptea die Sabbī veñ pđctus Joñnes et est in p'sona tċ.

Salvař Joñnes filius Guilli Fabri de Parela manucapt⁹ p Ricm Esmaunceys Drogonē Henř Robtū de la Rowe e Jordanū Geruays pro eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ insultavit de nocte in via dñi Reġ Guillm le Rey e eum vřavit e g^{vi} vulnervit p quod sanguis tċ et clañ de harou levat⁹ fuit nō veñ. Ido pleġ siu in gravi mīa. Postea die veñis veñ pđctus Joñnes et est in p'sona tċ.

Joñnes de Rocheford manucapt⁹ p Ricm Heriche sup hoc qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ ipe simul cum Joñne filio Guilli Fabri de Parella insultav de nocte in via dñi Reġ Guillm le Rey e eum vulnerv p quod clañ de harou levat⁹ fuit non veñ. Ido pleġ suos in g^{vi} mīa. Postea veñ pđctus Riċ die veñis et est in p'sona tċ.

Sampř Petr⁹ de Roker e Guiff fit ejus manucapti p Joñnem de pto Joñnem de Roker e Colinū la Mustenk pro eo qđ indictati fñnt qđ freġunt de nocte fenestrā Relicte Robti Sarre p quod clañ de harou levatus fuit non veñ. Ido pleġ sui in g^{vi} mīa. Postea veñ pđ Petr⁹ die Jovis et est in p'sona tċ. Et pred Guiff veñ die Sabbī et est in p'sona tċ.

and 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. And

The Forest.

Remond John, bailed by William Fitz-William, Matthew Denys, Richard le Counte & Raulin John for that he was indicted of taking the conies of the lord the King with nets & ferrets, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced.

St. Peter-Port.

John de Plemonceys, bailed by Richard du Vivier, Peter Royman & William Maheu for that he was indicted that he severely wounded a certain Norman & immediately fled to the Church &c. And afterwards he gave himself up a prisoner &c. And therein was bailed by the aforesaid &c. and therefore his pledges are to be heavily amerced. And afterwards on Saturday the said John came & he is in prison &c.

St. Saviour.

John son of William Faber, of La Perelle, bailed by Richard Esmaunceys, Drogo Henry, Robert de la Rowe & Jordan Gervays for that he was indicted of assaulting by night in the King's high-way William le Rey & of beating and severely wounding him, whereby blood &c. and 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. Afterwards on Friday the said John came & he is in prison &c.

John de Rocheford, bailed by Richard Heriche for that he was indicted of having together with John son of William Faber of La Perelle assaulted by night in the King's high-way William le Rey & wounded him whereby a 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, did not come. Therefore his pledge to be heavily amerced. Afterwards the said Richard came on Friday & is in prison &c.

St. Sampson.

Peter de Roker & William, his son, bailed by John de Prato, John de Roker & Colin la Mustenk for that they were indicted of breaking by night the windows of the widow of Robert Sarre whereby a 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, did not come. Therefore their pledges to be heavily amerced. Afterwards the said Peter came on Thursday & is in prison &c. And the said William came on Saturday & is in prison &c.

Jonett⁹ fīl Jōrdi Mengis manuapt⁹ p Guillotū Mengis et Colinū le Maignen pro eo qđ indictatus fuit qđ fregit de nocte fenestram Relicte Robti Sarre p quod claīn de harou levat⁹ fuit non veñ. Ido pleğ sui in g^{vi} mīa. Postea veñ dētus Jonett⁹ die Marī e est in p'sona tč.

Andr

Pħa le Fraunket manuap̃ p Joħnem Eħie e Ričm le Fraunket p eo qđ indicī fuit qđ recettavit Simonettam filiam Joħnis le Markaunt Juvenam una cum bonis iħius Joħnis non veñ. Ido pleğ sui in g^{vi} mīa. Postea pđ Pħa veñ die Joṽ e est in p'sona tč. Et patz de ea in Roħlo de delibačoe Gaole.

Sampš

Guīff de Capella senior manuapt⁹ p Radm de Capella Guīffm Canoun e Colinū Vivien pro eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ malicōse cepit equū Relicte Henř Turgys nō veñ. Ido pleğ sui in g^{vi} mīa. Postea veñ pđctus Guīff die Jovis et est in p'sona tč. Et patz de eo in Roħlo de delibačoe Gaol.

Jonett⁹ Cloet manuapt⁹ p Raulinū Johan Joħnem Geruays et Jord Cloet pro eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ receptavit latrones fuř Cunictos dñi Reğ et ĥuit partē cum eis tč nō veñ. Ido pleğ sui in mīa. Postea veñ pđ Jonett⁹ die Jovis et est in p'sona tč.

(M. 23 d.)

Adhuc de plītis Corone de manuaptis qui non veneřt.

Abbas de Schirebourgh manuapt⁹ p Robtū Pħe de eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ imprisonavit Guīffm [La]loel fidelem tenentē dñi Reğ contra pacem e coronam dñi Reğ tč vocati nō veñ. Ido uřq, eoğ in mīa.

Vicecoīn allocut⁹ de eo qđ p̃sentavit Guillotū Blondel redditū fuisse p'sone dñi Regi die Lune tč et sic remansisse in p'sona tota

Jonett son of Jordan Mengis, bailed by Guillot Mengis & Colin le Maignen for that he was indicted of breaking by night the window of the widow of Robert Sarre whereby a 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. Afterwards the said Jonett came on Tuesday & is in prison &c.

St. Andrew. Philippa le Fraunket, bailed by John Everie & Richard le Fraunket for that she was indicted for harbouring Simonetta the daughter of John le Marchant junior together with the goods of the said John, did not come. Therefore her pledges to be heavily amerced. Afterwards the said Philippa came on Thursday & is in prison &c. And it appears concerning her in the roll of gaol delivery.

St. Sampson. William de la Chapelle senior, bailed by Ralph de la Chapelle William Canoun & Colin Vivien for that he was indicted of maliciously taking a horse of the widow of Henry Turgys, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. Afterwards the said William came on Thursday & he is in prison &c. And it appears concerning him in the roll of gaol delivery.

Jonett Cloet, bailed by Raulin Johan, John Gervays & Jordan Cloet for that he was indicted of harbouring thieves, stealing the conies of the lord the King, & taking part with them &c. did not come. Therefore his pledges to be amerced. Afterwards the said Jonett came on Thursday & he is in prison &c.

(M. 23 d.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of persons bailed
who did not come.

The Abbot of Cherbourg, bailed by Robert Philippe for that he was indicted for imprisoning William Laloel a faithful tenant of the lord the King against the peace & Crown of the lord the King &c., being called did not come. Therefore both of them to be amerced.

The Viscount questioned for that he represented Guillot Blondel to have been given up a prisoner of the lord the King on Monday &c. and to have remained in prison the whole week, whereas the said

septim^{us} ubi p̄d Guillot^{us} visus fuit vagando in villa p̄dictis die Lune Mar^{tis} e M^{agist}er t̄c veñ e dicit qđ laic^{us} est t̄c et qđ Rađ de Beauner sviens đni Reġ C^{on}tic^{us} lit^{er}at^{us} scripsit nōia p^{er}sonū redditoꝝ p̄dco die Lune p p̄sentačom Constabula^r t̄c et p̄dcus Rađ p̄sens nō potest dediče quin vidit p̄d Guillotū ex^{tra} prisonā vagando p̄dictis diebꝫ et scien^t scripsit ip̄m esse imp^{er}sonatū ubi nō fuit t̄c. Ido cōmittat^{ur} Gaole redimend^{us} t̄c. Postea fecit finem p C š. de quibꝫ solvet statim xx š e residm scđm portum suū ponit^{ur} in respectū.

Forest P^{er}hus Peitevin manuapt^{us} p Michem Caucheys e Petrū Peytevyn non veñ. Ido pleġ sui in m^{en}te. Postea veñ die Sabbi e est in prisona t̄c qui postea veñ e attinct^{us} est qđ alias coram Mattheo de Cu^{er} tunc ba^llo e Justici^{us} đni Reġ convict^{us} fuit qđ pcussit Colinū fr̄em suū e feč ei magnā plagā ei mutilavit eum de una dente p quod sanguis t̄c. Et cla^m de harou levat^{us} fuit. Ido remaⁿ in p^{er}sona redim^{en}d^{us} t̄c.

Samp^{er} Guillot^{us} de Capella senior manuapt^{us} p Rađm de Capella seniorē e Guillotū de Capella le Petist pro eo qđ indictat^{us} fuit qđ cepit Juvencū Relicte Hen^{ri} Turgys e illud detinuit p xv dies cont^{ra} voluntatē suā nō veñ. Ido pleġ sui in m^{en}te. Postea veñ p̄d Guiff die Jovis e est in p^{er}sona.

Hen^{ri} de Capella e Guillot^{us} fr̄ eju^{us} senior e Rađs fra^{ter} eoꝝ manuapti p Ričm Savage Guillotū le Varennon Martinū filiū Cecilia de Capella Robtū Labbe Colinū le Maignen p eo qđ indictati f^{uer}unt qđ inf^{er}ecert lapides adinvicem e fečunt al^{ter}utrū vulnus e sang^{ui}nem t̄c non veñ. Ido p^{er} eoꝝ in m^{en}te. Postea die Jovis veñunt p̄dci Hen^{ri} e Guillot^{us} e sunt in p^{er}sona. Et p̄d Rađ veñ die Sabbi e est in p^{er}sona.

Wale Jo^hanna filia Rađi de la Fontelle manuapta p Alanū le Provost nō veñ. Ido p^{er} suos in m^{en}te. Et pꝫ de ea in alio Ro^llo de manuap^{er}.

Guillot was seen wandering about in the village on the said Monday Tuesday & Wednesday &c. comes & says that he is a layman &c. and that Ralph de Beauner the Serjeant of the lord the King, a learned clerk, wrote the names of the prisoners given up on the said Monday by the presentment of the constables &c. and the said Ralph being present cannot deny that he saw the said Guillot wandering out of prison on the said days & knowing this wrote that he was imprisoned whereas he was not &c. Therefore he is committed to gaol to be ransomed &c. Afterwards he compounded for 100 sols, of which he shall pay 20 sols immediately & as to the remainder it stands over on the security of his income.

The Forest. Philip Petevin, bailed by Michel Cauchey & Peter Petevin, does not come. Therefore his pledges to be amerced. Afterwards he came on Saturday & is in prison &c. who afterwards came & is attainted for that at another time before Matthew de la Court then Bailiff & the Jurats of the lord the King he was convicted of striking Colin, his brother, & of inflicting on him a severe wound & of knocking out one of his teeth whereby blood &c. and a 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. Therefore let him remain in prison to be ransomed &c.

St. Sampson. Guillot de la Chapelle senior bailed by Ralph de la Chapelle senior & Guillot de la Chapelle junior for that he was indicted for taking a steer of the widow of Henry Turgys & keeping it for 15 days against her will, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be amerced. Afterwards the said Guillot came on Thursday & is in prison.

Henry de la Chapelle & Guillot his elder brother & Ralph, their brother, bailed by Richard Savage, Guillot le Varennon, Martin son of Cecilia de la Chapelle, Robert Labey, Colin le Maignen, for that they were indicted of throwing stones at one another & wounding each other & drawing blood &c. did not come. Therefore their pledges to be amerced. Afterwards on Thursday the said Henry & Guillot came & are in prison. And the said Ralph came on Saturday & is in prison.

The Vale. Joan daughter of Ralph de la Fontelle, bailed by Alan le Provost, did not come. Therefore his pledge to be amerced. And it appears concerning her in another roll of those bailed.

Castr

Robinet⁹ fit Ra^{di} de Vivariis manu^{cap}⁹ p Ra^{dm} de Vivaⁱ p eo q^d indictat⁹ fuit q^d implitavit Helenam filiam au Vechere in foro eccl^{astico} de plito effusionis sangⁱnis non veñ. Ido ple^g suos in m^{ia}. Postea veñ p^d Robinett⁹ die Sabbi e est in p^sone. Et fe^c finē p v. s.

Johannett⁹ Blondel manu^{cap}⁹ p Ro^btum Bloundel pro eo q^d indictat⁹ fuit q^d v^bavit filiū Jo^hnis de Caubo in litorio maris p q^d cla^m de harou levat⁹ fuit nō veñ. Ido p^t suos in m^{ia}. Postea die lune in vigi^t S^ci Jo^his bap^{te} venerunt p^dci Ro^btus e Johannett⁹ et idm Jo^h fecit finem p t^{ns} p XL s p^{pl}m i^pius Ro^bti et p m^{ia} LX s.

(M. 24.) **Plita ap^d Serk** de eodm Iti^{ne} die Jovis p^x^a post Octa^b
S^ci Jo^hnis usq³ diem vestis
in crastinū ut de die in diem.

Serk. D^{ns} Rex p Guil^m des Mareys qui sequitur pro eo optulit se quarto die v^sus Ro^btum de plito advoca^{co}is eccl^{ie} de Serk. Et v^sus Nic^hm E^pm Abrinceⁿ de plito advoca^{co}is dua^zrū eccl^{ie} de Serk. Et v^sus Ab^bem de Monteburg^h de plito q^d idem Abbas sim^t cū p^lor de Serk reddant ei unū molend^u cum p^{ti}n in Serk que cla^m ut jus t^c. Et p^{re}dci E^pi e Abba..... sum t^c. Judm p^{re}dce advoca^{co}es e Molend^u t^c cap^u in maⁿ dⁿⁱ Regⁱ. Et dies t^c. Et i^pi su^m q^d t^c ap^d S^cm Eler^m in Jerseye in cstio S^ce Marga^r v^{ig}iⁿ t^c. Idem dies datus est p^{re}dci in Banco. Postea ad diē illū ap^d S^cm Ele^r veñ p^dcs P^lor. Et ptulit quas^d tras sigi^f sigillo p^dci Ab^bis testant^r q^d iidem Ab^b e Cap^lm cōstitūunt i^pm gen^lalem attorⁿ e p^{cu}r suū t^c. Et dicit q^d quid d^{ns}

Câtel. Robinet son of Ralph du Vivier bailed by Ralph du Vivier, for that he was indicted of having sued Helen daughter of Vechere in the Ecclesiastical Court concerning a complaint of assault did not come. Therefore his pledge to be amerced. Afterwards the said Robinet came on Saturday & is in prison. And he compounded for 5 sols.

Johannet Blondel bailed by Robert Blondel for that he was indicted of beating the son of John of Cobo on the sea shore, whereby a 'Claineur de Haro' was raised, did not come. Therefore his pledge to be amerced. Afterwards on Monday in the vigil of St. John the Baptist the said Robert & Johannet came, & the said John compounded for the transgression by the payment of 40 sols by the pledge of the said Robert & by a fine of 60 sols.

(M. 24.) **Pleas at Sark** of the same Eyre on Thursday next after the Octaves of St. John up to Friday on the morrow as from day to day.

Sark. The lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him actioned on the 4th day Robert concerning a plea of the advowson of the Church of Sark. And Nicholas, Bishop of Avranches, concerning a plea of the advowson of two of the Church of Sark. And the Abbot of Montebourg concerning a plea that the same Abbot together with the Prior of Sark should give up to him one mill with the appurtenances in Sark, which he claims as his right &c. And the aforesaid Bishop & Abbot were summoned &c. the judgment is that the aforesaid advowsons & mill &c. be taken into the hands of the lord the King. And a day &c. And the same are summoned that &c. at St. Helier in Jersey on the morrow of St. Margaret the Virgin &c. Also a day is given to the said in King's Bench. Afterwards at that day at St. Helier the said Prior came. And he produced certain letters sealed with the seal of the aforesaid Abbot witnessing that the said Abbot & the chapter had constituted him their general attorney & proctor &c. And he

de Vernoun fuit dñs de Serk e ej⁹ pgenitores
dederāt p̄dco P'oratui p̄dcm mot quod p̄dcs Raðs coġn se teñe ad fīm
vite sue ex..... f'mā tē una cū iiij acī frē q̄s ipi modo
tenent e iiij^u singlis annis p̄cipiendū de redd̄ suo p man⁹ receptoris
sui. Ita qđ possessio p'orat⁹ ubi ip̄e P'or est se
alī celeb^{ns} s̄tinue p dño R nō se extendit ad plusq̄m ad xv^u Turoñ
p anñ tē. Et Et totū hoc comptū est
p Juī tē. Iō pmittit' ip̄os teñe siē tenent q'usq, dñs Rex aliī inde
duxit ordinand.

Audita petiōe Drogonis Fausilioun petentis delibācoem sibi fieri
de sex virgaī frē quas Raðus ejus cuj⁹ heres tē ante
tempus ultime guerre dimiserat Raðo Collochi ad firmā p voluntate
suadendo sibi inde p anñ tres solidū q̄m diu illas teneret tē
et similr audito responso Stephi filii ejusd Radi qui totū
hoc concedit. Et oīes testant' qđ fra debet p̄dco fiedi restitui. Ido
p̄dca fra ei restit..... salvo jure cuj⁹libet et salva p̄dco Stepño me-
dietate vestire crescentis in eadē fra. Et p̄dcus redd̄s jam aretro
est p quatuor annos. Ido Stepñus inde respondeat dño Regi. Et
p̄dcus Drogo respondeat dño Regi de relevio.

Joñes du Val p se e p̄ticibus suis petens vsus Raðm Ode de
octo peciis frē veñ. Et cōcord sunt scilī qđ p̄dcus Joñes remisit
p̄dco Raðo oīem exaōem de p̄dcis teñ. Et inde faciet ei audienciā
tē et competentē securitatē p p̄ticibz suis tē. Et p hac tē p̄dcus
Raðs dat p̄dco Joñi xx š. Et ufq, eoz sit in mīa.

Ričus Durel querit' cū ip̄e adiu est fēus fuisset hic p̄poitus p
Nichm de Cheny tunc custodis Insulaz tē et idē Ričus sic extitisset
p̄poitus a festo S̄ci Michis usq, ad festum Penī et tunc Raðus Ode
paī Radi Ode qui nūc est fēus fuisset p̄poitus loco suo p Priorem de

says that a certain lord de Vernon
was lord of Sark & his progenitors had given to the aforesaid Priory
the said mill which the aforesaid Ralph acknowledges that he holds
for the term of his life of farm &c. together
with 3 acres of land which they now hold & 4 livres every year to be
received from his revenue by the hand of his receiver. So that
..... the possession of the Priory, where the said Prior
is, regularly conducting the service in the Church for the lord the
King, does not extend to more than 15 livres Tournois by the year &c.
And And all this was found by the jury &c. Therefore
it is permitted to them to hold as they hold until the lord the King
shall see fit to order otherwise therein.

Having heard the petition of Drogo Fausilioun praying for delivery to be made to him of 6 virgates of land which Ralph his
whose heir &c. before the time of the last war demised to Ralph
Collochi to farm at his will paying therefor to him by the
year 3 sols as long as he shall hold them &c. and likewise having
heard the answer of Stephen son of the said Ralph who
admits all this. And all witnessing that the land ought to be restored
to the aforesaid heir. Therefore the aforesaid land is restored
to him saving the right of each & saving to the said Stephen the
moiety of the crop growing on the same land. And the said rent is
now in arrear for 4 years. Therefore the said Stephen shall answer
therefor to the lord the King & the aforesaid Drogo shall answer to
the lord the King for the relief.

John du Val for himself & his partners, claiming from Ralph
Ode 8 parcels of land, came & they were agreed, to wit, that the said
John had conceded to the said Ralph the whole dispute concerning
the said tenements, & thereof he shall cause publication to be made⁽¹⁾
&c. and shall give sufficient guarantee for his partners &c. And for
this &c. the aforesaid Ralph gives to the aforesaid John 20 sols.
And both of them to be amerced.

Richard Durel complains that whereas he long ago was made
Provost here by Nicholas de Cheny then Warden of the islands &c.
and the same Richard thus remained Provost from the feast of St.
Michael to the feast of Pentecost & then Ralph Ode father of Ralph

(1) Audiencia: En oule de paroisse.

Wenlok p̄dcus Ričus ofatus fuit in compoto suo de sexdecim libr
quas p̄dcus Radus pař tē recepit e nunq̄ ad manus ip̄ius Riči deve-
nerūt unde petit remeđ.

Et Radus veñ e bene cognoscit qđ Radus pař suus simť cū re-
ceptore p̄dci Nichi receperunt xiiij li de p̄cda pecunia p̄ p̄ceptū ip̄ius
Nichi que ad manus ip̄ius Nichi devenerūt. Et hoc offert v̄ficare p̄
loco e tempe tē. Et dat⁹ est eis dies coram tē die lune ante festū
Šce Margarete virginis ubi credit⁹ p̄dcm Nichm advenire.

Et quo ad XL š residuos, dicit qđ pař suus nūq̄ inde recepit.

Et Ričus dicit qđ p̄dcs Radus pař tē fecit voluntatē suam de
blado in garbis ad valenē XL š de quibz ipe ofat⁹ ut p̄dcm est. Et
de hoc poñ se sup pat'am. Et Radus simitr. Ido fiat inde Jurata.
Juř dicūt sup sacrm suū qđ p̄dcs Radus pař tē recepit p̄dcm bladū in
garbis, et inde fecit voluntatē suam. Et ido conš est qđ p̄dcus Ričus
recupet vsus eum p̄dcos quadraginta solid. Et Radus in mīa, nich de
dampnis q, nulla petit.

Plita de Corona ibidm.

Nomen bařhi p̄poiti Wilts Riči

Noīa Juř de Corona

Petrus du Val	} Electores	Nichs Carupel	Martin⁹ Wakelyn
Petrus le Gasteyng		Robts Abrah̄m	Robtus le Parmenter
Steph̄us Colhachet		Wilts Hoel	Wilts de Portu
Wilts Fraunceys		Bertolds Bense	Jord̄ Simon

Noīa Juř Reġ.

Petr⁹ le pmenter, Wiř Gilbert, Ričs Durel, Jořes Gorreik, Radus
Ode, Ricš Marie.

Ode who now is was made Provost in his place by the Prior of Wenlock, the said Richard was charged in his account with 16 livres which the said Ralph the father &c. took & they never came to the hands of the said Richard, whereupon he claims relief.

And Ralph comes & well knows that Ralph his father together with the Receiver of the said Nicholas received 14 livres of the said money by the order of the said Nicholas which had come into the hands of the said Nicholas. And this he offers to establish both as to the place & time &c. And a day is given to them before &c. on Monday before the feast of St. Margaret the Virgin when it is believed the said Nicholas will come.

And as to the 40 sols remaining, he says that his father never received it.

And Richard says that the aforesaid Ralph the father &c. dealt at his own will with the corn in sheaf to the value of 40 sols of which he is charged as is aforesaid. And for this he submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Ralph likewise. Therefore let a jury be formed thereon. The jurors say upon their oath that the said Ralph the father &c. took the said corn in sheaf & dealt with it according to his will. And therefore it is judged that the aforesaid Richard shall recover against him the aforesaid 40 sols. And Ralph to be amerced; no damages awarded because he claims none.

Pleas of the Crown there.

Name of the Bailiff appointed, William son of Richard.

Names of the jurors of the Crown.

Peter du Val	} Electors	Nicholas Carupel	Martin Wakelyn
Peter le Gastein		Robert Abraham	Robert le Parmenter
Stephen Colhachet		William Hoel	William du Port
William Fraunceys		Bertoldus Bense	Jordan Simon.

Names of the Jurats of the King.

Peter le Parmenter, William Gilbert, Richard Durel, John Gorreik, Ralph Ode, Richard Marie.

Juñ p̄sentant qđ Rađs Ode videns unam bidenťm Wilfi Blenlok putans illam esse suam illam duxit secum ad domũ suam nec illam voluit restituere p̄đco Wilfo s̄z durante inde cōtenčoe inť eos, bidens illa ad falesam maris cecidit e obiit. Et p̄đcus Rađus inde cōvictus p̄ Juratā in quā se posuit, cōmittit̄ gaole tč. Et fecit finem p̄ xⁱⁱ pp̄m

Et Petronilla uxor Vincencii le Bō invenit de Wrecco jux^a mare unam p̄vā arcam p̄cii ij s̄. quā p̄poitus invenit cū ea conclatam tč et illam cepit et inde respondeat. Et Petronilla in mīa p̄ cōcelamento

(M. 24 d.)

Adhuc de p̄litis de Corona ap̄d Serk.

Presentant t̄ qđ antiqua firma đni Reġ de ĩra de Serk est ad x li. de quibz Prior de Serk noīe Abbtis de Monteburgñ pcipit p̄ añ iiiij^{li} et Capitulũ Constancieñ s̄. Et residuũ remanet đno Regi.

Presentant t̄ qđ Jord̄ Simon anno reġ E. p̄ris tč xxv^{to} fugit hic ad eccliam p̄ furto recogñ fcm tč e abjuř insulas. Idm Jord̄ h̄uit ĩram ĩeditarie cū Rico fr̄e ejus de p̄pars Jordi j ačr fr̄e e dimid̄ que valent p̄ añ j bus̄ fr̄i ultima servicia tč et hucusq̄ conclamente fuerunt tč. Idō Godefř Peverel qui ĩram illam tenet ofiat̄ de arreraġ simul cū ĩedibz p̄đci Riči. Et de p̄đco reddũ tč. Presentant t̄ qđ Matñus du Val e Andř frať ejus anno p̄đci Reġ tč xxvij^o fug^t hic ad eccliam p̄ furtis et ibi recogñ fcm tč et abjuř Insulas. Idm Matñus fuit unus ĩedũ Roġi p̄ris sui, qui obiit a x annis elapsis tč et p̄pars ip̄ius Matñi de ĩeditate p̄đca se extendit ad ij virġ fr̄e e dimid̄ que valent p̄ añ ult^a servicia tč ij danereř fr̄i hucusq̄ conclate tč.

The jurors present that Ralph Ode seeing a sheep of William Blenlok thinking it to be his took it with him to his house & did not wish to restore it to the said William, but during the contention therefor between them that sheep being on the sea-cliff fell & died. And the said Ralph convicted thereof by the jury to which he submitted himself is committed to gaol &c. And he compounded for 10 livres by the pledge

And Petronilla the wife of Vincent le Bot found of wreck near the sea a small chest value 2 sols which the Provost found concealed with her &c. and took it & shall answer for it. And Petronilla to be amerced for concealment.

(M. 24 d.)

Continuation of the pleas of the Crown at Sark.

They present also that the ancient farm of the lord the King of the land of Sark amounts to 10 livres of which the Prior of Sark in the name of the Abbot of Montebourg takes by the year 4 livres & the chapter of Coutances sols. And the rest remains to the lord the King.

They present also that Jordan Simon in the 25th year of the reign of E. the father &c. fled here to the Church for theft and acknowledged the deed &c. and abjured the islands. The same Jordan had land of inheritance with Richard his brother whereof the share of Jordan is one acre & a half which are worth per annum one bushel of wheat besides services &c. and up to now were concealed &c. Therefore Godfrey Peveril who holds that land is charged with the arrears together with the heirs of the aforesaid Richard. And of the aforesaid rent &c. They present also that Matthew du Val & Andrew his brother⁽¹⁾ in the 27th year of the said King &c. fled here to the Church for thefts & there acknowledged the deed &c. and abjured the islands. The said Matthew was one of the heirs of Roger his father who died 10 years ago &c. and the share of the said Matthew of the aforesaid inheritance extends to 2 virgates & a half which are worth per annum besides services &c. 2 small bushels of wheat, up to now concealed &c.

(1) The words underlined are crossed out in the original.

Ido tenentes respondeant dno Regi tam de arrerağ q̄m de p̄dco reddu t̄c. Et p̄dcs Mathus postea rediit cū tris dñi Reğ patentibz de pdonaçõe t̄c. Et Andr du Val e Nic̄hus frā ejus eodem anno simitr abjūr Insulas p̄ furtis t̄c et habuerūt fram f̄ditarie scil̄ iiiij virgā f̄re que valent p̄ añ ij danerē f̄ri ult̄ servicia t̄c hucusq̄ cōcelate t̄c. Ido tenentes inde respondeant t̄c. Et p̄dcs Nic̄hus obiit. Et p̄dcs Andr postea rediit dicens se f̄re cartam dñi Reğ de pdonaçõe t̄c. Et q̄mcicius Justiç nūc venerunt huc p̄dcs Andr fugit eccliam hic e se tenuit in eadem qui quesitus ex pte Justiciarioz si habuisset tras de pdonaçõe t̄c dixit qđ frā ejus illas perdidit.

Et cū Justiciarii accessissent ad eū in cimiñiū cōcedentes ei dimitti p̄ manucapçõem p̄ quatuor de vicinis suis huic ad mensem Sci Michis ut infim scrutarent Rotli t̄c hoc noluit sed de eleoçõe pp̄a abjūr Insulas iſato. Idm Andr fuit de f̄ditate matris t̄c ultra p̄dcam fram iij virgā f̄re que valent p̄ añ ultra servicia t̄c j buss̄ f̄ri.

Et vestura f̄re sue seminate hoc anno valet LX š. Idm fuit j vaccam p̄cii xx š. j Juvençā p̄cii xx š j viculū p̄cii v š. j pullū p̄cii xx š. bidentes p̄cii xx š. lanam p̄cii x š. j porcū p̄cii vj š. macrennū p̄cii iiij š. j archa p̄cii iij š. Cord e boas p̄cii vij š. j patellam cū tripode p̄cii iiij š. et sextam ptem unius batelli p̄cii viij š. de quibz p̄dcs p̄poitus respond. Et q̄ coitas p̄misit iſm inf eos morari ut hoīem pacis. Ido in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ Radus Blondel anno p̄dci Reğ t̄c xvij abjūr Insulas p̄ furto t̄c et jam fere p̄ duos annos. Idm Radus rediit cū tris dñi Reğ nūc de pdonaçõe abjuraçois e felonie t̄c. Et Balis p̄ Judm Jūr dñi Reğ de Gernē reliçavit ei fram suam sine alio Waranto t̄c quod p̄ falso reputatū revocat̄ t̄c. Et fuit ix ac̄ f̄re que valent p̄ añ ultra servicia ij buss̄ f̄ri unde tenentes eağd oñant̄ de arrerağ

Therefore the tenants shall answer to the lord the King as well for the arrears as for the aforesaid rent &c. And the aforesaid Matthew afterwards returned with letters patent of pardon of the lord the King &c. And Andrew du Val & Nicholas his brother in the same year likewise abjured the islands for thefts &c. and they had land of inheritance to wit, 4 virgates of land which are worth by the year 2 small bushels of wheat besides the services &c. up to now concealed &c. Therefore the tenants shall answer therefor &c. And the said Nicholas died. And the said Andrew afterwards returned saying that he had letters of pardon of the lord the King &c. And as soon as the present Justices came here the said Andrew fled to the Church here & remained in the same, who being asked on behalf of the Justices if he had letters of pardon &c. said that his brother had lost them.

And when the Justices went to him in the cemetery permitting him to be released on bail by four of his neighbours from now to the month of St. Michael so that in the meantime the rolls may be searched &c. he did not wish it, but of his own choice abjured the islands again. The same Andrew had of the inheritance of his mother &c. besides the aforesaid land 3 virgates of land which are worth per annum besides services &c. one bushel of wheat.

And the crop of his land sown this year is worth 60 sols. He had also one cow value 20 sols, one heifer value 20 sols, one calf value 5 sols, one foal value 20 sols, a sheep value 20 sols, wool value 10 sols, one hog value 6 sols, timber value 4 sols, one chest value 3 sols, ropes & fetters value 7 sols, one pan with a tripod value 4 sols, & the 6th part of a boat value 8 sols of which the aforesaid Provost shall answer. And because the commonalty permitted him to remain among them as if he were a man within the peace of the King, therefore to be amerced.

They present also that Ralph Blondel in the 17th year of the aforesaid King &c. abjured the islands for theft &c. and about two years ago the said Ralph returned with letters of pardon of the now King for the abjuration & felony &c. And the bailiff by the judgment of the jurats of the lord the King in Guernsey re-delivered to him his land without other warrant &c. which being considered as wrongly obtained is revoked &c. And he had 9 acres of land which are worth per annum besides the services 2 bushels of wheat whereof the tenants of the same are charged with the arrears of the

ad p^m ass^m p^{dc}oz duoꝝ annoꝝ e de reddu t^c. Et ad Judm de p^{dc}is Ju^r t^c maxime cū p^{dc}s dñs Rex pa^t t^c p t^re suū anno regni sui xvij^o pupplice inhiberi fecisset ne huj^omodi li^tācoes fraꝝ fierent Regi inconsulto.

Presentant t^c qđ in feodo capis de escheta dñi Reḡ sunt xx virgat t^re de quibꝫ tenentes solvūt dño Regi p añ ij bus^s fri e xxvj đ j pullaḡ e j pull e di. Et dicūt qđ fra illa valet plus p añ p ij bus^s fri qui levati debent de Rado filio e hedi Radi Ode quondam p^{po}iti t^c qui a xxx annis elapsis e amplius sine Waranto occupavit e sibi app^lavit ij virga^t de meliori t^c que bene valent ij bus^s fri ultra servicia t^c. Ido p^{dc}s Radus respond^t tam de arreraḡ q^m de reddu t^c.

Presentant t^c qđ Radus Roiry quondam serviens p^{dc}i Radi p^{po}iti t^c a xxx annis elapsis t^c abju^r Insulas p furto t^c et p^{dc}us Radus p^{po}itus app^lavit sibi quodd clausum i^pius felonis ex^r Prioratū t^c que est e esse debet escheta dñi Reḡ e valet p añ ultra servicia t^c j cab^s fri. Et p^{dc}us Rads filius t^c of^lat^r tam de arreraḡ q^m de p^{dc}o reddu.

[Respice de eodem remañ in alio Ro^llo.]

(M. 25.)

Adhuc de p^litis Corone de Serk.

Serk. Ju^r p^sentant qđ sunt de annuo reddu debito dño Regi in hac Insula ij cab ij hanapa^t e di. Et sciend qđ qⁿq^h hanapati faciūt danere^t et bus^s. Dñs Rex hiet de escheta p defectu hiedū t^c vj virḡ t^re q^h reddūt d..... vj pari^s p añ et va^t ul^tius j bꝫ e v hanap^t fri. I^m hiet de esch de vale que redd de c^ta firma v đ e va^t ul^tius j bꝫ fri e j danere^t hiet t^c Colini du Val ij virḡ t^re q^h redd de antiqua firma v đ p añ e valet

At the first
assize.

aforesaid 2 years & of the rent &c. And to the judgment of the said jurats &c. chiefly as the aforesaid lord the King shows &c. that by his writ in the 18th year of his reign he had caused it publicly to be forbidden that such deliveries of lands should be made without consulting the King.

They present also that in the fee of Capis there are of the escheat of the lord the King 20 virgates of land of which the tenants pay to the lord the King by the year 3 bushels of wheat & 26 deniers one pullage & one fowl & a half. And they say that that land is worth more by the year by 2 bushels of wheat which ought to be levied upon Ralph son & heir of Ralph Ode formerly Provost &c. who 30 years ago & more without warrant occupied & appropriated to himself 2 virgates of the better [land] &c. which are well worth 2 bushels of wheat beyond services &c. Therefore the said Ralph shall answer as well for the arrears as for the rent &c.

They present also that Ralph Roiry formerly serjeant of the said Ralph the Provost &c. 30 years ago &c. abjured the islands for theft &c., and the said Ralph the Provost appropriated to himself a certain close of the same felon beyond the Priory &c. which is & ought to be the escheat of the lord the King & is worth per annum beyond the services &c. one measure of wheat. And the aforesaid Ralph the son &c. is charged as well with the arrears as with the aforesaid rent.

[The remainder of the same is in another roll.]

(M. 25.)

Continuation of the Crown pleas of Sark.

Sark.

The jurors present that there are of yearly rent due to the lord the King in this island 3 measures 2 hanapats & a half. And be it known that 5 hanapats make a small bushel and bushel. The lord the King has of escheat for default of heirs &c. 6 virgates of land which pay 6 paris by the year & are further worth one bushel & 5 hanapats of wheat. Also he has of the escheat of Vale which pay of certain farm 5 deniers & they are further worth one bushel of wheat & one small bushel. He has also of Colin du Val 3 virgates of land which pay of ancient farm 5 deniers by the year &

e danereff. Iſm dñs Rex het de eſch Galfr le Moigne qui obiit sine
 hede Henr le Wañ tenet e valet p añ iij ſ e
 iij galliñ het t̃ de eſch ejusd Galfr tre quas Raðus Oede tenuit
 ex dimiſſioe Johnis de Newent nup Receptoris p
 p añ et Idem Raðs illas dimiſit Roðto le Parmenter e Petro Argent
 p ix cað. Et Idem Peñ offert dño Regi xij cað fri p añ p pðca
 tra et concedit ei t̃c. Iſm Rex het j meſ de feodo Faleyse
 simul cū curtilagio quod valet p añ j b3 fri e ij gall..... het t̃ de
 feodo Riçi de Portu e fratrū ſuo3 xj virg tre q̃ vañ p añ j b3 fri xiiij
 ciph..... Iſm de feodo Raði Mynot x virgañ tre e ði que valent
 p añ j q̃rt̃ fri ði ciph e xvj ð. Et de feodo Anfrey xvij virg tre
 que valent p añ Het t̃ dñs Rex de eſch
 iij virg tre q̃ ſſunt Johi Pynere e vañ p añ vj ð e j b3 fri. Iſm het
 de feodo Setmeſ xvj virg tre que valent p añ
 Et de feodo Sarder iij virg tre q̃ reddūt de firma xj ð e vañ ulſius
 v cað fri e ij galliñ. Het t̃ de feodi Alaneyne v virg tre quas Riçus
 Neel tenet ex dimiſſoe Prioris de Wenlok p v ciph fri p añ e vañ
 ulſius j cað fri. Ido reſpond de ceſo de integro. Iſm dñs Rex het
 j virg tre de eſcheta Germeyne q̃ valet p añ j ciph fri e xij ð.
 Het t̃ dñs Rex de feodo Aese xiiij virg tre q̃ reddūt dño Regi p
 añ xvj ð oð et ij b3 fri. Et de feodo Bloundel xxx virg tre que
 reddunt dño Regi p añ xxij ð de firma et vj b3 fri. Et pðca tra
 de feod Aese e Bloundel valent ulſius ij b3 fri p añ. Ido reſpond
 inde de ceſo. Iſm dñs Rex het de feodo Radi de Cruce xiiij virg tre
 q̃ vañ p añ xiiij pariſ e j q̃rt̃ fri. Et de feodo Fanchillon vj virg tre
 que redd p añ xvj ð de firma e ij b3 fri e ij ciph et vañ ulſius j b3
 fri p añ. Ido reſpond inde de ceſo. Iſm de feodo Meleis iij virg
 tre que redd p añ v ciph fri e ij pañ. Het t̃ dñs Rex de feodo

it is worth & small bushel. Also the lord the King has of the escheat of Geoffrey le Moigne who died without heir Henry Warren holds & it is worth by the year 3 sols & 3 hens. He has also of the escheat of the same Geoffrey le Moigne of land which Ralph Ode held of the demise of John de Newent late Receiver for by the year. And the same Ralph demised them to Robert le Parmenter & Peter Argent for 9 bushels. And the same Peter offers to the lord the King 12 bushels of wheat by the year for the said land & it is granted to him &c. Also King has one messuage of the fee of Faleyse together with the curtilage which is worth by the year one bushel of wheat & 2 hens has also of the fee of Richard du Port & his brothers 11 virgates of land which are worth per annum one bushel of wheat 13 sieves Also of the fee of Ralph Mynot 10 virgates of land & a half which are worth per annum one quarter of wheat half a sieve & 16 deniers. And of the fee of Aufrey 18 virgates of land which are worth per annum Also the lord the King has of escheat 3 virgates of land which belonged to John Pynere & are worth per annum 6 deniers & one bushel of wheat. He has also of the fee of Set messuage 16 virgates of land which are worth per annum And of the fee of Sarder 3 virgates of land which pay of farm 11 deniers & are further worth 5 measures of wheat & 2 hens. He has also of the fee of Alaneyne 5 virgates of land which Richard Neel holds of the demise of the Prior of Wenlock for 5 sieves of wheat per annum & they are further worth one measure of wheat. Therefore he shall answer henceforth for the whole. Also the lord the King has one virgate of land of the escheat of Germeyne which is worth per annum one sieve of wheat & 12 deniers. The lord the King also has of the fee of Aese 13 virgates of land which pay to the lord the King by the year 16½ deniers & 2 bushels of wheat. And of the fee of Blondel 30 virgates of land which pay to the lord the King by the year 22 deniers of farm & 6 bushels of wheat. And the aforesaid land of the fees of Aese & Blondel is further worth 2 bushels of wheat by the year. Therefore they shall answer therefor henceforth. Also the lord the King has of the fee of Ralph de la Croix 14 virgates of land which are worth per annum 14 parisis & one quarter of wheat. And of the fee of Fanchillon 6 virgates of land which are worth per annum 16 deniers of farm & 2 bushels of wheat & 2 sieves & are further worth one bushel of wheat per annum. Therefore it shall answer therefor henceforth. Also of the fee of Mcleis 3 virgates of land which pay per annum 5 sieves of wheat & 2 loaves. Also the

Joñnis Galfrī tam in clauso q̄m ex̄ viij virḡ fre que reddūt dño Regi p anū x d de firma e iij cañ fri e nō plus valet q, Raðs Oede ñet inde v s redd̄s quem pañ suus adiu est emit de tenentibz ejusdem. Iñm ñet de tra Dalion j virḡ fre e j clausum cōtinens viij ptem j virḡ q valent p anū j bz fri. Dicūt t̄ qđ dñs Rex ñet ppe Prioratū ante domū Putybale j clausum cōtinens dī virḡ fre ubi dñs Rex solebat ñre ḡngiam suam et dicūt qđ p̄poitus solitus est ñre inde ñbagiū sz nescunt quo wañ. Dicūt t̄ qđ domus Putybale fca est ptim sup dñicū Reġ vidz in quodam lafe vsus le Su e in alio lafe vsus le West et Raðs Oede modo illam tenet qui veñ e dat dño Regi annuo reddū ij solidoz p sic qđ ipe possit teñe p̄dcam domū modo quo nūc stat et concedit ei. Iñm dñs Rex pcipit camptum bladoz de tenentibz suis in hac In̄s quod valet coibz annis xxⁱⁱ. H̄et t̄ dñs Rex cunicariū suū in hac In̄s e warennam p totū, et dimittit ad firmam hoc anno p Lⁱⁱ sz nūq̄ antea p tanto dimittebat. Dicūt t̄ qđ pullagiū istius In̄s se extendit coibz annis ad LXV pullaġ vidz de quobz pullaġ ij galliñ et potest dñs Rex cum expenderit pullaġ sua de quobz tenente suo cape galliñ p ij d quocienscūq, volūit e nisi galliñ fuit soñ p illa ij. d. Dicunt t̄ qđ sunt in hac In̄s quinq, feodi vidz feod Collochit in quo sunt xij virḡ fre. Et feod le Machoun continens xij virḡ fre. Et feod Galfr Richard continens xxiiij virḡ fre. Et feod Riçl Marie in quo sunt xij virḡ fre. Et feod Joñnis Neel xij virḡ fre. Et debent tenentes p̄dcoz feodoz cariare blada de campto dñi Reġ in Normañ ubicumq, Ministri dñi Reġ volūint inñ montem Šci Michis e Chereburghi. Ita qđ iidem tenentes tenent invenire sumptibz suis bateñ ad p̄dca blada sic carienda. Et alii tenentes dñi Reġ debent svire in eisdem bateñ. Debent t̄ tenentes eozđ feodoz svare p'sones dñi Reġ in feod p̄dcis. Et t̄ debent iidem tenentes invenire Linthiamina

lord the King has of the fee of John Geoffrey as well enclosed as open 8 virgates of land which pay to the lord the King by the year 10 deniers of farm & 3 bushels of wheat, & it is not worth more because Ralph Ode has thereof 5 sòls of rent which his father long ago bought of the tenants of the same. He also has of the land of Dalion one virgate of land and one close containing the 8th part of one virgate which are worth per annum one bushel of wheat. They say also that the lord the King has near the Priory in front of the house of Putybale one close containing half a virgate of land where the lord the King was wont to have his grange & they say that the Provost is accustomed to have the herbage thereof, but they do not know by what warrant. They say also that the house of Putybale is built partly upon the King's demesne to wit, on one side towards the south & on the other side towards the west & Ralph Ode now holds it, who comes & gives to the lord the King the yearly rent of 2 sòls, so that he may hold the said house in the manner in which it now stands & it is granted to him. Also the lord the King takes champart of the corn of his tenants in this island which is worth one year with another 20 livres. Also the lord the King has his rabbit warren in this isle & right of warren through the whole & it is let to farm this year for 50 livres, but it was never before let for so much. They also say that the pullage of this island extends one year with another to 65 pullages, to wit, of each pullage 2 hens, & the lord the King may take, when he shall value his pullage, of each of his tenants hens for 2 deniers as often as he shall wish & if he have not hens he shall be paid for the same 2 deniers. They say also that there are in this island 5 fees, to wit, the fee of Collochit in which are 12 virgates of land. And the fee of Machon containing 12 virgates of land. And the fee of Geoffrey Richard containing 24 virgates of land. And the fee of Richard Marie in which are 12 virgates of land. And the fee of John Neel [containing] 12 virgates of land. And the tenants of the aforesaid fees owe carriage of the corn of the champart of the lord the King in Normandy wheresoever the officers of the lord the King shall wish between Mount St. Michael & Cherbourg, so that the same tenants are bound to find at their own costs boats for the aforesaid corn so to be carried. And other tenants of the lord the King owe the service in the same boats. Also the tenants of those fees ought to keep the prisoners of the lord the King in the aforesaid

e saccos ad carriagē p̄dcoꝝ bladoꝝ et ob hoc debent recipe annuatī de aliis tenentibꝫ dñi Regē ij bꝫ fri e ij bꝫ ordi.

Presentant qđ Colinus Carupel debet de relevio de morte p̄ris sui ix š. Et Guits Houel debet similr de relevio xxxv^d ułq, de iiij^{or} annis elapsis.

Presentant t̄ qđ Rađs Oede feč suñ Radm̄ Neel ex^a dominiū Regē apud Constanč in cuř xpianitatis. Iđo ipe in g^avi mīa.

Presentant t̄ qđ
le Roseye taḡnař vini e đviš e Peř le Parmenter Junior taḡnař e bolengarius t̄nsęssi sunt in ven..... Iđo iḡi in mīa.

Presentant t̄ qđ Eḡus Abrinceñ pcipit p totam Inš istam duas ptes qđ řcia ps modo remanet istius et ptem de

Et sciend qđ de qualibet virg̃ vend
... vend xij đ.

Et Juř duodene p plibꝫ concelamentis in veredco suo de quibꝫ [convicti fuerunt] Justič p examinačoe in mīa.

(M. 25 d.)

Adhuc de p̄litis Gorone de Herk.

Fresingfeld.

.....s huj⁹ Insule allocuta de fidelitate dño Regi debita sibi facienda e g^atanť concedunt fidelitatem ei fače e illam ei fečunt sacrm̄to eoꝝ ali p̄stito, salvis Ottoni de Grandisono hiis q̃ ad eum spectant p řm̄o suo p concessioem ei řcam p dñm Edwardū quond Regē Angł p̄řem dñi Regē nūc.

fees. Also the same tenants ought to find linen cloths & sacks for the carriage of the said corn & for this they ought to receive yearly of the other tenants of the lord the King 2 bushels of wheat & 2 bushels of barley.

They present also that Colin Carupel owes of relief for the death of his father 9 sols. And William Houel owes likewise of relief 35 deniers & both for 4 years past.

They present also that Ralph Orde caused to be summoned Ralph Neel out of the dominions of the King at Coutances in the Court of Christianity. Therefore he is to be heavily amerced.

They present also that
le Roseye taverners of wine & ale & Peter le
Parmenter junior, taverner & baker, have transgressed in selling
Therefore they are to be amerced.

They present also that the Bishop of Avranches takes through-
out all this island 2 parts that the 3rd
part now remains of this &
..... part of

And be it known that of each virgate sold
..... sold 12 deniers.

And the jury of 12 for many concealments in their verdict of
which [they were convicted] by the justices by examination to be
amerced.

(M. 25 d.)

Continuation of the Crown pleas of Sark.

Fresingfeld.

[The jurors] of this island challenged concerning the fealty due
to the lord the King to be made to him and
they joyfully assent to make fealty to him & they made it to him
on their corporal oath, saving to Otto de Grandison those things
which belong to him for his term by the grant made to him by the
lord Edward formerly King of England father of the now lord the
King.

(M. 26.) **Comunia p̃lifa** coram Joñe de Fresingfeld Drogone [de Barantyno] e Joñe de Dittone Justiciariis itinantibz in Insulis ante festum Šce Barnabe Apli anno regni dñi Edwardi..... secundo predco die continuato in Jerš usq ad diem lun..... festū Aploz Petri e Pauli ut de die in diem.

Jerseye. Joñes Robyn in mīa p p̃libz defalt vsus Guifm Guillard.

Alesia que fuit ux Joñis Unfrey quer de Guiffo Jordan de eo qđ predcus Joñes in ipa in vita sua contradice nō potuit oflavit novem v'gañ fre heditate ipius Alesie de q̃r̃cioz fri vsus p̃dcm Guifm. Et predcus Guif veñ et vocat inde ad warantū Nicñus..... heredem predci Joñis et participes suos t̃c. Et predcus Nicñus veñ e dicit qđ teñ sua..... in mañ dñi Reğ p quod non deß respondere quousq manus dñi Reğ amoveatur t̃c. Etest p roñlos de comp t̃c qđ predcus Joñes tenetur dño Regi in xv li xij s iiij d de quibz a..... dño Regi debitores de vj li iiij s viij d de tempe quo fuit p̃poitus dñi Reğ et pro residuo ejusd arrestata sunt teñ t̃c. Et predcus Guifls petit qđ predca fra ei libetur et ipe satisfaciet tam dño Reğ tam de arreñ predci debiti q̃ p̃dcie Alesie. Et predcus Nicñus psens ad hoc consentit. Ido libatur ei predca fra tenenda quousq debite satisfiat ei tam de denař solvend dño Regi q̃ de p̃dco redd t̃c. Et predcus Guifls pro injusta detenç vsus p̃dcam Alesiam in mīa.

Rads le Arblaster petit vsus Galfř de Grochee iij virgañ terř in parroch Šci Elerii et c̃cord sunt et q̃ concord sunt sine licencia. Ido utq eoř in mīa.

(M. 26.) **Common pleas** before John de Fresingfeld, Drogo [de Barantin] & John de Ditton Justices in eyre in the islands before the feast of St. Barnabas the Apostle in the second year of the reign of the lord Edward on the aforesaid day to be continued in Jersey until Monday feast of the Apostles Peter & Paul as from day to day.

Jersey. John Robyn to be amerced for many defaults as against William Guillard.

Alice who was the wife of John Unfrey complains of William Jordan for that the aforesaid John in she could not contradict that he during his life had charged 9 virgates of land of the inheritance of the said Alice with quarters of wheat in favour of the said William. And the said William comes & calls thereof to warranty Nicholas heir of the aforesaid John and his co-heirs &c. And the aforesaid Nicholas comes & says that his tenements in the hands of the lord the King whereby he ought not to answer until the hands of the lord the King be removed &c. And it is [found] by the rolls of accounts &c. that the said John is bound to the lord the King in 15 livres 12 sols 4 deniers of which there were [arrested] to the lord the King debtors of 6 livres 4 sols 8 deniers since the time in which he was the Provost of the lord the King & for the balance of the same the tenements were arrested &c. And the aforesaid William asks that the aforesaid land may be delivered to him (Nicholas) & he shall satisfy as well the lord the King concerning the arrears of the aforesaid debt, as also the said Alice. And the aforesaid Nicholas being present consents thereto. Therefore the aforesaid lands are delivered to him (Nicholas) to be held for so long as he shall satisfy the debts both as to the money to be paid to the lord the King as the said rent &c. And the said William for unjust detention against the said Alice to be amerced.

Ralph Larbalestier claims against Geoffrey de Gruchy 3 virgates of land in the parish of St. Helier & they were agreed & because they have come to an agreement without leave, therefore both of them to be amerced.

Robtus de Amonis in mīa p plibz defalī vsus Willm Graie.

Willus filius Thome Payn qui infra etatem est p ductorem sive custodem suū petens et Niclus Desuee e Raulina uxor ejus e Thomas Lempere p se e pticipibz suis qui infra etatem fuit p ductorem sive custodem suū de plito fre veñ e concordā fuit. Et est concordā tñs qđ pđci Niclus e Raulina e Thomas Lempere p se e pticibz suis concedunt pđco Willmo e Wilto de Chalegraue e Marione ũxi ejus matri pđci Willi fil Thome de ipō Thoma pcreati unū meš cū ptinenciis in villa Šci Elerii quod fuit pđci Thome Payn. Et decem quartia fñi de redditu assedenda sufficienť sup łras e teñ que fuerunt pđci Thome Payn in manibz pđcoz Nicli Rauline e Thome e pticipū suoz coñorancia simul cū reddu duodecim cał salis de eisdem teñ pveniente ñenda e tenenda pđcis Willmo e Marione e Willmo ad totam vitam ipoz Willi Marione e Willi et post decessum ipoz Willi Marione e Willi pđca meš e redditus cū ptiñ remanebunt ñedibz ipius Willi fit Thome de corpore suo legitime pcreatis. Et si idm Willus fit Thome obierit sine ñede de corpore suo legitime pcreato tunc post decessum pđcoz Willi Willi e Marione pđca meš e redđs cū ptiñ remanebunt Drogoni de Barantino e ñedibz suis tenenda de capitalibz dñis feodoz illoz p servicia que ad pđca meš e redđs ptinent inppetuū. Et t pđci Nicls Raulina e Thomas p se e pticipibz suis remisērunt e quiete clañ pđcis Willmo e Marione uxi ejus e ñedibz ipius Marione tres buss frumenti de reddū quo ipi recipe solebant de uno meš quod pđci Willus e Mariona tenent in Lungevill de jure ipius Marione de dono pđci Thome Payn. Et pđcs Drogo manucapit qđ ipe acquietabit pđcos Niclm Raulinam Thomam e pticipes suos vsus pđcm Willm fit Thome de viginti libř quas pđcus Thomas pał ejusdem Willi sibi legavit. Et t idm Drogo manucapit p pđco Willmo fil

Robert de Amonis to be amerced for many defaults against William Gray. ..

William son of Thomas Payn who is under age by his tutor or guardian, plaintiff, & Nicholas Desvee & Raulina his wife & Thomas Lemprière for himself & his co-heirs, who was under age by his tutor or guardian, concerning a plea of land, come & it was agreed. And the agreement is such that the said Nicholas & Raulina & Thomas Lemprière for himself & his co-heirs grant to the said William & to William de Chalegrave & Marion his wife, mother of the said William, son of Thomas begotten of the said Thomas, one messuage with the appurtenances in the town of St. Helier which belonged to the said Thomas Payn. And 10 quarters of wheat of rent to be assessed sufficiently upon the lands & tenements which belonged to the said Thomas Payn remaining in the hands of the aforesaid Nicholas, Raulina & Thomas & their co-heirs together with the rent of 12 measures of salt issuing from the same tenements, to have & to hold to the said William & Marion & William for the whole lives of the said William, Marion & William & after the decease of the said William, Marion & William the aforesaid messuage & rent with the appurtenances shall remain to the heirs of the said William son of Thomas of his body lawfully begotten. And if the said William son of Thomas shall die without heir of his body lawfully begotten then after the decease of the said William, William & Marion the aforesaid messuage & rent with the appurtenances shall remain to Drogo de Barantin & his heirs to be held of the chief lords of those fees by the services which to the said messuage & rent belong for ever. And also the said Nicholas, Raulina & Thomas for themselves & their co-heirs remised & quit-claimed to the said William & Marion his wife & to the heirs of the said Marion 3 bushels of wheat of rent which they were wont to receive on one messuage which the said William & Marion hold at Longueville in the right of the said Marion of the gift of the aforesaid Thomas Payn. And the aforesaid Drogo guarantees that he will hold quit the aforesaid Nicholas, Raulina & Thomas & their co-heirs against the said William son of Thomas of 20 livres which the aforesaid Thomas father of the same William bequeathed to him. And also the said Drogo guarantees

Thome Payn qđ cum ad plenam etatem vēnit faciet pđcis Nicho Rauline Thome e ptič suis securitatem qđ ipe nūq̃ plus clamabit de ȳris vť teñ que fuerunt pđci Thome Payn p̃ris sui qđm id quod ei jam concedit̃. Et Rađus Lempere pať pđcoꝝ Thome e p̃cipū suoꝝ manucapit p̃ eis qđ cum ad plenam etatem vērint ratificabūt hanc concordā et qđ ipi nūq̃ inquietabunt pđcos Willm e Marionam e Willm vť fides pđci Wilth filii Thome vť pđcm Drogonem aut fides suos de pđcis meš e reddū inppetuū. Et pđca Raulina consessata e examinata coram Justič totū hoc concedit. Et omēs manucaṑ qđ facient inde audienciam in počť Šci Elerii e aliis počť ad hoc necessariis die đnica post instans festum Šce Margarete Virginis. Et concessum est huic inde qđ omia scripta hucusq̃ inť eos inde fca totať irritent̃.

Cogničo

Prior de Insuletto vēn in Cuť e cogñ qđ deť Drogoni de Barantyno sexaginta e decem solidos quos solvet ei ad fĩ Šci Michis pxio venturū. Et nisi fečit concedit qđ vič fieri fač tč de ȳris e cať tč.

Petr^o de Šco Elerio đns de Sausmareys queť e Abbas de Schireburgh pro se e conventu suo per Plorē de Insuletta geñalem attornatū suū poñ se in miām đni Reğ pro licenč concord. Et pđcus Abbas e Petr^o de omibꝫ exaccoibꝫ e demandis effis hucusq̃ inť eos ex quibuscumq̃ causis totať se supponunt dicto e ordináčoi Phi de Carfet đni de Šco Audoeno electi a pte iṑius Petri e Robti de Bruerey electi a pte pđci Abbis. Ita ĩn qđ si pđci Pñus e Robt^o dicendo vť ordinando non concordent tunc eoꝝ dicta coram Ričo de Curcy milite recitabuntur et ej^o arbitrio stabit dictū ordinantis. Et debent pđce ptes pcurare quemlibet p se qđ premissa compleantur citra pasčť. Et si quid ppoĩtum coram pđcis ordinatoribꝫ indigeat inquisičoie Baťis huj^o Insule ad rogatū ordinatoꝝ in p̃sencia p̃cium si

for the said William son of Thomas Payn that when he shall become of full age he will give the aforesaid Nicholas, Raulina Thomas & their co-heirs security that he will never claim of the lands or tenements which belonged to the said Thomas Payn his father more than that which is now granted to him. And Ralph Lemprière father of the said Thomas & his co-heirs guaranteed for them that when they shall come to full age they will ratify this agreement & that they will never trouble the aforesaid William & Marion & William or the heirs of the said William son of Thomas or the said Drogo or his heirs concerning the aforesaid messuage & rent in perpetuity. And the aforesaid Raulina consenting & being examined before the Justices agrees to all this. And they all engage that they will cause this to be published⁽¹⁾ in the parish of St. Helier & in the other parishes where this is required, on Sunday after the present feast of St. Margaret the Virgin. And it was agreed in this matter that all deeds hitherto made between them therein shall be totally annulled.

Acknowledge-
ment.

The Prior de l'Islet comes into court & acknowledges that he owes to Drogo de Barantin 70 sols, which he will pay to him at the feast of St. Michael next coming. And unless he shall do so he agrees that the Viscount shall make execution &c. on his lands & chattels &c.

Peter de St. Helier, lord of Samarès, plaintiff & the Abbot of Cherbourg for himself & his community by the prior de l'Islet his general attorney submit themselves to the grace of the lord the King for license to agree. And the aforesaid Abbot & Peter concerning all claims & demands which have arisen hitherto between them for whatsoever causes submit themselves altogether to the decision & ruling of Philip de Carteret lord of St. Ouen chosen on the part of the said Peter & of Robert de Bruerey chosen on the part of the said Abbot, so nevertheless that if the aforesaid Philip & Robert do not agree in their decision or ruling, then their decisions shall be re-examined before Richard de Courcy, knight, at whose definitive judgment the decision of the suit shall stand. And the aforesaid parties must arrange each for himself that the premises be completed on this side of Easter. And if any proposition before the aforesaid arbitrators require an examination, the Bailiff of this island at the request

(1) Ad audienciam : En ouïe de paroisse.

infesse volſint veritatem inquiret competenter. Et inquisita retornabit coram ordinatoribz ut inde fiat ordinacō put est p̄dctm. Et om̄ia hec p̄dcis ptibz p̄ Cur̄ tē concedunt̄. Et p̄dce ptes concedūt qđ si alī eoꝝ convinci p̄oſit qđ p̄miſſa non p̄ficiantur in forma p̄dca ob defectū alterius eoꝝ tunc p̄s in qua defect⁹ repietur teneatur dñō Regi in viginti libr̄ sterlingoꝝ et parti pate p̄miſſa s⁹tinere in aliis viginti libr̄ sterlinḡ noīe puri debiti statim solvend̄ a tempe quo convinci p̄oſ tē. Et ad hec om̄ia tē p̄dcus Abbas p̄ p̄dcm attornatū suū invenit hos pleḡ s̄ Willm̄ Paien seniore, Jordanū Levesque e Willm̄ Le Petist de Šco Elerio. Et p̄dcus Petr⁹ invenit hos pleḡ s̄ maḡrm Galfr̄m de Carfet maḡrm P̄lm̄ de Carfetto e Joānem de Šco Martino p̄sbriū. Qui om̄es applegiant e manucapiunt om̄ia p̄miſſa scilī p̄dci pleḡ alīnatim singli p̄ ip̄o cuj⁹ sunt plegii.

Galter⁹ le Keu Guills Lenginour e Lucas Espiard petunt vsus Symonē le Courour viginti libr̄ turroñ quas idem Symon alias coram P̄ho Levesque ballio dñi Reḡ se eis debere et inde p̄ferunt quasdam lras patentes sigillo ballie sigillatas q..... testantur. Et p̄dc̄s Symon nichil scit dicere quare p̄dce viginti libr̄ de eo..... nō debeant. Idō p̄cedat execuō tē.

(M. 26 d.)

[Ricard]us Esteuene qui alias coram ballio hujus Insule e Juratis dñi Reḡ in plitis Vicecomitalibz [app]ellavit ad has assisas de quodam Judicio ibi reddito cont̄ ip̄m Ric̄m p̄ P̄ho filio Thome Tehy [ven]it hic e querit̄ qđ p̄dcm Judm̄ coram p̄fatis ballio e Juraī redditū inī p̄dcm P̄lm̄ petentē [et] ip̄m Ric̄m tenentem de decem virgatis lre e redd̄ triū bus̄ multure assesso sup̄ molendinū Thursteyn in pochia Šci Pet̄ iñjustū fuit e iniquū, in eo videlī qđ cū ip̄e ptes ad

of the arbitrators in the presence of the parties, if they shall wish to be present, shall fully enquire into the truth, & he shall make a return of the examination before the arbitrators in order that a decision may be made therein as is aforesaid. And all these things to the said parties by the court &c. are granted. And the aforesaid parties agree that if either of them shall be found not to have carried out the premises in the form aforesaid, on account of his default the party in whom the default is found shall be liable to the lord the King in 20 pounds sterling & to the party ready to persist in the premises in another 20 pounds sterling as a liquidated debt to be paid immediately from the time in which he will be guilty of &c. And for all these things &c. the aforesaid Abbot by his said attorney finds these pledges, to wit, William Payn, senior, Jordan Levesque & William le Petit of St. Helier. And the aforesaid Peter finds these pledges, to wit, Master Geoffrey de Carteret, Master Philip de Carteret & John de St. Martin, Priest, who all remain pledges & guarantee all the premises to wit, the aforesaid pledges on either side each one for him of whom they are pledges.

Walter le Keu, William Lenginour & Lucas Espiard claim against Simon le Courour 20 livres tournois which the said Simon at another time before Philip Levesque, Bailiff of the lord the King, [acknowledged] that he owed to them & they produce therein certain letters patent sealed with the seal of the bailiwick which witness [this]. And the said Simon can advance nothing to show that the said 20 livres are not due by him. Therefore let execution proceed &c.

(M. 26 d.)

[Richard] Estevene, who at another time before the Bailiff of this island & the Jurats of the lord the King in the Viscountal pleas appealed to these assizes concerning a certain judgment there given against the said Richard in favour of Philip son of Thomas Tehy, comes here & complains that the said judgment given before the said Bailiff & Jurats between the said Philip (plaintiff) & the said Richard (defendant) concerning 10 virgates of land & the rent of 3 bushels of multure assessed upon the mill of Tesson in the parish of St. Peter was contrary to law and bad, in that, to wit, whereas the parties them-

unū diem coram p̄fatis ballio e Juř plitassent in p̄dca querela ad
judm Cuř et ad diem sibi datū p̄dcus Ričus nō vocatus nec expectat⁹
set valde tempestive veniens optulisset se noīans qđ vsus P̄hm filiū
Johē Tehy licet nīls talis umq̄a fuisset e ipe Ričus statim ppendens
qđ male noīavit advsariū suū optulit se illud emendare Curie e con-
festim optulit se vsus advsariū suū p̄dcm iṑm bene noīando p̄dci
Juř dni Reḡ adjudicaverunt iṑm Ričm q̄si indefensum sine causa
amitte seis̄m suam de teñ petitis unde petit justiciam sibi exhiberi.

Et P̄hus suū modo veñ. Et nichī dicit p se nisi īm qđ juste
p̄cessum fuit p iṑo ex quo t̄xit advsariū suū ad unam emend t̄c. Et
ut securus p̄cedat dcm est p̄dcis ballio e Juř qđ hito inf̄ eos sup hiis
colloquio libent Justič hiis recordū suū de p̄dco plito. Qui illud
libaverunt in hec v̄ba. En lan del regne le Rey Edward filz le Rey
Edward secund le meskerdy prochein apres la feste Saint Michel en
moute gargane Phelipot Tehy le filz Thomas Tehy fu pleyntifz de
Richard Estevene e li demaundont x vergees de ĩre ou la entour e
vj caboteaus de mouture sus le molyn de Tostain en la parroisse de
Saint Pere e disoit qe ceo avoit estoi le heritage de Johane de Tehy
aaele del dit P̄hot la quele Johane avoit donney la dite ĩre e la dite
mouture al dit Richard neveu de la dite Johane filz de sa soer la ou
ele resoit en mal de la mort e disoit le dit P̄hot qe ele ne pavoit ne
ne devoit donneir a ceus qe poeent estre ses heirs al un plus q̄ al
autre come le dit P̄hot fust le filz del filz de la dite Johane qui en
devoit porter les chaete par devaunt ceus qe estoient de la soer e en
prist droit a jugement et le dit Richard prist droit qe il lieseit bien a
la dite Johane a doner li son heritage tout ou partie sicome il y avoit
plus procheyns qe li en les chaete de la dite Johane e en pernoit
droit as que les parties len donna ĩme as primers Jugementz qi

selves had pleaded on one day before the said Bailiff & Jurats in the aforesaid action for the judgment of the court, & on the day given to them the aforesaid Richard not summoned nor waited for but coming very early had presented himself, naming as his opponent Philip son of Joan Tehy, although no such ever had been, & the said Richard immediately considering that he had wrongly named his adversary, offered to correct the same in court, & forthwith presented himself against his aforesaid adversary by naming him correctly, the aforesaid Jurats of the lord the King adjudged without reason that the said Richard as if he were undefended should lose his seisin of the tenements claimed whereof he prays that justice should be done to him.

And Philip being summoned now comes & says nothing for himself except only that the process was lawful so far as he was concerned in that he caused his adversary to make the correction &c. And so that the case may be proceeded with surely it was commanded to the said Bailiff & Jurats that having had a conference among themselves upon these things they should deliver to the justices their record of the said plea; who delivered it in these words: "In the second year of the reign of King Edward son of King Edward the Wednesday next after the feast of St. Michael of Mount Gargan, Philip Tehy the son of Thomas Tehy was plaintiff against Richard Estevene & demanded of him 10 virgates of land or thereabouts & 6 bushels of multure on the mill of Tesson in the parish of St. Peter & said that this had been the heritage of Joan Tehy the grandmother of the said Philip, which said Joan had given the said land & the said multure to the said Richard, nephew of the said Joan, son of her sister, at the time when she was on her death-bed, & the said Philip said that she could not & ought not to give to those who might be her heirs to one more than to the other as the said Philip was the son of the son of the said Joan who ought to have the inheritance in preference to those who were descended from the sister, & he (Philip) took proceedings to judgment & the said Richard took proceedings on the ground that it was quite lawful for the said Joan to give him her heritage, all or part, seeing that there were others nearer than he in the succession of the said Joan, & thereon took proceedings so that the parties would appoint the case for trial at the first court of judg-

sereient as quiels Jugementz le dit Richard se offrit amayntenir son Jugement countre Pñot Tehy filz Johane Tehy ou contre son attorney. Et Renald de Saint Clement attorney du dit Pñot filz Thomas Tehy dist qe il ne estoit de rien attorney au filz Johane Tehy ne que il ne avoit q̃ faire de respoudre pur le filz de la dite Johane. Et le dit Richard conust bien q̃ vs le filz a la dite Johane ne avoit il poynt de jour par quei il amenda. Et recorda son jugement vs le dit attorney. Et le dit attornei dist q̃ au jugement de devaunt prins ne devoit il respoudre a y celi Richard si come il lavoit trait a amende. Et q̃ il devoit amender le jugement. Et le dit Richard disoit q̃ pour taunt ne devoit amender le jugement. Et en pernoit droit tout eust il fait la mende de ceo q̃ il avoit dit qil estoit en jugement vers le filz Johane Tehy le quel jugement fu fait par la greignor partie de jureiz Cest asavoir par Guiff le Petit p Pñ Fondent p Gautier le Cu, Guilliame Dieruaunt Guiff des Augnereis Pñ Horman e Hamelin de la Hougue p sire Johan de Carfet chivaler Pñ de Carfet q̃ le dit Richard devoit amender le dit jugement par les raisons de sus dites sicome il lur estoit avis a lur enciens Et le dit Richard dit q̃ le jugement estoit fait countre la costume et en apela a lassise e en donna pleges cest a savoir Guiff Payn e Pierres le Marchaunt. Et dicunt qđ septem ip̃oz xij Juř fũnt ad istud Judm reddend una cum Joñne de Carfet milite e Pño de Carfet ad hoc sibi adherentibz et pđco bařto e aliis q̃nq ip̃oz Juř in 9traria opinione existentibz. Et pđci vij Juř requisiti quid intellexerunt p hoc qđ adjudicaverunt qđ pđcs Riçus emendet judm nō possunt dediçe q̃n qđ amitfet tē sicut pđcm est. Nec ip̃i nec eis adherentes aliquid sciūt diçe ad docend vř pband qđ judm suū legale fũit sec nec pđcus Pñus. Et ĩto tractatu cū discreçoribz e legalioribz p̃rie visū est oibz qđ pđcm judm injustū est e iniquū. Comptū est t̃ qđ oibz correcçoibz judioz huj9modi in insulis coram bařtis e Juř reddito9 semp oportet

ments that would be held, at which court of judgments the said Richard offered to maintain his judgment against Philip Tehy son of Joan Tehy or against his attorney. And Renaud de Saint Clement attorney of the said Philip son of Thomas Tehy says that he was not in anywise attorney to the son of Joan Tehy nor had he any business to answer for the son of the said Joan. And the said Richard knew well that against the son of the said Joan he had no day wherefore he amended and entered judgment against the said attorney. And the said attorney says that on the judgment previously obtained he ought not to answer to the said Richard seeing that he had caused him to amend. And that he ought to amend the judgment. And the said Richard said that notwithstanding he ought not to amend the judgment. And he took proceedings therein just as if he had amended, inasmuch as he had said that he was in judgment against the son of Joan Tehy, which judgment was made by the greater part of the Jurats, to wit, by William le Petit, Philip Fondent, Walter le Cu, William Diervaunt, William des Augrès, Philip Horman, and Hamelin de la Hougue, by Sir John de Carteret, Knight, [and] Philip de Carteret, that the said Richard ought to amend the said judgment for the reasons abovesaid seeing that such was their opinion according to their knowledge. And the said Richard says that the judgment was made contrary to the custom & he appealed therefrom to the assize & gave pledges therefor, to wit, William Payn & Peter le Marchant." And they say that 7 of the twelve Jurats were for giving this judgment together with John de Carteret Knight & Philip de Carteret adhering to them in this matter, & the said Bailiff, & the other 5 of the said Jurats being of a contrary opinion. And the said 7 Jurats being asked what they understood by this that they had adjudged that the said Richard should amend the judgment cannot gainsay but that he would lose &c. as is aforesaid. Neither they nor their adherents can advance anything to show or prove that their judgment was legal, nor can the said Philip. And conference being had with the more discreet & lawful men of the country it was plain to all that the said judgment was contrary to law, unjust & bad. Also it was found that in all corrections of such judgments given in the islands before the Bailiffs & Jurats it always behoves

querentes invenire bonam e sufficienciam secuꝝ p sufficientes pleꝝ de pꝛ p quod patet qđ sequūtur ut de falso judio. Et ideo cons̃ est qđ pđcm Judm p pđcos septem Juꝝ e sibi adherentes redditū totatr adnullet tamq̃m falsū e iniquū et pđcus Ričus reñeat seis̃m suam de pđcis teñ talem qualem fuit die pđci Judicii sic redditū.

Et Pñus in m̃a e pđci septem similt in g̃vi m̃a. Et qđ pđci Joñnes de Carfet e Pñus de Carfet g̃tis eis adhererunt in pđco Judio injuste reddendo cū essent judicies ideo ip̃i in g̃vi m̃a, set m̃a quo ad Pñm remittit qđ infra etatem tē. Et sciend qđ q̃mcicius pđcus Pñus hic vocatus fuisset e compuisset Jordanus Levesk unus Juꝝ Reꝝ qui se tenet p uno de discrecoribꝫ illoꝝ statim adivit ad ptem suam ad barram stans cū ip̃o ad consiliū suū in pñto tē. Et sup hoc allocut⁹ ex qº juratus est dño Regi ad manutenend justiciam erga om̃es neminē excipiendo nich̃ scit diče nisi qđ pđcus Pñus nepos ejus est e parum h̃ret auxilii nisi de ip̃o Jordano et cogn qđ fuit de ejus consilio e ei auxilians in tota pđca querela. Et qđ doče nō potest qđ sic sibi licuit ex quo juratus est sine condičoe nec fuit licenciam sic faciendi tē. Ido cōmittat gaole tē. Postea repleꝝ fuit ut de die in diem tē. Postea h̃ito avisamento ad hoc qđ pđcs Jord̃s tenet unū Justič hic p g̃vi advsario suo de assensu ip̃ius Jordi dies dat⁹ est ei de audienda taxačoe tē coram dño Rege a die Ści Michis in unū mensem ubicumqđ tūc fuit in Angl̃.

Dioniš de Oredenciis Prior de Bona nocte p̃sens allocutus de eo qđ nup in magñ picl̃m tē levavit magnū scandalum e falso de eo videl̃ qđ pupplicavit qđ Ep̃us Constanč m̃ttet huc qual̃ viginti hoies ad arma ad capiend Justič dñi Reꝝ hic e eos ducend in p̃sonā apud Constanč tē nō potest hoc dediče. Iō sit in g̃vi m̃a. Et afforat p Justič ad viginti libꝛ.

the plaintiffs to find good & sufficient security by sufficient pledges to prosecute whereby it appears that they are to proceed as in a case of false judgment. And therefore it is ordered that the said judgment given by the said 7 Jurats & their adherents be totally annulled as false & bad & that the said Richard may be re-possest of his seisin of the said tenements such as he had on the day of the said judgment so given.

And Philip is amerced & the aforesaid seven are likewise heavily amerced. And because the said John de Carteret & Philip de Carteret willingly adhered to them in giving the said judgment contrary to law, at the time when they were judges, therefore they are to be heavily amerced, but the amercement as to the said Philip is to be remitted because he is under age &c. And be it known that as soon as the said Philip was called here & appeared, Jordan Levesque one of the Jurats of the King who is one of those more discreet men immediately went over to his side standing at the bar with him to advise him in the plea &c. And being questioned upon this inasmuch as he was sworn to the lord the King to maintain justice towards all without exception cannot say anything except that the said Philip is his nephew & would have little help unless from the said Jordan & acknowledges that he advised & helped him throughout the said action. And because he cannot show that this was lawful on his part inasmuch as he was sworn without condition nor had he leave so to do &c. therefore he is committed to gaol &c. Afterwards he was bailed out as from day to day &c. Afterwards counsel being taken thereon because the said Jordan holds judicial office here, for his grave delinquency, with the assent of the said Jordan, a day is given to him to hear assessment &c. before the lord the King from the day of St. Michael in one month wheresoever he shall then be in England.

Dionisius de Oredenciis, Prior of Bonne Nuit, present, was questioned for that he lately in great peril &c. raised a great scandal for that to wit, he published falsely that the Bishop of Coutances would send here 80 men at arms to seize the justices of the lord the King here & take them to prison at Coutances &c., he cannot deny this. Therefore let him be heavily amerced & it was appraised by the justices at 20 livres.

Joñnes de Ditton qui tenuit locū Ottonis de Grandissono in Insulis ante iter tē pposuit hic in p̄sencia Joñnis de Carfet p Galfr̄ de Carfet gen̄alem attorñ suū e oīm Juř dñi Reġ qđ cū ipe nup coram bañlio huj⁹ In̄s e p̄dcis Juř ad querelam p̄dci Joñis de Carfet querentis de injusta districōe sibi fca p ministros ipeius Ottonis pposuisset quoddam scriptū obligatorū ipeius Joñnis p quod obliga..... se soluturū pfato Otoni centū lib̄ bonoz pvoz e ingroz turroñ p Petro Bartys in ptem sol..... Idm Petrus debebat p̄dco Otoni a magno tpe elapso p̄dci Juř adjudicaunt p̄dcm Joñnem esse quietū p fciam ptem p̄dce suūe quam solvit post defen̄s debīt monete turroñ currentis pro eo qđ scriptū fcm fuit tpe quo debīt moneta c̄rebat pp̄t que a pte ipeius Otoni Jud..... ad Cuř dñi Reġ appellat e peī qđ corrigatur tē. Et Joñnes qđ p̄dcm Judm bonū est e legalē. Et unde q̄rela dat⁹ est dies ptibz Michis in unū men̄s Et Juř Judm

(M. 27.)

Adhuc de coibz plitis.

Jeroš Ranulph̄s Galicien queř de Ab̄te de Chereburḡ de eo qđ ipe feč [eū suū ex^a] dominiū Reġ apud Constanč e ibi inpl̄itavit p̄dcm Ranulph̄m in annuo reddū unius buss fruīti e dī ad dampnū tē. Et p̄dcus Abbas insuletta attorñ suū veñ e nō potest hoc dediče. Idō ipe in ḡvi mīa dampnis q̄ p̄dcs Ranulph̄s remisit dampna sua tē, postea p̄dcs Abbas..... finem p p̄dca t̄ns p xv li p̄pliū p̄dci Prioris.

Nich̄us Ansgot e Matiff uxor ejus petūt v Ricm Felote unam virḡ tre domū infra contentam tē. Et Ricus.

John de Ditton who was lieutenant of Otto de Grandison in the islands before the eyre &c. represented here in the presence of John de Carteret by Geoffry de Carteret his general attorney & all the Jurats of the lord the King that whereas he lately before the Bailiff of this island & the aforesaid Jurats, on the plaint of the said John de Carteret complaining of unjust distraint made on him by the officers of the said Otto, propounded a certain obligatory deed of the said John by which he bound himself to pay to the aforesaid Otto 100 livres of good small & black tournois for Peter Bartys in part payment the said Peter owed to the said Otto for a long time past. The said Jurats adjudged the said John to be quit by the third part of the said sum which he paid after the prohibition of the current depreciated tournois for that the deed was made at the time in which depreciated money was current on account of which on behalf of the said Otto judgment appealed at the court of the lord the King & claims that it may be corrected &c. And John that the said judgment is good & lawful. And whereupon plaint a day is given to the parties of [St.] Michael in one month And the jurats judgment

(M. 27.)

Continuation of the common pleas.

Jersey.

Ranulph Galicien complains of the Abbot of Cherbourg for that he caused [him to be summoned out of] the dominions of the King at Coutances & there sued the said Ranulph in yearly rent of one bushel of wheat & a half to the damage &c. And the aforesaid Abbot [by the Prior of l'Islet], his attorney, comes & cannot gainsay this. Therefore he is to be heavily amerced. to damages because the said Ranulph remitted his damages &c., afterwards the aforesaid Abbot compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 15 livres by the pledge of the said Prior.

Nicholas Angot & Matilda his wife claim against Richard Felote one virgate of land [with the] house within contained &c.

veñ e uřq, eoř poñ se in mĩa p lič Et est concord talis qđ p'dcs Ričus concedit p'dcis Ničho e Matitř p'dcas tenend ad fminū vite ipius Matitř. Et t concedunt qđ si aliquid defuit cuřdam eschambii p'us inř eos fci tunc corrigat' in forma competenti tč.

Convictū est p Juř in quam Emma q̃ fuit uxor Guilli Humfrey petens e Alicia tenens de una virg řre in poch de Grouill se posũunt qđ p'dca řra data f..... Matitř la Palmere amite p'dce Alicie in feod et nō ad řm vite sicut p'dca Emma dič. Ido conř est qđ p'dca Emma nič cap tč sř sit in mĩa. Et p'dca Alicia [eat] inde sine die.

Wiltus Gillard queř de Jořne Robyn de eo qđ ipe injuste tč detinet ei unū buss frumti e đĩ. Et Jořnes veñ e illud cogñ. Ido ipe in mĩa. Et Wiltus recupet tč.

Convictū est p Juř in quam Thomasia q̃ fuit uxor Phi le Blaunk petens e Thoř de řco Clemente e Jořna uxor ejus tenentes de duodecĩ solidatis reddřs in poch řci Brolardi se posũunt qđ p'dcus reddřs fuit de loco ředitatis p'dci Phi quond mariti p'dce Thomasie et nō de pquisito sicut p'dci Thoř e Jořna dicũt. Ido conř est qđ p'dca Thomasia recupet inde dotem suam simul cũ arř ejusđ de tribř anř q p'dcs Přus maritus suus obiit inde in seisina. Et p'dcs Thomas p injusta detenčoe in mĩa.

Ničus Erand petit q̃ Ničm fit Guilli Esteur retractam de una virg řre. Et Ničus veñ et concedit tč. Et dies assessus est tč. Et Ničus Erand poñ se in mĩa.

Guills le Gernenter peř e Jořnes le Messeryn poñ se in mĩam p licenč concord. Et est concord talis qđ p'dcus Jořnes concedit p'dco

And Richard comes & both of them put themselves in mercy for leave And it was agreed thus that the said Richard shall grant to the said Nicholas & Matilda the said [land &c.] to hold for the term of the life of the said Matilda. And also they agree that if any deficit should accrue [with reference to a] certain exchange formerly made between them then it shall be corrected in proper form &c.

It was found by the jury to which Emma who was the wife of William Humfrey, plaintiff, & Alice defendant, had submitted themselves concerning one virgate of land in the parish of Grouville that the aforesaid land had been given [to the said Alice by] Matilda la Palmere aunt of the said Alice in fee & not for the term of her life as the said Emma says. Therefore it is determined that the aforesaid Emma shall take nothing but shall be amerced. And the aforesaid Alice may go therein 'sine die' (i. e. is discharged).

William Gillard complains of John Robyn for that he unjustly detains from him one bushel of wheat & a half. And John came & acknowledged this. Therefore he is to be amerced. And William shall recover &c.

It was found by the jury to which Thomasse who was the wife of Philip le Blanc plaintiff & Thomas de St. Clement & Joan his wife defendants had submitted themselves concerning 12 sols of rent in the parish of St. Brelade that the aforesaid rent was of the inherited estate (*propres*) of the aforesaid Philip formerly the husband of the said Thomasse & not of acquired estate (*acquêts*) as the said Thomas & Joan say. Therefore it is determined that the aforesaid Thomasse shall recover thereof her dower together with the arrears of the same for 3 years because the said Philip her husband died in seisin thereof. And the aforesaid Thomas for unjust detention to be amerced.

Nicholas Erand claimed against Nicholas son of William Esteur recovery of one virgate of land. And Nicholas comes & agrees to it &c. And a day is fixed &c. And Nicholas Erand puts himself in mercy.

William le Gernenter claims & John le Messeryn puts himself in mercy for leave to agree. And it is agreed thus that the said

Guillo retractam de reddu triū buss frumti in pochi Šci Salvatoris quem. Idem emit tč. Et dies assessus est de solve tč.

Rads Caytinel queř de Jordo le Serf de eo qđ ipe injuste tč feč ipm suū ex^a regnū apud Constanč e alibi sine causa tč concord sunt ex^a cuř. Ido uřq, eoř in mīa. Et p'dcs Jords feč finem sicut patet alibi.

Petř de Šco Elerio đns de Saumareys peř v Abbem de Chireburgh nō sequit'. Ido ipe e Jords Levesk pleř suos in mīa.

Willis de Chalegrave e Mariona uxor ejus queř de Thoma de Wyncheles de plito detenčois redds concord sunt. Et p'dcus Thomas p injusta detenčoe in mīa.

Galfr Neel queř e Walrus le Keu de plito debiti poñ se in miam p licenč concord. Et uřq, eoř poñ se totaliř đco Luce Espiard e Colini le Rous sč pena decem liřr.

Alicia la Grosser petens e Rads Godel de plito ĩre concord sunt ex^a Cuř. Ido uřq, eoř in mīa.

Simon Johan đcs le Curreour e Lucas Espiard de plito t'ns poñ se in mīam p licenč concord. Et uřq, eoř totatr supponit se đco e ordinačoi Phi Levesk Balti sč pena decem liřr.

Godefrus Wasoun queř de Pho Horman Thoma e Jordo filiis suis de plito t'ns concord sunt. Ido oīes in mīa. Et ptes p'dce poñ se de toto sup đcm Guilti Payn Pet' le Markaunt Robti Bradefer e Joħnis de Wyncheles.

Rads Porrioun peř v Jordm de Auverne nō sequit'. Ido ipe e Willis Porrioun pleř suos in mīa.

John grants to the said William delivery of the rent of 3 bushels of wheat in the parish of St. Saviour which he bought &c. And a day is given for the payment &c.

Ralph Caytinel claims of Jordan le Serf for that he unlawfully &c. caused him to be summoned out of the kingdom at Coutances & elsewhere without cause &c. and they agreed out of court. Therefore both of them to be amerced. And the aforesaid Jordan compounded as appears elsewhere.

Peter de St. Helier, lord de Samarès, claiming against the Abbot of Cherbourg does not continue his suit. Therefore he & Jordan Levesque his pledge to be amerced.

William de Chalegrave & Marion his wife complaining of Thomas de Vinchelez concerning a plea of detention of rent are agreed &c. And the said Thomas for unjust detention to be amerced.

Geoffrey Neel plaintiff & Walter le Keu concerning a plea of debt put themselves in mercy for leave to agree. And both of them submit themselves altogether to the decision of Luke Espiard & Colin le Rous under penalty of 10 livres.

Alice la Grosser plaintiff & Ralph Godel concerning a plea of land are agreed out of court. Therefore both of them to be amerced.

Simon Johan called le Curreour & Luke Espiard concerning a plea of trespass put themselves in mercy for leave to agree. And both of them submit themselves altogether to the decision & ruling of Philip Levesque Bailiff under a penalty of 10 livres.

Godfrey Wasoun complaining of Philip Horman, Thomas & Jordan, his sons, concerning a plea of trespass are agreed. Therefore all of them to be amerced. And the parties aforesaid submit themselves altogether to the decision of William Payn, Peter le Marquand, Robert Brasdefer & John de Vinchelez.

Ralph Porrioun claiming against Jordan de Auverne does not follow up his suit. Therefore he & William Porrioun his pledge to be amerced.

(M. 27 d.)

Adhuc de coĩbz plĩtis.

[Wiffrs] Lenginour queĩ de Simone le Curreour de eo qđ cum idem Wiltus fuisset [Consta]bularius Castri đni Ređ pđcũs Simon feč eũ suũ ex^a dominiũ Ređ apud Constanč in cuĩ xpianitatis p officio suo tč. Et pđcũs Simon veĩ e nō potest [hoc] dediče. Iđo comittat^r Gaoĩ inde redimendũ tč.

Niča qđ fuit uxor Joħnis Pallot peĩ v Joħem Hubert quinq; virđ ĩre e unam domũ infra contenta. Et pđcs Joħnes veĩ e concordũ sunt. Et est concordũ talis qđ pđcũs Joħnes reddit pđce Niče medietatē pđce ĩre tenendũ sibi e ĩedibz suis tč et dat ei ulĩius viginti solidũ. Et pđca Niča remittit pđco Joħi jus suũ de alia medietate tč. Et pđcs Joħnes p injusta detenčoe in mĩa.

Pħa Munchoun queĩ de Jordo fiĩ Pħi Horman de eo qđ cũ ĩpa simul cum Viviencha matre sua duxissent quemđ asinũ cartatũ blado in via ređ veĩ pđcs Jords e ĩpam insultavit p quod ĩpa fugiit et idẽ Jords indespctu tč abstidit aures e caudam pđci asini ad dampnũ tč. Et pđcs Jords veĩ e nō potest hoc dediče. Iđo ĩpe in g^{vi} mĩa. Et si ĩpe nō sufficiat respond paĩ ejus cuj⁹ manupastus tč Et pđca Pħa recuperet dampnũ sua vsus eum que taxant^r p Cuĩ ad C s.

Joħnes Augare peĩ v Joħem du Vergee viginti solidũ de arĩ compoti. Et vsus Gilbĩm Johan octo solidũ de arĩ comp. Et pđci Joħnes e Gilbĩs veĩ e cognũ tč. Iđo ĩpi p injusta detenčoe in mĩa.

Wiffo le Border queĩ de Guiffo Cliche Galfrĩ Cliche e Colino le Fraunceys de plito debiti. Et Guiffrs Cliche e Colinus veĩ e cognũ qđ debent pđco Wiffo sexaginta e duodecĩ solidũ e decem denaĩ. Iđo ĩpi p injusta detenčoe in mĩa. Et pđcs Galfrĩ plies vocat⁹ nō veĩ. Iđo ĩpe in mĩa.

(M. 27 d.)

Continuation of the common pleas.

[William] Lenginour complaining of Simon le Curreour for that whereas the said William was Constable of the castle of the lord the King the aforesaid Simon caused him to be summoned out of the dominions of the King at Coutances in the court of Christianity by his office &c. And the said Simon comes & cannot gainsay this. Therefore he is committed to gaol to be ransomed &c.

Nicholaa who was the wife of John Pallot claiming against John Hubert 5 virgates of land & one house within contained. And the aforesaid John comes & they are agreed. And it is agreed thus that the aforesaid John shall pay to the said Nicholaa the moiety of the aforesaid land, to hold to her & her heirs &c. and he gives her moreover 20 sols. And the aforesaid Nicholaa gives up to the said John her right to the other moiety &c. And the said John for unjust detention to be amerced.

Philippa Muncheon complaining of Jordan son of Philip Horman for that as she together with Viviencha her mother were leading a certain ass carrying corn in the King's high-way the said Jordan came & assaulted her whereby she fled & the said Jordan in anger &c. cut off the ears & the tail of the said ass to her damage &c. And the aforesaid Jordan comes & cannot gainsay this. Therefore he is to be heavily amerced. And if he himself be not sufficient his father, whose domestic servant he is, shall answer &c. And the aforesaid Philippa shall recover her damages against him which are assessed by the court at 100 sols.

John Angare claiming against John du Vergee 20 sols of arrears of account, & against Gilbert Johan 8 sols of arrears of account And the aforesaid John & Gilbert come & acknowledge &c. Therefore they for unjust detention to be amerced.

William le Border complaining of William Cliche, Geoffrey Cliche & Colin le Fraunceys concerning plea of debt. And William Cliche & Colin come & acknowledge that they owe to the aforesaid William 72 sols 10 deniers. Therefore they for unjust detention to be amerced. And the aforesaid Geoffrey being many times called does not come; therefore he is to be amerced.

Mathias le Teler peř e Jořnes de Caleys poř se in mĩam p licenř concord. Et supponũt se totař dco Thome des Anceys e Coř le Archer qui adjudicařunt p'dca Matř viginti solidos.

Riřus de Perepount queř de Rořto Fundeng de plito debiti concord sunt. Et Rořs poř se in mĩa.

Wilts Lenginour petens e Abbas de Exaquio p attorř suũ de plito cõvenřois veř e poř se in mĩam p licenř concord. Et est concord talis qđ uřq; eoř supponit se totař dco e ordinařoi mařri Guilti de Millers sř pena decem libr.

Rads Lempere queř de Wilto Payn capřlo de eo qđ iře citavit p'dcm Radm ad compend coram Judicibř delegatis apud Pariř p quod oportebat p'dcm Radm cũ p'dco Wilto p viginti solid p relaxařoe hnda de p'dca suũ. Et Wilts veř e dicit qđ iře nũq; iřm suũ tć sř dicit qđ quid clicus portavit p'dco Wilto tras de tali suũ e iře p' amore p'dci Radi monstravit ei tras illas et idm Rads de voluntate sua pp'a dedit p'dco clico viginti solid p retra-henda suũ et diř qđ nich aliud ei fecit. Et Rads totũ hoc cogũ. Iđo idm Rad nich cap tć sř sit in mĩa. Et p'dcs Wilts eat inde sine die tć.

Niřus Hailes queř de Petro Hailes de plito t'ns nō psequit'. Iđo iře e pleř suos scilř Wilts Payn plitatoř in mĩa.

Niřus le Cras peř ř Jořem de Barantyn de plito řre poř se in mĩam p licenř concord. Et est concord talis qđ p'dcs Jořnes reddit p'dco Niřo řram in manu ejusđ Jořnis existentem de ředitate ejusđ Niři. Et p'dcs Niřus concedit p'dco Joři e ředibř suis tć quend anuũ reddm duoř buss fruĩti pcipiend singlis annis de p'dca řra tć.

Matthias le Teler plaintiff & John de Caley puts himself in mercy for leave to agree. And they submit themselves altogether to the decision of Thomas des Anceys & Cok le Archer who adjudged to the said Matthew 20 sols.

Richard de Pierrepont claiming of Robert Fundeng concerning a plea of debt agreed. And Robert puts himself in mercy.

William Lenginour plaintiff & the Abbot of Lessay by his attorney concerning a plea of covenant come & put themselves in mercy for leave to agree. And it is agreed thus that both of them submit themselves altogether to the decision & ruling of Master William de Millers under a penalty of 10 livres.

Ralph Lemprière claiming of William Payn chaplain for that he cited the aforesaid Ralph to appear before the justices delegates at Paris whereby the said Ralph was obliged [to compromise] with the said William for 20 sols to have release from the said summons. And William comes & says that he never summoned him &c. but he says that a certain clerk carried to the said William letters of such summons & he for the love of the said Ralph showed him those letters & the said Ralph of his own will gave to the said clerk 20 sols to withdraw the said summons, & he says that he did nothing else to him. And Ralph acknowledges all this. Therefore the said Ralph shall take nothing but shall be amerced. And the said William may go therein 'sine die' &c. (i. e. is discharged).

Nicholas Hailes claiming of Peter Hailes concerning a plea of trespass does not prosecute. Therefore he & his pledge, to wit, William Payn, of the pleaders, in mercy.

Nicholas le Cras claiming against John de Barantyn concerning a plea of land puts himself in mercy for leave to agree. And it is agreed thus that the aforesaid John shall restore to the said Nicholas the land being in the hands of the said John of the heritage of the said Nicholas. And the aforesaid Nicholas grants to the aforesaid John & his heirs &c. a certain yearly rent of 2 bushels of wheat to be taken every year of the said land &c.

Rādus le Rey queř de Rado Lempere de plito t̃ns poñ se in mīa p licenč concord. Et est concord talis qđ uřq, eoř totař supponit se dco Joñnis de Barantyn e Lauř le Oisel sđ pena centū solidoz.

(M. 28.)

Adhuc de coibz plitis.

Jereš

Petrus de la Hoge petit vsus Guilm le Petyt Juniorem e Guilimotam uxem continens di acř tre e novem virgatas tre e di cum ptiñ in poči Šci Elerii ut jus..... tč. Et unde querit qđ cum ipe Petrus fuisset in pacifica seis de pđcis [heredi]tate sua Juř dñi Reğ de hac insula juxa considereom suam sine assensu e volun[tate] Petl fecerunt pđca teñ sua vendi e ipm inde disseisiri tč.

Et Guills e Guilimota veñ. Et dicunt qđ pđcus Petrus p recogñ suam tenebat in diřsis debitis. Et q, monitus nō satisfecit infra XL dies a tempe moničois tč [Juř] Reğ adjudicařunt p diřsas vices qđ pđca teñ p ptictas juxa suam pcellaz appciarent p sacrm vicinoř qñtum valerent ad vendend in feodo e juxa hi^o extentas fñnt illis creditoribz tenenda in feodo p pđcis debitis. Et ipe Wiltus rōne pđce uřis sue que ppinqua est pđco Petro de sang'ne suo retraxit vendiçōem teñ illoř infra anū e diem solvendo creditoribz iñ p teñ illis pciū quod in debitis suis allocaverunt p sacrm extensorz si[cut]moris est in pñia. Et tota coitate allocuta sup pđca consuetudine de vendendo fñas debitoř sine assensu e voluntate sua e hito sup hoc tractatu cū eisdem plibz vicibz p viij dies oñes coit dicunt qđ satis tarde tempe dñi Reğ E. pris tč levata fuit ista cōsuetudo sine scitu e voluntate dñi Reğ e absq, assensu coitatis. Et Juř sup

Ralph le Rey claiming of Ralph Lemprière concerning a plea of trespass puts himself in mercy for leave to agree. And it is agreed thus that each of them shall submit himself entirely to the decision of John de Barantyn & Laurence le Oisel under a penalty of 100 sols.

(M. 28.)

Continuation of the common pleas.

Jersey.

Peter de la Hoge claims against William le Petyt junior & Guillemote his wife [a messuage] containing half an acre of land & 9½ virgates of land with the appurtenances in the parish of St. Helier as his right &c. And thereupon complains that whereas he the said Peter had been in peaceful seisin of the said as of his inheritance, the jurats of the lord the King in this island according to their ruling without the assent & will [of the said] Peter caused his aforesaid tenements to be sold & himself to be dispossessed thereof &c.

And William & Guillemote come & say that the aforesaid Peter by his recognizance was bound in divers debts. And because, having received notice, he did not pay within 40 days from the time of receiving the notice &c. [the Jurats] of the King had adjudged on divers occasions that the aforesaid tenements in parcels according to the whole of the parcels, should be appraised by the oath of the neighbours, how much they would be worth to sell in fee, & according to such appraisement were [delivered] to those creditors to be held in fee for the aforesaid debts. And the said William by reason of his aforesaid wife who is near in blood to the aforesaid Peter had withdrawn the sale of those tenements within the year & day by paying to those creditors for those tenements the price which on their debts had been allowed by the oath of the valuers, as it is the custom of the country.

And the whole commonalty being questioned about the said custom of selling the lands of debtors without their assent & will & having had conference amongst themselves many times during eight days say that somewhat late in the time of the lord King Edward the father &c. this custom was introduced without the knowledge & will of the lord the King & without the assent of the commonalty. And the Jurats being questioned hereupon say that they

hiis allocuti dicunt qđ iŕi p̄ majori pte appositi fŕnt Juř q̄s de novo e tempe quo positi fŕnt, usitata fuit hec consuetudo set bene sciunt qđ nec est bona nec legał, set sicut iŕi illam invenerunt ita eam manuteŕunt. Iđo ad juđm de Juř ex quo nō est consuetudo appbata p̄ đnm Regem vł Cuř suam aut cōitatem p̄rie. Postea ptes se posŭnt in mīam đni Reġ p̄ lič concord. Et est concord talis qđ p̄dcus Petr^o recogñ p̄dca meš e t̄ram cum p̄tīn esse jus iŕius Guilimoto. Et p̄ hac tē p̄dci Guilfs e Guillimota cōcedunt p̄dco Petro p̄dca meš e t̄ram cū p̄tīn e illa ei reddiderunt hic in Cuř t̄end e tenend p̄dco Petro tota vita sua quiete de iŕis Wiltmo e Guillimota e heř iŕius Guillimote faciend capiť đnis feodi illius p̄ p̄dcis Wiltmo e Guillimota švič que ad p̄dca meš e t̄ram ptinent. Et post decessum p̄dci Petⁱ p̄dca meš e t̄ra cū p̄tīn integre reřtent^r ad p̄dcos Wiltm e Guillimotam e t̄edes quos iŕe Wiltus de p̄dca Guillimota p̄creavit tenenda quiete inppm̄. Et p̄tea p̄dcus Wiltus dat p̄dco Petro x libr turoneñ. Et hec concordia fca fuit p̄sente Nicŕo frē iŕius Petⁱ e eam concedente. Et p̄dci Wiltus e Guillimota concedunt qđ si p̄dcus Nicŕus supvivat p̄dcem Petr tūc iŕi Wiltus e Guillimota e heř iŕius Guillimote statim post decessum iŕius Petⁱ dabunt p̄dco Nicŕo quemđ annuū redđ duoř q̄rřioř frumti assedend sup t̄ras eoř competent e secure, t̄end e tenend p̄dco Nicŕo tota vita sua. Et post decessum iŕius Nicŕi p̄dci Wiltus e Guillimota e t̄edes iŕius Guillimote erunt quieti de sołoe p̄dci redđs duoř q̄rřioř frumti inppm̄. Et q, p̄dci Juř manuteŕunt hi^o falsam consuetudinem sine wař e illam in aliis assiš concelařunt. Iđo oīes in mīa.

Nicŕus Corbyn p̄ magřm Wiltm Lenginour attornatū suū oŕ se iiij^{to} die vsus Nicŕm Blanchard de p̄lito quinq, virgatař t̄re et uni^o mesuagii infra contenti que claū ut jus tē. Et iŕe non veñ. Et

for the greater part were appointed Jurats quite recently & in the time at which they were appointed this custom was in use, but they well know that it is neither good nor lawful, but as they found it, so they maintained it. Therefore to the judgment of the Jurats for that it is not a custom approved by the King or his court or the commonalty of the country. Afterwards the parties put themselves in the mercy of the lord the King for license to agree. And it was agreed thus that the aforesaid Peter acknowledges the said messuage & land with the appurtenances to be the right of the said Guillemote. And for this &c. the aforesaid William & Guillemote grant to the aforesaid Peter the aforesaid messuage & land with the appurtenances & delivered the same to him here in court: to have & to hold to the said Peter all his life quit of the said William & Guillemote & the heirs of the said Guillemote making to the chief lords of that fee for the said William & Guillemote the services which to the said messuage & land belong. And after the decease of the aforesaid Peter the aforesaid messuage & land with the appurtenances shall wholly revert to the aforesaid William & Guillemote & the heirs which the said William shall beget of the said Guillemote to hold quit for ever. And further the aforesaid William gives to the said Peter 10 livres tournois. And this agreement was made in the presence of Nicholas brother of the said Peter agreeing thereto. And the aforesaid William & Guillemote grant that if the aforesaid Nicholas shall survive the said Peter then the said William & Guillemote & the heirs of the said Guillemote immediately after the decease of the said Peter shall give to the aforesaid Nicholas a certain yearly rent of 2 quarters of wheat to be assessed upon their lands sufficiently & securely: to have & to hold to the aforesaid Nicholas for his whole life, & after the decease of the said Nicholas the aforesaid William & Guillemote & the heirs of the said Guillemote shall be quit of the payment of the aforesaid rent of 2 quarters of wheat for ever. And because the aforesaid Jurats had maintained such a false custom without warrant & had concealed the same in other assizes therefore all of them to be amerced.

Nicholas Corbyn by Master William Lenginour his attorney presents himself the 4th day against Nicholas Blanchard concerning a plea of 5 virgates of land & one messuage within contained which he claims as his right &c. And he did not come. And the Bailiff & Jurats of

balls et Juṛ Reḡ recordantur qđ pred̃cus Nich̃us Corbyn p̃ p̃d̃cm mag̃rm Wilm̃ Lenginour attornatū suū alias coram eis petiit versus Nich̃m Blanchard quinq; virgaŕ f̃re simul cum uno mesuaḡ infra contento ut jus t̃c. Et petito inde visu et f̃co t̃c partes postea cōpuerunt coram eis p̃t resortū de visu. Et de assensu eoꝝdm dat⁹ fuit eis dies hic ad has as̃s t̃c. Et pred̃ Nich̃us Corbyn p̃ p̃d̃cm mag̃rm Wilm̃ Lenginour attornatū suū instant̃ petit Jud̃m t̃c sc̃dm cōmunē consueŕ t̃c. Et pred̃ Blanchard p̃lies e sollemnīŕ vocatus et p̃ q̃ndeci dies expectat⁹ nō veñ. Et h̃ito inde tractatu cum Juṛ Reḡ dicunt qđ si visus sufficiēŕ f̃cus fuit pred̃cus Nich̃us Corbyn debet recuperare seisinam de p̃dcis teñ p̃ defalŕ p̃d̃ci Nich̃i Blanchard. Et Vič testat̃r qđ vis⁹ sufficiēŕ f̃cus fuit t̃c. Et sic juxta avisamentū Juṛ Reḡ consider̃ est qđ pred̃cus Nich̃us recupet seisinā suam versus eum de p̃dcis teñ. Et id̃m Nich̃us in m̃ia.

P̃hus de Carteret quer̃r qđ Joñnes de Wyncheles malicōse scandalizavit eū hic in Cuṛ inponens sibi qđ vellet p̃ alte taxand̃ salariū colligend̃ de cōitate hi⁹ insule e solvend̃ Roḡ de Bruery narratori de Normañ servienti cōitati hic stipendiare p̃d̃cm Rob̃tm ut ip̃i P̃ho s̃viret in Normañ sine alio stipendio. Et alias simitr quer̃r de eođ Joñne qđ in plena Cuṛ ip̃ius P̃hi verbis cōtūmeliosis affectit [adversum] senescallū Cuṛ ip̃ius P̃hi e hoc falso e injuste vocando ip̃m homicidiū falsum e p̃jurū e impedivit Cuṛ ip̃ius P̃hi ret̃hendo servientes p̃hitatores ab ead̃ Cuṛ e alia enormia ei intulit ad dampnū ip̃ius P̃hi in ut̃q; quereŕ centū lib̃r t̃c. Et inde p̃ducit sectam t̃c.

Et Joñnes veñ. Et negat totū t̃c q̃cquid tangit maliciam set quedam recogñ se dixisse que p̃d̃co P̃ho de jure nō nočent. Et P̃hus offert se p̃bare que sibi suffiēe debeant de intenčoe sua p̃banda t̃c. Et sic admissus de assensu ptis p̃bavit p̃ majori pte p̃ viros fidedignos

the King record that the aforesaid Nicholas Corbyn by the aforesaid Master William Lenginour his attorney elsewhere before them claimed against Nicholas Blanchard 5 virgates of land together with one messuage within contained as his right &c. And view thereof being asked & made &c. the parties afterwards appeared before them after the return of the view. And with their assent a day was given to them here at these assizes &c. And the aforesaid Nicholas Corbyn by the aforesaid Master William Lenginour his attorney earnestly claims judgment &c. according to the common custom &c. And the aforesaid Blanchard, many times & by custom called & for 15 days waited for, did not come. And a consultation thereon having been held with the Jurats of the King they say that if the view was properly made the aforesaid Nicholas Corbyu ought to recover seisin of the said tenements by the default of the said Nicholas Blanchard. And the Viscount declares that the view was properly made &c. And so according to the advice of the Jurats of the King it is decided that the aforesaid Nicholas shall recover his seisin against him of the said tenements. And the said Nicholas to be amerced.

Philip de Carteret complains that John de Vinchelez maliciously gave offence to him here in court alleging that he wished by highly taxing the salary to be collected from the commonalty of this island & to be paid to Robert de Bruere, an advocate of Normandy, for the service of the commonalty here, to remunerate the said Robert so that he might serve Philip himself in Normandy without other stipend. And at another time he likewise complained of the said John that openly in the court of the said Philip he made use of abusive words to the Seneschal of the court of the said Philip & this falsely & unjustly, by calling him a murderer, a deceiver & a perjurer, & disturbed the court of the said Philip by withdrawing from the same court his vassals pleading there & charged him with other most serious offences to the prejudice of the said Philip, in each plaint for 100 livres &c. And thereof he brought an action &c.

And John comes. And he denies the whole &c. so far as malice is concerned, but acknowledges that he said certain things that would not injure the aforesaid Philip in law. And Philip offers to prove those things which ought to be sufficient for him to prove his intention &c. And so admitted with the assent of the parties he

singillatim examinatos adeo qđ viš fuit Cuř qđ pđcs Joĥnes t̃ns̃sus fuit vsus pđcm Pĥm e ei enormia intulit vehement̃ p quod cons̃ fuit qđ vadiaret ei emend̃ qđ vat decem dolioz vini capient̃ jux̃ discre- cōem Justiĉ hic tĉ. Et cum Justiĉ fuissent in ppoito taxandi p'sam ipius Phi de eisđ ad tria dolia vini pđcus Joĥnes posuit se totali in grām pđci Phi ad capient̃ de ipo p voluntate ipius Phi pp̃m Et Joĥnes in utq̃a q̃rela in m̃ia.

Balti Abbisse de Mustervilers que nich̃ fiet
..... Regi xv li p respectu ĥendo tĉ.

(M. 28 d.)

Adhuc de cōibz p̃litis de eod̃m itinere.

[Petrus] de Šco Elerio p se Abbas de Chereburgū p se e magr Galfr de Carlet p se e noie suoz racoe teñ de foris- factura Thome Paynel e que Roĥtus de Meleches postea tenuit [a] dono dñi Reg̃ ad ģminū vite sue in seisina ipius Galfr ad psens existenciū pecierunt [deli]baĉóm duoz dolioz vini precii de Wrecko in mañ dñi Reg̃ nup arrestata. Et unde pred̃cus Petr^o tam petendo pđca dolia e Wreckū suū q̃m conquerendo de pđco Abbe e Priore suo del Islet diĉ qđ cum quidam marinelli ex̃nei in mari invenissent pđca dolia vagancia tĉ e illa att̃xissent in batellū suū et iidem marinelli ducentes illa dolia in batello suo p̃mo deve- nissent ad portū salutis in terra ipius Peti qui wreckū ibi accidens habet e ĥere claĩ e p̃cipe consuevit ab antiquo et se tenuissent in littorio maris infra metas ģre ipius Petri p spaciū uni^o marete rec̃tus maris e amplius cum pđcis doliis infra batellū suū tunc existentibz et sic dolia illa sunt e esse debent wreckū ipius Petri pđcus Prior qui remutabilis est ad voluntatē ipius Abbis fraudulenter pcuravit

proved for the greater part by trustworthy men examined one by one, so that it was seen by the court that the aforesaid John had transgressed against the said Philip & had strongly charged him with most serious offences, wherefore it was judged that he should give him security for the payment of the value of the taking of the 10 hogsheads of wine according to the discretion of the justices here &c. And when the justices proposed to tax the prisage of the said Philip for the same at 3 hogsheads of wine, the aforesaid John placed himself entirely at the grace of the aforesaid Philip to take of him at the will of the said Philip by the pledge of And John is to be amerced in each plaint.

The bailiffs of the Abbess of the Monastery Villiers who has nothing to the King 15 livres to have respite &c.

(M. 28 d.)

Continuation of the common pleas in the same eyre.

[Peter] of St. Helier for himself, the Abbot of Cherbourg for himself & Master Geoffrey de Carteret for himself & in the name of their by reason of the tenements of the forfeiture of Thomas Paynel & which Robert de Melèches afterwards held by the gift of the lord the King for the term of his life being at present in the seisin of the said Geoffrey, sought delivery of two casks of wine of the value of of wreck lately taken into the hands of the lord the King. And thereupon the aforesaid Peter as well in claiming the aforesaid casks & his wreck as complaining of the aforesaid Abbot & his Prior of the Islet says that whereas certain foreign sailors found the said casks floating about in the sea &c. and took them into their boat & the said sailors taking those casks in their boat first came to a port of safety in the land of the said Peter who has & claims to have & was wont of old to have wreck occurring there, & remained on the sea-shore within the boundaries of the land of the said Peter for the space of one ebb tide & more, with the said casks then being in their boat, & so those casks are & ought to be the wreck of the said Peter,—the said Prior, who is removable at the will of the said Abbot, fraudulently got those sailors to withdraw with

iþos marinellos a terra iþius Petri sine scitu e voluntate iþius Petri recedere cū predco batello suo e vinis existentibz in eisdem e applicare in fra iþius Abbis unde predcus Prior est quasi ballis suus sic appropians sibi predca vina que sunt e esse debent Wreckū iþius Petri. Et qđ ita est offert vificare siĉ Cuř conš e petit delibaĉom tĉ e sibi iusticiam exhiberi tĉ.

Et Abbas e Prior tam respondendo predco Petro qđm petendo delibaĉoem sibi fieri de pđcis vinis dicunt qđ ex quo Petr^o cogn qđ predci marinelli remanserunt cū batello suo predcis vinis existentibz in eodm in terra sua p tantū spacium in retractu maris qđ iþe vť ballis suus bn potuit batell eoꝝ e alia que clamasse voluisset in eodm arrestasse et ad ea manū nō apposuit nec aliquid vers^o eos clamavit dū fñnt in terra sua petit ⁽¹⁾ iudm si bene nō licuit predcis marinellis recedere e ire quo voluissent maĉie cum dedici non poterit q'n iþi in alto mari pđca dolia sblevassent in batellū suū. Et dicunt qđ predci marinelli cum predco batello suo e vinis existentibz in eodm applicunt in terra iþius Abbis in custodia iþius Prioris existente ubi iþi e oīes pdecessores iþius Abbis Abbes de Chereburgñ habent e fiere consuefant Wreckū accidens a tpe quo nō extat memoria. Et qđ ita est offerunt vificare p patriam. Et peť delibaĉom s' fieri tĉ. Et magř Galfr diĉ qđ terra ubi applicuerunt qñ recesserunt a terra predci Petri est de feodo Paynelli quod Robt^o de Melechis tenuit ad lñ vite sue et qđ dñs E. Rex pať tĉ nup dedit Reginaldo de Carfet pñi iþius Galfri cuj^o unus heres iþe est et qđ nunc est in mañ iþius Galfri raĉone ppartis sue de fieditate predci patris sui iþm contingentis ubi iþe clañ fiere wreckū tĉ raĉone qđ tam Thoñ Paynel dū teñ illa tenuit anteq^a forisfecit tĉ qđm predcus Robtus de Melechis dū iþe ea tenuit ibi solebant cape Wreckū. Et qđ ita est offert vificare p pat'am. Et peť delibaĉom sibi fieri tĉ.

(1) Sic.

their said boat & the wines being in the same from the land of the said Peter without the knowledge & will of the said Peter & to betake themselves to the land of the said Abbot whereof the said Prior is as it were his bailiff, so appropriating to himself the aforesaid wines which are & ought to be the wreck of the said Peter. And that this is so he offers to establish as the court shall determine, & he claims delivery &c. and that justice may be done to him &c.

And the Abbot & Prior, as well in answering the said Peter as claiming delivery to be made to them of the aforesaid wines, say that inasmuch as Peter acknowledges that the aforesaid sailors remained with their boat, the said wines being therein, in his land for so long during the ebb of the tide, that he or his bailiff might well have arrested their boat & other things in the same which he wished to claim & that he did not seize these nor did he claim anything from them while they were in his land, they pray judgment whether it was not lawful for the said sailors to withdraw & go where they wished especially as it cannot be denied that they took those casks into their boat on the high seas. And they say that the aforesaid sailors with their said boat & the wines in the same betook themselves to the land of the said Abbot being in the custody of the said Prior where they & all the predecessors of the said Abbot, Abbots of Cherbourg, have & were wont to have wreck occurring from time immemorial. And that this is so they offer to establish by the verdict of the country. And they claim that delivery be made to them &c. And Master Geoffrey says that the land to which they betook themselves when they withdrew from the land of the said Peter is of the fee of Paynell which Robert de Melèches held for the term of his life, & which the lord E. the the King the father &c. lately gave to Reginald de Carteret, the father of the said Geoffrey, whose only heir he is & that it is now in the hands of the said Geoffrey by reason of his portion of the inheritance of his said father coming to him, wherefore he claims to have wreck &c. by reason that as well Thomas Paynel while he held those tenements before he forfeited &c. as the aforesaid Robert de Melèches while he held the same were wont to take wreck there. And that this is so he offers to establish by the verdict of the country. And he claims delivery to be made to him &c.

Et Wilts de Mareys qui sequitur pro dño Rege diç qđ nullus eoꝝ petere poť pđca vina ut wreckū. Quia diç qđ ea tantūmodo sunt Wreckū que fluct⁹ maris piciunt ad t̃ram vť infra portū aut tam ppe terram qđ a stantibꝫ in terra possunt ppendi e sic ducantur vť trahantur ad portū set ea que repta sunt in alto mari unde certū nō existit quo fluct⁹ maris ea vellent picere si p laborem marinelloꝝ leventur a mari e ponantʳ in navi vť batello et sic in vasi ducantur ad terrā e non tangunt terram alicuj⁹ per t̃huncōem nec alio modo nō possunt dici wreckū set sunt tantūmodo de adventuris maris de quibꝫ nullus potest aliquid clamare nisi saluatores e dñs Rex vť ille cui dñs Rex concesserit libtatem p̃cipiendi huj⁹modi aventuras. Et petit judm pro dño Rege. Et pred̃cti Petr⁹ e alii non possunt hec dedicere. Et ido cōs est qđ pđca vina remañ dño Regi salva saluatoribꝫ pte sua. Et Petr⁹ e alii in mīa p falso claĩ t̃c. Postea unū de pđcis doliis cōcessum fuit pđco p̃ori p LX s̃ de quibꝫ soluit pđcis saluatoribꝫ XL s̃ p pparte sua t̃c. Et de viginti solid̃ residuis respond dño Regi t̃c.

Lucas de Marek peť vsus P̃lm de Marek fr̃em suū rōnabilem ppartem de duabꝫ virg̃ t̃re in pochia S̃ci Martini de h̃editate sua t̃c. Et pđcus P̃lus veñ e bene cogñ qđ pđcus Lucas frať ejus est e debet h̃ere ppartem t̃c. Ido fiat ppars. Et pđcus P̃lus p injusta detencōe in mīa.

Mathus le Loreour viç allocutus de b̃ri dñi Reġ nup sibi libato qđ suū P̃lm de Carteret e mag̃rm Galfr̃m de Carteret qđ essent hic ad hunc diem ad respond dño Regi ad plita de quo Wať t̃c quod nōdum retʳnavit t̃c e b̃ri illo instanť ab eo petīto t̃c tandem tarde e coactus retornavit b̃re illud set viliť truncatū e quasi corrosum derisorie. Et q̃ videbatʳ Cuť huj⁹modi f̃em fieri in magnū contemptū

And William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King says that none of them can claim the said wines as wreck, because he says that those things only are wreck which the flow of the tide brings to land or in harbour, or so near the land that by those standing on the land they may be laid hold of, & are thus guided or brought to port, but those things which are found on the high seas whereof no certainty exists as to where the flow of the tide may cast them, if they are raised from the sea by the labour of the sailors & put into the ship or boat & are so conveyed in the vessel to the land, & do not touch the land of any one by conveyance or any other way, cannot be called wreck but are only of the ventures of the sea of which no one can claim anything except the salvors and the lord the King or he to whom the lord the King shall have granted the right of taking such ventures. And he claims judgment for the lord the King. And the aforesaid Peter & the others cannot gainsay these things. And therefore it is determined that the aforesaid wines shall remain to the lord the King saving to the salvors their share. And Peter & the others are to be amerced for false claim &c. Afterwards one of the said casks was granted to the aforesaid Prior for 60 sols of which he paid to the said salvors 40 sols for their share &c. And for the 20 sols remaining he shall answer to the lord the King &c.

Luke des Mareys claims against Philip des Mareys his brother his lawful share of two virgates of land in the parish of St. Martin of his inheritance &c. And the aforesaid Philip comes & fully acknowledges that the aforesaid Luke is his brother & ought to have a share &c. Therefore let a division be made. And the aforesaid Philip for unlawful detention to be amerced.

Matthew le Loreour, the Viscount, questioned concerning the writ of the lord the King lately delivered to him to summon Philip de Carteret & Master Geoffrey de Carteret to be here at this day to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea of 'quo warranto' &c. which he never returned &c., and that writ being instantly demanded of him &c. at length he tardily & under compulsion returned that writ but badly mutilated & torn as if in contempt. And because it seemed to the court that this deed was done in great contempt of

đni Reġ e Cuř sue vič sit in g^{vi} mīa. Et afforat^r p Justič ad xx li. Et sup hoc idem vič instanť quer^r de p^dco maġro Galfro dicens qđ ad vehementem requisicōem ipius maġri Galfri ipe vič tradidit ei bre illud integrū de g^{ra} t^{ns}cribend^e e sibi reliband^e tē e postea vix potuit ipe vič bre illud reire tē set tand^e unus fr̄m ejusd^e maġri Galfri illud ei libavit ita viciatū. Et peř qđ sicut idem maġr Galf^r tenebat^r ei illud restituisse sanū sicut illd^e recepit. Ita ipm conservet indem-
nem de t^{ns}g^{ss}ione inde fca, dum bre illud fuit v^l esse debuit in custodia ipius maġri Galfri. Et maġr Galfrus p^sens totū hoc cogñ set vehement^r juravit qđ nescit quis v^l qñ bre illd^e sic atiravit tē. Et q^l illd^e nō reddidit sanū sicut illud recepat. Iō acquietet vič de mīa tē.

..... Tehi quer^r de falso judo reddito cont^a ipam coram ballo e juř Reġ
de plito bre nō psequit^r. Ido ipa e pleġ sui de p^s in mīa. Scilť
..... juř tē.

..... illas v^l Joñem de Caley
ponūt se in mīa Cuř p^l licenč
..... Wilh Russel.

(M. 29.)

Adhuc de coibz plifis.

Jereš Nicñus le Neyr petens e Joñes de Wyncheles ponunt se in mīa p^l licencia concordia talis qđ p^dcus Joñes concedit p^dco Nicño fram quam de eo fiet p^s
..... infra duos annos sequentes denarios quos p^lus sibi solvit p^l eadem. Ita delibet^r tē.

Thomas Tok^o quer^r e Guillus Aleys ponunt se in mīa p^l licencia concordand^e talis qđ p^dcus Guills exonabit

the lord the King & his court, the Viscount is to be heavily amerced, & it is appraised by the justices at 20 livres. And hereupon the said Viscount at once complains of the said Master Geoffrey saying that at the urgent request of the said Master Geoffrey he (the Viscount) gave to him that writ whole as a favour to be transcribed & returned to him &c. and afterwards he (the Viscount) could with difficulty get that writ back again, but at length one of the brothers of the said Master Geoffrey returned it to him so spoiled. And he claims that, as the said Master Geoffrey was bound to return the same to him whole as he received it, he may therefore be kept indemnified of the wrong therein done, while that writ was or should have been in the custody of the said Master Geoffrey. And Master Geoffrey being present acknowledges all this but earnestly swore that he does not know who so damaged that writ or when &c. And because he (Geoffrey) did not return it whole as he received it, therefore let the Viscount be discharged from the payment of the fine &c.

..... Tehi complaining of false judgment given against her before the Bailiff & the Jurats of the lord the King
..... in a plea of land, does not prosecute her action.
Therefore she & her pledges in the action to be amerced, to wit
..... jurats &c.

..... those against John de Caleys place
themselves in the mercy of the Court for leave
..... of William Russel.

(M. 29.)

Continuation of the common pleas.

Jersey.

Nicholas le Neyr, plaintiff & John de Vinchelez put themselves in mercy for leave agreement is such that the aforesaid John grants to the aforesaid Nicholas the land which he has of him for within 2 years following the money which he first paid to him for the same, so be delivered &c.

Thomas Toke, plaintiff, & William Aleys put themselves in mercy for leave to agree. [Agreement is] such that the said William shall

dimid̃ ac̃r̃ fr̃e quam id̃m Thomas tenet
redd̃s unde p̃us illam oñavit.

Thomas Mortfoche qui fẽc̃ t̃ns̃g̃ssiōem Drogoni de Barantini
asportando lapid̃muro ejusd̃ Drogonis ad faciend̃
inde domū suam pp̃lam veñ e vadiat ei XL p̃dc̃us
Drogo remittit ei XX s̃ e alios viginti solid̃ solvet ei p̃ voluntate
sua Thomas p̃ p̃d̃ca t̃ñs̃ in m̃ia.

Rad̃us de Arblaster petens e Galfr̃ le Groche de plito fr̃e con-
cord̃ sunt ex̃a Cuř. Id̃o utq̃ eoꝝ in m̃ia.

Convictū est p̃ Juř in quam Thomas de la Rue quer̃ e Jonettus
de la Rue se posuerunt qđ p̃dc̃us Jonettus fecit t̃ñs̃ p̃d̃co Thome
unde ha cla. Id̃o ipe in m̃ia. Et q̃ p̃dc̃us Thomas querebat̃ qđ
id̃m Jonettus fẽc̃ ei sang̃nem t̃c̃ et nō potuit illud pbare sicut optu-
lit t̃c̃. Id̃o ipe in m̃ia.

Thomas Phelipe peř ṽ Rob̃tm Sibille retractam de uno mẽs e
una virg̃ fr̃e p̃ consuetud̃ t̃c̃. Et Rob̃tus veñ e cogñ qđ pp̃inquier
heres est t̃c̃ et concedit retractam t̃c̃ et dies assessus est de sofoe t̃c̃.
Et p̃d̃cs Thomas poñ se in m̃ia.

Convictū est p̃ Juř in quam Thomasia des Vaus e Perrota fit
Guifli del Val se posūunt qđ p̃d̃ca Thomasia pcussit p̃d̃cam Perrotam
unde sang̃is e ha cla. Et ead̃ Perrota acabliavit p̃d̃cam Thomasiam.
Id̃o utraq̃ eaꝝ in m̃ia et Petř des Vaus est pleğ p̃d̃ce Thomasie.

Nichus de la Faleyse d̃cs̃ Bochar̃ e Jořna uxor ejus petunt ṽ
Petř de Hailes retractam de redd̃u triū cař frumti sup unam virg̃ fr̃e
e d̃i quem p̃dc̃us Petř emit de Jořne de Hailes p̃re p̃d̃ce Jořne. Et
Nichus de Hailes opponit se e dicit qđ ipe alias petiit de p̃d̃co Petro

discharge half an acre of land which the said Thomas holds
..... rent whereof he first charged it.

Thomas Mortfoche who committed a trespass against Drogo de Barantyn by removing stones from the wall of the said Drogo to build therewith his own house comes & pledges to him 40 sols the said Drogo remits to him 20 sols & the other 20 sols he shall pay to him at his will Thomas for the aforesaid trespass to be amerced.

Ralph Larbalestier plaintiff & Geoffrey le Groche concerning a plea of land have agreed out of court. Therefore both of them to be amerced.

It is found by the jury to which Thomas de la Rue plaintiff & Jonett de la Rue submitted themselves that the aforesaid Jonett committed a trespass on the said Thomas whence 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. Therefore he is to be amerced. And because the aforesaid Thomas complains that the said Jonett drew his blood &c. and cannot prove it as he alleged &c. Therefore he himself is to be amerced.

Thomas Phelipe claims against Robert Sibille the redemption of one messuage & one virgate of land according to custom &c. And Robert comes & acknowledges that he is the next heir &c. and grants the redemption &c. and a day is fixed for the payment &c. And the aforesaid Thomas puts himself in mercy.

It is found by the jury to which Thomasia des Vaux & Perrota daughter of William du Val submitted themselves that the aforesaid Thomasia struck the aforesaid Perrota whence blood & 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. And the said Perrota threw down the said Thomasia. Therefore both of them to be amerced, & Peter des Vaux is the pledge of the said Thomasia.

Nicholas de la Falaise called Bochart & Joan his wife claim against Peter de Hailes the redemption of the rent of 3 bushels of wheat upon one virgate of land & a half which the aforesaid Peter bought of John de Hailes father of the said Joan. And Nicholas de Hailes intervenes & says that elsewhere he sought from the said

retracti de p̄dco reddu et visus inde scus fuit in^o eos ad quem visum
p̄dci Nichus e Johna nō sūnt. Et Nichus e Johna dicunt qđ ipe
sūnt ad vi^s illū p Petrū Boeffe attorē eoꝝ tē. Et Nichus di^c qđ
p̄dcus Petr nūq̄^a fuit eoꝝ attorē. Et de hoc poñ se sup record bali
e Ju^r Regē tē. Et Nichus e Johna simitr. Et bali e Ju^r recordāt
qđ p̄dcs Petr fuit attorē p̄dcoꝝ Nichi e Johne. Ido cons est qđ p̄dci
Nichus e Johna tēant retractā de p̄dco reddu. Et p̄dcs Nichus in
mīa. Et dies assessus est de soloe.

Jords Payn que^r de Ri^co Horman de eo qđ ipe injuste tē detinet
ei quemd anuū red quem ei debet tē. Et Ri^cus veñ e cogñ qđ debet
p̄dco Jordo anuū reddm tresdecī ca^b fruīti et tres ca^b fri de ar^r tē.
Ido ipe p injusta deten^coe in mīa.

Thomas de la Mare in mīa p plibz defalt v Ri^cm Horman.

Wills Abatfaleyse que^r de Guiffo le Curteys Johne Columbamy
Thoma Esteur Guiffo Hynard e Raulino le Curteys de deten^coe
catañ tē. Et p̄dcus Thomas e Raulinus veñ e dicūt qđ ipe fecunt
pacem cū p̄dco Wiffo ex^a Cu^r p xxx s. Et p̄dcs Wills no potest hoc
dedi^ce. Ido oīes in mīa. Et p̄dci Wills Johnes e Wills sepius
vocati ad sectam p̄dci Wiffo nō veñ. Ido ipi in g^{vi} mīa.

Thomas Baudeyn petens e P^hus Bertram de plito t^re concord
fuit ex^a Cu^r. Ido u^q eoꝝ in mīa.

Convictū est p Ju^r in quam Guiffo Waudyn e Thomas fit Johnis
de Šco Petro se possunt qđ p̄dcs Thomas v̄bavit p̄dcu Guiffo unde
ha cla. Ido ipe in mīa. Et idm Guiffo recupet vsus eum dampna
sua que taxant^r p Ju^r ad XL s.

Johnes Veysin que^r de Ri^co Murdrak Raolino e Rado fribz suis
de eo qđ cum ipe incasset quasd bestias inventas in dampnis suis ad

Peter the redemption of the said rent & view was thereof made between them, at which view the said Nicholas & Joan were not present. And Nicholas & Joan say that they were at that view by Peter Boeffe their attorney &c. And Nicholas says that the said Peter never was their attorney. And for this he submits himself to the record of the Bailiff & the Jurats of the King. And Nicholas & Joan likewise. And the Bailiff & Jurats record that the aforesaid Peter was the attorney of the said Nicholas & Joan. Therefore it is judged that the aforesaid Nicholas & Joan shall have the redemption of the said rent. And the aforesaid Nicholas to be amerced. And a day is fixed for payment.

Jordan Payn complains of Richard Horman for that he unjustly &c. detains from him a certain yearly rent which he owes him &c. And Richard comes & acknowledges that he owes to the aforesaid Jordan the yearly rent of 13 bushels of wheat & 3 bushels of wheat of arrears &c. Therefore he is to be amerced for unjust detention.

Thomas de la Mare to be amerced for many defaults against Richard Horman.

William Abatfalaize complains of William le Curteys, John Columbam, Thomas Estur, William Hynard & Raulin le Curteys, for detention of chattels &c. And the aforesaid Thomas & Raulin come & say that they made peace with the aforesaid William out of court for 30 sols. And the aforesaid William cannot deny this. Therefore all of them to be amerced. And the aforesaid William, John & William often called at the suit of the aforesaid William do not come. Therefore they are to be heavily amerced.

Thomas Baudains plaintiff & Philip Bertram concerning a plea of land agreed out of court. Therefore both of them to be amerced.

It is found by the jury to which William Vaudin & Thomas Fitz-John of St. Peter submitted themselves that the aforesaid Thomas struck the aforesaid William whence 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. Therefore he is to be amerced. And the said William shall recover against him his damages which are taxed by the jury at 40 sols.

John Voisin complains of Richard Murdrake, Raolin & Ralph his brothers for that when he had impounded certain beasts taken in

valenč duoz q̃rtioz fri tč. Ido Ričus cepit bestias illas vi e cont̃
pacem tč ex̃ parcū suū in domo Raolini Ceruoise. Et p̃dcs Ričs veñ
e dicit qđ ipe nūq̃ cepit bestias illas ex̃ parcum tč. Et inde poñ se
sup sacrm p̃dci Raolini Ceruoise. Et p̃dcs Joñnes simitr. Et idm
Raolinus juř tč dicit qđ p̃dcs Ričs cepit p̃dcs bestias ex̃ domū suam
cont̃ voluntatem suam p̃dci Joñnis. Ido ipe
in g̃vi mīa. Et quo ad capcōem namioz e dampna tč
e alii petunt viš tč. Et post resortū de visu p̃dcs Joñes oř se. Et
p̃dci Rič e at dicūt qđ p̃dcs Joñnes in viš e noīavit unū
frem eoř cōten[dere in] q̃rela sua tč. Et p̃dcs Joñnes nō potest hoc
dediše. Ido cons̃
..... ad psens sine die. Et p̃dcs Joñnes
P̃tus Lempere
..... [concord sunt] ex̃ Cuř. Ido [in mīa.]

(M. 29 d.)

Adhuc de cōibz pl̃itis.

Fresingfeld.

[Ričus] de la Croiz queř de Guillo des Augreys de eo qđ cum
ipe simul cū quod fre bastardo pquisivissent
quemđ anuū reddm triū cař fruñti in poch̃ Šci Elerii
sup dimid̃ acř fre in feodo ipius Guilli cōjunctim sibi e fiedibz
suis tč. Idem Guills reddm illū arrestavit e illū ei deforc̃ absq̃
causa řonabili tč. Et Guills [des Augreys veñ] e dicit qđ p̃dcs
frař Riči tč obiit seisitus de p̃dco reddu p quod ipe cepit in [manum]
suam noīe eschete ppartem p̃dci fris de p̃dco reddu tč sicut ei bene
licuit. [P̃dcs] Ričus dič qđ ipe e p̃dcs frař suos cōjunctim e indiviso
pquisivunt p̃dcm reddm [sibi] e fiedibz suis tč. Et hoc offert vificar̃
sicut Cuř cons̃ et peř judm. Et Guills nō potest hoc dediše. Ido

damage to the value of 2 quarters of wheat &c. the said Richard took those beasts by force & against the peace &c. out of his pound into the house of Raolin Cervoise. And the said Richard comes & says that he never took those beasts out of the pound &c. And therein submits himself to the oath of the said Raolin Cervoise. And the aforesaid John likewise. And the said Raolin being sworn &c. says that the aforesaid Richard took the aforesaid beasts out of his house against his will of the said John. Therefore he is to be heavily amerced. And as to the taking of the distresses & the damages &c. & the others claim view &c. And after the return of the view the said John presents himself. And the said Richard & the others says that the said John in the view and named one of his brothers to sue in his plaints &c. And the said John cannot gainsay this. Therefore it is judged now discharged. And the said John.....

Philip Lemprière
..... [agreed] out of court. Therefore [to be amerced.]

(M. 29 d.)

Continuation of the common pleas.

Fresingfeld.

Richard de la Croix complains of William des Augrès for that whereas he together with a certain brother a bastard purchased a certain yearly rent of 3 bushels of wheat in the parish of St. Helier [assessed] upon half an acre of land in the fee of the said William jointly to them & to their heirs &c., the said [William] arrested that rent & detained it from him without reasonable cause &c. And William [comes] & says that the said brother of the said Richard &c. died seised of the said rent whereby he took into his [hands] as an escheat the share of the said brother in the said rent &c. as it was quite lawful [for him to do]. Richard says that he & his said brother jointly & undividedly purchased the said rent [for them] & their heirs &c. And this he offers to establish as the court shall determine & he claims judgment. And William cannot gainsay this. Therefore

cons est qđ pđcs Ričus recupet seisinam suam ⁊ pđcm Guiltm de pđco reddu. Et idm Guifls p injusta detencōe in mīa.

Joñes de Barantyn queř e Petř des Vaus ponunt se in mīa p licenč concord. Et est concord talis qđ pđcus Petř cogñ qđ debet pđco Joñi triginta libr turoñ quas alias ei vadiavit p tñs quas ei fecit tč solvend pđco Joñi p voluntate sua tč.

Margia que fuit uxor Jordi Martin petens e Wifls Payn concord sunt qđ pđcs Wifls concedit pđce Margie quemđ anuū reddm unius qřřii fruñti ad tñm vite pđce Margie pcipiend singlis annis de fra ipius Wilh que vocat Faleduk.

Audita peticōe leproř de domo Šci Nichi de annuo reddu duoz busseř fri assesso [super] duas virg tre in pōchia de Grovill quas Guillot^o Goies tenet e qui aretro est pđcis leproř de duobz annis elapsis sicut p quamđ Juř inde inř eos captā cōvictā est cons est qđ pđci leproři recupent arř ejusđ redds vidz quatuor busř fri qui modo appřiant^r ad xij š iiij d. Et dictū est tam baltio qm Vič qđ sint eis in auxiliū ad levand pđcm reddm tč. Et nich de mīa q Guillot^o inf^a etatē.

Galfř del Pount queř de Viviano Mahumet psona ecclie Šci Lauř de eo qđ ipe vi e cont^a pacem tč asptavit genettam ipius Galfř pçii XL š et t abduxit unū bovem e alia bona ipius Galfř ad valenč iiij libr ad dampñ tč. Et Vivianus veñ e dič qđ ipe est ductor e custos cuj^od Guilloti Juliene qui inf^a etatem est et dič qđ pđcs Galfř fuit in custodia sua de catař ejusđ Guilloti ad valenč quatuor libr p quod idm Vivian^o noie pđci Guilloti tanq^a custos tč petiit pđca cař vsus pđcm Galfř coram baltio e Juř Reğ tč et p cons Cuř libata fflunt ei pđca cař videlř genetta pçii decem solidoz unus bos pçii quinquaginta

it is judged that the said Richard shall recover his seisin against the said William of the said rent. And the said William is to be amerced for unjust detention.

John de Barantyn plaintiff & Peter des Vaux place themselves in mercy for leave to agree. And the agreement is such that the said Peter acknowledges that he owes to the said John 30 livres tournois which at another time he gave him as security for the injuries which he had done to him &c. to be paid to the said John at his will &c.

Margery, who was the wife of Jordan Martin, plaintiff, & William Payn have agreed that the said William shall grant to the said Margery a certain yearly rent of one quarter of wheat for the term of the life of the said Margery to be received every year on the land of the said William which is called Faldouet.

Having heard the petition of the lepers of the house of St. Nicholas concerning the yearly rent of 2 bushels of wheat assessed [upon] 2 virgates of land in the parish of Grouville which Guillot Goies holds & which is in arrear to the said lepers for the last 2 years as was found by a certain jury to which it was referred by them, it is judged that the said lepers shall recover the arrears of the said rent, to wit, 4 bushels of wheat which are now appraised at 13 sols 4 deniers. And it is commanded as well to the Bailiff as to the Viscount that they shall aid them in levying the said rent &c. And no amercement (is imposed) because the said Guillot is under age.

Geoffrey du Pont complains of Vivian Mahumet parson of the Church of St. Lawrence for that he with force & against the peace &c. carried away a foal of the said Geoffrey of the value of 40 sols & also took away an ox & other goods of the said Geoffrey to the value of 4 livres to his prejudice &c. And Vivian comes & says that he is the master & guardian of a certain Guillot Julien who is under age & he says that the said Geoffrey had in his custody chattels belonging to the said Guillot to the value of 4 livres wherefore the said Vivian in the name of the said Guillot as his guardian &c. claimed the said chattels from the said Geoffrey before the Bailiff & the Jurats of the lord the King &c. and by the judgment of the court the said chattels were delivered to him, to wit, a foal of the value of 10 sols, an ox of the value of 50 sols & wheat of the value of 20 sols,

solidoꝝ e fruītū ꝑcii viginti solidoꝝ et dicit qđ nō fuit alia bona de ꝑdco Galfro nec aliū. Et hoc offert vificare ꝑ recordū balti e Juř tē. Et Galfř bene cogñ qđ ꝑdcus Vivian^o nō fuit alia catafl qm ipse cogñ set dič qđ ipe nō fuit ꝑdca catalla ꝑ cons curie nec ꝑ talem ꝑciū ꝑut idem Vivianus dič. Et hoc offert simitr vificare ꝑ recordū tē. Et balts e Juř tē recordant^r de toto sicut ꝑdcus Vivianus dič. Ido cons est qđ ꝑdcs Galfř nich capiat ꝑ qrelam suam sz sit in mīa. Et ꝑdcs Vivian^o eat inde sine die.

Et comptum est in ꝑsencia ꝑdci Galfři qđ ipo fecit suū Phm Levesk balſm dñi Regē ex^a regnū tē apud Constanč ꝑ officio suo fidelit̃ executo. Ido comittat^r Gaoſ inde redimend tē.

Robtus Aleyn e Joſina Poynt Destre mutuo querentes tē de plito detenčois reddſ tandem concesserunt qđ mutuo jurarent tē et Juř qđ debent eque adinvicem ꝑř tres cab fruīti de arř reddſ qui debent^r ꝑdco Robto. Ido idem Robts recupet arř ꝑdca. Et uſq eoꝝ in mīa.

Wilts le Petyt de Rosel queř de Galfro fit Agnetis Perchart e Coletta sorore sua de fraude de concelamento juris sui de ſra quam emerūt in dmo suo tē veñ et ponūt se in mīam ꝑ licenč concord. Et est concord talis qđ ꝑdcs Wilts remittit eis fraudem tē et concedit qđ iꝑi deceſo teneant in pace teñ que pquiſ in dmo suo faciendo inde servicia debita e cōsueta tē.

Ranulphs Galicien e Phus le Utlaghe queř e Jordſ Reynald e Juliana soror sua de obstrucčoe cuj^odam vie tē ponūt se in mīam ꝑ licenč concord. Et est cōcord talis qđ cōcedunt utrumq qđ via octo pedū fiat inť ſras eoꝝ in loco cōꝑtente unde medietas de ſra singloꝝ eoꝝ tē.

& he says that he had no other goods of the said Geoffrey nor otherwise. And this he offers to establish by the record of the Bailiff & Jurats &c. And Geoffrey well knows that the said Vivian had no other chattels than he acknowledged, but he says that he had not the said chattels by the judgment of the court nor at such a value as the said Vivian says. And this he likewise offers to establish by the record &c. And the Bailiff & Jurats &c. record concerning the whole as the said Vivian says. Therefore it is judged that the said Geoffrey does not succeed in his action but shall be amerced. And the said Vivian shall be discharged.

And it was found in the presence of the said Geoffrey that he caused to be summoned Philip Levesque the Bailiff of the lord the King out of the realm &c. at Coutances for the faithful discharges of the duties of his office. Therefore he is committed to gaol to be ransomed therefrom &c.

Robert Aleyn & Joan Poingdestre mutually complaining &c. concerning a plea of detention of rents at length granted that they will take oath &c. and took oath that they owe equally one to the other except as to three bushels of wheat of arrears of rent which are owing to the said Robert. Therefore the said Robert shall recover the said arrears. And both of them to be amerced.

William le Petyt of Rosel complaining of Geoffrey son of Agnes Perchard & Colette his sister of their fraud concerning the concealment of his rights as to the land which they bought in his demesne &c. come & place themselves in mercy for leave to agree. And it is agreed thus that the said William withdraws the (charge of) fraud &c. and grants that they henceforth may hold in peace the tenements which they purchased in his demesne doing therefor the services due & accustomed &c.

Ranulph Galicien & Philip le Utlagh plaintiffs & Jordan Reynald & Juliana his sister concerning the obstruction of a certain way &c. place themselves in mercy for leave to agree. And the agreement is such that each of them agrees that a way of 8 feet be made between their lands in a suitable place,—whereof the moiety of the land of each of them &c.

(M. 30.)

Plita de quo Waranto de eodem ifinere.

Jerseye.

Dñs Rex p Guillm de Mareys qui sequit' p eo petit vsus Abbem
Sci Salvatoris [Vicecomitis] advocačones eccliaꝝ Sci Petri Sci Joñnis
Sci Clementis Sci Elerii e Sci Brolardi [et advocačones] sexte ptis
decie garbaꝝ eccliaꝝ Sci Salvatoris de Grouill Sce T'nitatis Sci Mar-
tini [Sci Laurentii, Beatæ] Marie e Sci Audoeni et advocačom p'ora-
tuū de Bonanocte et de Sco Petro ut jus tē Et
Abbas veñ e dič qđ ipe claīn tenere e fiere predcas advocačōes eccliaꝝ
de dono dñi H. Reġ [filii Impera]triciſ tē et tē claīn tenere predcas
decias de dono ejusdem dñi Reġ qđ dicit qđ idem dñs [Rex dedit]
predctas advocačōes e decias cuidam Abbi Sci Salvatoris vicecoīn in
Constātino predecessori suo [per] cartam ipius dñi Reġ quam pfert
que sic incipit. H. dei grā Rex Angl Dux Normanū [e Aquit]
e Comes Andeg Archiepis Epis Abbibꝫ Comitibꝫ Baronibꝫ Justic
Vič e omibꝫ ministris e fidelibꝫ suis toci⁹ terre sue citra mare
e ultra saltm. Sciatis qđ ego fīco in manu e ptečōne mea sicut
meam dñicam Abbathiam Sci Salvatoris de Constancio cum omibꝫ
rebus e possessionibꝫ eidm Abbathie ptinētibꝫ sicut p'sens carta in
sūsequentibꝫ declarat. Et exinde inf cēfa continet sic. Concedo tē e
confirmo omēs ecclias quas predca abbathia tenet in Insula de Gere-
soie videlē totam eccliam Sci Broelarii cum q'nqꝫ ptibꝫ decie e cum
fris eidm ecclie ptinentibꝫ totam eccliam Sci Petri de Deserto cum
medietate decime et fris e elemosinis eidm ecclie ptinentibꝫ et in
eadm pocti de dono Symonis de Haga terram ad unū aratrū et fram
quam dedit Ranū P'sbr totam eccliam Sci Elerii cū medietate decie
e cum fris e elemosinis eidm ecclie ptinentibꝫ Totam eccliam Sci
Clementis cum quinqꝫ ptibꝫ decie e cum fris e elemosinis eidm ecclie
ptinenē e in eadm pochia de dono Willi de Hasneriis unam minam

(M. 30.)

Pleas of 'Quo Warranto' of the same eyre.

Jersey.

The lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him claims against the Abbot of St. Sauveur le Vicomte the advowsons of the Churches of St. Peter, St. John, St. Clement, St. Helier & St. Brelade; [and the advowsons] of the 6th part of the tithe of the sheaves of the Churches of St. Saviour, of Grouville, Holy Trinity, St. Martin [St. Lawrence] St. Mary & St. Ouen & the advowson of the Pories of Bonne Nuit & of St. Peter as his right &c. And the Abbot comes & says that he claims to hold & have the aforesaid advowsons of the Churches of the gift of the lord H. the King [son of the Empress] &c. and also claims to hold the aforesaid tithes of the gift of the said lord the King, and he says that the same lord [the King gave] the said advowsons & tithes to a certain Abbot of St. Sauveur le Vicomte in Coutances (diocese), his predecessor, [by a] charter of the same lord the King which he produces which begins thus: H. by the grace of God King of England Duke of the Normans [& Aquitaine] & Count of Anjou to the Archbishops, bishops, abbots, counts barons justices sheriffs & all his officers & faithful people of all his dominions on this side of the channel & beyond, greeting: Know ye that I have in my hand & protection as my demesne the Abbey of St. Saviour of Coutances with all things & possessions to the same Abbey appertaining as this present charter hereinafter declares. And therein among other things is contained thus: I also grant & confirm all the Churches which the aforesaid Abbey holds in the island of Jersey, to wit, the whole of the Church of St. Brelade with 5 parts of the tithe & with the lands to the same Church appertaining, the whole of the Church of St. Peter of the Desert with the half of the tithe & the lands & alms to the same Church belonging & in the same parish of the gift of Simon de la Haye one plough-land & the land which he gave to Ranulph the Priest, the whole of the Church of St. Helier with the half of the tithe & with the lands & alms to the same Church belonging, the whole of the Church of St. Clement with 5 parts of the tithe & with the lands & alms to the same Church belonging, & in the same parish of the gift of William de Asnières one measure of wheat, the whole of the Church of St.

fr̃i Totam eccliam S̃ci Jõnis de Quercubz cū capella S̃ce Marie de Bonanocte et terris e elemosinis ecclie e capelle ptinentibz e in eadm pochia fram ad unū aratrū de dono Heudonis de Sotennaft quam tenent Les Hordilouns e in om̃ibz aliis eccliis ejusdem iñs sextam ptem garbaꝝ. Et exinde sic Concedo autem predce Abbathie e monachis ejusdem Abbathie e hac carta mea confirmo om̃es sup̃s-criptas donações in libam e ppetuam elemosinam. Quare volo e firmit̃ p̃cipio qđ predca Abb̃ia e predci monachi om̃ia que eis tam a me q̃ ab aliis raçonabl̃r data sunt fiant e teneant cū om̃ibz ptiñ suis bene e in pace libe e quiete cum om̃ibz libtatibz e libis consuetudibz suis. Et ido quo ad hoc predcus Abbas eat ad p̃sens inde sine die Quia constat curie hic tē qđ predcta Abbathia que modo vocatur S̃ci Salvatoris Vicecōm tunc vocabat̃ Abb̃ia S̃ci Salvatoris de Constantio. Et t̃ constat qđ Priorat⁹ de Bonanocte est ad capellam predcam in pochia S̃ci Jõnis et Priorat⁹ de S̃co Petro est in pochia S̃ci Petri.

Idm Abbas allocutus de eo qđ ipe pcipit e detinet dño Regi quasdam decimas de feodo a Mustel e Ascalonus que valent p anū vj fi que in manu dñi Regis Edwardi p̃ris dñi Regis nunc longo tempe fuerunt de forisfcura Thome Paynell qui recisset a fide dñi J. quondam Regis Angt tē et qui Thomas tenuit illam decimam simul cū aliis teñ suis de p̃dco dño Rege immediate veñ e g̃tis respondet e dicit qđ a tempe quo p̃dce decime capte fuerunt in manu dñi E. Regis p̃ris tē jam triginta annis elapsis nunq̃ p̃decessores sui nec ipe de decimis illis se intromiserunt nec aliquid inde receperunt et de hoc poñ se sup pat̃am. Et Juñ hoc idem testantur. Ido eat inde quiet⁹ salvo juñ dñi Reg̃ tē cum inde loqui volūit.

Dñs Rex p Willm des Mareys qui sequit̃ p eo petit vsus Ab̃tem de Blancalanda advocačom ecclie S̃ci Laur̃ ut jus tē. Et unde idm

John des Chênes with the chapel of St. Mary of Bonne Nuit & the lands & alms to the Church & chapel belonging & in the same parish one plough-land of the gift of Eudo de Sotennaft⁽¹⁾ which the Hordilouns hold, & in all the other Churches of the same island the 6th part of the sheaves. And thus accordingly I grant moreover to the aforesaid Abbey & to the monks of the same Abbey & by this my charter I confirm all the abovesaid gifts in frankalmoign. Wherefore I will & firmly command that the aforesaid Abbey & the said monks may have & hold to themselves all those things which are lawfully given to them as well by me as by others, with all their appurtenances well & peaceably, freely & quietly with all their rights & free customs. And therefore as to this the aforesaid Abbot shall go at present 'sine die' therein because it is manifest to the court here &c. that the said Abbey which is now called St. Sauveur le Vicomte was then called the Abbey of St. Saviour of Coutances. And also it appears that the Priory of Bonne Nuit is at the aforesaid chapel in the parish of St. John & the Priory of St. Peter is in the parish of St. Peter.

The same Abbot, being questioned for that he receives & detains from the lord the King certain tithes of the fee of Mustel & Ascalons which are worth by the year 6 livres which were in the hands of the lord King Edward father of the now King for a long time through the forfeiture of Thomas Paynell who withdrew from the allegiance of the lord John formerly King of England &c. and which said Thomas held the said tithe together with his other tenements directly of the said lord the King, comes & freely answers & says that from the time in which the aforesaid tithes were taken into the hands of the lord King E. the father &c. now 30 years past neither his predecessors nor he ever intermeddled with those tithes or took anything thereof. And concerning this he submits himself to the verdict of the country. And the jurors testify to the same. Therefore he shall go quit thereof saving the right of the lord the King &c. when he shall wish to implead therein.

The lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him claims against the Abbot of Blanchelande the advowson of the

(1) Possibly Sottevast.

Wills dič pro dño Rege qđ dñs H. Rex avus tč fuit seisisus de predcā advocačone tempe pacis ut de feodo e jure corone sue tč et ad eccliam illam p'sentavit quendam Radm̃ du Val clicū suū qui ad p'sentačom suam fuit admissus e in eadem institut⁹. Et qđ tale sit jus ipius dñi Reġ offert ṽficare p dño Rege sič Cuř cons̃.

Et Abbas veñ e dič qđ dñs J. quondam Rex tč dū fuit Comes Moriton e dñs Insulaꝝ anteq̃ Rex fūat dedit Abb̃ie de Blancalanda predcam eccliam p cartam suam quam pfert in hec verba tč. Om̃ibꝫ S̃ce Matris ecclie filiis ad quos presens scriptum pvef̃it Joñnes Comes Moriton saltm. Noṽitis me pietatis intuitu dedisse e p'senti carta mea confirmasse Abb̃ie S̃ci Nichi de Blancalanda e fr̃ibꝫ ibid deo svientibꝫ in puram e ppetuam elemosinam eccliam S̃ci Lauř in Inš sič ad jus meū e p'sentačom meam ptinebat integre e plenař cū om̃ibꝫ ptiñ suis quam Galfř sacerđ e decanus tenuerat. Ita qđ in p'fata Abb̃ia qđiu vixero memoria mei h̃eatur et post decessum meū solempne e ppetuū anniŃsař ibid p me celebretur e ejusđ loci cōvēt⁹ in die obit⁹ mei in victualibꝫ celebriter pcuretur. T. Joñne Abbe de Souř Rado Priore de Ples̃ Gervaš Canōico Nicho capello Ričo de Fonř Ragñ de Vire Wilto de Eula Hušto de Burgo maġro Henř de Haya apđ Tenerchebr̃ viijº die Febř anno regni Reġ Riči nono. Dař p mañ Joñnis de Graio.

Et Wills dič qđ dñs H. Rex filius p̃dci Joñnis postea fuit in seisisa de predca advocačone p̃dcte. Et ad eandem eccliam p'sentavit p̃dcm R. qui tunc fuit clicus Drogonis de Barantin custodis insulaꝝ qui ad p'senř ipius dñi Reġ admissus fuit ad predcam eccliam e institut⁹ in ead̃m e inde obiit psona tč. Et hoc offert ṽficare pro dño Rege.

Et Abbas dič qđ plitum motū fuit inter predcm dñm H. Regem e quendā Abb̃em de Blancalanda set dič qđ tandem ad rogatū p̃dci

Church of St. Lawrence as his right &c. And thereupon the said William says for the lord the King that the lord H. the King the grandfather &c. was seised of the aforesaid advowson in the time of peace as of fee & right of his crown &c. and to that Church presented a certain Ralph du Val, his clerk, who on his presentation was admitted & instituted into the same. And that such is the right of the lord the King he offers to establish for the lord the King as the court shall determine.

And the Abbot comes & says that the lord J. formerly King &c. while he was Earl of Mortain & lord of the islands before he was King gave to the Abbey of Blanchelande the aforesaid Church by his charter which he produces in these words &c. To all the sons of Holy Mother Church to whom this present writing shall come, John Earl of Mortain, greeting. Know ye that I of pious intent have given & by this my present charter have confirmed to the Abbey of St. Nicholas de Blanchelande & the brethren there serving God in frankalmoign the Church of St. Lawrence in the island as it belonged to my right & to my presentation wholly & freely with all its appurtenances, which Geoffrey priest & dean had held, so that in the aforesaid Abbey as long as I shall live the memory of me may be had, & after my decease a solemn & perpetual anniversary shall be celebrated for me there, & the community of the same place on the day of my death may be generously provided with victuals. Witnesses: John abbot of Suligny, Ralph prior of Plessis, Gervase the canon, Nicholas the chaplain, Richard de Fonte, Reginald de Vire, William de Eula, Hubert de Burgh, Master Henry de la Haye. At Tinchebrai the 8th day of February in the 9th year of the reign of King Richard. Given by the hand of John de Gray.

And William says that the lord H. the King son of the aforesaid John afterwards was in seisin of the aforesaid advowson, & to the said Church presented the said Ralph who was then clerk of Drogo de Barantin, Warden of the islands, who at the presentation of the lord the King was admitted into the said Church, & instituted in the same & died parson thereof &c. And this he offers to establish for the lord the King.

And the Abbot says that a suit was entered upon between the aforesaid lord H. the King & a certain Abbot of Blanchelande, but

Drogonis Abbas ille p̄sentavit p̄d̄cm clicum ip̄ius Drogonis ad eccliam illam. Ita qđ clicus ille fuit admissus ad eccliam illam e institut^o in ead ad p̄senī ip̄ius Abbis e nō ad p̄sentac̄ p̄d̄ci dñi H. Reġ. Et de hoc poñ se sup patriam.

Et Wills instanť petit iudm̄ pro dño Rege ex quo Abbas nō potest dedice quin clicus per ip̄m dñm Regē presentat^o fuit psona inpsonata de pred̄ca ecclia et Abbas nō ostendit aliqđ f̄cm sp̄ale p quod doce possit clicum illū admissum fuisse ad eandem ad p̄sentacōm p̄deces̄s sui. Petit t̄ ex habundanti qđ rei v̄itas inquiretur pro dño Rege.

Jur̄ dicunt sup sac̄rm suū qđ p̄d̄cus clicus [admissus fuit ad] p̄sentacōm Abbis et nō ad p̄sentacōm ip̄ius dñi Reġ t̄c. Dies dať est ei de audiend̄ Judo suo coram dño Rege a die S̄ci Mich̄is in unū men̄s ubicūq; tūc fuerit in Angl̄ t̄c. Et Abbas [pro loco suo] le Herice vť Petrū fñ Petⁱ Dartyz.

(M. 30 d.)

Adhuc de pl̄itis de quo waranto de eodem itin̄e.

Fresingfeld.

Petr^o de Sausmareys suū fuit qđ esset hic ad respondend̄ dño Regi de pl̄ito quo waranto [sine] licen̄ e voluntatē dñi Reġ e p̄genitoz̄ suoz̄ Regū Angl̄ claīn h̄ere wreckū maris [in tot]am t̄ram suam in pochl̄ S̄ci Clementis e S̄ci Elerii et illud in pp̄los usus con̄tere. Et t̄ quo waranto claīn h̄ere furcas in ead̄m pochl̄. Et t̄ quo waranto claīn p̄cipe e h̄ere lib̄am esp̄keř in pochl̄ p̄d̄ca de piscibz̄ p h̄oies suos captis in aquis dñi Reġ que spectant ad coronā e dignitatem dñi Reġ. Et t̄ quo waranto claīn h̄ere lib̄am warennā in Monte S̄ci Elerii. Et t̄ quo waranto claīn p̄cipere e h̄ere catalla hoīm suoz̄ felonū dñi Reġ

he says that at length at the request of the aforesaid Drogo that Abbot presented the aforesaid clerk of the said Drogo to that Church, so that that clerk was admitted to that Church & instituted to the same at the presentation of the said Abbot & not at the presentation of the said lord H. the King. And for this he submits himself to the verdict of the country.

And William urgently claims judgment for the lord the King for that the Abbot cannot gainsay but that the clerk presented by the said lord the King was the parson imparsonee⁽¹⁾ of the aforesaid Church, and the Abbot does not show any special deed whereby he can prove that that clerk was admitted to the same at the presentation of his predecessor. Also he claims further that the truth of the matter may be enquired into for the lord the King.

The jurors say upon their oath that the aforesaid clerk [was admitted on the] presentation of the Abbot & not at the presentation of the said lord the King &c. A day is given to him to hear his judgment before the lord the King from the day of St. Michael in one month wheresoever he shall then be in England &c. And the Abbot [puts in his place] le Herice or Peter son of Peter Dartiz.

(M. 30 d.)

**Continuation of the pleas 'de Quo Warranto' of the
same cyre.**

Fresingfeld.

Peter de Saumareys was summoned to be here to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant [without] the license & will of the lord the King & his progenitors Kings of England he claims to have wreck of the sea [in] all his land in the parish of St. Clement & St. Helier, & to convert the same to his own uses. And also by what warrant he claims to have gallows in the same parish. And also by what warrant he claims to take & have free esperkeria in the said parish of the fish taken by his men in the waters of the lord the King which belong to the Crown & dignity of the lord the King. And also by what warrant he claims to have free warren in the Mount of St. Helier. And also by what warrant he claims to take & have the chattels of his men felons or fugitives of

(1) In ecclesiastical law a rector duly presented, instituted and inducted with a parsonage or rectory.

vel fugitivoꝝ que sp̃tant ad coronā e dignitatem dñi Reġ. Et t̃ quo
waĩ clām ĩere bestias de Weyf que ad dñm Regē ptinent. Et Pñus
de Carlet suĩ t̃c de plito quo waĩ t̃c clām ĩere libām warennā in
om̃ibꝫ dñicis ĩris suis in poch̃ Sci Audoeni. Et t̃ quo waĩ clām ĩere
maram suam in ead̃m pochia libām e sepalem. Et t̃ quo waĩ clām
ĩere wreccū maris p totam ĩram suam in p̃d̃ca poch̃ et illud in pp̃os
us⁹ conf̃tere. Et t̃ quo waĩ clām ĩere libām espkeĩ de piscibꝫ p hoĩes
suos captis in aquis dñi Reġ. Et t̃ quo waĩ clām ĩere bestias de
Weyf. Et t̃ quo waĩ clām p̃cipe e ĩere caĩ hoĩm suoꝝ felonū dñi Reġ
vĩ fugitivoꝝ que spectant ad coronam e dignitatē dñi Reġ. Et Guilt̃s
des Augres suĩ t̃c de plito quo waĩ t̃c clām ĩere libām warennā in
om̃ibꝫ dñicis ĩris suis in pochia Šce T̃nitaĩ. Et t̃ quo waĩ clām ĩere
wreccū maris p totam ĩram suā in p̃d̃ca pochia et illud in pp̃os
us⁹ conf̃tere. Et t̃ quo waĩ clām ĩere bestias de Weif. Et t̃ quo
waĩ clām p̃cipe e ĩere caĩ hoĩm suoꝝ felonū dñi Reġ vĩ fugitivoꝝ que
spectāt ad coronam e dignitatē dñi Reġ. Et Joñnes de Carlet e
Lucia uĩ ej⁹ suĩ t̃c de plito quo waĩ t̃c clām ĩere libām warennā in
om̃ibꝫ dñicis ĩris suis in poch̃ Sci Audoeni. Et t̃ quo waĩ clām ĩere
wreccū maris p totam ĩram suam in p̃d̃ca paroch̃ et illud in pp̃os us⁹
conf̃teĩ. Et t̃ quo waĩ clām ĩere libām espkeĩ de piscibꝫ p hoĩes
suos captis in aquis dñi Reġ. Et t̃ quo waĩ clām ĩere bestias de
Weyf. Et t̃ quo waĩ clām ĩere catalla hoĩm suoꝝ felonū dñi Reġ vĩ
fugitivoꝝ que sp̃tant ad coronam e dignit̃ dñi Reġ. Et Pñus Levesque
suĩ t̃c de plito quo waĩ t̃c clām ĩere wreccū maris accidens in feodo
quod fuit Nic̃i de Wyncheĩ et illud in pp̃os us⁹ conf̃tere.

Et p̃d̃ci Petr⁹ Pñus Guilt̃s Joñnes e Lucia e Pñus veĩ. Et
dicunt quo ad catalla hoĩm suoꝝ fugitivoꝝ e felonū t̃c qđ ip̃i clām ĩere
catalla hoĩm suoꝝ latronū fuġ e dāpnatoꝝ ad quē ip̃i vĩ eoꝝ baĩi cicius

the lord the King which belong to the Crown & dignity of the lord the King. And also by what warrant he claims to have beasts of waif which belong to the lord the King. And Philip de Carteret summoned &c. concerning a plea by what warrant &c. he claims to have free warren in all his demesne lands in the parish of St. Ouen. And also by what warrant he claims to have his pond in the same parish free & several. And also by what warrant he claims to have wreck of the sea throughout all his land in the aforesaid parish & to convert it to his own uses. And also by what warrant he claims to have free esperkeria of the fish taken by his men in the waters of the lord the King. And also by what warrant he claims to have beasts of waif. And also by what warrant he claims to take & have the chattels of his men felons or fugitives of the lord the King which belong to the Crown & dignity of the lord the King. And William des Augrès summoned &c. concerning a plea by what warrant &c. he claims to have free warren in all his demesne lands in the parish of Holy Trinity. And also by what warrant he claims to have wreck of the sea throughout all his land in the aforesaid parish & to convert the same to his own uses. And also by what warrant he claims to have beasts of waif. And also by what warrant he claims to take & have the chattels of his men felons or fugitives of the lord the King which belong to the Crown & dignity of the lord the King. And John de Carteret & Lucy his wife summoned &c. concerning a plea by what warrant &c. they claim to have free warren in all their demesne lands in the parish of St. Ouen. And also by what warrant they claim to have wreck of the sea throughout all their land in the said parish & to convert the same to their own uses. And also by what warrant they claim to have free esperkeria of the fish taken by their men in the waters of the lord the King. And also by what warrant they claim to have beasts of waif. And also by what warrant they claim to have the chattels of their men felons or fugitives of the lord the King which belong to the Crown & dignity of the lord the King. And Philip Levesque summoned &c. concerning a plea by what warrant &c. he claims to have wreck of the sea happening in the fee which belonged to Nicholas de Vinchelez & to convert the same to his own uses.

And the aforesaid Peter, Philip, William, John & Lucy & Philip come. And they say that as to the chattels of their men fugitives &

possint manus apponere quā hoīes dñi Reġ. Et quo ad huj⁹ catalla. Et alias libertates simīl cū ista libertate de caſ huj⁹ p̄cipiendū clām īpī ab antiquo. Et dicunt qđ īpī e omēs antecessores sui a tpe quo nō extat memoria illas huerūt siĉ īpī illas modo clām. Et hoc offerunt vificār siĉ Cuī conſ.

Et Wilts des Mareys qui sequit^r pro dño Rege diĉ p dño Rege qđ nullus in hac Insula p̄ter ministros dñi Reġ habet potestatē judicandi latronē vī felonē unde diĉ qđ nullus eoz potest eoz catalla vendicār p̄t dñm Regē. Et quo ad warennā diĉ qđ nullus illam h̄ere possit nisi inde fuit sp̄ale warantū de dño Rege maxīe cū omēs hic indigene statū suū h̄eant in insul de tpe dñi Reġ J. de ultio conquestu suo cuj⁹ temp⁹ continet^r infra tempus memorie. Diĉ t̄ consimīl quo ad libertatem de espkeī h̄nd e de wrecco p̄cipiendū que mere sunt regales dignitates. Et quo ad bestias de Weyf diĉ simīl qđ regalis est dignitas illas optinendi. Et diĉ qđ omēs Insule debent esse s̄b eadē lege. Et diĉ qđ dñs Rex seisit⁹ est de omībz huj⁹ bestiis ev̄cientibz de Weyf in insula de Gerñ sine cuj⁹ cumq; contradicōe et sic deb̄ esse in hac Insula e esse consuevit. Et petit qđ īpī ostendant qñ e qualr huj⁹ libertates Regales allocate f̄rnt antecessoribz īpoz in Cuī dñi Reġ que potestatem h̄uit inde cognoscendi.

Ad que nullus ipoꝝ respond̄ nisi t̄m qđ īpī e anteces̄s eoz a tempe quo nō extat memoria semp̄ usi f̄rnt h̄ere libertates huj⁹ in forma qua īpī illas modo clām. Et sciendū qđ hec peticō gen̄alr f̄ca fuit omībz e singlis insulanis libertates h̄ere clamantibz t̄c. Dies dat⁹ est eis de audiendo judo suo coram dño Rege a die Ści Michis in unū menſ ubicūq; tūc f̄rnt in Angl.

felons &c. that they claim to have the chattels of their men thieves fugitives & condemned upon which they or their bailiffs can put their hands more quickly than the men of the lord the King. And as to such chattels & the other rights together with this right of taking such chattels they claim as of old. And they say that they & all their ancestors from time immemorial had them as they now claim them. And this they offer to establish as the court shall determine.

And William des Mareys, who sues for the lord the King, says for the lord the King that no one in this island except the officers of the lord the King has the power of judging theft & felony, wherefore he says that none of them can appropriate their chattels except the lord the King. And as to the right of warren he says that no one can have that unless he shall have a special warrant thereof of the lord the King, especially as all the natives here have their *status* in the island from the time of the lord King J. from his last conquest whose time is contained within the time of memory. Also he says likewise as to the rights of having *esperkeria* & taking wreck which are wholly royal dignities. And as to beasts of waif he says likewise that it is a royal dignity to obtain them. And he says that all the islands ought to be under the same law. And he says that the lord the King is seised of all such beasts coming as waif in the island of Guernsey without contradiction of any, & so he ought to be in this island & was wont to be. And he claims that they should show when & how such royal rights were allowed to their ancestors in a court of the lord the King which had power to take cognisance thereof.

To which none of them gives an answer except only that they & their ancestors from time immemorial always used to have such rights in the form in which they now claim them. And be it known that this petition was made in general by all & singular the islanders claiming to have these rights &c. A day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King from the day of St. Michael in one month wheresoever he shall then be in England.

(M. 31.) **Adhuc de plitis de quo waranto de eodem ifin^o.**

Fresingfeld.

Jereš

Dñs Rex p Wiltm des Mareys qui sequit^r p eo optulit se quarto die 9^{us} [Abbñ ße Marie de Belosana] de plito viginti libr e quindecī solid redd^s e redditus sexdecīm q^rřcioz e qua cū ptiñ in pochiis Šci Elerii e Šci Lauř que clañ ut jus tč. Et ipe nō veñ defalt postq^m suñ tč scilt die mēcuř p^rima ante festum Šce Margarete qđ tūc pcep^t fuit Vič qđ capet in mañ dñi Reğ pđcos redd^t tč. Et qđ di[ctus Vič] suñ eum qđ esset hic ad hunc diem tč scilt die lune p^rima post festū Šci Et Vič modo testat^r diem capcōis tč. Et qđ suñ tč. Et t de plito quo waranto [ipse] clañ pēpe e fiere wreccū maris accidens in eadem pochia Šci Elerii e espkeriam de piscibz captis in aquis dñi Reğ qui spectant ad coronam e dignitatē dñi Reğ. [Et] simitr pcep^t fuit Vič qđ capet pđcas libtates in mañ dñi Reğ noīe districcōis tč. Et qđ suñ pđcm Abñem qđ esset hic ad hunc diem tč. Et Vič simitr testat^r qđ cepit tč. Et qđ suñ tč. Et sup hoc veñ Joñ de Šco Martino dicens qđ ipe est geñat pcurator ipius Abñis e conventus sui in hac insula fiens specialem potestatem respond p eis sicut pśentes essent. Et offert dño Regi decem libr securitatem p bonos pleğ p voluntate dñi Reğ qđ g^{at}um fiēbunt quicquid loco ipius Abñis fecit. Et etis ex causis admittit^r si dñs Rex acceptet ppñm Joñ de Šco Martino. Et pfert tras sigillatas sub noīe ipius Abñis e convent^o sui in hec verba. Unifsis hec visuř e audituris frař Petrus pmissione divina humilis Abbas ße Marie de Belosana pmonasteř ordinis e totus ejusdem loci convent^o saltm in dño. Notum facim^o qđ nos diltm nřm dñm Joñem de Šco Martino pbiřum latorem seu exhibitorem pśenciū pcuratorem e attorñ nřm constituim^o ad

(M. 31.) **Continuation of the pleas 'de Quo Warranto' of the
same cyre.**

Fresingfeld.

Jersey. The lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him actions on the 4th day [the Abbot of the blessed Mary of Bellozanne] concerning a plea of 20 livres 15 sols of rent & the rent of 16 quarters & with the appurtenances in the parishes of St. Helier & St. Lawrence which he claims as his right &c⁽¹⁾ And he did not come default after the summons &c., to wit, on Wednesday next before the feast of St. Margaret that it was then commanded to the Viscount that he shall take into the hands of the lord the King the said rents &c. And that [the Viscount] should summon him to be here at this day &c. to wit, on Monday next after the feast of St. And the Viscount now testifies as to the day of taking [the rents] &c. And that he summoned &c. And also concerning a plea by what warrant [he] claims to take & have wreck of the sea occurring in the same parish of St. Helier & esperkeria of the fish taken in the waters of the lord the King which belong to the Crown & dignity of the lord the King. [And] likewise it was commanded to the Viscount that he should take the aforesaid rights into the hands of the King as distrains &c. And that he should summon the said Abbot to be here at this day &c. And the Viscount likewise testifies that he took &c. And that he summoned &c. And hereupon comes John de St. Martin saying that he is the general attorney in this island of the said Abbot & his community having special power to answer for them as if they were present. And he offers to the lord the King 10 livres security by good pledges according to the will of the lord the King that they will approve of whatsoever he shall do in the place of the said Abbot. And for certain reasons he is admitted if the lord the King will accept the pledge of John de St. Martin. And he produces letters sealed under the name of the said Abbot & his community in these words. To all who these shall see & hear: Brother Peter by divine permission the humble Abbot of the Blessed Mary of Bellozanne of the Order of Premonstrants⁽²⁾ & all the community of the same place, greeting in the Lord. We cause it to be known that we have constituted our beloved Sire John de St. Martin priest the bearer or exhibitor of these presents our proctor & attorney to appear

(1) Consult Lettres Closes, Pub. 9, Soc. Jer. pages 2—4.

(2) A religious order founded in 1119 by St. Norbert at Prémontré, near Laon, in France; also called Norbertines, and in England White Canons from their garb.

compandū p nob ad phta capitalia e ad assisas e ubicumq p nob
necesse fuit cōpandi coram Justiĉ dñi Reġ Angt in insulis nec non e
ad excusand e causas absencie allegand e ad petend p nob e monas-
tio nro nobili viro dno Ottoni de Grandisono milite seu ejus locū
tenentibz res nras que nup arrestate fūunt in insula de Gereš p mi-
nistros ejusdem dñi Ottonis occone mortis fratris Theobaldi quondam
Abbis nri. Et ad petend requirend e recipiendū vice e noie nro oia
debita nra a quibzcūq creditoribz seu hoibz nris coram quibzcūq
judicibz e ad phta nra in dca insula tenend e faciendū ordinand e
cōponendū tam p nob qm cont nos in judiĉo e ext judm. Dantes
eidem pcuratori e attorn plenariam potestatem e speciale mandatū
agendi p nob cont quoscūq advsarios nros nos q defendendi jurandi
standi in judiĉo p nob e nro monastio coram Justiĉ dñi Reġ pđci e
faciend p nob unīsa e singla que in pmissis e ea tangentibz fūint
facienda e oia facienda que faĉe debet e potest pcurator e attorn
legittime constitut⁹ Ratum e g̃tum hentes e habituŕ quicquid cōdiĉo
pcuratorie e attornato actum seu pcuratū fūit in pmissis pmittentes
p dco pcuratore e attorn nro sub ypotheca bonoz nri monastii si necēe
fūit judicatū solui quod oibz e singlis quoz infest seu infesse potest
p psentes tras sigill nris sigillatas significamus. Daŕ e actum anno
dñi m^o ccc^{mo} octavo die lune post t̃nslacōem bi Martini. Et dicit
qd pđcus Abbas claŕ oia pmissa de dono dñi Joñnis quondam Reġ
Angt dum fuit Comes Moriton e dñs Insulaꝝ anteqm regimen Angt
suscepisset e postea de confirmaĉoe ejusdem qndo Rex fūiat. Et
pfert inde duas cartas totalr concordantes in qntitate reddis e forma
tenencie quaz carta Regia talis est. Joñnes Dei grā Rex Angt Dñs
Hiñn Dux Normanū Aquit Comes And Archiepis Epis t̃c saltm. Noŕit
unīfsitas vra nos pre divinitatis intuitu p salute aie nre e p animabz
antecessoz nroz dedisse cōcessisse e hac psenti carta nra confirmasse

for us at the chief pleas & at the assizes & wheresoever it shall be necessary for us to appear before the justices of the lord the King of England in the islands, & also to present excuses & to set forth the causes of absence, & to seek for us & our monastery of the noble man lord Otto de Grandison, knight, or his lieutenants, our goods which were lately arrested in the island of Jersey by the officers of the same lord Otto by reason of the death of Brother Theobald formerly our Abbot. And to claim require & receive in our turn & in our name all our debts from whatsoever creditors or from our men before whatsoever judges, & to hold & make, ordain & compound our pleas in the said island as well for us as against us in court or out of court. Giving to the same proctor & attorney full power & special mandate to act for us against our adversaries whomsoever & to defend, sue & accept judgment on behalf of us & our monastery before the justices of the aforesaid lord the King & to do for us all & singular those things which shall have to be done in the premises & in matters touching them & to do all things which a proctor & attorney lawfully constituted ought to do & may do, ratifying & confirming & holding as such whatsoever under the proctorship or attorneyship shall have been done or obtained in the premises, promising through our said proctor & attorney under the hypothecation of the goods of our monastery, if it shall be necessary, that the judgment shall be satisfied, which we signify to all & each whom it concerns or may concern by these present letters sealed with our seals. Given & done in the year of Our Lord 1308 on Monday after the Translation of St. Martin. And he says that the said Abbot claims all the premises by the gift of the lord John formerly King of England while he was Count Mortain & lord of the islands before he took upon him the government of England, and afterwards by the confirmation of the same when he had become King. And he produces thereof two charters altogether agreeing in the quantity of rent & form of tenancy whereof the royal charter is such : John by the grace of God King of England lord of Ireland Duke of Normandy & Aquitaine Count of Anjou to the Archbishops, bishops &c. greeting. Know all of you that we by divine intuition for the salvation of our soul & for the souls of our ancestors have given granted & by this our present charter have con-

Deo e Abbie be Marie de Bellosana e Canonicis ibidem Deo servientibz viginti libratas redd's de Insula nra de Jereš in puram e ppetuam elemosinam videlŕ de hiis teñ sbscriptis in Monte Šci Elerii a pte aquilonis a fra Wilti de Surervilla usq, ad mare e a fra capellane usq, ad bonetam maŕii. De tenemento Grosserii viginti quatuor solidi p tribz bovaŕ fre. De teñ Roŕi Hastein quatuordecim solidi de firma e p campo quindecim solidi novem denari de tribz bovaŕ e di. De teñ Hugonis de Dirowaldi viginti septem solidi p tribz bovaŕ fre. De teñ Wilti la Faite decem e septem solidi e quatuor denari p duabz bovaŕ e una aci. De teñ Wilti Malmarche sexdecim solidi tres denari p duabz bovaŕ e dimidi. De teñ Humfri Larydun septem solidi p una bovata. De teñ Robti de Šca Cruce viginti duos solidi sex denari p duabz bovaŕ e dimidi. De teñ Radi de Šco Egidio decem e octo solidi p duabz bovaŕ. De teñ Roŕi fit Godefr quadraginta solidi p quatuor bovaŕ. De teñ Hosmundensiū triginta unū solidi e sex denari p tribz bovaŕ e dimidi. De teñ Carpentaŕ quadraginta septem solidi p q'nq, bovaŕ. De teñ Malmarche sexdecim solidi p duabz bovaŕ. De teñ Wilti Columb viginti solidi p duabz bovaŕ e dimidi. De teñ Godefri Crespell viginti solidi e duos denari p duabz bovaŕ e dimidi virg fre. De teñ Jordi Martin octo solidi p una bovata. De teñ Robti Abafaleyse quinq, solidi e sex denari p una bovata fre. De eadem vero bovata ipius remanent nob tres solidi e sex denari. Iŕm Robtus Abafaleys de alio teñ quinquaginta solidi p quinq, bovaŕ. Volum⁹ t e firmiŕ pcpim⁹ qđ pđci Canonici ŕeant e teneant omnia pđca teñ cū homibz e omibz ptiŕ suis tam in mari q'm in fra libe e quiete integre e plenarie bene e in pace sicut puram e ppetuam elemosinam absq, omi sectari ŕvicio cū omibz libtatibz e libis consuetudinibz ad pfata teñ e tenentes ptinentibz sicut carta nra quam eis fecim⁹ dum essemus Comes Moriton ronabiliŕ testat^r. Testibz G. Eboracens Archiepo Willo Maresc Comite Pembroc Roŕo de Toeny Willo de Stagno Willo de Kantilupo. Daŕ p maŕ Simoŕ Archid Wellens apud Liram septimo die Januaŕ Regni nri anno p'mo. Et sic claŕm ipe quicquid in p'mo bri continet^r. Et quo ad espkeriam tū dicit qđ

firmed to God & the Abbey of the Blessed Mary of Ballozanne & to the canons serving God there 20 livres of rent in our island of Jersey in frankalmoign, to wit, of these tenements underwritten on the Mount of St. Helier on the north from the land of William de Surville to the sea & from the land of the chapel to the oxhouse of the manor. Of the tenement of Grossier 24 s. for 3 bovates of land. Of the tenement of Roger Hastein 14 s. of farin & for champart 15 s. 9 d. for $3\frac{1}{2}$ bovates. Of the tenement of Hugh de Dirvauld 27 s. for 3 bovates of land. Of the tenement of William la Faite 17 s. 4 d. for 2 bovates & one acre. Of the tenement of William Malmarche 16 s. 3 d. for $2\frac{1}{2}$ bovates. Of the tenement of Humfrey Larydun 7 s. for one bovat. Of the tenement of Robert de Ste. Croix 22 s. 6 d. for $2\frac{1}{2}$ bovates. Of the tenement of Ralph of St. Gilles 18 s. for 2 bovates. Of the tenement of Roger son of Godfrey 40 s. for 4 bovates. Of the tenement of the Osmunds 31 s. 6 d. for $3\frac{1}{2}$ bovates. Of the tenement of the Carpenters 47 s. for 5 bovates. Of the tenement of Malmarche 16 s. for 2 bovates. Of the tenement of William Columb 20 s. for $2\frac{1}{2}$ bovates. Of the tenement of Godfrey Crespell 20 s. & 2 d. for 2 bovates & half a virgate of land. Of the tenement of Jordan Martin 8 s. for one bovat. Of the tenement of Robert Abat-falaise 5 s. 6 d. for one bovat of land. Of this said bovat however there remains to us 3 s. 6 d. The same Robert Abat-falaise of another tenement 50 s. for 5 bovates. Also we will & firmly command that the aforesaid canons may have & hold all the aforesaid tenements with their men & all their appurtenances as well on sea as on land freely & quietly, fully & wholly, well & peaceably as in frankalmoign without any secular service with all rights & free customs to the said tenements & tenants belonging as our charter which we made to them while we were Earl of Mortain lawfully witnesses. Witnesses: G. Archbishop of York, William Marshall Earl of Pembroke, Roger de Toeny, William de Stagno, William de Cantilupe. Given by the hand of Simon Archdeacon of Wells at Lire on the 7th of January, in the 1st year of our reign.⁽¹⁾ And so he claims to have whatever is contained in the first writ. And as to esperkeria &c. he

(1) A.D. 1200.

Petr^o Darcys nup baltus tē eiecit ipm Abbem de espkeria unde intendit sequi erga dñm Regē tē set quo ad wreccū tē dicit qđ illd clām p virtutē pđce carte dñi Reġ qui dedit Abbie sue pđcm redd cū omibz libtatibz ad illū spectantibz tam in tra qm in mari tē.

Et Wiltus des Mareys qui sequit^r p dno Rege dicit qđ ea que dñs Rex dederat pđce Abbie cōtinent^r infra etas metas in pochⁱ Šci Elerii in carta contentas. Et dicit qđ pđcus Abbas pcipit singlis annis duodecī qrtⁱ frumti de molend Wiscard in pochⁱ Šci Lau^r a longe distante de pđcis metis. Et peč judm p dno Rege tē. Et quo ad residuū redd quod in pđca nō continet^r peč qđ in mañ dñi Reġ ex quo dñs Rex nō dedit eis plusqm viginti libr redd Et quo ad wreccū dicit qđ regalis est libtas e nls eam clām p cartam dñi Reġ nisi unde simitr quo ad hoc peč Judm p dno Rege.

[Respice in tgo de eodem.]

(M. 31 d.) Abbas quo ad pđcm redd duodecī qrtⁱ frumti dicit qđ continet^r in carta dñi Reġ qđ rex dedit eis pđcm reddm viginti libr cum omibz pñn libtatibz tē sicut in continet^r et dicit qđ ipe pcipit redd illius frumti de pđco Molend p molta suoz ibi de licencia sua molenciū tē rōne pđci doni Et Wilt^s dicit p dno Rege qđ pđcs redd^s duodecī qrtⁱ est quodd grossum p se e nō continet^r in carta. Et est in pochⁱ que continet^r in carta nec inde fit aliqua mencio in pđca carta unde petit Judm p dno Rege. Et qⁱ intllta pđca carta da^r p pđcm dñm Regem Joñem de qua pđcus Abbas diče nō potest qñ inf^r tempus memorie fca fuit comptum est qđ idm Dñs Joñes dederat pđce abbie ea que cōtinent^r in carta infra pđcas metas e nō videt^r Cu^r qđ redd^s tot qrtioz frumti

says that Peter Darcys late Bailiff &c. dispossessed the said Abbot of *esperkeria* whereof he intends to sue against the lord the King &c. but as to wreck &c. he says that he claims that by virtue of the aforesaid charter of the lord the King who gave to his Abbey the aforesaid rent with all the rights to the same belonging as well by land as by sea &c.

And William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King says that those things which the lord the King had given to the aforesaid Abbey are contained within certain limits in the parish of St. Helier contained in the charter. And he says that the aforesaid Abbot receives every year 12 quarters of wheat of the mill of Vicart in the parish of St. Lawrence a long way from the aforesaid limits. And he claims judgment for the lord the King &c. And as to the residue of the rent which is not contained in the aforesaid he claims that [it should be taken] in the hands of the lord the King for that the lord the King did not give to them more than 20 livres of rent And as to the right of wreck &c. he says that it is a royal right & no one can claim it [except] by the charter of the lord the King unless whereof likewise as to this he claims judgment for the lord the King.

[Refer to the back of the same.]

(M. 31 d.) The Abbot as to the said rent of 12 quarters of wheat says that it is contained in the charter of the lord the King that the King gave to them the said rent of 20 livres with all the appurtenances, rights &c. as in [the charter] is contained & he says that he receives the rent of that wheat of the said mill for multure [of his tenants] grinding there by his leave &c. by virtue of the said gift. And William says for the lord the King that the said rent of 12 quarters is in gross ⁽¹⁾ by itself & is not contained in the charter, & is in the parish which is contained in the charter, nor is any mention made thereof in the said charter, wherefore he claims judgment for the lord the King. And the said charter given by the said lord the King John being produced concerning which the said Abbot cannot gainsay but that it was made within the time of memory, it is found that the said lord John had given to the said Abbey those things which are contained in the charter within the said boundaries, & it does not seem to the court that the rent of so

(1) i.e. belonging to the person and not to the land or manor.

pepiend alibi ex^a metas possit esse de ptiñ pđcaꝝ viginti libř redd^a maxime cū doceri nō potit qđ acciderit de escheta tē cons est qđ pđcs redd xij q^rtiōꝝ fruāti caṗr in manū dñi Reḡ p voluntate sua, tenend tē. Et siṗr q nō cōtinet^r in pđca carta qđ dñs Rex concesserat Abbie illi Wreccū tē e Abbas p cartam illam modo claṡm wreccū tē. Iō cons est qđ wreccū de celo accidens in feodo illo integre remaṡ dño Regi. Et Abbas in mīa tē p falso claṡm e injusta detenē. Et pceptū est baṡio e Viē qđ nō pmittāt hoīes pđci abbiis šbtrahere sectam suam a pđco molend sine speciale pcepto dñi Reḡ quod de pđco judio exṡssam faē menēoem. Et ad Judm de residuo pđci redd ult^a pncipalem reddm tē unde loqnd ad p^rs aśsias.

Plus de Carlet e Magř Galfrus fraī ejus suṡm ffrunt qđ essent hic ad hunc diem ad respond dño Regi de plito quo waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Reḡ etc.

[Continues as in M. 7 d. N^o 1160, pages 58 to 61, end of the membrane.]

(M. 32.) **Adhuc de plifis de quo Waranto de eodem ffin^e.**

Fressingfeld.

Jereš Dñs Rex p Willm des Mareys qui seq^{tr} p eo peṡ v Robtm
Constanē Eṡm etc.

[Continues as M. 8, N^o 1160, pages 61 to 66, to the words amittet tē, line 1.]

(M. 33.) Dñs Rex p Guillm des Mareys qui sequit^r p eo petit vsus Abṡem
Jerseye. de monte Šci Michis etc.

[Continues as in M. 8 d. N^o 1160, pages 66 to 68, line 20, to words Willm Siglel.]

Precentor e Capitlm Constancien suṡm ffrunt qđ essent hic ad respondend dño Regi de plito quo waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Reḡ etc.

[Continues as in M. 9 d. N^o 1160, p. 74 &c.]

many quarters of wheat to be received elsewhere outside the boundaries can be of the appurtenances of the said 20 livres of rent especially as it cannot be shown that it came as escheat &c. it is judged that the said rent of 12 quarters of wheat shall be taken into the hands of the lord the King at his will, to hold &c. And likewise because it is not contained in the said charter that the lord the King had granted to that Abbey the right of wreck &c. and the Abbot by that charter now claims the right of wreck &c. Therefore it is judged that the right of wreck henceforth occurring in that fee shall wholly remain to the lord the King. And the Abbot to be amerced &c. for false claim & unjust detention. And it is commanded to the Bailiff & Viscount that they do not permit the men of the said Abbot to withdraw their suit from the said mill without special mandate of the lord the King, which makes express mention of the said judgment. And for judgment concerning the remainder of the said rent besides the principal rent &c. whereof it must be pleaded at the next assizes.

Philip de Carteret & Master Geoffrey his brother were summoned to be here at this day to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the leave & will of the lord the King &c.

(M. 32.) **Continuation of the pleas 'de Quo Warranto' of the
same eyre.**

Pressingfeld.

Jersey. The lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him
claims against Robert Bishop of Coutances &c.

(M. 33.) The lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him
Jersey. claims against the Abbot of Mount St. Michael &c.

The Precentor & Chapter of Coutances were summoned to be here to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King &c.

- (M. 34.) Preceptum fuit Vič qđ sum tč Abbissam de Cadomo qđ esset
Jereš hic ad hunc diem ad rēpondē dño Regi de plito etc.

[Continues as in M. 10 & M. 10 d. N^o 1160, pages 80 to 84; the only difference in the MS. being that the words "anteq^a Regimen Angl adeptus fuisset" are found inserted between the words Insulaꝝ and dedit on page 82, line 6.]

- (M. 34 d.) [Juř huj^o] Insule allocuta de fidelitate dño Regi debita sibi facienda veñ e gratanī [concedunt] fidelitatem ei fače e illam ei fečunt sacramento corpali pstito salvis Ottoni de Grandisono hiis que ad eum spectant p fmino suo p concessionē ei fcam p dnm [Edwardū] quond Regem Angl p rem dñi Reğ nūc. Et Abbes simitr fečunt fidelitatē.

[Communitas] hujus Insule allocuta qua lege utunt^r e p quam legem clamant deduci etc.

[Continues the same as in M. 9, N^o 1160, pages 69 to 73.]

- (M. 35.) Abbas de Chireburghī suñ fuit qđ esset hic ad hunc diem ad
Jereš rēpondē dño Regi de plito etc.

[Continues the same as in M. 11, N^o 1160, pages 86 to 88, to the word "Dartys".]

- (M. 35 d.) Mağr Pñus de Cheny suñ fuit qđ esset hic ad rēpondē dño Regi de plito quo wař etc.

[Continues as in M. 11 d. N^o 1160, pages 89 to 91, as far as words "Simonem de Esse".]

- (M. 36.) **Adhuc de plitis de quo waranto de eodem Bñin^e.**

Jerseye.

Abbas de Vauricher suñ fuit qđ esset hic ad hunc diem ad rēpondē dño Regi de [plito qđ redd] ei unū molendinū cum ptinenciis in pochia Šci Salvatoris et advocačom Priorat^o de [que] dñs Rex p Willm de Maresk qui sequit^r pro eo clañ ut jus tč. Idem t Abbas [suñ fuit ad] rēpondē dño Regi de plito quo waranto tč clañ pcipe e ħere p mañ receptoris [in insula de] Jerš viginti solidos

(M. 34.) It was commanded to the Viscount that he summon &c. the Jersey. Abbess of Caen to be here on this day to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea &c.

(M. 34 d.) [The Jurats] of this island challenged concerning the fealty due to the lord the King to be made to him come & freely [assent] to make fealty to him & they made it to him sworn on their corporal oath, saving to Otto de Grandison those things which belong to him for his term by the grant made to him by the lord [Edward] formerly King of England father of the now lord the King. And the Abbots likewise make fealty.

[The Commonalty] of this island being asked what law they use & by what law they claim to be governed &c.

(M. 35.) The Abbot of Cherbourg was summoned to be here on this day Jersey. to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea &c.

(M. 35 d.) Master Philip de Cheny was summoned to be here to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant &c.

(M. 36.) **Continuation of the pleas 'de Quo Warranto' of the same eyre.**

Jersey. The Abbot of Valricher was summoned to be here at this day to answer to the lord the King concerning [a plea that he should give up] to him one mill with the appurtenances in the parish of St. Saviour & the advowson of the Priory of [which] the lord the King by William des Mareys, who sues for him, claims as his right &c. Also the same Abbot [was summoned] to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant &c. he claims to receive & have by the hand of the receiver [in the island] of

de denar̃ dñi Reg̃ qui ad dñm Regem p̃tinent p̃cipiendi t̃c [Abbas
 predictus] nō veñ set Prior p̃dci Priorat⁹ veñ. Et diç se esse geñia-
 lem p̃curatorem e attorñ [predicti abbatis] e convent̃ sui in hac
 Insula s̃b sigill̃ eoꝝ. Et diç qđ locus capelle de Esckerho
 ille nomen h̃t e fundū e totam s̃tentaçom suā p̃ter p̃dcm molendinū
 e p̃dcm annū [redditum] adeo exilis est qđ longe ab Insula stat in
 mare in quadam rupelli p̃va ubi nō f̃ra cultilis nec
 alia dom⁹ q̃ capella. Et ip̃e qui dicitur Prior pro se e socio suo.....
 e valletto eoꝝ cōmorante in p̃dca capella p̃ totum annū ad
 manutenend̃ sine focū ardentem in capella illa ut mari-
 nelli mare t̃nseunt de nocte p̃ focum illum vitare
 possint pic̃ta rupellm capelle contiguaꝝ ubi maximū pic̃m extat pi-
 cilita [non] h̃nt plus p̃ annū pro om̃ibz necessariis suis nisi t̃m p̃dcm
 molendinū e p̃dcm annū redditum viginti solid̃ que predecessores sui
 tenuerunt ab antiquo a tempe quo nō extat memoria in forma qua
 ip̃i modo illa tenent et nichilomin⁹ semp celeb̃nt ip̃i duo pro dño
 Rege e ejus p̃genitoribz. Et Juñ hoc idm testantur. Et q̃ Prior ille
 fidelr monstrat qđ Abbas pre paupertati tenure illius nō vult laborare
 pro ead̃m. Idō pmittit̃ ip̃m Priorem tenere p̃missa sicut tenet q̃m
 diu dño Regi placuit.

Preceptum fuit Viç qđ suñ t̃c Abbem de Exaquo qđ esset hic
 ad hunc diem ad respond̃ dño Regi de plito qđ redd̃ ei advocaçōem
 eccl̃ie de Grovilla e redd̃m duodecim q̃r̃fioꝝ fruñti in eadem villa.
 Et sup hoc veñ Henricus de Šco Martino e pbavit p̃ testimoniū fideiū
 qđ p̃dca Abbas est impotens laborandi et qđ in p̃tibz tam remotis
 deget qđ ante finem it̃inis nō posset impetrare h̃re de Angl̃ de at-
 tornato faciendo t̃c et t̃ dicit qđ parum h̃ent in hac Insula. Et offert
 dño Regi decem libr̃ p̃ sic qđ mittat̃ aliquis fideiū dñi Reg̃ hic ad

Jersey 20 sols of the money of the lord the King which belong to the lord the King to be received &c. [The said Abbot] does not come, but the Prior of the aforesaid Priory comes & he says that he is the general proctor & attorney [of the said Abbot] & of his community in this island under their seals. And he says that the place of the chapel of the Ecrehos⁽¹⁾ has that title & the ground & all its maintenance except the aforesaid mill & the aforesaid yearly [rent] is so meagre, because it is a long way from the island in the sea in a certain small reef of rocks where there is not any cultivatable land nor any house except the chapel. And he who is called Prior for himself & his companion & their servant dwelling in the aforesaid chapel throughout the whole year for maintaining without a light burning in that chapel so that the sailors crossing the sea by night by that light may avoid the peril of the reef contiguous to the chapel, where the greatest danger exists of being wrecked, have [no] more by the year for all their necessities except the said mill & the said yearly rent of 20 sols, which their predecessors held of old from time immemorial in the form in which they now hold them, & nevertheless those two always perform Divine Service for the lord the King & his progenitors. And the jurors testify to the same. And because that Prior faithfully shows that the Abbot on account of the poverty of that tenure does not wish to exert himself for the same, therefore it is permitted to the said Prior to hold the premises as he holds them as long as it shall please the lord the King.

It was commanded to the Viscount to summon &c. the Abbot of Lessay to be here on this day to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea that he render to him the advowson of the Church of Grouville & the rent of 12 quarters of wheat in the same village. And upon this came Henry de St. Martin & proved by the testimony of the faithful that the aforesaid Abbot is incapable of working, & that he lives in parts so distant that before the end of the eyre he cannot obtain from England a writ to appoint an attorney &c., and he also says that they have little in this island. And he offers to the lord the King 10 livres so that some one of the lieges of the lord the

(1) On the subject of the foundation of the Chapel of the Holy Virgin at the Ecrehos, consult *Bulletins Soc. Jaz.* vol. iii. pp. 78 and 187—189.

testificandū attorñ ipsius Abbis quos faciet jux^a discrecōem cuñ dñi Reġ. Et ei concedit^r si rex acceptet pptm p̄dci Hen̄. Et mitt^r cū ip̄o Joñes de Barantyn specialr juratus e valde fidedignus t̄c. Qui postea rediit deferens secum lras p̄dci Abb̄tis in hec v̄ba : fra^r P. divina pmissionē Abbas Monast̄ii Šce Tⁿitatis de Exaquo ordinis Šci Bened̄ci ejusdem loci conventus humiles : nobilibz viris dño Johanni de Fresingfeld dño Drogoni de Barantyn e dño Johanni de Ditton Justi^c dñi Reġ Ang^l Iti^fantibz in Insulis de Gerne^r Jereš e aliis adjacentibz salū in dño. Sciatis qđ nos attornavim⁹ loco n̄ro ditcos nob in xp̄o fratrem Nic̄m d̄cm nobi^t cōmonachū n̄rm e Ri^cm de Crienciis scuti^ferum exhibitores p̄senciū e eoꝝ quemlibet insolid. Ita qđ nō sit melior condicio occupantis ad lucrand v^t pdendum in omibz p̄litis e querelis p nob v^t cont^a nos coram vo^b in itis^e v̄ro qualicūmq; motis v^t movendis. Concedentes eisdem fratri Nic̄o e Ri^co p̄curato^r n̄ris qđ ip̄i v^t eoꝝ alter quem p̄sentem esse contigit loco n̄ri facē possint seu possit attornatos v^t attorñ quos v^t quem volūnt v^t volūit coram vo^b ad omia p̄dca p̄lita e querelas p̄sequend e defendend e ad lucrand v^t pdend in eisdem sicut p̄dcm est Ratum e g^tum habituri p nob e conventu n̄ri monast̄ii quicquid p̄dci fra^r Nic̄us e Ri^cus p̄curato^r n̄ri seu attornati v^t attornandi seu attorñ v^t attornandus ab ip̄is v^t eoꝝ alio in hac pte noīe n̄ro duxit v^t duxint faciend. In cuj⁹ rei testimoniū has lras n̄ras sigillis n̄ris sigillatas vo^b mittimus patentes. Da^t anno dñi millesimo ccc^{mo} nono die Lune ante festum Šci Petⁱ advincla. Et p̄dci fra^r Nic̄us e Ri^cus attorñ t̄c dicunt qđ Abbas tenet p̄dcm redditum de antiquo scil̄ reddm novem q^rtioꝝ fru^mti exeuntem de lra libe elemosine p̄dce ecclie e reddm trium q^rtioꝝ residuoꝝ exeuntem de quadam lra antiquitus data Abb̄ie sue et sic tenet ip̄e p antiqua dona e confirma^coem dñi H. Regis filii impat^cis p cartam suam quam p̄ferūt que sic incipit. Hen̄ Dei gr̄a Rex Ang^l

King here may be sent to testify as to the attorneys of the said Abbot whom he shall appoint according to the discretion of the court of the lord the King. And it is granted to him if the King will accept by the pledge of the aforesaid Henry. And there is sent with him John de Barantyn specially sworn & very trustworthy &c., who afterwards returned bringing with him the letters of the said Abbot in these words: Brother P. by divine permission Abbot of the monastery of Holy Trinity of Lessay of the order of St. Benedict [and] the humble community of the same place, to the noble men Sir John de Fresingfeld, Sir Drogo de Barantyn & Sir John de Ditton Justices of the lord the King in eyre in the islands of Guernsey, Jersey & the others adjacent, greeting in the Lord: Know ye that we have attorned in our place our beloved in Christ Brother Nicholas called the Noble our monk & Richard de Crienciis, esquire, bearers of these presents & each of them for the whole, with equal powers, to gain or lose in all pleas & plaints for us or against us before you in your eyre in whatsoever suits moved or to be moved; granting to the same Brother Nicholas & Richard our proctors that they, or one of them who shall happen to be present in our place, may appoint such attorneys or attorney as they or he may wish before you to prosecute & defend all the aforesaid pleas & plaints & to lose or gain in the same as is aforesaid, holding as ratified & confirmed for us & for the community of our monastery whatever the said Brother Nicholas & Richard our proctors or the attorneys or the persons attorned or to be attorned by them or one of them in this behalf in our name shall cause to be done. In witness whereof we send to you these our letters patent sealed with our seal. Given A.D. 1309 on Monday before the feast of St. Peter *ad Vincula*.⁽¹⁾ And the aforesaid Brother Nicholas & Richard the attorneys &c. say that the Abbot holds the said rent of old, to wit, the rent of 9 quarters of wheat issuing out of the land in frankalmoign of the said Church & the rent of the remaining 3 quarters issuing out of a certain land of old given to his abbey, & so he holds by the ancient gift & confirmation of the lord H. the King son of the Empress by his charter which he produces & which begins thus: Henry by the grace of God King of

(1) August 1st.

e Dux Normanū e Aquit e Comes Andag Archiepis Ep̃is, Abbibz, Comitibz, Baroñ, Justiç, Senescall, Vicecom̃, e om̃ibz Baltis, e fidel suis sal̃tm. Sciatis me concessisse e p̃senti carta mea confirmasse Deo e ecclie Šce T'nitatis de Exaquio e Monachis ibidem Deo servientibz om̃es r̃onabiles donaçōnes s̃bsc'ptas sibi f̃cas ex cartis donatoz confirmatas. Et exinde continet sic. Et quicquid Jordanus de Barneville ex dono p̃ris sui e mat'is sue concessit e confirmavit e quandam t̃ram in Gereseye tria q̃rtia frumenti reddentem. Et ex dono Godefr̃i de Bussone eccliam Šci Martini de Grovilt in Gereseye. Et dicunt qđ a tempe p̃dcoz doni e confirmaçōnis tenuerunt pacifice p̃decessoř sui Abbtes de Exaquio e ipe p̃dcam eccliam e p̃dcos redd̃s. Et qđ ita est de singtis petunt qđ inquirat' p p̃riam. Diç t̃ qđ de t̃ra oñata de reddu p̃dcoz trium q̃rtioz quidam p̃decessoř suoř Abbas t̃c ab antiquo approuavit Abbam suam de redditu unius cañ fruñti exeunte de eisdem teñ. Et Juř sup sacrm suū hoc idem testant'. Idō p̃dcus Abbas ad p̃sens inde sine die, salvo jure dñi R̃ t̃c cū alias t̃c.

Et sciend qđ attorñ Abbtis in plitando p̃mo die clamaverunt totū p̃dcm reddm exeuntem de p̃dca t̃ra que oñat' de reddu trium q̃rtioz fruñti. Et ad aliū diem ad quem inquis suū fuit venerunt e recognoverunt se male clamasse et optulerunt dño Regi emend̃ jux̃ discreçōem cuř hic p sic qđ admittant' de novo ad clamand̃ in forma debita pp̃tm Joñnis de Šco Martino e Galfri Galicien. Et ad hoc admittunt' si dñs Rex acceptet. Et tunc clamaverunt in forma qua supius est exp̃ssum. Et h̃ito advisamento ad hoc qđ Abbas amisisset reddm novem q̃rtioz fr̃i p malū clamiū suū de cōi jure si Cuř dñi Reğ voluisset p̃dce emend̃ taxant' ad viginti libr̃ si dñs Rex acceptet.

England & Duke of Normandy & Aquitaine & Count of Anjou to the Archbishops, bishops, abbots, counts, barons, justices, stewards, viscounts & to all his bailiffs & faithful people greeting. Know ye that I have granted & by this my present charter have confirmed to God & the Church of Holy Trinity of Lessay & the monks serving God there all the lawful gifts underwritten made to them & confirmed by charters of the donors. And therein it is contained thus: And whatsoever Jordan de Barneville of the gift of his father & mother granted & confirmed & a certain land in Jersey charged with a rent of 3 quarters of wheat; & of the gift of Godfrey du Buisson the Church of St. Martin de Grouville in Jersey. And they say that from the time of the aforesaid gift & confirmation his predecessors Abbots of Lessay & he himself have peacefully held the aforesaid Church & the aforesaid rents. And that it is so concerning everything they claim that it may be enquired into by verdict of the country. They say also that as to the land charged with the rent of the aforesaid three quarters a certain Abbot &c. of their predecessors, of old bestowed upon his abbey the rent of one bushel of wheat issuing out of the said tenements. And the jurors upon their oath testify to the same. Therefore the said Abbot at present shall go 'sine die,' saving the right of the lord the King &c. when elsewhere &c.

And be it known that the attorneys of the Abbot in suing on the first day claimed all the aforesaid rent issuing out of the aforesaid land which is charged with the rent of 3 quarters of wheat. And at another day at which the inquisition was summoned they came & acknowledged that they had claimed wrongly & offered to the lord the King amends according to the discretion of the court here, so that they are admitted anew to claim in due form by the pledge of John de St. Martin & Geoffrey Galicien. And to this they are admitted if the lord the King shall accept. And then they claimed in the form which is above set forth. And counsel having been taken as to this that the Abbot would lose by common law the rent of 9 quarters of wheat by his wrong claim, if the court of the lord the King wished, the said amends are taxed at 20 livres if the lord the King will accept.

(M. 36 d.) **Adhuc de p̄litis de quo Baranto de eodem Itin'e.**

Preceptū fuit Viç qđ suñ t̄c Abbem de Cesario qđ esset hic ad hunc diem ad respondend̄ dño [Reg]i de p̄lito qđ reddat ei advocacões eccliaꝝ Šce Marie de Arso monasterio e Šci Martini veteris. [Et] sup hoc veñ frať Roġt⁹ de Montefreard cōmonac⁹ d̄ce domus e p̄bavit p testimoñ fideiū qđ [predictus] Abbas in tam remotis p̄tibz deget qđ ante finem Itineris nō posset impetrare bre de Anglia [atto]rnať t̄c. Et offert dño Regi decem libr p sic qđ mittatur aliquis fideiū dñi Reġ hic ad testificand̄ attornatos ip̄ius Abbis quos faciet jux^a discre- cōm Cuť dñi Reġ. Et ei concedit^r si Rex [accept]et pp̄lm Rogeri Symeoñ. Et P̄hus Levesqe balis manucapit qđ pro eo respondebit. Et mittit^r [cum] ip̄o Joñes de Barantyn spāl̄r jurat⁹ t̄c e valde fide- dignus. Qui postea rediens p[tulit litteras] patentes pred̄ci Abbis si- gillatas sigillo suo e sigillo capiġli in hec verba. Nobilibz e [discr]etis dño Joñi de Fresingfeld dño Drogoni de Barantyn e dño Joñini de Ditton [Jus]ticiař dñi Reġ Angť itin̄antibz in Insul de Gerneř Jerš e aliis adjacentibz frať Thoñ [per]missione divina humit Abbas monas- tii Cesieñ totus q̄ ejusd̄ loci conventus ordinis Šci Benedicti Bayoceñ Dyoč sal̄tm e oračones humiles e devotas. Sciatis qđ nos attorna- vimus loco ñro dilectos ñros in x̄po fr̄em Roġtum de Montefreard cōmonachū ñrm e Joñm d̄cm le Gentil exhibiť p̄sent e eoꝝ quemlibz insolidū. Ita qđ nō sit melior condičō occupantis ad lucrand̄ vť p̄dend̄ in oñibz p̄litis e quereť p nob vť cont^a nos coram voť in Itin̄e vřo qualrcumq̄ motis vť movend̄ concedentes eisdem qđ ip̄i vť eoꝝ alť quē p̄sentem esse contiḡit loco ñri fac̄e possint seu possit at- tornatos vť attornatū quos vť quem volũint vť volũit coram voť ad oñia p̄lita e querelas p̄sequenda e defendend̄ et ad lucandū vť p̄den- dū in eisdem sicut pred̄cm est Ratū e gratū ġituri p nob e conventu

(M. 36 d.)

**Continuation of the pleas 'de Quo Warranto' of the
same eyre.**

It was commanded to the Viscount to summon &c. the Abbot of Cherbourg to be here at this day to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea that he render to him the advowsons of the Churches of St. Mary of the Burnt Monastery & St. Martin-the-Old. [And] upon this comes Brother Robert de Montefreard one of the monks of the said house & proved by the testimony of the faithful that the [said] Abbot lives in such distant parts that before the end of the eyre he could not obtain a writ of attorney from England &c. And he offers to the King 10 livres so that some one of the lieges of the lord the King here be sent to testify to the attorneys of the said Abbot whom he shall appoint according to the discretion of the court of the lord the King. And it is granted to him if the King [will accept] by the pledge of Roger Symeon. And Philip Levesque Bailiff undertook to answer for him. And there is sent with him John de Barantyn specially sworn &c. and very trustworthy who afterwards returning [produced the letters] patent of the aforesaid Abbot sealed with his seal & the seal of the chapter in these words: To the noble & discreet Sir John de Fresingfeld, Sir Drogo de Barantyn & Sir John de Ditton, Justices of the lord the King of England, in eyre in the islands of Guernsey, Jersey & others adjacent, Brother Thomas by divine permission the humble Abbot of the monastery of Cherbourg & the whole of the community of the same place of the order of St. Benedict in the diocese of Bayeux, greeting & humble & devout prayers. Know ye that we have attorned in our place our beloved in Christ Brother Robert de Montefreard one of our monks & John called le Gentil bearers of these presents & each of them for the whole, with equal powers to gain or lose in all pleas & complaints for us or against us before you in your eyre in whatsoever suits moved or to be moved granting to the same that they or either of them who shall happen to be present in our place may appoint such attorneys or attorney as they or he may wish before you to prosecute & defend all pleas & complaints & to gain or lose in the same as is aforesaid. Holding as ratified & confirmed for us & for the com-

ñri monasfii quicq'd p̃dci attornati ñri seu attornati ṽl attornandi seu attornat^o ṽl attornandus ab ip̃is ṽl eoꝝ altero in hac pte nõie ñro duxerit ṽl duxerint faciend̃. In cujus rei testimoñ has lras ñras voꝛ mittim^o patentes : vañ. Dañ anno dñi millo t̃centesimo nono die Jovis ante fm̃ Šci Petri Advincta. Et tam ip̃e frañ Roñtus q̃m Joñnes le Gentil alter attornatus t̃c dicunt qđ Wilts quondam Dux Normanū et po^otea Rex Angl̃ t̃c dedit cuidam Abbi de Cesario predecessori t̃c ea que nunc possident in hac Inñ. Et dicunt qđ Henñ Rex Angl̃ fñ p̃dci Reğ Wilti confirmavit donū p̃dci patris sui p cartam suam quam pferunt que inñ cetera sic continet qđ p̃dcus Wilts Rex t̃c donavit Abbattie Cesarii in honore Šci Vigoris in Inñ de Jerš duas ecclias libas scil̃t eccliam Šce Marie Arsi monasfii e Šci Martini Veteris cū terris suis et terciam ptem decie de annona. Et dicunt qđ p̃dcus Abbas et predecessores sui quondā abbes p̃dce domus a tempe p̃dcoꝝ doni e confirmaçõis semp tenuerunt pacifice p̃dcas ecclias e decimas. Et qđ ita est petūt qđ inq'ratur p patriam. Et Juñ sup sacrm suū hoc idm̃ testantur. Ido p̃dcus Abbas ad p̃sens inde sine die salvo jure Reğ t̃c cum alias t̃c.

Drogo de Barantyn suñ fuit qđ esset hic ad respond̃ dño Regi de plito quo waranto etc.

[Continues as in M. 9 d. N^o 1160, pages 77 & 78.]

(M. 37.) **Plita de Corona** coram prefatis Justiciariis die Lune px̃ ante [festum sancti Bar]nabe Apli anno regni dñi Edwardi Regis Anglie secundo continuato in Jerš usq ad diem Lune pximū post fm̃ ap[torum Petri et] Pauli ut de die in diem.

Jerseye.

Noia bathioꝝ post ultias assisas.

Phus Levesqe qui adhuc est.

munity of our monastery whatsoever our aforesaid attorneys or the attorney attorned or to be attorned by them or either of them in this behalf in our name shall cause to be done. In witness whereof we send to you these our letters patent. Farewell. Given A.D. 1309 on Thursday before the feast of St. Peter *ad Vincula*.⁽¹⁾ And as well the said Brother Robert as John le Gentil the other attorney &c. say that William formerly Duke of Normandy & afterwards King of England &c. gave to a certain Abbot of Cherbourg a predecessor &c. those things which they now possess in this island. And they say that Henry King of England son of the aforesaid King William confirmed the gift of his aforesaid father by his charter which they produce in which amongst other things it is contained thus: That the aforesaid King William &c. gave to the Abbey of Cherbourg in honour of St. Vigor in the island of Jersey 2 free Churches, to wit, the Church of St. Mary of the Burnt Monastery & St. Martin-the-Old with their lands & the 3rd part of the tithe of corn. And they say that the aforesaid Abbot & his predecessors formerly Abbots of the aforesaid house from the time of the aforesaid gift & confirmation always held peacefully the aforesaid Churches & tithes. And that this is so they claim that it may be enquired into by verdict of the country. And the jurors upon their oath testify to the same. Therefore the aforesaid Abbot at present shall go therein 'sine die,' saving the right of the King &c. when otherwise &c.

Drogo de Barantyn was summoned to be here to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant &c.

(M. 37.) **Pleas of the Crown** before the aforesaid Justices on Monday next before [the feast of Saint] Barnabas the Apostle in the second year of the reign of the lord Edward King of England continued in Jersey up to Monday next after the feast of the Apostles [Peter and] Paul, as from day to day.

Jersey.

Names of the Bailiffs since the last assizes.

Philip Levesque who is still in office.

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Noia Vicecoim.

Mathus le Lorour qui adhuc est.

Noia Receptoz.

Robt^o de Hady

Petr^o de pvasiaco qui nunc est

Noia Juř đni Reğ de Insula.

Jordanus Levesque

Guilts de la Hoge

Pñus Fundeng

Guilts le Petist

Pñus Horman

Walter^o le Keu

Willts des Augres

Guilts Diriuaud

Regiñ de Šco Eleř

Hamon de la Hoge

Guilts Lenginour

Petr^o de Saufmareys

Noia Juratoř de pochia Šci Elerii.

Đ pocti Šci Eleř

Guilts Algare

Colinus le Gerentier

Rađus le heir

Rađs Galiene

Petr^o Deboneire

Hunfr du Moster

} Electores

Petr^o Taunqerey

Thoñ Amiot

Guilts Amyot

Joñnes fit Joñnis Columb

Colinus Wace

Petr^o Boterel senior

Noia Juř de aliis pochiis.

Đ Šco Salvař

Petr^o Pñe

Thoñ Lael

Colin Guyot

Guilts Arphast

Rađ de Roke

Ranulphus Toytyn

} Electores

Robtus Puleyn

Thoñ Estur

Maths le Veillard

Thoñ Amy

Joñnes Fale

Joñnes le Rous

Đ Šco Marř Veř

Robt^o Noel

Colin^o Lucas

Thoñ de Moster

Robt^o Stephi

Guilts Coynard

Ričus de Villa

} Electores

Ričus le Blaunc

Thoñ le Blaunc

Joñnes Messervy

Galfr le Chivaler

Robt^o Fortyn

Andř le Veillard

Names of the Viscounts.

Matthew le Lorour who is still in office.

Names of the Receivers.

Robert de Hady. Peter de Pervafiaco⁽¹⁾ who is now in office.

Names of the Jurats of the lord the King of the Island.

Jordan Levesque	William de la Hougue
Philip Fondan	William le Petit
Philip Horman	Walter le Keu
William des Augres	William Dirvaud
Reginald de St. Helier	Hamon de la Hougue
William Lenginour	Peter de Saumareys

Names of the Jurors of the parish of St. Helier.

Of the parish of St. Helier.	William Algare	} Electors	Peter Tanquerey
	Colin le Gerentier		Thomas Amiot
	Ralph le Heir		William Amyot
	Ralph Galiene		John son of John Columb
	Peter Debonaire		Colin Wace
	Humfrey du Moutier		Peter Boterel senior

Names of the Jurors of the other parishes.

Of St. Saviour.	Peter Philipe	} Electors	Robert Poulain
	Thomas Lael		Thomas Estur
	Colin Guyot		Matthew le Veillard
	William Arphast		Thomas Amy
	Ralph de Roke		John Falle
	Ranulph Toytyn		John le Rous
Of St. Martin the Old.	Robert Noel	} Electors	Richard le Blanc
	Colin Lucas		Thomas le Blanc
	Thomas du Moutier		John Messervy
	Robert Fitz-Stephen		Geoffrey le Chevalier
	William Coynard		Robert Fortyn
	Richard de la Ville		Andrew le Veillard

(1) Possibly for Paviliaco (Paveilly).

Grouiſt	Joſines Gervaise	} Electores	Thoñ Esclenke
	Ričus Avice		Mich Austyn
	Robt Herbert		Clement Morice
	Ričus Desnee		Colin ^o le Graunt
	Petr ^o Osbor		Robt ^o Horman
	Guilts Horman		Mich le Feve
D̃ Šco Cleñ	Ričus Milaeis	} Electores	Alanus Neel
	Galfř Alisaundř		Petr ^o Tullaund
	Godefr ^o Viuenche		Colin ^o Fauvel
	Guilts Blauncvilein		Steph Blaunchebarbe
	Guilts Salemon		Matheus de Moster
	Galfř le Bordoun		Matheus du Chastel
D̃ Tñitač	Robtus de Lescluse	} Electores	Guilts Lesmitey
	Jordanus Ascelyn		Guilts Phe
	Robtus Galie		Guilts Paien
	Ričus Laungere		Guilts le Chivaler
	Petr ^o le Gras		Guilts Galicien
	Robt ^o Mauger		Ričus le Keverel
D̃ Šco Joñne	Regiñ Arcur	} Electores	Thoñ Henř
	Robt ^o de la Rue		Warin ^o du Costil
	Guilts le Gros		Colin ^o Ansgot
	Roğus Baudyn		Robt ^o Viel
	Pñus le Joevene		Petr ^o Grosser
	Petr ^o Maret		Petr ^o Hailles
D̃ Šca Mař	Guilts Hamon	} Electores	Colin Arcur
	Guilts le Feuere		Guilts Jordan
	Petr ^o Estur		Ričus du Chastel
	Reginaldus le Blaunc		Colin ^o Neobey
	Guilts le Blaunc		Thoñ Galieñ
	Ričus Burywynt		Colinus le Costour

Grouville.	John Gervaise	} Electors	Thomas Esclenque
	Richard Avice		Michael Austyn
	Robert Herbert		Clement Morice
	Richard Desnee		Colin le Graunt
	Peter Osber		Robert Horman
	William Horman		Michael le Fevre
Of St. Clement.	Richard Millais	} Electors	Alan Neel
	Geoffrey Alexandre		Peter Tullaund
	Godfrey Vivenche		Colin Fauvel
	William Blancvilein		Stephen Blanchebarbe
	William Salemon		Matthew du Moutier
	Geoffrey le Bourdon		Matthew du Chastel
Of Trinity.	Robert de l'Ecluse	} Electors	William Lesmitey
	Jordan Ascelyn		William Philipe
	Robert Galie		William Payn
	Richard Laungere		William le Chevalier
	Peter le Gras		William Galichan
	Robert Mauger		Richard le Keverel
Of St. John.	Reginald Arthur	} Electors	Thomas Henry
	Robert de la Rue		Warin du Costil
	William le Gros		Colin Angot
	Roger Baudains		Robert Viel
	Philip le Jeune		Peter Grosser
	Peter Maret		Peter Hailles
Of St. Mary.	William Hamon	} Electors	Colin Arcur
	William le Fevre		William Jordan
	Peter Estur		Richard du Chastel
	Reginald le Blanc		Colin Neobey
	William le Blanc		Thomas Galichan
	Richard Buryvynt		Colin le Conteur

D̃ Šco Audoeñ	Pñus de Laik	} Electores	Joñnes Uteng̃
	Hascoil Lucas		Colinus Pater
	Rads Aunqetil		Joñnes le Cornu
	Roñtus Buffee		Joñnes Moraunt
	Joñnes de Graunteys		Thoñ Fokerey
	Lauñ Huelyn		Jordanus Burnof
D̃ Šco Petro.	Pñus le Mur	} Electores	Reginaldus Burnof
	Petrº le Bret		Godefr̃ le Viscounte
	Gregoř Miloun		Guilts Richequer
	Pñus de la Mare		Roñtus Beneyt
	Thoñ Miloun		Thoñ Aunleñ
	Joñnes Canu		Jordanº Gervaise
D̃ Šco Lauñ	Petrº Burnof	} Electores	Ričus Fraunceys
	Hugo le Gros		Jordanus le Neveu
	Colinus de Ponte		Joñnes Hunfrie
	Guilts Cambreys		Radus Neel
	Ričus Michel		Jord Juliane
	Joñnes Michel		Galfř Hasteng̃
D̃ Šco Brolard	Colinus Tilly	} Electores	Ričus le Counte
	Guilts Colomb		Petrº Gervaise
	Pñus le Goupil		Pñus Gervaise
	Ničus du Gardyn		Guilts Orengē
	Pñus Hamon		Petrº le Markaunt
	Joñnes Desert		Pñus de Marisc

(M. 37 d.)

Consuetudo
dampnata.

Auditis querimoniis diſsoꝝ grauiꝛ conquerenciũ tẽ Justiẽ hic
ppenderunt qđ jam satis tarde levata est in hac Insula pessima con-
suetudo dno Rege totatr inconsulto s. qđ cũ ps actrix q̃cumq; fũit
coram battio e Juř Reğ de quocumq; Insulano hic de plito debiti
pbare possit p sacřm quozcuq; testřm aliquod debitũ s' deberi p iřm
de quo conquer licet absentẽ e pti petenti nō fuisset fcta soluẽo seu

Of St. Ouen.	Philip de Lecq Hascoil Lucas Ralph Anquetil Robert Buffee John de Graunteys Laurence Huelin	} Electors	John Uteng Colin Pater John le Cornu John Moraunt Thomas Fouquerey Jordan Burnof
Of St. Peter.	Philip le Mur Peter le Bret Gregory Milon Philip de la Mare Thomas Milon John Canu	} Electors	Reginald Burnof Godfrey le Vesconte William Richequer Robert Benest Thomas Anley Jordan Gervaise
Of St. Laurence.	Peter Burnof Hugh le Gros Colin du Pont William Cambreys Richard Michel John Michel	} Electors	Richard Fraunceys Jordan le Neveu John Hunfrie Ralph Neel Jordan Juliane Geffrey Hasteng
Of St. Brelade.	Colin Tilly William Columb Philip le Goupil Nicholas du Jardin Philip Hamon John Desert	} Electors	Richard le Conte Peter Gervaise Philip Gervaise William Orange Peter le Marquand Philip du Marais

(M. 37 d.)

Custom
condemned.

Having heard the complaints of divers persons grievously complaining &c. the justices here considered that quite recently there has been introduced in this island a very bad custom entirely without the knowledge of the lord the King, to wit, that when any plaintiff is able to prove in a plea of debt before the Bailiff & the Jurats of the King against any islander here by the oath of witnesses any debt to be owing to him by him of whom he complains, although absent, & that payment or satisfaction was not made to the party claiming within

satisfecto infra XL dies tē statim ad petiōm ipsius petentis Ballis e Jur̃ dñi Reḡ delibāvunt petenti fr̃as e teñ debitoris tenenda in feodo e hēditate imppetuū non petito assensu debitoris huj⁹dī nō expectata p̃sencia sua facta tñ appreciaōe valoris tenement̃ illoꝝ p sac̃m vicinōꝝ nō h̃ito respectu sine debitoꝝ consensisset nec ne. Et Justiciarii sup hoc in plena Cuṛ alloquebantur totam cōitatem tē die lune in c̃stio S̃ce Marḡ ṽginis tē. Et sanior ps cōitatis deadvocavit huj⁹ consuetudiem affirmando qđ falso e maliōse levata fuit e infra xx annos e cōtra legē e consuetudiem Insulaꝝ quibusdā tamen adinvicē inde murmurantibꝫ. Et sic Justiĉ fecunt publice p̃clamari qđ oīnes e singl̃i qui vellent consuetudiem huj⁹ manutene ṽt illa uti venissent coram ip̃is Justiĉ die lune p̃x̃a sequent̃ raĉōes suas p̃poituri. Ad quē diem tota cōitas unanimiꝛ illam deadvocarunt. Et p eoꝝ consensum totaīr dampnatur et adjudicat̃ p nulla.

(M. 38.)

P̃lifa de Corona de pochia S̃ci Petri.

Parochia S̃ci Petri veñ p xij.

Jerseye.

Jur̃ p̃sētant qđ Guil̃s Ranulphi alias in p̃sonat⁹ fuit in Castro pro cunctis dñi tē. Et inde pro f̃cto illo abjur̃ Insulas ad temp⁹ tē coram Petro Darcys tunc ballio tē. Et amodo fiant huj⁹modi abjuraĉōes nisi in forma statuti.

Infortm̃

Presentant t̃ qđ quidam Robinett⁹ filius Thome Munchoun puer v annoꝝ in quadam fovea et nullus alius inde malecr̃. Judm Infort̃.

Presentant t̃ qđ P̃hus Munchoun solit⁹ est faĉe hoīes Reḡ sumoñ ex̃a regnū videl̃ Aliciam ux̃em Radi Horman e p̃les alios de p̃lito de laicis cañ sic p posse suo exheredañ [dominum]

40 days &c. immediately on the petition of the said plaintiff the Bailiff & the Jurats of the lord the King delivered to the plaintiff the lands & tenements of the debtor to be held in fee & perpetual inheritance, the assent of such debtor not being asked nor his presence waited for, appraisement nevertheless being made of the value of those tenements by the oath of the neighbours, no regard being had as to whether the debtor had consented or not. And the justices hereupon in open court questioned the whole commonalty &c. on Monday in the Morrow of St. Margaret the Virgin &c. And the wiser part of the commonalty disavowed such custom alleging that it was falsely & wrongly introduced both within 20 years & against the law & custom of the islands, certain people however on the other hand objecting thereto. And so the justices made public proclamation that all & singular who wish to maintain that custom or to use it shall come before the said justices on Monday next following to propound their reasons: at which day the whole commonalty unanimously disavowed it, & by their consent it is altogether condemned & adjudged as null.

(M. 38.)

Pleas of the Crown of the parish of St. Peter.

The parish of St. Peter comes by 12 men.

Jersey.

The jurors present that William Ranulph was at another time imprisoned in the Castle for [chasing] the conies of the lord the King &c. And for that deed he abjured the islands at the time &c. before Peter Darcys then Bailiff &c. And from henceforth let no one make such abjuration except in the form of the statute.

Accident.

They present also that a certain Robinet son of Thomas Munchoun a boy of 5 years of age [was found dead] in a certain pit, & no one being suspected thereof, the verdict is by misadventure.

They present also that Philip Munchoun is wont to cause the subjects of the King to be summoned out of the realm, to wit Alice the wife of Ralph Horman & many others concerning a plea of lay chattels, so by his action depriving [the lord] the King of those

Regem de hiis que mere spectant ad coronam e dignitatem dñi Reġ. Et pred Pñus [non] venit. Ido pceptū est tam battio q^o vicecoñ qđ capiant pred Pñm q^ocicius vesit e Alič[in pri]sona dñi Reġ salvo custodiri faciant. Ita qđ nō delibetur extra p'sonam sine spali mandato dñi Reġ vt Justiciarioꝝ suoz. Et q^o nō veñ Jō in mīa.

Redds & firme
dñi Reġ

Presentant t̃ qđ est in eoꝝ parochia feodū de Orvill in quo sunt triginta ācr ĩre de quo dñs Rex ĩt camptū qđ valet p annū c. š. Iťm dñs Rex habet de eođm feodo iij aucas vj pullos vij galliñ e vij đ p annū et iij x ova et t̃ vj caš ĩri et de čta firma vij š vj đ p annū qui solvunt^r p mañ ppoiti Šci Joñnis. Est t̃ aliud feodū de Ernaud sive Tancre de esčeta dñi Reġ quod continet xxvij virgať ĩre unde Alicia que fuit uť Bartheloti Lengleys tenet xvij v'gať. Et reddit dño Regi p annū xvij caš ĩri ij galliñ ij đ. Et Guilts Sotel tenet inde j virgatā terre et reddit dño Regi p annū j caš ĩri. Et Pñus Viel tenet inde ij v'g terť e reddit p annū j bȝ ĩri. Et Pñus Guyot et Radus frať ej^o tenent inde vij virġ ĩre que reddt dño Regi p annū vij caš ĩri. Percipit t̃ dñs Rex de feodo Girardi continente vj virġ ĩre quod Petr^o Pastey e participes sui tenent vj caš ĩri e ij galliñ e ij đ. Iťm feodū de Bekeloye continens xv virgate ĩre quod Regiñ de Šco Clemente tenet reddit dño Regi p annū ij q^r ĩri j galliñ e ij đ. Et feod de Richequer quod idem Regiñ tenet in quo est dia acra ĩre reddit dño Regi p annū ij galliñ. Habet t̃ dñs Rex de forisf^acura au Thelier, videlť Gilbtus Pelrin tenet inde j virġ ĩre e di et reddit p annū iij caš ĩri. Et Radš Aunlek tenet de eadem forisf^acura j v'gať ĩre et reddit iij caš ĩri. Et Lucetta Blaunche e Isabella soror ejus tenent inde j v'gať ĩre e di et reddunt p annū iij caš ĩri. Et Ričus Waryn Pñus Waryn et Ročtus Waryn tenent inde xvj v'gať ĩre e di et reddunt dño Regi p annū videlť pređeus Ričus v buss ĩri et ĩcionať j caš ĩri. Et Pñus

things which wholly belong to the Crown & dignity of the lord the King. And the aforesaid Philip [does not come.] Therefore it is commanded as well to the Bailiff as to the Viscount that they shall seize the aforesaid Philip as soon as he shall come, & shall cause [the said] Alice to be kept in safe custody in the prison of the lord the King. So that she shall not be released from prison without the special command of the lord the King or of his Justices. And because he does not come, therefore he is to be amerced.

Rents and farms
of the
lord the King.

They present also that there is in their parish the fee of Orville⁽¹⁾ in which there are 30 acres of land of which the lord the King has champart which is worth per annum 100 sols. Also the lord the King has of the same fee 3 geese, 6 pullets, 7 hens & 7 d. by the year, & 90 eggs & also 6 measures of wheat & of cert farm 7 s. 6 d. by the year which are paid by the hand of the Provost of St. John. There is also another fee of Ernaud or Tancre⁽²⁾ of the escheat of the lord the King which contains 27 virgates of land whereof Alice who was the wife of Barthelot Lengleys holds 17 virgates; & she pays to the lord the King by the year 17 bushels of wheat [and] 2 hens [and] 2 d. And William Sotel holds thereof one virgate of land & pays to the lord the King by the year one bushel of wheat. And Philip Viel holds thereof 2 virgates of land & pays by the year one bushel of wheat. And Philip Guyot & Ralph his brother hold thereof 7 virgates of land which pay to the lord the King by the year 7 bushels of wheat. The lord the King also takes of the fee of Girard containing 6 virgates of land, which Peter Pastey & his partners hold, 6 bushels of wheat & 2 hens & 2 d. Also the fee of Bekeleye⁽³⁾ containing 15 virgates of land, which Reginald de St. Clement holds, pays to the lord the King by the year 2 quarters of wheat, one hen & 2 d. And the fee of Richequer which the same Reginald holds in which there is half an acre of land pays to the lord the King by the year 2 hens. Also the lord the King has of the forfeiture of Letelier, to wit, Gilbert Pelrin holds thereof one & a half virgates of land & pays per annum 3 bushels of wheat. And Ralph Anley holds of the same forfeiture one virgate of land & pays 3 measures of wheat. And Lucette Blaunche & Isabella her sister hold thereof one & a half virgates of land & pay by the year 3 measures of wheat. And Richard Waryn, Philip Waryn & Robert Waryn hold thereof 16 & a half virgates of land & pay to the lord the King by the year, to wit, the aforesaid Richard 5 measures of wheat & the 3rd part of

(1) Fief Dorville or Le Mourier. (2) See Extente 1274, page 23.

(3) Bekalowe and Bequeloe in Extentes of 1274 and 1331.

vij caß fri e j łcionař. Et Roßtus vij caß fri e j łcionař. Habet t̃ dñs Rex de forisfcura de Kahull xxx pticař łre quas Godefr̃ Vason tenet et reddit inde p ann j busß fri. Et đi virg terř de escheta Emmelote la Kaune reddit dño Regi p ann j caß fri. Dicunt t̃ qđ dñs Rex habet unam bovatam łre de escheta Ranulphi Dirvaut quam Roß Brasdef tenet et reddit dño Regi p ann xxv caß fri. Iťm habet de escheta as Yonneys tres virgate łre quam Guilts Paien p̃sbr modo teñ et reddit p annũ vij caß fri. Et Guilts Pollard tenet j virg łre e đi de forisfcura Kahulle et reddit p ann iij caß fri. Iťm Petr^o Aunlek e Płus Aunlek tenent iij virg łre de forisfcura au Telier et reddunt dño Regi p annũ iij caß fri. Habet t̃ dñs Rex in eađm pochia p̃ed predm reddm e firmas de łta firma p ann videlť ad pasch x^u vij^a iij^a. Et ad f̃m ařloř Petri e Pauli x^u vij^a iij^a. Et ad f̃m Šci Michis x^u vij^a iij^a. Et t̃ j par de calcař albis vť xij đ. Et t̃ habet iij^a p ann de quadam pecia terre vocata Croket. Dicunt t̃ qđ dñs Rex habet in eoř pochia fumagiũ de t̃bus annis in iij annis quod valet coibz annis cum acciderit ix^u. Iťm dicunt qđ tenentes dñi Reğ in eoř pochia tenentur cariare vina dñi Reğ e buscā e fenũ ubicumq; dñs Rex volũit in Insul. Ita łn qđ quadrigarii debent recupe p qualibz quadrigata ij đ. Habet t̃ dñs Rex in eoř poch unũ molendnũ quod valet coibz annis xxx^u. Et dicunt qđ p̃edci tenentes dñi Reğ debent invenire Maerem ad omia grossa membra molendi. Et dñs Rex debet invenire ferra e molas e carpenteria t̃c. Et t̃ đci tenentes tenentur invenire coopturam ad molendĩ p̃edcm et dñs Rex faciet illud coopire sũptibus suis.

Presentant t̃ qđ Ecclia istius pochie valet p annũ xlv^u et est de advocacōne Abbis Šci Salvatoris et idem Abbas tenet medietatem

one measure of wheat. And Philip 7 measures of wheat & one third part. And Robert 7 measures of wheat & one third part. Also the lord the King has of the forfeiture of Kahull 30 perches of land which Godfrey Vason holds & pays therefor by the year one bushel of wheat. And half a virgate of land by the escheat of Emmelotta la Kaune pays to the lord the King by the year one measure of wheat. They say also that the lord the King has one bovaté of land of the escheat of Ranulph Dirvaut which Roger Brasdefer holds, & pays to the lord the King by the year 25 measures of wheat. He also has of the escheat of the Yonneys 3 virgates of land which William Païen, priest, now holds & pays by the year 7 measures of wheat. And William Pollard holds one & a half virgates of land of the forfeiture of Kahull & pays by the year 3 measures of wheat. Also Peter Anley & Philip Anley hold 3 virgates of land of the forfeiture of Letelier & pay to the lord the King by the year 4 measures of wheat. Also the lord the King has in the same parish beside the said rent & farms of cert farm by the year, to wit, at Easter 10 l. 7 s. 4 d. & at the feast of the Apostles Peter & Paul 10 l. 7 s. 4 d., & at the feast of St. Michael 10 l. 7 s. 4 d., & also one pair of white spurs or 12 d. Also he has 3 d. by the year from a certain piece of land called Croket. They also say that the lord the King has in their parish fumage every 3 years which is worth one year with another when it shall occur 9 livres. They also say that the tenants of the lord the King in their parish are bound to carry the wines of the lord the King & firewood & hay wheresoever the lord the King shall wish in the island; so nevertheless that the drivers ought to receive for each four-horse cart 2 deniers. Also the lord the King has in their parish one mill which is worth one year with another 30 livres. And they say that the said tenants of the lord the King ought to find the wood for all the principal timbers of the mill, & the lord the King ought to find the iron & the wheels & the carpentering &c. And also the said tenants are bound to find the covering for the said mill & the lord the King shall cause it to be covered at his own cost.

They present also that the Church of this parish is worth by the year 45 livres & is of the advowson of the Abbot of St. Saviour & the said Abbot holds the moiety of the tithe to his own use. And

deçie in pp'los usus. Et abbissa de Moster Vilers tenet q̄rtam ptē ejusd̄ deçie et abbissa de Cadomo aliam q̄rtam ptem in pp'los usus et ̄minatur in quo waranto t̄c.

Presentant t̄ qđ Petr^o de Haga tenet de dño Rege j carucatam ̄tre per ̄viciū ̄vandi libōs p'sones et tenetur ̄here unū pař anelloř sive boiař et debet^r releviū de pred̄ca carucata videl̄ LX s̄ cū acciderit. Et preť firmam reddit dño Regi p annū j pař calcař albař sup̄dictař. Et Wilts de Viver tenet de dño Rege j caruĉ ̄tre p ̄simile serviciū servandi p'soñ t̄c e debet^r inde [relevium] ut sup̄.

Presentant t̄ qđ Nichus Goz tenet j v'g ̄tre e ̄di de bordař t̄c e reddit dño Regi pter ̄viciū t̄c j cař ̄fri et valet ulterius j busř ̄fri per annū.

Presentant t̄ qđ Phus de Carteret ̄het unam maram unde medietas est in eoř poĉh e tenet illam sepalem t̄c. Et idm Phus ̄het wreccū maris p totam ̄tram suam ab antiquo set dñs debet ̄here visū anteq̄ t̄c et iiij^{or} p'ncipalia e aves de pred̄ca e iiij^{or} p'ncipalia t̄c.⁽¹⁾

Presentant t̄ qđ quedam ps feodi de Vinclivrees est in eoř poĉh quem quidem feodū p̄dcus Phus tenet et idm Phus tenet in p̄dcō feodo cuniclariū suū indefenso, ita qđ nō licet ministris dñi Regis fugare ibidem ad cuniclos nisi cū cane e bacto t̄c s̄z quo jure vť quo waranto nesciunt. Et sup hoc Phus de Carfet dñs pred̄ci feodi veñ e inde allocut^o dicit qđ ipe non claiñ warennā in p̄dcō feodo nec unq̄ aliuem de fugand̄ ibidm impedivit. Et Juř hoc idm testantur. Ido ipe pro falso p̄sentamento in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ assisa panis e vini fracta est p subsc'ptos videl̄t Colettam Goez Colinū Goez Gilbt Peleryn P̄hm Viel Riĉs Pipon Colinū Grobert e Radm Naymes bolengarios. Et Boulom,

(1) Sic.

the Abbess of Moutier Villiers holds the 4th part of the same tithe & the Abbess of Caen the other 4th part to their own uses & it is determined in the quo warranto &c.

They present also that Peter de la Hague holds of the lord the King one carucate of land by the service of keeping the free prisons & he is bound to have one pair of rings or fetters, & relief is owing for the aforesaid carucate, to wit, 60 sols when it shall occur. And besides the farm he pays to the lord the King by the year the aforesaid pair of white spurs. And William du Vivier holds of the lord the King one carucate of land by the similar service of keeping the prisons &c. And there is owing [relief] as above.

They present also that Nicholas Goies holds one & a half virgates of land of bordage &c. and pays to the lord the King besides the service &c. one measure of wheat & it is worth further one bushel of wheat per annum.

They present also that Philip de Carteret has a pond whereof half is in their parish & he holds the same severally &c. And the same Philip has the right to wreck of the sea throughout his whole land of old, but the lord ought to have view before &c. and the four princely things⁽¹⁾ & birds of prey &c.

They present also that a certain part of the fee of Vingt Livres is in their parish, which said fee the aforesaid Philip holds, & the same Philip holds in the said fee his rabbit warren unenclosed, so that it is not lawful for the ministers of the lord the King to hunt there for conies except with dog & stick &c., but by what right or warrant they do not know. And thereupon Philip de Carteret, lord of the said fee, comes & being questioned therein says that he does not claim warren in the aforesaid fee, nor did he ever hinder any one from hunting there. And the jurors testify to the same. Therefore they are to be amerced for false presentment.

They present also that the assize of bread & wine is broken by the underwritten, to wit, Coletta Goies, Colin Goies, Gilbert Peleryn, Philip Viel, Richard Pipon, Colin Grobert & Ralph Naymes, bakers,

(1) i.e. gold and silk not worked, &c. Compare pages 23, 44 & 47.

Guillm le Hardy, Robtm Beas, William Phe, Alicia Bartel Jord
..... Robtm Noel, Sibillotam Goies, Jordm Horman,
Phm de P..... Waryn, Radm de la Hague,
Robtm Nicole, Guillotū Vasoun, Radm Fale
Petrū Pipon e Phm Naymes tabnarios. Ido oñes in mīa.

Presentant t̃ qđ Pñus Wace feč p°prestuř de via regia latitud
iij pedū e longitud di pticataz. Et Guifls Wydecok feč p°prestuř
de via regia latitud j ped e longitud j pticaĩ. Et Osanna que fuit
uř Colini Ernaud implenit quoddam fossatū de via regia. Et Guifl
Hardy simiř. Ido oñes in mīa.

Presentant t̃ qđ P'or Šci Pet' in ista pochia loco Abbis Šci
Salvatoris dñi Reġ tč.

Presentant t̃ qđ Petr° de Šco Eleria dñs de Saumareys tenet j...
řre de dno Rege in ista pochl et [debet] de releviū cū acciderit
LX š.

Juř duodene p plibz [concelamentis in veredco suo] de quibz
[convicti] fřunt coram Justič [per examinacõem in] g̃vi [mīa]
sup Peř le Br..... tč.

(M. 38 d.)

Adhuc de plifis Gorone de pochl Šci Pet'

Presentant qđ circa Natale dñi anno tč p'mo devenerunt de
Wrecco de quadam [nave peri-]clitata apud la Pulleine xxxij pve
pecie ferri e quelibet peč valuit x đ. Iřmlide vertegre řcii
xx š ij barelli de Rukere řcii LX š. Iřm xij lb de creto de
jingebro vj caš de pipe viij caš de cicenant e estimavit valorem
řdcořlioř tč ad XL^{li}. Iřm vj panni de Dynamit de

And Boulom, William le Hardy, Robert Beas, William Philipe, Alice Bartel, Jordan Robert Noel, Sibillota Goies, Jordan Horman, Philip de P..... Waryn, Ralph de la Hague, Robert Nicole, Guillot Vasoun, Ralph Fale Peter Pipon & Philip Naymes, taverners. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

They present also that Philip Wace made an encroachment on the King's high-way in breadth 3 feet & in length half a perch. And William Wydecok made an encroachment on the King's high-way in breadth one foot & in length one perch. And Osanna who was the wife of Colin Ernaud filled up a certain ditch of the high-way. And William Hardy likewise. Therefore all them to be amerced.

They present also that the Prior of St. Peter in this parish in the place of the Abbot of St. Saviour of the lord the King &c.

They present also that Peter de St. Helier, Lord of Samarès, holds one of land of the lord the King in this parish & [he owes] relief when it shall occur 60 sols.

The jury of 12 for many concealments in their verdict of which they were convicted before the Justices by examination, to be heavily amerced [under the pledge] of Peter le Br..... &c.

(M. 38 d.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
St. Peter.

They present that about Christmas in the first year &c. there came of wreck of a certain [ship] wrecked at la Pulleine 32 small pieces of iron & each piece was worth 10 deniers. Also pounds of verdigris value 20 sols, 2 barrels of roker⁽¹⁾ value 60 sols, also 12 lbs. of chalk, of ginger, 6 measures of pepper, 8 measures of cinnamon, & they estimated the value of the aforesaid &c. at 40 livres. Also 6 cloths of Dinan (?) of which each

(1) Fish.

quibz quibz pannis cont̃ xxvij quos estimant ad xx^{li}.
 Iſm xij^{xx} virg̃ de canevas ꝑcii viij^{li}. Iſm j mastus pvo
 maeremio ꝑcii ix li. Iſm j mola manualis ꝑcii xv ſ de quibz om̃ibz
 quarta ps quarte Reġ tē et Mathus le Loreour vič e Wilts
 le Petyt inde reſpond̃.

Presentant t̃ qđ Pñus Ernald tenet j acř e đi virg̃ ĩre de bordaġ
 e reddit ad firmam Reġ xvij đ p añ et facit bordaġ tē. Et Colinus
 le Crochun e ꝑticipes sui tenent de bordaġ Crochon vij virg̃ ĩre e đi
 et redd̃ xxx đ ad firmam dñi Reġ. Et Auberia la Metere una ꝑđcoz
 ꝑticipum vendidit Lauř Sauuale redd̃ j bz řri sup quamđ porčoem dce
 ĩre e ꝑđcs Colinus Crochoun retraxit redd̃ illū p bursam pacantē.
 Ido redd̃s ille remañ dno Regi forisřcus tē. Et eadem Auberia ven-
 didit sup aliam porčoem ejusđ ĩre redd̃ j bz řri Rađo Robyn. Ido
 redd̃s ille remañ dño Regi. Eadem t̃ Auberia vendidit Joñi Hubert
 quand̃ porčoem dce ĩre q̃ valet p añ j cař řri. Ido ꝑđca ĩra reñ
 dño Reġ forisřca. Iſm Joñnes Bernard e ꝑticipes sui tenent alias
 vij virg̃ ĩre e đi de ꝑđco bord̃. Et redd̃ p añ ad firmam dñi Reġ
 xxx đ et faciūt bord̃ tē. Et Rořtus Pipoun unus ꝑticipum vendidit
 Godeřro Vasoun v ptič ĩre de ꝑđco bord̃ que valent p añ j cař řri et
 postea idem Godeřr dedit ĩram illam Rořto Beneyt in maritaġ cū fit
 sua. Ido ꝑđca ĩra remañ dño Regi forisřca.

Comptum est p rořlos Pñi le Evesk Balli qđ Ričus du Vergee
 Mathias fit Seville Goies Colin^o Goies e Sebirota Goies vřařunt noc-
 tant̃ Colinū le Fillastre e ĩpm acabliařunt cū sang^{ne} e plaga. Et
 Colinus Goies veñ e feč finem p ꝑđca t̃ns p Liiij ſ ppłm Guiffi Luane
 e Jordi Dubel. Et ꝑđcs Math̃ veñ e Sebirota simitr e vadiant emend̃
 taxand̃ p Cuř tē. Et Mathias taxat^r p Cuř ad Liiij ſ. Et Ričus du

cloth contains 27 which they estimate at 20 livres. Also 140 yards of canvas value 8 livres. Also one mast small timber value 9 livres. Also one hand-wheel value 15 sols of all which the 4th part of the 4th of the King &c. And Matthew le Loreour, Viscount, & William le Petyt shall answer therefor.

They present also that Philip Ernald holds one acre & half a virgate of land of bordage & pays to the farm of the King 18 deniers by the year & does bordage &c. And Colin le Crochon & his partners hold of the bordage Crochon $7\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land & pay 30 deniers to the farm of the lord the King. And Aubery la Metere one of the aforesaid partners sold to Laurence Sauvale the rent of one bushel of wheat upon a certain portion of the said land, & the aforesaid Colin Crochon withdrew that rent by the repayment of the consideration. Therefore that rent remains forfeited to the lord the King &c. And the same Aubery sold upon another portion of the same land the rent of one bushel of wheat to Ralph Robyn. Therefore that rent remains to the lord the King. Also the same Aubery sold to John Hubert a certain portion of the said land which is worth per annum one measure of wheat. Therefore the aforesaid land remains forfeited to the lord the King. Also John Bernard & his partners hold other $7\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land of the aforesaid bordage & pay per annum to the farm of the lord the King 30 deniers & do bordage &c. And Robert Pipon one of the partners sold to Godfrey Vasoun 5 perches of land of the aforesaid bordage which are worth per annum one measure of wheat & afterwards the same Godfrey gave that land to Robert Benest in marriage with his daughter. Therefore the aforesaid land remains forfeited to the lord the King.

It is found by the rolls of Philip l'Evesque, Bailiff, that Richard du Vergée, Matthew son of Sybil Goies, Colin Goies & Sebirota Goies beat by night Colin le Fillastre & threw him to the ground whence blood & wounds. And Colin Goies came & compounded for the said transgression by 54 sols by the pledge of William Luane & Jordan Dubel. And the aforesaid Matthew comes & Sebirota likewise & give security for the amends to be taxed by the court &c. And Matthew is taxed by the court at 54 sols. And Richard du

Vergee nō veñ. Iō Regiñ de Šco Clemente Thomas Auslek e Joñnes Hubert qui iþm manuceþ in g^{vi} mīa.

Comptū est t̃ p eosdem Rořlos qđ Pñotus fiť Jordi Horman e Jord fiť Phi Horman insultařunt malićōse Vivenciā Mochoun e filiam suam p quod iþe fugierunt dimittentes quend̃ asinū careatum blado. Et pđci Pñotus e Jord̃s in contemptū tē abscederunt aures e caudam pđci asini. Iō fiant inde emend̃ dño Regi. Et si iþi nō sufficiant respond̃ pať tē.

Adhuc de reñ de poch de Šci Clementis.

Comptum est p Rořlos Phi le Evesk baľi qđ Rořus du Costil insultavit noctanť domū Marione de Barantino pjiciendo lapid̃ ad ostiū suū qui veñ e feć finem p pđca t̃ns p xx s̃ ppłm Raďi le Rey. Et Joñnes du Costil qui similř fuit in societate ejusđ ad fēm iľđ feć finem p pđca t̃ns p xx s̃ ppłm Guilľi le Petyt de Šco Elerio e Joñnis de Barantino. Comptū est t̃ p eosdem Rořlos qđ Peřr fiť Petⁱ Darcyř e Guillot^o le Keu řbařunt noctanť Colinū Goscelin cū sang^{ne} e plaga. Et pđci Peřr e Guillot^o veñ e vadiant dño Regi emend̃ taxand̃ p discreccoem Cuř tē.

Comptum est t̃ p Rořlos ejusđ Baľi qđ Robinus de Grouilla sero pcussit Guillotū Favel de quod cutello in capite faciendo ei plagam e sang^{ne}m qui veñ e feć finem p pđca t̃ns p XL s̃ ppłm Thome de Grouill.

Comptum est p Rořlos ejusđ qđ Colinus Blanchard řbavit noctanť Colinū Corbyn in lecto suo. Iō fiant inde emend̃ dño Regi.

Et Juř duodene p plibř conclamentis in veredco suo de quibř convicti fuerunt coram Justić p examinaćōem in mīa.

Vergee does not come, therefore Reginald de St. Clement, Thomas Anley & John Hubert, who bailed him, to be heavily amerced.

It is also found by the same rolls that Philotus son of Jordan Horman & Jordan son of Philip Horman maliciously assaulted Vivencia Mochoun & her daughter, whereby they fled, leaving a certain ass carrying corn. And the aforesaid Philotus & Jordan in contempt &c. cut off the ears & tail of the said ass. Therefore they shall make amends therefor to the lord the King. And if they have not enough the fathers shall answer &c.

Continuation of the remainder of the parish of St. Clement.

It is found by the rolls of Philip l'Evesque, Bailiff, that Roger du Costil attacked by night the house of Marion de Barantin by throwing stones at her door, who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 20 sols by the pledge of Ralph le Rey. And John du Costil who likewise was in his company in that act compounded for the said transgression by 20 sols by the pledge of William le Petyt of St. Helier & John de Barantin. It is found also by the said rolls that Peter son of Peter Darcys & Guillot le Keu had beaten by night Colin Goscelin with blood & wounds. And the aforesaid Peter & Guillot come & give security to the lord the King for the amends to be taxed by the discretion of the court &c.

It is found also by the rolls of the same Bailiff that Robin de Grouville in the evening struck Guillot Favel with a certain knife in the head, making a wound & drawing blood, who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 40 sols by the pledge of Thomas de Grouville.

It is found by the rolls of the same that Colin Blanchard by night beat Colin Corbyn in his bed. Therefore let amends be made therefor to the lord the King.

And the jury of twelve men for many concealments in their verdict of which they were convicted before the Justices by examination, to be amerced.

(M. 39.)

Adhuc de plitis Gorone de pochia Šci Elerii.

Fressingfeld.

poch Šci Elerii veñ p xij.

Jereš

Juř pŕesentant qđ quidam Odo le Clerk s^opensus fuit adiu est. Et Petrus le simiř s^opensus fuit. Et nō ĥuerunt ĥras nec catalla.

Presentant t̃ qđ Guiltus Porrioun abjuř Insulas p latrocinio. Idem ĥuit j virg̃ feodo de Melechis que valent p anñ iij caš řri quas ĥedes Regiñ de Carřet

Presentant t̃ quod Orenğ que fuit uxor Joĥnis Veysin a iij^{or} annis elapsis seiřam s^opens^o inde malecr̃. Judm felonissa de se Eadem ĥuit catalla řcii LXV š. de quibz pochiam [per] Petrum Faleyse asportare ad valenč L š et personam huj^o ville ad valorem xv š. Iđo řđci [pochiani] simul cū řđcis Petro e Persona inde respondeant. Et q̃ fečunt iřam sepeliri sine visu batli vř Iđo tota villata in mīa.

Presentant t̃ qđ Rořtus Horman post ultimas asř convictus de falsa moneta bullitus fuit p Judm. Idem fuit de poch Šci Petř. Et ĥuit catalla řč c. š. D̃ quibz Rořtus de Hady respondeš.

Presentant t̃ qđ Joĥnes Estrepegnie adiu est abjuř Insulas p latrocinio. Et nō ĥet řram nec catalla.

Presentant t̃ qđ Thomas de Šco Petro řřavit noctanf in retractu maris Guiltm Waudyn unde ha. cla. et modo nō veñ. Iđo in mīa et cap^r cum veřit. Et Radus le Harel řřavit Stepřm Bretoun in chimo Reg̃ unde sang's e ha. cla. qui veñ e finem fecit p xxx š. Et Guiltus Payn le Pledour peussit de pugno suo Guiltm le Valleyñ unde ha. cla. Et Guiltus le Columb peussit de quodam baclo Ričm Corbel

(M. 39.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown of the parish of
St. Helier.**

Fresingfeld.

The parish of St. Helier comes by twelve.

Jersey. The jurors present that a certain Odo le Clerk was hanged long ago. And Peter le was likewise hanged. And they had neither lands nor chattels.

They present also that William Porrioun abjured the islands for thefts. The same had one virgate on the fee of Melèches which are worth per annum 3 measures of wheat which the heirs of Reginald de Carteret

They present also that Orenge who was the wife of John Veysin hanged herself 4 years ago [and no one is] suspected thereof. Verdict: felo de se. The same had chattels value 65 sols of which the parish [by] Peter Falaise carried away to the value of 50 sols & the parson of this village to the value of 15 sols. Therefore the aforesaid [parishioners] together with the aforesaid Peter & the parson shall answer thereof. And because they caused her to be buried without view of the Bailiff or therefore the whole village to be amerced.

They present also that Robert Horman after the last assizes convicted of false coining was boiled⁽¹⁾ by judgment. The same was of the parish of St. Peter, & had chattels value 100 sols, of which Robert de Hady shall answer.

They present also that John Estrepegnie long ago abjured the islands for theft. He had neither land nor chattels.

They present also that Thomas of St. Peter by night beat at low tide William Vaudin whereby 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, & now he does not come. Therefore he is to be amerced, & let him be taken when he shall come. And Ralph le Harel beat Stephen Breton, in the King's high-way, whereupon blood flowed & 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, who came & compounded for 30 sols. And William Payn, the Pleader, struck with his fist William le Valleyn whereupon 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. And William le Columb with a certain stick struck Richard Corbel, who does not now come &c.

(1) The punishment for false coining was boiling and then hanging.

qui modo nō veñ tē. Et Guiltus Caun pcussit de pugno suo uxem Guilti Abbatfalleyse unde ha. cla. Ido fiant inde dno Regi emend. Et Martinus de Wyncheles vberavit Raulinam la Maynan cum acabliamento e sang^{ne} qui veñ e feč finem p p^odca t^{ns} p xvij s.

Presentant t qđ Joñnes Tehy vberatus fuit noctanē unde acabliamentū e ha. cla. Et Petrus Osber inde indictatus fuit qui modo nō veñ. Iō ipe in mīa. Et cap^r cū vefit.

Presentant t qđ Guillotus de Wynchelles robiatus fuit de nocte in litorio maris de denariis e rocalibz tē. Et q^o fcm illud nūq^a fuit p^osentatū baltio Reğ nec adhuc sciunt diče p quos feloñ illa fca ffit. Ido tota pochia in mīa.

Presentant t qđ Petrus Piket Ričus Corbel fečunt citare fideles homines dñi Reğ ex^a regnū apud Constanē e apud haiam putei.⁽¹⁾ Ido ipe in mīa.

Presentant t qđ Petrus le Bas clicus comorans in Normanū solitus est fače sumonire hoies Reğ ex^a regnū e feč citare Petrum Harel e Joñnem Corounce e ples alios ex^a regnū sine causa et modo nō veñ. Jō in mīa et cap^r cum vefit.

Presentant t qđ Colinus Turgys feč p^opresturam de chimino Reğ latiū ij ped e long ij pticataz et in eadem seminavit. Et Robtus le Cras p^oprestavit de eodem chimino latiū viij ped e long vj pticañ. Et Radus le Harel e pticipes sui obstrinxunt quamdam semitam Reğ latiū j ped e long ij pticataz et alias pceptum fuit illam deobstruere e adhuc nō fečunt. Et Guiltus le Petit de Šco Elerio obstruxit cursum aque latiū ij ped e long vj pticataz. Et Guiltus de Rosello Junior cōsimitr e ejusdem mensuř. Et Guiltus Aymer obstruxit cursum

(1) La Haye du Puits : Latin Puteus, same as Podium = mons, collis ; Gallie : Puy.

And William Caun with his fist struck the wife of William Abat-falaise, whereupon 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. Wherefore let them make amends therefor to the lord the King. And Martin de Vinchelez struck Rauline la Maynan by throwing her down & drawing blood, who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 18 sols.

They present also that John Tehy was struck at night, whereupon he was thrown down & 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. And Peter Osber was indicted thereof who does not now come. Therefore he is to be amerced. And let him be taken when he shall come.

They present also that Guillot de Vinchelez was robbed by night on the sea-shore of his monies & jewels &c. And because that deed was never represented to the Bailiff of the King, nor can they say to this day by whom that felony was done; therefore the whole parish to be amerced.

They present also that Peter Piket [&] Richard Corbel caused lieges of the lord the King to be cited out of the realm at Coutances & at La Haye du Puits. Therefore they are to be amerced.

They present also that Peter le Bas clerk living in Normandy is wont to cause the subjects of the King to be summoned out of the realm, & he caused Peter Harel & John Corounce & many others to be cited out of the realm without cause & now he does not come. Therefore he is to be amerced & let him be taken when he shall come.

They present also that Colin Turgys made an encroachment on the road of the King 2 feet in breadth & 2 perches in length & sowed in the same. And Robert le Cras encroached on the same road 8 feet in breadth & 6 perches in length. And Ralph le Harel & his partners obstructed a certain path of the King one foot in breadth & 2 perches in length & at another time they were ordered to free it & up to the present they have not done so. And William le Petit of St. Helier obstructed the water-course 2 feet in breadth & 6 perches in length. And William of Rosel, junior, likewise & in the same measure. And William Aymer obstructed the water-course 2 feet in

aque latiſ ij ped e long vij pticataz. Et Guiltus le Petit de Rosello obstruxit cursum aque latiſ ij ped e long v pticataz. Et Pſus Lempere feč ppresturam de coia Reğ latiſ iiij ped e long iiij pticaſ e feč ibi quemd murū. Et Guiltus de Keytiue pprestavit de coia Reğ latiſ iiij ped e long xij ped et ibi construxit quoddam cotagiū. Et Guiltus Angeyre feč ppresturam de via regali latiſ ij ped e long j ptič e di, et quedam ps domus ejusd Guilti stat in eadem pprestura. Et Guiltus Lempere obstruxit quamdam semitam regiam latiſ vij ped e long vij pticataz. Et Guiltus Angeyre pprestavit aliquantulū de quadam semita regia que debet esse latiſ iiij ped et modo est diminuta. Ido omes in mīa.

Quidam de Juſ simul cū aliis ad hoc Juſ pſentant qđ dñs Rex fiet iiij acr de coa juxta capellam be Marie Magdalene et Radus le Curteys, Colinus Morfouache e Colinus Juliene atraxerunt inde sibi p carucam suam. Ido ipe in mīa. Et Guiltus le Valen fiet sup coam Reğ quodd appenticiū latiſ iiij^{or} ped e long iiij ped. Ido ipe in mīa.

Presentant t qđ Henſ de Šco Martino vſavit Raulinam la Maynene e ipam sequebat^r usq, ad domū suam unde ha. cla. Ido ipe in mīa.

Presentant t qđ devenit de Wrecco in eoꝝ poči in feodo de Melesches j bacellū pci Liij s iiij đ quem fides Galfri de Carſet fuerunt e de Wrecco illo fminat^r in quo Waſ tč.

Presentant t qđ Joſnes Trethie, Pſus Primaunt, Radus Chantloicit soliti sunt fače citare fideles homies ex^a regnū apud Constanč et pđcus Johannes feč citare Guiltm Columb e uxem ejus. Et Guiltus Godel feč suū Joſhem Galiot e Ricm Morfouache apud Constanč tč. Et Petſ de Foer simiſ feč suū Joſhem le Rey ibidem tč. Ido veniant inde responsuſ. Et Jords le Serf feč suū apud Constanč Radm le Caytiuel e feč ipm excoicare tč injuste. Et idm Jords veſ e no

breadth & 8 perches in length. And William le Petit of Rosel obstructed the water-course 2 feet in breadth & 5 perches in length. And Philip Lemprière encroached on the King's common 4 feet in breadth & 4 perches in length & built there a certain wall. And William de Quetteville encroached on the King's common 4 feet in breadth & 12 feet in length & there built a certain cottage. And William Angeyre encroached on the King's high-way 2 feet in breadth & 1½ perches in length, & a certain part of the house of the said William is built on the encroachment. And William Lemprière obstructed a certain foot-path of the King 8 feet in breadth & 7 perches in length. And William Angeyre encroached a very little on a certain foot-path of the King which ought to be 3 feet in breadth & now is lessened. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

Certain of the jurors with others present at this jury present that the lord the King has 3 acres of common next the chapel of the Blessed Mary Magdalene, & Ralph le Curteys, Colin Morfouache & Colin Juliene encroached thereupon by means of their plough. Therefore they are to be amerced. And William le Valen has upon the common of the King a certain pent-house 4 feet in width & 4 feet in length. Therefore he is to be amerced.

They present also that Henry de St. Martin struck Raulina la Maynene & followed her as far as her house whereupon 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. Therefore he is to be amerced.

They present also that there came of wreck in their parish in the fee of Melèches one small boat value 53 s. 4 d. which belonged to the heirs of Geoffrey de Carteret & concerning that wreck it is determined in the pleas of Quo Warranto &c.

They present also that John Trethie, Philip Primaunt, Ralph Chantlocit were wont to cause lieges of the King to be cited out of the realm at Coutances, & the said John caused William Columb & his wife to be cited. And William Godel caused John Galiot & Richard Morfouache to be cited at Coutances &c. And Peter de Foer likewise caused John le Rey to be summoned there &c. Therefore let them come to answer therein. And Jordan le Serf caused Ralph le Caytivel to be summoned at Coutances & caused him to be

potest hoc dediçe set dicit qđ hoc feč ante inhibiçõem tč et supponit se gře cuř tč et invenit pleğ qđ deceřo nō faciet tč vidz Joñem de Šco Elerio pleğ de emend. Joñes de Wynchelles et oñes pđci in g^m mia.

Presentant t̃ qđ Thomas Grosser tenuit tempe Guerre j virğ ěre in ij peč in đnio Abbis de Bellosane e valet p anñ j bz fri et pđcus Thomas obiit tempe pđce guerre ex^a ģriam tč. Et Alicia le Grossere app'avit sibi pđcam ěram sine Wař et q₃ paup est nō oñat^r de exitibz medii tempis sz respond đño Regi de hoc anno de valore pđce ěre et deceřo tč.

(M. 39 d.) **Adhuc de pl̃itis Gorone** de poçł Šci Elerii.

Presentant qđ as^s panis e vini fracta p sb̃c̃ptos videlč Perrotū Houdeyn Jordm le Rous [Petron]illam Estorment, Rađm Valepe, Rađm le Valen, Guilm le Chapelleyn, Robinnettūlen, Lauř le Perchand, Joñem le Rey, Guilm Godel, Rođtm Perrerr, Rađm de Keytiuel, de Keytiuel, Colinū Morfoage, Płm le Mire, Guilm Henard, Jordm de Šmonte,am Mategris, Ričm de Šmonte, Rođtm Mategris, Rođtm de Šmonte, Guilm de Šmonte, Phelipotū Jouet, Rođtm Goscelyn, Colinū Balliol, Petrū Galiene, Morellū le Fetiz, Michem Corbel, Guilm Sampson, Colinū le Motoun, Lauř Norbert, Jordm Mauger, Nicłm Mauger, Alanū de la Roke, Guilm Warner, Petrū Theffane, Guillotū Borkete, Rođtm Cohon, Rađm de Saint Gile, Rođtm de la Roke, Ričm Morfouage, Engerardū le Bolenour, Guilm le Valeyn, Ričm le Valeyn, Petrum de Foer, Colinū le Cras, Petrum le Harel, Raulinam la Magnenne, Joñem Martin, Ričm Foucher, Joñem uřem Joñuis de Šmonte, Petrum le Collart, Jordm de la Roche, Rađm Crespel, Joñem Sampson, Joñem Beneyt, Guilm

excommunicated &c. unlawfully. And the same Jordan comes & cannot deny this, but says that he did it before the prohibition &c. and places himself at the mercy of the court &c. and finds pledges that from henceforth he will not do it &c., to wit, John de St. Helier, pledge for the amends, John de Vinchelez & all the aforesaid to be heavily amerced.

They present also that Thomas Grosser held at the period of the war one virgate of land in 2 pieces in the lordship of the Abbot of Bellozanne & it is worth by the year one bushel of wheat & the said Thomas died at the period of the said war out of the realm &c. And Alice la Grossere appropriated to herself the said land without warrant, & because she is poor she is not charged with the dues of the interval of time, but shall answer to the lord the King for this year of the value of the said land & from henceforth &c.

(M. 39 d.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
St. Helier.

They present that the assize of bread & wine has been broken by the underwritten, to wit, Perrot Houdeyn, Jordan le Rous, Petronilla Estorment, Ralph Valpy, Ralph le Valen, William le Chapelleyn, Robinettlen, Laurence le Perchand, John le Rey, William Godel, Robert Perrer, Ralph de Quetteville, de Quetteville, Colin Morfoache, Philip le Mire, William Henard, Jordan de Soulemont, Madgris, Richard de Soulemont, Robert Madgris, Robert de Soulemont, William de Soulemont, Philip Jouet, Robert Gosselin, Colin Balliol, Peter Galienne, Morel le Fetiz, Michael Corbel, William Sampson, Colin le Motoun, Laurence Norbert, Jordan Mauger, Nicholas Mauger, Alan de la Rocque, William Warner, Peter Theffane, Guillot Borkete, Robert Cohon, Ralph de St. Gilles, Robert de la Rocque, Richard Morfoache, Engerard le Boulanger, William le Valeyn, Richard le Valeyn, Peter de Foer, Colin le Cras, Peter le Harel, Raulina la Magnenne, John Martin, Richard Foucher, Joan the wife of John de Soulemont, Peter le Collart, John de la Roche, Ralph Crespel, John Sampson, John Benest, William

Hastein, Galfr̃m Salamon, bolengarios. Et Scolasticam Osber, Lauř Perchard, Jordm Lempere, Guillm Norman, Colinu Juliene e Guillm le Caun tañnarios. Et Thomam Morfoach, Guillm Morfoach, Colinu Brussebarre, Jordm Brussebarre, Thomam des Augneres, Guillm le Segresteyn, Guillm Ayner, Beat'cem uř au Roy, Rađm Galien, Guillm le Petit, Guillotum le Bretoun, Petrum Piket, Guillm Columb, Rođtm le Bas, Rađm Ler, Płm Pugnet, Płm le Gentil, Płm Godel, Margueř la Roseye, Płm le Yait, Rađm Godel, Ričm Hastein, e Guillm Curteys, Ričm Lengleys, Płm Lempere e Rođtm Godel bolengař e tañnarios. Et Rađm Chanlocit e Aliciam des Augneres bolengař. Ido omes in mĩa.

Presentant t qđ Płus de Carřet e Galfr̃ de Carřet e participes sui tenent quedā teñ de feodo Paynel que Rođtus de Melech tenuit ad řmiñ vite sue ex dimissione đni E. Reğ pat's tč et que Idm đns E. Rex dimisit Reginaldo de Carřet patri predcoř Płi e Galfr̃i e řiedibz suis tč ad feodi firmā pro LX^{li} solvend đno Regi p añ j li cimini. Et pcipiunt de coitate pochie singlis annis xxvij^{li} iiij s. iiij d.

Fumagiū řđce pochl valet cōibz annis viij li. Et qādo fumagiū collegit Prior de Insuletto solitus est venire ad castrū e ibi p mañ receptoris pcipe fumağ receptū de tenentibz suis set nescunt quo wař. Et q, fumağ debet p moneta e tantomodo spectat ad đnm Regē. Ido phibet ne deceřo ei solvat quousq, monstrařit wař tč.

Abbas de Schirburgłi Petr^o de Sauzmareys tenentes řras que řřunt Rođti de Melesches et Abbas de Bellosana capiunt wreccū quilibet in feodo suo. Et řmĩabit in quo wař tč.

Radus Lempere pticipes sui tenent de đno Rege j carucatā řre reddendo inde p añ ad castrū đni ř LX ř ad festū řci Pauli. Et

Hastein, Geoffrey Salamon, bakers ; and Scolastica Osber, Laurence Perchard, Jordan Lemprière, William Norman, Colin Juliene & William le Caun, taverners. And Thomas Morfoache, William Morfoache, Colin Brussebarre, Jordan Brussebarre, Thomas des Augrez, William le Segresteyn, William Ayner, Beatrice the wife of Roy, Ralph Galien, William le Petit, Guillot le Breton, Peter Piket, William Columb, Robert le Bas, Ralph Ler, Philip Pugnet, Philip le Gentil, Philip Godel, Marguerite la Roseye, Philip le Yait, Ralph Godel, Richard Hastein & William Curteys, Richard Lengleys, Philip Lemprière & Robert Godel, bakers & taverners. And Ralph Chanloic & Alice des Augrez, bakers. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

They present also that Philip de Carteret & Geoffrey de Carteret & their partners hold certain tenements of the fee Paynel which Robert de Melèches held for the term of his life of the demise of the lord King E. the father &c., & which the same lord King E. demised to Reginald de Carteret father of the said Philip & Geoffrey, & to their heirs &c. in fee farm for 60 livres to be paid to the lord the King by the year [&] 1 lb. of cummin. And they receive of the commonalty of the parish each year 27 livres 4 sols 4 deniers.

The fumage of the said parish is worth one year with another 8 livres. And when the fumage is collected the Prior of the Islet is wont to come to the castle & there by the hands of the Receiver to take the fumage received from his tenants, but they do not know by what warrant. And because the fumage is owed in money & belongs only to the lord the King, therefore it is prohibited from being paid to him until such time as he shall show his warrant &c.

The Abbot of Cherbourg & Peter de Samarès holding the lands which were of Robert de Melèches & the Abbot of Bellozanne take wreck, each in his fee. And it is determined in the pleas of Quo Warranto &c.⁽¹⁾

Ralph Lemprière & his partners hold of the lord the King one carucate of land, paying therefor by the year at the castle of the lord the King 60 sols at the feast of St. Paul. And they owe full

(1) See pages 219—221.

debent plenū releviū cū acciderit. Idem Radus adiu est levavit unū columbare. Et pceptū fuit in aliis as̃ qđ ps̃neret̃ tē. Et Radus modo veñ e dat dño Regi reddm uni⁹ lib̃r pipis p̃cipiend̃ singlis annis inppm̃ p sic qđ ipe e fides sui gaudere possint colūbari illo salvo jure cui⁹libet. Et admitt̃ p eo qđ nō est ad nocumentū dñi Reg̃.

Petr⁹ Hamon e p̃ticipes sui tenent de dño Rege xxx ac̃r f̃re e reddunt inde p añ dno Regi v š de franca greueria et residuū faciūt ad p̃dcm feod̃ de Melesches. Joh̃nes de Šco Elerio tenet de feodo Paynel modo de f̃edibz Galfri Kartet j carucatā terre et deb̃ eis releviū tē.

Presentant t̃ qđ Abbas de Bellesano habet in eoꝝ poch̃ xx libraī e xv solidaī redd̃s et reddm xvj q̃rfioꝝ f̃ri de quibz xij q̃r sunt de molendīo Wyscard in pochia Šci Lauř. Et hoc f̃m̃uat̃ in quo waranto.

Presentant t̃ qđ Radulp⁹ le Valeyn feč quoddam ostiū in domo sua indebite vsus tenementa Drogonis de Barantyno p quod exit⁹ ejusd̃ ostii est ad magnū damp̃n e nocumentū ejusd̃ Drogoñ. Ido p̃dcm ostiū obstruatur e fiat in loco debito. Et p̃d̃cus Rad̃s sit in m̃ia.

Presentant t̃ qđ P̃hs Lempere dedit cuidam Enmelote Baudonette Bastarde unū mesuağ̃ continens v p̃ticaī f̃re reddendo inde d̃co P̃ho e f̃edibz suis j bus̃ f̃ri j pañ j galliñ. Et ead̃m Emmelota feofavit de međ messuağ̃ illius Joh̃nem de Wynchel de Šco Salvatoř et obiit in seisina de residuo p quod medietas alia est escheta dño Regi. Et p̃d̃ Joh̃nes veñ e dič qđ p̃dcm mesuağ̃ satis carū est p p̃dco redditu. Et offert dño Regi reddm j capoñ p sic qđ possit tenere integre p̃dcm mesuağ̃. Et q̃ constat Cuř qđ mesuağ̃ illud satis carū est pro p̃dco redditu conceditur ei eod̃m modo quo petit.

relief when it shall occur. The same Ralph long ago erected a dove-cote & he was ordered in the previous assizes to pull it down &c. And Ralph now comes & gives to the lord the King the rent of one lb. of pepper to be taken every year for ever, so that he & his heirs may enjoy that dove-cote, saving the right of each. And it is allowed because it is not to the prejudice of the lord the King.

Peter Hamon & his partners hold of the lord the King 30 acres of land & they pay therefor annually to the lord the King 5 sols of free 'Greverie,' & the residue they make at the said fee of Melèches. John de St. Helier holds of the fee Paynel now belonging to the heirs of Geoffrey de Carteret one carucate of land & he owes them relief &c.

They present also that the Abbot of Bellozanne has in their parish 20 livres & 15 sols of rent & the rent of 16 quarters of wheat of which 12 quarters are of the mill Vicart in the parish of St. Laurence. And this is determined in the pleas of Quo Warranto.⁽¹⁾

They present also that Ralph le Valeyn fixed a certain door in his house without right towards the tenement of Drogo de Barentyn whereby the exit from the said door is to the great prejudice & damage of the said Drogo. Therefore let the said door be built up & made in the right place. And let the said Ralph be amerced.

They present also that Philip Lemprière gave to a certain Emmelota Baudonette, a bastard, one messuage containing 5 perches of land, she paying therefor to the said Philip & his heirs one bushel of wheat, one loaf & one hen. And the same Emmelota enfeoffed the moiety of that messuage to John de Vinchelez of St. Saviour & died in the seisin of the remainder, whereby the other moiety is escheated to the lord the King. And the said John comes & says that the said messuage is sufficiently dear at the said rent, & offers to the lord the King the rent of one capon so that he may hold wholly the said messuage. And because it appears to the Court that that messuage is sufficiently dear at the said rent it is granted to him as he claims.

(1) See page 234.

Et Juř duodene p plibz concelamentis in veredco suo die quibz
cōvicti fflunt coram Justič p examinačōem in mīa.

[Respice de remañ in dorso Rořli de poči Šce T'nitař.]

(M. 40.)

Adhuc de plifis Gorone de poči Šce T'nitatis.

Fressingfeld.

poči Šce T'nitatis veñ p xij.

Jereš

Juř pŕesentant qđ Phelipotus le Rous feč filiam Guilti Aymer cla
ha. Aymer feč Phm le Rous cla ha. Iđo fiant
inde emend. Et Ričus Geffrey de eo qđ ipe solitus
est cape panem e victualia e huj⁹modi furtive tč. Et idm
p'sona et patet de eo in Rořlo delibačoe Gaoř.

Presentant t̃ qđ Colinus Aunerey in sequendo unū agnū casū
fortuito cecidit de colle, et inde statim obiit, et
nullus inde malecr̃. Juđm Infortunm̃.

Presentant t̃ qđ Mathias Levesqe a xiiij annis elapsis abjuř In-
sulas p lotrocinio [et habuit] catalla p̃cii xvj š de quibz Jořnes de
Šco Martino đns řre ipius Mathie esč tč.

Presentant t̃ qđ Radus du Bolloun solitus est coit trahere comu-
niř fideles hoies ex̃ dominiū đni Regi in Cuř xpianitatis apud Constanč
e alibi qui modo nō veñ. Iđo ipe in g^m mīa.

Presentant t̃ qđ Guiftus Blaunlok s⁹pensus fuit a vj annis elapsis
et fuit catalla p̃cii LX š debilis monete de quibz Jořnes de Newent
respondeř.

Presentant t̃ qđ Osanna Blanlok adiu est abjuř Insulas et fuit
j virg řre unde đns Rex fuit anñ tč.

And the jury of 12 men for many concealments in their verdict of which they were convicted before the justices in examination to be amerced.

[For the remainder refer to the back of the roll of the parish of Holy Trinity.]

(M. 40.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of Holy Trinity.
Fressingfeld.

The parish of Holy Trinity comes by 12 men.

Jersey.

The jurors present that Phelipot le Rous caused the daughter of William Aymer to raise 'Haro.' Aymer caused Philip le Rous to raise 'Haro.' Therefore let them make amends therefor. And Richard Geffrey [was indicted] for that he is wont to take bread & victuals & such like things by stealth &c. And the same [was committed] to prison & it appears concerning him in the roll of gaol delivery.

They present also that Colin Aunerey in following a lamb by accident fell from [and broke his] neck, & thereof immediately died, & no one is suspected thereof. Verdict : by misadventure.

They present also that Matthias Levesque 14 years ago abjured the islands for theft. [He had] chattels of the value of 16 sols of which John de St. Martin lord of the land of the said Matthias has the escheat &c.

They present also that Ralph du Bollon is generally wont to compel the King's lieges to appear out of the realm of the lord the King at the Ecclesiastical Court at Coutances & elsewhere ; who now does not come. Therefore he is to be heavily amerced.

They present also that William Blaunlok was hanged six years ago & had chattels of the value of 60 sols of poor money for which John de Newent shall answer.

They present also that Osanna Blanlok long ago abjured the islands & had one virgate of land whereof the lord the King had the year's enjoyment &c.

Presentant t̃ qđ dñs Rex flet in eoꝝ pochl de forisfactura relicte Hugōis Sarre xij ac̃ f̃re e valent p añ xij q̃r̃t̃ f̃ri. Et de Wiltmo Sarre de j virg̃ f̃re et de di ac̃r cuj^odam Vivencie j q̃r̃t̃ f̃ri et flet ulfius de eisdem teñ j pañ e j galliñ. Iñm dicunt qđ fumagiū istius pochl valet coibz annis cū acciderit xj li. Dicunt t̃ qđ antiquis tempibz dñs Rex solebat p̃cipe de molendino de Pounterryn et xxiiij ac̃ f̃re in ista pochl xxiiij q̃r̃t̃ f̃ri p añ que Abbissa de Cadomo nūc pcepit quo jure t̃c nesciunt. Et Guillus le Petit de Rosel e p̃ticipes sui tenent de dño Rege j carucañ f̃re e reddunt p añ v š et debet de p̃dca carucata plenū releviū cū acciderit. Iñm dñs Rex flet in ista pochia espkeriam suam de Bouley.

Presentant t̃ qđ Guillus de Exclusa pcussit Joñem Broket cum quodam bacto sup dorsum. Ido ipe in m̃ia.

Presentant t̃ qđ ecclia istius pochl est de advocacōne Abbis de Schireburgh et Ep̃us Abriceñ heđ međ decime et idem Abbas flet duas ptes alfius medietatis et Abbas Šci Salvatoris f̃ciam garbam t̃c.

Presentant t̃ qđ Ričus Bealheir, Radus le Mouner, Colinus le Pyanet e Guillot^o Bealheir molendinariū flet falsas mensur̃ de quibz capiunt tioloniū t̃c qui veñ e inde cōvicti puniūt p pilloriū.

Presentant t̃ qđ as̃s panis e vini fracta p sbs̃ptos videlt Radm Triguel, Ričm de Grouche, Step̃m de Grouche, Guilm de Grouche, Peñ Osanne, Ričm de Keytiuel, Ričm Godefrey, Ročtm le Cras de Capellaz, Guillotū fil Ciole, Jordm Dauverne, Ričm de Cruce, Relictam Joñis Johan, Jordm Ascelyn e Ričm Antoine bolengař. Et Radm Trigel, Radm le Mire, Peñ de Bullone, Ročtm le Aungre, Gregoñ le Feel la Marcise, Raulinū de Sangreys, Guilm de Sangreys, Ričm de Cruce, Galfr̃m Galicien e Galfr̃m du Mount Tañnarios. Ido om̃es in m̃ia.

They present also that the lord the King has in their parish of the forfeiture of the widow of Hugh Sarre 12 acres of land & they are worth by the year 12 quarters of wheat. And of William Sarre of one virgate of land & of half an acre of a certain Vivencia one quarter of wheat & has further of the same tenements one loaf & one hen. They also say that the fumage of this parish is worth one year with another when it shall occur 11 livres. They say also that in ancient times the lord the King was wont to receive of the mill of Ponterrin & 24 acres of land in this parish, 24 quarters of wheat by the year which the Abbess of Caen now receives, by what right &c. they know not. And William le Petit of Rosel & his partners hold of the lord the King one carucate of land & they pay by the year 5 sols & there is owing for the said carucate full relief when it shall occur. Also the lord the King has in this parish his esperkeria at Bouley.

They present also that William de l'Ecluse struck John Broket with a certain stick on his back. Therefore he is to be amerced.

They present also that the Church of this parish is of the advowson of the Abbot of Cherbourg, & the Bishop of Avranches has the moiety of the tithe & the same Abbot has 2 parts of the other moiety & the Abbot of St. Saviour the 3rd sheaf &c.

They present also that Richard Bealheir, Ralph le Mouner, Colin le Pyanet, & Guillot Bealheir, millers, have false measures by which they take toll &c. who come & being convicted thereof are punished by the pillory.

They present also that the assize of bread & wine is broken by the underwritten, to wit, Ralph Triguel, Richard de Gruchy, Stephen de Gruchy, William de Gruchy, Peter Ozanne, Richard de Quetteville, Richard Godefrey, Robert le Cras de la Chapelle, Guillot son of Ciola, Jordan d'Auverne, Richard de la Croix, the widow of John Johan, Jordan Ascelyn, & Richard Antoine, bakers; and Ralph Trigel, Ralph le Mire, Peter de Bullon, Robert le Aungre, Gregory le Feel, la Mareise, Raulin de Sangreys, William de Sangreys, Richard de la Croix, Geoffrey Galicien & Geoffrey du Mont, taverners. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

Presentant t̃ qđ Guiltus de Grouche feč citare Joñem de Barantino e Colinū de Laundes ex^a regnū tē in Cuī x̃pianitatis sine causa tē. Et capellanus de Cruce feč citare Pionet le Cras e relictam Joñnis le Lyoun apud Constañ e alibi sine causa tē. Ido ipe in mīa.

Presentant t̃ qđ Joñnes de clauso pcussit de pugno Dionisiam sororem suam unde cla ha. Ido ipe in mīa.

Presentant t̃ qđ post ultimas aās devenit ad wreccū j pecia ligni sup ēram dñi Reġ p̃cii xvij s̃ q̃m Guiltus Lengenour fuit qui respond.

Presentant t̃ qđ Petrus le Moigne adiu est s^opensus fuit a Wiltus Aubates simitr. Et fuerunt ēras unde dñs Rēx fuit añ tē et Joñnes de Barantyn dñs tē fuit eschetam tē.

Presentant t̃ qđ Henř de Šco Martino e pticipes sui tenent j carucaī ēre de dño Rege e debent plenū releviū tē. Et Rađs Godel e pticipes sui tenent quemđ feod̃ de dño Rege quem Rađs Payn quond̃ tenuit e reddunt dño Regi p añ xx s̃ de greveria. Et Wiltus Payn est antenatus de vij acr ēre e di que deš releviū cū acciderit s. viij s̃ vj d. Et Wiltus des Augreys tenet de dño Rege teñ sua p šviciū essendi Pinčna dñi Reġ cū veñit in hāc Insulam et est releviū feodi des Augreys e alioz teñ de antiquo tē que ipe e pticipes sui tenent vij li cū acciderit. Et idem Wiltus flet garennam e Wreccū in ēris suis e t̃minat^r in quo Wař. Itm carucata de Pount terryn unde Robtus Hubert tenet eynetiam debet fiere ij paria ferroz j limam e j marcellū e debent custodire p'soñ dñi Reġ et debent tenentes ejusđ feodi invenire p̃dca ferra limam e marcellū sumptibz suis tē.

They present also that William de Gruchy caused John de Barantin & Colin des Landes to be cited out of the realm &c. at the Ecclesiastical Court without cause &c. And the chaplain of the Cross caused Pionet le Cras & the widow of John le Lyon to be cited at Coutances & elsewhere without cause. Therefore they are to be amerced.

They present also that John du Clos struck Dionisia his sister with his fist, whereupon ' Haro ' was raised. Therefore he is to be amerced.

They present also that since the last assizes there came of wreck one piece of wood on the land of the lord the King of the value of 18 sols, which William Lenginour had, who shall answer.

They present also that Peter le Moigne was hanged long ago, & William Aubates likewise. And they had lands whereof the lord the King had the year &c. And John de Barantyn the lord &c. had the escheat &c.

They present also that Henry de St. Martin & his partners hold one carucate of land of the lord the King & owe full relief &c. And Ralph Godel & his partners hold a certain fee of the lord the King which Ralph Payn formerly held & they pay to the lord the King by the year 20 sols of ' Greverie.'⁽¹⁾ And William Payn was the former tenant⁽²⁾ of 7½ acres of land which owe relief when it shall occur, to wit, 8 sols 6 deniers. And William des Augrès holds of the lord the King his tenements by the service of being the butler of the lord the King when he shall come to this island & the relief of the fee of Augrès & of other tenements of old &c. which he & his partners hold, is 7 livres when it shall occur. And the same William has warren & wreck in his land & it is determined in the Quo Warranto. Also the carucate of Ponterrin whereof Robert Hubert possesses the primogeniture⁽³⁾ ought to have 2 pairs of fetters, one dagger & one hammer & they owe the service of keeping the prison of the lord the King & the tenants of the same fee ought to find the aforesaid fetters, dagger & hammer at their own costs &c.

(1) Husbandry service which vassals owe to the lord of the manor.

(2) Literally—' was the predecessor.'

(3) Eynetia or ainescia = droit d'ainesse.

(M. 40 d.) **Adhuc de p̃l̃ifis de Corona de poch̃ Šce T̃nitať.**

Presentant qđ Ričus le Aungre p injuriam suam feč Guifm
Nouel ha. cla. Ido ipe in m̃ia.

Presentant t̃ qđ Rohtus le Broket traxit fram de via regali sup
fram suam. Etus Mahie relevavit fossatum suū de chimino
Reğ. Ido ipe in m̃ia.

Presentant t̃ qđ tenentes feodi as Grouchees debent fače unam
domū in feodo illo ubi dñs Rex debet h̃re unū ceppum ad custod̃
p̃soñ de poch̃ Šci Joħnis Šci Lauřntii Šci Elerii e Šce T̃nitatis et
debet Rex invenire ceppū illū s̃z tenentes dñi Reğ de p̃dcis poch̃
tenent̃r custodire p̃sones t̃c.

Presentant t̃ qđ Galfr̃ Galicien feč citare Willm de Maresk̃ ex^a
dominiū Reğ apud Constanč in Cuř xp̃ianitatis. Ido ipe in g^{vi} m̃ia.

Et Juř duodene p p̃libz concelamentis in veredco suo de quibz
cōvicti f̃fiunt coram Justič p examinačōem in m̃ia.

Pehonnett^o le Cras, Guilts Payn, Ričus lequrnel, Jord̃ Acelyn,
Rohtus Mauğ, Rohtus de Clusa, Rohtus Galce, Ričus Langele, Guif
Lesmitey, Guif P̃hi, Guif Chivaler xj juř quibz Galfr̃ le Keu fuit
convictus⁽¹⁾ e Juř ut xij^o t̃c in Inquiš inf̃ P̃hotam de Barantyn e
Henř de Šco Martino amoŋnt de se p̃dcem Galfr̃ qui Juř fuit corā
Justič e assumpserunt sibi p xij^o Wif Galicien nō Juř sine scitu vt
licēcia Justič n^e aliam ročm sciverunt diče p se nisi qđ p̃dcs Galfr̃
noluit cōcordař cū eis. Jō oīnes in m̃ia.

(1) For *convinctus*.

(M. 40 d.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
Holy Trinity.

They present that Richard le Aungre by his wrongful act caused William Novel to raise 'Haro.' Therefore he is to be amerced.

They present also that Robert le Broket removed ground from the King's high-way on to his land. And Mahie rebuilt his hedge from the road of the King. Therefore he is to be amerced.

They present also that the tenants of the fee of the Gruchys must provide a house in that fee where the lord the King ought to have one pair of stocks for the custody of the prisoners of the parishes of St. John, St. Laurence, St. Helier & Holy Trinity, & the King ought to find those stocks, but the tenants of the lord the King of the aforesaid parishes are bound to keep the prisoners &c.

They present also that Geoffrey Galicien caused William du Marais to be cited out of the realm of the King at Coutances in the Ecclesiastical Court. Therefore he is to be heavily amerced.

And the jury of 12 for many concealments in their verdict of which they were convicted before the Justices in examination, to be amerced.

Pehonnett le Cras, William Payn, Richard Lequrnel, Jordan Acelyn, Robert Mauger, Robert de l'Ecluse, Robert Galie, Richard Langele, William Lesmitey, William Philip, William Chevalier, 11 jurors with whom Geoffrey le Keu was joined & sworn as the 12th &c, in the inquisition between Philota de Barantyn & Henry de St. Martin removed from themselves the aforesaid Geoffrey who was sworn before the Justices & took to themselves for the 12th William Galicien, who was not sworn, without the knowledge & license of the Justices, nor can they give any excuse for themselves except that the said Geoffrey did not wish to agree with them. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

Adhuc de reman de pochi Šci Elerii.

Comptum est p Rořlos Phi le Evesk Balti qđ Jords Lempere insultavit Willm Lenginour faciendo ei plaġ e sang^{ne}m qui veñ e feč finem p pđca t^{ns} p XL š ppłm Phi le Evesk. Et t comptū est qđ Ričus Corbel noctanř insultavit Guillm Columb e fregit tabardū suū unde ha cla. Et qđ Rořtus le Bas Junior vřbavit Phelipotū Bordař Reġ noctanř unde ha cla. Iđo fiant inde emend.

Comptum est p Rořlos ejusđ Balti qđ Radus le Harel vřbavit in crespisco noctis Stepřm le Breton cū acabliamento e sang^{ne}, unde ha cla. Et pđcs Rads veñ & feč finem p pđca t^{ns} p xxx š. Et t comptū est p eosđ Rořlos qđ Petronilla uxor Giffi Columb p ebrietatem inposuit Jord le Serk in tařna pđci Guilli qđ voluit asportasse quend ciph argenteñ et postea inde retraxit se e fečunt pacē adinvicem sine licencia. Iđo uřq, eoř in mīa. Et pđcus Guills feč finem p uře sua p x š ppłm Galfři Galicien. Et Jords feč finem p xij š ppłm Henř de Šco Martino.

Comptum est t p Rořlos ejusđ Balti qđ Guills des Aungreys Jořnes de Wyncheles e Přus de Wyncheles vřbařunt Raolinam la Maynene e ipřam acabliařunt uñ sang^s e ha cla. Et pđci Guills Jořnes e Přus veñ e fečunt finem p pđca t^{ns} videlř pđcs Guills p xxxviiij š et Jořnes p xxxviiij š ppłm Guilli Payn. Et Přus p xxxviiij š. ppłm Guilli Payn đci ctici. Et t comptū est p eosđ Rořlos qđ Jořnes Columbamý vřbavit noctanř Guillm Columb cognatū suū e ipřm acabliavit uñ plaga sang^s e ha cla. Iđo fač inde emend et taxant^r p juř ad Liiij š.

Comptum est p Rořlos ejusdem Balti qđ Wilts Crespel pcussit uřem Jorđi Perchart de quod lapid in capite faciendo ei plaġ e

Continuation of the remainder of the parish of St. Helier.

It is found by the rolls of Philip l'Evesque Bailiff that Jordan Lemprière assaulted William Lenginour wounding him & drawing blood, who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 40 sols by the pledge of Philip l'Evesque. And it is also found that Richard Corbel by night assaulted William Columb & tore his tunic whereupon 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. And that Robert le Bas, junior, struck Phelipot, a 'bordier' of the King, by night whereupon 'Haro' was raised. Therefore let them make amends therefor.

It is found by the rolls of the same Bailiff that Ralph le Harel struck in the twilight Stephen le Breton by throwing him down & drawing blood, whereupon 'Haro' raised. And the aforesaid Ralph came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 30 sols. And it is also found by the same rolls that Petronilla wife of William Columb on the plea of drunkenness detained Jordan le Serk in the tavern of the said William because he wished to carry away a certain silver cup, & afterwards she withdrew therefrom & they mutually arranged the matter without license. Therefore both of them to be amerced. And the aforesaid William compounded for his wife by 10 sols by the pledge of Geoffrey Galicien. And Jordan compounded by 12 sols by the pledge of Henry de St. Martin.

It is also found by the rolls of the same Bailiff that William des Augrès, John de Vinchelez & Philip de Vinchelez struck Raulina la Maynene & threw her down whereupon blood flowed & 'Haro' raised. And the aforesaid William, John & Philip came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression, to wit, the aforesaid William by 38 sols, & John by 38 sols, by the pledge of William Payn, & Philip by 38 sols by the pledge of William Payn called the clerk. And it is also found by the same rolls that John Columbamy by night struck William Columb his kinsman & threw him down whereupon wounds, blood, & 'Haro' raised. Therefore let them make amends therefor & they are taxed by the jurats at 54 sols.

It is found by the rolls of the same Bailiff that William Crespel struck the wife of Jordan Perchard with a certain stone on her head inflicting on her a wound & drawing blood, whereupon 'Haro' raised.

sang^unem uñ ha cla. Et p̃dcus Wilts nō veñ. Ido Raðs Norman, Raðs Crespel senior, Raðs Crespel Junior e Guilts de Laik qui ip̃m manucep̃ in g^m m̃ia.

Comptum est p Roilos ejusd qđ Jord le Rous alias querebañ de Guiffo Riuere de furco unius capucii et appleg̃ ad has as̃s modo nō vult psequi. Iō ipe in m̃ia. Comptū est t̃ p Roilos ejusd qđ Lucas Martin cepit quasđ garbas vi quas p^us vendiderat Guiffo Abaffaleyse unde ha cla. Iō ipe in m̃ia.

Matthūs le Loreour Vič tč p̃sentat qđ cū ipe p̃cepisset P̃ho le Bacotel bordario tč qui tenet bordagiū suū quod fuit Pet^o Seirre p sviciū suspendendi lat^ones e huj^o viliū svicioz qđ ipe poñet Ricm̃ fit Galfri sup pilloriū p p̃ceptū Justič hic tč p̃dcs P̃hus ilta fače noluit dicens manifeste se nolle huj^o sviciū fače. Iō ipe in m̃ia. Et bordagiū cap^r in mañ dñi Reğ tč. Postea veñ Rohtus Crespel Junior qui desponsavit unam fiedū p̃dci Petⁱ e peñ p̃dcm bord sibi libari p p̃dcm sviciū p eo faciend e offert secuř tč. Et concedit^r ei pp̃tm p̃dci Vič. Et supponit sibir totam terram nōie secuř tč.

(M. 41.)

Adhuc de p̃litis de Corona.

pochia Šci Salvatoris veñ p xij.

Jerseye. Juř p̃sentrant qđ Petr^o de Šco Clemente s^opensus fuit p latrocinio a duobz annis elapsis. [Habuit] catalla ad valenč xij libraş debīt monete de quodam debito qđ Humfridus de la Faleise de quibz P̃hus Levesqe balis qui illas recepit respondebit. Et Ričus filius Riči Dru et Ričm a diu s^opensi ffūt et nō fuerunt f̃ras nec catalla. Et Ričus de la Hoge a x annis elapsis [suspensus] fuit p latrocinio et non fuit catalla set de f̃ra ejus patet in dorso roñi.

And the aforesaid William did not come. Therefore Ralph Norman, Ralph Crespel senior, Ralph Crespel junior, & William de Lecq who bailed him to be heavily amerced.

It is found by the rolls of the same that Jordan le Rous at another time accused William Rivere of the theft of a cap & it was remanded to these assizes. He does not now wish to prosecute. Therefore he is to be amerced. It is also found by the rolls of the same that Luke Martin took by force certain sheaves which before that he had sold to William Abatfalaise whereupon 'Haro' raised. Therefore he is to be amerced.

Matthew le Loreour, Viscount &c. presented that whereas he commanded Philip le Bacotel, bordier &c. who holds his bordage which belonged to Peter Seirre by the service of hanging thieves & of such mean services, that he should put Richard son of Geoffrey in the pillory by the order of the Justices here &c. the aforesaid Philip would not do it, saying openly that he would not do this service. Therefore he is to be amerced. And the bordage is taken into the hands of the lord the King &c. Afterwards came Robert Crespel junior who married one of the heirs of the aforesaid Peter & prays that the aforesaid bordage may be re-delivered to him on condition that the aforesaid service be performed by him & he offers security &c. And it is granted to him by the pledge of the aforesaid Viscount. And he pledged likewise the whole of the land by way of security &c.

(M. 41.)

Continuation of the pleas of the Crown.

The parish of St. Saviour comes by 12 men.

Jersey.

The jurors present that Peter de St. Clement was hanged for theft 2 years ago. [He had] chattels to the value of 12 livres of poor money consisting of a certain debt that Humphrey de la Falaise [owed him] of which Philip Levesque Bailiff who received the same shall answer. And Richard son of Richard Dru & Richard were hanged a long time ago & they had neither lands nor chattels. And Richard de la Hougue was [hanged] 10 years ago for theft, & he had no chattels, but it appears concerning his land on the back of the roll,

Clemencia La Baffarde s^opensa fuit ab octo annis elapsis non fuit fram hedita^r set fuit q^{ndā} archam e unam patella p^{ci}i v s de q^{ibz} hedes Petri Espiart respondebunt.

Dñs Rex h^t de forisfactura f^{re} Radi Galter qui abju^r Insulas v v^{ga}t ter^r que valent p annu ij q^r f^{ri}. Et de Riço le Dru qui simi^r abju^r t^c iij v^{ga}t f^{re}. Et valent p ann^u ij buss f^{ri}. Et de f^{ra} Thome Briard s^opensi unam v^{ga}tam f^{re} que valet p ann^u iij ca^b f^{ri}. Et p maⁿ Radi Dru p iij virga^t f^{re} de f^{ra} i^pius Thome que p Justi^c libate f^uut p^d Rado p ix ca^b f^{ri} de quibz viij ca^b remaⁿ i^pe Rado p j q^r f^{ri} de redditu quē idem Rads emit de p^dco Thoma dū fidel^u fuit et ca^b residuus re^m d^{no} Regi et respond^t d^{no} Regi de arre^r viij anno^r t^c unde Rex decept^o fuit t^c q^u f^m valuit f^{ra} sibi libata ult^a p^{cm} t^c.

Jordanus Pasquer a diu est abju^r insulas et fuit duas v^{ga}tas f^{re} in feodo de Melech unde Rex fuit annū e diem t^c. Et dñs p^dci feodi esch^etam.

Dñs Rex h^t de esch^eteta de Hawysia Wautier bastarda dⁱ virga^t f^{re} que valet p annū j ca^b f^{ri}. Et de P^{ho} Pitory Bastardo iij v^{ga}t f^{re} cum una domo que valent p annū xij ca^b f^{ri}. Et de Jo^hne filii Rob^ti le Rous fugit^o j virgatam f^{ra} que valet p ann^u ij bz f^{ri}.

Presentant t^u q^d dñs Rex pcipit in eo^r parochia de firma p ann^u ad paschⁱ ix li viij s iij d ad f^m S^ci Pauli in estate ix li viij s iij d. Et ad f^m S^ci Michⁱs ix li xij s iij d. Et debent tenentes dñi Re^g in d^{ca} parochⁱ fa^{ce} caria^g dñi Re^g de vino feno e busca capi^{en}do p quilibz carectata ij d. Habet t^u id^m dñs Rex in d^{ca} pochia ij molend^{ia} aquatica que valent coibz annis LX li. Et debent tenentes ma^gri P^{hi} de Cheny sectam ad molendinū dñi Re^g de Malassis ter p annū ad molendū s. ad Na^l. Paschⁱ et ad f^m S^ci Michⁱs et debent invenire

Clemencia La Baffarde was hanged 8 years ago & had no land of inheritance but she had a certain chest & one pan of the value of 5 sols for which the heirs of Peter Espiart shall answer.

The lord the King has of the forfeiture of the land of Ralph Gautier who abjured the islands 5 virgates of land which are worth per annum 2 quarters of wheat; & of Richard le Dru who likewise abjured &c. 3 virgates of land & they are worth per annum 2 bushels of wheat; & of the land of Thomas Briard who was hanged one virgate of land which is worth per annum 3 measures of wheat; & by the hands of Ralph Dru for 2 virgates of land of the land of the said Thomas which were leased by the justices to the said Ralph for 9 measures of wheat, of which 8 measures remain to the said Ralph, on account of one quarter of wheat of the rent which the same Ralph bought of the said Thomas while he was faithful & the other measure remains to the lord the King & he shall answer to the lord the King for the arrears of 8 years &c. whereof the King was defrauded &c. because the land leased to him was worth so much besides the aforesaid &c.

Jordan Pasquier long ago abjured the islands & had 2 virgates of land in the fee of Melèches whereof the King had the year & the day &c., and the lord of the aforesaid fee the escheat.

The lord the King has of the escheat of Hawysia Vautier a bastard half a virgate of land which is worth per annum one measure of wheat; & of Philip Pitory a bastard 4 virgates of land with a house which are worth per annum 13 measures of wheat; & of John son of Robert le Rous a fugitive one virgate of land which is worth per annum 2 bushels of wheat.

They present also that the lord the King receives in their parish of farm by the year at Easter 9 livres 8 sols 4 deniers, at the feast of St. Paul in summer 9 livres 8 sols 4 deniers, & at the feast of St. Michael 9 livres 12 sols 4 deniers. The tenants of the lord the King in the said parish owe to the lord the King the carriage of his wine, hay & firewood, taking for each cartload 2 deniers. The lord the King also has in the same parish 2 water mills which are worth one year with another 60 livres. And the tenants of Master Philip de Cheny owe suit at the mill of the lord the King at Malassis three times a year for grinding, to wit, at Christmas, Easter & Michaelmas,

maeremiū petras e coopturā ad dēm molend et Rex acq'etare carpen-
tariā et invenire melas e ferrū. Percipit t̃ dñs Rex fumagiū de tribz
annis in trēs annos et valet cōibz annis quando accidit xj li x s. Per-
cipit t̃ dñs Rex de Rošto le Paumer p añ ad Naĩ ij capōñ ij galliñ
p j pecia marisci que continet x pticatas. Et de Nicño le Gernetier
e partič suis pro quadam alia pecia ij galliñ et ij d ad Naĩ. Et ad
Pasch xxx ova j d. Et de hedibz Petri du Ruel ad Naĩ. ij galliñ ij d.
Et ad Pasch xxx ova. Et Jords de la Hoge e pticipes sui tenent
libe e debent sectam ad iij pñciples Cuĩ dñi Reg p annū sine suĩ.

Presentant t̃ qđ Pñus de Carlet e Galfr fraĩ ejus racōne comīs-
sionis f̃raꝝ f̃ce patri eoꝝ de tenementis que Roštus de Melech tenuit
ad f̃miñ vite de forisfcura Thome Paynel pcipiunt p añ de f̃ra de la
Charuee Dyne xxxviij š de firma e greveria. Et de la Charuee des
Gorges xxx š.

Presentant t̃ qđ ecclia p̃d̃cte parochie sita est in feodo Abbisse
de Cadm set Archidiacoñ Constañ illam tenet e valet coibz annis
xx li.

Petr^o du Val e Wilts du Val tenent x v'gaĩ f̃re p bordağ e šviciū
inde faciend t̃c. Et reddunt nichilomin^o ad p̃d̃cam firma ij s. vj d.

Presentant t̃ qđ Wilts Vaudyn feč injuriam Rošto le Lorour
unde ha cla qui modo nō veñ. Ido in m̃ia.

Presentant t̃ qđ Guillimota filia Wilti Fale etatis xij annoꝝ
inventa fuit s̃mersa in puteo Jordani de la Hoge nullus inde malec^r.
Judm Infortuñ.

Presentant t̃ qđ Roštus Sibille senior solit^o est fače citare fideles
ñoies dñi Reg ex^a Insulas maličose qui veñ e convict^o est de majori

& they ought to find timber, stones & covering for the said mill & the King ought to discharge the carpentering & find the mill-stones & the iron. The lord the King also receives fumage every three years & it is worth one year with another when it shall occur 11 livres 10 sols. The lord the King also receives of Robert le Paumer yearly at Christmas 2 capons & 2 hens for one piece of marsh-land which contains 10 perches; & of Nicholas le Gernetier & his partners for a certain other piece 2 hens & 2 deniers at Christmas, & at Easter 30 eggs & one denier; & of the heirs of Peter du Ruel at Christmas 2 hens & 2 deniers; & at Easter 30 eggs. And Jordan de la Hougue & his partners are free tenants & owe suit at the 3 principal courts of the lord the King annually without summons.

They present also that Philip de Carteret & Geoffrey his brother by reason of the grant of the lands made to their father of the tenelements which Robert de Melèches held for the term of his life of the forfeiture of Thomas Paynel receive by the year of the land of the Carucate Dyne 38 sols of farm & 'greverie' & of the Carucate des Gorges⁽¹⁾ 30 sols.

They present also that the Church of the aforesaid parish is situated in the fee of the Abbess of Caen but the Archdeacon of Coutances holds it & it is worth one year with another 20 livres.

Peter du Val & William du Val hold 10 virgates of land by bordage & performing the service thereof &c. And they pay nevertheless to the aforesaid⁽²⁾ 2 sols 6 deniers as farm.

They present also that William Vaudin did an injury to Robert le Lorour whereupon 'Haro' raised, who now does not come. Therefore he is to be amerced.

They present also that Guillimota daughter of William Fale of the age of 12 years was found drowned in the well of Jordan de la Hougue; nobody being suspected thereof. Verdict: by misadventure.

They present also that Robert Sibelle senior is wont maliciously to cause the subjects of the lord the King to be cited out of the islands,

(1) Bagot. (2) Abbess of Caen.

pte tē. Ido committit' p'sone. Et Thom̃ Hugh̃ clericus similr fač citare tē e jam p v annos maličōse fatigavit Floriam Chapelein. Et Petr⁹ Poindestre similr et feč maličōse citari Robtūm Aleyn e Joħm de Caleys coram Judicibz delegatis. Et Ričus Poubele similr feč citare Petrū le Telier ap̃d Constanč maličōse et ad magnos labores e ad magna custagia cont^a coēs inhibičōes tē qui nō veñ. Ido capiantur cum veñint. Et Vič cap̃ in mañ dñi Regē terras e teñ tē. Et fuit mīa. Postea delata fuit hic qđ fra ad sectam p̃dci Petr⁹ Poindestre ad suñ Baltm e p̃tes alios Insule qđ forent corā conservatoř p'viliōs uniŕsitať Parisi tē ad respondē de t̃ñs hic fēis tē. Et Juř dicūt qđ illđ fit p abettū e p̃cuř Joħe sororis e p̃ticipis ip̃ius Pet¹. Iō fra eoř cū cať reñ in mañ dñi k q^ousq, tē s. iij q^rī ordi de vestuř [de] ij virgē tre p̃cii xxiiij s j vacč p̃č xxv s, xij biđ p̃č xxiiij s minuta in domo p̃č x s j acř tre qđ v p anñ vj cať fri. Itm in poch̃ Šci Clemētis.

Presentant t̃ qđ Wilts filius Emmelote la Barbine puer đidii anni jacens in bercia dimissus fuit sine custodia in domo ip̃ius Emmelote et quidam canis Thomase des Vaus inveniēs capť p̃dci p̃ūi unctū de Grassa corrodit capť pueri usq, ad cerebrum unde statim obiit nullus alius inde malec^r et sepult⁹ fuit sine scitu vī visu baltī qui loco coronatoris est tē. Ido tota pochia in mīa. Et predca Thomasia cuj⁹ canis tē in mīa. Et predca Emmelota similr in mīa.

Presentant t̃ qđ Jords Crespel ab xj annis elapsis s⁹pensus fuit p furto j jumenti. Et habuit v virgē tre in feodo de Melesches unde dñs Rex fuit annū e vastū. Et heredes Regiñ de Carfet fient esch̃.

Presentant t̃ qđ molendinař molend̃ de Malasys levařunt quandā nova customā et testatū est tē qđ molendinař de aliis molend̃ sifr levařunt tē. [Mandatum est] Balto q^m vič qđ sollempniť e publice aliqō petat vī extorqueat ab aliq^o mo..... q'etū tē.

who comes & is convicted by the greater part &c. Therefore he is committed to prison; & Thomas Hugh, clerk, likewise caused to be cited &c. and now for 5 years has maliciously troubled Floria Chapelein; & Peter Poingdestre likewise & he maliciously caused Robert Aleyn & John de Caley to be cited before the Justices delegated; & Richard Poubele likewise maliciously caused Peter le Telier to be cited at Coutances, & at much trouble & at great cost contrary to the general inhibitions &c., who did not come. The Viscount let them be arrested when they shall come. And let the Viscount take into the hands of the lord the King the lands & tenements &c. he was amerced. Afterwards there was brought here a certain letter at the suit of the aforesaid Peter Poingdestre to summon the Bailiff & many others of the island to be before the conservators of the privileges of the university of Paris⁽¹⁾ &c. to answer for the transgressions here done &c. And the jurors say that that is done by the abetment & procurement of Joan the sister & partner of the said Peter. Therefore their lands with their chattels shall remain in the hands of the lord the King until &c., to wit, 3 quarters of barley of the crop of 2 virgates of land value 24 sols, one cow value 25 sols, 12 sheep value 24 sols, sundries in the house value 10 sols, & one acre of land which is worth by the year 6 measures of wheat. Also in the parish of St. Clement.

They present also that William son of Emmelota la Barbine a child of half a year old lying in the cradle was left alone in the house of the said Emmelota & a certain dog of Thomasa des Vaux finding the head of the said child anointed with grease gnawed the head of the child to the brain whereof it died immediately; nobody else is suspected thereof & he was buried without the knowledge or view of the Bailiff who acts as coroner &c. Therefore the whole parish to be amerced. And the aforesaid Thomasa whose dog &c. to be amerced. And the aforesaid Emmelota likewise to be amerced.

They present also that Jordan Crespel was hanged 11 years ago for the theft of a mare. [He had] a virgate of land in the fee of Melèches, whereof the lord the King had the year & waste. And the heirs of Reginald de Carteret have the escheat.

They present also that the millers of the mill of Malassis introduced a certain new custom & it is witnessed &c. that the millers of other mills likewise introduced [It is commanded] to the Bailiff as well as to the Viscount that solemnly & publicly any who shall seek or extort from any quit &c.

(1) See Special Note following Errata.

(M. 41 d.)

Adhuc de pochia Šci Salvatoris.

Presentant t̃ qđ Roštus Gichart e Petř Piket noctant^r pessime murdriaverūt Thomam Doneuand e Olivam uřem ejus unde Bařs e alii Ministri đni Reğ ptes fecerť inquis e neminē inde venerunt culpabil licet řm illud fuisset vilissimū e pessimū. Iđo tota pochia pter Juř in mĩa. Postea pđcus Peř reddidit se p'sone et q'etat^o est sicut patet alibi. Et Roštus nō veñ. Iđo eřg^r e utlag^r. Et catalla ejus in poch Šci Elerii blađ semĩať ad campť unđ pparš ejus xv ř. Et in pochia Šci Salvatoris řm semĩať ad valorem vij cař ři et ordiñ ad valorem iiij cař ordi et de siliğ ad valorem iiij q'řť siliğ e di et de piř ad valorem iiij cař piř et de fař ad valorem vj cař fař. Idem řuit j vacč e ij vituť pčii xxx ř et x bidenť pčii xx solidť. Idem řuit řram hereditarie s. v virğ řre quaz que valet p annũ ij cař ři řuit t̃ j parcellā e j archā pčii vj ř j ruscā pčii iiij ř j miscariũ ad teland pč v ř de quibz Mathus le Loreour Vič e ppořtus ejusđ vill respondť.

Presentant t̃ qđ assisa panis e vini fracta est p infrascriptos videlř p Roštum le Lorour, Petrum du Val, Godeřm le Lyoun, Colinũ le pdomme, Lauř řrem ejus, Guillotũ le Rous, Perrotam Payen, Margiam Paen, Rađm Moraunt, Roštũ Geřř, Ričm Lengleys, Rađm Brusebarre, Edm Guyot, Guillm Huřt, Ričm le Mussoun, Guillm Palot, Roštum Poleyn, Jořnem Esclenke, Ričm Esclenke, Ričm Gilbť, Guillm Barbey, Petrum Poleyn, Guillm Estur, Guillm le Seneschal, Roštum Godel, Guilbťum Resoun, Jořnem le Marsaille seniozem, Petrũ Mahaud, Colinũ Guyot, Guillm Pigou, Haul, Raulinam Poleyn, bolengař. Et Galiotā la Normand, Roštum le Gerentier, Rađm le Fevere, Julianam Laloel, Petrũ Poindestre, Colinũ de la Hoge, Thoř Hugh, Lauř Loisel, Ričm le Fevere, Jořem Ayer, Beatcem

(M. 41 d.)

Continuation of the parish of St. Saviour.

They present also that Robert Gichart & Peter Piket by night most cruelly murdered Thomas Donevand & Olive his wife whereupon the Bailiff & the other officers of the lord the King made many inquisitions, & those guilty thereof never came although that deed was most brutal & cruel. Therefore the whole parish except the jurors to be amerced. Afterwards the aforesaid Peter gave himself up to prison & was acquitted as it appears elsewhere. And Robert did not come. Therefore he is banished & outlawed. And his chattels in the parish of St. Helier [consist of] corn sown on shares⁽¹⁾ whereof his share is 15 sols, & in the parish of St. Saviour wheat sown to the value of 7 measures of wheat & barley to the value of 4 measures of barley & rye to the value of 4½ quarters of rye & of peas to the value of 4 measures of peas & of beans to the value of 6 measures of beans. He had also one cow & 2 calves value 30 sols & 10 sheep value 20 sols; also land of inheritance, to wit, 5 virgates of land, whereof each is worth by the year 2 measures of wheat; he had also one plate & one chest value 6 sols, one tub value 4 sols, one loom⁽²⁾ for weaving value 5 sols of which Matthew le Loreour Viscount & the Provost of the said village shall answer.

They present also that the assize of bread & wine is broken by the underwritten, to wit, by Robert le Lorour, Peter du Val, Godfrey le Lyon, Colin le Prud'homme, Laurence, his brother, Guillot le Rous, Perrota Payn, Margery Payn, Ralph Mourant, Robert Geffrey, Richard Lengleys, Ralph Brussebarre, Edmund Guyot, William Hubert, Richard le Musson, William Palot, Robert Poleyn, John Esclenke, Richard Esclenke, Richard Gilbert, William Barbey, Peter Poleyn, William Estur, William le Seneschal, Robert Godel, Gilbert Reson, John le Marsaille, senior, Peter Mahaud, Colin Guyot, William Pigou, Havel, Raulina Poleyn, bakers; and Galiota la Normande, Robert le Gerentier, Ralph le Fevre, Juliana Lalvel, Peter Poingdestre, Colin de la Hougue, Thomas Hugh, Laurence Loisel, Richard le Fevre, John Ahier, Beatrice Maihu, Guillimota la Roseye, Ralph Ammeline,

(1) *Campartum* = the right of the lord to take a certain share of the crop.

(2) *Miscarium* for *misterium*, French *métier*,

Maihu, Guillimotā la Roseye, Rađm Ammeline, Ducz Lenglesche, Thoñ Cokerel, Płm Lustlagne, Ranulphm Gautier, Guillotū Baroun, Płm Payn, Michem Payn e Dioniš uřem Graie, tađnarios. Et Rađm Barbey, Ričm le Loreour, Wilłm Cokerel, Joñ la Marselle Junior e Hobbedot bolengař e tađnarios. Ido oñes in mĩa.

Presentant t̃ qđ Rođtus Horman feč p'presturam de chimino Reğ p quodd fossatū ppe řram suam. Et Guilts Astele, Guilts Mahu, Rađus Parey, Rađs le Harel, Guilts Chapelleyn, e Joñnes de la Faleise consimitr. Et Rođtus Guichart cepit de řra in chimino Reğ latiř viij peđ e longē x pticař ad faciend fossatū suū. Et Jordš le Rous post ultimas asř p'prestavit de cōa Reğ latiř ij peđ e longē j ptič e di. Et Wilłs Alisaundre feč fossatū in chimino Reğ sz illud petravit ante asř. Ido oñes in mĩa.

Ričus Poyle qui alias coram Bařto e Juř Reğ convictus fuit de eo qđ abduxit Mabillam uřem Gilbti le Blaunk cum bonis suis e plura gāvamina sibi intulit veñ et feč finem p pđca tñš p xx ři et teñ sua capiant' in mañ Reğ loco securitatis et corp^o suū remaneat in p'sona quousq, securitatē inveřit.

Ričus de la Hoge qui s^opensus fuit put patet infra Rotłm fuit de liba řra simul cū iiij^{or} řribz e tribz sororibz xij virğ řre unde in feodo Reğ iij virğ řre e di que valent p annū x cař řri e di et est ppars pđci Riči de integro j virğ řre e di e q'nta ps di virğ quaz virğ valet p annū iij cař řri que remañ đno Regi ut esčheta tč. Et pticipes sui respond đno Regi de arř a tempe s^opeñ tč p eo qđ nūq^a antea fuit in mañ đni Reğ et deceřo respondeat' đno Regi de valore pđce esčhete.

Presentant t̃ qđ đns Rex řet de cōa ad domū Guilli Hardoyñ vj virğ řre. Et ad domū Ranulphi Toytyn iiij virğ. Et a maufant viij virğ. Et sř domo Parey j virğ.

Duce l'Anglaise, Thomas Cokerel, Philip Lustlagne, Ranulph Gautier, Guillot Baron, Philip Payn, Michael Payn & Dionise the wife of Gray, taverners; and Ralph Barbey, Richard le Loreour, William Cokerel, John la Marselle, junior, & Hobbedot, bakers & taverners. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

They present also that Robert Horman made an encroachment on the King's road by a certain hedge near his land. And William Astele, William Mahu, Ralph Parey, Ralph le Harel, William Chappelley & John de la Falaise likewise. And Robert Guichart took of the land in the King's road in breadth 8 feet & in length 10 perches to make his hedge. And Jordan le Rous since the last assizes encroached on the common of the King 2 feet in breadth & $1\frac{1}{2}$ perches in length. And William Alexandre made a hedge in the King's road but demolished it before the assizes &c. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

Richard Poyle who at another time before the Bailiff & the Jurats of the King was convicted for that he abducted Mabel the wife of Gilbert le Blanc with his goods & did him many injuries came & compounded for the aforesaid transgressions by 20 livres, & let his tenements be taken into the hands of the King by way of security, & his body shall remain in prison until he shall find security.

Richard de la Hougue, who was hanged as it appears in the roll, had of free land together with 4 brothers & 3 sisters, 12 virgates of land whereof in the fee of the King $3\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land which are worth per annum $10\frac{1}{2}$ measures of wheat, & the share of the aforesaid Richard of the whole is $1\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land & the 5th part of half a virgate, whereof a virgate is worth by the year 3 measures of wheat, which remain to the lord the King as escheats &c. And his partners shall answer to the lord the King for the arrears from the time of the hanging &c. for that it was never before in the hands of the lord the King & from henceforth let it be accounted for to the lord the King for the value of the said escheat.

They present also that the lord the King has of common near the farm of William Hardoyne 6 virgates of land; & near the farm of Ranulph Tortyn 4 virgates; & in Maufant 8 virgates; & near the farm of Parey one virgate.

Presentant t̃ qđ Guilts Waudyn feč Robtm le Loreour ha cla q
noluit solʒe sibi iiij d̃ p repačone cuj^odam chimini. Ido ipe in m̃ia.

Presentant t̃ qđ ecclie istius pochie sita est sup feodum Abbisse
de Cadomo et est de advocačoe capithi Constancieñ e valet coibz
XLviij li.

Et Juř duodene p phibz concelamentis in veredco suo de quibz
oövieti fflunt corā Justič p examinačoe in m̃ia.

Comptum est p Rořlos Phi le Evesk Balti qđ Joñne Beneyt
Thomas Hugoun e Gilbtus le Vassal invenientes Ričm le Peile
noctanť in domo Phi Morin cū uxe Gilbti le Blank ipm vbařunt
e asptařunt tabardū suū e suptunicale suū in testimoniū invenčois.
Ido fiant inde emend dño Regi. Et t̃ comptū est qđ Gařfrus le Coker
insultavit noctanť Guiltm řrem suū faciendo ei plağ e sangnem qui
veñ e finē fecit p xxx s̃ ppřm Rađi Payn Carpentař. Comptū est p
eosdem Rořlos qđ Joñnes Direuand insultavit noctanť Guillotū Foket
in domo sua e vřavit uxem suam. Et qđ idem Joñes vřavit noctanť
Peřr Hugoun e ipm acabliavit ad řram und sangs e ha cla. Et
[Joñes] řđcs veñ e feč finem p řđcis t̃nš p XL s̃ ppřm Rađi Dire-
uaunt e Joñis Direuant.

Comptū est p Rořlos ejusđ Balti qđ Wills řit Guilli Vaudyn
vřavit Robtm le Lerour in chimino Reğ ipm acabliando unde ha cla
qui veñ e feč finem p řđca t̃nš p xxxvj s̃. Et comptu est t̃ p rořlos
ejusđm qđ Guilts le Pikot e Ričus frař ejus vbařunt noctanť Ričm
Nori, e Joñem de Grey in domo ipius Joñis. Ido fiāt inde emend.
Et t̃ comptū p eosđ Rořlos qđ Martin^o de Wyncheles pcussit Raulinā
la Mainel unde sangs e ha cla qui veñ e feč finē p řđca t̃nš p xvij s̃
ppřm Joñis de S..... Et řđcs Wills le Pikot e
Ričus frař ejus nō veñ. Id Joñes de Barantino e řđci Riči
qui ipos manucep in g̃vi m̃ia.

They present also that William Vaudin made Robert le Loreour raise the 'Clameur de Haro,' because he did not wish to pay to him 4 deniers for the repair of a certain road. Therefore he is to be amerced.

They present also that the Church of this parish is situated upon the fee of the Abbess of Caen & is of the advowson of the chapter of Coutances & is worth one year with another 48 livres.

And the jury of 12 men for many concealments in their verdict of which they were convicted before the justices by examination to be amerced.

It is found by the rolls of Philip l'Evesque the Bailiff that John Benest, Thomas Hugon & Gilbert le Vassal finding Richard le Peile by night in the house of Philip Morin with the wife of Gilbert le Blanc struck him & took away his tunic & over-tunic as evidence of the discovery. Therefore let them make amends thereof to the lord the King. And it is also found that Geoffrey le Coker by night assaulted William his brother inflicting wounds & drawing blood, who came & compounded by 30 sols by the pledge of Ralph Payn, carpenter. It is found by the same rolls that John Dirvaud by night assaulted Guillot Foket in his house & struck his wife. And that the same John by night wounded Peter Hugon & threw him to the ground whereupon blood was drawn & 'Haro' raised. And the aforesaid [John] came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 40 sols, by the pledge of Ralph Dirvaud & John Dirvaud.

It is found by the rolls of the same Bailiff that William son of William Vaudin struck Robert le Lerour in the King's high-way throwing him down whereupon 'Haro' was raised, who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 36 sols. And it is found also by the rolls of the same that William le Picot & Richard his brother by night struck Richard Nori & John de Grey in the house of the said John. Therefore let them make amends thereof. And it is also found by the same rolls that Martin de Vinchelez struck Raulina la Mainel whereupon blood flowed & 'Haro' raised, who came & compounded for the said transgression by 18 sols, by the pledge of John de S..... And the aforesaid William le Picot & Richard his brother did not come therefore John de Barantin & of the said Richard, who bailed them to be heavily amerced.

(M. 42.) **Adhuc de plitis de Corona** de pochia Šci Broelardi.

Fresingfeld.

pochia Šci Broelardi veñ p xij.

Gereš Juř pŕesentant qđ Roštus đcus Levesqe multociens solitus fuit
fače citare [fideles homines dñi Reğ] extra regnū sup plitis de laicis
cať ut sic maličose de eis peccuniam extorqueat
nō veñ. Iđo cap^r cū veñit e in p'sona salvo custodiat^r quousq³ tč.

Presentant t̃ qđ Roštus Huband erat piscando sup ripam maris
et de wagis e sic fuit sčmers^o et nullus alius
inde malec^r. Judm Infortuñ.

Presentant t̃ qđ Petr^o le Hussu Tašnař solitus est trahere de-
bitores suos coram curia xpianitatis de plito
de debitis suis. Iō ipe in g^{avi} mĩa.

**Redds firme
dñi Reğ.**

Presentant t̃ qđ đns Rex habet in eoř pochia de certa firma p
annū ad ěmĩos Pasčē Šci Pauli e Šci Michis videlč ad quemlibz tmũ
x ti xvij š j đ qui debent colligi p manus ppoiti ad hoc assig^{ti} de
quibz abbas de monte Šci Michis solvit xv š de predca firma pro
feodo de nigro Monte. Et Pšus Gervaise solvit alios xv š ad eand
firmam sup francū feodū et vocant istam firmā La Greŕye. Dicunt
t̃ qđ pč pđcam firmam Rađs Bagot e Pšus de la Moye debent dño
Regi pro vj virğ ěre de feodo de la Moie quilibet eoř iiij š p annū.

Habet đns Rex in eadm pochia quandam cōmunā ubi crescit
multū focale et Ričus le Rey tenet inde ptem p voluntate dñi Reğ et
reddit p añ xxxviiij š et vocant istam cōmunam Les Laundes de la
Moye et vocant reddm Le Multoneis. Et Guilts Gocelin tenet inde
aliam ptem ad volunč tč et reddit p añ xiiij š et ěedes Pši Tilly
reddunt inde xij đ p añ. Ičm đns Rex habet in eadm paroč sup

(M. 42.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
St. Brelade.

Fresingfeld.

The parish of St. Brelade came by 12 men.

Jersey. The jurors present that Robert called Levesque was very often wont to cause [the subjects of the King] to be cited out of the realm concerning pleas of lay chattels so that he might maliciously extort money from them he did not come. Therefore let him be taken when he shall come & be kept safely in prison until &c.

They present also that Robert Huband was fishing upon the sea-shore & was by the waves & so was drowned & no one else was suspected thereof. Verdict: by misadventure.

They present also that Peter le Hussu, taverner, was wont to bring his debtors before the Ecclesiastical Court concerning pleas of his debts. Therefore he is to be heavily amerced.

Revenue of farm
of the
lord the King.

They present also that the lord the King has in their parish of cert farm by the year at the terms of Easter, St. Paul & St. Michael to wit, at each term 10 livres 17 sols 1 denier, which ought to be collected by the hand of the Provost appointed hereto, of which the Abbot of Mont St. Michel pays 15 sols of the aforesaid farm for the fee of Noirmont & Philip Gervaise pays another 15 sols to the said farm for the 'Franc Fief' & they call this farm 'Greverie.' They say also that besides the aforesaid farm Ralph Bagot & Philip de la Moye owe to the lord the King for 6 virgates of land of the fee of la Moie each of them 4 sols by the year.

The lord the King has in the same parish a certain common where there grows much fuel & Richard le Rey holds part thereof at the will of the lord the King & pays by the year 38 sols, & they call this common *Les Landes de la Moye* & they call the rent sheep-rent.⁽¹⁾ And William Gocelin holds another part thereof at the will &c. and pays by the year 14 sols & the heirs of Philip Tilly pay thereof 12 deniers by the year. Also the lord the King has in the same

(1) French: Moutonnage.

meš Cornelot continens ij vⁱj terrⁱ iij buš fri. Et sup j vⁱgat fre e di que fñnt Riçi Bedyn s^opensi tč iij caš fri p añ. Et de uno meš continente quartam ptē j multoñey et de alia fra sabulosa de escheta Rađi Mindoire bastardi qui obiit jam uno anno elapso iij caš fri p añ. Et Alanus Mindoyre respondeat dno Regi de ij partibz pđcoz iij caš fri de uno anno. Et q^o uš predci Rađi Mindoyre jam obiit infra assisas. Ido respondeatur dno Regi de ceſo de integro tč. Et Petrus le Markaunt debet dno Regi j capoñ e j đ p añ sup fram Petⁱ Canu. Et Peř le Pastor debet j galliñ e j đ de fra Cucku. Iřm Jorđs Baggot reddit dno Regi p añ j galliñ e j đ de di virgⁱ fre que fuit cuj^odam dci Vanel bastardi. Et Peř le Hageys e Colinus Nicole debent ij galliñ e ij đ p añ p fra sua de Beaumound. Et Colinus Mouchon e pticipes sui reddūt dno Regi p añ ij galliñ e ij đ p fra de Monte Cardon.

Presentant t qđ post ultias assisas deveñ de wrecko ađd La Corbiere quoddam doleū duū vacuū quod Lauř de Sevenok illud vendidit Colino Tilly p mañ Rađi Turgys pro vj ti debiř monete e idem Colinus solvit denař illos predco Rađo. Et Idem Rađs p̄sens dicit qđ ipe solvit predcos denař predco Lauř de Sevenok. Et predcus Lauř nō est p̄sens nec unq^o fuit receptor hic nec assig^otus loco Receptoris. Ido sit in piclo iřius Rađi et Idem Rađs simul cū predco Lauř inde respondeant. Dicūt t qđ Rađs Kesnel invenit in Litorio maris xiiij pecias sepi et canes inde comedentes tč. Et idm Rađs illud portabat ad domū Nichi pat's sui. Ido utq^o eoř in mīa et magř Wills Lenginour qui sepū illud fñit respondeat dno Regi de valore ejusdem videlř de xvj š. Iřm dicunt qđ devenit de Wrecko quedam pecia navis p̄cii xx š unde Rořtus de Hady respondebit. Dicunt t qđ p̄venit de Wrecko ađd La Rosiere quedam Arbor p̄cii iij š de

parish upon the messuage Cornelot containing 2 virgates of land 3 bushels of wheat; & upon $1\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land which belonged to Richard Bedyn who was hanged &c. 3 measures of wheat by the year. And of one messuage containing the 4th part of one sheep walk & of other sandy land of the escheat of Ralph Mindoire, the bastard, who died a year ago 4 measures of wheat by the year. And Alan Mindoire shall answer to the lord the King for 2 parts of the aforesaid 4 measures of wheat for one year, & because the wife of the said Ralph Mindoire has died during the assizes therefore from henceforth account shall be made to the lord the King for the whole &c. And Peter le Markaunt owes to the lord the King one capon & one denier by the year upon the land of Peter Canu. And Peter le Pastor owes one hen & one denier of the land belonging to Cucku. Also Jordan Baggot pays to the lord the King by the year one hen & one denier for half a virgate of land which belonged to a certain person called Vanel the bastard. And Peter le Hageys & Colin Nicole owe 2 hens & 2 deniers by the year for their land of Beaumont. And Colin Mouchon & his partners pay to the lord the King by the year 2 hens & 2 deniers for the land of Mount Cardon.⁽¹⁾

They present also that after the last assizes there came of wreck at La Corbière a certain barrel half empty which Laurence de Sevenok sold to Colin Tilly by the hands of Ralph Turgys for 6 livres of poor money & the same Colin paid those moneys to the said Ralph. And the aforesaid Ralph being present says that he paid the aforesaid moneys to the aforesaid Laurence de Sevenok. And the aforesaid Laurence is not present & he never was receiver here nor appointed in the place of receiver, therefore let it be at the risk of the said Ralph & the said Ralph likewise with the aforesaid Laurence shall answer therefor. They say also that Ralph Kesnel found on the seashore 14 pieces of tallow & the dogs eating it &c. And the said Ralph carried it to the house of Nicholas his father. Therefore both of them to be amerced, & Master William Lenginour who had that tallow shall answer to the lord the King for the value of the same, to wit, 16 sols. They say that there came of wreck a certain piece of a ship value 20 sols whereof Robert de Hady shall answer. They say also that there came of wreck at La Rosière a certain tree value

(1) Cardon : Mons Gardonis in Extente of 1274. Probably Mont au Guerdain (Portelet).

quibz Radulphus Kesnel respondebit. Et q̃ Idm Raðs illam arborem asptavit sine licencia. Ido in m̃ia. Iñm dicunt qđ Riçus Renof invenit in ripa maris in yeme hoc anno quendam sacco plenū m̃cimoñ videl̃ patr̃ nos̃r peccinibz cutell̃ e aliis t̃c de quibz p̃pars Reg̃ x ti unde Pñus Leveske ballis respondebit. Dicunt t̃ qđ post ultias assisas devenit simitr de Wrecko duū doleū vini albi p̃c vj ti debĩ monete et Lauř de Sevenok qui vinū illud fuit inde dño Regi respondeat. Iñm Raðs Doe invenit in ripa maris quoddam guñnac̃m navis p̃cii xxx s̃ de quibz Iñm Radulp^o respondeb̃.

Presentant t̃ qđ ecclia eoꝝ est in advocacōe Abbis Šci Salvatoris et valet p̃ anū xxx ti.

Presentant t̃ qđ Pñus Gervaise tenet de dño Rege j carucatam ĩre et deb̃ releviū t̃c et idm Pñus deb̃ dño Regi švicium švandi p̃sones t̃c et deb̃ ĩere j paꝝ ferroꝝ et si p̃libz indig̃it dñs Rex debet ea invenire. Et dicunt qđ oñes tenentes residentes in feodo isto e t̃ oñes alii tenentes residentes in feodis quozcumq̃ libe tenenciū debent dño Regi fumağ̃ excep̃i tantū m^o capitali mesuağ̃ in quolibz feodo.

Presentant t̃ qđ Abbas de Monte Šci Mich̃is claĩ ĩere libam warennā in feodo suo de Nigro Monte e t̃ wreckū in eodem feodo set dñs Rex debet ĩere visum et iij^{or} p̃ncipalia et t̃ habet camp̃tū in eodm feodo fumağ̃i e Caĩ feloniū et ĩm̃iatur in quo waranto t̃c. Et Guif̃s le Bretoun est Libe tenens pred̃ci Abbis et debet ei releviū t̃c et non solvit dño Regi fumağ̃. Ido ĩminatur in quo waranto.

Et Juř duodene p̃ eodem f̃runt coram Justiç p̃ examinaçōem de p̃libz cōcelaĩtis in vered̃co suo in m̃ia.

3 sols of which Ralph Kesnel shall answer. And because the said Ralph carried away that tree without leave therefore he is to be amerced. They say also that Richard Renouf found on the sea-shore in winter this year a certain sack full of merchandize, to wit, paternosters, combs, knives & other things of which the share of the King is 10 livres whereof Philip Levesque the Bailiff shall answer. They say also that since the last assizes there came likewise of wreck half a barrel of white wine value 6 livres of poor money, & Laurence de Sevenok who had that wine shall answer to the lord the King therefor. Also Ralph Doe found on the sea-shore a certain rudder of a ship value 30 sols of which the same Ralph shall answer.

They present also that their Church is in the advowson of the Abbot of St. Saviour & is worth by the year 30 livres.

They present also that Philip Gervaise holds of the lord the King one carucate of land & owes relief &c., and the same Philip owes to the lord the King the service of keeping the prisons &c. and he ought to have one pair of irons & if more are wanted the lord the King ought to find them. And they say that all the tenants residing in this fee & also all the other tenants dwelling in the fees of all other free tenants owe to the lord the King fumage except only the chief messuage in each fee.

They present also that the Abbot of Mont St. Michel claims to have free warren in his fee of Noirmont & also wreck in the same fee, but the lord the King ought to have view & the four things appertaining to the Prince⁽¹⁾ & also has champart in the same fee, fumage & chattels of felons & it is determined in the quo warranto &c.

And William le Breton is a free tenant of the aforesaid Abbot & owes him relief &c. and did not pay fumage to the lord the King. Therefore it is determined in the quo warranto.

And the jury of twelve for the same by examination before the justices for many concealments in their verdict were amerced.

(1) i.e. gold and silk not worked &c. ; see p. 28.

(M. 42 d.) **Adhuc de plitis de Corona** de pochia Šci Broelardi.

Presentant t̃ qđ assisa panis e vini in eoꝝ pochia fracta p infra-scriptos vidett p Colinū Alexandr Gringore Guiltm Fenerer Colinū Tylly et Phelipotū filiū Gervasii Tillyos. Et Colinū Tilly de Moya Petrū le Hussu Rađm le Hussu Jacobū de Wyncheſuband Guiltm de Moya Petrum de Boulon Guiltm Beket Tađnař. Iđo oīmes in mīa.

Presentant t̃ qđ đns Rex habet in eoꝝ pochia espkeř suā de congř tĉ et hoīmes Abbis de Mōte [Šci Michis] piscatores tĉ tenentur portare pisces quos capiunt ad espkeř đni Reğ.

Presentant t̃ qđ đns Rex habet in pochia Šci Pet' molendinū de Keytiuel quod valet coībus annis XL ti. Et dicunt qđ tenentes đni Reğ in ista pochl deř sectam ad molendīm illud. Et tenentur iidem Tenentes invenire macrenīm ad oīma grossa membra molendi illi⁹ set đns Rex debet invenire ferra e molas e carpñteriam tĉ. Et t̃ đci Tenentes tenent^r invenire coopturam ad molendīm illud et đns Rex faciet illud coopire sumptibꝫ suis.

Presentant t̃ qđ in feodo de Nigro Monte est quedam Capella de antiquo tĉ. Et Abbas de Monte Šci Michis tenetur faĉe celebrare in eadē Capella in uno festoꝝ Šci Michis et Rector istius parochie in alio festo tĉ. Dicunt t̃ qđ Idm Abbas deř venire ad tres p'ncipales Curias đni Reğ sine sumoniĉ. Et Pñus Gervaise simiľr. Et quidam alii simiľr.

Presentant t̃ qđ Thoñ Aubyn tenet de bordağ x virgaĩ terre de curtilagiis que valent p añ x š. Et Petr⁹ Aunqetil et pticipes sui tenent xxiiij virgaĩ terĩ de Bordağ et reddant đno Regi p añ de řta firma vj š et valent ulřius xvij š. Et Riĉus le Rey e participes sui tenent de bordagiis xvij virgaĩ terre que reddunt đno Regi p annū

(M. 42 d.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
St. Brelade.

They present also that the assize of bread & wine in their parish is broken by the underwritten, to wit, by Colin, Alexander Gringore, William Fenerer, Colin Tilly & Phelipot son of Gervais Tilly, bakers; & Colin Tilly de la Moye, Peter le Hussu, Ralph le Hussu, James de Vinchelez,uband, William de la Moye, Peter de Boulon, William Beket, taverners. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

They present also that the lord the King has in their parish his esperkeria of congers, &c. and the men of the Abbot of Mont [St. Michel] fishermen &c. are bound to carry the fish which they take to the esperkeria of the lord the King.

They present also that the lord the King has in the parish of St. Peter the mill of Keytivel which is worth one year with another 40 livres. And they say that the tenants of the lord the King in that parish owe suit at that mill. And the same tenants are bound to find the timber for all the principal parts of that mill, but the lord the King ought to find the iron & wheels & carpentering &c. And also the said tenants are bound to find the covering for that mill & the lord the King shall cause it to be covered at his own costs.

They present also that in the fee of Noirmont there is a certain chapel of old &c. And the Abbot of Mont St. Michel is bound to provide for the celebration (of Divine Service) in the same chapel at one of the feasts of St. Michael & the rector of this parish at the other feast &c. They say also that the said Abbot ought to come to the three principal courts of the lord the King without summons. And Philip Gervaise likewise. And certain others likewise.

They present also that Thomas Aubyn holds of bordage 10 virgates of land of curtilage which are worth by the year 10 sols. And Peter Anquetil & his partners hold 24 virgates of land of bordage & pay to the lord the King by the year of cert farm 6 sols & they are worth besides 18 sols. And Richard le Rey & his partners hold of bordages 18 virgates of land which pay to the lord the King by the

iiij s̄ qui computantur in redditu de Multoneis et valent ulterius xxxvj s̄. Et p̄dci faciant s̄viciū bordagioꝝ t̄c. Et Riçus le Counte e participes sui tenent vj v'ḡ fre de bordağ. Et deß façe s̄viciū sup p̄poitum e alios s̄vientes Abbis Šci Michis de feodo de Nigro Monte. Et reddit p̄ annū dno Regi xij d̄ de c̄ta firma. Et valet ul̄ius vij s̄ vj d̄ p̄ annū.

Presentant t̄ qđ Godefr̄ Waryn feč quoddam fossatū in cōmuna d̄ni Reğ ad fač murū suū. Et Jordanus Selle fodiit glebas in cōmuna Reğ p̄libz locis illam defiorando. Et Riçus Selle consimilr. Et Rads Artur consimilr. Et Guiffr̄ Fenerer feč p̄presturam in via regia latitud̄ ij ped̄ e longiū iiij p̄ticataꝝ et ibi seminavit ordiū. Et Rads Selle p̄prestavit de regali Chimino latitud̄ ij pedū e longiū j p̄ticať seminand̄ siliginē. Ido om̄es in m̄ia. Et nocumenta repentur ad eoꝝ custagia p̄ quos fca f̄fint.

Comptum est p̄ Roilos P̄hi le Evesk Balti qđ Rohtus le Evesk insultavit Aliciā du Val in domo sua e eam v̄bavit e acabliavit ad tram. Et Idem Rohtus deforč ancillam Barthi le Talender vi e cont̄ pacem t̄c e cont̄ voluntatem suam et statim post f̄cm fugit. Ita qđ nullus t̄c. Et modo nō veñ e malecr̄. Ido exiḡ e utlaḡ.

Comptum est p̄ Roilos ejusd̄ Balti qđ Guillotus le Bretoñ Peñr frať ejus e Thomas de Moia v̄funt ad domū Rađi de Crapedoit in societate Rectoris huj⁹ ville e asptaťunt corpus Emme Crapedoit defuncte in aurora diei p̄ quod uxor ejusd̄ Rađi levavit ha cla qui veniūt e fečunt finem p̄ p̄dca t̄ns p̄ x s̄. Et q̄ comptū est qđ p̄dcs Rector cont̄ voluntatem ux̄is p̄dci Rađi asptaťūt p̄dcm corpus Ido ipe e om̄es pochiani qui cū eo f̄funt ad forciā illam in m̄ia.

year 4 sols, which are reckoned in the rent of the sheep-walks & are worth besides 36 sols. And the aforesaid do the services of bordiers &c. And Richard le Counte & his partners hold 6 virgates of land of bordage & his duty is to effect service on the Provost & other serjeants of the Abbot of St. Michel of the fee of Noirmont, & he pays by the year to the lord the King 12 deniers of cert farm & it is worth further 7 sols 6 deniers by the year.

They present also that Godfrey Waryn made a certain ditch in the common of the lord the King to make his bank. And Jordan Seale dug turf in the common of the King in many places, thereby damaging the same. And Richard Seale likewise. And Ralph Artur likewise. And William Fenerer made an encroachment in the King's high-way in breadth 2 feet & in length 4 perches & there sowed barley. And Ralph Seale encroached upon the King's high-road 2 feet in breadth & one perch in length sowing wheat. Therefore all of them to be amerced. And the damages shall be repaired at the costs of those by whom they were made.

It is found by the rolls of Philip l'Evesque, Bailiff, that Robert l'Evesque assaulted Alice du Val in her house & struck her & threw her to the ground. And the same Robert took the maid-servant of Bartholomew le Talender by force & against the peace &c. and against her will & immediately after the deed he fled, so that no one &c. And now he does not come & is suspected. Therefore he is banished & outlawed.

It is found by the rolls of the same Bailiff that Guillot le Breton, Peter, his brother, & Thomas de la Moye came to the house of Ralph de Crapedoit in the company of the Rector of this vill & carried away the body of Emma Crapedoit deceased at the dawn of the day wherefor the wife of the said Ralph raised 'Clameur de Haro,' who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 10 sols. And because it is found that the aforesaid Rector against the will of the wife of the aforesaid Ralph carried away the aforesaid body, therefore he & all the parishioners who were with him at that act of violence are to be amerced.

(M. 43.)

Adhuc de p̃litis de Gorona.

Paroch̃ S̃ci Clementis veñ p xij.

Jerseye.

Juř p̃sentant qđ dñs Rex habet maffiũ S̃ci Clementis unde mesuag̃ cum gardiõ valent Et h̃bagium gardini valet p annũ viij caß fri. Et h̃bağ pvi clausi quod contiñ virgatas valet p annũ iij q̃r ij caß fri. Et xvj pticaĩ de eodm clauso valent p anñ in h̃bağ majoris clausi continentis viij virgaĩ t̃c valet p anñ viij q̃r fri. Et dñice terř sunt diřsis p reddm unde de Gervasio Estur iij caß faß j anca j đ ij galliñ viij campte t̃c. Des escornez j q̃r faß j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. Des botilliers iiij caß faß [j anca] j đ ij galliñ xx ova. Des Neaus vij caß faß j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. D̃ mara iiij caß fri⁽¹⁾ ij ij galliñ xx ova. D̃ Alano le Feuere v caß faß di j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. D̃ Ričo du Gardiñ ij [caß] faß j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. D̃ Bernart ij caß faß j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. Des Chau-seys vj caß faß j q̃rtionar j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. D̃ Fonteneys iiij caß faß j anca j đ ij galline xx ova. De Roço Towet iij caß faß j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. De esprovocz j q̃r faß j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. Des Carpentiers iiij caß faß j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. De Valenbroun iiij caß faß j q̃rtionar j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. De Auguyer iiij caß faß j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. D̃ monastio j caß e di j anca j đ ij galline xx ova. Du Gaan iij caß faß j anca j đ j galliñ xx ova. D̃ Varengot iiij caß faß j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. De Ada Bosquier iij caß faß j anca j đ ij galline xx ova. D̃ Račo Lietaud xij caß faß j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. D̃ Robto Wautier ij caß faß j q̃rtionar j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. Des Veisins v caß faß e di j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. De Blanchandyn viij caß faß e di caß

(1) faß (?).

(M. 43.)

Continuation of the pleas of the Crown.

The parish of St. Clement comes by 12 men.

Jersey.

The jurors present that the lord the King has the manor of St. Clement⁽¹⁾ whereof the messuage with the garden are worth
..... And the herbage of the garden is worth by the year 8 cabots of wheat. And the herbage of the small close which contains virgates is worth by the year 3 quarters 2 cabots of wheat. And 16 perches of the same close are worth by the year in the herbage of the larger close containing 8 virgates of land is worth by the year 8 quarters of wheat. And the demesne lands are [let] to divers persons at rent whereof of Gervais Estur 3 measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 8 champart &c.; of the Cornets 1 quarter of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs; of the Boutilliers 4 measures of beans, [1 goose], 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs; of the Neels 7 measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs; of Mare 4 measures of wheat, 2, 2 hens, 20 eggs; of Alan le Fevre 5½ measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs; of Richard du Jardin 2 [measures] of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs; of Bernart 2 measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs; of the Chauseys 6½ measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs; of the Fonteneys 3 measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs; of Roger Touet 3 measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs; of the Provosts 1 quarter of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs; of the Carpenters 4 measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs; of Valenbroun 4½ measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs; of Auguyer⁽²⁾ 4 measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs; of the Monastery, 1½ measures (of beans), 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs; of Gaan 3 measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 1 hen, 20 eggs; of Varengot 4 measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs; of Ada Bosquier 3 measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs; of Ralph Lietaud 12 measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs; of Robert Vautier 2½ measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs; of the Voisins 5½ measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs; of Blanchandyn 8½ measures of beans, 3 geese, 3 d., 3 hens,

(1) Now called the fief du Prieur. (2) Ogier (?).

iij ance iij d iij galliñ XL ova. ð Sehir iij caḡ faḡ j anca j d. Des
 Pipez iij caḡ faḡ j anca j d ij galliñ xx ova. ð Emma du Viloun
 j q̄r̄tonaḡ faḡ x ova j d. ð Guillo Braynet xij caḡ faḡ sup hered suā
 e partič suis. ð Thoñ de Mara e partič suis iij caḡ faḡ. ð Galfro
 Gonoy j sextionaḡ faḡ. Habet t̄ dñs Rex ibidm de redditu. De
 Alicia de Camino iij caḡ e di fri j galliñ. ð Joña Relicta Espiardi
 Tullaunt v caḡ fri. ð Nicño Fauvel vj caḡ fri j pañ de j denaḡ
 j capon. ð Micñe Baudyn vij caḡ. ð Ričo Aunqetil e Thoñ Aun-
 qetil xv buss fri. De Agnete Tousel e Micñe Tousel xiiij caḡ fri.
 ð Rado le Bordoun xxj caḡ fri. ð Rado Gunor x caḡ fri.
 ð ñebibz Riči Mabile IX caḡ fri. ð Colino le Fñnceis xiiij caḡ j q̄r-
 tionaḡ fri de Matño du Moster vij caḡ fri. Iñm de ñedibz Johanne
 iij caḡ fri. ð Roḡto le Joevene ij caḡ fri. ð Petro du Mostier
 iij caḡ ij tsion fri. ð ñedibz Guilli du Costil vj caḡ fri. ð Wace
 le Joevene xx caḡ fri. ð Petronilla Rualaunt iij caḡ fri. ð Roḡto
 le Feyure IX caḡ fri. ð Colino Saire xij caḡ fri. ð Wace le bordon
 xxj caḡ fri. ð ñedibz Riči de Augeres xx caḡ fri. ð Joñe Wautier
 xij caḡ fri. ð ñedibz Joñis le pvost j caḡ j tsionaḡ fri. ð Aleḡ
 le pvost j caḡ j tsionaḡ fri. ð Ričo le pvost xvj caḡ j tsionaḡ fri.
 ð Joñe de Costilio viij caḡ fri. Iñm de Pño le Mouner ij caḡ.
 ð Alano le Bret v caḡ fri. ð Petro Mellemal vij caḡ fri. ð Rado
 Vivien xvij caḡ fri. ð ñedibz Riči du Vallet xij caḡ vj d. ð Humfr̄
 le bordoun iij caḡ fri. ð Colino des prez v caḡ fri ij tsionr̄. ð Rado
 le Feuere xj caḡ fri. ð Guillo Pouchin vj caḡ fri. ð Guillo Co-
 lumbel vj caḡ fri. ð Bñdicto Columbel vj caḡ fri. ð Ričo Neel
 vj caḡ fri. ð Agnete Clichie vij caḡ fri. ð Guillo Clichie vij caḡ fri.
 ð Guillo Brainet iij caḡ ij tsionaḡ fri. ð Ričo Braynet iij caḡ

40 eggs ; of Sehir⁽¹⁾ 4 measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d. ; of the Pipets 3 measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs ; of Emma du Vilon 1 quarter of beans, 10 eggs, 1 d. ; of William Braynet 12 measures of beans upon inheritance of him & his partners ; of Thomas de la Mare & his partners 4 measures of beans ; of Geoffrey Gonoy $\frac{1}{6}$ of a measure of beans. The lord the King also has there of rent : of Alice Duchemin $3\frac{1}{2}$ measures of wheat, 1 hen ; of Joan the widow of Espiard Tullaunt 5 measures of wheat ; of Nicholas Fauvel 6 measures of wheat, 1 loaf of 1 d., 1 hen ; of Michael Baudains 7 measures ; of Richard Anquetil & Thomas Anquetil 15 bushels of wheat ; of Agnes Touzel & Michael Touzel 14 measures of wheat ; of Ralph de Bordon 21 measures of wheat ; of of Ralph Gunor 10 measures of wheat ; of the heirs of Richard Mabile 9 measures of wheat ; of Colin le Francais $14\frac{1}{2}$ measures of wheat ; of Matthew du Moutier 7 measures of wheat ; also of the heirs of Joan 3 measures of wheat ; of Robert le Jeune 2 measures of wheat ; of Peter du Moutier $4\frac{2}{3}$ measures of wheat ; of the heirs of William du Costil 6 measures of wheat ; of Wace le Jeune 20 measures of wheat ; of Petronilla Rualaunt 3 measures of wheat ; of Robert le Fevre 9 measures of wheat ; of Colin Sarre 13 measures of wheat ; of Wace le Bordon 21 measures of wheat ; of the heirs of Richard des Augerez 20 measures of wheat ; of John Vautier 13 measures of wheat ; of the heirs of John le Provost $1\frac{1}{2}$ measures of wheat ; of Alexander le Provost $1\frac{1}{2}$ measures of wheat ; of Richard le Provost $16\frac{1}{2}$ measures of wheat ; of John du Costil 8 measures of wheat ; also of Philip le Mouner 2 measures ; of Alan le Bret 5 measures of wheat ; of Peter Melle-mal 7 measures of wheat ; of Ralph Vivien 18 measures of wheat ; of the heirs of Richard du Vallet 13 measures 6 d. ; of Humphrey le Bourdon 3 measures of wheat ; of Colin des Prés $5\frac{2}{3}$ measures of wheat ; of Ralph le Fevre 11 measures of wheat ; of William Pouchin 6 measures of wheat ; of William Columbel 6 measures of wheat ; of Benedict Columbel 6 measures of wheat ; of Richard Neel 6 measures of wheat ; of Agnes Clichie 7 measures of wheat ; of William Clichie 7 measures of wheat ; of William Brainet $4\frac{2}{3}$ measures of wheat ; of Richard Braynet $4\frac{2}{3}$ measures of wheat ; of the heirs of

(1) Sohier (?).

ij ʒsionař fri. D heređ Hermine de Chauseye iiij caḃ fri. D Ričo Milaeyš xxvij caḃ fri. D Guillo Godefr̃ xiiij caḃ fri. D Colino Morice iiij caḃ fri. D Colino Nicole ij caḃ di fri. D Roḃto Darioles j caḃ di fri. D Petro des Prez v caḃ ij ʒsion fri. D Joḥne Fauvel j caḃ di sextionař. D Nichaa de Chausye ix caḃ fri di. D Ričo de Gerneř iiij caḃ e di fri. D Guillo Blaunchebarbe iiij caḃ ij ʒsion. D Micḥe Baudeyn xiiij caḃ j ʒsion fri. D Guillo Sessoun iiij caḃ fri. D Colino le Maignen vj caḃ fri. D Joḥne Giroye iiij caḃ fri. D Matḥo Touet ij caḃ fri. D ħedibz Rađi Feroun vij caḃ fri. D Jordano le Tubelin vj caḃ fri. Iřm iiij caḃ fri de ħeditate uřis sue. Iřm Ričus Milaeyš tenet diam acram ĩre de dñicis ad Waynand p medietate que medietas appciatur in hoc anno ad viij solidos. Iřm de ħedibz Guilti du Costil vj caḃ fri de fra que Guiltis Rualant tenebat que dimisit ħedibz predctis p dco redditu. Iřm xiiij caḃ fri. Iřm viij caḃ fri. Iřm de Jordano Fauvel filius Jordani vj caḃ fri cū ptič suis. Iřm j caḃ di sextoñ. Iřm Ričus filius Riči des Prez e Joḥes des Prez x caḃ e ij ʒsionař fri. Petr^o des Prez Colinus des Prez e Ričus des Prez j galliñ j đ. Ričus Nel ij capoñ j đ. Agnes Clichie j capoñ j đ. Rađ le Bordoun j capoñ j đ. Colin^o le Fraunceys j capoñ j đ et Joḥa Touet j capoñ j đ. Percipit t̃ đns Rex de antiqua firma de predco feodo de la Greverie xxv š ad tres řios usuales et preř illos pcipit de eisdem ad pasčř xvij š. Et debent tenentes de pđco feodo cariare vinū buscam e fenū et cariare camptū quod đns Rex capit de eod feodo usq ad mařium et valet camptum illud coibz annis XLV^{li}. Percipit t̃ đns Rex de qualibz domo de predco feodo unū pullağ ad řm řci Micḥis videlř unū Juvenem gallū et unā juvenam gallinam. Et modo sunt in predco feodo vj^{xx} domus. Et Michael Baudeyn tenet teñ sua libe faciendo xx š ad řm řci Micḥis pro quibz. Idem Micḥel quiet^o est de caragio fabař e řri extra Insulam. Et debet^r relevium de teñ suo cum acciderit de x š.

Hermine de Chauseye 4 measures of wheat ; of Richard Millais 27 measures of wheat ; of William Godfray 13 measures of wheat ; of Colin Morice 3 measures of wheat ; of Colin Nicole $2\frac{1}{2}$ measures of wheat ; of Robert Darioles $1\frac{1}{2}$ measures of wheat ; of Peter des Prés $5\frac{3}{4}$ measures of wheat ; of John Fauvel $1\frac{1}{4}$ measures ; of Nicholaa de Chausye $9\frac{1}{2}$ measures of wheat ; of Richard de Guernsey $3\frac{1}{2}$ measures of wheat ; of William Blanchebarbe $4\frac{3}{4}$ measures ; of Michael Baudains $13\frac{1}{4}$ measures ; of William Sesson 4 measures of wheat ; of Colin le Moignan 6 measures of wheat ; of John Giroye 3 measures of wheat ; of Matthew Touet 2 measures of wheat ; of the heirs of Ralph Feron 7 measures of wheat ; of Jordan le Tubelin 6 measures of wheat ; also 3 measures of wheat of the inheritance of his wife ; also Richard Millais holds $\frac{1}{2}$ an acre of land of domain land at Waynand⁽¹⁾ on half shares which half share is valued this year at 8 sols ; also of the heirs of William du Costil 6 measures of wheat of the land which William Rualant held which he demised to the aforesaid heirs for the said rent ; also 13 measures of wheat ; also 8 measures of wheat ; also of Jordan Fauvel son of Jordan 6 measures of wheat with his partners ; also $1\frac{1}{2}$ measures ; also Richard son of Richard des Prés & John des Prés $10\frac{3}{4}$ measures of wheat ; Peter des Prés, Colin des Prés & Richard des Prés 1 hen, 1 d. ; Richard Neel 2 capons, 1 d. ; Agnes Clichie 1 capon, 1 d. ; Ralph le Bourdon 1 capon, 1 d. ; Colin le Fraunceys 1 capon, 1 d. ; & Joan Touet 1 capon, 1d. Also the lord the King takes of ancient farm of the said fee of 'Greverie' 25 s. at the 3 usual terms & besides that he takes of the same at Easter 17 s. And the tenants of the aforesaid fee owe the carriage of the wine, firewood & hay & the carriage of the champart, which the lord the King takes of the same fee, to the manor house & that champart is worth one year with another 45 livres. Also the lord the King takes of each house of the aforesaid fee 1 pullage at the feast of St. Michael, viz. : 1 young cock & 1 young hen. And now there are in the aforesaid fee 120 houses. And Michael Baudains holds his tenements freely, paying 20 s. at the feast of St. Michael for which the said Michael is quit of the carriage of beans & wheat out of the island. And he owes relief for his tenement, when it shall occur, 10 sols.

(1) Ouiné (?).

Presentant t̃ qđ qđ p̃t statutum editum de Religiosis t̃c Abbas de Monte Šci Michis per quendam Thomam de Spinis monachū suū a xxiij annis elapsis emit de Joñne le F̃nceys triginta solidā redd̃s p̃ṽcientes de teñ qui Colin^o le Maignen modo tenet. Et quidam Galf̃r le Bramenchoun a xv annis elapsis dedit p̃d̃ce Abbathie x solidū redd̃ p̃ṽcientes de meš e quodam clauso que p̃d̃cus Colin^o modo tenet. Et Idem Galf̃r eodem anno dedit p̃d̃ce Abbathie redd̃m j buss̃ f̃ri p̃ṽcientē de teñ Rob̃ti de la Mare. Et p̃d̃cus Abbas similt̃ a xv annis elapsis p̃quisunt ibid̃ ij virgať f̃re e d̃iam de quibz Steph̃us Blaunchebarbe debet p̃ una ṽgata f̃re e di vj caš f̃ri. Et filii Joñnis le Provost pro dia virgať ij caš. Et mag̃r Wilts Lenginour pro di virgať f̃re ij caš. Iđo veniat Abbas responsuť t̃c. Qui ven p̃ attornatū suū e dič qđ đns Rex in ultimis assiš recupavit maš̃iū Šci Clement̃ vsus cū set nō de mero jure ut ip̃is videtur. Et dič qđ post recuperare illud nunq̃ aliquid p̃cepit de p̃d̃cis redditibz sive tenementis. Et hoc idem testatū est in Cuř. Iđo p̃d̃cus Abbas eat inde sine die.

Presentant t̃ qđ Radulphus de Crapedoit e Jordanus de Monte uterq̃ eoř p̃ medietate tenent carucatam de [Homet] de qua đns Rex p̃cipit p̃ anñ ad fm̃ Šci Michis xiiij š. Et ad fm̃ Šci Pauli [xiiij š] p̃d̃ci Radi et uterq̃ eoř tenetur ad dium releviū [qñ casus etc] xxx š. Ets in ead̃m Carucata tenet de đno Rege de quadam antiqua forisfcura que vocat̃r le Camp Norberd reddendo inde p̃ anñ x iij caš f̃ri. Percipit t̃ d[ñs Rex] les feisauns ad tres f̃m̃ios p̃ annū xviiij š solvendoš p̃..... Gro[uville] le feisance. Et Petr^o de Šco Eleř tenet maš̃iū suū de [Saumareys] de đno Rege obviabit đno Regi venienti in hac Insula in litore maris usq̃ ad [cingulas equi sui ?] đni Reğ dū f̃f̃it hic in hac Insula. Et est Northberteys LX š.

They present also that since the statute published concerning religious men &c. the Abbot of Mont St. Michel by a certain Thomas de Spinis his monk 23 years ago bought of John le Franceys 30 sols of rent issuing from the tenement which Colin le Moiguan now holds. And a certain Geoffrey de Bramenchon 15 years ago gave to the aforesaid Abbey 10 sols of rent issuing from a messuage & a certain close which the aforesaid Colin now holds. And the same Geoffrey in the same year gave to the aforesaid Abbey the rent of one bushel of wheat issuing from the tenement of Robert de la Mare. And the aforesaid Abbot likewise 15 years ago purchased there $2\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land of which Stephen Blanchebarbe owes for $1\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land 6 measures of wheat. And the sons of John le Provost for half a virgate 2 measures. And Master William Lenginour for half a virgate of land 2 measures. Therefore let the Abbot come to answer &c. who comes by his attorney & says that the lord the King in the last assizes recovered the manor of St. Clement against him but not by correct law as it seems to them. And he says that after that recovery he never took anything of the aforesaid rents or tenements. And this is witnessed in court. Therefore the aforesaid Abbot may go therein 'sine die.'

They present also that Ralph de Crapedoit & Jordan du Mont, each of them for one half, hold the carucate [du Homet] of which the lord the King takes by the year at the feast of St. Michael 13 sols, & at the feast of St. Paul [13 sols] ; of the aforesaid Ralph ; & each of them owes half relief when it shall happen 30 sols.⁽¹⁾ And in the same carucate holds of the lord the King of a certain ancient forfeiture which is called the Camp Norberd paying therefor by the year 13 measures of wheat. Also the [lord the King] takes of the Faesans at the 3 terms by the year 18 sols to be paid [by the hands of the prévôt of Gro[uville] fee ès Faesans. And Peter de St. Helier holds his manor of [Samarès] of the lord the King he shall meet the lord the King when he comes to this island on the sea-shore up to [the spurs of his horse] of the lord the King while he shall be in this island. And it is Norberd 60 s.

(1) Compare Extente 1331, page 40.

(M. 43 d.) **Adhuc de p̃litis de Corona** de pochl̃ Šci Clementis.

Presentant t̃ qđ Petr^o Blauncvilein fuit s^opensus p̃ latrocinio nō h̃uit t̃ram nec catalla Petr^o Andř fuit s^opens^o p̃ furto a xij annis elaps̃ nō h̃uit t̃ram ṽt catalla nisi cotagiū in dñio Petⁱ de Sausmareys unde annū e vastū ṽ s̃ de quibz pred̃ctus Petr^o respondeb̃. Et Petr^o Baudyn fuit s^opens^o a xiiij annis elapsis et h̃uit tres ṽlgatas terre de quibz Mich̃ Baudyn tenet ij ṽlgatas reddendo inde dom̃io Regi p̃ añ IX caḃ f̃ri. Et Ričus le Maignen teñ inde j ṽlgaĩ t̃re p̃ iiij caḃ f̃ri. Et illa ṽlgata est in pochl̃ de Grovillt. Et Rogus Gr̃nouse a diu est rectat^o de furto fugit et malecr̃. Ido exig^r e utlağ^r nō h̃uit t̃ras nec catalla erat tū filius familiaris set nich̃ h̃uit p̃affamilias.

Presentant t̃ qđ Guilts le Golu solit^o est ducere simplices hoĩes ad taḃnas e cōpellit eos invite solvere pro potu e cibo et qđ extorquet p̃lma dona ab eis et fač eos citari p̃ iñfpoĩtas p̃sonas ext^a regnū coram Cōmissař Epi Constañ malicōse e absq̃ causa račonabili. Et modo nō veñ. Ido in m̃ia. Et cap^r cū veřit et custodiat^r in priona quousq̃ tč.

Presentant t̃ qđ Radus de Crapedoit soliř est duče simplices hoĩes suos ad taḃnas e cōpellit eos solvere p̃ potu e cibo suo plusq̃ sibi debeant. Et Rad̃s p̃sens nō potest hoc dediče. Ido in m̃ia. Et inveñ p̃leğ videt̃ Reginalđ de Šco Clemente e Guil̃m le Bretoun qđ amodo tč.

Presentant t̃ qđ Perrota filia Mich̃is Reynaud que moratur in Normanū plies t̃xit Godeřř Vivenche aḃd Hayam putei ext^a Insulas sup̃ causa h̃ediř in exheredačoe corone e dignitatis dñi Reg̃. Et pred̃ca Perrota modo nō veñ s̃z se ret^axit pp̃f huj^omodi citačoes et

(M. 43 d.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
St. Clement.

They present also that Peter Blancvilein was hanged for theft : he had neither land nor chattels Peter Andrew was hanged for stealing 12 years ago & had neither land nor chattels except cottage in the lordship of Peter de Samarès whereof the year & the waste 5 sols of which the aforesaid Peter shall answer. And Peter Baudains was hanged 13 years ago & had 3 virgates of land of which Michael Baudains holds 2 virgates paying therefor to the lord the King by the year 9 measures of wheat. And Richard le Moignan holds thereof one virgate of land for 3 measures of wheat. And this virgate is in the parish of Grouville. And Roger Gernouse long ago was accused of theft & he fled & was suspected. Therefore he is banished & outlawed & had neither lands nor chattels : he was at that time a son yet under the power of his father but he has had nothing from his father.

They present also that William le Golu was wont to take simple men into the taverns & compel them unwillingly to pay for food & drink, & that he extorted very many gifts from them & caused them to be cited by persons intermediary out of the kingdom before the commissioner of the Bishop of Coutances maliciously & without lawful cause. And now he does not come. Therefore he is to be amerced & let him be taken when he shall come & be kept in prison until &c.

They present also that Ralph de Crapedoit is wont to take simple men of his own to the taverns & compels them to pay for his food & drink more than they owe him. And Ralph being present cannot deny this. Therefore he is to be amerced. And he found pledges to wit, Reginald de St. Clement & William le Breton that from henceforth &c.

They present also that Perrota daughter of Michael Reynaud who lives in Normandy many times sued Godfrey Vivenche at La Haye du Puits out of the island upon a cause of inheritance to the detriment of the Crown & dignity of the lord the King. And the aforesaid Perrota does not come now but keeps away on account of

nichil habet in hac Insula nisi ĩm reddm ix cab̃ fr̃i de dĩa ac̃r terre quam Godefr̃ Vivenche tenet. Id̃o cap̃r̃ redd̃s ille in mañ dñi Reġ. Et simitr̃ p̃dca Perrota cū veñit cap̃r̃ quousq; t̃c̃.

Presentant t̃ qđ Joħa d̃ca la Piletele citari feč Colinū Sarre aṗd Constanč malicōse et absq; causa račonabili. Et d̃cta Joħa nō veñ. Id̃o capiat̃r cum veñit. Et Colinus Blanchard feč citare Constañ Phm Dolobel e Guiffm de Insula malicōse et absq; causa račonabili. Et iṗe nō veñ. Id̃o in mĩa. Et cap̃r̃ cū veñit.

Rohtus de Grovitt feč citari Wiltm le Bret aṗd haiam putei ext̃a regnū pro debito ij solid̃ quos pred̃ Roht⁹ dixerat p̃dctm Wiltm sⁱ debere de locačone ĩbagii de laico feodo in hac Insula. Et Roht̃ psens nō potest hoc dedičē. Id̃o cōmittat̃r Gaole inde redimendus t̃c̃ postea veñ e feč finem p̃ p̃dca t̃ns p̃ XL s̃ pp̃lm Luce Espiard e Radi de Roke.

Et p̃dctus Wilts absq; causa račonabili feč suñ aṗd p̃dctam Hayam Galfr̃ le Bret. Et Roġus de Costillo simitr̃ feč citari ibidm̃ Guiffm le Bret et multa dampna sⁱ feč. Jō iṗi in mĩa.

Ecclia p̃dce parochie est in donačoe Ab̃bis Šci Salvatoris et valet coiḃz annis LX^{li}

Presentant t̃ qđ post ul̃ias assisas devenit wreccū in ĩra Reġ s. una pecia ligni p̃č ij s. quam mag̃r̃ Guiff Lenginour recepit. ĩm quedam ancora navis unde ppars Reġ L s̃ de quibz Drogo de Barantyn respondeḃ.

Presentant t̃ qđ Radulphus de Crapedoit habet Curiam de hoĩbz suis exceptis causis in quibz debet ĩquestam p̃ xij hoĩes et ille sp̃tant ad Cuř dñi Reġ.

such citations & has nothing in this island except only the rent of 9 measures of wheat from half an acre of land which Godfrey Vivenche holds. Therefore let that rent be taken into the hands of the lord the King. And likewise let the aforesaid Perrota when she shall come be taken until &c.

They present also that Joan called la Piletele maliciously & without lawful cause caused Colin Sarre to be cited at Coutances. And the said Joan does not come. Therefore let her be taken when she shall come. And Colin Blanchard maliciously & without lawful cause caused Philip Dolbel & William de l'Isle to be cited at Coutances. And he does not come, therefore he is to be amerced. And let him be taken when he shall come.

Robert de Grouville caused William le Bret to be cited at La Haye du Puits out of the realm for a debt of 2 sols which the aforesaid Robert said the aforesaid William owed him for the letting of the herbage of a lay fee in this island. And Robert being present cannot deny this. Therefore he is committed to gaol to be ransomed therefrom &c. Afterwards he came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 40 sols by the pledge of Luke Espiard & Ralph de Roke.

And the aforesaid William without lawful cause caused Geoffrey le Bret to be summoned at the aforesaid Haye du Puits. And Roger du Côtill likewise caused William le Bret to be cited there & did him many injuries.. Therefore they are to be amerced.

The Church of the aforesaid parish is in the gift of the Abbot of St. Saviour & is worth one year with another 60 livres.

They present also that since the last assizes there came of wreck to the land of the King to wit, one piece of wood value 2 sols which Master William Lenginour received. Also a certain anchor of a ship whereof the share of the King is 50 sols for which Drogo de Barantyn shall answer.

They present also that Ralph de Crapedoit has the court of his men, causes in which an inquest by 12 men is necessary being excepted & these belong to the court of the lord the King.

Presentant t̃ qđ assisa panis e vini fracta est p s̃scriptos videl̃
p ũxem Joñinis Varič Alanū Nel Galf̃r Neel fit Colini Nel Laũr le
Bret Galf̃rm Neel de Mara Guilm̃ de Insula Ričm Daurenches
Guilm̃ Pouchyn Coletta Vivien Joñam Relictā B̃ndicti Columbel e
Alanū le Neir Bolengař. Et p Joñam la Cornette Joñam la Pilecole
Aleř le p̃vost Joñm Wautier mag̃rm Guilm̃ Lenginour Thoñ le
Kokerel Rođiū de Costillo Ričm Ernaud Petrū Baroun Guilm̃ Tul-
launt Laũr le bret P̃ñm Gadrin Alanū le Neir Thoñ Coudrent Rođtū
de Grovill Guilm̃ de Sausmareys Colinū de Šco Martino e Petrū
Basset Tañnarios. Ido oñes in m̃ia.

Presentant t̃ qđ Michael le Veillard p̃poitus recipit blada p unam
mensurā et illa delib̃at e vendit p aliam minorem. Et P̃ñus Gadrin
salivit congros contra inhibiçõem t̃c ubi debuissent duci ad espkeř đni
Reğ et inde vendidit Petro de Sausmareys vj libratas qui modo nō
veñ. Ido in m̃ia. Et distringant̃ t̃c.

Presentant t̃ qđ Ričus le Gaunber psona d̃ce eccl̃ie feč citari ad
hayam putei ext̃a regnū Ričm Milaey et Willm Picot et p̃tes alios
absq̃ causa raçonalibi. Ido ipe in gravi m̃ia. Et idm Ričus pcussit
Willm Fauvel usq̃ ad effusionē sang̃nis und̃ ha cla. Et simiłr pcus-
sit Ričm Cornet cont̃a pacē t̃c unde ha cla. Ido fiant inde emend̃ t̃c.

Presentant t̃ qđ Rođt⁹ Damade de Grovill pro tu.....tatis t̃c
fugit ext̃a molendinū Petri de Sausmareys et pars virge
fracte per..... pcussit ip̃m Rođtū jux̃a molendiñ unde statim obiit
[et nullus inde] malec̃r ligna movencia ext̃a molend̃
cū canavacio que f̃fiunt appreciant̃ ad XL solidos.

Presentant t̃ qđ Rads le Feuere feč p̃prest.....
..... pticañ longitud̃ faciendo murū e

They present also that the assize of bread & wine is broken by the underwritten, to wit, by the wife of John Varicus, Alan Neel, Geoffrey Neel son of Colin Neel, Laurence le Bret, Geoffrey Neel de la Mare, William de l'Isle, Richard d'Avranches, William Pouchyn, Colette Vivien, Joan the widow of Benedict Columbel, & Alan le Neir, bakers; & by Joan la Cornette, Joan la Pilecole, Alexander le Provost, John Vautier, Master William Lenginour, Thomas le Kokerel, Roger du Côtill, Richard Ernaud, Peter Baron, William Tullaunt, Laurence le Bret, Philip Gadrin, Alan le Neir, Thomas Coudrent, Robert de Grouville, William de Saumareys, Colin de St. Martin & Peter Basset taverners. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

They present also that Michael le Veillard the Provost received corn by one measure & delivered & sold it by another smaller [measure]. And Philip Gadrin salted congers against the inhibition &c. whereas they ought to have been taken to the esperkeria of the lord the King, & sold thereof to Peter de Samarès 6 pounds, who now does not come. Therefore to be amerced. And let them be distrained &c.

They present also that Richard le Gaunber parson of the said Church caused to be cited at La Haye du Puits out of the kingdom Richard Millais & William Picot & many others without lawful cause. Therefore he is to be heavily amerced. And the same Richard struck William Fauvel until he drew blood whence 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. And in like manner he struck Richard Cornet against the peace &c. whence 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. Therefore let them make amends therein &c.

They present also that Robert Damade of Grouville for
..... &c. fled out of the mill of Peter de Samarès & part of
the rod broken by dashed
the said Robert against the mill whereof he died immediately. [And
no one is] suspected. [The judgment is that the] moving timbers
outside the mill with the canvass which were [the cause of the death
shall be confiscated] & they are appraised at 40 sols.

They present also that Ralph le Fevre encroached
..... perches in length in making a bank &

in regali via. Et Petr^o de Sa..... Et Rad's
..... feč p^resturā in regal.....
Et Ričus Blauncvilein feč Baudyn feč
fossatū in regia via Et
Robti q^āndam
..... latitud ad vj pticatas longitud

(M. 44.) **Adhuc de plitis de Corona de pochia de Grovill.**

paroc^hi de Grovill veñ p xij.

Jerseye. Juř p^sentant qđ Robtus des Aubers a diu est s^opensus fuit p
furto bladož Phi..... Idm ĥuit lišam terram
videl^ŕ iij v^lgať ěre quas quelibet valet p ann ij busš ěri

Presentant t^ē qđ Colinus le Musqens adiu est s^opensus fuit pro
furto Idm ĥuit reddunt đno Regi p annū p
mañ Colinū Gregoř e participū suož ij q^ār ěri

Presentant t^ē qđ Nicha que fuit uř Robti des Aubers pro furco
fugit ad eccliam de abjuř insulas.

Presentant t^ē qđ Petr^o de Monasterio felonĩ tč a diu est iněfecit
Wiltm filiū Mabille e statim fugit ad eccliam isti^o
ville Ita qđ nullus tč et ibi recogñ ěctm e abjuř Insulas. [Habuit]
lišam ěram videl^ŕ ij virgať ěre e j clausum continens xij pticať que
valent p ann v bž ěri j pañ j capoñ. Et sup hoc veñ Matĥio le Loreour
et off^o t đno Regi j caš ěri de inc^rmento p ipe possit tesle
pđca clausū e ěram sibi e heř suis e illas sⁱ app^rare. Et ^ocedit^r ei q₃
Juř testāt^r qđ nūq^ā plus valuit pđcm redd.

..... in the King's high-way. And Peter
de Sa[marès] And Ralph
made an encroachment in the King's high-[way]
..... And Richard Blancvilein made
..... Baudain made a ditch in the high-way
..... And of Robert a certain
..... breadth to 6 perches in length

(M. 44.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
Grouville.

The parish of Grouville came by 12 men.

Jersey.

The jurors present that Robert des Aubers was hanged long ago
for stealing the corn of Philip The same had free land
to wit, 4 virgates of land, whereof each is worth by the year 2 bushels
of wheat.

They present also that Colin le Musqens was hanged long ago
for theft. The same had pay to the
lord the King per annum by the hand of Colin Gregory & his part-
ners 2 quarters of wheat.

They present also that Nicholaa who was the wife of Robert des
Aubers for theft fled to the Church of abjured the
island.

They present also that Peter du Moutier feloniously &c. long
ago killed William son of Mabel & immediately fled
to the Church of this vill, so that no one &c. and there acknowledged
the deed & abjured the islands. [He had] free land, to wit, 2 vir-
gates of land & one close containing 17 perches which are worth per
annum 5 bushels of wheat, one loaf, one capon. And upon this comes
Matthew le Loreour & offers to the lord the King one measure of
wheat of increase [so that] he may hold the aforesaid close & land to
himself & his heirs & appropriate them to himself, & it is granted to
him because the jurors witness that it was never worth more than
the said rent.

Presentant t̃ qđ Wilts le Golu solit⁹ est t̃here P̃m le Mouner e alios simplices hoīes in tabnas et compellere eos ad solvend p̃ potu suo contra eoꝝ voluntatem. Ido veniat p̃dcus Guiltus inde responsuꝛ. Et modo no veñ. Ido in m̃ia.

Presentant t̃ qđ p̃t ultias assisas Robtus Burnof invent⁹ fuit ligat⁹ p̃ guttur de quad corda alligata cuidam batello qui cecidit p̃ ebrietatem ext̃ eund batell et Guilt Goies qui fuit cū eo in p̃dco batello ip̃m sic attraxit p̃ cordam p̃dcam et Idm Guilt inde nō malecr̃. Judm infortunū.

Presentant t̃ qđ Guilt le Golu ṽbavit noctañ in via Reġ Ricm̃ Hasteng e ip̃m acabliavit ad terram unde sanguis e ha cla. Ido ip̃e in m̃ia e cap̃r cum veñit.

Presentant t̃ qđ Petr⁹ filius Arnaldi de etate xx annoꝝ casu fortuito cecidit in q̃ndā fossatā et ibi s̃m̃sus fuit et nullus inde malecr̃. Judm Infortunū.

Presentant t̃ qđ Ricus Herebt ducens carecta suam cecidit s̃b ead̃m que t̃nsiens sup eum ip̃m infecit et nullus alius inde malecr̃. Judm Infortuñ p̃cii carecte e bestiaꝝ in ead̃m c̃ s̃ qui dantur in elemõs t̃c̃.

Presentant t̃ qđ Mathus filius Clementis Morice etatis ix annoꝝ casu fortuito pcussus fuit fulgure et inde statim obiit. Et nullus inde malecr̃. Judm Infortuñ.

Presentant t̃ qđ Petr⁹ Arnald invent⁹ fuit s̃mers⁹ in quaddam fossata. Et nullus inde malecr̃. Judm Infortuñ.

Presentant t̃ qđ Symon Joñis solitus est face suñ hoīes dñi Reġ extra regnū sine causa ut sic extorqueat pecuniam t̃c̃. Et Robtus le Feuere t̃xit consimilr Gervasium Graffyn e alios ap̃d

They present also that William le Golu is wont to take Philip le Mouner & other simple men into the taverns & compel them to pay for his drink against their will. Therefore let the aforesaid William come to answer therein. And now he does not come. Therefore he is to be amerced.

They present also that since the last assizes Robert Burnof was found bound by the throat with a certain rope fastened to a certain boat, and he had fallen through drunkenness out of the said boat, & William Goies who was with him in the aforesaid boat drew him in by the said cord. And the said William was not suspected thereof. Verdict, by misadventure.

They present also that William le Golu wounded Richard Hastain by night in the King's high-way & threw him to the ground whereupon blood & 'Clameur de Haro' raised. Therefore he is to be amerced & let him be taken when he shall come.

They present also that Peter son of Arnald of the age of 20 years by accident fell into a certain ditch & was drowned there, & no one is suspected thereof. Verdict, by misadventure.

They present also that Richard Herebert leading his cart fell under the same which going over him killed him & no one else is suspected thereof. Verdict, by misadventure. Value of the cart & of the beasts in the same 100 sols which are given in alms &c.

They present also that Matthew son of Clement Morice aged 9 years by accident was struck by lightning & immediately died thereof. And no one is suspected thereof. Verdict, by misadventure.

They present also that Peter Arnald was found drowned in a certain ditch, & no one is suspected thereof. Verdict, by misadventure.

They present also that Simon Fitz-John is wont to cause the subjects of the lord the King to be summoned out of the realm without cause so that he may extort money &c. And Robert le Fevre likewise sued Gervaise Graffyn & others at Coutances. And

Constañ. Et Petr^o Linchoun traxit consimilr Guilt de Monte et alios extra regñ. Et Guillot^o le Telier eodm modo solit^o est vexare hoies ex^a regnū. Et Guillot^o le Golu simitr solitus est façe suñ fidel hoies ex^a regnū sine causa tē. Ido oñes in mīa.

Presentant t̃ qđ Petr^o Ernof solit^o est coīter trahere hoies dñi Reġ in pñto apđ Constañ et apđ Haiam putei e alibi extra regnū sine causa ut sic extorqueat pecuniam ab eis. Et t̃ idm Petr^o solit^o est compellere simplices paupes solvere in tañnis p̃ potu suo cont^a voluntatem eoꝝ. Et modo nō veñ. Ido capiat̃ cum venit. Et sit in mīa.

Presentant t̃ qđ dñs Rex habet chaceam suam in eoꝝ pochia sepalem tē. Ita qđ nō licet ibidm fugare p̃tq̃^a Hamoni de Hoga e participibꝫ suis qui possunt ibi fugare cum cane e bačlo sine ingenio tē et hoc f̃mīatur in quo waranto.

Presentant t̃ qđ assisa panis e vini fracta est p̃ s̃scriptos videlꝫ p̃ Cardinū de Barnevill Bellocam Relictā Colini Hugone Walīm le Keu Ričm de Molendīo Wilīm Lenginour Alanū Goez Michēm le Feuere Robtū le Feuere Joñnem le Feuere Petrū filiū Henř de Gernereye Joñam Passewaret Joñnem le Bretoun Ricm Galbard Oliverum Luyliere Michēm Ĥbert Joñnem Chivaler Jordanū Aleys Petrum Poleyn Petrum Chivaler Guillotū Pesaud Joñnem de Grae Petrum le Feuere Ricm Poleyn Petrum Neel Rađm le Motoun e Pñm Pñi Bolengarios. Et Oliřū de Molendīo Guiltm le Perot Ricm Galbard Joñnem Justice Lucam Espiart Ricm Aubrie Petrum Darcis e Guiltm le Motoun Tañnarios. Ido oñes in mīa.

Redd e f̃me
dñi Reġ

Presentant t̃ qđ dñs Rex f̃et in eoꝝ poch de certa firma p̃ auñ ad f̃minos Pasche Šci Pauli in estate e Šci Michis ad quemlibet f̃minū xxj^{ll} iij^s iij^d. Ĥet e dñs Rex p̃ter p̃dcam firmam de una carucata Ĥre as pontreaus xij s̃ p̃ anñ quam Guiltus Pñi e Joñnes Pontrel modo tenent Ĥm dñs Rex f̃et de carucata as Phelipes viij s̃ vj đ p̃ anñ p̃

Peter Linchon likewise sued William du Mont & others out of the realm. And Guillot le Telier is wont in the same way to harass men out of the realm. And Guillot le Golu is wont likewise to cause faithful men to be summoned out of the realm without cause &c. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

They present also that Peter Ernof is wont commonly to sue the subjects of the lord the King at Coutances & at La Haye du Puits & elsewhere out of the realm without cause, so that he may extort money from them. Also the same Peter is wont to compel simple paupers to pay for his drink in taverns against their will. And now he does not come. Therefore let him be taken when he shall come & let him be amerced.

They present also that the lord the King has his own separate chace in their parish &c., therefore it is not allowed to hunt there except to Hamon de la Hougue & his partners who may hunt there with dog & stick without engine &c., & this is determined in the 'quo warranto.'

They present also that the assize of bread & wine is broken by the underwritten, to wit, by Cardin de Barneville, Belloca the widow of Colin Hugo, Walter le Keu, Richard du Moulin, William Lenginour, Alan Goez, Michael le Fevre, Robert le Fevre, John le Fevre, Peter son of Henry de Guernesey, Joan Passewaret, John le Breton, Richard Galbard, Oliver L'Hyvière (?), Michael Herbert, John Chevalier, Jordan Aleys, Peter Poleyn, Peter Chevalier, Guillot Pesaud, John de Gray, Peter le Fevre, Richard Poleyn, Peter Neel, Ralph le Moton & Philip son of Philip, bakers ; & Oliver du Moulin, William le Perot, Richard Galbard, John Justise, Luke Espiart, Richard Aubrie, Peter Darcis & William le Moton, taverners. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

Rents & Farm
of the
lord the King.

They present also that the lord the King has in their parish of cert farm by the year at the terms of Easter, St. Paul in the summer, & St. Michael, at each term 21 livres 3 sols 4 deniers. Also the lord the King has besides the aforesaid farm from one carucate of land of the Pontrels 12 s. by the year which William son of Philip & John Pontrel now hold. Also the lord the King has from a carucate

Hamonis de Hoga e pticipū suoꝝ ad eund̄ t̄minū t̄c. Et ꝑꝑꝑꝑꝑꝑ Hamo
 est libe teñ ejus de ꝑꝑꝑꝑ carucata e debet plenū releviū t̄c ꝑꝑꝑꝑ t̄
 dñs Rex de carucata as Rasours vj s̄ p añ p manus Guilli Poleyn
 qui illam modo tenet. Habet t̄ dñs Rex de certa firma de feodo Inꝑ
 mariscis iiij s̄ in diꝑsis ptictis p añ e debent reddi dño Regi ad
 festum S̄ci Michis p manus ꝑꝑꝑꝑ ejusd̄ feodi. Iñm dñs Rex h̄et de
 quadam antiqua forisfactura vidz de j peç fre ij s̄ p añ quam Joñnes
 Lynchun modo tenet. Dicunt t̄ qđ dñs Rex h̄et in eoꝝ poçñ xxvij
 virgañ p̄ti quaz quelibet valet p añ ij busñ fri habet t̄ dñs Rex de
 escheto Margarete la Cameyse bastarde t̄c j virgañ fre e di que valent
 p añ v cañ f..... [Tho]mas le Estlenğ modo illam tenet Iñm dñs
 Rex h̄et de escheto virğ fre quas Colinus de
 Monasfio modo tenet p j q̄r̄tio fri dño Rege
 ij virğ fre de escheta ꝑsbifi Chasteleyn dñi
 Regi p añ j q̄r̄t fri h̄et t̄ dñs Rex de escheta
 valet p añ ij busñ fri. Et de escheta que fueñ
 fuit bastarda t̄c vj busñ fri e di vidz
 p iiij virğ fre quas modo tenent. Iñm
 Michs le Desuee de forisfcura cuj^odā
 fre e reddit dño Regi p añ xij cañ fri. Et Robtus
 virğ e di e reddit p añ j q̄r̄t fri. Et Petrus
 xv cañ fri. Iñm de
 dño Regi p añ Colinus le
 Hugōis Gane t̄c e Dñs de
rley añ. Et
 virğ fre de escheta
 p añ ij busñ fri
 j virğ e x ptic quas Robtus le Jouene
 fumağ istius poçñ et valet coibz annis x^{li}.

of the Philips 8 s. 6 d. per annum by [the hands of] Hamon de la Hougue & his partners at the same term &c. And the aforesaid Hamon is his free tenant of the aforesaid carucate & owes full relief &c. Also the lord the King takes from the carucate of the Rasours 6 s. by the year by the hands of William Poleyn who now holds it. Also the lord the King has of cert farm of the fee between the Marshes 4 s. in divers parcels by the year & they ought to be paid to the lord the King at the feast of St. Michael by the hands of the Provost of the same fee. Also the lord the King has of a certain ancient forfeiture, to wit, of one piece of land 2 s. by the year which John Lynchun now holds. Also they say that the lord the King has in their parish 27 virgates of meadow-land whereof each is worth by the year 2 bushels of wheat. The lord the King has also of the escheat of Margaret la Cameyse, bastard, &c. $1\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land which are worth per annum 5 measures of wheat. [Tho]mas le Estleng now holds it. Also the lord the King has of escheat
..... virgate of land which Colin du Moutier now holds for one quarter of wheat to the lord the King
2 virgates of land of the escheat of the priest Chastelyn
..... to the lord the King by the year one quarter of wheat. Also the lord the King has of escheat is worth by the year 2 bushels of wheat. And of the escheat which were was a bastard &c. $6\frac{1}{2}$ bushels of wheat, to wit, for 4 virgates of land which now hold. Also Michael le Desvée of the forfeiture of a certain of land & pays to the lord the King by the year 12 measures of wheat. And Robert virgate & a half & pays by the year one quarter of wheat. And Peter 15 measures of wheat. Also of to the lord the King by the year Colin le of Hugh Gane &c. and The lord of year. And virgate of land of escheat by the year 2 bushels of wheat one virgate & 10 perches which Robert le Jeune fumage of this parish. worth one year with another 10 livres.

(M. 44 d.)

Adhuc de pochi de Groviſt.

P'sentant qđ Simon le Counte feč p'presturam de comuna đni Reğ latiř iij ped e long iij pticatař. Et Emma que fuit uxor Colini Hugoun p'prestavit de eadem comuna latiř iij ped e long iij pticatař in uno loco e in alio loco sui eadem comuna simiř p'preřvit ad eandem mensuram. Et Petrus Desert p'prestavit de eadem comuna latiř iij ped e long iij pticař. Et Ričus Hugoun consimiř e ejusdm measure. Et Jořnes Walřr cōsimiř. Et Rořtus de Šbmonte eodem modo. Et Petrus le Feuere simiř. Et Jořnes Seroye eodem modo e eadem mensura. Iřm Petrus Desert obstruxit cursum aque ad mensuram iij pticatař. Et Peř le Feuere obstruxit eundem cursū ad mensū iij ptič. Et Rořtus le Desuee consimiř. Et Radus Martyn obstruxit cursum aque ad mensū vj ptič. Et Ričus de Pratis simiř ad mensū iij ptič. Iřm Gervař le Desuee obstruxit eund cursum tč mensū iij ptič. Et Ričus le Desuee consimiř. Et Ričus le Hurteour obstruxit řđem cursum ad menř vj ptič. Dicunt ř qđ Rořtus Robyn Junior app'avit sibi řt ultimas ass tč de p'to đni Reğ latiř iij ped e long iij ptič. Et Mathus de molendino infossavit de chimino Reğ latiř e long iij pedū. Et Jořnes Lynchun feč p'presturam sup chiminū Reğ latiř iij ped e long iij ptič e ibidem seminavit canabū. Iřm Guillot^o Jořis feč quemđ murū in quodam semita regia latiř j ped e long iij ptič. Et Petrus Horman fodiit in chimino Reğ ad spgendū in řra sua e sic defioravit chiminū illud. Et Jořnes Huřti p'prestavit de chimino Reğ latiř ij ped e long ij ptič e illud seminavit. Et Guiltus Leael feč quoddam fossatum in chimino Reğ. Et Radus le Muskens consimiř. Ido ořmes in mřa. Et řđca nocumenta deobstruant' ad eoř custagia p quos řca řřint tč.

Redds e firme
đni Regis.

Idē đns Rex habet in eoř pochia de antiqua esčieta ij virğ terř quas Rořtus de Barneviř modo tenet et reddit đno Regi p annū vij cař řri e vj galliř. Et Petr^o Damade tenet de forisřcura Belerente

(M. 44 d.)

Continuation of the parish of Grouville.

They present that Simon le Conte made an encroachment on the common of the lord the King 3 feet wide & 3 perches long. And Emma who was the wife of Colin Hugon encroached upon the same common three feet wide & three perches long in one place & in another place in the same common he likewise encroached to the same extent. And Peter Desert encroached on the same common in width 3 feet & in length 4 perches. And Richard Hugon likewise & of the same extent. And John Walter likewise. And Robert de Soulemont in the same way. And Peter le Fevre likewise. And John Seroye in the same way & to the same extent. Also Peter Desert obstructed the water-course to the extent of 4 perches. And Peter le Fevre obstructed the same course to the extent of 4 perches. And Robert le Desvee likewise. And Ralph Martyn obstructed the water-course to the extent of 6 perches. And Richard des Prés likewise to the extent of 3 perches. Also Gervaise le Desvee obstructed the same course &c. to the extent of 3 perches. And Richard le Desvee likewise. And Richard le Hurtour obstructed the said course to the extent of 6 perches. They say also that Robert Robin junior appropriated to himself since the last assizes &c. of the meadow of the lord the King in breadth 3 feet & in length 2 perches. And Matthew du Moulin made a hedge out of the King's road in breadth & length 4 feet. And John Lynchun made an encroachment upon the King's road 3 feet wide & 3 perches in length & there sowed hemp. Also Guillot Fitz-John made a certain bank in a certain King's path-way one foot in width & 2 perches in length. And Peter Horman dug (earth) from the King's road to spread over his land & thus deteriorated that road. And John Hubert encroached upon the King's road 2 feet in width & 2 perches in length & sowed it. And William Leal made a certain ditch in the King's high-way. And Ralph le Muskens likewise. Therefore all of them to be amerced. And the aforesaid obstructions shall be removed at the cost of those by whom they were made.

**Rents & Farm
of the
lord the King.**

The said lord the King has in their parish of ancient escheat 2 virgates of land which Robert de Barneville now holds & pays to the lord the King by the year 7 measures of wheat & 6 hens. And

di virgaſ ſre. Et reddſ dño Regi caſ ſri di. Iſm Dicunt qđ Matſs Oſof tenet j acrā terſ de feodo Norbert et reddit dño Regi p añ xij caſ ſri. Iſm dicunt qđ dñs Rex habet in eadſ pochia ſciam ptem uni⁹ virgaſ ſre de eſcheta cujuſdam Roſti Hoboy baſtardi e jacet paſturā e vicini ſemp huerunt inde pſituū e adhuc ſient et hucusq; concelatum fuit dño Regi videlſ p XL annos et valet p annū viij đ. Ido respondeant vicini de arreſ. Et respondeatur inde de ceſo dño Regi. Habet tñ dñs Rex di virg ſre de eſcheta Guilli Aubrye baſtardi quam Emma que fuit ux Joſnis Haiher tenet et reddſ p añ j buſſ ſri. Dicunt tñ qđ eſt quedam carucata ſre in eoſ poch que reddſ dño Regi p añ xv ſ p manus Jordi le Rous ad tñm ſci Pauli in eſtate. Et carucata as Romyes reddſ ad eundem tñm x ſ p manus Joſnis Selle. Et carucata as mayneres reddit dño Regi p añ xij ſ ad eundem tñm p manus Petri Mangys. Et carucata Aſteyle reddit dño Regi p añ iij ſ vj đ ad eundem tñm p manus Guilli Aſteyle. Iſm Hamelinus de Hoga e pſicipes ſui debent dño Regi de reddiſ pſtis ſuis tñ annuatī vj ancas. Et Guiltus Bercand e pſicipes ſui debent dño Regi ſup les meles quas tenent j anč. Et Guiltus le Deſuee e pſicipes ſui debent ſup ſcrotağ quas tenent j anč. Et Ričus Michel e Guiltus Michel debent ſup meſuağ ſuū iiij galliñ. Iſm hedes Pet¹ Aſtey debent ſup meſ ſuū ij capon e iiij đ. Et Mich le Feuere debet ſup pſtum ſuū iij galliñ. Et Guiltus la Boyce debet ſup les meles quas tenet j anč. Dicunt tñ qđ hoies iſtius poch debent dño Regi fumağ de tribz annis in tres annos e valet coibz annis cum acciderit x ti ſet dicunt qđ Guiltus Aſteyle Peſr Neel e Hamelin⁹ de Hoga quieti ſunt de fumagio q; debent releuiū tñ. Iſm dñs Rex ſiet in eoſ pochia j molend ad ventū qđ valet coibz annis XL ti. Et ij molendia aquatica que valent p añ xx ti. Et di carucaſ ſre que fuit Martini

Peter Damade holds of the forfeiture of Belerente half a virgate of land, & pays to the lord the King 12 measures of wheat. Also they say that Matthew Ozouf holds 1 acre of land of the fee of Norbert & pays to the lord the King by the year 13 measures of wheat. They also say that the lord the King has in the same parish the 3rd part of 1 virgate of land of the escheat of a certain Robert Hoboy, a bastard, & it lies in pasture & the neighbours always had the profit thereof & still have & up to this time it was concealed from the lord the King, to wit, for 40 years & it is worth by the year 8 d. Therefore let the neighbours account for the arrears. And let it be accounted for thereof from henceforth to the lord the King. Also the lord the King has half a virgate of land of the escheat of William Aubreye, a bastard, which Emma who was the wife of John Ahier holds & pays by the year 1 bushel of wheat. They say also that there is a certain carucate of land in their parish which pays to the lord the King by the year 15 s. by the hands of Jordan le Rous at the term of St. Paul in the summer. And the carucate of the Romyes pays at the same term 10 s. by the hands of John Selle. And the carucate of the Mayneres pays to the lord the King by the year 12 s. at the same term by the hands of Peter Mangys. And the carucate Asteyle pays to the lord the King by the year 3 s. 6 d. at the same term by the hands of William Asteyle. Also Hamelin de la Hougue & his partners owe to the lord the King of rent for their meadows &c. yearly 6 geese. And William Bercand & his partners owe to the lord the King upon Les Mieles which they hold 1 goose. And William le Desvee & his partners owe upon the scrotages (?) which they hold 1 goose. And Richard Michel & William Michel owe upon their messuage 4 hens. Also the heirs of Peter Astey owe upon their messuage 2 capons & 4 d. And Michael le Fevre owes upon his meadow 3 hens. And William la Boyce owes upon Les Mieles which he holds 1 goose. Also they say that the men of this parish owe to the lord the King fumage every 3 years, & it is worth one year with another when it shall occur 10 livres, but they say that William Asteyle, Peter Neel & Hamelin de la Hougue are quit of fumage because they owe relief &c. Also the lord the King has in their parish a wind-mill which is worth one year with another 40 livres. And 2 water-mills which are worth per annum 20 livres. And half a carucate of land which belonged to Martin Barbey owes to the lord

Barbey debet dño Regi releviū tē. Et Pñus de Cheny modo tenet
fram illam de pquisito pñis sui tē. Dicunt t̃ qđ Jofñes Gervaise e
pticipes sui tenent de dño Rege xx acř ĩre p đĩ releviū tē de feodo
Audeſubley e debent tenentes feodi illius cariare sumptibz suis totū
grossū maeremiū ad dño molend Reġ in? Montem Šci Michis e Chere-
burgñ videz molend de Malassis e magnū molend in pochia Šci Sal-
vatoris. Et debent hoies Reġ istius pochĩ colleġe fenū Reġ in ista
pochĩ et t̃ cariare vinū fenū e buscam dñi Reġ ubicūq, dñs Rex volūit
in Inš.

Bordaġ Presentant t̃ qđ Thomas de Sauzmareys e pticipes sui tenent
xij virġ ĩre de bordaġ quaz quelibet valet p añ ij b3 řĩ et debet
faċe serviciū capital bordař in ista pochia e pochĩ Šci Lauř. Et Riċus
le Mouner e pticipes sui tenent ij virġ ĩre de bordaġ e valent p añ
iij busš řĩ. Et Petr^o Chasteleyn e pticipes sui tenent consimĩr j acř
ĩre que valet p añ ij q^ařĩ řĩ. Et Robtus de Valle simĩr tenet j virġ
ĩre que valet p añ ij b3 řĩ. Et Guilltus Herbert tenet j acř ĩre que
valet p añ ij q^ařĩ řĩ. Et Riċus de Barneville tenet eodem modo đĩ
virġ ĩre que valet p añ j b3 řĩ. Et Huetus Goyres e pticipes sui
simĩr tenent j virġ ĩre que valet p añ ij b3 řĩ. Et Guilltus Horman
e pticipes sui cōsimĩr tenent ij virġ ĩre que valent p añ j q^ařĩ řĩ.
Et Thomas Herbert e pticipes sui tenent đĩ virġ ĩre que valet p añ
j b3 řĩ. Et Petr^o de Cruce tenet consimĩr j virġ ĩre que valet p
añ ij b3 řĩ. Et Matñus de Molendino e pticipes sui tenent simĩr
ij virġ ĩre de bordaġ. Et Petrus de Bourges bordař tē oñavit bordaġ
illud Colino le Maynen e pticipibz suis de redd iij b3 řĩ qui reĩm dño
Regi q, coĩtas Inš testat^r qđ bordař nō possunt oñare bordagia sine
licencia tē. Et Colinus Seruan e pticipes sui tenent ij

the King relief &c. And Philip de Cheny now holds that land of the purchase of his father &c. They say also that John Gervaise & his partners hold of the lord the King 20 acres of land by half-relief &c. of the fee of the Desfuble, & the tenants of that fee owe the carriage at their own costs of all large timber to the mills of the lord the King from between Mont St. Michel & Cherbourg, viz.: the mill of Malassis & the 'Grand Moulin' in the parish of St. Saviour. And the men of the King of this parish owe the duty of collecting the hay of the King in this parish & also of carrying the wine, hay & firewood of the lord the King wheresoever the lord the King shall wish in the island.

Bordage.

They present also that Thomas de Samarès & his partners hold 12 virgates of land of bordage each of which is worth by the year 2 bushels of wheat & he ought to do the service of the chief bordier in this parish & in the parish of St. Laurence. And Richard le Mouner & his partners hold 2 virgates of land of bordage & they are worth per annum 3 bushels of wheat. And Peter Chasteleyn & his partners hold likewise 1 acre of land which is worth per annum 2 quarters of wheat. And Robert du Val likewise holds 1 virgate of land which is worth per annum 2 bushels of wheat. And William Herbert holds 1 acre of land which is worth per annum 2 quarters of wheat. And Richard de Barneville holds in the same way half a virgate of land which is worth per annum 1 bushel of wheat. And Huet Goyres & his partners likewise hold 1 virgate of land which is worth per annum 2 bushels of wheat. And William Horman & his partners likewise hold 2 virgates of land which are worth per annum 1 quarter of wheat. And Thomas Herbert & his partners hold half a virgate of land which is worth per annum 1 bushel of wheat. And Peter de la Croix holds likewise 1 virgate of land which is worth per annum 2 bushels of wheat. And Matthew du Moulin & his partners hold likewise 2 virgates of land of bordage. And Peter de Bourges bordier &c. charged that bordage to Colin le Maynen & his partners with the rent of 3 bushels of wheat, which remain to the lord the King, because the commonalty of the island testifies that the bordiers cannot charge the bordages without license &c. And Colin Servan & his partners hold 2 virgates of land of bordage &

virg̃ ĩre de bordağ e valent p anñ et p̃dcm bordağ oflat
 Agneti relictę Riči Margie de vij caß fri qui similt̃ remanent dñō
 Regi t̃c. Et Ričus ponele tenet j virg̃ ĩre de bordağ Horman de
 pquiš de Thoma Pe[ronelle] defuncto que valet p anñ v caß fri e remañ
 dñō Reg..... Et Walfus le Cu tenet iij virg̃
 ĩre de bord Pot..... Regi p anñ caß fri e facit ſviciũ
 bordagii t̃c.

Presentant t̃ qđ Robtus Vivien feč suñ Robĩm
 veñ t̃ cognovit t̃c set dicit qđ nō maliciose. Ido in mĩa et invenit
 P̃hm Fũ..... e P̃hm Horman. Et Robtus de
 Hoga feč citare R..... t̃c qui modo veñ e
 nō potest hoc dediče. Ido in mĩa et t̃c
 unde Jordm de Hoga e Radm Turgys
 Gervaš Greffyn Joñem de Montibz e Robtm modo
 nō veñ. Ido in mĩa.

[The two remaining paragraphs of this Membrane are
 very imperfect.]

(M. 45.) **Adhuc de pl̃itis de Corona de pochi Šce Mař.**

parochia Šce Mař veñ p xij.

Jerseye. Juř p̃sentant qđ Colinus Robelin a xij annis elap̃s pro latrocinio
 s̃pensus fuit. [Habuit] virgař terre que valet p anñ iij^d. Et
 Ričus Michel eođm anno s̃pens^o fuit nō [habuit catalla].

Presentant t̃ qđ Jordanus Chivaler abjuř Insulas a xxv annis
 elap̃s et ĥuit di redd dñō Regi p anñ
 iij caß fri.

Presentant t̃ qđ Joñnes de Beket in piscando p̃pe ripam maris
 cecidit de quadam rupe p quod statim s̃mersus

they are worth per annum And the said bordage is charged to Agnes the widow of Richard Margerie with 7 measures of wheat which likewise remain to the lord the King &c. And Richard Peronelle holds 1 virgate of land of the bordage Horman of the purchase of Thomas Pe[ronelle] deceased which is worth per annum 5 measures of wheat & remains to the lord the King And Walter le Cu holds 3 virgates of land of the bordage Pot to the King by the year measures of wheat & shall do the service of bordage &c.

They present also that Robert Vivien caused Robert to be summoned comes & acknowledges &c. but he says that he did not do it maliciously. Therefore to be amerced & he finds [as pledges] Philip Fu..... & Philip Horman. And Robert de la Hougue caused R..... to be cited &c. who now comes & cannot deny it. Therefore to be amerced & &c. whereupon Jordan de la Hougue & Ralph Turgys, Gervaise Greffyn, John des Monts & Robert now do not come. Therefore to be amerced.

(M. 45.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
St. Mary.

The parish of St. Mary comes by 12 men.

Jersey. The jurors present that Colin Robelin 13 years ago for theft was hanged. [He had] virgate of land which is worth by the year 4 d. And Richard Michel was hanged in the same year & had no chattels.

They present also that Jordan Chevalier abjured the islands 25 years ago & had half paid to the lord the King by the year 4 measures of wheat.

They present also that John de Beket in fishing near the sea-shore fell from a certain rock whereby he

fuit et nullus inde malec^r. Judm Infortuñ. Et Colin
eodm modo s^mmers⁹ fuit et nullus inde malec^r. Judm Infortuñ.

Presentant t̃ qđ Jordanus de Castro cecidit de quad rupe in
mare e statim s^mmersus Et Ro^gus filius Gilb^ti
Dulbel piscando ppe mare casu fortuito s^mmers⁹ fuit. Et Rob^tus filius
Colini Blaunche balneando in quodam stagno s^mmersus fuit. Et
Guillot⁹ de Mara piscando piclitatus fuit in mari. Et nullus inde
malec^r. Judm Infortuñ.

Presentant t̃ qđ Guiltota filia p^stri Ansgot a diu est equitando
sup unū eqū casu fortuito cecidit e p^dcs equus illam tramavit unde
statim inde obiit et n^lls alius inde malec^r. Judm Infortunū. Et
dicūt qđ P^hus Levesk miles tūc fuit Ba^lls qui de equo illo fec^t
cōmodū dñi Re^g t^c.

Redd e firme
dñi Regis.

Presentant t̃ qđ dñs Rex pcipit p anū in ista parochia xx li vij š
de certa firma p anū. Et de feodo des Meschins x š. Et de feodo
des Wyncheles v š de gre^fiis. Et dñs Rex habet j ac^r terre de foris-
f^eura Guilti Artur que valet p anū iiij ca^b f^ri e Guilt filius Nichi
Robe^leyn modo tenet. Et Jordanus Levesqe e participes sui tenent
vij virga^t terre et reddūt dño Regi p annū xiiij ca^b f^ri. Et fiedes as
Robelins tenent iij ac^r et reddunt dño Regi p annū xvij ca^b f^ri. Et
dñs Rex habet de forisf^eura filii Rob^ti Hug^es vj virga^t terre que
valent p anū ij q^r f^ri. Et de forisfactura as Griffouns ij q^r f^ri iiij
capoⁿ per annū. Itm ymarka que fuit u^x Alani Eleire p parce
cōmune viij đ ij galliñ. Et Guilt^s Nicolas e participes as Robelins
reddunt dño Regi p annū de crofto del moster vj đ vj galliñ. Percipit
t̃ dñs Rex de montibz Petri Hug^t que vocantur Latemie x li p annū.
Habet t̃ dñs Rex duo molendia videl^t molendia de Jogelande e
molendim de Morer que valent p annū xl li. Dicunt t̃ qđ hoⁱes dñi

was immediately drowned & no one is suspected thereof. Verdict : by misadventure. And Colin was drowned in the same way & no one is suspected thereof. Verdict : by misadventure.

They present also that Jordan du Castel fell from a certain rock into the sea & was immediately drowned And Roger son of Gilbert Dulbel fishing near the sea was drowned by accident. And Robert son of Colin Blaunche bathing in a certain pond was drowned. And Guillot de la Mare fishing was drowned at sea. And no one is suspected thereof. Verdict : by misadventure.

They present also that Guillota daughter of the priest Ansgot long ago while riding upon a horse fell by accident & the aforesaid horse trod upon her whereof she died immediately & no one else is suspected thereof. Verdict : by misadventure. And they say that Philip Levesque, knight, was then Bailiff, who took that horse for the profit of the lord the King &c.

**Rents & Farm
of the
lord the King.** They present also that the lord the King takes by the year in that parish 20 livres 7 sols of cert farm by the year. And of the fee of Meschin 10 s. And of the fee of the Vinchelez 5 s. of 'greverie.' And the lord the King has 1 acre of land of the forfeiture of William Arthur which is worth by the year 4 measures of wheat & William the son of Nicholas Robelin now holds it. And Jordan Levesque & his partners hold 7 virgates of land & pay to the lord the King by the year 14 measures of wheat. And the heirs of the Robelins hold 3 acres & pay to the lord the King by the year 18 measures of wheat. And the lord the King has of the forfeiture of the son of Robert Huges 6 virgates of land which are worth by the year 2 quarters of wheat. And of the forfeiture of the Griffons 2 quarters of wheat 4 capons by the year. Also Ymarka who was the wife of Alan Eleire for the common pound 8 d., 2 hens. And William Nicolas & partners of the Robelins pay to the lord the King by the year for the croft of the Monastery 6 d. 6 hens. Also the lord the King takes of the hills of Peter Hugh which are called Latemie 10 livres by the year. Also the lord the King has 2 mills, to wit, the mill of Gigoulande & the mill of the Mourier which are worth per annum 40 livres. They say also that the men of the lord the King in this parish owe the service

Reĝ in ista pochia debent cariare vinū fenū e buscam dñi Reĝ ubi-
cumq; Ministri Reĝ volūit in Insula. Et Guiffus du Buhot tenet
vij virĝ ĩre de feodo Riĉi Leveske e reddunt p anū vij ĩz fri ij galliū
e ij d.

Presentant t̃ qđ Jordanus Levesqe et Pñus Levesqe tenent de
dño Rege xxx acř terre et reddūt dñum releviū cum acciderit. Et
Guiffis le Petist Junior de pochia Šce Tñitatis teñ dñam caructā et
debet dñum releviū cum acciderit. Et Guiffis de Mara teñ dñam caru-
catam ĩre et deb dñum releviū cū acciderit.

Presentant t̃ qđ ecclia istius parochie est de advocaçone Abbis
de Cesario e valet coĩbz annis LX ti. Et Abbissa de Cadomo et
Abbissa de Moster Vilers habent medietatē decie garbaꝝ ejusd paro-
chie. Et Abbas Šci Salvatoris pcipit sextam garbam ejusd decie.

Presentant t̃ qđ ante ultias assisas devenit de Wrecko apđ
Portum de Laik quedam navis und p̃pars dñi Reĝ valuit xx ti de
quibz Lauř de Sevenoĉ e Joñnes de Newent Receptoř respond.

Presentant t̃ qđ Robt^o Godel feč citare Guiffm le Feuere e
Guiffm Hamon apđ Hayam Putei maličose. Iō ipe in g^{vi} mīa.

Presentant t̃ qđ assisa panis e vini fracta est p s̃scriptos videlř
p Guiffm Fauvel Reginald Wautier Petrū Morel Riĉm Boloyn Joñnem
le Faucoun Guiffm Estevene Robtum Bodet e Roĝum Bernard bolen-
garios. Et Guiffm Fauvel Regiñ Gautier Guiffm de Mara Galřm
Levesqe Robum Bodet Riĉm Bodet e Regiñ Mobey Tabnarios. Ido
oīes in mīa.

Presentant t̃ qđ Reginaldus Arthur p̃prestavit de chimino Reĝ
p carucā suam latiř ij ped e long j ptič. Et Robtus Robelyn con-
similr. Et Robtus Valoun feč p̃presturam de via regali p quodd

of carrying the wine, hay & firewood of the lord the King wheresoever the officers of the King shall wish in the island. And William du Buhot holds 7 virgates of land of the fee of Richard Levesque & they render by the year 7 bushels of wheat 2 hens & 2 d.

They present also that Jordan Levesque & Philip Levesque hold of the lord the King 30 acres of land & pay half-relief when it shall occur. And William le Petit junior of the parish of Holy Trinity holds half a carucate & owes half-relief when it shall occur. And William de la Mare holds half a carucate of land & owes half-relief when it shall occur.

They present also that the Church of that parish is of the advowson of the Abbot of Cherbourg & is worth one year with another 60 livres. And the Abbess of Caen & the Abbess of the Monastery Villiers have the moiety of the tithe of the sheaves of the same parish. And the Abbot of St. Saviour takes the 6th sheaf of the same tithe.

They present also that before the last assizes there came of wreck at the port of Lecq a certain ship whereof the share of the lord the King was worth 20 livres, for which Laurence de Sevenok & John de Newent, Receivers, shall answer.

They present also that Robert Godel maliciously caused William le Fevre & William Hamon to be cited at La Haye du Puits. Therefore he is to be heavily amerced.

They present also that the assize of bread & wine is broken by the underwritten, to wit, by William Fauvel, Reginald Vautier, Peter Morel, Richard Boloyne, John le Faucoun, William Estevene, Robert Bodet & Roger Bernard, bakers; and William Fauvel, Reginald Gautier, William de la Mare, Geoffrey Levesque, Robert Bodet, Richard Bodet & Reginald Mobey, taverners. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

They present also that Reginald Arthur encroached upon the high road with his plough in breadth 2 feet & in length 1 perch. And Robert Robelyn likewise. And Robert Valoun made an encroachment on the King's high-way by a certain ditch of his 2 feet in

fossatū suū latiř ij peđ e longj j pticař. Et Thomas Galoupin p'pres-
tavit de cōa Reġ p caruč suam latiř ij peđ e longj ij ptič. Et Henř
fił Joeine e p'ticipes sui fecerunt p'presturam de cōa Reġ latiř j p'ticate
e longj viij ptič. Iđo oīes in mīa.

Presentant t̃ qđ Joĥnes Bloyn tenet xv acř ģre de bordaġ e reddit
đno Regi p anñ p qualibet bovata vij š que continent' in pđca firma
đni Reġ e debet Idem bordaġ fače šviciū bordagii in tota pochia
Šci Audoeni de hiis que spectant ad đnm Regem et debet respondere
p'poito istius pochie de oīmimodis denař đni Reġ levand in pđca pochia
Šci Audoeni. Et Reginalđ Betoun e p'ticipes sui tenent j bovař ģre
de bordaġ e reddunt p anñ ad pđcam firmam đni Reġ vij š. Et
faciunt švič bordař in ista poch.

Presentant t̃ qđ homīes Reġ de ista pochia debent cariare vinū
fenū e buscam đni Reġ ubicumq, Ministri Reġ volfint in Insula.
Ita tamen qđ debent recipe p qualibet quadrigata ij đ.

Presentant t̃ qđ Epus Constancien ģet tenentes suos in ista pochia
e pcipit de eis p anñ XL š vj đ et pđci tenentes nō solvūt fumaġ tč.
Et Epus Abriceñ ģet in ista pochia campť in feodo Pĥi Selran e in
feodo Baudoeni Jonan quod valet p anñ L š.

Et Juř [p plibz] concelamentis in veredco suo de quibz convicti
ffint [coram] Justič p exaiačoem [in mīa.]

(M. 45 d).

Adhuc de pochia Šce Mař.

Presentant qđ Thomas Henry insultavit noctanť domū filie Joĥnis
Viuf frangendo tč. Et Phelipotus le Ducheroun simiř insul-
tavit eādem. Iđo uřq, eoř in mīa.

breadth & 1 perch in length. And Thomas Galoupin encroached on the King's common with his plough in breadth 2 feet & in length 2 perches. And Henry son of Jeune & his partners made an encroachment on the King's common 1 perch in breadth & 8 perches in length. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

They present also that John Bloyn holds 15 acres of land of bordage & pays to the lord the King by the year for each bovat 7 s. which are contained in the said aforesaid farm of the lord the King & the same bordage owes the service of bordage in the whole parish of St. Ouen for those things which belong to the lord the King & ought to answer to the Provost of that parish (St. Mary) for all manner of moneys of the lord the King to be levied in the aforesaid parish of St. Ouen. And Reginald Beton & his partners hold 1 bovat of land of bordage & pay by the year to the aforesaid farm of the lord the King 7 s. And they do the service of the bordiers in this parish.

They present also that the men of the King of this parish owe the service of carrying the wine, hay & firewood of the lord the King wheresoever the officers of the King shall wish in the island, so nevertheless that they ought to receive for each four-horse cart, 2 d.

They present also that the Bishop of Coutances has his tenants in this parish & receives of them by the year 40 s. 6d., & the aforesaid tenants do not pay fumage &c. And the Bishop of Avranches has in this parish champart in the fee of Philip Selran & in the fee of Baldwin Jonan which is worth per annum 50 s.

And the jurors [for many] concealments in their verdict of which they were convicted [before] the Justices by examination [to be amerced.]

(M. 45 d.) **Continuation of the parish of St. Mary.**

They present that Thomas Henry by night attacked the house of the daughter of John Viuf by breaking &c. And Phelipot le Ducheron likewise attacked the same. Therefore both of them to be amerced.

Presentant t̃ qđ molend̃ de Gigoullande cōbustū fuit p̃ malam e
stultam custodiam le Maynen tūc custodis molend̃ illius.
Ido ipe in m̃ia.

Comptum est p̃ Roilos Phi le Evesk Balli qđ Rohtus le Evesk
insultavit quend̃ Malueynaunt pcusciendo eū unde sang's plaga
e ha cla et appleg̃ fuit usq; ad has as̃ p̃ Radm Crapedoyt. Et
p̃dcs Rohtus nō veñ. Ido pleg̃ suus in g̃vi m̃ia.

Comptum est p̃ Roilos Phi le Evesk Balli qđ Thomas Henry e
P̃hus Ducheroun de Šco Petro noctañ intraſunt domū filie Joñnis
Humfrey p̃ quod ip̃a reliquit domū cū ha cla. Ido fiant inde emend̃.
Et p̃dcs P̃hus veñ e feč finem p̃ p̃dca t̃ns p̃ xx š pp̃lm Phi le Evesk.
Et Joñnes Henry pať p̃dci Thome veñ e feč finē p̃ p̃dca t̃ns p̃ filio
suo p̃ xx š pp̃lm Phi de Carlet. Comptū est p̃ Roilos ejusd̃ Balli qđ
Joñnes fit Pet' de Hailes ṽbavit Colinū le Abbey in retractu maris e
ip̃m acabliavit ad t̃ram unde sang's e ha cla. Et p̃dcs Joñes veñ e
feč finem p̃ p̃dca t̃ns p̃ xxxvj š pp̃lm p̃dci p̃ris sui.

Adhuc de remañ de poch̃ de Grovilt.

Comptum est p̃ Roilos Phi le Evesk Balli qđ Simon le Curroure
alias p̃posuit quasđ biť de cōspiracoibz vsus Walſm le Keu Wiltm
Lenginour e Lucam Espiard pp̃t quod appleg̃ fuit usq; ad has as̃ et
modo nō vult p̃sequi. Iō ipe in g̃vi m̃ia.

Et Juř duodene p̃ plibz concelamentis in vered̃co suo de quibz
convicti f̃runt coram Justic̃ p̃ examinaçoem in m̃ia.

Juř p̃sentant qđ post ultimas as̃ venit ad Wreccū in pochia eoꝝ
j doleū vini albi sats p̃cii vj ti x š quod Walſus le Keu fuit qui inde

They present also that the mill of Gigoulande was burnt through the careless & negligent custody of le Maynen then keeper of that mill. Therefore he is to be amerced.

It is found by the rolls of Philip l'Evesque, Bailiff, that Robert l'Evesque assaulted a certain Malveynant striking him whereupon blood & wounds & 'Clameur de Haro' raised & he was remanded on bail until the next assizes by Ralph Crapedoyt. And the aforesaid Robert did not come. Therefore his pledge to be heavily amerced.

It is found also by the rolls of Philip l'Evesque, Bailiff, that Thomas Henry & Philip Ducheron of St. Peter by night entered the house of the daughter of John Humfrey whereby she left that house raising 'Haro.' Therefore let them make amends therefor. And the aforesaid Philip came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 20 sols by the pledge of Philip l'Evesque. And John Henry father of the aforesaid Thomas came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression for his son by 20 sols by the pledge of Philip de Carteret. It is found by the rolls of the same Bailiff that John son of Peter de Hailes struck Colin Labey at low tide & threw him to the ground whereupon blood & 'Haro' raised. And the aforesaid John came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 36 sols by the pledge of his aforesaid father.

Continuation of the remainder of the parish of Grouville.

It is found by the rolls of Philip l'Evesque Bailiff that Simon le Currou at another time proffered a certain bill of conspiracies against Walter le Keu, William Lenginour & Luke Espiard on account of which he was applegged to these assizes & now he does not wish to prosecute. Therefore he is to be heavily amerced.

And the jury of 12 for many concealments in their verdict of which they were convicted before the Justices by examination to be amerced.

The jurors present that since the last assizes there came of wreck in their parish one barrel of white wine (salty) value 6 livres 10 sols which Walter le Keu had, who shall answer therefor. Also

respond. Itm devenit ad Wreccū j peč ligni p̄cii x s̄ unde Wiltus le Petyt respond. Itm devenit t̄ ad Wreccū j doleū vini uñ p̄pars Reḡ LX s̄ de quibz Wiltus le Petyt e Wilts Lengenour respond.

Presentant t̄ qđ sunt xv pticaĩ t̄re in eoꝝ počh ubi dñs Rex solitus fuit h̄ere ceppos suos ad custod̄ p̄sones t̄c e tenentes teñ illud oñd̄funt illud vsus ext̄neus de iij cab̄ f̄ri redd̄ p̄ anñ quem Petrus Espiard p̄quisivit qui jam obiit. Et h̄edes p̄dci Pet' veñ e dāt dño Regi j cab̄ f̄ri de redd̄ p̄ anñ p̄ sic qđ possint tenere teñ illud in pace salvo sibi wař suo t̄c. Et sciend̄ qđ quia p̄dcm̄ teñ nimis p̄pinquū ecclie t̄c ordinatū fuit alias p̄ ministros dñi Reḡ qđ p̄soñ decesso ibi nō essent s̄z ducent̄r ad castrū dñi Reḡ t̄c.

Presentant t̄ qđ Phelipot^o de Breban abduxit ux̄em Rad̄i Justice simul cū bonis mariti sui. Et p̄d̄cus Phelipotus nō veñ e malecr̄. Idō exiḡ e utlaḡ. Et Joñnes de Braban e Oliuſus frař ejus soliti sunt multū expendere in tab̄nis plus q̄m possunt fidelif̄ adquirere p̄ quod ip̄i malecredūt eos et patet de eis in Rořlo de delib̄acōne Gaot.

Presentant t̄ qđ Lucas Espiard s̄btraxit ux̄em Simonis le Curreour una cū bonis d̄ci Simonis p̄ut credunt t̄c. Et p̄d̄cus Lucas veñ e dicit qđ ip̄e nūq̄ abduxit ux̄em Simōis ex̄ domū suam t̄c et dāt dño Regi p̄ t̄ns quam fuit c̄ s̄ p̄ptm P̄hi Levesk̄.

Presentant t̄ qđ in feodo Malet in eoꝝ počh de quo Hamelinus de Hoga tenet eyneciam rōne ux̄is sue est quodd̄ molend̄ de quo dñs Rex solebat accipe L s̄ p̄ anñ p̄ sic qđ molend̄ if̄d possit h̄ere coēm moltam de hoĩbz dñi Reḡ t̄c molere volentibz ad p̄dcm̄ molend̄. Et dicūt qđ aliqui eoꝝ e eoꝝ p̄res viderunt Abbissam de Cadomo accipe L s̄ p̄ anñ in Castro dñi Reḡ de elemosina t̄c. Et postea dca Abbissa

there came of wreck one piece of wood value 5 sols whereof William le Petyt shall answer. There also came of wreck one barrel of wine whereof the share of the King is 60 sols for which William le Petyt & William Lenginour shall answer.

They present also that there are 15 perches of land in their parish where the lord the King was wont to have his stocks to keep the prisoners &c. and the tenants of that tenement charged it to outsiders (the purchasers) with the yearly rent of 3 measures of wheat, which (tenement) Peter Espiard purchased, who is now dead. And the heirs of the aforesaid Peter come & give to the lord the King one measure of wheat of yearly rent, so that they may hold that tenement in peace without prejudice to their warrant (if any) &c. And be it known that because the aforesaid tenement is too near the Church &c. it was ordered at another time by the officers of the lord the King that from henceforth the prisoners should not be kept there but should be taken to the castle of the lord the King &c.

They present also that Phelipot de Breban carried off the wife of Ralph Justice together with the goods of her husband. And the aforesaid Phelipot does not come & is suspected. Therefore he is banished & outlawed. And John de Braban & Oliver his brother are wont to spend more in taverns than they can honestly earn, whereby they suspect them & it appears concerning them in the roll of gaol delivery.

They present also that Luke Espiard took away the wife of Simon le Curreur together with the goods of the said Simon as they believe &c. And the said Luke comes & says that he never removed the wife of Simon out of her house &c. and he gives to the lord the King for the transgression which he made 100 sols by the pledge of Philip Levesque.

They present also that in the fee of Malet in their parish of which Hamelin de la Hougue holds the eldership in right of his wife there is a certain mill of which the lord the King was wont to receive 50 sols by the year so that that mill may have the common multure of the men of the lord the King &c. wishing to grind at the aforesaid mill. And they say that some of them & their fathers saw the Abbess of Caen receive 50 sols annually in the castle of the lord the King as of alms, &c. And since then the said Abbess for a long

jam diu est accepit p̄dcos L s̄ sup p̄dcm molend. Et dicūt qđ tenentes dci molend debent h̄ere de triennio in trienniū xxx s̄ p f̄cura dci molend et sic usitatū est a tempe quo nō extat memoria qui quid xxx s̄ colligūt sup coitatem d̄ce poch p mañ tenenciū p̄dci molendini simul cū s̄uiente d̄ni Reġ assedendi sc̄dm facultatē cuj^ocumq. t̄c.

Comptum est p Roilos Phi le Evesk Balti qđ filius Joh̄nis le Brabachon Juvenis fregit quand archam existentem in arresto Reġ in domo Phi Justice sigillatam sigill Vič. Et p̄dcs Joh̄nes veñ e feč finem p filio suo p p̄dca t̄ns p xx s̄. Et t̄ comptū est p eosd Roilos qđ Ričs Poyle s̄btraxit uñem Gilb̄ti le Blaunk cū bonis mariti sui qui veñ e feč finem p p̄dca t̄ns p xxⁱⁱ p quibz suppoñ corpus suū t̄ras e catalla loco securitatis. Comptū est p eosd Roilos qđ Alan^o Anketil v̄bavit noctan̄ Radm Pareye e uñem Wiffi le Leuere uñ ha cla qui veñ e feč finē p p̄dca t̄ns p xxx s̄ pp̄tm Petⁱ Hugoun e Druecti Mariette. Et t̄ comptū est p eosd Roilos qđ Ričs fil Wiffi Horman v̄babit fil Petⁱ Neel e ip̄am acabliavit e male tractavit qui veñ e feč finem p p̄dca t̄ns p XL s̄ pp̄tm Walfi le Keu. Comptū est t̄ p eosd Roilos qđ uxor Joh̄is Chivaler v̄bavit noctan̄ filiam Radi Romye e ip̄am acabliavit. Et Joh̄nes veñ e feč finē p uñe sua p xxxvj s̄ pp̄tm Luce Espiard. Et t̄ comptū est p eosd Roilos qđ Gervaš de Normañ e Ričus fra^r ejus v̄ba^ovunt noctan̄ Michem Herbert e Relictam Rob̄ti Gabard uñ sang^s e ha cla qui veñ e fečunt finē p p̄dca t̄ns quibz eoꝝ p xxxvj s̄ pp̄tm adinvicem. Comptū est t̄ p eosd Roilos qđ Rob̄tus le Desuee e Gervaš le Desuee v̄ba^ovunt Ričm le Chivaler faciendo ei sangⁿem e plaġ uñ ha cla qui veñ e fečunt finē p p̄dca t̄ns p xxxvj s̄ [pp̄tm] adinvicē. Comptū est t̄ p eosd Roilos qđ Rob̄tus fil Hamelini de Hoga v̄bavit Rob̄m e ip̄m acabliavit unde sang^s e ha cla qui veñ e feč finem p p̄dca t̄ns p

time past has received the said 50 sols upon the said mill. And they say that the tenants of the said mill ought to have every 3 years 30 sols for the building of the said mill & so it was used from time immemorial: which said 30 sols are collected by the hands of the tenants of the aforesaid mill from the commonalty of the said parish together with the serjeant of the lord the King elected according to their respective properties &c.

It is found by the rolls of Philip l'Evesque, Bailiff, that the son of John le Brabachon the younger broke open a certain chest being under arrest to the King in the house of Philip Justise, sealed with the seal of the Viscount. And the aforesaid John came & compounded for his son for the aforesaid transgression by 20 sols. And it is also found by the same rolls that Richard Poyle took away the wife of Gilbert le Blanc with the goods of her husband, who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 20 livres for which he pledged his body, lands & chattels by way of security. It is found by the same rolls that Alan Anquetil by night struck Ralph Pareye & the wife of William le Sueur whereupon 'Haro' raised, who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 30 sols by the pledge of Peter Hugon & Drouet Mariette. And it is also found by the same rolls that Richard son of William Horman struck the daughter of Peter Neel & threw her down & illtreated her, who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 40 sols by the pledge of Walter le Keu. It is also found by the same rolls that the wife of John Chevalier by night struck the daughter of Ralph Romye, & threw her down. And John came & compounded for his wife by 36 sols by the pledge of Luke Espiard. And it is also found by the same rolls that Gervais of Normandy & Richard his brother by night struck Michael Herbert & the widow of Robert Gabard whereupon blood & 'Haro' raised, who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression each of them by 36 sols by the pledge of each for the other. It is also found by the same rolls that Robert le Desvee & Gervais le Desvee struck Richard le Chevalier drawing blood & causing wounds whereupon 'Haro' raised, who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 36 sols [by the pledge] of each for the other. It is also found by the same rolls that Robert son of Hamelin de la Hougue struck Robert & threw him down whereupon blood & 'Haro' raised, who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by

(M. 46.)

Adhuc de plitis de Corona de poch Sci Lauř.

fressingfeld.

poch Sci Lauř veñ p xij.

Jereš Juř pŕesentant qđ Lucas Bertel a xvij annis elapsis s^opensus fuit.
Et [habuit] ĩre p qua Jorđs Juliene reddit dño Regi p
aň ij capoň.

Presentant t̃ qđ Haesius Chivaler adiu est abjuř Insulas p mi-
nori furto [non habuit] ĩras nec catalla.

Presentant t̃ qđ Guiltus le Batel in ultimis aš trahinatus e
s^opensus fuit tč. Et [habuit] catalla videlĭ blada seminata p̃cii
XLvj š. ĩm j vacč p̃cii XL š j vitulū p̃cii iij š
j agnū p̃cii viij š j porcellū p̃cii iij š. ĩm medietat̃ j juvenei e j
vacce e j Guilti Hasteyn p̃cii xxx š. Idem t̃ ĥuit
j q̃rřiū ordi quod tradideret Guiltō War..... vendend̃ tč p̃cii xij š.
Et ij busš ordi p̃cii vj š quos tradidit Guiltō Martin ad vendend̃ tč.
Et Genettam p̃cii iiij š iij đ de quibz Robtus de Haddy respond̃
ĥuit eciam reddm j busš ři in feodo de Surville quem Joĥnes de
Cales ei debuit p̃cii tunc vj š. Et Humřus Foucher debuit ei in
eodem feodo j caš fruťti j paň e j galliň de reddu p̃cii tunc iij š iiij đ.
Ido veniant iidem Joĥnes e Humř inde responsuř nich ulťius de eis
q nich tenent modo de ĩra ejusđ.

Idem Guiltus ĥuit libam ĩram vidz vij virg que libate řiunt
Rado le Feuere e Rado le Curraunt p xvij caš fruťti solvend̃ dño
Regi tč ĥuit t̃ in poch Sci Joĥnis j bz ři de redd de j virg ĩre quam
Joĥnes de Caley modo tenet et t̃ ĥuit đ virg ĩre que valet p aň
j caš ři.

Presentant t̃ qđ Petrus le Moigne a iiij^{or} annis elapsis trahinatus
fuit e s^opensus e Margia uř ejus combusta fuit tč. Idem ĥuit xxxj
virg ĩre que valent p aň LX caš ři e modo dimittunt^r ad vijⁿ tč.
Et Thomas Archur tenet de ĥeditate ejusđ quandam peciam ĩre p

(M. 46.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
St. Laurence.

Fressingfeld.

The parish of St. Laurence comes by 12 men.

Jersey.

The jurors present that Luke Bertel was hanged 18 years ago. And [he had] of land for which Jordan Juliene pays to the lord the King by the year 2 capons.

They present also that Haesius Chevalier long ago abjured the islands for a small theft. [He had neither] lands nor chattels.

They present also that William le Batel in the last assizes was drawn & hanged &c. And [he had] chattels, to wit, corn sown of the value of 46 s. Also one cow value 40 s. One calf value 3 s. One lamb value 8s. One pig value 3 s. Also the moiety of one heifer & one cow & one of William Hasteyn value 30 s. He also had one quarter of barley which he delivered to William War..... to be sold &c. value 12 s. And 2 bushels of barley value 6 s. which he delivered to William Martin to be sold &c. And a foal value 4 s. 4 d. for which Robert de Haddy shall answer. He had also the rent of one bushel of wheat in the fee of Surville which John de Cales owed him of the value then of 6 s. And Humphrey Foucher owed him in the same fee one measure of wheat, one loaf & one hen of rent of the value then of 3 s. 4 d. Therefore let the same John & Humphrey come to answer therein. Nothing further from them because they now hold nothing of his land.

The same William had free land, to wit, 7 virgates which were delivered to Ralph le Fevre & Ralph le Curraunt for 17 measures of wheat to be paid to the lord the King &c. He also had in the parish of St. John one bushel of wheat of rent from one virgate of land which John de Caley now holds & he also had half a virgate of land which is worth per annum one measure of wheat.

They present also that Peter le Moigne 4 years ago was drawn & hanged & Margery his wife was burnt &c. The same had 31 virgates of land which are worth per annum 60 measures of wheat & now they are let at 7 livres &c. And Thomas Arthur holds of the

xx cañ fr̃i de redd̃ quem idem Peř vendidit cuidam Wiffo Johan cuj⁹ heres idm Thomas est ante feloniam tñ e libata fuit ei p Justic e valet ulfius ij cañ fr̃i qui reman dno Regi. Et idm Thomas respond dno Regi de arrerag v annoz a tempe quo libata ei fuit tñ.

Presentant tñ qđ Robtus le Columbel indictatus qđ infecit uxem suam captus fuit e imp'lonatus in Castro et inde evasit ex^a custodiam Petⁱ Espiard e exinde fugit ad eccliam Sci Elerii e ibi abjur Insulas. Judm Evañ sup pđcm Petrum e heres suos tñ. Predcus Robtus fuit de liba ĩra ij virg ĩre que valent p añ j busñ fr̃i. Idm tñ fuit in pochl Sci Joñis j domũ que vendita fuit Robto Michel p xiiij s. Ido idm Robtus inde respond.

Presentant tñ qđ Scolastica fil Riči le Neir a xl annis elapsis indictata fuit de latrocinis fugiit tñ. Et fuit j virg ĩre que valet p añ j cañ fr̃i. Et pđca Scolastica jam obiit. Et heres Reġin de Carlet dni tñ hent esch pđce ĩre.

Presentant tñ qđ Guillus le Gascoign bastardus obiit a ij annis elapsis. Et fuit mediet j meñ e j virg ĩre que valet p añ j busñ fr̃i e di et sunt de escheta Reġ et uxor pđci Guifli inde dotata est tñ.

Presentant tñ qđ dñs Rex hent in eoꝝ pochl de feodo de Hundoneys xiiij q^{ar}t e iij busñ fr̃i p añ. Et tenentes ejusd feodi debent dno Regi de xxx acř ejusd feodi plenũ releviũ vidz de qualibet acra xij đ et de residuo de qualibet acra vj đ q^g g^avior redd̃s tñ hent tñ dñs Rex j virg ĩre de antiquo e valet p añ ij busñ fr̃i et Colinus Bertin modo illam tenet. Et Robtus Gilbert tenet j virg ĩre de escheta Reġ de antiquo tñ et reddit p añ j busñ fr̃i hent tñ dñs Rex de quadam antiqua escheta de feodo Fournier iij busñ fr̃i de reddũ j pañ e j galliñ vidz de

inheritance of the same a certain piece of land for 20 measures of wheat of rent which the same Peter before the felony sold to a certain William Johan whose heir the same Thomas is &c. and it was delivered to him by the Justices & it is worth further 2 measures of wheat which remain to the lord the King. And the same Thomas shall answer to the lord the King for the arrears of 5 years from the time at which it was delivered to him &c.

They present also that Robert le Columbel indicted for killing his wife was taken & imprisoned in the castle & escaped therefrom out of the custody of Peter Espiard & thence fled to the Church of St. Helier & there abjured the islands. Judgment: Evasion, the aforesaid Peter & his heirs responsible therefor &c. The aforesaid Robert had of free land 2 virgates of land which are worth per annum one bushel of wheat. The same had also in the parish of St. John a house which was sold to Robert Michel for 14 s. Therefore the same Robert shall answer therefor.

They present also that Scolastica daughter of Richard le Neir 40 years ago was indicted for theft, & she fled &c. And she had one virgate of land which is worth per annum one measure of wheat. And the aforesaid Scolastica is now dead. And the heirs of Reginald de Carteret the lord &c. have the escheat of the aforesaid land.

They present also that William le Gascoign, bastard, died 2 years ago. And he had the moiety of one messuage & one virgate of land which are worth per annum $1\frac{1}{2}$ bushels of wheat & are of the escheat of the King & the wife of the aforesaid William has her dower thereon &c.

They present also that the lord the King has in their parish of the fee of Handois 14 quarters & 3 bushels of wheat by the year. And the tenants of the same fee owe to the lord the King for 30 acres of the same fee full relief, viz. for each acre 12 d. & for the rest for each acre 6 d. because the heavier rent &c. Also the lord the King has one virgate of land of old & it is worth by the year 2 bushels of wheat, & Colin Bertin now holds it. And Robert Gilbert holds one virgate of land of the escheat of the King of old &c. and pays by the year one bushel of wheat. Also the lord the King has of a certain ancient escheat of the fee of Fournier 3 bushels of wheat of rent, one

iiij virg̃ tre. Iī m̃ dñs Rex fiet in eoꝝ pocti de eta fīma p anñ ad fīōs Pasch̃ Šci Pauli in estate e Šci Michis ix fi ix s̃ iiij đ ad quēlibet l̃m̃. Et de feodo des Arbris v s̃ de Greverie et dꝝ plenū releviū tč.

Presentant t̃ qđ Colinus le Malesars insultavit Rob̃tm Gilbert in mañio suo e feč ei plagā e sang̃nem unde ha cla. Et alias insultavit eund Rob̃tm e eum morsit p digitū unde ha cla. Et p̃dcus Colinus veñ e dič qđ p̃dcus Rob̃tus eum vulñavit e multa enormia ei intulit p quod idem Colinus p̃dco Rob̃to de alicubꝝ malefecit et vadiat dño Regi emend̃ taxand̃ p discrečōem Cuñ tč pplm̃ Henrici de Šco Martino. Et Gilb̃tus le Hardy insultavit noctañ quamdam đcam Melior in hospičo suo unde ha cla. Et Idm̃ Gilb̃tus potans in tañna Riči Boif voluit recessisse vi e cont̃ voluntatem ip̃ius Riči p quod idm̃ Ričus cla ha. Et Colinus le Galicien ṽbavit Joñem Angare unde ha cla qui veñ e vadiavit emend̃ tč. Et Ričus Morel jactavit lapides ad hostiū Colini Morel p quod uxor ip̃ius Colini cla ha. Idō fiant inde emend̃ tč. Et Ričus de Vergee ṽbavit noctañ Colinū le Filastre uñ ha cla et patet alibi de eo.

Presentant t̃ qđ Joñnes des Cays Peñr Ernof Guiffus le Golu e Perrot⁹ le Opiket soliti sunt coit̃ fače citare maliciose fideles hoies ex̃ regnū apud Constanč. Et modo nō veniūt. Idō om̃es in mīa. Et cap̃r cū veñunt.

Presentant t̃ qđ Guiffus de Vergee ebrius cecidit in quadam valle pfunda unde statim obiit. Et [nullus inde malecr̃.] Judm̃ infortunū.

Presentant qđ casu fortuito cecidit de equo suo p infortunū p tempis inclementiam nullus inde malecr̃. Judm̃ Infortunū p̃cii equi XL s̃ Et assigñnt̃ in elemoñ sic

loaf & one hen, viz. for 3 virgates of land. Also the lord the King has in their parish of cert farm by the year at the terms of Easter, St. Paul in the summer & St. Michael 9 l. 9 s. 4 d. at each term. And of the fee des Arbres 5 s. of 'greverie' & it owes full relief &c.

They present also that Colin Malzard assaulted Robert Gilbert in his manor & wounded him & drew blood, whereupon 'Haro' raised. And elsewhere he assaulted the same Robert & bit him on the fingers whereupon 'Haro' raised. And the aforesaid Colin comes & says that the aforesaid Robert wounded him & committed many outrages upon him whereby the said Colin to some extent illtreated the aforesaid Robert & he will pledge to the lord the King amends to be taxed at the discretion of the court, by the pledge of Henry de St. Martin. And Gilbert le Hardy by night assaulted a certain woman called Melior in her inn whereupon 'Haro' was raised. And the said Gilbert drinking in the tavern of Richard Boif wished to withdraw by force & against the will of the said Richard whereupon the said Richard raised 'Haro.' And Colin le Galicien struck John Angare whereupon 'Haro' raised, who came & pledged amends &c. And Richard Morel threw stones at the door of Colin Morel whereby the wife of the said Colin raised 'Haro.' Therefore let them make amends therefor. And Richard du Vergee by night struck Colin le Fillastre whereupon 'Haro' was raised, & it appears elsewhere concerning him.

They present also that John des Cays, Peter Ernof, William le Golu & Perrot le Opiket are wont maliciously to cite subjects out of the kingdom at Coutances. And now they do not come. Therefore all of them to be amerced, & let them be taken when they shall come.

They present also that William du Vergee while drunk fell into a certain deep trench whereupon he died immediately. And [no one is suspected thereof.] Verdict : by misadventure.

They present that by accident fell from his horse by misadventure by [the inclemency] of the weather, [no one] is suspected thereof. Verdict : by misadventure : value of the horse 40 sols. And they are assigned in alms as

[Dicunt t̃ qđ hoīes dñi] Reġ in ista pochl debent cariare vinū fenū
[e buscam dñi Reġ ubicumq, Ministri] Reġ volūnt in hac Insula et
debent [facere sectam] in ista pochl
molend de Kaytivel quo

(M. 46 d.)

Adhuc de pl̃itis Gorone de pochl Šci Lauř.

P̃santant qđ Robtus le Barber e Colinus le Baillif ṽbati f̃funt
noctant̃ e vul̃bati et Thomas Archur e Jords le Gascoign inde indic-
tati f̃funt et p̃tea rediti Offiĉ tē. Et p̃dcs Thomas veñ e inde
allocutus vidz de eo qđ cum ipe sit tenens dñi Reġ et ejus justiciabil
..... debet esse fidel ipe in ext̃edaĉōem dñi Reġ e Corone sue
tenent se ad p̃vilegiū clericale in tali casu de t̃nsg̃r tē quaz emend̃
ad dñm Regē spectant p̃ pace sua fracta tē nō potest hoc dediĉe e
supponit se ġre Cuř tē. Et p̃dcs Jords nō veñ. Ido Joñes pař ejus
cuj⁹ familiaris est in m̃ia. Et teñ e catalla ipeius Jordi capiant̃ in
mañ dñi Reġ quousq, tē pleġ p̃dci Thome de emend̃ Riĉus Michel e
Peř Burnolf.

Presentant t̃ qđ j jumentū de Weif inventū in eoz pochl libatum
fuit Balto p̃cii juñti x s̃ de quibz idm Balts respond̃.

Presentant t̃ qđ Radus fil Henř Galycien f̃et j columbario injuste
in feodo nō libo p̃ quod p̃ceptū fuit in aliis as̃ qđ p̃terneret̃. Et q,
nō p̃stravit Jō in ġ̃vi m̃ia et statim p̃snat̃ sumptibz suis tē.

Presentant t̃ qđ Lauř de Sevenok̃ fuit clicus dñi Reġ e fuit in-
fidel tam dño Regi q̃m populo e solitus fuit cape dona ex utraq, pte
ad manutenendū utrumq, tē. Et posuit fidel hoīes in m̃is in Rořlis
sine scitu Balli veř Juř Reġ et feĉ levare denař huj⁹ modi ad opus suū

[And they say that the tenants of the lord] the King in this parish owe the carriage of wine, hay [and firewood of the lord the King wherever the officers] of the King shall wish in this island & they owe suit in this parish at the mill of Quetivel in which

(M. 46 d.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
St. Laurence.

They present also that Robert le Barber & Colin le Baillif were beaten by night & wounded & Thomas Arthur & Jordan le Gascoign were indicted thereof & afterwards surrendered to the officer &c. And the aforesaid Thomas comes & being questioned therein, viz., as to how he, being a tenant of the lord the King & subject to his jurisdiction & owing allegiance to him, should have claimed the benefit of clergy to the damage of the lord the King & of his crown in such case of transgression &c. the amends whereof belong to the lord the King for breach of his peace &c. He cannot deny this & submits himself to the mercy of the court &c. And the aforesaid Jordan does not come, therefore John his father under whose power he still was, is to be amerced. And let the tenements & chattels of the said Jordan be taken into the hands of the lord the King until &c. Pledges of the said Thomas for amends, Richard Michel & Peter Burnolf.

They present also that a mare of waif found in their parish was delivered to the Bailiff; value of the mare 10 s. for which the said Bailiff shall answer.

They present also that Ralph son of Henry Galicien has a dove-cote without right in his fee which is not a frank-fee whereof it was ordered in the other assizes that it be pulled down. And because he did not pull it down therefore he is to be heavily amerced & let it be pulled down immediately at his costs &c.

They present also that Laurence de Sevenok was the clerk⁽¹⁾ of the lord the King, & was unfaithful as well to the lord the King as to the people & was wont to take gifts on both sides to maintain both &c. And he amerced liege men in the rolls without the knowledge of the Bailiff or Jurats of the King & caused such money to be levied for his own advantage. And the aforesaid Laurence

(1) The Greffier.

pp^lum. Et p̄dcus Lauř modo nō veñ. Ido cap^r cū veñit. Et teñ sua capiant^r in manū dñi Reġ quousq, tē.

Presentant t̄ qđ Ričus le Fraunceys tenz xviij acř ĩre de feodo Amoreris in ista pochl. Et de feodo de la Launde in pochl Šce Tⁿi-tatis xij acř ĩre. Et de feodo des Arbres in ista pochl xxx acř ĩre et debet p teñ istis plenū releviū cū acciderit. Et Greveriam tē. Et p̄dcus Ričus debet p p̄dco feodo Amoreris unū p̄ndiū p anñ ad ministros dñi Reġ vidz ad tres equites e duos pedites tē.

Presentant t̄ qđ as^s panis e vini fracta est p s̄sc̄ptos vidz Guillm Chivaler, Guillt Neel, Petronillam Bertin, Willm Ernald, Lauř Pynel, Ričm le Corraunt, Guillm Mortfouache, Guillm Galicien, Colinū le Neir, Rađm Tebaut, Joñem Tebaut, Pñm Pynel, Colinū Pynel, Guillm Roger, Rađm Neel, bolengarios. Et Joñem le Gascoign, Colinū Galicien, Willm Hasteng, Collardū Waryn, Joñem le Gros, Ričm Boif, Colinū Boif, Rođtm Barber, Pñm Boif, Jacobum de Mountsorel, Joñem Martin, Joñm Angare. Ido oñes in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ Rađus Curraunt Joñnes le Vicon e Joñnes Hobaunt fecerūt Ričō Trachee ha cla injuste. Ido in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ ecclia istius pochl est de advocacōne Abb̄tis de Blancalanda e valet coĩbz annis xxx^{li} e ĩminat^r in quo waranto.

Presentant t̄ qđ dñs Rex ĩet de tenentibz feodi de Hundoneys p̄t švicia sc̄pta infra in isto Rořlo vidz de Guillmo e Petro de Marek ĩribz ij đ e ij galliñ p anñ. Et Petro de Keyteuel iij đ ij galliñ e xxx ova. Et de Guillo Firebrache iij đ ij galliñ e xxx ova. Et de Rado Gerald j đ e j galliñ. Et de ĩedibz Guilti Michel j đ e j galliñ.

Presentant t̄ qđ Colinus du Pount e alii familiares Rectoris de Šco Clemente asportařunt genettam Galfri de Pount cont^r ejus voluntatē. Ido ip̄i in m̄ia.

does not now come. Therefore let him be taken when he shall come, & let his tenements be taken into the hands of the lord the King until &c.

They present also that Richard le Fraunceys holds 18 acres of land of the fee of Amorerers in this parish. And of the fee of la Launde in the parish of Holy Trinity 12 acres of land. And of the fee des Arbres in that parish 30 acres of land & he owes for these tenements full relief when it shall occur & 'greverie' &c. And the aforesaid Richard owes for the aforesaid fee of Amorerers a dinner yearly to the officers of the lord the King, viz. to 3 mounted & 2 on foot.

They present also that the assize of bread & wine is broken by the underwritten, to wit, William Chevalier, William Neel, Petronilla Bertin, William Ernald, Laurence Pynel, Richard le Corrant, William Mortfouache, William Galicien, Colin le Neir, Ralph Tebaut, John Tebaut, Philip Pynel, Colin Pynel, William Roger, Ralph Neel, bakers; & by John le Gascoign, Colin Galicien, William Hastein, Collard Waryn, John le Gros, Richard Boif, Colin Boif, Robert Barber, Philip Boif, James de Mountsorel, John Martin, John Angare. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

They present also that Ralph Currant, John le Vicon & John Hobant caused 'Haro' to be raised wrongly against Richard Trachee. Therefore to be amerced.

They present also that the Church of this parish is of the advowson of the Abbot of Blanchelande & is worth one year with another 30 livres, & it is determined in the 'quo warranto.'

They present also that the lord the King has of the tenants of the fee of Handois besides the services written within in this roll, to wit, of William & Peter du Marais brothers 2 d. & 2 hens by the year. And of Peter de Keytivel. 3 d. 2 hens & 30 eggs. And of William Firebrache 3 d. 2 hens & 30 eggs. And of Ralph Gerald 1 d. & 1 hen. And of the heirs of William Michel 1 d. & 1 hen.

They present also that Colin du Pont & other servants of the rector of St. Clement carried away a foal of Geoffrey du Pont against his will. Therefore they are to be amerced.

Presentant t̃ qđ Pñus fñ Gregorii Amelyne inventus fuit mortuus in p̃tis de Groviff et nullus inde malecr̃. Judm Infortunū.

Presentant t̃ qđ Pñus le Gras indictatus de latrocinio in ultimis assiis exactus fuit et modo nō veñ e malecr̃. Idō eñr e utlagr̃. Catalla nulla.

Presentant t̃ qđ Pñus de Carteret e pticipes sui capiunt p añ de molendino de Denemarche LX s̃ et est molendinū illud de feodo de Botevyleyn et Robtus de Meleches reddm illū tenuit inf alia teñ sua t̃c. Et idm Pñus e pticipes sui recipiunt de fma in ista pochia et in poch̃ Sci Joñnis vij ti p̃cipiunt t̃ idem pticipes decimas in ista poch̃ et in pochia Sci Joñnis que valent p añ LX s̃.

Presentant t̃ qđ Willus le Gras obiit bastardus e fuit j virg̃ fre e di que valent p añ j q̃r̃r̃ fri et est in feodo Paynel e fñedes Regiñ de Carfet illam tenent.

Presentant t̃ qđ Robtus le Desuee puer IX annoz invent⁹ fuit s̃bm̃ersus in rivo molendini de Tessoun et nullus inde malecr̃. Judm Infortunū.

Presentant t̃ qđ Robtus de Houn Doneys e pticipes sui tenent de dño Rege et debet idem Robtus collige f̃rm deb̃t dño Regi in feodo illo quod intus in Roñlo 9tinet̃. Et debet ulfius dño Regi j pañ pañ calcañ alboz que aretro sunt e xxx annis. Idō p̃dcs Robtus inde respond̃.

Presentant t̃ qđ Pñus Baudeyn feñ p̃presturā in chimino Regis latiñ di ped e long̃ j pticate. Et Guills Ernald consimilr latiñ di ptiñ. Et Joñ relicta Galfri Ernald p̃prestavit latiñ e vj ped long̃. Et Guills Nonel a iij annis elapsis p̃prestavit fre que p añ vj d. Idō respond̃ de arrerañ t̃c

They present also that Philip son of Gregory Amelyne was found dead in the meadows of Grouville & no one is suspected thereof. Verdict : by misadventure.

They present also that Philip le Gras indicted for theft at the last assizes was called & does not now come & is suspected. Therefore he is banished & outlawed. He has no chattels.

They present also that Philip de Carteret & his partners take by the year of the mill of Danmarche 60 s., & that mill is of the fee of Boutvillein, & Robert de Melèches held that rent among other his tenements &c. And the same Philip & his partners receive of farm in this parish & in the parish of St. John 7 livres, & the same partners also take the tithes in this parish & in the parish of St. John which are worth by the year 60 s.

They present also that William le Gras, a bastard, died & had $1\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land which are worth by the year one quarter of wheat, & it is in the fee of Paynel & the heirs of Reginald de Carteret hold it.

They present also that Robert le Desvee a boy of 9 years was found drowned in the stream of the mill of Tesson & no one is suspected thereof. Verdict : by misadventure.

They present also that Robert de Handois & his partners hold of the lord the King, & the same Robert owes the duty of collecting the wheat due to the lord the King in that fee which is contained within in the roll. And he owes further to the lord the King one pair of white spurs which are in arrear 30 years. Therefore the aforesaid Robert shall answer therefor.

They present also that Philip Baudains made an encroachment in the King's road half a foot in width & one perch in length. And William Ernaud likewise half a perch in breadth. And Joan the widow of Geoffrey Ernaud encroached in breadth & 6 feet in length. And William Nonel 3 years ago encroached of land which by the year 6 d. Therefore let them answer for the arrears &c.

..... salvo Et omēs p̃dci p̃ p̃dcis p̃prestū
sint in mīa.

Et Juř duodene p̃ p̃libz concelamentis de quibz cōvicti fūunt
coram Justiĉ p̃ examinaĉoem in mīa.

[Respice de remañ in Dorso de eodem.]

(M. 47.)

Adhuc de plitis Gorone de pochia Šci Joĥnis.

Fresingfeld.

pochia Šci Joĥnis veñ p̃ xij.

Jereš

Juř p̃sentant qđ Riĉus le Meleter trahinatus fuit e s̃pensus p̃
latrociniis e mūdno. [Habuit] ij virg̃ ĩre que reddunt d̃no Regi p̃
anñ xvij đ. Et Petronilla filia Petⁱ Boiste Cecilia
sorores ejusdem s̃pense fuerunt et ĥuerunt iiij virg̃ ĩre que reddunt
..... j q̃r̃ ĩri. Et Roĥtus Burnel e Lucas Bertel a
diu est s̃pensi fūunt. Et nulla ĥuerunt catalla.

Presentant t̃ qđ Riĉus Courlu a diu est abjuř Insulas p̃ lat̃cinio
ad eccliam istius [parochiae] ĥuit j virg̃ ĩre e đi e reddunt d̃no Regi
p̃ anñ j bus̃ ĩri.

Presentant t̃ qđ Joĥna la Graneye e Joĥ la Pareye ceciderunt
casu fortuito de quadam alta rupe et inde statim obierunt et nullus
inde malecr̃. Judm Infortunū.

Presentant t̃ qđ đns Rex ĥiet de feodo de Hennodoit xl ĩz ĩri p̃
anñ ad pvam mensū et se extendit ad mensuram Reğ ad vj q̃r̃ v caĥ
e j ĩcionar̃. Et ĥiet ul̃ius de eodem feodo v ĩ de greverie p̃ anñ. Et
feodum Donneville debet d̃no Regi p̃ anñ xlj ĩ x đ ad festū Šci Pauli
in estate et debent residentes in eodem feodo j p̃ndium p̃ anñ ad

..... saving And let all the
aforesaid for the said encroachments be amerced.

And the jury of 12 for many concealments of which they were
convicted by the Justices after examination to be amerced.

[Refer for the remainder to the back of the same.]

(M. 47.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
St. John.

Fresingfeld.

The parish of St. John comes by 12 men.

Jersey. The jury present that Richard le Meleter was drawn & hanged
for thefts & murder. [He had] 2 virgates of land which pay to the
lord the King by the year 18 d. And Petronilla daughter of Peter
Boiste Cecilia sisters of the same were hanged, &
they had 4 virgates of land which pay
one quarter of wheat. And Robert Burnel & Luke Bertel were
hanged long ago. And they had no chattels.

They present also that Richard Courlu long ago abjured the
islands for theft at the Church of this [parish]. He had 1½ virgates
of land & they render to the lord the King by the year one bushel of
wheat.

They present also that Joan la Graneye & Joan la Pareye fell by
accident from a certain high rock & immediately died thereof & no
one is suspected thereof. Verdict: by misadventure.

They present also that the lord the King has of the fee of
Hennodoit⁽¹⁾ 40 bushels of wheat by the year by the small measure
& it amounts according to the King's measure to 6 quarters 5½ mea-
sures. And he has further of the same fee 5 s. of 'greverie' by the
year. And the fee Donneville owes to the lord the King by the year
41 s. 10 d. at the feast of St. Paul in the summer & the residents on
the same fee owe one dinner by the year to the officers of the lord

(1) Fief de Henaud or Henout (Extentes 1274 & 1331).

ministros dñi Reġ in hac Insula videlī iij equites e iij pedites cū
p̄poīto preſ nūm tē. Et dñs Rex h̄et ul̄ius de eodem feodo x cab̄ fr̄i
iij an̄c iij putt̄ ix galliū ix pañ e LXX ova et dñs Rex h̄et camp̄tum
in eod̄ feodo quod valet coib̄z annis iij li. H̄et t̄ dñs Rex de antiquo
tē j virḡ fr̄e que vocat̄ le Pount de Bouet e valet p̄ an̄ j q̄r̄t̄ aveñ.
Iīm dicunt qđ dñs Rex h̄et quamdam coām in eoꝝ poct̄ videlī a rivulo
de Molyn usq̄ ad montem de Rokens. Et maḡr Phus de Cheny debet
dño Regi p̄ feodo Pinel e aliis teñ in pochia Šci Joñnis que Willtus
pař ejus h̄uit de dono dñi H. Reġ avi tē j pař calcar̄m deauratoꝝ. Et
Drogo de Barantin e pticipes sui debēt dño Regi vj đ p̄ an̄ p̄ teñ
que tenēt de feodo Paynel de eschambio fco in̄ dñm H. Regem av̄m
tē et Drogonem de Barantino av̄m p̄dci Drogonis de LX li fr̄e de p̄dco
feodo tenent̄ p̄dco Drogoni e h̄et tē in eschambio p̄ teñ p̄dci Dro-
gonis in Insula de Auren̄y.

Presentant t̄ qđ ecclia istius pochie est de advocacōne Abb̄tis
Šci Salvatoris et idem Abbas tenet̄ invenire custagia de repacōne
fcie ptis ecclie et idem Abbas nō veñ p̄mo die Itifis. Ido ip̄e in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ as̄s panis e vini fracta p̄ subscriptos videlī Lauř
Beneyt Guilm̄ le Barfot Ph̄m le Baouns Roġm le Caleyš Guilm̄ le
Noble Colinū le Monoyer Thoñ Malesars e Peř Hastenġ Ranulp̄m
Humfrey bolengarios et Peř Hastenġ tañnariū. Et Petrum Marek̄
Joñem de Bonenoet Joñem le Noble Godefr̄m Godart bolengarios et
tañnarios. Ido om̄es in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ Guiltus Maret Peř de Maret Godefr̄us Godart e
Joñ de Bonenoet salierunt congros cont̄ inhibiçoem tē. Et Dionis̄
de Creaunce Prior de Bona nocte simitr̄ salivit congros tam p̄ stauro
suo q̄m p̄ stauro Abb̄ie sue. Ido om̄es in m̄ia.

the King in this island, to wit, to 3 mounted & 3 on foot with the Provost besides the number &c. And the lord the King has further of the same fee 10 measures of wheat, 3 geese, 3 pullets, 9 hens, 9 loaves & 70 eggs, & the lord the King has champart in the same fee which is worth one year with another 4 livres. Also the lord the King has of old &c. one virgate of land which is called le Pont du Bouet & it is worth by the year one quarter of oats. Also they say that the lord the King has a certain common in their parish, to wit, from the stream of the mill up to the hill of Rokens. And Master Philip de Cheny owes to the lord the King for the fee Pinel & other tenements in the parish of St. John which William his father had of the gift of the lord H. the King the grandfather &c. one pair of gilt spurs. And Drogo de Barantin & his partners owe to the lord the King 6 d. by the year for the tenements which they hold of the fee Paynel by exchange made between the lord H. the King the grandfather &c. and Drogo de Barantin the grandfather of the aforesaid Drogo of 60 librates of land of the aforesaid fee, to be held by the aforesaid Drogo & his heirs &c. in exchange for the tenements of the aforesaid Drogo in the island of Alderney.

They present also that the Church of this parish is of the advowson of the Abbot of St. Saviour, & the same Abbot is bound to provide the costs for the repair of the third part of the Church, & the same Abbot does not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore he is to be amerced.

They present also that the assize of bread & wine is broken by the underwritten, to wit, Laurence Benest, William le Barfot, Philip le Baons, Roger le Caleys, William le Noble, Colin le Monoyer, Thomas Malzard, Peter Hasteng, Ranulph Humfrey, bakers, & Peter Hasteng, taverner. And by Peter Maret, John de Bonnenuit, John le Noble & Godfrey Godart, bakers & taverners. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

They present also that William Maret, Peter de Maret, Godfrey Godart & John de Bonnenuit salted congers notwithstanding the prohibition &c. And Dionis de Creance, Prior of Bonne Nuit, likewise salted congers as well for his stock as for the stock of his abbey. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

Presentant t̃ qđ Colinus le Grosser p̃prestavit de chimino Reġ latiř j ped e đi e long vj pticař vidz p caruř suam. Et Nichus Heles feč p̃presturam de via regali p caruř suam latiř ij ped e long j perticate. Et Colinus Lillierre fodiit sup coam Reġ latiř j ped e đi e long vj pticař. Ido omes in m̃ia.

Presentant t̃ qđ Nichus heres magři Nichi de Surville nō veñ p̃mo die Itifis. Ido in m̃ia.

Presentant t̃ qđ Joñnes de Bonenoet het quamdam porcoem domus sue sup coam latiř iij ped e long xij ped et Ido ipe in m̃ia.

Presentant t̃ qđ Abbas de Šco Salvatoř p Regiñ Maridort q̃nd Priorē de bona nocte levavit quemđ murū claudendo de cōa j ptič in latiř e iij pticař in long et p̃ceptum fuit in aliis ašs qđ p̃sneret̃. Et Abbas adhuc tenet clausum illud cont̃ inhibicoem tē et Ido ipe in g̃vi m̃ia.

Comptum est p Rořlos Phi le Evesk Baři qđ Rořtus le Evesk e Joñnes Falu inventi fũunt noctant p Robtm de Carřet in Warenam Reġ apud le Morer cū recibz que recia tradita fũunt Rořto de Haddy et postea p̃đci Rořtus e Joñnes in p̃sonam fũunt tē et exinde appleg̃ ad has ašs p Joñem de Wyncheles e Joñnes obiit e Rořtus ponit̃ in exigend⁽¹⁾ sicut patet alibi et p̃đcs Joñes Falu nō veñ Jō cap̃ cū veřit. Et Joñnes de Wyncheles veñ e poñ se in ġram Cuř de xx ġi p p̃đca manucař e aliis magnis t̃nš pp̃lm Wifli le Petyt de Rosel Guifli des Aungreys e Rořti Bradeřeř de quibz x ġi ponūt̃ in suū et residuū ponit̃ sup portū suū.

Et Juř duodene p plibz conclamentis in veredeo suo de quibz cōvicti fũunt coram Justič p examinačoem in m̃ia.

Juř p̃sentant contenčoē inř P̃m Baudeyn e Colinū Hales p Wrecco ad duod maris et quod Colinus voluit asportasse in m̃ia.

(1) i.e. a writ of 'exigi facias' was issued against him, commanding his appearance within certain days of proclamation under penalty of being outlawed.

They present also that Colin le Grosser encroached on the King's road $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet in breadth & 6 perches in length, to wit, by means of his plough. And Nicholas Heles made an encroachment on the King's high-way with his plough 2 feet in breadth & 1 perch in length. And Colin Lilierre dug upon the common of the King $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet in width & 6 perches in length. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

They present also that Nicholas the heir of Master Nicholas de Surville did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore to be amerced.

They present also that John de Bonnenuit has a certain portion of his house upon the common, in breadth 4 feet & in length 12 feet. Therefore he is to be amerced.

They present also that the Abbot of St. Saviour by Reginald Maridort, formerly Prior of Bonnenuit, raised a certain bank to enclose of the common 1 perch in breadth & 3 perches in length, & it was ordered in the other assizes that it should be thrown down. And the Abbot still holds that close notwithstanding the inhibition &c. Therefore he is to be heavily amerced.

It is found by the rolls of Philip l'Evesque Bailiff that Robert l'Evesque & John Falu were found by night by Robert de Carteret in the warren of the King at le Mourier with nets: which nets were delivered to Robert de Haddy & afterwards the aforesaid Robert & John were in prison &c. and thence remanded on bail to these assizes by John de Vinchelez & John is dead & Robert is cited as appears elsewhere & the aforesaid John Falu does not come, therefore let him be taken when he shall come. And John de Vinchelez comes & submits himself to the mercy of the court for 20 livres for the aforesaid bail & for other great transgressions by the pledge of William le Petyt of Rosel, William des Augrès & Robert Brasdefer: of which 10 livres are paid down & the remainder is imposed upon their income.

And the jury of 12 for many concealments in their verdict of which they were convicted before the Justices by examination to be amerced.

The jury present contention between Philip Baudains & Colin Hales for wreck to 12 of the sea & that Colin wish to carry away to be amerced.

(M. 47 d.)

Adhuc de reman de pochia Šci Lauř.

Presentant qđ Colinus fil Gilbti Dyacre p fuř tē a ix añ elapsis s^opensus fuit. Idem Colinus fuit unus fr̃edum Gilbti Diacre pris sui qui obiit a iiij^{or} annis elapsis seisit^o de xiiij virg̃ fre e di de feodo Reğ in hac poch̃ q̃ valent p añ xxj caŃ fri e di. Et de j virg̃ fre [e di] in poch̃ Šci Petⁱ q̃ valent p añ iiij caŃ fruñti. Et de ij virg̃ fre in poch̃ Šci Broerdi q̃ valent p añ iiij caŃ fri. Qui quidem s^opensus fuit duos fr̃es e ptes sorores Ita qđ p̃pars sua de p̃dca fr̃editate est fcia ps duaꝝ pciū tē. Et sic se extendit p̃pars ejus ad iiij virg̃ fre q̃ valent p añ ult^a sviciū tē vj caŃ fri e di set inde jure [matris] ejus supstite s̃btrahat^r fcia ps p dote sua tē e post mortem ejus integre remaneant dño Regi tē. Et p̃ticipes ejus respond dño Regi tam de ar̃ iiij^{or} annoꝝ q̃m de reddu de ceŃo. Et sunt ar̃ excepta dote xliij s̃ iiij d. Et sciend qđ hic utit^r p lege qđ pař ṽl mař de fr̃editate sua nō potest dare uni fr̃er suoꝝ plusq̃m alii tē.

Juř p̃sentant qđ Galfrus del Pount noctanť pcussit Colinū del Pount unde ha cla. Ido ipe in m̃ia.

Presentant t̃ qđ Magr P̃hus de Carfet levavit j columbare in feodo firmario ubi nō debet esse. Ido p̃ceptū est qđ p̃fnat^r tē. Postea ven p̃dcs P̃hus e dat dño Regi reddm j lb pipis pcipiend singlis annis impptuū p sic qđ ipe e fr̃edes sui gaudere possint columbari illo salvo jure cuj^ol3. Et admittit^r p eo qđ nō est ad nocumentū dñi Reğ.

Presentant t̃ qđ Gregoř del Vergee alias p cunctis fugiit ad eccliam. Et postea reddidit se castro et inde missus in Angl p Thom̃ Payn vicem gentem Petⁱ Darcy3 Balh.

Presentant t̃ qđ Nic̃us Ep̃us Abriceñ est libe tenens et nō ven p^omo die Itifis. Ido ipe in m̃ia.

(M. 47 d.) **Continuation of the remainder of the parish of St. Laurence.**

They present also that Colin son of Gilbert Diacre for theft &c. was hanged 11 years ago. The same Colin [was] one of the heirs of Gilbert Diacre his father who died 4 years ago seised of $14\frac{1}{2}$ virgates [of land] of the King's fee in this parish which are worth by the year $21\frac{1}{2}$ measures of wheat. And of $1\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land in the parish of St. Peter which are worth by the year 3 measures of wheat. And of 2 virgates of land in the parish of St. Brelade which are worth by the year 4 measures of wheat : which said (person) hanged had 2 brothers & many sisters, so that his share of the aforesaid inheritance is the 3rd part of 2 parts &c. And so his share amounts to 4 virgates of land which are worth per annum beyond service &c. $6\frac{1}{2}$ measures of wheat, but for the rights of his mother who survives the 3rd part thereof is subtracted for her dower &c. and after her death the whole shall remain to the lord the King &c. And his partners shall answer to the lord the King as well for the arrears of 4 years as for the rent from henceforth. And the arrears except the dower are 48 s. 4 d. And be it known that here it is used by law that the father or mother cannot give more of their inheritance to one than to another of their heirs &c.

The jurors present that Geoffrey du Pont by night struck Colin du Pont whereby ' Haro ' was raised. Therefore he is to be amerced.

They present also that Master Philip de Carteret erected a dove-cote on a fee farm where it ought not to be. Therefore it is ordered that it shall be taken down &c. Afterwards comes the aforesaid Philip & gives to the King the rent of one lb. of pepper to be received every year for ever, so that he & his heirs may enjoy that dove-cote, saving the right of any others. And he is admitted because it is not to the detriment of the lord the King.

They present also that Gregory de la Vergee at another time for (stealing) conies fled to the Church. And afterwards he gave himself up at the castle & thence was sent to England by Thomas Payn filling the office of Bailiff in the stead of Peter Darcya.

They present also that Nicholas Bishop of Avranches is a free tenant & did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore he is to be amerced.

Presentant t̃ qđ Guiffrs Chivaler e Colinus Gerbert tenent j bovata ĩre de bordağ. Et Riçus Hubert e pticipes sui tenent j bovaĩ ĩre de bordağ. Et Wiłfs Neel e pticipes sui tenent j bovaĩ ĩre de bordağ et faciūt sviciū bord̃ et alia svicia sicut vicini p̃l cariağ e fumağ t̃c.

Presentant t̃ qđ Colinus Gilbert a IX annis elapsis s̃pensus fuit Nich̃ ulfius q, sup̃.

Comptum est p Rołlos Phi le Evesk balti qđ Riçus Morel ṽbavit uřem řris sui in domo sua inde ha cla qui veĩ e feč finem p p̃dca t̃ñs p xx s̃ pp̃m Guilti Morel.

Comptum est t̃ p eosđ Rołlos qđ Gilbtus le Hardy feč insultū noctanĩ Meliore la Foleye frangendo ostiū suū cont̃ voluntatē t̃c qui veĩ e vadiat emend̃. Et q, noluit invenire securitatem remittit' p'sone t̃c. Et Idem Gilbtus feč Ričm Beynečveyse ha cla noctanĩ in tařna sua deforciano ei stoccū suū Jō fiāt inde emend̃ et sciend̃ qđ Rađs le Hardy pał ejus e Rađs frał suos řřunt ej' pleğ.

Comptū est t̃ p eosđ Rołlos qđ Colinus Galicien Junior ṽbavit Jořem Angare e ĩp̃m acabliavit cū plaga e sang'ne uĩ ha cla. Jō fiant inde emend̃.

Comptu est t̃ p Rołlos ejusđ qđ Colinus Malesars vulřavit Rořtm Gilbert in brachio de quod gladio. Et p̃dcs Colin' feč finē sicut patet alibi. Comptū est p Rołlos ejusđ qđ Rađs Corraunt Jořes le Vetu e Jořes Hubaunt decimatores t̃c fečunt Rořto Trachee ha cla p eo qđ řfato decimařūt blada ĩp̃ius Riči inponentes ei qđ false decimavit qui veĩ e fečunt finem p p̃dca t̃ñs p XL s̃ pp̃m adinvicem.

They present also that William Chevalier & Colin Gerbert hold 1 bovaté of land of bordage. And Richard Hubert & his partners hold 1 bovaté of land of bordage &c. And William Neel & his partners hold 1 bovaté of land of bordage, & they perform the services of bordiers & other services like their neighbours except carriage & fumage &c.

They present also that Colin Gilbert was hanged 9 years ago. Nothing further than above.

It is found by the rolls of Philip l'Evesque Bailiff that Richard Morel struck the wife of his brother in her house whereupon 'Haro' was raised, who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 20 s. by the pledge of William Morel.

It is found also by the same rolls that Gilbert le Hardy by night made an assault on Meliora la Foleys by breaking her door against her will who comes & pledges the amends. And because he would not find security he is sent back to prison &c. And the same Gilbert caused Richard Bechervaise to raise 'Haro' by night in his tavern by forcibly taking away from him his dagger. Therefore let them make amends therefor. And be it known that Ralph le Hardy his father & Ralph his brother were his pledges.

It is found also by the same rolls that Colin Galicien, junior, struck John Angare & threw him to the ground with wounds & blood, whereupon 'Haro' raised. Therefore let them make amends therefor.

It is found also by the rolls of the same that Colin Malzard wounded Robert Gilbert in the arm with a certain sword. And the aforesaid Colin compounded as appears elsewhere. It is also found by the rolls of the same that Ralph Corraunt, John le Vetu & John Hu-baunt farmers of the tithes &c. caused Robert Trachee to raise 'Haro' because they for a second time took tithes of the corn of the said Richard accusing him of having cheated in the payment of his tithes; who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 40 s. by the pledge one for the other.

(M. 48.)

Adhuc de plitis Gorone de poch Sci Martini.

pochia Sci Martini veñ p xij.

Jereš

Juř pŕesentant qđ Guillotus le Tongart a diu est abjuř Insulas ad
eccliam nō fuit ŕam vř catalla.

Presentant t̃ qđ Gaudinus Quarrere a xij annis elapsis abjuř
Insulas. Et [habuit] videlř j virgř ŕre e đi quas Joħnes Wauter modo
tenet e reddit dño Regi p [anñ] Et Guiffus le Noarclepeys
e Nicha uxor ejus e Colinus filius ejusdem Joħnes F..... le
Borgeys p fuř j patelle e denarioz tč abjuř Insulas. Et nich huerunt.

Presentant t̃ qđ Gaudinus Gerard adiu est s^opensus fuit. Et
nich fuit. Et Guilts Foley a xx annis elapsis s^opensus fuit. Et fuit
iij virgř ŕre que valent p anñ vij caš fri. Et Roħtus Chalan a diu est
s^opensus fuit. Et fuit lišam ŕam vidz j virgř ŕre e đi que valet p
anñ iiij caš fri et Thomas Deruaunt iřt modo tenet.

Presentant t̃ qđ Petrus Ernof Thomas Dervaunt senior e Thomas
Dervaunt Junior soliti sunt trahere homines Reğ in plitum in Cuř
xpianitatis ex^a regnū apud Constanč e alibi Jō ipi in g^avi mīa.

**Redđ e firme
đni Reğ**

Presentant t̃ qđ dñs Rex ģet in eoř pochia de řta firma p anñ
ad řminos Paschē Sci Pauli in estate e Sci Michis vidz de quelibet
řmino x^{ll} x^s xj^d. Et iij^s de greverie. Ĥet t̃ dñs Rex de esčeta de
carucata de Dauneviřt vj q^ařt řri e vj caš p anñ e xiiij đ xiiij anč
xxix galliñ e ccccx ova. Et dñs Rex ģet camptum in eodem feodo
quod valet coibz annis xj ti. Iřm dñs Rex ģet de esčeta Hamonis
Dervaunt bastardi iij virgř ŕre que valent p anñ xj caš fri. Et de
antiqua esčeta de feodo Tollisaķ iij virgř ŕre quas Alicia que fuit
uxor Riči Cogard modo tenet e valent p anñ vij caš frumti. Et

(M. 48.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** in the parish of
St. Martin.

The parish of St. Martin comes by 12 men.

Jersey. The jury present that Guillot le Tongart long ago abjured the islands at the Church he had neither land nor chattels.

They present also that Gaudin Quarrere 12 years ago abjured the island. And [he had] to wit, $1\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land which John Vautier now holds & pays to the lord the King by [the year] And William le Noarclepeys & Nicholaa his wife & Colin son of the same, John F..... le Borgeys for theft of a pan & money &c., abjured the islands. And they had nothing.

They present also that Gaudin Gerard was hanged long ago. And he had nothing. And William Foley was hanged 20 years ago. And he had 3 virgates of land which are worth per annum 7 bushels of wheat. And Robert Chalan was hanged long ago. And he had free land, to wit, $1\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land which is worth per annum 4 measures of wheat & Thomas Dervaut now holds it.

They present also that Peter Ernof, Thomas Dervaut, senior, & Thomas Dervaut junior were wont to sue the subjects of the King out of the realm in the Ecclesiastical Court at Coutances & elsewhere. Therefore they are to be heavily amerced.

Rents & Farm
of the
lord the King.

They present also that the lord the King has in their parish of cert farm by the year at the terms of Easter, St. Paul in the summer & St. Michael, to wit, for each term 10 l. 10 s. 11 d. And 3 s. of 'greverie.' Also the lord the King has of escheat of the carucate of D'Anneville 6 quarters of wheat & 6 measures by the year & 14 d., 14 geese, 29 hens & 420 eggs. And the lord the King has champart in the same fee which is worth one year with another 11 livres. Also the lord the King has of the escheat of Hamon Dervaut, a bastard, 3 virgates of land which are worth per annum 11 measures of wheat. And of ancient escheat of the fee Tollisak⁽¹⁾ 3 virgates of land which Alice who was the wife of Richard Cogard now holds, & they are

(1) See Extente 1274, page 21.

Johnes Hubert tenet de eadem escheta ij virg̃ fre e di e reddit dño Regi p anñ iiij caß fri. Et Pñus Troptostney tenet inde iij virg̃ fre p vj caß fri. Et Galfrus Mahie tenet de eadem escheta ij virg̃ fre e di p quibz redd p anñ v caß fri. Et Riçus le Goymel tenet iij virg̃ fre de escheta Fangot bastardi e redd dño Regi p anñ vij caß fri j pañ e j capoñ. Et Coķ le Archer tenet iij virg̃ fre de escheta fratris ejusdem Fanegot similr bastardi p v caß fri j pañ e j capoñ. Et Thomas le Blaunk tenet v virg̃ fre de escheta Nicķi de la Hoge bastardi e redd p anñ x caß fruñti. H̃et t̃ dñs Rex j virg̃ fre e di de fra Bilot que vať p anñ ij caß fri. Et Colinus le Feuere ilt modo tenet. Et Riçus de Šco Stepķo tenet iij virg̃ fre de fra Troptostney e redd p anñ v caß fri. Iťm Johnes du Mount tenet j virg̃ fre de escheta la Rause bastarde e redd p anñ ij caß fruñti. Et Guillus Mahie tenet j virg̃ fre de escheta la Foleye s̃pense que redd p anñ ij caß fri. Et Colinus le Esterk tenet de eadem escheta iij virg̃ fre p ij b3 fri. Et Galfrus Chivaler tenet inde j virg̃ fre p iij caß fri. Et Idem tenet xxx ptič fre de escheta Flori bastardi p ij caß fruñti. Et Johnes Wauter redd dño Regi p anñ p j virg̃ fre e di de escheta la Carrere que abjuť tč v caß fri. Et Rades Dervaunt Junior tenet j virg̃ fre de escheta Milais que valet p anñ iiij caß fri. Et Colinus le Clerk redd dño Regi p anñ p ij virg̃ fre e di de escheta Malnori s̃pensi iiij caß fri. Et Guillus Troptostney tenet de eadem escheta viij virg̃ fre p xvij caß fri. Et Guillus Congart tenet de eadem j virg̃ fre p ij caß fri. Et Lucas Espiard di virg̃ fre p j caß fri. Iťm Thomas Dervaunt tenet v virg̃ fre p quibz redd p anñ xv caß fri de quibz de fra Chalaunt di acř e de fra Hamon di acř et de escheta Thomase de la Hoge bastarde j virg̃ fre. Et Colinus Lesterķ tenet

worth per annum 7 measures of wheat. And John Hubert holds of the same escheat $2\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land & pays to the lord the King by the year 4 measures of wheat. And Philip Troptostné holds thereof 3 virgates of land for 6 measures of wheat. And Geoffrey Mahie holds of the same escheat $2\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land for which he pays by the year 5 measures of wheat. And Richard le Goymel holds 3 virgates of land of the escheat of Fanegot, a bastard, & pays to the lord the King by the year 7 measures of wheat, 1 loaf & 1 capon. And Cok l'Archer holds 3 virgates of land of the escheat of the brother of the same Fanegot likewise a bastard for 5 measures of wheat, 1 loaf & 1 capon. And Thomas le Blanc holds 5 virgates of land of the escheat of Nicholas de la Hougue, a bastard, & pays by the year 10 measures of wheat. Also the lord the King has $1\frac{1}{2}$ virgate of land of the land of Bilot which is worth by the year 2 measures of wheat. And Colin le Fevre now holds it. And Richard de St. Stephen holds 3 virgates of land of the land of Troptostné & pays yearly 5 measures of wheat. Also John du Mont holds 1 virgate of land of the escheat of la Rause, a bastard, & pays by the year 2 measures of wheat. And William Mahie holds 1 virgate of land of the escheat of la Foleye who was hanged which pays by the year 2 measures of wheat. And Colin Lesterk holds of the same escheat 3 virgates of land for 2 bushels of wheat. And Geoffrey Chevalier holds thereof 1 virgate of land for 3 measures of wheat. And the same holds 30 perches of land of the escheat of Florus, a bastard, for 2 measures of wheat. And John Vautier pays to the lord the King by the year for $1\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land of the escheat of la Carrere who abjured &c. 5 measures of wheat. And Ralph Dervaut junior holds 1 virgate of land of the escheat of Milais which is worth by the year 3 measures of wheat. And Colin le Clerk pays to the lord the King by the year for $2\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land of the escheat of Malnori⁽¹⁾ who was hanged 4 measures of wheat. And William Troptostné holds of the same escheat 8 virgates of land for 18 measures of wheat. And William Congart holds of the same 1 virgate of land for 2 measures of wheat. And Luke Espiard half a virgate of land for 1 measure of wheat. Also Thomas Dervaut holds 5 virgates of land for which he pays by the year 15 measures of wheat of which of the land of Chalaunt half an acre & of the land of Hamon half an acre & of the escheat of Thomasia de la Hougue, a bastard, 1 virgate of land. And Colin

(1) Mannuris (Extente 1274).

ij virg̃ fre de escheta la Duweresse bastard̃ que valent p añ j b̃z fri. Ĩm Thomas le Dubbeour⁽¹⁾ tenet x ptič de antiqua escheta tč p quibz redd̃ p añ x caš fri. H̃et t̃ dñs Rex de escheta Joñne Percequoer bastarde que obiit hoc anno reddm j q̃r̃i fri j pañ e j galliñ pvenientem de di ac̃ e di virg̃ fre quam Joñnes Larker modo tenet. Ĩm dñs Rex pcipit de carucata Everard ix caš fri e ij fcionař j pañ e j capoñ e v š v đ p añ ad festum Šci Michis. Et Ričus le Jumel debet dño Ređi j pañ e j capoñ de reddu sup meš suū. Et Ričus le Coķ debet j pañ e j capoñ sup iij virg̃ fre quas Colinus Lesterķ tenere solebat. Dicunt t̃ qđ Ričus de Ketevill tenet de dño Rege j caruč fre de feodo de Ketevill e reddit xv š p añ ad pđcam f'mam et debet plenū releviū cū acciderit. Guill̃s Dervaunt e p̃ticipes sui tenent de dño Rege dñam caruč fre p dimid̃ releviū e reddūt ix š p añ ad pđcam f'mam. Et debēt pđcus Guill̃s e p̃ticipes sui cariare totum grossum macrenniū e molas p mare inf̃ montem Šci Michis e Chireburgh̃ ad tria molend̃ vidz molend̃ de Morer de Pount terryn e le Noef molyn pcipit t̃ dñs Rex de carucata Everard in eoř pochia camptum quod valet coibz annis LX š. Dicunt t̃ qđ tenentes pđce carucate de Daunevill Debent h̃ere quodđ pař anelloř sive boiař ad custodiend̃ p'sones tč p voluntate ministroř dñi Ređ vidz de p'soñ captis in eadem carucata. Ĩm hoies Ređ in eoř pochia tenent̃ cariare vinū fenū e buscam dñi Ređ ubicumq; ministri iřius Dñi Ređ volūint in Insula. Et debent Iidem tenentes invenire sumptibz [suis totum meremium] ad molendinū Ređ quod vocat̃ le Graunt Molyn videlz tč s̃z dñs Rex debet invenire molas ferrum e carpenteriam. [Et valet] pđcm molendinū coibz annis L ti.

Presentant t̃ qđ Drogo de Barantino tenet de [dño Rege] mafiū de Rosel et habet furcas libam Warennam espkeriam Wreccū e Cuř [et terminatum in] quo Waranto. Et [debet] releviū LX^o cum acciderit

(1) Thomas le Dauqueur (Extente 1331, page 2).

Lesterk holds 2 virgates of land of the escheat of la Duweresse, a bastard, which are worth per annum 1 bushel of wheat. Also Thomas le Dauqueur holds 10 perches⁽¹⁾ of ancient escheat &c. for which he pays per annum 10 measures of wheat. Also the lord the King has of the escheat of Joan Percequoer, a bastard, who died this year the rent of 1 quarter of wheat, 1 loaf & 1 hen issuing from half an acre & half a virgate of land which John Larker now holds. Also the lord the King takes of the carucate Everard 19½ measures of wheat, 1 loaf & 1 capon, & 5 s. 5 d. by the year at the feast of St. Michael. And Richard le Jumel owes to the lord the King 1 loaf & 1 capon of rent upon his messuage. And Richard le Cok owes 1 loaf & 1 capon upon 3 virgates of land which Colin Lesterk used to hold. They say also that Richard de Quetteville holds of the lord the King 1 carucate of land of the fee of Quetteville & pays 15 s. by the year to the aforesaid farm & owes full relief when it shall occur. William Der-vaut & his partners hold of the lord the King half a carucate of land by half relief & pay 9 s. by the year to the aforesaid farm. And the said William & his partners owe the carriage of all the large timber & the mill stones by sea between Mont St. Michel & Cherbourg to the 3 mills, viz., the mill of Mourier, of Ponterrin & the New Mill. Also the lord the King takes of the carucate Everard in their parish champart which is worth one year with another 60 s. They say also that the tenants of the aforesaid carucate of D'Anneville owe the service of furnishing a certain pair of rings or fetters to keep the prisoners &c. at the will of the officers of the lord the King, to wit, the prisoners taken in the same carucate. Also the men of the King in their parish owe the duty of carrying the wine, hay & firewood of the lord the King wheresoever the officers of the said lord the King shall wish in the island. And the same tenants must find at their own costs [all the planks] for the mill of the King which is called le Grand Moulin, to wit &c. but the lord the King must find the mill-stones ironwork & wood-work. And the aforesaid mill one year with another is worth 50 livres.

They present also that Drogo de Barantin holds of [the lord the King] the Manor of Rosel & has gallows, free warren, esperkeria, wreck & courts [and it is determined in] 'quo warranto.' And [he owes] relief 60 sols when it shall occur

(1) Query : virgates.

(M. 48 d.) **Adhuc de p̄lisis de Corona de poct̄ Sci Martini**

Presentant qđ Joĥna fil Riċi Dalet de etate iiij^{or} annoꝝ portavit ignem in suo qui adherens pannis suis ip̄am combussit unde cito postea obiit et n̄ls malecr̄. Judm Infortunū.

Presentant t̄ qđ Colinus Troptostney Pet̄ Fouket e Joĥnes de Elemosina simul [multis] aliis circiū miniū viginti q̄tuor t̄nssierunt in quod̄ batello apud Eskerho ad querend̄ Wreccū t̄c redeuntē s̄mersi f̄funt. Et nullus inde malecr̄. Judm Infor̄. Et q̄ p̄dcus batellus movens t̄c fuit causa mortis t̄c. Idō reman̄ deodand̄. Et concedit̄ Thome Roger Joĥi Vallet e Riċo le Home pp̄tm adinvicem p̄ XL s̄.

Presentant t̄ qđ devenerunt de Wrecco apud Beleval iiij^{or} dolea vini unde p̄pars Reḡ x li debīt monete de quibꝫ Roĥts de Haddy respond̄. Īm j mastus p̄cii xvij^{li} debīt monete qui cariatuſ fuit in Gerneſ p̄ negociis d̄ni t̄c.

Presentant t̄ qđ Wilts la Foley fec̄ p̄presturam de via regali p̄ carucam suam latiſ iiij ped̄ e lonḡ j p̄ticaſ e d̄i e illam seminavit. Et Silvester La Foley similt̄ p̄prestavit de chim̄o Reḡ latiſ j ped̄ e d̄i e lonḡ xij p̄tiċ. Idō ip̄i in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ Guiffotus Noel p̄ injuriam Riċi le Aungre qui asptabat lapid̄ de batello p̄dci Guiffoti cont̄ voluntatem suam levavit ha cla. Idō p̄dcs Riċs in m̄ia. Et Roĥtus f̄t Riċi de la Ville fec̄ Thomā Doneuald ha cla injuste in domo sua. Idō ip̄e in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ Rads Marsseille Thomas le Naom Gaudin^o de Elemosina Rads le Gascoign Raulina relictā Steph̄i le Suour Riċs de Vallibꝫ e Coĥ le Archer vendiderunt panē cont̄ ass̄m. Idō ip̄e in m̄ia. Et Guiff̄ Galiote Riċus le Jumel Coĥ le Archer Riċus de Vallibꝫ

(M. 48 d.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
St. Martin.

They present also that Joan the daughter of Richard Dalet of the age of 4 years carried fire in her which catching to her clothes burnt her whereof she soon afterwards died & no one is suspected. Verdict: by misadventure.

They present also that Colin Troptostné, Peter Fouket & John de l'Aumône with [many] others about the number of 24 crossed in a certain boat to the Ecrehos to seek wreck &c. & coming back were drowned. And no one is suspected thereof. Verdict: by misadventure. And because the said boat bringing about (the accident) &c. was the cause of the death &c., therefore let it remain as a deodand. And it is granted to Thomas Roger, John Vallet & Richard le Home by the pledge one for the other for 40 s.

They present also that there came of wreck at Beleval 4 barrels of wine whereof the share of the King is 10 livres of poor money for which Robert de Haddy shall answer. Also a mast value 18 livres of poor money which was carried to Guernsey for the King's service &c.

They present also that William la Foley made an encroachment of the King's high-way with his plough in width 4 feet & in length $1\frac{1}{2}$ perches & sowed it. And Silvester la Foley likewise encroached of the King's road $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet in width & 12 perches in length. Therefore they are to be amerced.

They present also that Guillot Noel, on account of the wrongful act of Richard le Aungre who carried away stones from the boat of the aforesaid Guillot against his will, raised 'Clameur de Haro.' Therefore the aforesaid Richard to be amerced. And Robert son of Richard de la Ville caused Thomas Donevald to raise 'Haro' wrongly in his house. Therefore he is to be amerced.

They present also that Ralph Marseille, Thomas le Naom, Gaudin de l'Aumône, Ralph le Gascoign, Raulin the widow of Stephen le Sueur, Richard des Vaux & Cok l'Archer sold bread against the assize. Therefore they are to be amerced. And William Galiote, Richard le Jumel, Cok l'Archer, Richard des Vaux, William

Guill le Feuere Rohtus Fanegot e Rohts Dalet tabnarii vendiderunt vinū e 8viš cont^a ass^m. Ido ipe in mīa. Et Thomas Fanegot Thomas Fortyn fešunt tⁿš in vendendo vinū. Ido ipe in mīa.

Presentant t qđ filius Colini le Blaunk casu fortuito mortuus fuit in molend de Rosel et nullus inde malecr^f. Judm Infortunū. Et nich de molend q cōbust fuit tempe Guerre.

Et Juř duodene p plibz concelamentis in veredco suo de quibz cōvicti fšunt coram Justic p examinačoe in mīa.

Comptum est p Rořlos Pfi le Evesk Balti qđ Guills fit Riči de la Ville 9bavit Guillotū le Counte in retractu maris faciendo ei plagā unde sang's e ha cla. Et pđcs Guills veñ e feč finem p pđca tⁿš p xxxvj š ppřm Coř Larcher. Et comptum est p Rořlos ejusđ Balti qđ Rohtus fit Riči de la Ville venit ad domū Thome Doneuald noctanē e cepit đem Thoř p guttuř in domo sua uñ ha cla qui veñ e finem feč p xx š ppřm Coř Larcher.

Juř pštant qđ Jořna uxor Thome Hugoun 9bavit Jořam Filastre Lucas e fregit brachiū suū Jō ipe in g^{vi} mīa.

(M. 49.) **Adhuc de plitis de Corona** de pořh Šci Audoeni.
fressingfeld.
paroch Šci Audoeni veñ p xij.

Jerseye. Juř pštant qđ Jořnes le Fesse indictat^o de latrocinio a iij elapš fuğ ad ec[clesiam] et ibi abjuř Insulas. Idm řuit de liřa řra viij v'gař řre que valent p anř vij cař de Carřet đns tč respondeat đno Regi de uno anno. Iřm đns Rex řuit xvij š de mař Rořti de Hady. Et Idm řuit macrennū řč v š de quibz Guills le Petist respondeat.

le Fevre, Robert Fanegot & Robert Dalet, taverners, sold wine & ale against the assize. Therefore they are to be amerced. And Thomas Fanegot, Thomas Fortyn transgressed in the selling of wine. Therefore they are to be amerced.

They present also that the son of Colin le Blanc by accident died in the mill of Rosel & no one is suspected thereof. Verdict: by misadventure. And there is nothing of the mill because it was burnt in time of war.

And the jury of 12 for many concealments in their verdict of which they were convicted before the justices by examination to be amerced.

It is found by the rolls of Philip l'Evesque Bailiff that William son of Richard de la Ville struck Guillot le Conte at low tide, wounding him whereupon blood & 'Haro' raised. And the aforesaid William came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 36 sols by the pledge of Cok Larcher. And it is found by the rolls of the same Bailiff that Robert son of Richard de la Ville came to the house of Thomas Donevald by night & seized the said Thomas by the throat in his house whereupon 'Haro' raised, who came & compounded by 20 sols by the pledge of Cok Larcher.

The jury present that Joan the wife of Thomas Hugoun struck Joan Fillastre Lucas & broke her arm. Therefore she is to be heavily amerced.

(M. 49.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
St. Ouen. Fressingfeld.

The parish of St. Ouen comes by 12 men.

Jersey.

The jurors present that John le Fevre indicted for theft 3 years ago fled to the Church & there abjured the islands. The same had of free land 8 virgates of land which are worth by the year 7 measures [and Philip] de Carteret the lord &c. shall answer to the lord the King for one year. Also the lord the King had 17 sols of [by the] hands of Robert de Hady. And the same had timber value 5 s. for which William le Petit shall answer.

Presentant t̃ qđ Ymarka filia Colini Quissen de etate duoz annoz cecidit in quodam ibi s̃mersa fuit et nullus alius inde malecr̃. Judm Infortuñ.

Presentant t̃ qđ Mariona filia Joñnis Wautier piscando ppe ripam maris casu fortuito in mare e ibi s̃mersa fuit et nullus alius inde malecr̃. Judm Infort. Nulla fuit catalla.

Presentant t̃ qđ dñs Rex habet in eoꝝ parochi Les Laundes de Lestak que modo reddunt dño [Regi] p añ xxx s̃. Percipit t̃ dñs Rex de xLiij ac̃ ĩre e di de feodo Doglaundres xLiij s̃ vj đ p añ de certa firma de quibz Petr^o Girard tenet di virgaĩ ĩre que reddit dño Regi p annũ iij caĩ fri. Et Ričus Faleisse tenet inde j virgaĩ terre p iij caĩ fri. Et vj virgaĩ ejusdē ĩre sunt eschete dñi Reġ de quod felone t̃c̃ que valent p añ vj caĩ fri et p redditu p̃dci fri debent s̃trahi xij đ de predca firma.

Presentant t̃ qđ ecclia pochie isti^o est de advocacoe Abbis de Monte Šci Michis et valet coibz annis xL ti. Et Idem Abbas habet in pplos usus ij partes decie ejusd ecclie. Et Abbissa de Cadomo et Abbatissa de Moster Vilers ĩnt ĩciam ptem ejusd decie.

Presentant t̃ qđ assisa panis e vini fracta est p s̃scriptos videli p Guillm Grante Petrũ Mahie Petrũ de Valle P̃m le Serf Guillm Geraud P̃m Turgys Petruĩm Falu Roštum le Serkeys Wiff le Serkeys Rađm Turgys Guillotum Basset Petrũ Lagerte bolengaĩ. Et Roġum Bernart Roštum le Normaunt Guillm Manuel Joñnem de Wyncheles Matham Thebaud P̃m Thebaud P̃m Fundeng Lauĩ Jordan Petrum Brogue et Petrũ Buffey Tašnaĩ. Ido omes in mia.

Presentant t̃ qđ dñs Rex ĩet p añ de feodo de Wyncheles de certa firma ix s̃ viij đ. Et de eodm feodo v s̃ de Greverie p maĩ p̃poĩti Šce Marie.

They present also that Ymarka daughter of Colin Quissen of the age of 2 years fell into a certain where she was drowned, & no one is suspected thereof. Verdict : by misadventure.

They present also that Marion daughter of John Vautier fishing near the sea-shore by accident [fell] into the sea & there was drowned, & no one else is suspected thereof. Verdict : by misadventure. She had no chattels.

They present also that the lord the King has in their parish Les Landes of l'Etacq which now render to the lord [the King] by the year 30 s. Also the lord the King receives of 44½ acres of land of the fee of d'Orlaundes 44 s. 6 d. by the year of cert farm, of which Peter Girard holds half a virgate of land which pays to the lord the King by the year 4 measures of wheat. And Richard Falaise holds thereof 1 virgate of land for 3 measures of wheat. And 6 virgates of the same land are escheats of the lord the King of a certain felon &c. which are worth per annum 6 measures of wheat & from the rent of the aforesaid wheat 12 d. of the aforesaid farm should be deducted.

They present also that the Church of this parish is of the advowson of the Abbot of Mont St. Michel & is worth one year with another 40 livres. And the same Abbot has for his own use 2 parts of the tithe of the said Church. And the Abbess of Caen & the Abbess of the Monastery Villiers have the 3rd part of the same tithe.

They present also that the assize of bread & wine is broken by the underwritten, to wit, by William Grantez, Peter Mahie, Peter du Val, Philip le Serf, William Gerard, Philip Turgys, Peter Falu, Robert le Serkeys, William le Serkeys, Ralph Turgys, Guillot Basset, Peter Lagerte⁽¹⁾, bakers ; & by Roger Bernart, Robert le Normaunt, William Manuel, John de Vinchelez, Matthew Thebaut, Philip Thebaut, Philip Fondan, Laurence Jordan, Peter Brogue & Peter Buffey, taverners. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

They present also that the lord the King has by the year of the fee of Vinchelez of cert farm 9 s. 8 d. And of the same fee 5 s. of 'greverie' by the hands of the Provost of St. Mary.

(1) La Geroche (?)

Presentant t̃ qđ Dionis le Feuere feč p'presturam sup chiminū Reġ p fossatum suū latiř uni⁹ ped e long j pticate e di. Et Jořnes Falu p'prestavit de chimino Reġ p caruč suam latiř ij ped e long j pticate. Et Petrus de Falu feč p'presturam sup chiminū Reġ p caruč suam latiř j ped e long j pticate e di. Et Thomas le Feuere p'prestavit p fossatum suū sup chiminū Reġ latiř j ped e long di pticate. Et Jořnes de Wyncheles feč p'presturam sup chiminū Reġ latiř ij ped p caruč suam in t̃nsřso di virgař ĩre. Et Colinus le Broc simiř p caruč suam p'prestavit de chimino Reġ latiř j ped e di e long j pticate e di. Ido ořnes in mīa.

Presentant t̃ qđ Pħus de Carřet tenet mařiū suū de Šco Audoenno de dño Rege p řviciū duař pciū unius feodi militis e debet tempe guerre se řcio equitū cū equis ad arma deservire dño Regi p spaciū duař pciū XL dieř. Et est releviū pđci Mařii x ti sciř p duabz ptibz unius feodi militis.

Et Juř duodene p pħibz concelamentis in veredco suo de quibz convicti řřunt p examinařoem coram Justič in mīa.

Comptum est p Rořlos Pħi le Evesř Balti qđ Jords le Neir de Šco Audoenno noctanř řřavit Colinū Wauter e iřm acabliavit unde ha cla. Ido fiant inde emend. Comptū est t̃ p eisdem Rořlos qđ Peř Broune řřavit noctanř Colinū Wauter e iřm acabliavit unde ha cla qui veř e feč finem p pđca t̃ns p xx ř pħm Pħi de Carřet. Et qđ pđcus Colinus alias oř se ad sequend řsus pđcm Peř et modo nō vult psequi. Ido iře in mīa. Comptū est t̃ p Rořlos ejusđ Balti qđ Jořnes Patier alias recogñ qđ abduxit quemđ bateř de Wrecco ex^a feod Reġ apud Laik usq in feod Jořnis de Carřet militis e appleg fuit usq ad has asř p eund Jořem. Et pđcus Jořnes Patier modo nō

They present also that Dionisius le Fevre made an encroachment upon the King's road by his hedge in width 1 foot & in length $1\frac{1}{2}$ perches. And John Falu encroached on the King's road with his plough to the width of 2 feet & the length of 1 perch. And Peter de Falu made an encroachment upon the King's road with his plough 1 foot in width & $1\frac{1}{2}$ perches in length. And Thomas le Fevre encroached by his hedge upon the King's road 1 foot in width & half a perch in length. And John de Vinchelez made an encroachment upon the King's road 2 feet in width with his plough across half a virgate of land. And Colin le Brocq likewise with his plough encroached on the King's road $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet in breadth & $1\frac{1}{2}$ perches in length. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

They present also that Philip de Carteret holds his manor of St. Ouen of the lord the King by the service of 2 parts of a Knights fee, & he is bound in time of war with two other horsemen & horses to serve under arms the lord the King for the space of 2 parts of 40 days. And the relief of the said manor is 10 livres, to wit, for 2 parts of one Knight's fee.

And the jury of 12 for many concealments in their verdict of which they were convicted by examination before the justices to be amerced.

It is found by the rolls of Philip l'Evesque Bailiff that Jordan le Neir of St. Ouen by night struck Colin Vautier & threw him down whereupon 'Haro' raised. Therefore let them make amends therefor. It is also found by the same rolls that Peter Browne by night wounded Colin Vautier & threw him down whereupon 'Haro' raised, who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 20 s. by the pledge of Philip de Carteret. And because the aforesaid Colin at another time began a suit against the aforesaid Peter & now does not wish to prosecute, therefore he is to be amerced. It is found also by the rolls of the same Bailiff that John Patier at another time acknowledged that he took away a certain boat of wreck out of the fee of the King at Lecq into the fee of John de Carteret, Knight, & was remanded on bail to these assizes by the said John.⁽¹⁾ And the aforesaid John Patier does not now come. Therefore the aforesaid John

(1) i.e. by the pledge of the said John.

veñ. Ido p̄dcs Joñnes pleḡ suos in g̃vi m̃ia. Et sciend̃ qđ p̄dcs Bateñ app̄ciatus fuit ad viij ti de quibz ñedes Regiñ de Car̄et qui bateñ illū ñuerunt simul cū Baltio respondeñt. Comptū est t̃ p eosđ Roñlos qđ Gilts Lestakeys noctañ pcussit Colinū Hastein e fregit pannos suos und̃ ha cla et appleg̃ fuit usq; ad has as̃ p Joñem de Car̄et militem. Et p̄dcs Guiltis modo nō veñ. Ido pleḡ suos in m̃ia. Comptū est t̃ p eosdem Roñlos qđ Peñr Organ v̄bavit Rob̃m Organ e iḡm acabliavit unde plaḡ sang's e ha cla qui veñ e vadiat emend̃ taxād p Cuñ t̄c. Et Galfr̄ de Laiķ e Rob̃tus Serkeys f̄funt ej^o pleḡ. Postea p̄dcs Peñr feč finē p̄ p̄dca t̄ns p xx s̃ pptm Phi Fundēg.

Jord̃s Norman Joñnes de Laiķ Rob̃tus Norman e filius Guilti de Laiķ arectati de fr̄ccoe domus Lauñ de Sevenok e asptačoe macrenni ejusđ veñ e dant d̄no Regi xx s̃ p̄ ñend̃ inde bonam inq̃iñ pptm Jordi de Mareķ. Et Juñ dicūt sup sac̄m suū qđ iḡi nō sunt inde culpabit. Ido respond̃ pochiam de dampnis f̄cis in p̄dca domo qđ nolunt diče culpabit t̄c.

(M. 49 d.) [Preceptum] est Pñio le Evesķ Balto d̄ni Reḡ p Justič hic qđ exigi fač oñes s̄bsc̄ptos rectatos [ad p̄lita] Corone d̄ni Reḡ e fugitivos semel exactos ad pacem d̄ni Reḡ in hiis as̃ ad tres p̄ncipales Cuñ d̄ni Reḡ p̄xio tenend̃ p̄t has as̃. Ita qđ ad p̄mam Cuñ sint sc̄do exacti et ad sc̄dam Cuñ t̄cio exacti et ad t̄ciam Cuñ q̄rto exacti. Et si nō v̄fint tūc faciat eos utlagañ sive forbanire. Et si cicius v̄fint tunc eos capiat e in p̄sona salvo custodire faciat. Ita qđ ñeat corpa eoꝝ ad stand̃ recto sc̄dm legem e cōsuetud̃ In̄s s. Pñm le Gras p furto

his pledge to be heavily amerced. And be it known that the aforesaid boat was valued at 8 livres for which the heirs of Reginald de Carteret, who had that boat, shall answer together with the Bailiff. It is also found by the same rolls that William Lestakeys by night struck Colin Hastein & tore his clothes whereupon 'Haro' raised & he was remanded on bail to these assizes by John de Carteret, Knight. And the aforesaid William does not now come. Therefore his pledge to be amerced. It is also found by the same rolls that Peter Organ struck Robert Organ & threw him down whereupon wounds, blood & 'Haro' raised, who comes & gives security for the amends to be taxed by the court &c. And Geoffrey de Lecq & Robert Serkeys were his securities. Afterwards the aforesaid Peter compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 20 s. by the pledge of Philip Fondan.

Jordan Norman, John de Lecq, Robert Norman & the son of William de Lecq accused of breaking into the house of Laurence de Sevenok & taking away his timber come & give to the lord the King 20 s. to have thereon a full enquiry by the pledge of Jordan du Marais. And the jury say upon their oath that these are not guilty thereof. Therefore let the parish answer for the damages done in the aforesaid house because they do not wish to denounce the culprits &c.

(M. 49 d.) It was [commanded] to Philip l'Evesque Bailiff of the lord the King by the justices here that he cause all the underwritten accused persons to be cited at the pleas of the Crown of the lord the King & the fugitives already called to the peace of the lord the King in these assizes at the 3 principal courts of the lord the King next to be held after these assizes, so that at the first court they may be called to the second & at the second court to the third & at the third court to the fourth. And if they shall not come then let him cause them to be outlawed or banished. And if they shall come before, then let him take them & cause them to be kept safely in prison, so that [he may have] their [bodies] to stand their trial according to the law &

Robt̃m p mardo Robt̃m fit Robti Levesk p raptu
ancille Berteloti le Talender, P̃m Braban q̃ abduxit ux̃em•Rad̃i
Justice cū bonis viri sui, Petrū Faleyse qui se gerit p [decano] huj⁹
Insule q̃ fregit p̃sonam Reġ e alias cepit Lauř de Sevenok̃ clericum
dñi Reġ [infra] manũ dñi Reġ de S̃co Clemente simul cū catař dñi
Reġ in custod̃ p̃dci Lauř inventis et misit p̃dcm Lauř p̃sonem ex̃
dominiũ Reġ in alienũ regnũ, Guillotũ fit Robti de Hoga qui fuit in
auxiliũ ad eripend̃ p̃dcm Decanũ⁽¹⁾ ex̃ p̃sonam Reġ P̃m fit Jordi
Horman p eodem Jordm fit Phi Horman p eodem. Et c̃tificet Justiĉ
dñi Reġ ad p̃mas ãss cū ad ptes istas veřint quid feĉit de p̃missis
distincte e apte. Et Justiĉ t̃c feĉunt p̃dco Pho inde tras suas pa-
tentes. Et simiř p̃cept̃ est Baltis qui hic f̃funt qđ in inquisiĉoibz
capiend̃ poniāt distincte e apte in Rotlis nomen suũ p̃ipum. Et noĩa
Juř dñi Reġ qui eũ eo p̃sentes f̃funt et noĩa Juř in eisdem inqui-
siĉoibz e eciam diem e anũ e locum de capĉoe huj⁹ inq̃iř. Et
p̃ceptum est simiř qđ ad abjuraĉoes simiř fiat tam de noĩbz q̃m de
die anno e loco et ponat̃r in Rotlis felonia recognita e portus feloni
assig̃tus.

Cantař de Castr̃

Comptum est qđ Petr⁹ Vavasour Capells Castri dñi Reġ peipit
de redditu dñi Reġ c̃ s̃ p annũ e tenetur celebrare in capella castri
t̃mmodo ter in septimana e nō amplius p defectu victualiũ t̃c. Et
sunt in d̃c̃ta Capella de Stauro j missale j calix bonus j par oĩi-

(1) Doubtless a mistake for "Clericum".

custom of the island⁽¹⁾, to wit, Philip le Gras for theft, Robert for murder, Robert son of Robert Levesque for the rape of the maid of Bertelot le Talender, Philip Braban because he took away the wife of Ralph Jutise with the goods of her husband, Peter Faleyse who held the office of Dean of this island because he broke into the prison of the King & therefrom took Laurence de Sevenok clerk of the lord the King [within] the lord the King's manor of St. Clement together with the chattels of the lord the King found in the custody of the aforesaid Laurence & sent the aforesaid Laurence a prisoner out of the dominion of the King to a foreign realm, Guillot son of Robert de la Hougue who aided in removing the aforesaid clerk out of the prison of the King, Philip son of Jordan Horman for the same, Jordan son of Philip Horman for the same. And he shall certify to the justices of the lord the King at the next assizes when they shall come to these parts what he shall have done concerning the premises clearly & frankly. And the justices &c. shall issue to the said Philip therein their letters patent. And likewise it was commanded to the bailiffs who shall be in office here that in inquisitions to be taken (by any one of them) he shall put clearly & openly in the rolls his own name, & the names of the jurats of the lord the King who shall be present with him, & the names of the jurors in the same inquisitions, & also the day & year & place of the taking of the inquisition. And it was commanded likewise that at abjurations the same be done as well as to the names as to the day, year & place & that the felonies acknowledged & the sentence pronounced on the felon shall be entered in the rolls.

The Chantry
of the Castle.

It is found that Peter Vavasour Chaplain of the castle of the lord the King receives of the revenues of the lord the King 100 s. by the year & is bound to celebrate in the chapel of the castle as often as 3 times in the week & not more on account of the lack of main-

(1) The procedure here described (and also at page 171) existed for centuries afterwards. It was customary for the Attorney-General at the Assize d'Héritage to cite criminals and fugitives from Justice to come to the King's peace. If they did not appear their names were inscribed as defaulters. A criminal could not be cited to appear at the Assize d'Héritage before being indicted. After having been indicted it sufficed for the accused to be called "en ouye de paroisse" and upon the return of the Prévôt of the accused's parish the proceedings were continued.

The following Act of the Royal Court shows succinctly the procedure :—

"L'an 1597 le 28^{me} jour de Juin. Richard Huelin ayant esté coustumacé par ses défautes aux 4 assises des chefs plaids d'héritage à l'instance du Proc^r de la Reyne après avoir esté formellement Endité par le Conestable et Sermentez pour larrecin de certaine quantité de pommes et par ces coustumaces attainit et convaincu dud^t crime et ses biens confisquees meubles et héritages, s'est depuis volontairement rendu en Justice se submettant à la deliberation d'icelle. Laquelle ayant considéré comme dedans l'an et jour de ladite coustumace il s'est rendu en Justice et qu'il avait pris la fuite avant que d'avoir esté entre mains des Off^rs Et qu'il y a espoir de penitence, la condamnation est tournée en punition corporelle et partant ledit Huelin a esté condamné d'estre fouetté jusque à effusion de sang ; au surplus demeure la confiscation au contenu de la sentence."

modos vestimentos ad celebnd tam p psbro q^a pro altari set deficit unum porti-forium p matutinis tē unde concordatū est qđ de xij q^r frī redd quem dñs Rex recuperavit vers^o Abbem de Bellosana assignentur de celo predco capello qui pro tempe celebrabit in predco Castro vj q^r frī singlis annis in ppa^oem victualiū suoz e stipendii tē Ita qđ singlis diebz continue celebret in eodm p dño Rege Edwardo defuncto e dño Rege nunc et Regina et ad hoc Juratur. Et Injunctum est baltio qđ de viij libr de deodandis una cū pđco capllo cito pvideat ad opus Capelle illius de uno competenti portiforio ibid remanendo imppetuū videlē de denar dñi LX s. De Petro de Šco Elerio dño de Sausmareys XL s de deodand molendi sui. D Rado Turgys p uno equo de deodanda XL s. Et de hoibz Drogoñ de Barantyno de Rosel XL s unde ad libm pđcm xx s. Et ad Lanfnam de Eskerho xx s.

(M. 50.)

Adhuc de coibz plifis.

Jerseye.

Petr^o Faleyse Decanus tē associata sibi magna multitudie chicoz veñ hic [quum] Justiciar sedebant in hac Insula satis mane. Et p^omo petiit ex pte Epi C[onstañ et Offi] sui deliba^oem chicoz arrestatoz in Insula de Gerneñ p quacumq causa cap[torz e cū] Justic peñent ab eo si spale warantū ad hoc fieret de epo tanq^a loci ordinār [prose]quando pferebat set inde nichil ostendebat quod esset valoris. Et sup hoc Idem [Decanus] petiit diem de avisamento tē. Et statim postea. Idem Decanus pferebat qđ Justiciar fecunt quasdam pclama^oes e inhibi^oes quas Balts huj^o Insule publica^oat que [pclama^oes] ffunt in lesionem eccliaſtice libtatis quas instanť monuit Justiciar hic statim cū Justiciar hic baltio sup hoc requisito ppendissent qđ

tenance &c. And there are in the said chapel of the Cross a missal, a good chalice, 2 sets of vestments for celebration as well for the priest as for the altar, but there is wanting a breviary for matins &c. whereupon it is agreed that of the 12 quarters of wheat rent which the lord the King recovered from the Abbot of Bellozanne there shall be from henceforth assigned to the aforesaid chaplain who for the time shall celebrate in the aforesaid castle 6 quarters of wheat every year in full payment of his maintenance & stipend &c., so that every day regularly he shall celebrate in the same for the lord King Edward deceased, & the present lord the King & the Queen; & to this he is sworn. And it is enjoined to the Bailiff that out of 8 livres of deodands he together with the aforesaid chaplain shall quickly provide for the use of this chapel a suitable breviary to remain there in perpetuity, to wit, 60 s. of the money of the lord the King. From Peter de St. Helier lord of Samarès 40 s. of the deodands of his mill. From Ralph Turgys for a horse of deodand 40 s. From the men of Drogo de Barantyn of Rosel 40 s. whereof for the said book 20 s., & for the lighthouse of the Ecrehos 20 s.

(M. 50.)

Continuation of the common pleas.

Jersey.

Peter Faleyse the dean &c. a great number of clerks accompanying came here [while] the justices were sitting in this island early. And first he claimed on behalf of the Bishop of [Coutances & his Official] the surrender of the clerks arrested in the island of Guernsey for whatsoever cause [they were seized, and when] the justices asked of him if he had any special warrant for this from the Bishop as ordinary of the place, which he could produce [authorising him to proceed] therein, he showed nothing of any value. And hereupon the same [Dean] demanded time for consideration &c. And immediately afterwards the same Dean alledged that the justices made certain proclamations & inhibitions which the bailiff of this island had published which [proclamations] were to the prejudice of ecclesiastical rights which he instantly warned the justices here immediately when the justices here (the bailiff being asked about this) had considered that these

illas proclamações fctas fuisse bre dñi Reġ quod dñs
Rex nup misit Ottoni tē in hec vba tē. Edwardus dei grā Rex Angl
Dñs Hibn e Dux Aquit dilecto e fideli suo Ottoni de Grandisono
Custodi suo Insulaꝝ de Gerneseye Gerseye Serk e Aureneye vt ejus
locum tenenti salm Cum sicut intellexim⁹ quidam hoies Insulaꝝ illaꝝ
quas tenetis ad tminū vite vre ex concessione dñi E. quond Reġ Angl
pris nri e que post decessum vrm ad nos e fides nros reſti debent
non hntes consideraom ad Jus nrm regm in hac pte tam ministros
vros q̄ alios hoies parciū eaꝝ ad compend coram Epō Constañ e aliis
Judicibꝫ ecclasticis extra easdem Insulas sup hereditatibꝫ feodis e
suis feodalibꝫ responsū quoꝝ cognico infra easdem Insulas ad nos
mere sp̄tat malicose citari faciunt in nri pjudm e exheredaom mani
festam. Nos huj⁹modi maliciam s⁹tinere nō valentes voꝝ mandam⁹
qd in plenis Cuꝝ in Insut predcis e aliis locis ubi expediꝝ videritis
ex pte nra firmiꝝ inhiberi faciatis ne quis sꝫ forisfcura traꝝ e teñ suos
necnō e omiū que nob forisfaꝝe poꝛunt citare faꝝ seu citari procuret
aliquem ministrū Insulaꝝ p̄dcaꝝ seu aliquē aliū de eisdem Insut ad
compend coram pfato Epō seu alio Judice ecclastico sup hereditatibꝫ
feodis seu feodalibꝫ aut sup aliquibꝫ aliis quoꝝ cognico ad nos ptinet
responsū. T. me ipō apd Wesim xv die Maii anno r̄ ñ scdo et nō atr
et Iidem Justiciar illud intimassent p̄dco Decano dicentes inhibicoes
e pclamações illas fctas fuisse p p̄dcm mandatū dñi Reġ e non p ipos
nec ipi Justiciar illas possent revocare cū p dñm suū fcte fuissent nec
fũunt revocande cū juste fuissent p̄dcs Decanus responsū eoꝝ nō
acceptans statim dixit se pnunciare ex decreto qd omimoda cognico
quoꝝcumq plitoꝝ p̄f̄q̄ de feodis hereditaris in Insut mere sp̄tabant
ad forū ecclasticū e nō ad aliū e contradictores incidere in sentenciam
excoiações majoris tē. Et licet Justiciar hic monstrassent ei qd omes

proclamations were made by [virtue of] a writ of the lord the King which the lord the King lately sent to Otto &c. in these words &c. Edward by the grace of God King of England lord of Ireland & Duke of Aquitaine to his beloved & faithful Otto de Grandison his Warden of the islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark & Alderney or his lieutenant greeting. Whereas as we understand certain men of those islands which you hold for the term of your life of the grant of the lord E. formerly King of England our father & which after your decease ought to revert to us & to our heirs, not having consideration for our royal right, in this behalf have maliciously caused as well your officers as other men of those parts to be cited to appear before the Bishop of Coutances & other ecclesiastical judges out of the same islands to answer concerning fees of inheritance & their issues, the cognizance whereof within the same islands wholly belongs to us, to our prejudice & manifest detriment: We not being able to suffer such wrong command that you in open court in the aforesaid islands & in other places where you shall deem it expedient shall on our behalf cause it to be strongly inhibited that no one under penalty of the forfeiture of his lands & tenements & of all things which they could forfeit to us, shall cause or procure to be cited any officer of the aforesaid islands or any one else of the same islands to appear before the aforesaid Bishop or other ecclesiastical judge to answer for fees of inheritance or issues therefrom or upon any other things the cognizance whereof belongs to us. Witness ourself at Westminster the 15th day of May in the 2nd year of our reign; & not otherwise, and the same justices had intimated this to the aforesaid Dean, saying that those inhibitions & proclamations had been made by virtue of the aforesaid mandate of the lord the King & not by themselves, neither can the same justices revoke them inasmuch as they were made by their lord, neither should they be revoked because they were just. The aforesaid Dean, not accepting their answer, forthwith said that it had been proclaimed by decree that the cognizance of all pleas whatsoever except those concerning fees of inheritance in the islands belong wholly to the ecclesiastical jurisdiction & not to any other & that those who should impugn this should incur the penalty of the greater excommunication &c. And although the justices here

libe tenentes Insulaꝝ Curiam hntes a tpe quo non extat memoria hnt
e huerunt cogniçonem de debitis e cataſſi sſditoꝝ suoꝝ e hoc constat
iꝑos hñere ex antiqua concessione Regū e dñoz Insule monstrassent q
eidm Decano qđ non latuit ei qui tamdiu moram traxit in Insul qđ
dñs Rex e ejus antecess dñi Insulaꝝ a tpe quo memoria nō existat
semp usi fñunt tam de Juꝛ qđ de consuetudie hñere cogniçones de
tñsgꝛ oñibꝫ p quoscumqꝫ fctis in Insul e de debitis simitr que nō
sunt de testamento vñ matrimonio pđcus Decanus hñet oñia pinpen-
dens Ifato fciio e quarto monuit iꝑos Justiciā qđ pđcas proclamaçoes
e inhibiçoes statim façent revocari. Et cū Justiciā hic sepi⁹ ei di-
cerent illas fcas fuisse per dñm Regē ut pđcm est e iꝑi fcm ejus nec
possent vñ vellent impugnā e monuissent iꝑm Decanū qui adiu est
protegebatur sñ pace iꝑius dñi Regē in Insul ne aliquid attemptaret
in pñuđm dignitatis Corone dñi Regē cont⁹ Justiç tē pđcus Decanus
contemptibñr pronunciavit exçōicatos oñes illos a quibꝫ pñdce pcla-
maçoes e inhibiçoes emanarunt gñññr e iꝑos Justiciā eadm de causa
noiatim in plena Cuꝛ coram iꝑis Justiç. Et monuit totā coitatem
Insule ex parte Eꝑi sñ pena exçōicaçois ne quis poꝑli dñi Regē hic
iꝑis Justiç obediret. Et siç iꝑi Justiciā iꝑm Decanū statim ibi in
Judiço coram eis adjudicaꝫunt ad pñsoñ tē e iꝑm Decanū arrestaꝫunt.
Et cñici illi sic adherentes sibi ut pđcm est iꝑm violentē rapuerunt a
pñsona. Et Justiç hic fieri feçunt inquis de noĩbz pđcoꝝ Cliçoꝝ p quā
quā inventū fuit qđ Galfr de Carfet Vivianus Mahumet pñsona ecclie
Sci Lauꝛ Wilts Payen pñsona ecclie de Sco Petro Joñnes le Salvage
pñsona ecclie Sci Eleꝛ Riçus Gerart pñsona ecclie Sci Joñnis Riçus le
Pestour pñsona ecclie Sci Brolardi Riçus le Kaunber pñsona ecclie Sci
Cleñ Regiñ Hubert pñsona Capelle de Loungeviñ Robtus Levesqe
Robtus de Carfet Henꝛ de Sco Martino Wilts filius Robti de Hoga

showed to him that all the free tenants of the islands, having right of court, have & from time immemorial had cognizance of the debts & chattels of the persons subject to them, & it is established that they had this of the ancient grant of the Kings & lords of the island, & that they had showed to the said Dean that it was not unknown to him who had lived for such a long time in the island that the lord the King & his ancestors lords of the islands from time immemorial always used as well by right as by custom to have cognizance of all trespasses by whomsoever made in the island & of debts likewise which do not concern wills or marriage, the aforesaid Dean considering all these things admonished for a 2nd, 3rd & 4th time the said justices to cause forthwith the aforesaid proclamations & inhibitions to be immediately revoked. And whereas the justices here repeatedly told him that they (the proclamations) were made by the lord the King as is aforesaid & they neither could nor would impugn his deed & had admonished the said Dean, who for so long past has been under the protection of the peace of the said lord the King in the island, that he should not attempt anything to the prejudice of the dignity of the crown of the lord the King against justice &c. the aforesaid Dean in contempt pronounced all those to be excommunicated from whom the said proclamations & inhibitions emanated generally & the said justices for the same cause by name (& this he did) in open court before the justices themselves. And he admonished the whole community of the island on behalf of the Bishop under pain of excommunication that none of the people of the lord the King here shall obey the said justices. And so the said justices immediately proceeding to judgment committed the said Dean to prison &c., & they arrested the said Dean. And those clerks so adhering to him as is aforesaid violently rescued him from prison. And the justices here caused an inquisition to be made of the names of the aforesaid clerks whereby it was found that Geoffrey de Carteret, Vivian Mahumet, parson of the Church of St. Laurence, William Payn, parson of the Church of St. Peter, John le Sauvage, parson of the Church of St. Helier, Richard Gerart, parson of the Church of St. John, Richard le Pestour, parson of the Church of St. Brelade, Richard le Kaunber, parson of the Church of St. Clement, Reginald Hubert, parson of the Chapel of Longueville, Robert Levesque, Robert de Carteret, Henry de St. Martin, William son of

Plius filius Jord Horman Jord filius Phi Horman Robtus Gilbert Drogo de S̃co Martino Symon de S̃co Martino e Jord Laungle sunt inde culpabiles. Postea duodena de S̃co Cleṃ Jurata ad plita Corone p̃sentavit qđ pred Decan^o e Thoṃ Daunceys Petr^o Ernof Petr^o Darcys Junior Wilts le Golu Rađ de Bullone et Wilts Pyrou jam a tribz annis elap̃s sine waranto e absq^z licencia t̃nda ṽt petenda de baltis seu ministris dñi Reḡ intraverunt nafiū dñi Reḡ de S̃co Cleṃ e ibid cepunt Lauř de Sevenok̃ tūc c̃icum dñi Reḡ in hac Iñs una cū bonis suis videl̃t ij ciphis arg̃nti e aliis bonis q̃mpl̃imis t̃c. Et ip̃m in p̃sona ṽunt e posuērt in ferre e s̃b magna custodia ip̃m duxerunt ex^a regnū ut p̃sonē t̃c una cū magna sūma bonoř ap̃d S̃c̃m Eleř e alibi inventa s̃b possessione sua t̃c. Et ex pte dñi Reḡ injunctū fuit Thome Daunceys geñali p̃curatori Epi Constañ in om̃ibz que ip̃m tangunt in hoc ItiŃe qđ ad diem lune p̃x^a post f̃m S̃ci Lauř veniř fãc p̃d̃cos C̃licos ad respond̃ inde dño Regi t̃c. Ad quē diem p̃d̃cus Thoṃ manifeste dixit se nō audeř intromittere quemcūq^z c̃icum veniř in Cuř dñi Reḡ ad respond̃ ibi de aliquo t̃c. Dič t̃n ad excusand̃ se ip̃m qđ ipe pat^o erit ṽificař p̃ p̃riam qđ ipe nūq^a apposuit mañ ad p̃d̃c̃m Lauř [nec] ad aliqua bona sua unde certis de causis remanet inquis capienda quousq^z locutū f̃rit [coram] consilio dñi Regis t̃c.

(M. 50 d.) [Etiam] p̃d̃cus Decanus pl̃ies e solempniř vocat^o ad pacem dñi Reḡ et Guillot^o de Hog^a filius Robti de Hog Phot^o Horman filius Jordī Horman e Jord Horman filius Phi Horman qui dicuntur [in auxiliū] ip̃i simiř vocati t̃c nō veñ nec se volunt p̃mittere Justiciari p̃ ministros dñi Reḡ nec Dyocesanus vult eos fãce veniř Justiciabiles t̃c. Ido exigantur e utlagentur sive forisjudicarentur t̃c. Et catalla

Robert de la Hougue, Philip son of Jordan Horman, Jordan son of Philip Horman, Robert Gilbert, Drogo de St. Martin, Simon de St. Martin & Jordan Laungle are guilty thereof. Afterwards the [jury of] 12 of St. Clement sworn at the pleas of the Crown presented that the said Dean & Thomas Daunceys, Peter Ernof, Peter Darcys junior, William le Golu, Ralph de Bullon & William Pyrou now 3 years ago without warrant & without license had or sought from the bailiffs or officers of the lord the King entered the lord the King's Manor of St. Clement & there took Laurence de Sevenok then clerk of the lord the King in this island together with his goods, to wit, 2 silver cups & many other goods &c., and they imprisoned him & put him in irons & under strong custody they led him out of the realm as a prisoner &c. together with a great quantity of goods found at St. Helier & elsewhere in his possession &c. And on behalf of the lord the King it was enjoined to Thomas Daunceys general proctor of the Bishop of Coutances in all things which concern him in this eyre that on Monday next after the feast of St. Laurence he shall cause the aforesaid clerks to come to answer therein to the lord the King &c. At which day the aforesaid Thomas openly said that he did not dare to intermeddle (to cause) any clerk whomsoever to come into the court of the lord the King to answer there for anything &c. He says nevertheless to excuse himself that he will be ready to establish by the verdict of the country that he never laid hands on the aforesaid Laurence nor on any of his goods, wherefore for certain reasons let the inquisition to be taken stand over until it shall be referred to the council of the lord the King &c.

(M. 50 d.)

[Also] the aforesaid Dean many times & solemnly called to the peace of the lord the King & Guillot de la Hougue son of Robert de la Hougue, Philipot Horman son of Jordan Horman & Jordan Horman son of Philip Horman who are said to be (aiding him) likewise called &c. do not come nor will they submit themselves to the jurisdiction of the officers of the lord the King, unless their diocesan will allow them to acknowledge the jurisdiction &c. Therefore let them be cited & outlawed, or be judged by default &c. And let the

ŕđcoꝝ fugitivoꝝ forisfiant. Et ĩre e caĩ alioꝝ tĉ qui nō fugerunt preceptĩ fuit Viĉ qđ ea capet in maĩ dñi Reĝ e salvo custodiret quousq, tĉ remaneant in maĩ dñi Reĝ tĉ. Ita qđ Viĉ inde respondĩ dño Regi de exiĩ tĉ quousq, veñint et inde satisfecint tĉ. Et sciendĩ qđ ŕđcus Galfr de Carlet se supposuit ĝre Cuĩ tĉ. Et Henř de Šco Martino qui tenens est ĩpius dñi Reĝ sup hiis allocutº diĉ qđ nō est inde culpabilis videlĩ de auxilio neq, de consilio. Et inde dixit qđ se velle purgaĩ tĉ. Et justiĉ statim de ĝĩa tĉ concesserunt ei qđ se purgaret inde sola sua manu tĉ qui hoc faĉe noluit set dixit se inde velle sequi ĝĩam Cuĩ tĉ. Et q, constat Cuĩ hic qđ predĉus Robtus de Carlet qui unus est de pĩcipalioribz tĉ pĩcipit singlis annis quandam annuam pensionē Triginĩ libraz Turroĩ p ppte hered eoꝝ in hac Inā. Idō phibitũ est ŕđcto Pĩo qđ illam de celo nō solvat predĉo Robto quousq, satisfecerit dño Regi set illam ex nunc retineat dño Regi inde responsurº quousq, tĉ. Et predĉus Robinº Gilbt postea veñ. Et diĉ qđ nō fuit in eoꝝ societate ad ŕmissa facienda tĉ. Et de hoc poĩ se sup patriam. Set q, postea veñ ad eoꝝ societate. Idō in ĝvi mĩa. Catalla ŕđci Petri Faleyse j equus ŕcii LX š. In minutis bonis XL š. Magř de Cartef ģeat eleĉionem solvendi dño Regi xxx ģi p delicto suo vt remaneant terre e caĩ sua in maĩ dñi Reĝ quousq, satisfecit dño Regi tĉ. Et interim respondeat dño Regi de exiĩ tĉ. Et sciendĩ qđ postq, Idm Magř Galfr fecat dño Regi fidelĩ tĉ statim postea sic sicut in auxilio Decani ĩpm movens e Juvans ad faciend id quod feĉ et ad movend oĩes Insulanos qđ nullus eoꝝ intenderet Justiciaĩ hic et ĩpe una cum ŕđco Robto frē suo pĩcipal extitit ad ducend Decanũ extra Cuĩ a pĩsona ģ in ŕsencia ĩpoꝝ Justiciarioꝝ tĉ. Et nichominº XL ģi de fine suo in Itineř Robti

chattels of the aforesaid fugitives be forfeited. And as to the lands & chattels of the others &c. who did not flee it was commanded to the Viscount to take them into the hands of the lord the King & to keep them safely until &c. and they shall remain in the hands of the lord the King &c. So that the Viscount shall answer therefor to the lord the King for the revenues &c. until they shall come & shall make satisfaction thereof &c. And be it known that the aforesaid Geoffrey de Carteret submitted himself to the mercy of the court &c. And Henry de St. Martin who is a tenant of the same lord the King questioned about these things says that he is not guilty thereof to wit, neither by aid nor by counsel. And therein he says that he wishes to clear himself of the accusation &c. And the justices immediately as of favour &c. granted to him that he might clear himself thereof at their hands alone &c. who did not wish to do this, but said that he wished therein to submit himself to the mercy of the court &c. And because it appears to the court here that the said Robert de Carteret who is one of the principal (heirs) &c. receives every year a certain yearly pension of 30 livres tournois for the share of their inheritance in this island, therefore it is prohibited to the aforesaid Philip to pay the same henceforth to the aforesaid Robert until he shall have satisfied the lord the King, but he shall retain the same from now for the lord the King to answer therefor until &c. And the aforesaid Robin Gilbert afterwards comes & says that he was not in their company in doing the acts aforesaid &c. And for this he submits himself to the verdict of the country, but because he afterwards came in their company therefore he is to be heavily amerced. The chattels of the aforesaid Peter Faleyse, a horse value 60 s., in small goods 40 s. Master Geoffrey de Carteret shall have the choice of paying to the lord the King 30 livres for his offence, or his lands & chattels shall remain in the hands of the lord the King until he shall satisfy the lord the King &c. And in the meantime let account be made to the King for the revenues &c. And be it known that after the same Master Geoffrey had done fealty to the lord the King &c., he immediately afterwards aided the Dean inciting him & supporting him to do that which he did & to move all the islanders that none of them would attend the justices here; & he together with the aforesaid Robert his brother was the principal one to take the Dean out of the jurisdiction of the court from the prison & that in the very presence of the same justices &c. And nevertheless 40 livres of his fine in the eyre of Robert de Leisset

de Leissef que poiti fñnt sup portū suū s̄b plevinna p̄ris sui e alioꝝ
adhuc sic remaneat in s̄p̄penso. Et p̄dcus Robtus fraʃ suos det dño
Regi x ti si velit delibare pensionē suam. Vivianus Mahumet p̄sona
Šci Lauř solvat simitr dño Regi x ti p̄ p̄dco delicto vť remaneant f̄re
e cať sua in mañ dñi Reġ quousq̄ satisfecit tċ. Et se extendunt cať
sua ad xxx libr. Et Wills Payen p̄son ecclie Šci Petri qui simitr
magnam p̄tē habet de f̄ris e cať tċ respond dño Regi de x ti. Et
Joh̄nes le Salvage in cujº domo illa magna conspiraċo p̄locuta fuit
versus dñm Reġe p̄ p̄dcis t̄nsgr det dño Regi x ti vť remaneant in
mañ dñi Reġ xij virġ terř quas habet de f̄ra geldabili de feodo p̄dci
maḡri Galfr̄i de Carlet una cū bestiis e aliis bonis suis preter obven-
ċones ecclie quousq̄ tċ. Et Riċus Gerart p̄sona ecclie Šci Joh̄nis
det dño Regi x ti vť remaneant f̄re e bona ei ut sup̄. Et Riċus le
Pastur p̄sona Šci Broelardi det dño Regi x ti vť remaneant f̄re ejº e
bona ut sup̄. Et Riċus le Caunber det dño Regi xij ti sup̄ omibz
que possidet. Et Reginaldus Huġt p̄sona Capelle de Loungeviť det
dño Regi x ti vť remaneant f̄re e cať ejus in mañ dñi Reġ quousq̄
satisfecit Robtus Levesqe de Šca Trinitate det dño Regi c ̄ vť exeat
f̄ram Reġ quousq̄ reappelletur tċ. Et infim remaneant bona ejus
cum terra sua in mañ dñi Reġ. Et Wills de Hoga det dño Regi
c ̄. Et si nō sufficiat tċ tunc respond inde pal̄ suos cujº manupastus
est tċ. Et P̄tus filius Jordani Horman. Et Jordanº filius Phi Hor-
man dent dño Regi x ti. Et si nō suffiċ respondeant ind̄ p̄res eoꝝ tċ.
Et p̄dcus Henř de Šco Martino Drogo e Symon f̄res ejus dent dño
Regi xxx ti vť catalla eoꝝ appreciata ad XL ti una cum omibz f̄ris eoꝝ
remaneāt in mañ dñi Reġ quousq̄ satisfecint ut sup̄ tċ. Et infim
respond dño Regi de exiť tċ. Et Jordanº Laungle det dño Regi c ̄

which were imposed upon his income under the replevin of his father & of others still so remains in suspense. And the aforesaid Robert his brother shall give to the lord the King 10 livres if he wish to free his pension. Vivian Mahumet parson of St. Laurence shall pay likewise to the lord the King 10 livres for the aforesaid offence or his lands & chattels shall remain in the hands of the lord the King until he shall satisfy &c. And his chattels amount to 30 livres. And William Payn parson of the Church of St. Peter who likewise has large portion of lands & chattels &c. shall answer to the King for 10 livres. And John le Sauvage in whose house that great conspiracy was hatched against the lord the King shall give to the lord the King for the said transgression 10 livres, or there shall remain in the hands of the lord the King 12 virgates of land which belongs to him of geldable⁽¹⁾ land of the fee of the said Master Geoffrey de Carteret together with his beasts & other goods except the offerings of the Church until &c. And Richard Gerard parson of the Church of St. John shall give to the lord the King 10 livres or his lands & goods shall remain as above. And Richard le Pestur parson of St. Brelade shall give to the lord the King 10 livres or his lands & goods shall remain as above. And Richard le Caunber shall give to the lord the King 12 livres upon all things which he possesses. And Reginald Hubert parson of the chapel of Longueville shall give to the lord the King 10 livres or his lands & chattels shall remain in the hands of the lord the King until he shall satisfy. Robert Levesque of Holy Trinity shall give to the lord the King 100 sols, or he shall leave the territory of the King until he shall be recalled &c. And in the meantime his goods with his land shall remain in the hands of the lord the King. And William de la Hougue shall give to the lord the King 100 sols, & if he has not sufficient to pay &c. then his father under whose authority he lives shall answer therefor &c. And Philip son of Jordan Horman, & Jordan son of Philip Horman shall give to the lord the King 10 livres, & if they have not sufficient to pay their fathers shall answer therefor &c. And the aforesaid Henry de St. Martin, Drogo & Symon his brothers shall give to the lord the King 30 livres or their chattels which are appraised at 40 livres together with all their lands, shall remain in the hands of the lord the King until they shall satisfy as above &c. And in the meantime account shall be given to the lord the King of the revenues &c. And Jordan Laungle shall give to the lord the King 100 sols or his

(1) Geldable, i.e. liable to pay tax or tribute.

vť remaneant dño Regi terre ejus et catalla ut sup^r. Et omĩbz ista contradicentibz statim pupplice pħibeatur terra dñi Reġ tċ. Et in mcatis e locis aliis competentibz pħibeatur omĩbz pupplice ne quis huj⁹modi contradictores manuteneat vť receptet. Et a tēpe pħibiċois huj⁹ Ballivus puniat ġ^rvi⁹ quos investit inde culpabtes. Et si Decanus venire voluerit ad pacem dñi Reġ tunc inveniatur bonam secritatem de L libr pre⁹ predca catalla sua forisfċta tċ de quibz medietas solvetur dño Regi e alia medietas ponetur in sufferenciam sup portū suū. Et q⁹ predci Petr⁹ Ernof Petr⁹ Darcys Junior Wills Galu Raċs de Bullone et Wills Pirou qui sũunt in capċōne pċci Lau^r de Seveno^k nō veniunt. Ido capiantur cū veñint.

(M. 51.) **Adhuc de plitis Gorone** de manucaptis qui nō veñunt.

Jereš Jordš le Neir manucapt⁹ p Guillm le Neir e Robřm Harmel de D Šco Aud eo qđ indictatus fuit pħavit noctanť Colinū Wauter e ipm acabliavit ad ħram unde ha cla nō veñ. Ido pleġ sui in mġa.

Petrus de Broune manucapt⁹ p Petrum Boeffey p t^rnsġssioe fċa Colino Wauter [nō veñ p^rmo die] Itiñis. Ido pleġ suus in mġa.

D Grovitl Alanus Anketil manucapt⁹ p Drogonem Mariette e Guillm Poppecte p t^rnš fċa Raċi [non] veñ p^rmo die Itiñis. Ido pleġ sui in mġa.

Ričus fit Wilti Horman manucapt⁹ p Wiltm Horman e Robřm Horman p t^rnš fċa nō veñ p^rmo die Itiñis. Ido pleġ sui in mġa.

Ričus Avice manucepit uřem Joħnis Chivaler p t^rnš fċa filie Raċi Romye e ipam nō p^rmo die Itiñis. Ido ipe in mġa.

lands & chattels shall remain to the King as above. And to all remaining refractory let the territory of the lord the King be forthwith by public proclamation forbidden &c. And let public proclamation be made in the markets & other places of assemblage that no one shall assist or harbour such refractory persons. And from the time of such prohibition the bailiff shall punish severely those whom he shall find guilty thereof. And if the Dean shall wish to come to the peace of the lord the King then let him find good security of 50 livres, besides his aforesaid chattels forfeited &c. of which the moiety shall be paid to the lord the King & the other moiety shall be charged on his revenue. And because the aforesaid Peter Ernof, Peter Darcys, junior, William Galu, Ralph de Bullon & William Pirou who were at the taking of the aforesaid Laurence de Sevenok do not come, therefore let them be taken when they shall come.

(M. 51.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of persons bailed
who did not come.

Jersey. Jordan le Neir bailed by William le Neir & Robert Harmel for
St. Ouen. that he was indicted for having assaulted by night Colin Vautier &
thrown him to the ground whereupon 'Haro' was raised, does not
come. Therefore his pledges are to be amerced.

Peter de Broune bailed by Peter Boeffey for wrong done to
Colin Vautier [does not come the first day] of the eyre. Therefore
his pledge to be amerced.

Grouville. Alan Anketil bailed by Drogo Mariette & William Poppecte for
wrong done to Ralph [does not] come the first day of the eyre.
Therefore his pledges to be amerced.

Richard son of William Horman bailed by William Horman &
Robert Horman for wrong done to did not come
on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledges to be amerced.

Richard Avice bailed the wife of John Chevalier for wrong done
to the daughter of Ralph Romye & she did not [come] the first day
of the eyre. Therefore he is to be amerced.

Gervaš de Normanū e Ričus fraŕ ejus manucapti p Robřm Herbert p t̃ns f̃ca Michi Herbert nō veñ p'imo die Itifis. Iđo p̃dcs Robřtus pleğ eoğ in g̃vi m̃ia.

Robřtus le Desnee e Gervaš le Desnee manucapti p Robřm Bertram e Henř le Desnee p t̃ns f̃ca Ričo le Chivaler nō veñ p'imo die Itifis. Iđo pleğ sui in m̃ia.

Eleř Jordš Lempere manucapt^o p Přm Fundenğ e Rađm Lempere p t̃ns f̃ca Wilto Lenginour nō veñ p'imo die Itifis. Iđo pleğ sui in m̃ia.

Robřtus le Bas Junior manucaptus p Rađm Mařie Rađm Crespel e Guillřm le Curteys de eo qđ indictatus fuit qđ ṽbavit noctanř Přotum bordař Reğ uñ ha cla nō veñ. Iđo pleğ sui in g̃vi m̃ia.

Rađus Harel manucapt^o p Petrum Harel p t̃ns f̃ca Stepřio le Bretoñ nō veñ p'imo die Itifis. Iđo pleğ suos in m̃ia.

Jořnes Columbamy manucaptus p Guillřm Norman p t̃ns f̃ca Guillřo Columb nō veñ p'imo die Itifis. Iđo pleğ suis in m̃ia.

Salvař Jořnes Beneyt manucapt^o p Thomam Hugoun p t̃ns f̃ca Ričo Poyle nō veñ p'imo die Itifis. Iđo pleğ suos in m̃ia.

Gilřtus le Vassal manucař p Gilřtm le Blank p t̃ns f̃ca Rico Poyle nō veñ p'imo die Itifis. Iđo pleğ suos in m̃ia.

Thomas Hugoun manucapt^o p Jořnem Beneyt p t̃ns f̃ca Ričo Poyle nō veñ p'imo die Itifis pleğ suos in m̃ia.

Martinus de Wyncheles manucapt^o p Guillřm de Wyncheles p t̃ns f̃ca Raoline la Maygnane nō veñ p'imo die Itifis. Iđo pleğ suos in m̃ia.

Audoeñ Peř Organ manucař p Guillřm de Laiř e Robřtm le Serkeys p t̃ns f̃ca Robřto Organ nō veñ p'imo die Itifis. Iđo pleğ sui in m̃ia.

Gervaise of Normandy & Richard his brother bailed by Robert Herbert for wrong done to Michael Herbert did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore the said Robert their pledge to be heavily amerced.

Robert le Desnee & Gervaise le Desnee bailed by Robert Bertram & Henry le Desnee for wrong done to Richard le Chevalier did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore their pledges to be amerced.

St. Helier.

Jordan Lemprière bailed by Philip Fondan & Ralph Lemprière for wrong done to William Lenginour did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledges to be amerced.

Robert le Bas junior, bailed by Ralph Mahie, Ralph Crespel & William le Curteys for that he was indicted for striking by night Phillot the 'bordier' of the King whereupon 'Haro' was raised did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced.

Ralph Harel bailed by Peter Harel for wrong done to Stephen le Breton did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledge to be amerced.

John Columbamy bailed by William Norman for wrong done to William Columb did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledge to be amerced.

St. Saviour.

John Benest bailed by Thomas Hugoun for wrong done to Richard Poyle did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledge to be amerced.

Gilbert le Vassal bailed by Gilbert le Blanc for wrong done to Richard Poyle did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledge to be amerced.

Thomas Hugoun bailed by John Benest for wrong done to Richard Poyle did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledge to be amerced.

Martin de Vinchelez bailed by William de Vinchelez for wrong done to Raolina la Maygnane did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledge to be amerced.

St. Ouen.

Peter Organ bailed by William de Lecq & Robert le Serkeys for wrong done to Robert Organ did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledges to be amerced.

Ď Šca Maria.

Guiltus le Faucon manucaþ p Peřr le Bas e Jordm del Pointe de indictamto lat^ocinii nō veñ p^omo die Itiñis. Ido pleğ sui in mīa.

Guiltus fit Riči de la Ville manucaþ p Ričm přem suū p t^{ns} fca Guilbto le Counte nō veñ p^omo die Itiñis. Ido pleğ suus in mīa.

Thomas Henry manucapt^o p Jořem Henry p t^{ns} fca filie Jořnis Humfrey nō veñ p^omo die Itiñis. Iō pleğ suus in mīa. Et P^{us} le Ducheroun manucaþ p Jordm le Eveat p eođ nō veñ p^omo die Itiñis. Ido pleğ simiř in mīa.

Salvař

Galfř Cokerel manucapt^o p Radm Payn e Jořam matrem iřius Galfři p t^{ns} fca Gilto řri suo nō veñ p^omo die Itiñis. Ido pleğ sui in mīa. Et si řđca Jořna nō sufficiat respondē Balis qui iřam admisit.

Ď Šco Clemře

Roğus de Coustil manucapt^o p Jořem du Coustil přem suū p t^{ns} fca Marione de Barantino nō veñ p^omo die Itiñis. Ido pleğ suus in mīa.

Jořnes du Costil manucaþ p Guilřm du Costil přem suū p t^{ns} fca Marione de Barantino nō veñ p^omo die Itiñis. Ido pleğ suus in mīa.

P^{us} Godel đcs Gentilhome manucaþ p P^{řm} Payn e Guilřm Borgate de eo qđ indictat^o fuit qđ insultavit noctanř domū Marione de Barantino jactando lapid ad ostiū suū uñ ha cla nō veñ. Ido pleğ sui in g^{vi} mīa.

Colinus Goscelin manucaþ p Willm Lenginour Alanū le Neir faciendo ei plagam e sangⁿem in g^{vi} mīa.

Guiltsiaunt e Rořtus Grima..... [indictati] řřunt [qđ insult]ařunt Colinū Pynel cū acabliamento Iō řđc eoř in g^{vi} mīa. Et Elerio Saumareys

St. Mary.

Gilbert le Faucon bailed by Peter le Bas & Jordan du Pont on an indictment for theft did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledges to be amerced.

William son of Richard de la Ville bailed by Richard his father for wrong done to Gilbert le Conte did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledge to be amerced.

Thomas Henry bailed by John Henry for wrong done to the daughter of John Humfrey did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledge to be amerced. And Philip le Ducheron bailed by Jordan l'Evesque for the same did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledge likewise to be amerced.

St. Saviour.

Geoffrey Cokerel bailed by Ralph Payn & Joan mother of the said Geoffrey for wrong done to William his brother did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledges to be amerced. And if the aforesaid Joan be not able to pay, then let the Bailiff who accepted her answer.

St. Clement.

Roger de Costil bailed by John du Costil his father for wrong done to Marion de Barantin did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledge to be amerced.

John du Costil bailed by William du Costil his father for trespass done to Marion de Barantin did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledge to be amerced.

Philip Godel called Gentilhomme bailed by Philip Payn & William Borgate for that he was indicted for assaulting by night the house of Marion de Barantin by throwing stones at her door whereby 'Haro' was raised did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced.

Colin Goscelin bailed by William Lenginour [indicted for assaulting] Alan le Neir, wounding him & drawing blood, did not come. Therefore his pledge to be heavily amerced.

Williamiaunt & Robert Grima.....
were [indicted for wounding] Colin Pynel by throwing him to the ground [& do not come.] Therefore their aforesaid [pledges] to be heavily amerced. And
St. Helier Samarès

(M. 51 d.)

Adhuc de manucaptis qui nō vēsunt.

..... manucapt^o p Radm Hastein, Galfr̃m Hastein e
Colinū Morel p t̃ns f̃ca uxi nō vēn p^omo die Itifis.
Idō pleḡ sui in mīa.

..... Galicien manucapt^o p Nichm p̃rem suū p t̃ns f̃ca Joñi
Angare nō vēn p^omo die Itifis. Iō pleḡ suos in mīa.

..... Malesars manucaptus p Thomam Malesars & Ja-
cobum de Wyncheles p t̃ns f̃ca Gilbert nō vēn p^omo die
Itifis. Iō pleḡ sui in mīa.

..... le Corraunt Joñes le Victu e Joñes Hubaunt manu-
capti p Ričm le Corraunt, Robīm Perer p t̃ns f̃ca Ričo Trache nō
vēn p^omo die Itifis. Iō pleḡ eoḡ in g^{vi} mīa.

Jord fit Pñi Horman manucapt^o p Guillm des Augreys Jacobū
de Wyncheles e Colinū Malesars p t̃ns f̃ca Vivencie Mothoun e filie
sue nō vēn p^omo die Itifis. Jō pleḡ sui in mīa.

Sebirota Goies manucapta p Regiñ de Šco Clemente Thomā
Anleḡ e Joñem Hubert p t̃ns f̃ca Colino le Fillastre nō vēn p^omo die
Itifis. Iō pleḡ sui in mīa.

Đ Šco Martino.

Guilts fit Riči de la Ville manucapt^o p Ričm p̃rem suū nō vēn
p^omo die Itifis. Iō pleḡ suos in mīa.

Roštus fit Riči de la Ville manucaḡ p Ričm de la Ville e Guillm
Direvaunt nō vēn p^omo die Itifis. Iō pleḡ suos in mīa.

(M. 51 d.)

Continuation of persons bailed who did not come.

..... bailed by Ralph Hastein, Geoffrey Hastein & Colin Morel for wrong done to the wife of did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledges to be amerced.

..... Galicien bailed by Nicholas his father for wrong done to John Angare did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledge to be amerced.

..... Malzard bailed by Thomas Malzard & James de Vinchelez for wrong done to Gilbert did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledges to be amerced.

..... le Corraunt, John le Victu & John Hubaunt bailed by Richard le Corraunt, Robert Perer for wrong done to Richard Trachy did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore their pledges to be heavily amerced.

Jordan son of Philip Horman bailed by William des Augreys, James de Vinchelez & Colin Malzard for wrong done to Vivienca Mothoun & her daughter did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledges to be amerced.

Sebirota Goies bailed by Reginald de St. Clement, Thomas Anley & John Hubert for wrong done to Colin le Fillastre did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledges to be amerced.

St. Martin.

William son of Richard de la Ville bailed by Richard his father did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledge to be amerced.

Robert son of Richard de la Ville bailed by Richard de la Ville & William Direvaut did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledges to be amerced.

(M. 52.) **Delibāco Gaole coram prefatis Justic̃ in Ins̃
de Jereseye.**

Jereseye.

Justic̃ hic audientes p famam publicam qđ quidam Robt^o Desnee puer IX annis [ætate] murtit^o fuit et exinde poitus juxta pvū rivulū molend in confinio pochiaꝝ Šci [Laurentii] et Šci Petri ac si fuisset s̃m̃sus in rivello illo cum nō esset e accidentes magnam [intentionem] esse hic ad feloniam illam cōceland pcesserunt ad inquirend inde rei ṽtatē p p[robiores et] fidedigniores hujus Insule š P̃m de Carteret Joĥnem de Barantyn Petrum de Šco [Elerio] Levesqe Reginaldū de Šco Elerio Robtum de la Hoge Guilm̃ des Augeres Guilm̃ le Petit [Ma]lesars Guilm̃ Dierevaud P̃m Horman e P̃m Levesqe. Qui dicunt qđ nec ip̃i nec eoꝝ antecessores p qui feoda integra tenent umq; poni consueverunt in huj^o inquisiōibꝫ ex officio set [propter] reverenciam dñi Reg̃ e rogatū Justiciarioꝝ concesserunt ad p̃sens inde faĉe veredctm̃ salva [ipsis] e f̃edibꝫ suis libtate sua ne trahatur in consequenciam tempibꝫ futuris t̃c. Et eis [conceditur]. Et dicunt sup sacrū suū qđ ip̃i malecredūt Raulinam uxem Nic̃i le Desnee de murtro p̃dco. Et cum p Justiciā p̃cept̃ fuisset vicecōm qđ ip̃am statim capet vicecōm statim adiit ap̃d villā de Šco Elerio ubi morantes erant e ip̃am querens non invenit set publice precipit ex pte dñi Reg̃ qđ burgenses munirent cimiterium ne ip̃a ibi se intruderet. Et dū vicecōm alibi quesivisset eam p̃dci Nic̃us e Raulina manifeste ooram ip̃is burgensibꝫ sine impedimento se posuerunt in eccliam clamoꝛ de harou tamen f̃cte levato Justiciā adhuc sedentibꝫ ad p̃lita. Ido om̃es in m̃ia. Et p̃dci Nic̃us e Raulina tenuerunt se in ecclia p xv dies e amplius licet p̃ties per Justiciarios e Juꝛ Regis quesitū esset ab eis si voluissent reddere se ad pacem dñi Regis tanq; f̃oies

(M. 52.) **Baol Delivery before the said Justices in the island of Jersey.**

Jersey. The justices here, hearing by public report that a certain Robert Desnee a boy of 9 years [of age] was murdered & then put close by a small mill stream in the confines of the parishes of St. [Laurence] & St. Peter, as if he had been drowned in that stream, whereas he was not, & as there happened to be a great [endeavour] here to conceal that felony, proceeded to enquire into the truth of the matter by [the best and] most trustworthy men of this island, to wit, Philip de Carteret, John de Barantyn, Peter de [St. Helier,] Levesque, Reginald de St. Helier, Robert de la Hougue, William des Augrès, William le Petit, Malzard, William Direvaud, Philip Horman & Philip Levesque, who say that neither they nor their ancestors before them who hold fees entire⁽¹⁾ were ever wont to be put on such inquisitions 'ex officio,' but out of respect for the lord the King & by the desire of the justices, they consented in this present case to give a verdict therein, saving [to themselves] & to their heirs their rights, that it be not drawn into precedent in the future &c. And [this is conceded] to them. And they say upon their oath that they suspect Raulina the wife of Nicholas le Desnee of the aforesaid murder. And whereas it was commanded by the justices to the Viscount that he should arrest her at once, the Viscount forthwith went to the town of St. Helier where they were living & asking for her did not find her, but commanded publicly on behalf of the lord the King that the burgesses should guard the cemetery so that she might not enter there.⁽²⁾ And while the Viscount sought her elsewhere the aforesaid Nicholas & Raulina apparently before the eyes of those very burgesses without hindrance on their part put themselves in the Church, 'Clameur de Haro' being raised but without right, the justices being then sitting at the pleas. Therefore all of them to be amerced. And the aforesaid Nicholas and Raulina remained in the Church for 15 days & more, although on many occasions they were called upon by the Justices & Jurats of

(1) Feodum integrum, i.e. non divisum (fié entérin).

(2) i.e. prevent her from entering the Church to take refuge.

pacis vñ tenere se ad refugiū ecclie sicut felones. Qui demū reddiderunt se paci dñi Regē. Et venientes coram Justicia tē. Et predca Raulina allocuta de predca felonía mortis ípius Roñti et predcus Nichus pre s^opiçone fuge sue allocut^o de consensu tē e de receptamento uñis sue scienter tē defendūt mortem e omēm feloñ tē. Et de bono e malo poñ se sup patriam. Et Pñus Fundenē Radulphus Turgys Wilts le Petist Joñnes de Wyncheles Thoñ Huge Galfr Levesque Thoñ des Augres Lauñ Loisel Joñnes de Wyncheles Junior Rogus Dauboeuf Galfr le Galicien e Guilts le Segresteyn Juñ dicunt sup sacrm suū qđ predci Nichus e Raulina non sunt inde culpabiles nec malecredⁱ de aliquo alio malefco. Iđo eant inde quieti salvus dño Regi catali eoꝝ p fuga qui se extendunt ad vij^u xvij^a ix^d per diversas ptictas in pochiis Šci Salvatoris Šci Lauñ e Šci Elerii de quibꝫ Viç e ppoiti simul cū pđco Nicño respondebunt.

Et sciend qđ pro magna manutencōe quam Justiç ppenderunt esse de diſsis feloñ fecunt ípi qđ Juñ dñi Regē p majori e fideliori parte eoꝝdm poiti fñunt in inquisiçoiibꝫ in quas indictati se posuerunt cum ptestacōe qđ non trahatur in consequenciam tē set salva sit eis libtas sua quatenus de jure salvanda fuit tē.

De Šca Mañ

Guilts le Faucon rectat^o de latrocinio de pilando bidentes vicini veñ e defend omē lat^ociniū e totū tē. Et de bono e malo poñ se sup patriam. Juñ dicunt sup sacrm suū qđ pred Guilts nō est inde culpabilis nec de alio malefco malecrⁱ. Iđo sit quiet^o.

Đ Šco Petro.

Ričus Galopin rectat^o de s^opiçone latrocinii bidenciū gallinaꝝ e alioꝝ minuñ veñ e defend omē lat^ociniū e totū tē. Et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Juñ dicunt sup sacrm suū qđ nō est inde culpabilis nec de alio malefco malecrⁱ. Iđo sit quietus.

the King to say whether they would surrender to the peace of the lord the King as peaceful subjects or remain in the refuge of the Church as felons ; who at length surrendered to the peace of the lord the King & coming before the justices &c. ; and the aforesaid Raulina being accused concerning the said felony of the death of the said Robert & the aforesaid Nicholas on account of the suspicions raised by his flight being accused as to his consent &c. and to his having received his wife knowing &c. *repel* (the accusation of having caused) the death & all felonious intent &c. And for good or evil submit themselves to the verdict of the country. And Philip Fondan, Ralph Turgys, William le Petit, John de Vinchelez, Thomas Hüge, Geoffrey Levesque, Thomas des Augrès, Laurence Loisel, John de Vinchelez, junior, Roger Dauboef, Geoffrey le Galicien & William le Segresteyn, jurors, say upon their oath that the aforesaid Nicholas & Raulina are not guilty thereof nor suspected of any other wrong-doing. Therefore let them be discharged therein, saving to the lord the King their chattels on account of their flight which amount to 7 livres 17 sols 9 deniers in various parcels in the parishes of St. Saviour, St. Laurence & St. Helier of which the Viscount & the Provost, together with the aforesaid Nicholas shall answer.

And be it known that for the great protection which the justices considered to be necessary concerning divers felonies they enacted that the jurors of the lord the King for the greater & more faithful part of them should be put on inquisitions to which those indicted have submitted themselves, receiving a protest that it should not be drawn into precedent &c. but that their freedom shall be maintained, so far as by law it should be maintained &c.

St. Mary.

William le Faucon accused of the theft of shearing the sheep of neighbours came & denied all theft & all &c., and for good or evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. The jurors say upon their oath that the aforesaid William is not guilty thereof nor suspected of any other misdeed. Therefore let him be discharged.

St. Peter.

Richard Galopin accused on suspicion of stealing sheep, hens, & other small things comes & denies all theft & all &c. And for good or evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. The jurors say upon their oath that he is not guilty thereof, nor suspected of any other misdeed. Therefore let him be discharged.

Đ Šco Salvař

Jořnes filius Riči Douenand e Colinett⁹ Palot rectati qđ sunt cōmunes latrones tč veř e defendđ ořme latrociniū e totū tč. Et de bono e malo poř se sup pat'am. Juř dicunt sup sacřm suū qđ pđcti Jořnes e Colinett⁹ nō sunt inde culpabľes nec de alio malefcto malecrť. Iđo quieti.

Jořnes le Feuere đcus Justice rectatus qđ nō ⁽¹⁾ fuit de societate Robti Horman falsonař monete veř e defendđ totū tč. Et de bono e malo poř se sup pat'am. Et Jořnes Diereuauđ Jořnes de Braban et Oliřus de Braban rectati qđ iři multum expendunt in tařnis e alibi plus qřm possunt fideř lucrari p quod creditř iřos esse latrones veř e defendđ totū tč. Et poř se sup patriam. Et pđcus Přus simiř rectat⁹ qđ iře feč crokettū de quodam cultello e apuit hostiū celarii et iře simul cum pđcis Jořne e Olivero e Jořne Douenauđ dū řřunt in p'soř in castro Reğ fuř de warnistura Reğ ad qřntitatē dimidii doř vini e tres bacoř veř e defendđ totū tč. Et de bono e malo poř se sup pat'am. Juř dicunt sup sacřm suū qđ pđci Přus Jořnes Oliver⁹ e Jořnes non sunt inde culpabľes nec de aliis malefcis malecrť. Iđo sint quieti.

Petr⁹ Piket rectat⁹ qđ iře simul cū aliis murdriavit Thoř Douenauđ e Olivam uřem ejus veř e defendđ ořmem feloř e totū tč. Et de bono e malo poř se sup patriam. Juř dicunt sup sacřm suū qđ pđcus Petr⁹ nō est inde culpabľis nec de aliis malefcis malecrť. Iđo sit quiet⁹.

Dioniř le Feuere rectat⁹ de societate Robti
fiř Riči Faleyse rectat⁹ de blađ p'or
[veř e defendđ totū tč. Et de bono] e malo poř se sup řřiam Juř
dicūt sup [sacřm suū qđ pđci Dioniř et non sunt inde]
culpabit. Iđo eant inde quieti.

(1) Sic.

St. Saviour.

John son of Richard Dovenand & Colinet Palot accused of being common thieves &c. come & deny all theft & all &c. And for good or evil submit themselves to the verdict of the country. The jurors say upon their oath that the aforesaid John & Colinet are not guilty thereof nor suspected of any other misdeed. Therefore they are discharged.

John le Fevre called Jutise accused of being of the company of Robert Horman forger of money comes & denies the whole &c. And for good or evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And John Dierevaud, John de Braban & Oliver de Braban accused of spending much more in taverns & elsewhere than they can honestly earn, whereby they are believed to be thieves come & deny all &c. And submit themselves to the verdict of the country. And the aforesaid Philip likewise accused of making a crook of a certain knife & opening the door of a cellar, & he together with the aforesaid John & Oliver & John Dovenand while they were in prison in the castle of the King stole from the King's garrison stores to the amount of half a hogshead of wine & 3 pig's carcasses come & deny all &c. And for good or evil submit themselves to the verdict of the country. The jurors say upon their oath that the aforesaid Philip, John, Oliver & John are not guilty thereof nor suspected of any other misdeeds. Therefore let them be discharged.

Peter Piket accused for that he together with others murdered Thomas Dovenand & Olive his wife, comes & denies all felony & all &c. And for good or evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. The jurors say upon their oath that the aforesaid Peter is not guilty thereof, nor suspected of any other misdeeds. Therefore let him be discharged.

Dionisius le Fevre accused [of being] of the company of Robert son of Richard Falaise accused [of taking] the corn of the Prior of [come & deny all &c. And] for good or evil submit themselves to the verdict of the country. The jurors say on [their oath that the said Dionisius and are not] guilty thereof. Therefore let them be discharged.

(M. 53.) **Plifa de Corona** coram Joñne de Fresingfeld Drogone de Barantino et Joñne de Dittone Juticiariis Itiflantibz in Insulis die lune p̄x̄ ante festum s̄ci Barnabe Āpli anno regni dñi Edwardi Regis Anglie secundo continuato in Jerseye usq; ad diem lune p̄ximū post festū Ap̄lorum Petri et Pauli ut de die in diem.

Jerseye. P̄ius Hamon unus de duodena t̄c in m̄ia p̄ contemptu. Et
Brolard̄ Nichus du Gardin..... in m̄ia p̄ eod̄m.

Petr^o Maret elect^o ad inquisitiones dñi Reġ non veñ et sufñ t̄c.
Jdo in m̄ia. Et in m̄ia p̄ eod̄m.

Willus Warclipeys veñ in Cuñ hic e ptulit cartam dñi Reġ pat's in hec verba. Edwardus Dei gr̄a Rex Angl̄ Dñs Hiñ e Dux Aquit̄ omibz suis ad quos p̄sentes ire p̄cessint sal̄tm. Sciatis qđ caritatis nostre p̄donavimus Warclipeys e Agneti uxi ejus Nicho le Warclipeys e Gaudino Karrere de pocti S̄ci Martini Vetis de Insula de Gereseye sectam pacis n̄re que ad nos ptinet p̄ latrociniis e aliis t̄nsḡressionibz p̄ ip̄os Willm Agnetem Nichm e Gaudinū in Insula p̄dca cont̄ pacem n̄ram p̄petrat̄is unde rectati sunt et t̄ abjuraçoem ejusd̄ In̄s e aliaꝝ Insulaꝝ adjacent̄ quam fecunt p̄ lat̄ciniis e t̄nsḡr̄ p̄dcis e firmam pacem n̄ram eis inde concedim^o Ita tñ qđ fient recte in Cuñ n̄ra ibidem si quis vsus eos vol̄sit de lat̄ciniis e t̄nsḡr̄ p̄dcis. In cuj^o rei testimoniū has tras n̄ras fieri fecim^o patentes. T̄. me ip̄o apud Westm̄ vij^o die April̄ anno r̄ ñ xxvij^o.

Comptū est p̄ Juñ in quam Joñnes de Laiñ se posuit qđ ip̄e emit quamd̄ osta[dam ?] de stauro dñi Reġ de Lauñ de Sevenoñ ex̄ mereatū t̄c sine waranto. Iō ip̄e in ḡvi m̄ia.

(M. 53.) **Pleas of the Crown** before John de Fresingfeld, Drogo de Barantin & John de Ditton justices in eyre in the islands on Monday next before the feast of St. Barnabas the Apostle in the second year of the reign of the lord Edward King of England continued in Jersey up to the Monday next after the feast of the Apostles Peter & Paul as from day to day.

Jersey.
St. Brelade. Philip Hamon one of the 12 &c. to be amerced for contempt.
And Nicholas du Gardin to be amerced for the same thing.

Peter Maret chosen [to serve] on the inquisitions of the lord the King does not come & was summoned &c. Therefore he is to be amerced. And to be amerced for the same thing.

William Warclipeys came into court here & produced a Charter of the father of the lord the King in these words : Edward by the grace of God King of England, lord of Ireland & Duke of Aquitaine to all his to whom these present letters shall come, greeting : Know ye that we of our charity have granted to [William] Warclipeys & Agnes his wife, Nicholas Warclipeys & Gaudin Karrere of the parish of St. Martin the Old of the island of Jersey, suit of our peace, which belongs to us, for thefts & other trespasses perpetrated by the same William, Agnes, Nicholas & Gaudin in the aforesaid island against our peace whereof they are accused, & as to the abjuration of the said island & of the other islands adjacent which they made for the aforesaid thefts & trespasses we have granted them our firm peace therein, so nevertheless that they do stand their trial in our court there if any one shall wish to [proceed] against them concerning the said thefts & trespasses. In witness whereof we have caused these our letters to be made patent.

Witness Ourselves at Westminster the 7th day of April in the 27th year of our reign.

It is found by the jury to which John de Lecq submitted himself that he bought a certain (?) of the lord the King of Laurence de Sevenok privately⁽¹⁾ &c. without warrant. Therefore he is to be heavily amerced.

(1) i.e. not in open market.

(M. 54.) **Plita coram Johne de Fresingsfeld** e sociis suis Justiciariis in insulis die Lune proxima ante festum Sancti Barnabe Apostoli anno regni domini Edwardi Regis Anglie secundo predicto die continuato in Aurenny usque ad diem post festum Decollacionis Sancti Johannis Baptiste ut de die in diem.

Aurenny. [Dñs] Rex per Willm des Mareys qui sequitur pro eo petit versus Precentorem et Capitulum et octo solidatas redditus et redditum novem cabotelloz fratri quatuor et campum bladoz de toto feodo ipsorum precentoris et capituli advocacoem ecclesie ejusdem Insule ut Jus tunc. Et unde Idem Willms dicit avus tunc fuit seisis de predictis redditibus et advocacoem tunc ad ecclesiam illam presentavit quendam Willm clericum suum institutus in eadem. Et quod ille sit jus ipsius domini [offert verificare sicut] Cur consensit.

[Et Precentor et] magister scolasticus concanoicus ejusdem per attorem suum venit. Et Willms de Stonerailles percurator ad tunc admissus per venit. Et dicunt quod predicti precentor et capitulum tunc et omnes predecessores sui de [habu]erunt predicta tenementa et predictam ecclesiam in proprios usus a tempe quo non extat memoria [sine] tempis interrupcioe excepto tempe guerre inter Reges ultimo hite scilicet prioris domini Regis nunc. Et quod ita est offerunt verificare per priam.

Et Willms dicit per domino Rege quod dominus Johannes Rex obiit scitus de predictis tenementis cuius mortem predictus dominus H. rex avus tunc intravit in eadem et illa Ita est offert verificare per domino Rege per recordum Cancellarii domini Regis aliis modis quibus [Curia] consensit. Et petit Judicium per domino Rege.

(M. 54.) **Pleas before John de Fresingfeld** & his fellow-justices in eyre in the Islands on Monday next before the feast of St. Barnabas the Apostle in the second year of the reign of the lord Edward King of England being continued on the aforesaid day in Alderney up to after the feast of the Decollation of St. John the Baptist⁽¹⁾ as from day to day.

Alderney. [The lord] the King by William des Mareys who sues for him claims against the Precentor & Chapter of [Coutances] 8 sols of rent & the rent of 9 bushels of wheat, 4 & champart of the corn of the whole fee of the said Precentor & Chapter advowson of the Church of the same island as of right &c. And thereupon the said William says that the grandfather &c. was seised of the aforesaid rents & advowson &c. to that Church presented a certain William his Clerk instituted into the same. And that such is the right of the said lord the King [he offers to establish] as the court shall determine.

[And the Precentor &] Scholastic Master, Fellow-Canon of the same by his attorney comes. And William de Stonerailles proctor thereupon admitted comes, & they say that the aforesaid precentor & chapter &c. and all their predecessors of [held] the aforesaid tenements & the aforesaid Church to their own uses from time immemorial [without] interruption of time except at the period of the war last waged between the Kings, to wit, [in the time of the] father of the lord the King that now is. And that this is so they offer to establish by the verdict of the country.

And William says for the lord the King that the lord John the King died seised of the aforesaid tenements at whose death the aforesaid lord H. the King, the grandfather, &c. entered into possession of the same & [held] them &c. That this is so he offers to establish for the lord the King by the rolls of Chancery of the lord the King [or] by other ways which [the Court] shall determine. And he claims judgment for the lord the King.⁽²⁾

(1) June 24th.

(2) On the subject of the royal and ecclesiastical rights in Alderney, see Dupont vol. i, p. 321 & vol. ii, pp. 109—112.

Plita de Corona de Aureny.

Nomina ppoitoꝝ	Noia Juř Reg	
Willus Jacob	Petrº Peset	Guiff May
Guiffs le Petyt q' nũc est	Petrº du Pleyn	Guiff le Waleys
	Jacobus Nicole	

Noia Juř duodene

Ričus le Cardonel,	Guiffs Nicole,	Henř Gilard,
Rads Lengleys,	Henř de la Hoge,	Henř Bertram,
Joħnes Menet,	Petrº Nicole,	Joħnes Avice,
Guiffs Cosyn senior,		
Ričus le Counte,		
Robtus Roney.		

Insulata de Aureny veñ p xij.

Juř pŕesentant qđ Simon Oede inventus fuit seisisus de una camisia de furto valoris x deñ quam fuř de uře Riči Jacob. Et Simon veñ petens inde gřam tč e dič qđ ipe fecit pŕq̃m de pđca camisia tantumodo de eo. Et poñ se sup pŕiam. Et Juř dicũt sup sacrum qđ ipe nō malecredunt eum de aliquo alio malefco. Jō mittit̃ ad castrũ dñi Reg̃ de Garnesey morand̃ ibi in p'sona p voluntate dñi Reg̃. Et infim inde loquend̃ est tč.

Presentant t̃ qđ Joħnes Champion indictatus fuit qđ ipe fregit de Wrecco e vendidit quemđ fanchionẽ mirentũ in eadem. Et Joħn sz q, ples sunt testes. Jō mittit̃ simit̃ p'sone tč. Et infim loquend̃ est

Presentant t̃ qđ Joħnes de Portesume simul cũ navicla de Portesume veñunt in hãc Īsulam e ceperunt Guillot secum in naviclam suam cont̃ ejus voluntatem tč. Et Idm Guillot

Pleas of the Crown of Alderney.

Names of the Prevosts.

William Jacob,
William le Petyt who is now
in office.

Names of the Jurats of the King.

Peter Peset, William May,
Peter du Pleyn, William le Waleys,
James Nicole.

Names of the Jury of twelve.

Richard le Cardonel,	William Nicole,	Henry Gibard,
Ralph Lengleys,	Henry de la Hougue,	Henry Bertram,
John Menet,	Peter Nicole,	John Avioe,
	William Cosyn senior,	
	Richard le Conte,	
	Robert Rouey.	

The islet of Alderney comes by 12 men.

The jury present that Simon Ode was found in possession of a shirt obtained by theft of the value of 10 d. which he stole from the wife of Richard Jacob. And Simon comes, seeking grace therein, &c. and says that he made except concerning the said shirt. And he submits himself to the verdict of the country. And the jurors say upon their oath that they do not suspect him of any other misdeed. Therefore let him be sent to the castle of the lord the King in Guernsey to remain there in prison at the will of the lord the King. And in the meantime the matter is reserved for pleading &c.

They present also that John Champion was indicted for that he broke of wreck & sold a certain looking-glass in the same. And John but because there are many witnesses therefore let him likewise be sent to prison &c. and in the meantime let it be reserved for pleading.

They present also that John de Portsmouth together with ship of Portsmouth came into this island & took Guillot with them into their ship against his will &c. And the said Guillot

..... Serk ubi ip̃i robiaſunt Insulanos t̃c. Et Guillotus
 contra voluntatem suam et diſc
 qđ ip̃i ſepissime illū inſficere
 maliciam eoꝝ t̃c e diſc qđ eamdem p cantelam vix ev.....
 hic ppendentes malū exemptū e scandalū fieri si
rint cū p̃dcs feloñ
 pedibꝫ suis in p̃dca Insula miserunt
 eum p̃sone. Et inſim loquend̃ t̃c. Et p̃dcs
 rediit in hanc Inſ sine wař e recept⁹ fuit ut
 abstulit eis navē suam. Iō tota cōitas
 in m̃ia. Postea t̃c
 p̃dci Gilbti sibi remittit̃.

(M. 54 d.)

Adhuc de pl̃iſis Gorone de Aureng.

Presentant qđ Wilſs Estambert abjuř Inſ a xxxvij annis elapsis
 p bidentium Postea tris dñi
 Reġ de p̃donaçoe abjuř et t̃ de tris e catañ suis reñend. Et p̃dcs
 Wilſs de Sandwyꝫ pbavit ġram illam p quod t̃re sue
 ei libate Et Colinus Mener

Presentant t̃ qđ Colinus Mener cois latro a xij annis elapsis
 s̃pensus fuit et dñs Rex p mañ Rađi Oede tūc bañi t̃c e
 Idm ħuit t̃ram ħeditarie vide vj virġ t̃re de valore
 patet infra. Et ħuit vij virġ t̃re in feodo Capiñli Constanſ unde
 annū t̃c. Et valent p̃dce virġ t̃re vj buſſ f̃ri p annū.

Presentant t̃ qđ Matild la Nouvele bastarda que ħuit tres filios
 bastardos p̃creatos seisita de quibꝫdam teñ in
 villa be Marie in hac Insula circiř a LX annis elapsis de quibꝫ

[went with them to the island of] Sark where they robbed the islanders &c. And Guillot [says that he went with them] against his will & says that they [tried to kill him on many occasions] their wickedness &c. And he says that at length by wariness he with difficulty escaped [The Justices] hereupon considering that a bad example would be shown & a scandal would be caused if when the aforesaid felon put his foot in the said island sent him to prison. And in the meantime let it be reserved for pleading &c. And the said returned into this island without warrant & was taken as took from them their ship. Therefore all the commonalty to be amerced. Afterwards &c. of the aforesaid Gilbert is remitted to him.

(M. 54 d.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown in Alderney.**

They present also that William Estambert abjured the islands 37 years ago for [stealing] sheep Afterwards [he produced] a letter of pardon of the lord the King for the abjuration & also to retake possession of his lands & chattels. And the aforesaid William [by] de Sandwych proved that pardon whereby his lands were delivered to him And Colin Mener

They present also that Colin Mener a common thief was hanged 12 years ago & the lord the King by the hands of Ralph Ode then bailiff &c. And the same had land of inheritance, to wit, 6 virgates of land the value of which appears within. And he had 7 virgates of land in the fee of the chapter of Coutances whereof year &c. And the aforesaid virgates of land are worth 6 bushels of wheat by the year.

They present also that Matilda la Nouvele a bastard who had 3 bastard sons begotten died seised of a certain tenement in the vill of St. Mary in this island

Henr̃ de Hoga tenet j virg̃ tre e redd̃ dno Regi p annū j buss̃ fri.
Et Offius le Gresley tre de tra ejusd̃ e redd̃
dno Regi p annū j bz̃ fri. Et Joñnes Cosyn tenet de tra di
virg̃ tre spinose e redd̃ p annū j cab̃ fri. Dicunt t̃ qđ tota domus
scilī veraq, Pet^l Peset nup quamđ
porcōem tre ejusd̃ in p̃dca villa una cū meš excepto muro gabuli
vsus austrū. Postea de g̃ra meš cū domibz̃ tē reconcedit^r p̃dco Petro
e hēdibz̃ suis tenend̃ de dno Rege p reddm̃ ij s̃ e j q̃r̃r̃ fri una cū
pullaḡ tē. Et redd̃s de quibz̃ meš illđ ofiat^r post mortē p̃dce Matild̃
a quo quidē tempe meš illđ fuit esch̃ dñi Reḡ totalr̃ adnullant^r.

Presentant t̃ qđ sunt ij mole manuales libe in hac Insula quaz̃
Nichus le Neir het unā e Sampson le Counte het aliam ab antiquo tē
sz̃ nō possunt molere ad molas suas [nisi] fūit p defectu molend̃ dñi
Reḡ qđ nō poñint ibi molere e nullus Insulanoz̃ potest h̃re molas
p̃l p̃dcos Nichm̃ e Samp̃s sine speciali licenč ministroz̃ dñi Reḡ vt̃
firma

Presentant t̃ qđ dñs Rex het in villa Bē Marie in hac Insula
quodd̃ clausū ubi Reḡ ponit^r e valet campitū coibz̃
annis XL ti pcipit t̃ dñs Rex de c̃ta firma in hac Insul̃ per annū de L
bovaī tre quaz̃ quedam fuit majores e quedam minores. Het t̃ in
dnico tra arrabili circiī Lij virg̃ tre de quibz̃ Juī libaſunt quamđ
cedulam circiī a iiij^{or} annis elapsis fcam in hec ṽba Robtus Reyner
p ij virg̃ tre ij bz̃ fri Relicta al Dekene p ij virg̃ xxx peč (?) tre
v cab̃ fri e j galliñ Lauī Lengleys p iiij virg̃ j q̃r̃r̃ fri Robtus Reyney
p ij virg̃ e di v cab̃ fri Peīr le M̃cer p ij virg̃ e di j q̃r̃r̃ fri e j cab̃
..... M̃cer p ij virg̃ v cab̃ fri Math̃s Peissoun p ij virg̃ v cab̃
Joñnes Colin p ij virg̃ ij bz̃ fri e p j Alia virg̃ j bz̃ e ij danereit̃
Peīr Peset p ij virg̃ ij bz̃ fri Lauī Lengleys p j virg̃ ij cab̃ fri Peīr

about 60 years ago of which Henry de la Hougue holds one virgate of land & pays to the lord the King by the year one bushel of wheat. And Oliver le Gresley of land of the land of the same & pays to the lord the King by the year one bushel of wheat. And John Cosyn holds of the land [of the same] half a virgate of thorny land & pays per annum one measure of wheat. They say also that the entire house to wit, of Peter Peset [is situated upon] a certain portion of the land of the same in the aforesaid vill together with a messuage except the wall of the gable towards the south. Afterwards by grace the messuage with the houses &c. was regranted to the aforesaid Peter & to his heirs to be held of the lord the King by the rent of 2 sols & one quarter of wheat together with pullage &c. And let the rents with which that messuage is charged be altogether annulled after the death of the said Matilda from which said time that messuage was the escheat of the lord the King.

They present also that there are 2 free hand-mills in this island of which Nicholas le Neir has one & Sampson le Conte has the other of old &c. but they may not grind at their mills [unless it] shall be by the default of the mill of the lord the King that they shall not be able to grind there, & none of the islanders can have mills except the aforesaid Nicholas & Sampson without special license of the officers of the lord the King or of the farmers of

They present also that the lord the King has in the vill of St. Mary in this island a certain close where the champart of the King is put, & the champart is worth one year with another 40 livres. Also the lord the King takes of cert farm in this island 40 [livres] by the year of 50 bovates of land whereof some are large & some are small. He has also in demesne land about 52 virgates of land of which the Jurats delivered a certain schedule about 4 years ago made in these words:—Robert Reyner for 3 virgates of land 3 bushels of wheat, the widow of Dêkene for 2 virgates 30 perches of land 5 measures of wheat & 1 hen, Laurence Lengleys for 4 virgates 1 quarter of wheat, Robert Reyney for 2½ virgates of land 5 measures of wheat, Peter le Mercer for 3½ virgates of land 1 quarter of wheat & 1 measure, le Mercer for 2 virgates 5 measures of wheat, Matthew Peisson for 2 virgates 5 measures, John Colin for 3 virgates 3 bushels of wheat & for 1 other virgate 1 bushel & 2 small bushels, Peter Peset for 2 virgates 2 bushels of wheat, Laurence Len-

du Pleyn p j virg j b3 fri Raðs Le Aiguel p ij virg tre iij b3 fri
 Jacobus Nicole p iiij virg iij b3 fri Guilts Martinet p di virg j cað fri
 Bertramus Nicole p ij virg ij b3 fri Riçus le Counte de la Fountenele
 p ij virg ij b3 fri Peðr Peset p j virg iij cað fri Galfr Leaiguel p iij
 virg iij b3 fri Peðr Peste p x ptiç tre ij danereft fri Guilts Cosyn p
 ij virg tre e di iij b3 fri Roðtus Reyney p di virg j cað fri.

*[The remainder of this membrane is in too imperfect
 a condition to be worth publishing.]*

(M. 55.) **Adhuc de reman de Corona de Aurenp.**

*[This membrane is also very imperfect. The following
 paragraphs only will allow of publication.]*

[Presentant] t̃ ðns Rex Capellam Šci Deharii jux^r Castrum que
 valet coib3 annis

Presentant t̃ Juř qđ Joñnes Menir Osanna filia M.....
 Roðtus J..... t̃nsçssi sunt in assisa panis tç. Et Peðr
 Peset Guilts Elene Oliſ le Joñnes le
 Fauconer Henř Longenet Riçus Cardonel Petr De
 Roðtus Rogney Jacobus Nicole t̃nsçssi sunt in assisa panis e vini.
 Jō ipe in mīa.

Juř p̃sentant qđ Roðtus le Fauconer alias violent p̃travit ostiū
 domus Reymūdi fr̃is sui p que appleğ fuit ad as̃ tç et Roðtus e
 Reymūdus veñ e concord̃ sunt. Jō ułq eoꝝ in mīa.

Riçus Cardonel queř de falso Judio qui alias appellavit tç et
 posuit fr̃as e catalla loco pleğ nō psequit^r. Jō ipe in mīa.

Et Juř duodene simul cū tota coitate p conclamento fraꝝ q̃ ffunt
 Drogonis de Barantyn quas ðns H. Rex fuit de eo in escambiū in

gleys for 1 virgate 3 measures of wheat, Peter du Pleyn for 1 virgate 1 bushel of wheat, Ralph le Aignel for 2 virgates of land 3 bushels of wheat, James Nicole for 4 virgates 3 bushels of wheat, William Martinet for half a virgate 1 measure of wheat, Bertram Nicole for 2 virgates 2 bushels of wheat, Richard le Conte de la Fontenele for 2 virgates 2 bushels of wheat, Peter Peset for 1 virgate 3 measures of wheat, Geoffrey le Aignel for 3 virgates 3 bushels of wheat, Peter Peste for 10 perches of land 2 small bushels of wheat, William Cosyn for 2½ virgates of land 3 bushels of wheat, Robert Reyney for half a virgate 1 measure of wheat.

(M. 55.) **Continuation of the remainder of the Crown pleas of
Alderney.**

They present also that the lord the King [has] the chapel of St. (?)..... next the castle which is worth one year with another.....

They present also that John Menir, Osanna the daughter of M..... Robert J..... have broken the assize of bread &c. And Peter Peset, William Elene, Oliver le John le Fauconer, Henry Longenet, Richard Cardonel, Peter De, Robert Rogney, James Nicole have broken the assize of bread & wine. Therefore they are to be amerced.

The jury present that Robert le Fauconer at another time had violently pulled down the door of the house of Reymund his brother whereby he was remanded on bail to the assizes &c. And Robert & Reymund come & are agreed. Therefore both of them to be amerced.

Richard Cardonel plaintiff who at another time appealed concerning a wrong judgment &c. and gave his lands & chattels by way of security, does not prosecute. Therefore he is to be amerced.

And the jury of 12 together with the whole commonalty for concealments of lands which belonged to Drogo de Barantyn which the lord H. the King had in this island of him in exchange for

hac Insula p LV ti fre in Inš de Jereš. Et t̃ p plibz cōcelamentis in
veredco suo de quibz cōvicti fūunt coram Justiĉ p examinaĉdem. Jō
oīes in g̃vi mīa. Et maxie p [teñ] q̃ fūunt Drogonis de Barantino
..... dñs H. Rex dedit ei in escamb LX ti fre in Jereš in
escamb q̃ cū tota coitate.

Petr du Pley Jacobus Nicole Wilts May e Wilts le Waleys Juř
Reg̃ se s̃trahentis nō aſunt venire coram
Justiĉ quousq p̃positus quosd̃ sollempni?
e misit p quibzd̃. Jō in g̃vi mīa.

(M. 56.)

Adhuc de

Preceptū est ballio firmi e injunctum qđ ad tres p̃ncipales Cuř
p annū diligenter inquirat de oīibz
t̃nsgressionibz fetis contra pacem in Insula de quibz t̃ns.....
inquiri solet ab antiquo. Et attack̃ indictatos scđm antiquam con-
suetudiem t̃c. Et simiř inquirat de Wreccis
solatis dño Regi vř conelatis. Et de
de infortuniis de morte hoīs. Et si inveřit aliqua bona vř catalla que
sunt in cujuscumq etatis vř condiĉois
..... bona illa fideřr appreciari e
predcas assisas. Et ea tunc p̃sentet coram Justiciař etc.

*[The condition of remainder of this membrane as also
that of M. 56 d. which concludes the Roll is so imperfect
as not to warrant being printed.]*

FINIS.

55 librates of land in the island of Jersey, & also for many concealments in their verdict of which they were convicted before the justices by examination, are all of them to be heavily amerced. And chiefly [for the tenements] which belonged to Drogo de Barantin. The lord H. the King gave him in exchange 60 librates of land in Jersey in exchange, which with the whole commonalty

Peter du Pleyn, James Nicole, William May & William le Waleys jurats of the King withdrawing themselves did not [care] to come before the Justices until the provost according to custom summoned them & sent for others. Therefore they are to be heavily amerced.

(M. 56.)

Continuation of

It is firmly commanded to the bailiff & enjoined that at the 3 principal courts each year he shall diligently enquire concerning all trespasses committed against the peace in the island, concerning which trespasses enquiry was wont to be made of old. And that he attach those indicted according to ancient custom, &c. And likewise that he enquire concerning wrecks taken from the lord the King or concealed. And concerning of misadventures concerning the death of men. And if he shall find any goods or chattels which are in of whatsoever age or condition those goods to be faithfully appraised & arrested to the aforesaid assizes. And that he then present those things before the Justices &c.

FINIS.



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